

Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365



LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA

Business Committee Conference Room - 2nd Floor Norbert Hill Center March 5, 2025 9:00 a.m.

- I. Call to Order and Approval of the Agenda
- II. Minutes to be Approved
 - 1. February 19, 2025 LOC Meeting Minutes (pg. 2)
- **III.** Current Business
 - 1. Sanctions and Penalties Law (pg. 4)
- IV. New Submissions
 - 1. Oneida General Welfare Law Amendments (pg. 48)
- V. Additions
- VI. Administrative Updates
- VII. Executive Session
- VIII. Recess/Adjourn



Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee

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LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

Oneida Business Committee Conference Room-2nd Floor Norbert Hill Center February 19, 2025 9:00 a.m.

Present: Jameson Wilson, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Marlon Skenandore

Excused: Jonas Hill

Others Present: Clorissa N. Leeman, Grace Elliott, Carolyn Salutz

Others Present on Microsoft Teams: Debra Powless, Diane Wilson, Eric Boulanger, Kristal Hill, Michelle Braaten, Nicole Rommel, Peggy Helm-Quest, Fawn Billie, Rae Skenandore, Kaylynn Gresham, Barbara Webster, Justin Nishimoto, Tavia James-Charles, Janice Decorah, Fawn Cottrell, Jason Martinez, Rhiannon Metoxen, Lisa Liggins.

I. Call to Order and Approval of the Agenda

Jameson Wilson called the February 19, 2025, Legislative Operating Committee meeting to order at 9:00 a.m.

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the agenda; seconded by Marlon Skenandore. Motion carried unanimously.

Minutes to be Approved II.

1. February 5, 2025 LOC Meeting Minutes

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the February 5, 2025 LOC meeting minutes and forward to the Oneida Business Committee; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

III. **Current Business**

IV. **New Submissions**

1. Election Law Amendments

Motion by Marlon Skenandore to add the Election law amendments to the Active Files List with Jonas Hill as the sponsor; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

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V. **Additions**



VI. Administrative Updates

1. Certification of Real Property Law Rule No. 3 – Easements

Motion by Jennifer Webster to certify the Real Property Law Rule No. 3 - Easements and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by Marlon Skenandore Motion carried unanimously.

VII. Executive Session

VIII. Adjourn

Motion by Jennifer Webster to adjourn at 9:11 a.m.; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.



Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-965



Legislative Operating Committee March 5, 2025

Sanctions and Penalties Law

Submission Date: 10/15/14	Public Meeting: 10/4/18, 1/7/20	
LOC Sponsor: Jennifer Webster	Emergency Enacted: n/a	

Summary: This item has been carried over from the last three (3) terms. The original proposal was to develop a new law which provides a consistent process for how members of the Oneida Business Committee and other boards, committees and commissions face sanctions for misconduct. This law would provide a process for complaints to be filed with the Judiciary against an elected member of a board, committee, or commission of the Nation – including the Oneida Business Committee.

The development of a Sanctions and Penalties law was also addressed as a referendum. During the Special Election held on July 9, 2016, the Nation's voting membership was asked to consider a referendum question of "Should the BC develop a law which provides for sanctions and due process for elected officials?" This referendum question was approved by a vote of one hundred and seventy-eight (178) to fifty-nine (59), requiring this topic to come before the GTC for consideration and discussion.

On March 17, 2019, the Sanctions and Penalties law was presented to the General Tribal Council for consideration. The General Tribal Council adopted a motion to defer this item for at least sixty (60) days for GTC to have additional time to consider it and have input. As a result of General Tribal Council's directive, the LOC held six (6) additional community outreach events – in various locations around the Reservation as well as in Milwaukee. The LOC intended to include this item on the July 2020 Semi-Annual General Tribal Council meeting agenda before all General Tribal Council meetings were canceled due to COVID-19.

<u>10/15/14 LOC</u>: Motion by Tehassi Hill to add the OBC Sanctions Policy to the Active Files List; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>11/5/14 LOC</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to forward the BC Sanctions and Penalties to an LOC work meeting, with invitations to be sent to the rest of the Oneida Business Committee; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>1/15/15</u>: Work meeting held. Attendees include: Candice Skenandore, Danelle Wilson, Tani Thurner, Fawn Billie, Fawn Cottrell, Jennifer Webster, RC Metoxen, Brandon Stevens, Tehassi Hill, Jacob Metoxen, Melinda Danforth.

10/19/16: Quarterly Sponsor Update Meeting. Present: Brandon Stevens, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa Santiago, Maureen Perkins, and Tani Thurner. Tehassi wants to meet with LOC Chair to discuss how this item relates to the Code of Ethics. That meeting is scheduled for 11/10/16.

Work Meeting held. Present: Tehassi Hill, Tani Thurner, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Stevens, Jennifer Falck. Group agreed that we need a work meeting to discuss; Sanctions & Penalties, Comprehensive Policy, Removal Law(s), and Code of Ethics.

11/29/16:

Work Meeting held. Present: Fawn Billie, Brandon Stevens, Clorissa Santiago, Tehassi Hill, Tani Thurner, Jenny Webster, David Jordan, Jo Anne House, Candice Skenandore, Lisa Liggins, Jen Falck. Meeting was facilitated by Jessica Wallenfang. This was a facilitated meeting designed to discuss; Sanctions & Penalties, Removal, Code of Ethics, and Comprehensive Policy simultaneously. The group reviewed each law or draft for similarities, and discussed shared elements. The group asked that 1) the LRO complete that work, 2) then check with Jenny Webster as the sponsor of Comprehensive Policy, and 3) schedule another work meeting.

2/15/17 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to upgrade the Domestic Animals Ordinance Amendments, the Children's Code, Code of Ethics Amendments, and the Sanctions and Penalties Law from medium priority to high priority; seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

2/17/17:

Work meeting held. Attendees include Fawn Billie, Jennifer Falck, Leyene Orosco, Brandon Stevens, Tani Thurner, Jennifer Webster, Tehassi Hill, Candice Skenandore, Cathy Bachhuber

5/2/17:

Work meeting held. Attendees include Fawn Billie, Jennifer Falck, Brandon Stevens, Tani Thurner, Jennifer Webster, Tehassi Hill, David P. Jordan, Danelle Wilson, Jo Anne House

5/5/17:

Work meeting held. Attendees include Jennifer Webster, Jennifer Falck, and Tani Thurner.

6/7/17 LOC:

Motion by Fawn Billie to forward the Sanctions and Penalties Law to the Legislative Reference Office for a legislative analysis to be brought back for the July 5, 2017 LOC meeting; seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

7/7/17:

Work meeting held. Present: Steve Webster, Tani Thurner, Jen Falck, Candice Skenandore

7/19/17 LOC:

Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the memo regarding the Sanctions & Penalties Legislative Analysis and direct the LRO to bring the analysis back when it's complete; seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

Note: it is the recommendation of the Legislative Operating Committee that when this item is presented to the Business Committee, that the Business Committee then present this item to General Tribal Council.

7/26/17 OBC: Motion by Tehassi Hill to accept the legal opinion regarding development of a law which provides for sanctions and due process for elected officials, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

9/6/17 LOC:

Motion by Ernest Stevens III to add Sanctions and Penalties Law to the active files list with Jennifer Webster as the sponsor; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

9/6/17:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jenny Webster Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa Santiago, Candice Skenandore, Maureen Perkins, Tani Thurner. Drafting attorney provided an update on the status of the Sanctions and Penalties law. Next steps will be: 1) pull the current draft back, 2) hold community meetings to understand what sanctions/penalties community is interested in, 3) meeting boards/committees/commissions for input, and 4) holding work meeting with LOC to make policy decisions and choose next steps.

11/1/17 LOC:

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the 60 day active files list update and continue development of all the items on the active files list; seconded by Ernie Stevens III. Motion carried unanimously.

11/1/17:

Work Meeting. Present: Carol Silva, Bonnie Pigman, Ed Delgado, Rachel Hill, Matthew Denny, Reynold Danforth, Kirby Metoxen, Rosa Laster, Clorissa Santiago, Candice Skenandore, Maureen Perkins, Jennifer Falck. Representatives from all the B/C/C's were invited to this meeting to provide input on what a Sanctions & Penalties Law might look like to the Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King, Clorissa Santiago, Jennifer Falck. The LOC reviewed and considered comments from the November 1, 2017, work meeting with boards, committees, and commissions. LOC began making policy decisions. Drafter will work on draft, and policy options, and bring materials back to LOC when ready.

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Rosa Laster, Laura Laitinen-Warren. LOC reviewed the first draft of the law, and directed that the LRO schedule a community meeting, with a special invitation to members of boards, committees, and commissions, to discuss the proposed law.

3/16/18: Work Meeting: Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Cathy Bachhuber, Rosa Laster. The LOC reviewed the potential date for the community meeting, and directed the drafting attorney to schedule the community meeting for May 3, 2018, and to ensure the notice is published in the Kalihwisaks twice, an appointment is sent to all members of the LOC and boards, committees, and commissions, and that the Communications Department is included in the appointment so they can make efforts to communicate notice of the event.

<u>4/2/18 LOC</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the draft of the Sanctions and Penalties law and direct that a community meeting/potluck be held on May 3, 2018; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>4/26/18</u>: *Work Meeting*: Present: Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck. This was an LRO prep meeting to prepare a plan for the upcoming community meeting.

<u>4/27/18</u>: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Rosa Laster, Cathy Bachhuber, Tani Thurner. The purpose of this work meeting was to prepare for the upcoming community meeting.

<u>5/2/18:</u> Work Meeting. Present: Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck, David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster. The LOC continued to prepare and discuss the upcoming community meeting.

<u>5/3/18</u>: Community Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Maureen Perkins, Carol Silva, Chad Wilson, Janice McLester, Gina Buenrostro, Winnifred Thomas, Brooke Doxtator, Ed Delgado, Oyanolu Adams, Michelle Braaten, Mark Powless, Cathy L. Metoxen, Carole Liggins, Madelyn Genskow. The purpose of this community meeting was to gain input on the proposed Sanctions and Penalties law.

<u>5/11/18</u>: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the comments received during the community meeting, and to determine if any revisions should be made to the law. The drafting attorney will update the draft of the law based on this discussion.

<u>5/16/18:</u> Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Laura Laitinen-Warren. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and discuss the revisions to the draft made based on comments collected from the community meeting. Drafting attorney will update the draft.

<u>6/6/18/ LOC:</u> Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the draft of the Sanctions and Penalties law and direct that a legislative analysis be completed; seconded by Ernest Stevens III. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>7/9/18:</u> Work Meeting. Present: Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Brooke Doxtator. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the BCSO's involvement in the Sanctions and Penalties

law to ensure their role can be implemented as required by law.

7/18/18 LOC: Motion by Kirby Metoxen to accept the legislative analysis for the Sanctions and Penalties

Law and defer to a work meeting; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried

unanimously.

<u>8/1/18:</u> Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens

III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker. The purpose of this

work meeting was to review and consider the legislative analysis.

<u>8/15/18 LOC</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the public meeting packet and forward the Sanctions

and Penalties Law to a public meeting to be held on September 20, 2018; seconded by Kirby

Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

Subsequent Motion by Jennifer Webster to forward the Sanctions & Penalties Law to the

Finance Office for a fiscal analysis to be completed; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion

carried unanimously.

9/10/18: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa

Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker, Cathy Bachhuber, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss the fact that the September 20, 2018 public meeting on the proposed law will have to be canceled due to the Kalihwisaks failing to publish the public meeting notice in the September 6, 2018, edition. The LOC determined the next steps for moving the public meeting forward – an e-poll of an updated public meeting

notice will be completed and the appointment that was sent out changed to reflect the new

date.

E-poll conducted.

<u>9/19/18 LOC</u>: Motion by Daniel Guzman King to enter the e-poll results into the record; seconded by

Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>10/4/18</u>: Public Meeting Held.

<u>10/17/18 LOC</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the public meeting memo comments and public meeting comment review memorandum and defer to a work meeting; seconded by Daniel

meeting comment review memorandum and defer to a work meeting; seconded by Daniel

Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

10/17/18: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman, Ernest Stevens

III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker, Rosa Laster. The purpose of this work meeting was for the LOC to begin reviewing and considering the public comments that were received, and to make determinations on what revisions to the

Law are necessary.

<u>10/25/18</u>: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens

III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker. The purpose of this work meeting was for the LOC to continue reviewing and considering the public comments that were received, and to make determinations on what revisions to the Law are necessary. LRO will update the draft for the next LOC packet so a fiscal analysis can be

requested.

11/7/18 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the public comment review memorandum and the

updated draft; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>11/30/18:</u> Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Daniel Guzman,

Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and approve the fiscal impact statement request memorandum to the Finance Department,

and begin discussing a plan for the completion of this item.

A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

12/5/18 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the updated legislative analysis, including the replacement of page 159 in the packet; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the fiscal impact statement memorandum and forward to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement of the proposed Sanctions and Penalties law be prepared for inclusion on the January 2, 2019 Legislative Operating Committee meeting agenda; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>12/20/18:</u> Work Meeting. Present: Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Randall Cornelius. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss traditional ways Oneida has sanctioned its leaders.

Work Meeting. Present: Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the adoption packet and discuss any changes that should be made. LRO will update all adoption materials.

<u>1/7/19 LOC</u>: Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the adoption packet for the proposed Sanctions and Penalties Law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion on the tentatively scheduled February 24, 2019 General Tribal Council meeting agenda for the General Tribal Council's consideration of adoption; seconded by Ernest Stevens III. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>1/24/19</u>: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and discuss an article to be included in the 2/7 Kalihwisaks edition.

<u>1/29/19</u>: E-Poll conducted.

<u>2/4/19</u>: Work Meeting. Present: Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck, Nathan Wisneski, Xavier Horkman. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss the creation of a promotional video for the Sanctions and Penalties law.

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and discuss the script for the Sanctions and Penalties law PowerPoint presentation. The LOC also discussed filming a promotional video for the Sanctions and Penalties law.

