

Oneida Nation
Oneida Business Committee
Legislative Operating Committee
PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365
Oneida-nsn.gov



LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA

Business Committee Conference Room - 2nd Floor Norbert Hill Center July 17, 2024 9:00 a.m.

I. Call to Order and Approval of the Agenda

II. Minutes to be Approved

1. June 19, 2024 LOC Meeting Minutes (pg. 2)

III. Current Business

- 1. Back Pay Law Amendments (pg. 4)
- 2. Investigative Leave Policy Amendments (pg. 33)
- 3. Environmental Review Law Amendments (pg. 47)

IV. New Submissions

- 1. Workplace Violence Law Amendments (pg. 50)
- 2. Petition: L. Blackowl New Recreation/Community Center Build (pg. 51)

V. Additions

VI. Administrative Updates

- 1. E-Poll Results: Computer Resources Ordinance Amendments (pg. 53)
- 2. Legislative Operating Committee Fiscal Year 2024 Third Quarter Report (pg. 69)

VII. Executive Session

VIII. Recess/Adjourn



Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-365



LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

Oneida Business Committee Conference Room-2nd Floor Norbert Hill Center June 19, 2024 9:00 a.m.

Present: Jameson Wilson, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster

Excused: Marlon Skenandore

Others Present: Clorissa N. Leeman, Grace Elliott, Carolyn Salutz, Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies Others Present on Microsoft Teams: Chad Fuss, Cindy Lecker, Evan Doxtator, Fawne Rasmussen, Rae Skenandore, Barbara Webster, David P. Jordan, Fawn Billie, Jeremy King, Maureen Perkins, Michelle Braaten, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Justin Nishimoto, Kristal Hill, Lisa Moore, Peggy Van Gheem, Tavia James-Charles, Donna Smith, Corrine Herlache, Eric Boulanger, Fawn Cottrell, Jason Martinez, Olivia Danforth, Peggy Helm-Quest, Sarah White, Shane Hill, Tonya Webster, Derrick King, Matthew Denny

I. Call to Order and Approval of the Agenda

Jameson Wilson called the June 19, 2024, Legislative Operating Committee meeting to order at 9:00 a.m.

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the agenda; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

II. Minutes to be Approved

1. June 5, 2024 LOC Meeting Minutes

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the June 5, 2024, LOC meeting minutes and forward to the Oneida Business Committee; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

III. Current Business

1. Back Pay Law Amendments

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the updated public comment review memorandum, draft, and legislative analysis; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the fiscal impact statement request memorandum and forward to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement be prepared and submitted to the LOC by July 3, 2024; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.



2. Computer Resources Ordinance Amendments

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the legislative analysis of the proposed amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

IV. New Submissions

1. Vendor Licensing Law Amendments

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to add the Vendor Licensing Law Amendments to the Active Files List with Jonas Hill as the sponsor; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Independent Contractor Policy Amendments

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to add the Independent Contractor Policy Amendments to the Active Files List with Jonas Hill as the sponsor; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Oneida Travel and Expense Policy Repeal

Motion by Jonas Hill to add the Oneida Travel and Expense Policy Repeal to the Active Files List with Jennifer Webster as the sponsor; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

V. Additions

VI. Administrative Items

VII. Executive Session

VIII. Adjourn

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to adjourn at 9:15 a.m.; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.





Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-ns now



Legislative Operating Committee July 17, 2024

Back Pay Law Amendments

Submission Date: 9/21/22	Public Meeting: 12/13/22
	04/12/24
LOC Sponsor: Jonas Hill	Emergency Enacted: N/A

Summary: This item was carried over from last term. On August 14, 2022, during executive session, the Oneida Business Committee requested that the Legislative Operating Committee add the Back Pay law to the Active Files List, and to release the confidential memo to the Legislative Reference Office as a confidential document.

9/14/22 OBC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to request the Legislative Operating Committee to add the

Backpay Policy to the active files agenda and to release the confidential memo to the Legislative Reference Office as a confidential document, seconded by David P. Jordan.

Motion carried.

<u>9/21/22 LOC:</u> Motion by Jennifer Webster to add the Back Pay Law Amendments to the Active Files List

with Marie Cornelius as the sponsor; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried

unanimously.

9/29/22: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Daniel Guzman King, Marie

Cornelius, Clorissa N. Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott, Kristal Hill. This was a work meeting held through Microsoft Teams. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and

discuss the proposed draft of amendments to the Back Pay law.

10/5/22 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the draft of the proposed amendments to the Back Pay

law and direct that a legislative analysis be completed; seconded by Daniel Guzman King.

Motion carried unanimously.

10/13/22: Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Daniel Guzman King, Marie Cornelius, Clorissa N.

Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Kristal Hill. This was a work meeting held through Microsoft Teams. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and discuss an additional proposed

amendments to the law.

10/19/22 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the updated draft and legislative analysis; seconded

by Marie Cornelius. Motion carried unanimously.

11/2/22 LOC: Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the public meeting packet and forward the Back Pay

law amendments to a public meeting to be held on December 13, 2022; seconded by Marie

Cornelius. Motion carried unanimously.

