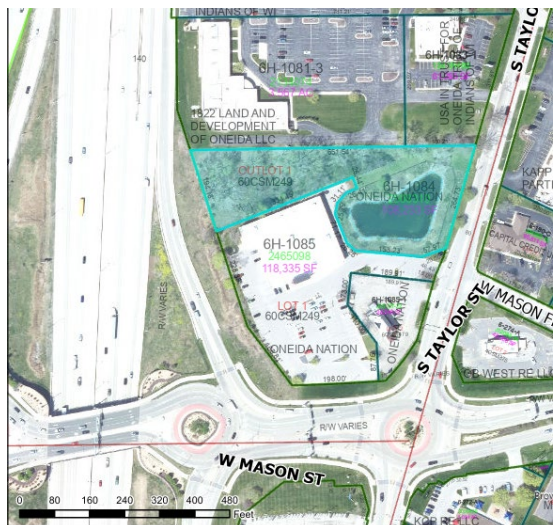


Oneida Nation Inventory of Contaminated and Brownfield Designated Sites

Old Land Fill Identified by IHS Study Contaminated Site (S. Taylor St.)

There were no regulations in place when this landfill was active. The IHS did a study on the Oneida reservation and identified landfills. This is one of those identified but there is no way to know exactly where the landfill is located in this area. Not currently considered a brownfield.



Old Dump Site - Unknown

Historical PCB Land Application Contaminated Site (Florist Dr.)

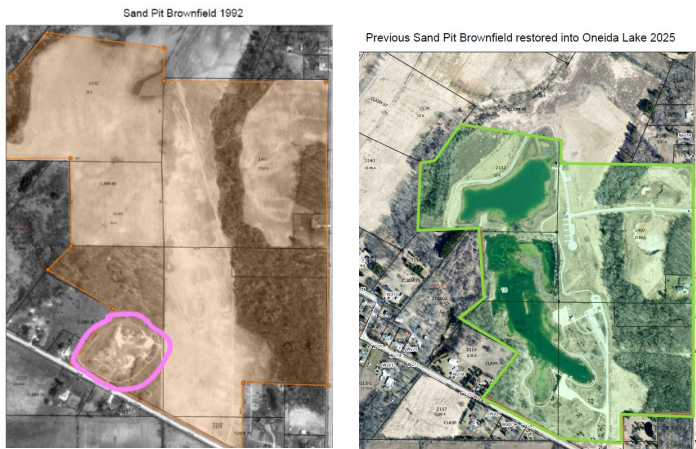
Somewhere on this parcel of land PCB sludge was applied. It is unknown where it was applied and it is assumed that the crops that are grown there now are not being contaminated from the toxic material application.



Historical PCB Land Application

Previous Sand Quarry Brownfield Restored into Oneida Lake (County Rd U, Oneida)

The operating quarry was closed, and a nonmetallic mining reclamation plan was created to turn this site into a lake. This site utilized brownfield funding to assess the quarry, and the restoration was funded by NRDA funding.

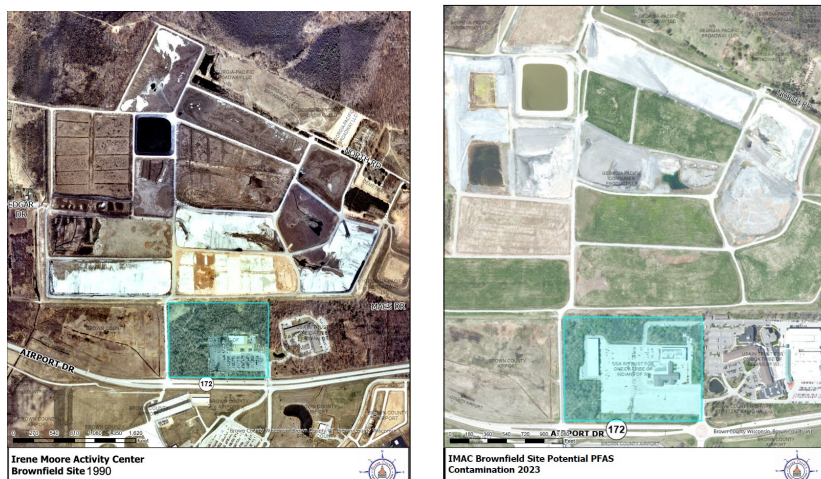


Irene Moore Activity Center (Bingo Hall) Brownfield Site next to Georgia Pacific Landfill

Georgia Pacific Landfill was first constructed in 1957, and the Nation was concerned about potential impacts from the paper mill sludge which is high in PFAS (forever chemicals). The Nation attempted to get the site listed as a superfund site. That didn't happen. Georgia Pacific pumps out the water from the wetland and it goes to the waste treatment plant. The sites are currently exceeding PFAS (forever chemicals) levels after water is treated onsite by leachate system. The IMAC became listed as a brownfield site because the Nation will be redeveloping that area. Sampling will be taking place under the current Community Wide Assessment Grant for States and Tribes (CWAGST) grant provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Planned Geoprobe to get down to 25 feet to the groundwater to test for PFAS (forever chemicals) contamination.