<u>2/6/19 LOC:</u> Motion by Jennifer Webster to enter the results of the January 29, 2019 e-poll entitled "E-poll Request: Sanctions and Penalties Law February 7, 2019 Kalihwisaks Article" into the record; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

2/6/19:Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was to practice the PowerPoint presentation for the upcoming GTC meeting, as well as review and approve the script for the promotional video.

<u>2/8/19</u>: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Phil Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to film the promotional video for the Sanctions and Penalties law.

2/14/19: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Cathy Bachhuber. The purpose of this work meeting was to practice the PowerPoint presentation for the upcoming GTC meeting, as well as review the "FAQ" sheet.

2/20/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker. The purpose of this work meeting was to practice the PowerPoint presentation for the upcoming GTC meeting, practice responding to potential questions, and review and approve the Sanctions and Penalties law promotional video.

3/1/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and discuss the engagement with the informational video, practice the LOC's PowerPoint presentation, and prepare to answer potential questions that may be asked at the upcoming GTC meeting.

3/15/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was to practice the LOC's PowerPoint presentation and prepare to answer potential questions that may be asked at the upcoming GTC meeting.

3/17/19 GTC:

Motion by Cathy L. Metoxen to table this item for sixty (60) days. Motion ruled out of order by Vice-Chairman Brandon Stevens; all the materials are available today in order to make a decision

Motion by Becky Webster to adopt the resolution entitled Sanctions and Penalties Law on pages 5 and 6 of the meeting packet; with the amendment to the law to limit those who have standing to file a complaint to Tribal Members only. Seconded by Jamie Willis. Motion not voted on; item deferred, see amendment.

Amendment to the main motion by Mike Debraska to defer item IV.A. for at least sixty (60) days for GTC to have additional time to consider it and have input. Seconded by Tina Danforth. Motion carried by show of hands.

3/20/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to debrief on the 3/17 GTC meeting, and begin discussing a plan for how to move this law forward, and the additional outreach we will conduct.

<u>3/28/19</u>:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Rosa Laster. The purpose of this work meeting was to briefly discuss potential ideas for additional outreach videos that can be made before this item is presented to the GTC again for consideration. Ernie expressed interest in taking a larger role in the creation of development of these videos.

<u>5/1/19</u>:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss a plan for outreach events the LOC can hold, and a plan for when this item might be presented to GTC again. The LRO was directed to move forward with developing a Kalihwisaks article that discusses outreach and provides a schedule of the new outreach dates.

6/13/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Destiny Prendiville, Laura Laitinen-Warren. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the community outreach notice that will be published in the Kalihwisaks and discuss the outreach plan.

6/19/19 LOC:

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the community outreach notice for the Sanctions & Penalties law with one noted change, and forward to the Kalihwisaks for publication in the July 3, 2019 Kalihwisaks edition; seconded by Ernest Stevens III. Motion carried unanimously.



7/11/19:

Community Outreach Event. The Legislative Operating Committee held a community outreach event at the Radisson Hotel and Conference Center. The LOC had a booth set up with a poster of information as well as a flyer, copy of the law, and FAQs. LRO staff members Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Destiny Prendiville and Maureen Perkins were available to answer questions and take comments. Although flyers and the provided information were taken from the booth or passed out to people, no input as to the law was collected.

<u>7/17/19</u>:

Community Outreach Event. The Legislative Operating Committee held a community outreach event at the Norbert Hill Center's Business Committee Conference room. The LOC had a booth set up with a poster of information as well as a flyer, copy of the law, and FAQs. LOC member David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, and Daniel Guzman King, as well as LRO staff members Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, and Destiny Prendiville were available to answer questions and take comments. No one attended this community outreach event.

8/9/19:

Community Outreach Event. The Legislative Operating Committee held a community outreach event at the Veteran's Breakfast. Staff in attendance included David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Maureen Perkins. Kirby gave an introduction and then held discussion with the community members in attendance at the Veteran's Breakfast.

8/15/19:

Community Outreach Event. The Legislative Operating Committee held a community outreach event at the Oneida Farmer's Market. Staff in attendance included David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The LOC had a booth at the farmer's market with a poster of information as well as a flyer, copy of the law, and FAQs.

8/21/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Webster, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss the outreach efforts that have occurred, and determine whether the LOC is interested in holding more outreach events. The LOC determined that two more outreach events will be held.

9/4/19 LOC:

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the community outreach notice and article for the Sanctions and Penalties Law, and forward to the Kalihwisaks for publication in the September 19, 2019, edition; seconded by Ernest Stevens III. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>9/19/19</u>:

Article and community outreach event notice published in the Kalihwisaks.

<u>10/7/19</u>:

Community Outreach Event. The Legislative Operating Committee held a community outreach event at the Elder Services Congregate Meal Site over the lunch hour. Staff in attendance included: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. Kirby gave an introduction and then opened up for discussion of any questions the community members in attendance had.

10/16/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss the 10/18/19 outreach event in Milwaukee and begin planning for how the LOC wants to present this item to GTC again. All materials will have to be submitted to the OBC by November 18, 2019, for inclusion on the annual GTC meeting agenda.

10/18/19:

Community Outreach Event. The Legislative Operating Committee held a community outreach event at the SEOTS building in Milwaukee. Those in attendance included: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Daniel Guzman King, Clorissa N. Santiago,

Brandon Wisneski, Mike Debraska. Kirby gave an introduction, and then the LOC and Mike Debraska reviewed the law line by line stopping for questions and discussion.

10/31/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to strategize how the LOC would like to present this law again to the GTC, and review and discuss the first draft of a memo that can be included in the GTC materials.

11/6/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jameson Wilson. The purpose of this work meeting was to provide a brief update that the LRO will be holding a work meeting with the Communications Department on Thursday, November 7, 2019, to discuss the development of the multi-media presentation for the January 2020 GTC meeting.

11/15/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to finalize the memo that would be presented to the GTC on January 20, 2020. LRO will conduct an e-poll of the memo today so that the materials can be forwarded to the OBC.

11/15/19:

E-Poll Conducted. E-Poll was titled "Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties Law Materials for the January 20, 2020, GTC Meeting." The requested action of this e-poll was to approve the Sanctions and Penalties law materials and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion in the January 20, 2020, General Tribal Council meeting packet materials. The epoll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, and Daniel Guzman King. Kirby Metoxen did not provide a response to the e-poll during the e-poll time frame.

11/19/19:

Work Meeting. Present: Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Xavier Horkman. The purpose of this work meeting was to begin collaborations between the LOC and the Communications Department on the development of a multimedia presentation for the January 2020 GTC meeting.

11/20/19 LOC: Motion by Kirby Metoxen to enter the November 15, 2019, Sanction and Penalties Law material for the January 20, 2020, GTC Meeting E-Poll results into record; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

11/20/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to update the LOC on the collaboration with the Communications Department on the development of a multimedia presentation for the January 20, 2020, annual GTC meeting. LOC also discussed potential ideas for a Sanctions and Penalties law promotional video.

11/26/19 OBC: Motion by Lisa Summers to approve back to the Legislative Operating Committee, for General Tribal Council consideration, number one (1) as identified in the request [on page 90 of the meeting packet], seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion withdrawn.

> Motion by Daniel Guzman King to defer the Sanctions and Penalties law materials back to the Legislative Operating Committee for consideration of today's discussion and reformatting of the request to General Tribal Council, seconded by Ernie Stevens III. Motion carried

<u>11/26/19</u>:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, JoAnne House. The purpose of this work meeting was to consider the discussion that occurred at the OBC meeting and determine a new strategy for moving this item forward. The LOC directed that an updated memo, draft, legislative analysis, resolution, and statement of effect be developed for inclusion on the December 4, 2019, special OBC meeting and. A good heart. A strong fire.

12/2/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the updated draft and memo and determine if there were any other considerations that needed to be made by the LOC before this item moves forward.

12/4/19 LOC:

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the January 20, 2020 General Tribal Council Meeting materials with one change and forward to the Oneida Business Committee; seconded by Ernest Stevens III. Motion carried unanimously.

12/4/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss the community comments that were made during today's LOC meeting, and discuss a strategy for moving this item forward. LOC directed that an e-poll be conducted to rescind the earlier Sanctions and Penalties law motion, so that the materials are not sent to the December 4, 2019, special OBC meeting for inclusion in the January 20, 2020, General Tribal Council meeting. Instead, the LOC wants to bring the proposed changes to a public meeting, finalize a draft, and request an updated fiscal impact statement, and bring an updated packet to the tentative March 2020 special GTC meeting.

12/4/19:

E-Poll Conducted. E-Poll was titled "Rescission of the December 4, 2019, LOC Motion Regarding the Sanctions and Penalties Law." The requested action of this e-poll was to Rescind the December 4, 2019, Legislative Operating Committee motion to "Approve the January 20, 2020, General Tribal Council meeting materials and forward to the Oneida Business Committee." The e-poll was approved by Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, David P. Jordan. Daniel Guzman King did not provide a response to the epoll during the e-poll time frame.

12/4/19 OBC:

Motion by David P. Jordan to adopt with two (2) changes [1) delete item IV.A.1. Accept the Sanctions and Penalties law materials and add to the tentatively scheduled 2020 annual General Tribal Council meeting agenda; and 2) under New Business header, item A. Cancel the December 26 and 27, 2019, Oneida Business Committee meetings), seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried.

12/9/19:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Jennifer Falck. The purpose of this work meeting was to confirm what the LOC wants to see in the proposed Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law draft that will be sent to a public meeting. LRO will prepare an epoll for the PM materials to be completed before December 12, 2019.

12/10/19:

E-Poll Conducted. E-Poll was titled "Approval of January 7, 2020, Public Meeting for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law." The requested action of this e-poll was to approve the public meeting packet and forward the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law to a public meeting to be held on January 7, 2020. The e-poll was approved by Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, David P. Jordan, and Daniel Guzman King. Ernest Stevens III did not provide a response.

12/18/19 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to enter into the record the December 4, 2019, E-poll results for the Sanctions and Penalties law – rescission of the December 4, 2019, LOC action; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

> Motion by Ernest Stevens III to enter into the record the December 10, 2019, E-poll results for the Sanctions and Penalties law – approval of a public meeting; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

1/7/20:

Public Meeting Held. Present: David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Kristen Hooker, Maureen Perkins, Lee Cornelius, Bonnie Pigman, Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Kermit Valentino, Debra Valentino. One (1) person provided oral comments during the public meeting.

A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

1/8/20:

Work Meeting. Present: Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski, Xavier Horkman. The purpose of this work meeting was to discuss and plan for the development of the Sanctions and Penalties Law for Elected Officials law video presentation for the March 16, 2020, General Tribal Council meeting.

1/14/20:

OBC Work Session. The purpose of attending this Oneida Business Committee work session was to provide the Oneida Business Committee an update on why the Sanctions and Penalties law materials would be a handout at the January 22, 2020, Oneida Business Committee meeting.

1/14/20:

Public Comment Period Closed. Two (2) submissions of written comments were received during the public comment period.

1/14/20:

OBC Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Brandon Stevens, Patricia King, Lisa Liggins, JoAnne House, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Laura Laitinen-Warren. The purpose of this work meeting was to provide the Oneida Business Committee an update on why the Sanctions and Penalties law materials would be a handout at the January 22, 2020, Oneida Business Committee meeting.

1/15/20 LOC:

Motion by Ernest Stevens III to accept the public comments and public comment review memorandum and defer to a work meeting for further consideration; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>1/15/20</u>:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King, Jennifer Falck, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and consider all the public comments that were received. The LOC also discussed the plan for e-polls and approving the materials.

1/15/20:

E-Poll Conducted. E-Poll was titled "Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Updated Materials and Fiscal Impact Statement Request Memorandum." The requested action of this e-poll was to Approve the updated public comment review memorandum, draft, legislative analysis, and fiscal impact statement request memorandum, and forward the fiscal impact statement request memorandum, with accompanying draft and legislative analysis, to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement of the proposed Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law be prepared and submitted to the Legislative Operating Committee by January 20, 2020. The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen. Daniel Guzman King did not provide a response.

<u>1/20/20:</u>

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King, Clorissa N. Santiago, Brandon Wisneski. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the adoption memo, resolution, and statement of effect for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law.

1/21/20:

E-Poll Conducted. E-Poll was titled "Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Adoption Packet." The requested action of this e-poll was to "Approve the adoption packet for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion on the tentative March 2020 Special General Tribal Council meeting agenda." The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen, and Daniel Guzman King.

1/21/20:

E-Poll Conducted. E-Poll was titled "Rescission of the January 21, 2020, LOC Motion Approving the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Adoption Packet." The requested action of this e-poll was to "Rescind the January 21, 2020, Legislative Operating Committee motion to 'Approve the adoption packet for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion on the tentative March 2020 Special General Tribal Council meeting agenda." The e-poll was provided the property of the property o

approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King.

1/22/20 OBC: Motion by Ernie Stevens III to adopt the agenda with two (2) changes [1) add item IV.C. Adopt resolution entitled Energy Infrastructure Deployment on Tribal Lands – 2020 Grant Proposal # DEFOA-0002168; and 2) delete item VIII.B.2. Accept the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law materials and add to the tentatively scheduled March 16, 2020, special General Tribal Council meeting agendal, seconded by Jennifer Webster.

Motion carried.

<u>2/5/20 LOC:</u> Motion by Jennifer Webster to enter into record the e-poll results: Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law – Approve Updated Materials and Fiscal Impact Statement Request; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Jennifer Webster to Ratify the January 21, 2020, e-poll results into record; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Jennifer Webster to enter into the record the January 21, 2020, e-poll results for the rescission of the January 21, 2020, LOC motion approving the Sanctions and Penalties for elected Officials Law adoption packet and forward to the OBC for inclusion on the tentative March 2020 GTC meeting agenda; seconded Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

10/4/23 LOC: Motion by Marlon Skenandore to add the Sanctions and Penalties Law to the Active Files List with Jennifer Webster as the sponsor; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Marlon Skenandore, Jonas Hill, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Maureen Perkins, Fawn Cottrell, Kristal Hill. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the draft of the Sanctions and Penalties law.