12/13/22:

Public Meeting Held. Present: Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa N. Santiago, Carolyn Salutz, Brooke Doxtator, David P. Jordan (Microsoft Teams), Carrie Lindsey (Microsoft Teams), Joy Salzwedel (Microsoft Teams), Justin Nishimoto (Microsoft Teams), Rachel Fitzpatrick (Microsoft Teams), Tina Jorgensen (Microsoft Teams), Melanie Burkhart (Microsoft Teams), Grace Elliot (Microsoft Teams), Brenda Haen (Microsoft Teams), Debra Santiago (Microsoft Teams), Kristal Hill (Microsoft Teams), Matt Denny (Microsoft Teams), Ronald Vanschyndel (Microsoft Teams), Wendy Alvarez (Microsoft Teams), Stefanie Reinke (Microsoft Teams), Jay Kennard (Microsoft Teams), Sidney White (Microsoft Teams). The public meeting for the Back Pay law amendments was held in person in the Norbert Hill Center and on Microsoft Teams. No individuals provided public comment during the public meeting.

12/20/22:

Public Comment Period Closed. One (1) submission of written comments were received during the public comment period.

2/1/23 LOC:

Motion by Maire Cornelius to accept the public comments and the public comment review memorandum and defer to a work meeting for further consideration; seconded by Daniel Guzman King. Motion carried unanimously.

2/1/23:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Marie Cornelius, Danie Guzman King, Clorissa N. Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and consider the public comments received.

2/15/23 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the updated public comment review memorandum; seconded by Marie Cornelius. Motion carried unanimously.

3/14/23:

Work Meeting. Present: David P. Jordan, Marie Cornelius, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa N. Leeman, Grace Elliott, Kristal Hill, Todd Vandenheuvel, Matt Denny, Josh Cottrell. This was a work meeting held through Microsoft Teams. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and consider the concerns brought up by HRD in their public comments.

10/4/23 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to add the Back Pay Law Amendments to the Active Files List with Jonas Hill as the sponsor; seconded by Marlon Skenandore. Motion carried unanimously.

1/3/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen Clorissa Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Fawn Cottrell. The purpose of this work meeting was for the LOC to review the draft of proposed amendments that went to public meeting and the corresponding comments that were received, and discuss and determine any revisions needed to the draft and the next steps for moving this legislative item forward.

1/17/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen Clorissa Leeman, Carolyn Salutz (Microsoft Teams), Maureen Perkins (Microsoft Teams). The purpose of this work meeting was for the LOC to review the updated draft of proposed amendments; and determine next steps for moving this legislative item forward. LOC decided that a work meeting should be scheduled with HRD, Oneida Law Office, and General Managers to review the updated language, and that an additional public meeting should be held.

2/1/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen Clorissa Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Fawn Cottrell. The purpose of this work meeting was for the LOC to review the memorandum received the Oneida Law Office regarding their question on statistics on the use of back pay in the Nation, and the question of whether to exclude wages earned from a back pay award is typical.

2/20/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen Clorissa Leeman, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Fawn Cottrell, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Wendy Alvarez, Whitney Wheelock, Marie Cornelius, Dana Thyssen, Matt Denny, Mark Powless, Peggy Van Gheem, Jeri Bauman. The purpose of this work meeting was for the LOC to review the updated proposed amendments to the Bay Pay law with HRD, the Oneida Law Office, and the general managers.

3/6/24 LOC:

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the updated materials contained in the public meeting packet for the Back Pay Law Amendments, and forward the Back Pay Law Amendments to a public meeting to be held on April 12, 2024; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

4/12/24:

Public Meeting Held. Present: Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jameson Wilson, Clorissa Leeman, Brooke Doxtator, Maureen Perkins, Cathy Metoxen, Peggy Helm-Quest, Justin Nishimoto, Racquel Hill, Kristin Jorgenson-Dann, Michelle Tipple, Brenda Haen. One (1) person provided public comment during this public meeting.

4/19/24:

Public Comment Period Closed. No individuals provided written comments during the public comment period.

6/5/24 LOC:

Motion by Kirby Metoxen to accept the public comments and the public comment review memorandum and defer to a work meeting for further consideration; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

6/11/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Leeman, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Fawn Cottrell. The purpose of this work meeting was to review and consider the public comments received.

6/19/24 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the updated public comment review memorandum, draft, and legislative analysis; seconded by Kirby Metoxen. Motion carried unanimously.

> Motion by Kirby Metoxen to approve the fiscal impact statement request memorandum and forward to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement be prepared and submitted to the LOC by July 3, 2024; seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

7/11/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott, Kristal Hill, Fawn Cottrell, Fawn Billie, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was to review the adoption materials for the Back Pay law amendments.

Next Steps:

Approve the adoption packet for the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration.







Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365

Jameson Wilson



TO: Oneida Business Committee

Jameson Wilson, LOC Chairperson FROM:

DATE: July 24, 2024

RE: Adoption of Amendments to the Back Pay Law

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the adoption of amendments to the Back Pay law:

- 1. Resolution: Amendments to the Back Pay Law
- 2. Statement of Effect: Amendments to the Back Pay Law
- 3. Back Pay Law Amendments Legislative Analysis
- 4. Back Pay Law Amendments Draft (Redline)
- 5. Back Pay Law Amendments Draft (Clean)
- 6. Back Pay Law Amendments Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

Amendments to the Back Pay law are being sought to clarify how the reinstatement of an employee who had involuntary separation is handled, and how back pay is calculated and applied. The purpose of the Back Pay law is to set forth standards used in the reinstatement of an employee and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the Nation's laws. [2 O.C. 206.1-1]. The amendments to the Back Pay law:

- Include a new section in the law which provides for the reinstatement of employee who had involuntary separation overturned and addresses such issues as:
 - Requirement to hold a position pending litigation [2 O.C. 206.4-1];
 - Amending the position description or eliminating the position pending an employee appeal [2 O.C. 206.4-2];
 - Reinstatement to the position the employee was involuntarily separated from [2] O.C. 206.4-31;
- Clarify that back pay calculations shall be made using the employee's last wage in the position which they were terminated from [2 O.C. 206.5-1]; and
- Clarify the circumstances in which an employee is not eligible to work, and therefore is not eligible for back pay [2 O.C. 206.5-2(d)].

The Legislative Operating Committee developed the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law through collaboration with representatives from the Oneida Law Office, Gaming Employee Services, Human Resources Department, and the General Manager. The Legislative Operating Committee held nine (9) work meetings on the development of the amendments to the Back Pay law.

The development of the amendments to the Back Pay law complies with all processes and procedures required by the Legislative Procedures Act, including the development of a legislative

analysis, a fiscal analysis, and the opportunity for public review during a public meeting and public comment period. [1 O.C. 109.6, 109.7, 109.8].

The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) public meetings on the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law. The first public meeting was held on December 13, 2022. No individuals provided public comments during this public meeting. The public comment period was then held open until December 20, 2022. One (1) submission of written comments was received during this public comment period. The Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on February 1, 2023. A second public meeting was held on April 12, 2024. One (1) person provided public comment during this public meeting. The public comment period was then held open until April 19, 2024. No individuals provided written comments during this public comment period. The Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on June 11, 2024.

The amendments to the Back Pay law will become effective on August 7, 2024.

Requested Action

Adopt the Resolution: Amendments to the Back Pay Law



Oneida Nation

Post Office Box 365

Phone: (920)869-2214



Oneida, WI 54155

BC Resolution

123456789 Amendments to the Back Pay Law WHEREAS, the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and WHEREAS. the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV. Section 1. 10 of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and 11 12 WHEREAS. the Back Pay law ("the Law") was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee through 13 resolution BC-05-24-06-PP, and then amended through resolutions BC-06-23-10-F, BC-14 08-13-14-C, and BC-10-26-16-A; and 15 16 WHEREAS, the purpose of this Law is to set forth standards used in the reinstatement of an employee 17 and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the 18 Nation's law; and 19 20 WHEREAS. the amendments to the Law include a new section which provides for the reinstatement of 21 employee who had involuntary separation overturned and addresses such issues as: the requirement to hold a position pending litigation, amending the position description or 22 23 eliminating the position pending an employee appeal, and reinstatement to the position the 24 employee was involuntarily separated from; and 25 26 WHEREAS, the amendments to the Law clarify that back pay calculations shall be made using the 27 employee's last wage in the position which they were terminated from; and 28 29 WHEREAS, the amendments to the Law clarify the circumstances in which an employee is not eligible 30 to work, and therefore is not eligible for back pay; and 31 32 WHEREAS. the Legislative Operating Committee developed the proposed amendments to the Law 33 through collaboration with representatives from the Oneida Law Office, Gaming Employee 34 Services, Human Resources Department, and the General Manager; and 35 36 WHEREAS, in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act a legislative analysis and fiscal impact 37 statement were completed for the proposed amendments to the Law; and 38 39 WHEREAS, the Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) public meetings on the proposed 40 amendments to the Law; and 41 42 WHEREAS, a public meeting for the proposed amendments to this Law was held on December 13, 43 2022, with no individuals providing oral comments, and the public comment period for the 44 amendments to this Law was held open until December 20, 2022, with one (1) submission 45 of written comments received; and 46

BC Resolution ____ Amendments to the Back Pay Law Page 2 of 2

47 48 49	WHEREAS,	the Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on February 1, 2023, and any changes have been incorporated into this draft; and
50 51 52 53 54	WHEREAS,	an additional public meeting for the proposed amendments to this Law was held on April 12, 2024, with one (1) individual providing oral comments, and the public comment period for the amendments to this Law was held open until April 19, 2024, with no written comments received; and
55 56 57	WHEREAS,	the Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on June 11, 2024, and any changes have been incorporated into this draft; and
58 59		FORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Oneida Business Committee hereby adopts the amendments by law which shall become effective on August 7, 2024.



Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365



Statement of Effect

Amendments to the Back Pay Law

Summary

This resolution adopts amendments to the Back Pay law to clarify how the reinstatement of an employee who had involuntary separation is handled, and how back pay is calculated and applied.