Old drinking water well 300 feet deep was tested for PCB's and volatiles, and nothing was found. The well is isolated from other aquifers.



Jonas Circle Brownfield Site

Tribal housing development on private water. Concern is there any potential exposure even though the water doesn't flow in this direction. Will be doing further testing for PFAS (forever chemicals) in this area through the CWAGST grant.



Jonas Circle Park Potential PFAS Contamination

Roffers I Brownfield Site (County Rd. E)

20 acres. 30 feet of rocks, asphalt, rebar, unknown fill. Under the Community Wide Assessment Grant for States and Tribes, geotechnical borings will be completed down to the soil to find out what is present in the 30 feet of fill. Once we figure out what contaminants are present, we can come up with a plan of how to reuse this site.



Roffers I Brownfield Site

Roffers II Brownfield Site (S. Pine Tree Rd.)

The Nation purchased in 2024. Used to be a materials staging area. We don't know what kind of fill was here. We are doing a site assessment under CWAGST and will see what the fill material looks like on a profile. When we get to real soil we will find out if there are any real impacts. A lot of gravel was placed. He would get concrete, crush it and put it down. May contain rebar or lead paint. Sometimes asphalt aggregate was added in. Phase II characterization will be completed.

There is an old landfill in the parcel nearby, along with the Georgia Pacific landfill nearby that makes this site eligible for a brownfield determination.



Roffers II Brownfield Site

Roffers III Brownfield Site (Haven Place)

19-acre parcel. Used to be a materials staging area. We don't know what kind of fill was here. We are doing a site assessment under CWAGST and will see what the fill material looks like on a profile. When we get to real soil we will find out if there are any real impacts. A lot of gravel was placed. He would get concrete, crush it and put it down. May contain rebar or lead paint. Sometimes asphalt aggregate was added in. Phase II characterization will be completed.



Roffers III Brownfield Site

Former Morgan's Grocery Store Brownfield Site (W. Service Rd, Oneida)

Underground storage tank, heating oil tank and a gas tank. That was demolished. This site will be sampled under GWAGST.

Former Morgans Grocery Brownfield Site 2000



Former Appletons Gas Station Brownfield Site (Highway 54 and County Rd. J)

Gas station for really long time and behind Appletons was a ravine that was a dump site. Sampling found heavy metals among other toxic materials. Appletons had a tank removed and they found contamination. They did a lust investigation and closed the gas station with residual contamination. Brownfield funding was used to do a Phase I.

More excavation and contamination was removed from behind the gas station.

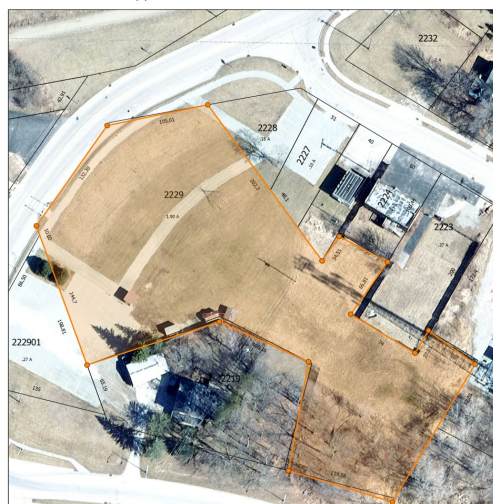
The site has been restored into the Oneida Farmer's Market site.

The bar next to Appleton's gas station also had a gas pump at one time.

Former Appleton's Gas Station Brownfield Site 2000



Former Appleton's Service Station Brownfield Site 2025



Fox Valley Greenhouse Brownfield Site (Town Rd and County H)

Historical greenhouses. Items found were soil sifters, irrigation system, different types of herbicides and pesticides and fungicides were present in testing. Four sumps removed were used to recirculate the water. Elevated levels of arsenic were found. Further testing of sediment from under the sumps was conducted with CWAGST Grant funding.

Hundreds of miles of piping and tile system under the ground that still needs to be removed or addressed. Could be a brownfield that turns into a restoration site due to the interruption of the stream through the corner of the site.

Fox Valley Greenhouse Brownfield Site



5/26/26



9/16/26

Two gas stations at this site. That has been demolished and will be sampled under the CWAGST Grant. Testing will be completed to figure out what is left from the land fill.



Past use as materials and construction staging area, neighboring property concerns of potential environmental contaminant migration. Potential contaminants include petroleum volatile organic compounds (PVOC), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), PFAS (forever chemicals). Vacant until approximately 1996 then developed as a materials staging area. Phase I to be completed under the CWAGST grant.