1/29/24: E-Poll Conducted. This e-poll was titled, Approval of the March 6, 2024 LOC Community Meeting Notice. The requested action of this e-poll was to Approve the Legislative Operating Committee community meeting notice and schedule the community meeting to take place on March 6, 2024. This e-poll was unanimously approved by Jennifer Webster, Marlon Skenandore, Jonas Hill, Jameson Wilson, and Kirby Metoxen.

<u>2/7/24 LOC</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to enter into the record the results of the January 29, 2024, epoll titled, Approval of the March 6, 2024 LOC Community Meeting Notice; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

3/6/24: Work Meeting. Jameson Wilson, Kirby Metoxen, Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Fawn Cottrell, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work session was for the LOC to practice the PowerPoint presentation for the March 6, 2024, community meeting for the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures Amendments, Sanctions and Penalties Law, and the Eviction and Termination law amendments.

2/6/24: Community Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenadore, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Fawn Cottrell, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Francine Valentino, Melanie Burkhart, Gina Buenrostro, Peggy Helm-Quest, Michelle Sawyer, Nadine Escamea, Bonnie Pigman, Olivia Pigman, Julie Denny, Michelle Hill, Vicky Matson, Greg Matson, Julie Behnke, Lynn Metoxen, Jake Doxtator, Kay Keshena, Connie Vandehei, Jen Falck, Lillian Wheelock, Dale Wheelock, Stephanie Smith, Patricia Hoeft, Scott Denny, Dana McLester, Wendy Alvarez, Dana Thyssen, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Larry Barton, Merissa Bloedorn, Lois Stevens, Mark Powless, Linda Dallas, Jake, Peggy Van Gheem, Mary Loeffler, Matthew J. Denny, Nancy Barton, Brittany Kulow, Mary Adams, Cathy Metoxen, William Gollnick Gollnick Gollnick Operating

Committee held a community meeting in the NHC's cafeteria from 5:30 p.m. through 7:30 p.m. regarding the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures Amendments, the Sanctions and Penalties law, and the Eviction and Termination law amendments.

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Fawn Cottrell, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work session was for the LOC to debrief the March 6, 2024, community meeting and determine the next steps to move these legislative items forward.

1/10/25: Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa Leeman, Lisa Liggins, Lawrence Barton, Tehassi Hill, Fawn Cottrell, Fawn Billie, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the draft of the Law and determine next steps for moving this item forward.

<u>2/19/25</u>: Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa Leeman, Fawn Cottrell, Kristal Hill, Grace Elliott, Carolyn Salutz. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the updated draft of the Law and finalize next steps for moving this item forward.

Next Steps:

- Approve the updated draft and legislative analysis;
- Approve the Legislative Operating Committee Sanctions and Penalties law community work session notice, and schedule a community work session to occur on April 2, 2025.



Title 1. Government and Finances - Chapter 120 Kalihwahnila tú Okhale? Atatlihwa thlewáhtu Kayanlásla

Giving strength to the issues and Forgiving oneself for the issue at hand Laws SANCTIONS AND PENALTIES FOR ELECTED OFFICIALS

120.1. Purpose and Policy	120.3. Definitions
120.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal	120.4. Misconduct
120.3. Definitions	120.5. Filing of a Complaint
120.4. Misconduct	
120.5. Filing of a Complaint	120.6. Complaint Procedure
	120.7. Sanctions and Penalties
120.6. Complaint Procedure	120.8. Effect of Resignation by an Official
120.7. Sanctions and Penalties	120.9. Record of Conduct
120.8. Effect of Resignation by an Official	
120.9. Record of Conduct in Office	
120.1. Purpose and Policy	
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120.1. Purpose and Policy

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120.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to establish a consistent set of sanctions and penalties that may be imposed upon elected officials of the Nation for misconduct in office for the purpose of providing in order to provide an opportunity for the official to take corrective action to address the misconduct and promote accountability and improved performance of the official.

- (a) This law applies to members of the Oneida Business Committee.
- (b) Exclusion. This law does not apply to judges of the Oneida Nation Judiciary.
- (c) This law does not apply to or members of corporate entities of the Nation.
- 120.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the Nation to ensure that elected officials who commit misconduct while in office be subject to appropriate sanctions and penalties; and to ensure that there is a fair process in place that enables officials to fairly respond to allegations of misconduct. 120.1-3. It is the intent of the Nation that all elected officials strive to exhibit and uphold the Nation's core values of The Good Mind as expressed by Onayote?a ka, which includes:
 - (a) Kahletsvalúsla. The heart felt encouragement of the best in each of us.
 - (b) Kanolukhwásla. Compassion, caring, identity, and joy of being.
 - (c) Ka⁹nikuhli·yó. The openness of the good spirit and mind.
 - (d) Ka?tshatst\(\lambda\)sla. The strength of belief and vision as a People.
 - (e) Kalihwi yo. The use of the good words about ourselves, our Nation, and our future.
 - (f) Twahwahtsílay. All of us are family.
 - (g) Yukwatsistaya. Our fire, our spirit within each one of us.

120.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

- 24 120.2-1. This law was adopted by the General Tribal Council by resolution GTC- - .
- 120.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 27 120.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
- be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered
- 29 to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 30 120.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law,
- 31 the provisions of this law shall control.
- 32 120.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

120.3. Definitions

- 120.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
 - (a) "Business Committee Support Office" means the office that provides administrative support for the Oneida Business Committee and various other governmental operations.
 - (b) "Business day" means Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. 4:30 p.m., excluding holidays recognized by the Nation.
 - (eb) "Clear and convincing evidence" means evidence that demonstrates it is substantially more likely than not that the facts presented are true.
 - (dc) "Complainant" means an individual who has made a complaint.
 - (ed) "Constitution" means the Constitution and By-Laws of the Oneida Nation.
 - (fe) "Court of Appeals" means the Court of Appeals of the Oneida Nation Judiciary.
 - (gf) "Entity" means a board, committee, commission, office, or other group of the Nation an individual may be elected to serve a position on, including the Oneida Business Committee.
 - (g) "Government Administrative Office" means the office that provides administrative support for the Oneida Business Committee and various other governmental operations.
 - (h) "Misconduct" means wrongful, improper, or unlawful conduct or behavior.
 - (i) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
 - (j) "Official" means any person who is elected to serve a position for the Nation, including, but not limited to, a position on a board, committee, commission, or office of the Nation, including the Oneida Business Committee.
 - (k) "Restitution" means compensation to an individual or entity for an injury, damage, or loss.
 - (l) "Stipend" means the amount paid by the Oneida Nation to elected individuals serving on boards, committees and commissions of the Nation to offset the expenses of being a member on the board, committee or commission.
 - (m) "Substantiate" means to find that the complaint or allegation in the complaint is valid because there is clear and convincing evidence.
 - (n) "Trial Court" means the Trial Court of the Oneida Nation Judiciary, which is the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B, and then later authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A.

120.4. Misconduct

- 120.4-1. It shall be the obligation of every official to behave in a manner that promotes the highest ethical and moral standard. High moral and ethical high standards of conduct. High standards of conduct amongst officials of the Nation is are essential to the conduct of government.
- 120.4-2. An official may be subject to sanctions and penalties for behaving in a manner which constitutes misconduct. Misconduct includes:
 - (a) a violation of the Constitution or any of the Nation's laws, policies, or rules;
 - (b) a violation of the bylaws, standard operating procedures, or other internal operating documents that govern the entity upon which the official serves; and
 - (c) a conviction of a felony, or any crime in any jurisdiction that would be classified as a felony under federal law or Wisconsin law; and.

(d) any other activity that is incompatible with the high moral and ethical standards that are expected of the Nation's officials.

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120.5. Filing of a Complaint

- 120.5-1. Who May File. Any individual at least eighteen (18) years of age or older who is an enrolled member of the Nation or an employee of the Nation, or an entity, who in good faith, has knowledge or reason to believe that an official has committed misconduct, may file a written complaint.
- 120.5-2. When to File. A complaint may be filed as long as the alleged misconduct has occurred, or was discovered to have occurred, within the previous ninety (90sixty (60) days.
- 120.5-3. *Contents of the Complaint*. The complaint alleging misconduct by an official shall include the following information:
 - (a) The name(s) of the official alleged to have committed the misconduct;
 - (b) The entity or entities upon which the official serves;
 - (c) The specific date(s), time(s), and location(s) of the alleged misconduct;
 - (d) The specific details of the official's misconduct;
 - (e) The specific provision of law, policy, rule, or bylaw of the Nation allegedly violated by the official;
 - (f) Names of any witnesses of the alleged misconduct, or individuals who may have knowledge pertinent to the alleged misconduct;
 - (g) The contact information for the person filing the complaint, which at minimum shall include the person's name, address, and telephone number;
 - (h) A notarized sworn statement attesting that the information provided in and with the complaint is true, accurate, and complete to the best of the complainant's knowledge;
 - (i) Any supporting documentation; and
 - (i) Any other information required by the Nation's Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 120.5-4. *Where to File*. Complaints against an official shall be filed with the Nation's Trial Court pursuant to the Nation's Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 120.5-5. *Retaliation Prohibited*. Retaliation against any individual who makes a complaint or party or witness to a complaint is prohibited. This protection shall also be afforded to any person offering testimony or evidence or complying with directives authorized under this law. Retaliation shall include any form of adverse or punitive action by, or caused by, any official.
 - (a) If an individual alleges that retaliatory action has been threatened or taken based on the individual's complaint, or cooperation with directives authorized under this law, the individual may file a complaint for the retaliatory action in accordance with section 120.5 of this law.

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120.6. Complaint Procedure

- 117 120.6-1. *Jurisdiction of the Trial Court*. The Trial Court shall have jurisdiction to hear complaints of alleged misconduct of officials.
- 119 120.6-2. Any official who is the subject of a complaint has the right to be represented by an attorney or advocate, at his or hertheir own expense, for any actions or proceedings related to the

121 complaint.

- 122 120.6-3. Burden of Proof. In a civil action against an official for misconduct, the complainant has
- the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the official engaged in misconduct.
- 124 120.6-4. *Confidentiality*. All complaints alleged against an official of the Nation shall be handled
- in a confidential manner.

- (a) All hearings and/or proceedings related to a complaint shall be closed to the general public.
 - (b) All records of hearings and/or proceedings shall not be subject to public review or inspection. An official's record of conduct shall only be made available for review by the Trial Court.
 - (c) Exception. A except that a decision of the Trial Court Judiciary regarding a complaint alleged against an official, and any sanctions and/or penalties that are imposed against an official, shall be public information.
 - 120.6-5. *Determination of the Trial Court*. In making a final determination, the Trial Court shall determine if there is enough evidence to substantiate the allegations of misconduct by the official by clear and convincing evidence.
 - (a) If the Trial Court finds that there is clear and convincing evidence that the official engaged in misconduct, the Trial Court shall determine and impose any sanctions and/or penalties deemed appropriate in accordance with this law.
 - (b) If the Trial Court does not find that there is clear and convincing evidence to support the allegations that the official engaged in misconduct, the complaint shall be dismissed.
 - 120.6-6. *Appeal*. The complainant and the official who is the subject of the complaint shall both have the right to appeal the Trial Court's decision to the Court of Appeals pursuant to the Nation's Rules of Appellate Procedure. The appeal shall be limited to review of the record, and the Trial Court's decision may only be overturned if the Court of Appeals determines that:
 - (a) The findings or penalties imposed were clearly erroneous, unsupported by the record, or made on unreasonable grounds or without any proper consideration of circumstances; or
 - (b) Procedural irregularities occurred which prevented a fair and impartial hearing.
 - 120.6-7. The Trial Court shall provide the Business Committee Support Office a copy of the complaint and the determination of the Trial Court for the official's record of conduct in office.

120.7. Sanctions and Penalties

- 120.7-1. A sanction or penalty, or any combination of sanctions and/or penalties, may be imposed upon the Nation's officials for misconduct in office, in accordance with this law. 120.7-2. Sanctions and penalties may include:
- (a) Variant Densition and Association of market and an experience of market and an exp
 - (a) Verbal Reprimand. A verbal reprimand may be imposed on the official.
 - (1) The Trial Court shall submit written notices to both the official and to the Business Committee SupportGovernment Administrative Office of the specific date, time, and location of the verbal reprimand. The verbal reprimand shall occur at an Oneida Business Committee meeting and/or a General Tribal Council meeting.
 - (2) To impose the verbal reprimand, the presiding Oneida Business Committee Chairperson, or another Oneida Business Committee member if the verbal reprimand is imposed against the presiding Oneida Business Committee Chairperson, shall read athe following statement that identifies:
 - (A) The Trial Court's findings regarding the specific actions or inaction taken by the official that were found to be misconduct;
 - (B) The reasons why the official's actions or inactions amounted to misconduct;
 - (C) A statement identifying that the misconduct violates the high standards of behavior expected of the Nation's officials and is not acceptable; and

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(D) A direction to the official to refrain from engaging in future misconduct.

(A) [Insert name of official] who serves on [Insert name of entity] is receiving this reprimand because they have been found by the Nation's Judiciary to have engaged in misconduct. High standards of conduct amongst officials of the Nation are essential to the conduct of government. [Insert name of official's] behavior did not rise to the high standards of conduct that is expected of the Nation's elected officials. The following are the findings from the Trial Count regarding [Insert name of official's] misconduct: [identify the judicial findings regarding the misconduct.] Any future misconduct may result in the imposition of additional sanctions or penalties.