Submitted by: Clorissa N. Leeman, Senior Staff Attorney, Legislative Reference Office

Date: July 10, 2024

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

This resolution adopts amendments to the Back Pay law. The purpose of the Back Pay law is to set forth standards used in the reinstatement of an employee and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the Nation's laws. [2 O.C. 206.1-1]. The amendments to the Back Pay law:

- Include a new section in the law which provides for the reinstatement of employee who had involuntary separation overturned and addresses such issues as:
 - Requirement to hold a position pending litigation [2 O.C. 206.4-1];
 - Amending the position description or eliminating the position pending an employee appeal [2 O.C. 206.4-2];
 - Reinstatement to the position the employee was involuntarily separated from [2 O.C. 206.4-3];
- Clarify that back pay calculations shall be made using the employee's last wage in the position which they were terminated from [2 O.C. 206.5-1]; and
- Clarify the circumstances in which an employee is not eligible to work, and therefore is not eligible for back pay [2 O.C. 206.5-2(d)].

Adoption of any legislation is required to comply with the Legislative Procedures Act ("the LPA"), which was adopted by the General Tribal Council through resolution GTC-01-07-13-A for the purpose of providing a standardized process for the adoption of laws of the Nation. [1 O.C. 109.1-1]. The Back Pay law amendments complied with all processes and procedures required by the LPA, including the development of a legislative analysis, a fiscal analysis, and the opportunity for public review during a public meeting and public comment period. [1 O.C. 109.6, 109.7, 109.8].

The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) public meetings on the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law. The first public meeting was held on December 13, 2022. No individuals provided public comments during this public meeting. The public comment period was then held open until December 20, 2022. One (1) submission of written comments was received during this public comment period. The Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on February 1, 2023. A second public meeting was held on April 12, 2024. One (1) person provided public comment during this public meeting. The public comment period was then held open until April 19, 2024. No individuals provided written comments during this

public comment period. The Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on June 11, 2024.

The amendments to the Back Pay law will become effective on August 7, 2024.

Conclusion

Adoption of this resolution would not conflict with any of the Nation's laws.





BACK PAY LAW AMENDMENTS LEGISLATIVE ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office		
Intent of the Proposed Amendments	 Include a new section in the law which provides for the reinstatement of employee who had involuntary separation overturned and addresses such issues as: Requirement to hold a position pending litigation [2 O.C. 206.4-1]; amending the position description or eliminating the position pending an employee appeal [2 O.C. 206.4-2]; Reinstatement to the position the employee was involuntarily separated from [2 O.C. 206.4-3]; Clarify that back pay calculations shall be made using the employee's last 	
	wage in the position which they were terminated from [2 O.C. 206.5-1]; Clarify the circumstances in which an employee is not eligible to work, and therefore is not eligible for back pay [2 O.C. 206.5-2(d)].	
Purpose	The purpose of this law is to set forth standards used in the reinstatement of an employee and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the Nation's law. [2 O.C. 206.1-1].	
Affected Entities	Oneida Law Office, General Manager, Gaming General Manager, Retail General Manager, Human Resources Department Executive Director, Oneida Nation Judiciary, Employees of the Nation	
Public Meeting	A public meeting was held on December 13, 2022, with a public comment period held open until December 20, 2022. An additional public meeting was held on April 12, 2024, with a public comment period held open until April 19, 2024.	
Fiscal Impact	The Finance Administration provided a fiscal impact statement on July 2, 2024.	

SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- **A.** *Background*. The Back Pay law was originally adopted by the Oneida Business Committee in 2006 through resolution BC-05-24-06-PP, and then amended through resolutions BC-06-23-10-F, BC-08-13-14-C, and BC-10-26-16-A. The purpose of the Back Pay law is to set forth standards used in the reinstatement of an employee and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the Nation's law. [2 O.C. 206.1-1]. It is the policy of the Nation to have consistent and standard procedures for the management of employee reinstatement and back pay. [2 O.C. 206.1-2].
- **B.** *Request for Amendments*. On the September 14, 2022, the Oneida Business Committee adopted a motion to request the Legislative Operating Committee consider amendments to the Back Pay law. The Legislative Operating Committee added this legislative item to its Active Files List on September 21, 2022.

SECTION 3. CONSULTATION AND OUTREACH

- A. Representatives from the following departments or entities participated in the development of the amendments to the Back Pay law and this legislative analysis:
 - Oneida Law Office;
 - Human Resources Department;
 - General Manager; and
 - Gaming Employee Services.
- **B.** The following laws were reviewed in the drafting of this analysis:
 - Back Pay law;

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- Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures;
- Drug and Alcohol Free Workplace law;
- **■** Furlough law; and
 - Investigative Leave Policy.