- (b) *Public Apology*. The official may be ordered to make a public apology.
 - (1) The Trial Court shall submit written notices to both the official and to the Business Committee SupportGovernment Administrative Office of the specific date, time, and location of the public apology. The public apology shall occur at an Oneida Business Committee meeting and/or a General Tribal Council meeting. The public apology shall:
 - (1) identify the specific misconduct committed(2) The public apology made by the official:
 - (2) recognize that shall identify the judicial findings regarding the official's actions or inactions were wrong;
 - (3) identify the effects of the official's misconduct; and
 - (4) include a clear and unambiguous apology from the official for the misconduct.
- (c) Written Reprimand. A written reprimand may be imposed on the official by publication on the Nation's official media outlets, as determined by the Oneida Business Committee. The Trial Court may publish a written reprimand which includes the information required for the verbal reprimand as stated in section 120.7-2(a)(2)(A)-(D).
 - (1) The Trial Court may publish a written reprimand which includes the same statement as required for the verbal reprimand as stated in section 120.7-2(a)(2)(A).
- (d) Suspension. An official may be suspended from performing his or hertheir duties as an official for a period of time not to exceed two (2) regular meetings, or fifteen (15) business days if the official serves in a full-time capacity.
 - (1) During a suspension, the official shall not:
 - (A) attend meetings, trainings or any other event as part of the entity;
 - (B) attend conferences or other events on behalf of, or as a representative of, the entity;
 - (C) vote or participate in any activities of the entity;
 - (D) perform work on behalf of the entity; or
 - (E) be eligible for any compensation, including regular pay, stipends, or mileage reimbursement.
 - (2) When an official is suspended, the Trial Court shall submit written notices to both—the official—and—to, the Business—Committee—SupportGovernment Administrative Office, Finance Administration, and the Human Resources Department, when applicable, of the specific start and end date of the suspension.
 - (3) If a suspension is imposed on multiple officials of the same entity at one time, the Trial Court shallmay impose the suspensions of the officials on a staggered basis to avoid an interruption of the official business and function of the entity.

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- (e) Restitution. An official may be ordered to pay restitution, which may include the repayment of any improperly received benefit, or any other payment which is intended to make another <u>individual or entity</u> whole after suffering losses as a result of the official's misconduct.
- (f) *Fines*. An official may be ordered to pay a fine not to exceed two thousand and five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
 - (1) Fines shall be paid to the Trial Court.
 - (2(2) Community service may be substituted for part or all of any fine at the minimum wage rate of the Nation for each hour of community service. The use of community service as a substitution for a fine shall be approved and monitored by the Trial Court.
 - (3) Fines shall be paid within ninety (90) days after the order is issued or upheld on final appeal, whichever is later. If the fine is not paid by this deadline, the Trial Court may seek to collect the money owed through garnishment either through the procedures provided in the Nation's Garnishment law or through garnishment procedures of other jurisdictions, and/or per capita attachment processin accordance with the Per Capita law.
 - (3) Money received from fines shall be deposited into the General Fund.
 - (4) Community service may be substituted for part or all of any fine at the minimum wage rate of the Nation for each hour of community service.
- (g) Loss of Stipend. An official may be ordered to forfeit a stipend for his or her<u>their</u> service on an entity not to exceed two (2) meetings.
 - (1) When an official is ordered to forfeit a stipend, the Trial Court shall submit written notices to the official and the Government Administrative Office.
- (h) *Mandatory Participation in Training*. An official may be ordered to participate in and complete a training class or program <u>at their own expense</u> that will assist the official in addressing and improving <u>his or hertheir</u> behaviors and/or actions.
 - (1) The mandated training class or program may address a variety of topics including, but not limited to, anger management, sexual harassment, or other sensitivity training.
- (i) *Removal*. The Trial Court may recommend that the process for removing an elected official as contained in the Nation's laws and/or policies governing removal be initiated.
- 120.7-3. Factors in Determining an Appropriate Sanction and/or Penalty. When determining the appropriate sanction or sanctions to impose, the Trial Court may consider all factors it deems relevant, including but not limited to:
 - (a) the seriousness or severity of the misconduct;
 - (b) whether the conduct was intentional or not;
 - (c) the likelihood of repetition;
 - (d) the extent of probable damage to the finances or reputation of the Nation, the complainant, the entity, or to any other person or organization;
 - (e) whether the official or his or hertheir family personally profited, financially or otherwise, from the prohibited conduct;
 - (f) the official's remorse, or
 - (g) the official's willingness and ability to take steps to mitigate the harm caused by the violation, and
 - (h) any prior complaints filed, including any previous sanctions and penalties imposed upon the official while serving on an entity.(h) the record of conduct of an official.

- 120.7-4. The Trial Court may impose a sanction and/or penalty on a conditional basis, whereas compliance with a specific sanction and/or penalty shall prevent the imposition of a more stringent or burdensome sanction and/or penalty.
 - 120.7-5. The imposition of sanctions and/or penalties in accordance with this law does not exempt an official from individual liability for the underlying misconduct, and does not limit any penalties that may be imposed in accordance with other applicable laws. In addition to any sanctions and penalties that may be imposed in accordance with this law, officials who commit misconduct in office may be subject to other consequences; including but not limited to:
 - (a) removal in accordance with the Nation's laws and/or policies governing removal;
 - (b) criminal prosecution, for misconduct that also violates applicable criminal law;
 - (c) civil liability, in accordance with the applicable law of any jurisdiction; and/or
 - (d) penalties for specific misconduct as authorized by any other law of the Nation.
 - 120.7-6. An official who does not comply with a sanction and/or penalty that has been imposed against him or her by the Trial Court may be subject to the following:
 - (a) additional sanctions and/or penalties that result from a complaint of misconduct filed in accordance with this Law based on the non-compliance;
 - (b) removal in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing removal.

120.8. Effect of Resignation by an Official

120.8-1. The resignation of an official after a complaint has been filed against the official shall not affect the status of the hearing and determination by the Trial Court.

120.8-2. An official who resigns may still be subject to sanctions and/or penalties at the discretion of the Trial Court.

120.9. Record of Conduct-in Office

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120.9-1. The Business Committee Support Office Judiciary shall maintain a record of conduct in office for each official. An official's record of conduct shall only be made available for review by the Judiciary.

120.9-2. The record of conduct in office maintained for each official shall include, at a minimum:

- (a) a copy of each complaint filed against the official;
- (b) recording and/or transcript from any hearings and/or proceedings;
- (c) the outcome of the complaint, and
- (d) any sanctions or penalties imposed upon an official.

120.9-3. The record of conduct-in-office for each official shall be maintained for a period of no less than seven (7) years.

End.			
Adopted - GTC-	_	_	

Title 1. Government and Finances - Chapter 120 Kalihwahnila tú Okhale? Atatlihwa thlewáhtu Kayanlásla

Giving strength to the issues and Forgiving oneself for the issue at hand Laws SANCTIONS AND PENALTIES

120.1	Purpose	and	Policy

120.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

120.3. Definitions

120.4. Misconduct

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120.5. Filing of a Complaint

120.6. Complaint Procedure

120.7. Sanctions and Penalties

120.8. Effect of Resignation by an Official

120.9. Record of Conduct

120.1. Purpose and Policy

120.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to establish a consistent set of sanctions and penalties that may be imposed upon elected officials of the Nation for misconduct in office in order to provide an opportunity for the official to take corrective action to address the misconduct and promote accountability and improved performance of the official.

- (a) *Exclusion*. This law does not apply to judges of the Oneida Nation Judiciary or members of corporate entities of the Nation.
- 120.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the Nation to ensure that elected officials who commit misconduct while in office be subject to appropriate sanctions and penalties; and to ensure that there is a fair process in place that enables officials to fairly respond to allegations of misconduct.
- 120.1-3. It is the intent of the Nation that all elected officials strive to exhibit and uphold the Nation's core values of The Good Mind as expressed by Onxyote?a ka, which includes:
 - (a) Kahletsyalúsla. The heart felt encouragement of the best in each of us.
 - (b) Kanolukhwásla. Compassion, caring, identity, and joy of being.
 - (c) Ka⁹nikuhli vó. The openness of the good spirit and mind.
 - (d) Ka⁹tshatst\u00e1sla. The strength of belief and vision as a People.
 - (e) Kalihwi vó. The use of the good words about ourselves, our Nation, and our future.
 - (f) Twahwahtsilaya. All of us are family.
 - (g) Yukwatsistaya. Our fire, our spirit within each one of us.

120.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

- 120.2-1. This law was adopted by the General Tribal Council by resolution GTC- - .
- 120.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 27 120.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
- be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 120.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 32 120.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

120.3. Definitions

- 35 120.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All
- words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.

- 37 (a) "Business day" means Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. 4:30 p.m., excluding holidays recognized by the Nation.
 - (b) "Clear and convincing evidence" means evidence that demonstrates it is substantially more likely than not that the facts presented are true.
 - (c) "Complainant" means an individual who has made a complaint.
 - (d) "Constitution" means the Constitution and By-Laws of the Oneida Nation.
 - (e) "Court of Appeals" means the Court of Appeals of the Oneida Nation Judiciary.
 - (f) "Entity" means a board, committee, commission, office, or other group of the Nation an individual may be elected to serve a position on, including the Oneida Business Committee.
 - (g) "Government Administrative Office" means the office that provides administrative support for the Oneida Business Committee and various other governmental operations.
 - (h) "Misconduct" means wrongful, improper, or unlawful conduct or behavior.
 - (i) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
 - (j) "Official" means any person who is elected to serve a position for the Nation, including, but not limited to, a position on a board, committee, commission, or office of the Nation, including the Oneida Business Committee.
 - (k) "Restitution" means compensation to an individual or entity for an injury, damage, or loss.
 - (l) "Stipend" means the amount paid by the Oneida Nation to elected individuals serving on boards, committees and commissions of the Nation to offset the expenses of being a member on the board, committee or commission.
 - (m) "Substantiate" means to find that the complaint or allegation in the complaint is valid because there is clear and convincing evidence.
 - (n) "Trial Court" means the Trial Court of the Oneida Nation Judiciary, which is the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B, and then later authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A.

120.4. Misconduct

- 120.4-1. It shall be the obligation of every official to behave in a manner that promotes high standards of conduct. High standards of conduct amongst officials of the Nation are essential to the conduct of government.
- 120.4-2. An official may be subject to sanctions and penalties for behaving in a manner which constitutes misconduct. Misconduct includes:
 - (a) a violation of the Constitution or any of the Nation's laws, policies, or rules;
 - (b) a violation of the bylaws, standard operating procedures, or other internal operating documents that govern the entity upon which the official serves; and
 - (c) a conviction of a felony, or any crime in any jurisdiction that would be classified as a felony under federal law or Wisconsin law.

120.5. Filing of a Complaint

120.5-1. Who May File. Any individual at least eighteen (18) years of age or older who is an enrolled member of the Nation or an employee of the Nation, or an entity, who in good faith, has knowledge or reason to believe that an official has committed misconduct, may file a written complaint.

- 84 120.5-2. *When to File.* A complaint may be filed as long as the alleged misconduct has occurred, or was discovered to have occurred, within the previous sixty (60) days.
- 86 120.5-3. *Contents of the Complaint*. The complaint alleging misconduct by an official shall include the following information:
 - (a) The name(s) of the official alleged to have committed the misconduct;
 - (b) The entity or entities upon which the official serves;
 - (c) The specific date(s), time(s), and location(s) of the alleged misconduct;
 - (d) The specific details of the official's misconduct;
 - (e) The specific provision of law, policy, rule, or bylaw of the Nation allegedly violated by the official;
 - (f) Names of any witnesses of the alleged misconduct, or individuals who may have knowledge pertinent to the alleged misconduct;
 - (g) The contact information for the person filing the complaint, which at minimum shall include the person's name, address, and telephone number;
 - (h) A notarized sworn statement attesting that the information provided in and with the complaint is true, accurate, and complete to the best of the complainant's knowledge;
 - (i) Any supporting documentation; and
 - (j) Any other information required by the Nation's Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - 120.5-4. *Where to File*. Complaints against an official shall be filed with the Nation's Trial Court pursuant to the Nation's Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - 120.5-5. *Retaliation Prohibited*. Retaliation against any individual who makes a complaint or party or witness to a complaint is prohibited. This protection shall also be afforded to any person offering testimony or evidence or complying with directives authorized under this law. Retaliation shall include any form of adverse or punitive action by, or caused by, any official.
 - (a) If an individual alleges that retaliatory action has been threatened or taken based on the individual's complaint, or cooperation with directives authorized under this law, the individual may file a complaint for the retaliatory action in accordance with section 120.5 of this law.

120.6. Complaint Procedure

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- 120.6-1. *Jurisdiction of the Trial Court*. The Trial Court shall have jurisdiction to hear complaints of alleged misconduct of officials.
- 120.6-2. Any official who is the subject of a complaint has the right to be represented by an attorney or advocate, at their own expense, for any actions or proceedings related to the complaint.
- 119 120.6-3. *Burden of Proof.* In a civil action against an official for misconduct, the complainant has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the official engaged in misconduct.
- 122 120.6-4. *Confidentiality*. All complaints alleged against an official of the Nation shall be handled in a confidential manner.
 - (a) All hearings and/or proceedings related to a complaint shall be closed to the general public.
 - (b) All records of hearings and/or proceedings shall not be subject to public review or inspection except that a decision of the Judiciary regarding a complaint alleged against an official, and any sanctions and/or penalties that are imposed against an official, shall be public information.

- 130 120.6-5. *Determination of the Trial Court*. In making a final determination, the Trial Court shall determine if there is enough evidence to substantiate the allegations of misconduct by the official by clear and convincing evidence.
 - (a) If the Trial Court finds that there is clear and convincing evidence that the official engaged in misconduct, the Trial Court shall determine and impose any sanctions and/or penalties deemed appropriate in accordance with this law.
 - (b) If the Trial Court does not find that there is clear and convincing evidence to support the allegations that the official engaged in misconduct, the complaint shall be dismissed.
 - 120.6-6. *Appeal*. The complainant and the official who is the subject of the complaint shall both have the right to appeal the Trial Court's decision to the Court of Appeals pursuant to the Nation's Rules of Appellate Procedure. The appeal shall be limited to review of the record, and the Trial Court's decision may only be overturned if the Court of Appeals determines that:
 - (a) The findings or penalties imposed were clearly erroneous, unsupported by the record, or made on unreasonable grounds or without any proper consideration of circumstances; or
 - (b) Procedural irregularities occurred which prevented a fair and impartial hearing.

120.7. Sanctions and Penalties

- 120.7-1. A sanction or penalty, or any combination of sanctions and/or penalties, may be imposed upon the Nation's officials for misconduct in office, in accordance with this law. 120.7-2. Sanctions and penalties may include:
 - (a) Verbal Reprimand. A verbal reprimand may be imposed on the official.
 - (1) The Trial Court shall submit written notices to both the official and to the Government Administrative Office of the specific date, time, and location of the verbal reprimand. The verbal reprimand shall occur at an Oneida Business Committee meeting and/or a General Tribal Council meeting.
 - (2) To impose the verbal reprimand, the presiding Oneida Business Committee Chairperson, or another Oneida Business Committee member if the verbal reprimand is imposed against the presiding Oneida Business Committee Chairperson, shall read the following statement:
 - (A) [Insert name of official] who serves on [Insert name of entity] is receiving this reprimand because they have been found by the Nation's Judiciary to have engaged in misconduct. High standards of conduct amongst officials of the Nation are essential to the conduct of government. [Insert name of official's] behavior did not rise to the high standards of conduct that is expected of the Nation's elected officials. The following are the findings from the Trial Count regarding [Insert name of official's] misconduct: [identify the judicial findings regarding the misconduct.] Any future misconduct may result in the imposition of additional sanctions or penalties.
 - (b) Public Apology. The official may be ordered to make a public apology.
 - (1) The Trial Court shall submit written notices to both the official and to the Government Administrative Office of the specific date, time, and location of the public apology. The public apology shall occur at an Oneida Business Committee meeting and/or a General Tribal Council meeting.

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- (2) The public apology made by the official shall identify the judicial findings regarding the official's misconduct and include a clear and unambiguous apology from the official for the misconduct.
- (c) Written Reprimand. A written reprimand may be imposed on the official by publication on the Nation's official media outlets, as determined by the Oneida Business Committee.
 - (1) The Trial Court may publish a written reprimand which includes the same statement as required for the verbal reprimand as stated in section 120.7-2(a)(2)(A).
- (d) Suspension. An official may be suspended from performing their duties as an official for a period of time not to exceed two (2) regular meetings, or fifteen (15) business days if the official serves in a full-time capacity.
 - (1) During a suspension, the official shall not:
 - (A) attend meetings, trainings or any other event as part of the entity;
 - (B) attend conferences or other events on behalf of, or as a representative of, the entity;
 - (C) vote or participate in any activities of the entity;
 - (D) perform work on behalf of the entity; or
 - (E) be eligible for any compensation, including regular pay, stipends, or mileage reimbursement.
 - (2) When an official is suspended, the Trial Court shall submit written notices to the official, the Government Administrative Office, Finance Administration, and the Human Resources Department, when applicable, of the specific start and end date of the suspension.
 - (3) If a suspension is imposed on multiple officials of the same entity at one time, the Trial Court may impose the suspensions of the officials on a staggered basis to avoid an interruption of the official business and function of the entity.
- (e) *Restitution*. An official may be ordered to pay restitution, which may include the repayment of any improperly received benefit, or any other payment which is intended to make another individual or entity whole after suffering losses as a result of the official's misconduct.
- (f) *Fines*. An official may be ordered to pay a fine not to exceed two thousand and five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
 - (1) Fines shall be paid to the Trial Court.
 - (2) Community service may be substituted for part or all of any fine at the minimum wage rate of the Nation for each hour of community service. The use of community service as a substitution for a fine shall be approved and monitored by the Trial Court.
 - (3) Fines shall be paid within ninety (90) days after the order is issued or upheld on final appeal, whichever is later. If the fine is not paid by this deadline, the Trial Court may seek to collect the money owed through garnishment either through the procedures provided in the Nation's Garnishment law or through garnishment procedures of other jurisdictions, and/or per capita attachment in accordance with the Per Capita law.
- (g) Loss of Stipend. An official may be ordered to forfeit a stipend for their service on an entity not to exceed two (2) meetings.

- 221 (1) When an official is ordered to forfeit a stipend, the Trial Court shall submit written notices to the official and the Government Administrative Office.
 - (h) *Mandatory Participation in Training*. An official may be ordered to participate in and complete a training class or program at their own expense that will assist the official in addressing and improving their behaviors and/or actions.
 - (1) The mandated training class or program may address a variety of topics including, but not limited to, anger management, sexual harassment, or other sensitivity training.
 - (i) *Removal*. The Trial Court may recommend that the process for removing an elected official as contained in the Nation's laws and/or policies governing removal be initiated.
 - 120.7-3. Factors in Determining an Appropriate Sanction and/or Penalty. When determining the appropriate sanction or sanctions to impose, the Trial Court may consider all factors it deems relevant, including but not limited to:
 - (a) the seriousness or severity of the misconduct;
 - (b) whether the conduct was intentional or not;
 - (c) the likelihood of repetition;

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- (d) the extent of probable damage to the finances or reputation of the Nation, the complainant, the entity, or to any other person or organization;
- (e) whether the official or their family personally profited, financially or otherwise, from the prohibited conduct;
- (f) the official's remorse, or
- (g) the official's willingness and ability to take steps to mitigate the harm caused by the violation, and
- (h) the record of conduct of an official.
- 120.7-4. The Trial Court may impose a sanction and/or penalty on a conditional basis, whereas compliance with a specific sanction and/or penalty shall prevent the imposition of a more stringent or burdensome sanction and/or penalty.
- 120.7-5. The imposition of sanctions and/or penalties in accordance with this law does not exempt an official from individual liability for the underlying misconduct, and does not limit any penalties that may be imposed in accordance with other applicable laws. In addition to any sanctions and penalties that may be imposed in accordance with this law, officials who commit misconduct in office may be subject to other consequences; including but not limited to:
 - (a) removal in accordance with the Nation's laws and/or policies governing removal;
 - (b) criminal prosecution, for misconduct that also violates applicable criminal law;
 - (c) civil liability, in accordance with the applicable law of any jurisdiction; and/or
 - (d) penalties for specific misconduct as authorized by any other law of the Nation.
- 120.7-6. An official who does not comply with a sanction and/or penalty that has been imposed against him or her by the Trial Court may be subject to the following:
 - (a) additional sanctions and/or penalties that result from a complaint of misconduct filed in accordance with this Law based on the non-compliance;
 - (b) removal in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing removal.

120.8. Effect of Resignation by an Official

- 120.8-1. The resignation of an official after a complaint has been filed against the official shall not affect the status of the hearing and determination by the Trial Court.
- 266 120.8-2. An official who resigns may still be subject to sanctions and/or penalties at the discretion of the Trial Court.

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269	120.9. Record of Conduct
270	120.9-1. The Judiciary shall maintain a record of conduct for each official. An official's record
271	of conduct shall only be made available for review by the Judiciary.
272	120.9-2. The record of conduct maintained for each official shall include, at a minimum:
273	(a) a copy of each complaint filed against the official;
274	(b) recording and/or transcript from any hearings and/or proceedings;
275	(c) the outcome of the complaint, and
276	(d) any sanctions or penalties imposed upon an official.
277	120.9-3. The record of conduct for each official shall be maintained for a period of no less than
278	seven (7) years.
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280	End.
281 282	Adopted CTC
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Kalihwahnila tú Okhale? Atatlihwa? thlewahtu Kayanl śla

Giving strength to the issues and Forgiving oneself for the issue at hand Laws

SANCTIONS AND PENALTIES LAW LEGISLATIVE ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

	Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office		
Intent of the Law	■ Increase accountability among elected officials of the Nation.		
	• Create a formal complaint process that allows for corrective actions against		
	elected officials who engage in misconduct.		
Purpose	The purpose of this law is to establish a consistent set of sanctions and penalties		
	that may be imposed upon elected officials of the Nation for misconduct in office		
	in order to provide an opportunity for the official to take corrective action to address		
	the misconduct and promote accountability and improved performance of the		
	official [1 O.C. 120.1-1].		
Affected Entities	All elected officials of the Nation; Any enrolled member of the Nation or employee		
	age eighteen (18) years and older who has knowledge that an official committed		
	misconduct; Oneida Business Committee; Judiciary Trial Court; Judiciary Court of		
	Appeals; Government Administrative Office.		
Related Legislation	Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure; Rules of Appellate Procedure; Code of		
	Ethics; Boards, Committees and Commissions law; Garnishment law; Per Capita		
	law; and any of the Nation's laws and bylaws that may be violated by an official.		
Enforcement/Due	Sanctions and penalties against elected officials will be imposed by the Trial Court.		
Process	Officials accused of misconduct have the right to be represented by an attorney or		
	advocate. Officials also have the right to submit a written response to the complaint,		
	and an opportunity to appear at the hearing to answer the allegations and provide		
	evidence on their behalf. Complaints against officials must be proven by clear and		
	convincing evidence.		
Public Meeting	A public meeting for an earlier draft of this law was held on October 4, 2018. A		
	2 nd public meeting for an updated draft was held on January 7, 2020.		
Fiscal Impact	A fiscal impact statement for an earlier draft of this law was prepared by the		
	Finance Department on December 27, 2018. An updated fiscal analysis was		
	prepared on January 20, 2020.		

SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

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A. Request for Amendments. The request to develop a sanctions and penalties law was originally added to the Legislative Operating Committee's Active Files List in October of 2014, and has been carried over for the last three legislative terms. When an elected official of the Nation commits misconduct while in office, there are few remedies available for the Nation to discipline that official. Currently, elected officials may be removed in accordance with the Removal Law. However, there may be instances of misconduct that do not rise to the level of removal. In these cases, other remedies such as verbal reprimands, fines, or suspensions may be more appropriate. This Law creates a formal complaint process that gives members of the Nation, employees and entities an opportunity to file complaints against elected officials while ensuring that due process rights for those accused are protected. This

- Law also creates a range of potential sanctions and penalties for officials who violate the laws of the Nation or commit other forms of misconduct.
- B. 2016 Special Election Referendum. During the Special Election held on July 9, 2016, the following referendum question was approved by a vote of 178 to 59: "Should the BC develop a law which provides for sanctions and due process for elected officials?" The Election Law requires the Oneida Business Committee to present referendum questions that receive a majority vote to the General Tribal Council (GTC) for discussion and action [1 O.C. 102.12-9(c)].
- C. Presentation to General Tribal Council. On March 17, 2019, this Law was presented to the General 18 19 Tribal Council for consideration. The General Tribal Council adopted a motion to defer this item for at 20 least sixty (60) days for GTC to have additional time to consider it and have input. As a result of General 21 Tribal Council's directive, the LOC held six (6) additional community outreach events - in various 22 locations around the Reservation as well as in Milwaukee. Based on input received from community 23 members during the various outreach efforts, as well as the discussion during the March 17, 2019, GTC 24 Meeting, the LOC determined that the draft should be revised. The LOC intended to include this revised 25 Law on the July 2020 Semi-Annual General Tribal Council meeting agenda before all General Tribal Council meetings were canceled due to COVID-19. 26
- D. *Elected Officials*. This Law will apply to elected officials of the Nation, including members of the following entities:

Chart 1. Elected Boards, Committees, and Commissions

ELECTED BOARDS, COMMITTEES, AND COMMISSIONS

- Oneida Business Committee
- Oneida Election Board

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- Oneida Gaming Commission
- Oneida Land Claims Commission
- Oneida Land Commission
- Oneida Nation Commission on Aging (ONCOA)
- Oneida Nation School Board
- Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee
- GTC Legal Resource Center Advocates and Attorney
- *This law does not apply to members of appointed boards, members of the Judiciary or corporate entities of the Nation.

SECTION 3. CONSULTATION AND OUTREACH

- A. Representatives from the following departments or entities participated in the development of this Law
 and this legislative analysis:
 - Oneida Business Committee;
 - Government Administrative Office:
 - Records Management Department;
 - Human Resources Department;
 - Intergovernmental Affairs and Communications Department;
 - Cultural Heritage Department;
- Anna John Resident Centered Care Community Board (AJRCCC);
- 43 Oneida Election Board:

- Oneida Environmental Resource Board (ERB);
- Oneida Gaming Commission;
- Oneida Land Commission;
 - Oneida Police Commission;
 - Oneida Pow-wow Committee:
 - Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee, and
 - Oneida Nation Veterans Affairs Committee (ONVAC).
- **B.** The following laws of the Nation were reviewed in the drafting of this legislative analysis:
- Oneida Judiciary law;
 - Oneida Tribal Judiciary Canons of Judicial Conduct;
 - Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure;
 - Oneida Judiciary Rules of Appellate Procedure;
- Removal law;

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- 57 Code of Ethics;
 - Legal Resource Center law;
 - Open Meetings and Open Records law;
 - Boards, Committees and Commissions law;
 - Garnishment law; and
- Per Capita law.
- 63 C. In addition, the following other laws were reviewed in drafting this analysis:
 - Ho Chunk Nation Code of Ethics 2 HCC 1;
 - Oglala Sioux Tribe Code of Ethics Ordinance No. 08-11;
 - Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians Ethics Code;
 - Rosebud Sioux Tribal Code of Ethics Ordinance 86-04;
 - Siletz Tribal Council Ethics Ordinance –Siletz Tribal Code 2.200;
 - Skokomish Code of Ethics S.T.C. 1.05; and
 - Pit River Tribal Government Code of Conduct Section 80.
- 71 **D.** Community Outreach Events. In addition to the public meeting(s) required by the Legislative 72 Procedures Act held on October 4, 2018, and January 7, 2020, the LOC held the following outreach 73 events on this legislation:
 - May 3, 2018: Community pot-luck meeting at Norbert Hill Center to gather community input.
 - July 11, 2019: Community outreach event held prior to GTC meeting at Radisson Conference Center.
 - July 17, 2019: Community outreach held at Norbert Hill Center in Oneida.
 - August 9, 2019: Community outreach held at Veteran's Breakfast in Oneida.
 - August 15, 2019: Community outreach held at Farmer's Market in Oneida.
 - October 7, 2019: Community outreach held at Elder Congregate Meal site in Oneida.
 - October 16, 2019: Community outreach held at SEOTS Building in Milwaukee.
- March 6, 2024: Community pot-luck meeting at the Norbert Hill Center to gather community input.