SECTION 4. PROCESS

- **A.** The development of the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law complies with the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA).
 - On September 14, 2022, the Oneida Business Committee adopted a motion to request the Legislative Operating Committee to add the Back Pay Policy to the active files agenda and to release the confidential memo to the Legislative Reference Office as a confidential document.
 - On September 21, 2022, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Law to its Active Files List.
 - On October 5, 2022, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the draft of the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law and directed that a legislative analysis be developed.
 - On October 19, 2022, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the updated draft and legislative analysis.
 - On November 2, 2022, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the public meeting packet and forwarded the Back Pay law amendments to a public meeting to be held on December 13, 2022.
 - The public meeting was held on December 13, 2022, in person in the Norbert Hill Center and on Microsoft Teams. No individuals provided public comment during the public meeting.
 - The public comment period was held open until December 20, 2022. One (1) submission of written comments was received during the public comment period.
 - On February 1, 2023, the Legislative Operating Committee to accepted the public comments and the public comment review memorandum and deferred these items to a work meeting for further consideration. The Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered these comments later that same day.
 - On February 15, 2023, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the updated public comment review memorandum.
 - On October 4, 2023, the Legislative Operating Committee readded the Back Pay law amendments to its Active Files List for the 2023-2026 legislative term.
 - On March 6, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the updated materials contained in the public meeting packet for the Back Pay law amendments, and forwarded the Back Pay law amendments to a public meeting to be held on April 12, 2024.

- On April 12, 2024, a public meeting was held regarding the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law. One (1) person provided public comment during this public meeting.
 - On April 19, 2024, the public comment period for the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law closed. No individuals provided written comments during the public comment period.
 - On June 5, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee accepted the public comments and the public comment review memorandum and deferred these items to a work meeting for further consideration.
 - On June 11, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received.
 - On June 19, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the updated public comment review memorandum, draft, and legislative analysis; and approved the fiscal impact statement request memorandum and forwarded the materials to the Finance Department directing that a fiscal impact statement be prepared and submitted to the LOC by July 3, 2024.
 - On July 2, 2024, the Finance Administration provided the Legislative Operating Committee the fiscal impact statement for the proposed amendments to the Law.
- **B.** At the time this legislative analysis was developed the following work meetings had been held regarding the development of the amendments to this Law:
 - September 29, 2022: LOC work session;
 - October 13, 2022: LOC work session;
 - February 1, 2023: LOC work session;
 - March 14, 2023: LOC work session with HRD.
 - January 3, 2024: LOC work session.
 - January 17, 2024: LOC work session.
 - February 1, 2024: LOC work session.
 - February 20, 2024: LOC work session with HRD, Oneida Law Office, General Manager, and Gaming Employee Services.
 - June 11, 2024: LOC work session.
 - July 11, 2024: LOC work session.

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Back Pay Statistics

Employees of the Nation may receive back pay for a couple different reasons such as (1) overturned suspensions, separations, and employment terminations; (2) an investigative leave that ends with the employee returning to their position with no discipline; and (3) missed work time for reasonable suspicion drug test that produces a negative result.

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Below please find some statistics provided by the Oneida Law Office regarding employment appeals and back pay awards related to each reason listed above.

Employment Appeals since January 1, 2022		
Appealed Terminations/Separations	21	
Appealed Suspension	18	
Back Pay Payments Since January 1, 2022		
Overturned Termination/Separation	9	
Overturned Suspension	6	
Return from Investigative Leave - No Discipline	1	
Return from Drug Test with Negative Result	1	

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SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. Holding a Position Pending Appeals and Reinstatement. A new section added to the Law through these amendments addresses reinstatement of an employee who was involuntarily separated. [2 O.C. 206.4]. This new section requires that when an employee is involuntarily separated and thereafter appeals said involuntary separation, the disciplining supervisor may only fill the employee's former position with an interim or temporary employee until the appeal has fully run its course, which includes any appeal timelines to the area manager, the Trial Court, or the Appellate Court. [2 O.C. 206.4-1]. Additionally, this section of the Law provides that notwithstanding the requirement to hold an employee's position pending the employee's appeal as provided in section 206.4-1, a supervisor or business unit may amend the affected position description or eliminate the affected position while an employment appeal is pending to respond to extreme financial distress that could negatively impact the Nation. [2 O.C. 206.4-2]. Extreme financial distress is defined to mean a situation in which an entity cannot generate sufficient revenues or income, making it unable to meet or pay its financial obligations, due to situations including, but is not limited to, natural or human-made disasters; United States Government shutdown; emergency proclamations; and economic downturn. [2 O.C. 206.3-1(g)]. The determination to amend an affected position description or eliminate an affected position is then required to be approved by the Human Resources Department Executive Director and either the General Manager, Gaming General Manager, Retail General Manager, or the highest position in the employee's chain of command for non-divisional employees. [2 O.C. 206.4-2(a)]. This new section then goes on to provide that should an employee's appeal of an involuntary separation result in the separation being overturned, the reviewing party shall order the employee be reinstated to the position from which the employee was involuntary separated. [2 O.C. 206.4-3]. In the event the position the employee was involuntarily separated from has been eliminated, or the employee is no longer eligible for the position based on amendments to the position description, the order to reinstate shall be deemed satisfied and the back pay end date shall be the date of the reviewing party's decision. [2 O.C. 206.4-3(a)].
 - Effect. The overall purpose of this new section to the Law is to provide direction and clarification on how the reinstatement of an employee who had an involuntary separation overturned is handled, so that it can be handled in a consistent manner throughout the Nation.
- **B.** *Back Pay Calculations*. The proposed amendments to the Law clarify that back pay calculations shall be made using the employee's last wage in the position which they were involuntarily separated from. [2 O.C. 206.5-1].
 - Effect. This provision of the Law clarifies what wage of an employee should be used when calculating back pay.