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SECTION 4. PROCESS

- A. *Compliance with LPA*. The development of the proposed Law complies with the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA).
 - The law was originally added to the Active Files List on October 15, 2014.
- 91 On September 6, 2017, this Law was readded to the Active Files List for the 2017-2020 legislative term.
 - On April 2, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the draft of this Law and direct that a community meeting/potluck be held on May 3, 2018.
 - On June 6, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the draft of this Law and directed that a legislative analysis be completed.
 - On July 18, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the legislative analysis for this Law and deferred this item to a work meeting.
 - On August 15, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the public meeting packet and forwarded this Law to a public meeting to be held on September 20, 2018; and forwarded this Law to the Finance Office for a fiscal analysis to be completed.
 - On September 10, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll entitled, *Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties Law Public Meeting Packet*. The requested action of this e-poll was to approve the public meeting packet and forward the proposed Sanctions and Penalties law to a public meeting to be held on October 4, 2018 since the September 20, 2018, public meeting on the proposed Law needed to be canceled due to the Kalihwisaks failing to publish the public meeting notice in the September 6, 2018, edition. The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, and Ernest Stevens III. Daniel Guzman King did not provide a response to the e-poll.
 - On September 19, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee entered the e-poll results into the record
 - On October 4, 2018, a public meeting on the proposed law was held. Six (6) members of the community attended the public meeting with three (3) people providing oral comments.
 - The public comment period was then held open until October 11, 2018. Four (4) submissions of written comments were received during the public comment period.
 - On October 17, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the public meeting comments and public meeting comment review memorandum and deferred this item to a work meeting.
 - On November 7, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the public comment review memorandum and the updated draft.
 - On December 5, 2018, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the updated legislative analysis, including the replacement of page 159 in the packet; and approved the fiscal impact statement memorandum and forwarded the items to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement of the proposed Law be prepared for inclusion on the January 2, 2019 Legislative Operating Committee meeting agenda.
 - On January 7, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the adoption packet for the proposed Law and forwarded to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion on the tentatively scheduled February 24, 2019, General Tribal Council meeting agenda for the General Tribal Council's consideration of adoption.
 - On January 18, 2019, the Oneida Business Committee approved the adoption packet for the Law for consideration at the February 24, 2019, special GTC meeting.

- On January 29, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll entitled, *Approval* of the Sanctions and Penalties Law Kalihwisaks Article. The requested action of this e-poll was to approve the article titled, "Sanctions and Penalties Law: GTC to Consider in February" and forward the article to the Kalihwisaks for inclusion in the February 7, 2019, Kalihwisaks edition. The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman King and Kirby Metoxen. Ernest Stevens III did not provide a response to the e-poll.
- On February 6, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee entered the results of the January 29, 2019, e-poll into the record.

- On March 17, 2019, the proposed Law was presented to the General Tribal Council, and the General Tribal Council decided to defer this Law for consideration for at least sixty (60) days for GTC to have additional time to consider it and have input.
 - On June 19, 19, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the community outreach notice for this Law with one noted change, and forwarded to the Kalihwisaks for publication in the July 3, 2019 Kalihwisaks edition.
 - On September 4, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the community outreach notice and article for this Law, and forwarded to the Kalihwisaks for publication in the September 19, 2019, edition.
 - On November 15, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll entitled, *Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties Law Materials for the January 20, 2020, GTC Meeting.* The requested action of this e-poll was to approve the Sanctions and Penalties law materials and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion in the January 20, 2020, General Tribal Council meeting packet materials. The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, and Daniel Guzman King. Kirby Metoxen did not provide a response to the e-poll during the e-poll time frame.
 - On November 20, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee entered the November 15, 2019, Sanction and Penalties Law material for the January 20, 2020, GTC Meeting E-Poll results into record.
 - On November 26, 2019, the Oneida Business Committee deferred the Sanctions and Penalties law
 materials back to the Legislative Operating Committee for consideration of today's discussion and
 reformatting of the request to General Tribal Council.
 - On December 4, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the January 20, 2020
 General Tribal Council Meeting materials with one change and forwarded to the Oneida Business
 Committee.
 - On December 4, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll entitled, *Rescission of the December 4, 2019, LOC Motion Regarding the Sanctions and Penalties Law.* The requested action of this e-poll was to Rescind the December 4, 2019, Legislative Operating Committee motion to "Approve the January 20, 2020, General Tribal Council meeting materials and forward to the Oneida Business Committee." The e-poll was approved by Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, David P. Jordan. Daniel Guzman King did not provide a response to the e-poll during the e-poll time frame.
 - On December 4, 2019, the Oneida Business Committee adopted the agenda with two (2) changes [1) delete item IV.A.1. Accept the Sanctions and Penalties law materials and add to the tentatively scheduled 2020 annual General Tribal Council meeting agenda; and 2) under New Business header, item A. Cancel the December 26 and 27, 2019, Oneida Business Committee meetings).

• On December 10, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll entitled, *Approval of January 7, 2020, Public Meeting for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law.* The requested action of this e-poll was to approve the public meeting packet and forward the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law to a public meeting to be held on January 7, 2020. The e-poll was approved by Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, David P. Jordan, and Daniel Guzman King. Ernest Stevens III did not provide a response.

- On December 18, 2019, the Legislative Operating Committee entered into the record the December 4, 2019, E-poll results for the Sanctions and Penalties law rescission of the December 4, 2019, LOC action; and entered into the record the December 10, 2019, E-poll results for the Sanctions and Penalties law approval of a public meeting.
- On January 7, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee held a public meeting on the proposed Law. One (1) person provided oral comments during the public meeting.
- The public comment period was held open until January 14, 2020. Two (2) submissions of written comments were received during the public comment period.
- On January 15, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the public comments and public comment review memorandum and deferred these items to a work meeting for further consideration.
- On January 15, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee also conducted an e-poll entitled, Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Updated Materials and Fiscal Impact Statement Request Memorandum. The requested action of this e-poll was to Approve the updated public comment review memorandum, draft, legislative analysis, and fiscal impact statement request memorandum, and forward the fiscal impact statement request memorandum, with accompanying draft and legislative analysis, to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement of the proposed Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law be prepared and submitted to the Legislative Operating Committee by January 20, 2020. The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen. Daniel Guzman King did not provide a response.
- On January 21, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll entitled, *Approval of the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Adoption Packet*. The requested action of this e-poll was to "Approve the adoption packet for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion on the tentative March 2020 Special General Tribal Council meeting agenda." The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Ernest Stevens III, Kirby Metoxen, and Daniel Guzman King.
- On January 21, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an additional e-poll entitled, Rescission of the January 21, 2020, LOC Motion Approving the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Adoption Packet. The requested action of this e-poll was to "Rescind the January 21, 2020, Legislative Operating Committee motion to 'Approve the adoption packet for the Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for inclusion on the tentative March 2020 Special General Tribal Council meeting agenda.'." The e-poll was approved by David P. Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Ernest Stevens III, Daniel Guzman King.
- On January 22, 2020, the Oneida Business Committee adopted the agenda with two (2) changes [1) add item IV.C. Adopt resolution entitled Energy Infrastructure Deployment on Tribal Lands 2020 Grant Proposal # DEFOA-0002168; and 2) delete item VIII.B.2. Accept the Sanctions and Penalties

- for Elected Officials law materials and add to the tentatively scheduled March 16, 2020, special General Tribal Council meeting agenda].
- On February 5, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee entered into record the e-poll results:
 Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials Law Approve Updated Materials and Fiscal Impact
 Statement Request; ratified the January 21, 2020, e-poll results into record; and enter into the record
 the January 21, 2020, e-poll results for the rescission of the January 21, 2020, LOC motion
 approving the Sanctions and Penalties for elected Officials Law adoption packet and forward to the
 OBC for inclusion on the tentative March 2020 GTC meeting agenda.
 - On October 7, 2020, this Law was readded to the Active Files List for the 2020-2023 legislative term.
 - On October 4, 2023, the Legislative Operating Committee added this Law its Active Files List for the 2023-2026 legislative term.
 - On January 29, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee conducted an e-poll titled, *Approval of the March 6, 2024 LOC Community Meeting Notice*. The requested action of this e-poll was to Approve the Legislative Operating Committee community meeting notice and schedule the community meeting to take place on March 6, 2024. The Sanctions and Penalties law was a topic for discussion included on this e-poll. This e-poll was unanimously approved.
 - On February 7, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee to entered into the record the results of the January 29, 2024, e-poll titled, Approval of the March 6, 2024, LOC Community Meeting Notice.
- B. *Work Meetings*. At the time this legislative analysis was developed, the following work meetings had been held regarding the development of this Law and legislative analysis:
 - September 6, 2017: LOC work meeting.
 - November 1, 2017: LOC work meeting with representatives from the following boards, committees and commissions: Police Commission, Trust Enrollment Committee, Election Board, Land Commission, Oneida Gaming Commission, Pow-wow Committee. All boards, committees and committees were invited to attend this work meeting.
 - December 6, 2017: LOC work meeting.
 - March 9, 2018: LOC work meeting.
 - March 16, 2018: LOC work meeting.
- May 2, 2018: LRO work meeting.

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- May 3, 2018: Community pot-luck meeting with LOC, Oneida community members, Government Administrative Office, and representatives from the following boards, committees and commissions: Oneida Police Commission, Oneida Nation Veterans Affair Committee, Environmental Resource Board, Anna John Resident Centered Care Community Board, and Gaming Commission. All boards, committees and commissions were invited to attend this meeting.
- May 11, 2018: LOC work meeting.
- May 16, 2018: LOC work meeting.
 - July 9, 2018: Work meeting with Government Administrative Office.
- August 1, 2018: LOC work meeting.
- September 10, 2018: LOC work meeting.
- October 17, 2018: LOC work meeting.
- October 25, 2018: LOC work meeting.
- November 30, 2018: LOC work meeting.

- December 20, 2018: Work meeting with Cultural Heritage. 263
- 264 January 2, 2019: LOC Work meeting.
- January 24, 2019: LOC Work meeting. 265
- February 4, 2019: LOC Work meeting. 266
- February 6, 2019: LOC work meeting. 267
- February 8, 2019: LOC work meeting. 268
- 269 February 14, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- February 20, 2019: LOC work meeting. 270
- March 1, 2019: LOC work meeting. 271
- 272 March 15, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- 273 March 20, 2019: LOC work meeting
- 274 March 28, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- 275 May 1, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- June 13, 2019: LOC work meeting. 276
- July 11, 2019: LOC community outreach event at the Radisson Hotel and Conference Center prior 277 to a GTC meeting. 278
- 279 July 17, 2019: LOC community outreach event at the Norbert Hill Center's Business Committee 280 Conference room.
- 281 August 9, 2019: LOC community outreach event at the Veteran's Breakfast.
- August 15, 2019: LOC community outreach event at the Oneida Farmer's Market. 282
- August 21, 2019: LOC work meeting. 283
- October 7, 2019: LOC community outreach event at the Elder Services Congregate Meal Site. 284
- October 16, 2019: LOC work meeting. 285
- 286 October 18, 2019: LOC community outreach event at the SEOTS building in Milwaukee.
- October 31, 2019: LOC work meeting. 287
- 288 November 6, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- 289 November 15, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- November 19, 2019: LOC work meeting. 290
- November 20, 2019: LOC work meeting. 291
- 292 November 26, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- 293 December 2, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- 294 December 4, 2019: LOC work meeting.
- December 9, 2019: LOC work meeting. 295
- January 8, 2020: LOC work meeting with the Communications Department. 296
- 297 January 14, 2020: OBC work meeting.
- 298 January 15, 2020: LOC work meeting.
- January 20, 2020: LOC work meeting. 299
- December 6, 2023: LOC work meeting. 300
- March 6, 2024: LOC work meeting. 301
- March 6, 2024: LOC community outreach event at the Norbert Hill Center's cafeteria. 302
- 303 March 20, 2024: LOC work session.
- January 10, 2025: LOC work session with Oneida Business Committee. 304
- 305 February 19, 2025: LOC work session.

SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION.

- A. What Qualifies as Misconduct. The Oneida Nation expects elected officials to uphold high standards of conduct. [1 O.C. 120.4-1]. Officials who engage in misconduct may be subject to sanctions and penalties. [1 O.C. 120.4-2]. Under this Law, the definition of misconduct is very broad and includes any of the following:
 - Violating the Oneida Constitution or any law, policy or rule of the Oneida Nation. [1 O.C. 120.4-2(a)].
 - Examples include the Code of Ethics and Conflict of Interest law.
 - Violating the bylaws or standard operating procedures of the entity the official serves on. [1 O.C. 120.4-2(b)].
 - Being convicted of a felony under federal or Wisconsin law, or being convicted of a crime elsewhere that would be considered a felony in the state of Wisconsin or the United States. [1 O.C. 120.4-2(c)].

B. Filing a Complaint.

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- Who Can File a Complaint? Under this Law, any enrolled member of the Nation or employee of the Nation age eighteen (18) years or older can file a complaint, so long as they have knowledge or reason to believe that an official has committed misconduct. [1 O.C. 120.5-1]. Entities of the Nation, such as a board, committee or commission, can also file complaints against elected officials. Id.
- When to File Complaint? The complaint must be filed within sixty (60) days of when the alleged misconduct occurred or was discovered [1 O.C. 120.5-2].
- Contents of the Complaint. Complaints must include the following information [1 O.C. 120.5-3]:
 - Information about the official, including the official's name and the entity they serve on.
 - Information about the alleged misconduct, including date, time, location and specific details
 - The specific law, policy, rule or bylaw that the official violated.
 - Information about any witnesses or others with knowledge of the violation.
 - Contact information of the individual filing the complaint.
 - Supporting documents and any other information required by the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. [8 O.C. 803.5-1].
- Where to File Complaints? Complaints against elected officials are filed with the Trial Court, with is located within the Oneida Judiciary. [1 O.C. 120.5-4].
- Retaliation. Retaliation against someone who files a complaint or cooperates with a misconduct investigation is not allowed. [1 O.C. 120.5-5].
- C. *Complaint Procedure.* Complaints against elected officials will be heard by the Nation's Trial Court. [1 O.C. 120.6-1]. The law outlines the process for how the Judiciary will hear the complaint:
 - Right to an Attorney or Advocate. Any official who has been accused of misconduct has the right to be represented by an attorney or an advocate, at their own expense. [1 O.C. 120.6-2].
 - Legal Resource Center. The Legal Resource Center law established an office, the Legal Resource Center, to provide legal advice and representation to Tribal members and employees in cases before the Judiciary. [8 O.C. 811.1-1].
 - Burden of Proof. The burden of proof for allegations made under this law is "clear and convincing evidence." [1 O.C. 120.6-3]. This is the same standard the Nation uses in misconduct cases against judges in the Oneida Judiciary. [8 O.C. 801.12-6(c)].

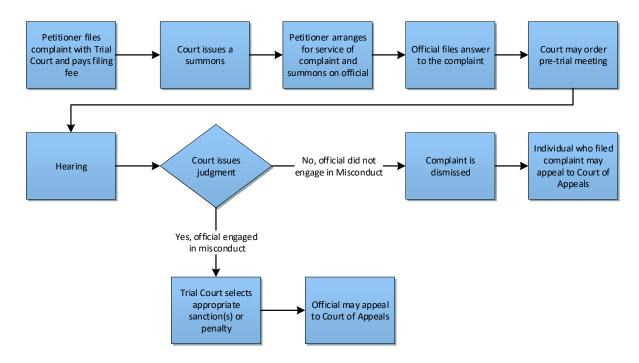
- This means that the person filing the complaint must provide evidence "indicating that the [allegation] to be proved is highly probably or reasonably certain" [Black's Law Dictionary]. This is a greater burden than "preponderance of the evidence," the standard in most civil trials, but less than evidence "beyond a reasonable doubt," which is used for criminal trials.
- Confidentiality. All complaints against officials of the nation will be handled confidentially, with hearings and proceedings regarding the complaint closed to the public. [1 O.C. 120.6-4]. Records of the hearings will be kept confidential. [120.6-4(b)]. However, the final decision of the Judiciary and any sanctions and penalties imposed against an official will be public information. Id.

- Judiciary Law. The Judiciary law states that proceedings of the court are open to the public except for peacemaking, mediation, proceedings where the judge has safety or confidentiality concerns, or "if expressly prohibited by law." [8 O.C. 801.4-4].
- **D.** Hearings Under Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. All hearings under this law must follow the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. [8 O.C. 803]. The following is a brief overview of how a civil case is processed by the Trial Court using the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. For more detailed information regarding the trial court process, see the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure in the Nation's Code of Laws.
 - Petitioner Files a Complaint with the Trial Court and Pays Filing Fee. The Trial Court has a standard complaint form with instructions to fill out the complaint.
 - Complaint. At the time this analysis was drafted, the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure require the complaint to include the full name and address of the plaintiff and defendant, why the defendant is being sued, facts supporting each claim, why the trial court has jurisdiction, specifically what relief is sought from the defendant, and a summons. [8 O.C. 803.5-1].
 - Filing Fee. The Oneida Judiciary Trial Court currently charges a fifty dollar (\$50) filing fee to file a general civil case. However, individuals may request a fee waiver from the court for the following reasons: unemployed, health/medical, or below poverty level.
 - Summons: A summons is a document ordering a defendant to appear before a judge. The Trial Court has a standard summons form. [8 O.C. 803.3-1(00), 803.5-2].
 - Complaint and Summons are served on Official. The complaint and summons must be delivered to the elected official within thirty (30) days after the complaint is filed. [8 O.C. 803.5-3]. In addition, for complaints against officials, notice must also be served to the Secretary's office. Id. The petitioner must provide proof to the Court that the complaint and summons were delivered to the defendant within ten (10) days of delivery. [8 O.C. 803.5-3(b)]. If proof of service is not completed, then the case will be dismissed. [8 O.C. 803.5-3(c)].
 - Official Files an Answer. The official responds to the complaint by filing an answer. [8 O.C. 803.7-2(b)]. The official can either admit to or deny the allegations made in the complaint and provide defenses to each claim made in the complaint [8 O.C. 803.7].
 - *Pre-Trial Meeting*. A pre-trial meeting may be scheduled between the judge, petitioner and defendant. [8 O.C. 803.12-1]. The purpose for this meeting could include preparing for the trial, creating a plan regarding discovery, or facilitating a settlement, such as peacemaking [8 O.C. 803.12].

 Hearing. Hearings are conducted in accordance with the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure, which may include opening statements, presentation of the parties' cases, rebuttals and closing statements [8 O.C. 803.38].

- Judgment. If the Trial Court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that there is enough evidence to substantiate the allegations of misconduct by the official, then the Trial Court will impose any sanctions and penalties that they deem appropriate. [1 O.C. 120.6-5]. If the Trial Court does not find there is clear and convincing evidence to support the allegations, the complaint will be dismissed. Id.
- Appeals. Both the official accused of misconduct and the individual who filed the complaint have the right to appeal the decision of the Trial Court to the Court of Appeals. [1 O.C. 120.6-6; 8 O.C. 803.39-1]. The appeal must be filed with the Court of Appeals in accordance with the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Appellate Procedure. Id.
 - *Timeline for Appeal.* Appeals of judgments of the Trial Court must be filed with the Court of Appeals within thirty (30) days after the judgment was rendered. [8 O.C 805.5-2(a)].

Chart 2. Complaint Process Against Elected Officials – Overview of Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.



- **E.** Sanctions and Penalties. This Law includes a list of sanctions and penalties that may be imposed on an official for misconduct in office. [1 O.C. 120.4-1, 120.7-2]. The Trial Court is responsible for imposing sanctions and penalties on an elected official. [1 O.C. 120.7-3].
 - Conditional Penalties. Sanctions and penalties may be imposed on a conditional basis. [1
 O.C.120.7-4]. For example, an official could be ordered to make a public apology and attend
 mandatory training, or otherwise face suspension.

• Failure to Comply. If an official fails to comply with a sanction or penalty imposed against them, that official can face additional sanctions as a result of additional misconduct complaints under this Law. [1 O.C. 120.7-6]. An example would be an official failing to pay a fine, failing to attend mandatory training or violating the terms of their suspension.

Chart 3. List of Potential Sanctions and Penalties for Elected Officials.

Potential Sanctions and Penalties:

- Verbal Reprimand
- Public Apology
- Written Reprimand
- Suspension
- Restitution
- Fines
- Loss of Stipend
- Mandatory Training
- Removal, in accordance with Removal Law

- Verbal Reprimand. During an Oneida Business Committee or General Tribal Council meeting, the Nation's chairperson will read the following statement: [Insert name of official] who serves on [Insert name of entity] is receiving this reprimand because they have been found by the Nation's Judiciary to have engaged in misconduct. High standards of conduct amongst officials of the Nation are essential to the conduct of government. [Insert name of official's] behavior did not rise to the high standards of conduct that is expected of the Nation's elected officials. The following are the findings from the Trial Count regarding [Insert name of official's] misconduct: [identify the judicial findings regarding the misconduct.] Any future misconduct may result in the imposition of additional sanctions or penalties. [I O.C. 120.7-2(a)].
- **Public Apology.** An official may be ordered to make a public apology at an Oneida Business Committee or General Tribal Council meeting. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(b)]. The apology is required to identify the judicial findings regarding the official's misconduct and include a "clear and unambiguous" apology. Id.
- Written Reprimand. The Judiciary Trial Court may publish a written reprimand in the Nation's official media outlets. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(c)]. Resolution BC-02-22-17-B, Identifying Official Oneida Media Outlets, identifies the Nation's official media outlets as the Oneida Nation website and the Kalihwisaks newspaper. The written reprimand will include the same information as a verbal reprimand. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(c)(1)].
- Suspension. The Trial Court may suspend part-time officials for up to two (2) meetings. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(d)]. Full-time officials, such as members of the Oneida Business Committee or Oneida Gaming Commission, may be suspended for up to fifteen (15) business days. Id. During a suspension, the official cannot attend meetings, trainings, or conferences. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(d)(1)(A)-(B)]. The official also cannot vote or perform work for the entity. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(d)(1)(C)-(D)]. In addition, the official cannot earn any stipends, salary, or mileage during the suspension. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(d)(1)(E)].
 - Multiple Suspensions on One Entity. If multiple officials on the same entity are suspended at the same time, the suspensions may be imposed on a staggered basis so that the business

of the Nation is not interrupted. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(d)(3)]. For example, if multiple members of the Oneida Business Committee are suspended, each member could be suspended one at a time on a staggered basis.

- **Restitution**. An official can be ordered to pay restitution, which means paying back any improperly received benefit, such as returning funds or paying to replace damaged property. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(e)]. The point of restitution is to make someone whole.
- *Fines.* An official can be ordered to pay a fine for each act of misconduct. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(f)]. Unlike restitution, a fine is a punishment. The maximum amount of each fine is two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). *Id*.
 - Fine Process. All fines are paid to the Trial Court and deposited into the Nation's General Fund. [120.7-2(f)(1)]. Officials must pay their fine within ninety (90) days after the fine is issued or upheld on final appeal. [I O.C. 120.7-2(f)(3)]. If the fine is not paid on time, the Nation may collect the money through garnishment or attachment of the official's per capita payment. Id.
 - Community Service Alternative. An official can complete community service to make up all or part of their fine. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(f)(2)]. The rate earned for community service is the Nation's minimum wage rate. The Nation currently allows community service for fines issued in the Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law and Curfew law for examples. [4 O.C. 406.10-5(a), 3 O.C. 308.7-1(b)].
- Loss of Stipend. An official may lose their stipend for up to two (2) meetings. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(g)]. Members of elected boards may receive up to twenty-four (24) meeting stipends per year, so this could amount to the loss of approximately one (1) month's stipends for a member of a board that meets twice monthly [1 O.C. 105.13-3(b)].
- *Mandatory Training*. An official can be ordered to complete a mandatory training program to address their behavior. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(h)]. Examples include anger management or sexual harassment training.
- **Removal.** The Trial Court can recommend that the removal process be initiated for an official in accordance with the Removal Law. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(i)]. However, this would only be a recommendation and identification that the standards for removal have been met. The Removal Law provides a strict process that must be followed to remove elected officials. [1 O.C. 104].
 - Removal Law Process. In order to remove an elected official, an eligible voter must file a petition with the Secretary signed by at least fifty eligible voters or thirty percent (30%) of the vote cast in the previous general election, whichever is greater. [1 O.C. 104.5-1]. For example, the number of votes cast in the 2017 general election was one thousand six hundred and twelve (1,612), so the number of signatures needed to initiate removal is approximately four hundred and eighty-four (484). Then, the Judiciary conducts a preliminary review to determine whether there are sufficient grounds for removal. [1 O.C. 104.6-1]. If sufficient grounds exist, the Judiciary holds a hearing. [1 O.C. 104.7]. If the Judiciary determines that sufficient grounds for removal has been proven by clear and convincing evidence, the findings are forwarded to the Nation's Chairperson, who schedules a General Tribal Council meeting. [1 O.C. 104.7-3, 104.8-1]. At the General Tribal Council meeting, an elected official may be removed from office after a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote. [1 O.C. 104.8-3].

F. Factors in Determining Appropriate Sanction and/or Penalty. The Trial Court may consider the following when deciding which sanction or penalty to impose:

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- How severe the misconduct was, whether it was intentional, and how likely the official is to repeat the misconduct.
- The damage to the finances or reputation of the Nation, the entity, or any person or organization.
- Whether the official has expressed remorse and is willing to take steps to correct the harm done.
- Whether any prior complaints have been filed against the official. For example, whether this is the first complaint against the official or represents a pattern of behavior. [1 O.C. 120.7-3].
- **G.** *Civil Liability and Criminal Prosecution.* In addition to the sanctions and penalties in this law, an official who commits misconduct may also experience other consequences. [1 O.C. 120.7-5]. These include:
 - Removal from office in accordance with the Removal law. [1 O.C. 120.7-5(a)].
 - Criminal prosecution, if the official violated a criminal law. [1 O.C. 120.7-5(b)]. For example, criminal charges for theft or violent acts.
 - Civil liability, in accordance with any applicable law of any jurisdiction. [1 O.C. 120.7-5(c)]. For example, a lawsuit for damages.
 - Any other penalties listed in another law of the Oneida Nation. [1 O.C. 120.7-5(d)].
 - For example, a violation of the Technology Resources law may result in loss of access to the Nation's computer resources. [2 O.C. 215.10-1].
- **H.** Effect of Resignation by an Official. If an official resigns from office after a complaint has been filed, that complaint will still be investigated, and sanctions and penalties may still be pursued. [1 O.C.120.8]. Resigning from office does not end or prevent an investigation.
- **I.** Record of Conduct. A record of conduct for each official will be maintained by the Judiciary. [1 O.C. 120.9-1]. The record of conduct maintained for each official will include copies of complaints filed against the official, recordings and transcripts from any hearings or proceedings, outcomes of the complaints, and any sanctions and penalties the official received. [1 O.C. 120.9-2]. This record is required to bee maintained for at least seven (7) years. [1 O.C. 120.9-3].
 - Public Access to Record of Conduct. The record of conduct maintained by the Judiciary will only be made available for review to the Judiciary. [1 O.C. 120.9-1]. The purpose of the record of conduct is so that the Trial Court can review previous complaints against the official when determining a potential sanction or penalty. [1 O.C. 120.7-3(h))].
 - Public Access to Judiciary Decisions. However, the decisions of the Judiciary regarding a
 complaint against an elected official and any sanctions and penalties imposed against an official
 will be public information. [1 O.C. 120.6-4(b)].