- C. Explanation of When an Employee is Not Eligible to Work. The Law provides that the Nation shall not include time when an employee would not have been eligible to work in the calculation of any back 134 pay amount. [2 O.C. 206.5-2(d)]. The proposed amendments to the Law provides greater clarification 135 by providing a list of examples of when an employee is not eligible to work, which includes such 136 circumstances such as when an employee is on layoff or furlough status at the time of termination; when a position is eliminated or inactive as part of the Nation's response extreme financial distress; 138 when an employee would have been on medical leave at the time of the involuntary separation; and 139 140 when an employee would otherwise not be eligible to work in the position from which they were 141 separated from in accordance with the position description based on applicable grant requirements when a position is grant funded, applicable laws of the Nation, including, but not limited to, the Vehicle 142 Driver Certification and Fleet Management law, and a criminal conviction. [2 O.C. 206.5-2(d)(1)-(4)]. 143
 - Effect. This provision of the Law clarifies when it should be considered that an employee is not eligible to work, and therefore is not eligible for back pay.

SECTION 6. EXISTING LEGISLATION

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- A. Related Legislation. The following laws of the Nation are related to the Back Pay law:
 - Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures. The purpose of the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures is to provide for the Nation's employee related policies and procedures including recruitment, selection, compensation and benefits, employee relations, safety and health, program and enterprise rules and regulations, and record keeping.
 - Section V.D of the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures specifically addresses complaints, disciplinary actions and grievances. Section V.D.6 provides that any employee who receives a disciplinary action which he/she believes is unfair may grieve the action. Section V.D.6.f.5 then provides that the Oneida Personnel Commission may: uphold the disciplinary action; or overturn the disciplinary action and either reinstate the employee with full back pay for any lost time or reinstate the employee without back pay.
 - The Back Pay law will now address the reinstatement of an employee who has an involuntary separation overturned in section 206.4, as well as provide greater clarification on how back pay is calculated in section 206.5.
 - Drug and Alcohol Free Workplace Law. It is the policy of the Nation to establish a drug and alcohol-free workplace program that balances respect for individuals with the need to maintain an alcohol and drug-free environment. [2 O.C. 202.1-1].
 - The Drug and Alcohol Free Workplace law provides that it is the employee's responsibility to cooperate with the requests made by Employee Health Nursing and the Medical Review Officer. [2 O.C. 202.5-2(e)]. An employee who fails to cooperate and does not contact the Medical Review Officer within twenty-four (24) hours of receiving contact shall not receive back pay for any time between the date the Medical Review Officer placed the call until the time the employee does return the call of the Medical Review Officer. Id.
 - The Drug and Alcohol Free Workplace law provides that during drug and alcohol testing for reasonable suspicion, an employee shall be immediately removed from duty without pay at the time of initiation of the reasonable suspicion drug and alcohol testing and specimen collection until the employer is notified by Employee Health Nursing of negative results on both the drug and alcohol tests, or Medical Review Officer verified negative test results. [2 O.C. 202.10-2].

If the employee is reinstated after confirmation of drug and alcohol testing results, back pay shall be provided in accordance with the Back Pay law. [2 O.C. 202.10-3].

- Furlough Law. The purpose of the Furlough law is to enable the Nation to implement a furlough program in response to an interruption of governmental revenues or operations, insufficient treasury funds or other emergencies/ unplanned events as determined by the Oneida Business Committee in accordance with this law; establish a consistent and equitable process for implementation of a furlough program; and incorporate Indian preference into the furlough program and require that it be applied in accordance with this law. [2 O.C. 205.1-1].
 - The Furlough law provides that except when an employee successfully appeals being placed on furlough status in violation of this law, employees placed in furlough status shall not be eligible for back pay upon their return to work. [2 O.C. 205.8-6].
- *Investigative Leave Policy*. The purpose of the Investigative Leave Policy is to address investigative leave for employees undergoing work-related investigations. [2 O.C. 208.1-1].
 - The Investigative Leave Policy provides that an employee placed on investigative leave shall not receive any wages or benefits unless placed in an alternative work assignment, and that if the employee refuses the alternative work assignment and is returned to work, the employee shall not receive any back pay or benefits. [2 O.C. 208.10-2].
 - The Investigative Leave Policy provides that an employee shall receive back pay and benefits for the time the employee was on investigative leave pursuant to the Back Pay law if all of the following occur: the employee was not offered an alternative work assignment when placed on investigative leave; the employee is returned to his or her position; and the employee is not disciplined based on the investigation. [2 O.C. 208.10-4].

SECTION 7. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- **A.** Fiscal Impact. Under the Legislative Procedures Act, a fiscal impact statement is required for all legislation except emergency legislation [1 O.C. 109.6-1]. Oneida Business Committee resolution BC-10-28-20-A titled, "Further Interpretation of 'Fiscal Impact Statement' in the Legislative Procedures Act," provides further clarification on who the Legislative Operating Committee may direct complete a fiscal impact statement at various stages of the legislative process, as well as timeframes for completing the fiscal impact statement.
 - Conclusion. On July 2, 2024, the Finance Administration provided the Legislative Operating
 Committee with a fiscal impact statement for the proposed amendments to the Law. Please see the
 fiscal impact statement for further information.

Title 2. Employment – Chapter 206 BACK PAY

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back pay law

BACK PAY AND REINSTATEMENT

206.1. Purpose and Policy 206.2. Adoption, Amendment, Appeal 206.3. Definitions 206.4. Back Pay Calculation 206.5. Back Pay Process 206.1. Purpose and Policy 206.2. Adoption, Amendment, Appeal

206.3. Definitions

206.4. Holding a Position Pending Appeals and Reinstatement

206.5. Back Pay Calculation

206.6. Back Pay Process

206.1. Purpose and Policy

206.1-1. <u>Purpose.</u> The purpose of this law is to set forth standards used in <u>the reinstatement of a employee</u>, and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the Nation's law.

6 206.1-2. <u>Policy</u>. It is the policy of the Nation to have consistent and standard procedures for the management of employee <u>reinstatement and</u> back pay.

206.2. Adoption, Amendment, Appeal Repeal

206.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-5-24-06-PP and amended by resolutions BC-06-23-10-F, BC-08-13-14-C-and, BC-10-26-16-A-, and BC--

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- 13 206.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 206.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 18 206.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 20 206.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

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206.3. Definitions

206.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.

(a) "Appellate Court" means the branch of the Nation's Judiciary delegated the authority of final appeals within the Nation's Judiciary, as authorized by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A in accordance with Article V of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Oneida Nation.

(a)(b) "Advocate" means a non-attorney person as provided by law and other person who is admitted to practice law and is presented to the court as the representative or advisor to a party.

(b)(c) "Back pay" means money damages owed to the employee for a salary or wage to compensate the employee as determined by the formulas set forth within this law.

(c)(d) "Consequential damages" means damages that are not a direct and immediately

result of an act, but a consequence of the initial act, including but not limited to penalties on early withdrawal of retirement account.

37 38 (d) "Consultant" means a professional who is contracted externally whose expertise is provided on a temporary basis for a fee.

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(e) -"Earnings" includes vacation or personal time, shift differential, holiday pay, merit increases, bonuses and incentives, employment benefits and income received during the back pay period.

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206.4. Holding a Position Pending Appeals and Reinstatement

206.4-1. Requirement to Hold the Position Pending Litigation. When an employee is involuntarily separated and thereafter appeals said involuntarily separation, the disciplining supervisor may only fill the employee's former position with an interim or temporary employee until the appeal has fully run its course, which includes any appeal timelines to the area manager, the Trial Court, or the Appellate Court.

(f) "Employee" means any individual who is employed by the Nation and is subject to the direction and control of the Nation with respect to the material details of the work performed, or who has the status of an employee under the usual common law rules applicable to determining the employer-employee relationship. "Employee" includes, but is not limited to;, an individual employed by any program or enterprise of the Nation; but does not include elected or appointed officials, or individuals employed by a Tribally Chartered Corporation.— For purposes of this law, individuals employed under an employment contract as a limited term employee are employees of the Nation, not consultants.

- (g) "Extreme financial distress" means a situation in which an entity cannot generate sufficient revenues or income, making it unable to meet or pay its financial obligations, due to situations including, but is not limited to:
 - (1) natural or human-made disasters;
 - (2) United States Government shutdown;
 - (3) emergency proclamations; and
 - (4) economic downturn.
- (g)(h) "Involuntarily separated" means an employee removed from employment through whatever means, other than a layoff, by the employer. This shall include, but is not limited to, investigative leave, suspension or termination.
- (h)(i) "Judiciary" means Oneida Nation Judiciary, which is the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B, and then later authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A in accordance with Article V of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Oneida Nation.
- (i)(i) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
- (i)(k) "Punitive damages" means monetary compensation awarded to an injured party that goes beyond that which is necessary to compensate the individual for losses and that is intended to punish the other party.
- (1) "Reviewing party" means the area manager or the Trial Court.
- (m) "Trial Court" means the Trial Court of the Oneida Nation Judiciary authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A in accordance with Article V of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Oneida Nation.

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- 206.4-2. Amending the Position Description or Eliminating the Position Pending an Employee Appeal. Notwithstanding the requirement to hold an employee's position pending an employee's appeal as provided in section 206.4-1, a supervisor or business unit may amend the affected position description or eliminate the affected position while an employment appeal is pending to respond to extreme financial distress that could negatively impact the Nation.
 - (a) The determination to amend an affected position description or eliminate an affected position shall be approved by the Human Resources Executive Director and either the:
 - (1) General Manager;
 - (2) Gaming General Manager;
 - (3) Retail General Manager; or
 - (4) the highest position in the employee's chain of command for non-divisional employees.
- 206.4-3. Reinstatement to the Position the Employee was Involuntarily Separated From. Should an employee's appeal of an involuntarily separation result in the involuntarily separation being overturned, the reviewing party shall order the employee be reinstated to the position from which the employee was involuntarily separated.
 - (a) In the event the position the employee was involuntarily separated from has been eliminated, or the employee is no longer eligible for the position based on amendments to the position description, the order to reinstate shall be deemed satisfied and the back pay end date shall be the date of the reviewing party's decision.