SECTION 6. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- **A.** References to the Other Laws of the Nation: The following laws of the Nation are referenced in this law. This law does not conflict with any of the referenced laws.
 - Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. The Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure governs all civil actions that fall under the jurisdiction of the Nation. [8 O.C. 803.1-1]. The Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure provides a consistent set of rules governing the process for civil claims, in order to ensure equal and fair treatment to all persons who come before the Trial Court to have their disputes resolved. [8 O.C. 803.1-2].

Complaints against an official shall be filed with the Nation's Trial Court in accordance with the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. [1 O.C. 120.5-4].

- Rules of Appellate Procedure. The Rules of Appellate Procedure govern the procedure in all actions and proceedings in the divisions that make up the Court of Appeals within the Judiciary that fall under the jurisdiction of the Nation. [8 O.C. 805.1-1]. The Rules of Appellate Procedure are to be liberally construed to ensure a speedy, fair., and inexpensive determination of every appeal. [8 O.C. 805.1-2].
 - Appeals of the Trial Court's decision shall be filed pursuant to the Nation's Rules of Appellate Procedure. [1 O.C. 120.6-6].
- Garnishment Law. The Garnishment law exercises the authority of the Nation to provide an effective mechanism for creditors to access an employee's income for reduction of personal debt. [2 O.C. 2010.1-1]. It is the policy of the Garnishment law to afford all individuals due process. [2 O.C. 2010.1-2].
 - If an official is ordered to pay a fine in accordance with this law and does not pay according to the deadline, the Trial Court may seek to collect that fine through the Nation's garnishment process [120.7-2(f)(3)].
- Per Capita Law. The purpose of the Per Capita law is to specify the procedure to be followed in the event that per capita payments are distributed by the Nation; and to clearly state the responsibilities of the various Oneida entities in the distribution or maintenance of any such per capita payment. [1 O.C. 123.1-1].
 - If an official is ordered to pay a fine in accordance with this law and does not pay according to the deadline, the Trial Court may seek to collect that fine through the Nation's per capita attachment process [1 O.C. 120.7-2(f)(3)].
- Removal Law. The purpose of the Removal law is to govern the removal of persons elected to serve on boards, committees and commissions of the Nation. [1 O.C. 104.1-1]. It is the policy of the Removal law to provide an orderly and fair process for the removal of persons elected to serve on boards, committees and commissions. [1 O.C. 104.1-2].
 - The Trial Court may recommend that the process for removing an elected official as contained in the Nation's laws and/or policies governing removal be initiated as a sanction for misconduct. [1 O.C. 120.7-2(i)].
 - The imposition of sanctions and/or penalties in accordance with this law does not exempt an official from individual liability for the underlying misconduct, and does not limit any penalties that may be imposed in accordance with other applicable laws, such as removal in accordance with the Nation's laws and/or policies governing removal. [1 O.C. 120.7-5].

SECTION 7. EFFECTS ON EXISTING RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES, OR OBLIGATIONS

A. *Due Process.* Officials accused of misconduct have the right to be represented by an attorney or advocate. [1 O.C. 120.6-2]. Officials also have the right to submit a written response to the complaint, and an opportunity to appear at the investigatory hearing to answer the allegations, provide witness testimony, documents and evidence on their behalf. [8 O.C. 803]. Complaints against officials must be proven by clear and convincing evidence. [1 O.C. 120.6-3].

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SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- **A.** Complaints against Judiciary. The Judiciary law already contains a process for the reprimand, suspension, and removal of judges for willful misconduct in office, including a hearing and complaint procedure. [8 O.C. 801.12]. Therefore, this law does not apply to members of the Judiciary. [1 O.C. 120.1-1(a)].
- **B.** *Judiciary Conflicts of Interest.* The Oneida Tribal Judiciary Canons of Judicial Conduct requires a Judge to withdraw from any matter where the Judge has or could be perceived to have a conflict of interest. [8 O.C. 802.2-2]. Violating the Oneida Tribal Judiciary Canons of Judicial Conduct would be grounds for reprimand under the Nation's Judiciary law
- C. Complaints Against Appointed Officials. This law applies to elected officials only. Appointed officials are appointed by the Oneida Business Committee in accordance with the Boards, Committees and Commissions law and serve at the Oneida Business Committee's discretion. [1 O.C. 105.7]. If an appointed official commits misconduct in office, termination of appointment may be recommended by a member of the Oneida Business Committee, or by the entity the official serves on. [1 O.C. 105.7-4]. An appointed official may have their appointment terminated by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of the Oneida Business Committee [1 O.C. 105.7-4(a)].
- **D.** Code of Ethics. Most other tribal, municipal, and state governments place sanctions and penalties within their Code of Ethics law. This makes sense, as the Code of Ethics and Sanctions and Penalties are closely related. The Code of Ethics is currently on the LOC's Active Files List for potential amendments. Updating the Code of Ethics would provide additional guidance to elected officials, individuals filing complaints, and the Judiciary when they begin hearing complaints under this law.
- **E.** *Comparison to Other Nations*. Research of other tribal nations indicate that there are many different processes for sanctions and penalties of public officials. There is no uniform standard used by all tribal governments. Examples of other sanctions and penalties processes are provided for information:

Chart 4. Sanctions and Penalties Process of other Tribal Nations

Tribe	Where Complaints Are Filed	Who Investigates or Hears the Complaint	Who Decides the Sanction or Penalty	
Oneida Nation (proposed)	Judiciary	Judiciary	Judiciary	
Siletz	Tribal Council*	Ad Hoc Committee or Special Advisor appointed by Tribal Council*	Tribal Council*	
Ho Chunk	Judiciary	Judiciary	President	
Rosebud Sioux	Ethics Commission, appointed by Tribal Council*	Ethics Commission, appointed by Tribal Council*	Tribal Council*	
appointed by Tribal ap		Ethics Officer, appointed by Tribal Council*	Chairman	

^{*}Note that "Tribal Council" refers to an elected body similar to the Oneida Business Committee.

F. *Number of Potential Complaints.* Since the Nation currently has no formal sanctions and penalties process, it is not possible to predict the number of complaints that may be filed against elected officials.

- 613 Conclusion: Given the uncertainty regarding the number of potential complaints, the Judiciary should be prepared to possibly process a large number of complaints upon passage of this law.

 615 G. Impact of Suspension on Full-Time Officials. Members of the Oneida Business Committee and
 - **G.** Impact of Suspension on Full-Time Officials. Members of the Oneida Business Committee and Oneida Gaming Commission are full-time elected officials. Therefore, suspension of these officials would impact salaries, benefits such as health insurance, and access to workplaces. The Human Resources Department reports that they have a suspension procedure in place for employees of the Nation, and that this procedure could be applied or modified for suspension of full-time officials.
 - Conclusion: Since notifications of suspension go to the Human Resources Department, it is suggested that the Human Resources Department develop a process should suspensions of fulltime Oneida Business Committee members or Oneida Gaming Commissioners occur.
 - **H.** *Fiscal Impact*. Under the Legislative Procedures Act, a fiscal impact statement is required for all legislation except emergency legislation [1 O.C. 109.6-1]. Oneida Business Committee resolution BC-10-28-20-A titled, "Further Interpretation of 'Fiscal Impact Statement' in the Legislative Procedures Act," provides further clarification on who the Legislative Operating Committee may direct complete a fiscal impact statement at various stages of the legislative process, as well as timeframes for completing the fiscal impact statement.
 - Conclusion. A fiscal impact statement for an earlier draft of this law was prepared by the Finance Department on December 27, 2018. An updated fiscal analysis was prepared on January 20, 2020.
 Please see the fiscal impact statements for further information.

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LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE

COMMUNITY WORK SESSION



Please join the Legislative Operating Committee (LOC) for a community work session to review the following proposed law and gather input regarding this new law for the Nation:

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2 12:00PM - 1:30PM NORBERT HILL CENTER BC CONFERENCE ROOM N7210 Seminary Rd, Oneida, WI 54155

SANCTIONS AND PENALTIES LAW

The purpose of the Sanctions and Penalties law is to establish a consistent set of sanctions and penalties that may be imposed upon elected officials of the Nation for misconduct in office in order to provide an opportunity for the official to take corrective action to address the misconduct and promote accountability and improved performance of the official.

A copy of the proposed Sanctions and Penalties law can be found at https://oneida-nsn.gov/government/register/public-meetings/Register at LOC@oneidanation.org for a Microsoft Teams invite. The LOC encourages everyone to come participate in the legislative process by providing comments, suggestions, and questions that the LOC can consider and utilize in the development of this new law for the Nation.

Food from the Oneida Cannery will be provided during this community event.



LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE MEMBERS





Oneida Nation

Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



AGENDA REQUEST FORM

1)	Request Date: February 19, 2025						
2)	Contact Person(s): Trina Schuyler						
	Dept: Child Support						
	Phone Number: 920-490-3872 Email: tschuyle@oneidanation.org						
3)	Agenda Title: General Welfare Law Amendment						
4)	Detailed description of the item and the reason/justification it is being brought before the LOC:						
	The Oneida Nation Child Support Agency is requesting to amend the						
	General Welfare Law Ch. 1001 to allow these distributions to tribal						
	membership be withheld for those who owe past due child support and						
	arrears to custodial parents and caregivers and be distributed						
	annronriately						
	List any supporting materials included and submitted with the Agenda Request Form 1) Memo to GM 2-19-25 3)						
	2)						
5)	Please list any laws, policies or resolutions that might be affected:						
- /	General Welfare Law Ch. 1001 and Child Support Law Ch. 704						
6)	5) Please list all other departments or person(s) you have brought your concern to:						
,	Human Services Division Director and General Manager						
7)	Do you consider this request urgent? Yes No						
	If yes, please indicate why:						
	Families supporting children require immediate assistance and this outstanding debt deserves urgent attention.						
	ndersigned, have reviewed the attached materials, and understand that they are subject to action by islative Operating Committee.						
Signatu	ire of Requester:						
_	Schuyler Digitally signed by Trina Schuyler Date: 2025.02.19 17:11:33 -06'00'						

Please send this form and all supporting materials to:

LOC@oneidanation.org

Legislative Operating Committee (LOC)P.O. Box 365

Oneida, WI 54155 Phone 920-869-4376

Oneida Nation Child Support Agency



Memo

To: Mark Powless, General Manager

From: Trina Schuyler, Child Support Director

CC: Tina Jorgensen, GSD Director

Date: 1-14-25

Re: GWE Law Amendment Needed

The General Welfare Exclusion Law currently prohibits the garnishment or assignment of tribal member's general welfare assistance payments for child support arrears. Previous to the Covid-19 pandemic tribal per capita was garnished for child support arrears, until the General Welfare Exclusion law was adopted through emergency on 8-12-20 and then fully adopted on 12-8-21. According to 1001.1-2, it is the policy of the Nation to provide assistance to members through approved programs that promote the general welfare of the Nation. This law provides a framework for approved programs to follow to ensure compliance with the General Welfare Exclusion, 26 U.S.C. §139E, and applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations or revenue procedures including I.R.S. Rev. Proc. 2014-35.

The Oneida Nation Child Support law 704.1-1(a) was created to: (a) Establish the legal responsibility of parents to provide financially for their children's **general well-being**.

The following shows the amount paid to families from per capita attachment for the past five years before the General Welfare Law was adopted.

2015-\$712,319

2016-\$511,842

2017-\$652,370

2018-\$628,274

2019-\$642,202

Totaling \$3,147,007 that went directly to care for Oneida Nation children.

Since the General Welfare Law was established that prohibited attachment for child support arrears, the result has been **\$0** for payments paid to families for child support arrears from the General Welfare distribution payments. Without withholding the General Welfare payment for these children, families are finding it much harder to provide for these children. This has proven detrimental to these families as often; this was the only payment received all year.

As of September 30, 2024, Oneida Nation Child Support has 2,815 cases with 54% having arrears owed totaling \$14,204,903.

Of these 1,526 (54%) cases, each have at least one child. Exact number of children per case is being gathered at this time, however projections suggest at least 2,000 children are negatively affected each year from not being able to intercept the General Welfare payments.

The agency is not requesting to include the GWE payment as income for child support calculation, only to re-direct distributions to care-givers whom arrears are owed for the general welfare of our Nation's children.



March 2025

March 2025	April 2025		
SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa	SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa		
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MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
Mar 3 11:00am Vendor Licensing - work meeting (Microsoft Teams Meeting; BC_Exec_Conf_Room) - Carolyn A. Salutz	9:00am Higher Education Grant Law/Rule (BC_Exec_Conf_Room) - Grace L. Elliott	5 8:30am LOC Prep Meeting (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Clorissa N. 9:00am Legislative Operating Committee Meeting (Microsoft 5:30pm LOC COMMUNITY	6	7
10	11	12	13	14 12:15pm PUBLIC MEETING: Oneida Nation Law Enforcement Ordinance Amendments and Landlord Tenant Amendments
17	18	19 8:30am LOC Prep Meeting (Microsoft Teams 9:00am Legislative Operating Committee 1:30pm Public Use of Tribal Land Law 3:00pm LOC Work Session	3:00pm Indian Preference in Contracting Law Amendments (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Clorissa N. Leeman	21
24	25	26	27	28
31 10:00am Recycling and Solid Waste - work meeting (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Carolyn A. Salutz	Apr 1	1	3	2/28/2025 4:11 PM