206.5. Back Pay Calculation

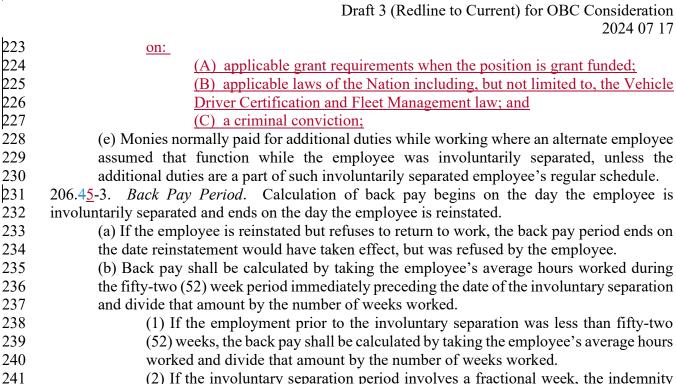
206.45-1. Back Pay Limitations. Back pay shall only include the items identified calculations shall be made using the employee's last wage in the position which they were involuntarily separated from. Back pay, in all circumstances, shall be limited to the calculation set forth in this Section as they relate to the employee. section. Back pay shall include and be subject to the following as it is related to the employee:

- (a) Vacation <u>and</u> Personal Time Accrual. Employees shall receive prorated credit for vacation <u>and</u> personal time which would have accrued during the back pay period.
 - (1) Reinstated employees shall be credited for vacation personal time. If the crediting of vacation and personal time would result in the employee exceeding the accrual cap pursuant to the Nation's laws, rules and policies, then any amount over that cap shall be provided as a cash payout. Non-reinstated employees shall be paid out vacation personal personal time in lieu of crediting personal and vacation time.
- (b) *Shift Differential*. Shift differential shall be included in the back pay amount to the extent it is a part of the employee's regularly scheduled hours.
- (c) *Tips*. If the employee received pooled tips at the time of involuntary separation, tips shall be included in the total back pay amount at the same tip rate that other employees in the same position and on the same shift received on the same dates.
 - (1) If the employee received individual tips at the time of involuntary separation, the employee shall be ineligible for tips during the back pay period.
- (d) *Holiday Pay*. Holiday pay shall be included in the back pay amount to the extent the employee would have received such pay if the employee had not been involuntarily separated.
- (e) *Merit Increases*. The hourly rate used to calculate back pay shall be increased according to the merit increase system <u>or</u> standard used by the employee's supervisor

during the back pay period and willshall include any increases from Oneida Business Committee or General Tribal Council directives.

- (1) The effective date of the employee's merit increase shall be the same as the effective date for other employees in the same department. -Retroactive increases shall be calculated back to the retroactive date used for other employees in the same department.
- (2) The most recent performance review issued to the employee prior to being involuntarily separated shall be used to determine the level of merit increase. However, if the employee appealed the performance review to the Human Resource Department Manager prior to involuntary separation, a method under the Nation's laws, rules and policies shall be used to determine the merit increase.
- (f) *Bonuses and Incentives*. All bonus and incentive payments for which the employee would have been eligible during the back pay period shall be included in the total back pay amount, except for non-monetary gifts distributed by the Nation to all employees (e.g. winter gift) or other non-monetary benefits, such as clothing allowance.
- (g) Employment Benefits. Employee benefits shall be subject to the provisions in this section.
 - (1) *Insurance Benefits*. Coverage by the Nation for health insurance, dental insurance, vision insurance, life insurance, long-term disability and short-term disability coverage shall continue during an involuntary separation, except in the event of a termination where the coverage will shall discontinue. The Nation shall deduct the employee's share of premiums paid from any back pay award.
 - (A) If the employee's circumstances have changed during the back pay period and such circumstances affect the employee's insurance needs, the employee shall notify the Nation of such changes at the time of reinstatement.
 - (B) An employee who is reinstated shall sign a waiver from Purchased Referred Care authorizing a review of the back pay period to determine if Purchased Referred Care services were rendered. -If Purchased Referred Care determines services were rendered during the back pay period, an employee shall timely submit insurance information to Purchased Referred Care in order for Purchased Referred Care to retroactively bill the insurance provider to recoup funds for those services rendered during the back pay period.
 - (C) If the employee refuses to sign an authorization waiver from Purchased Referred Care, the employee willshall not be eligible to receive any back pay award.
 - (2) Flexible Benefit Plan Contributions. If a terminated employee was contributing to the Nation's flexible benefit plan at the time of termination, the status of the employee's flex benefit plan shall be subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (3) Retirement Benefit Contributions. In the event the employee was participating in the Nation's retirement plan at the time of involuntary separation, the employee shall be responsible for contacting the retirement plan administrator and reactivating contributions.
 - (A) The employee may choose whether to have the employee's contribution to the retirement plan that would have been made during the back pay period deducted from the total back pay amount and deposited into the employee's retirement account.

- (B) If the employee was eligible for employer matching contributions at the time of involuntary separation and the employee chooses to make a contribution through back pay, the Nation shall contribute the employer match into the employee's retirement account.
- (C) If the employee was not participating in the Nation's retirement plan or chooses not to make contributions through the back pay process, then the Nation shall not make employer match contributions into the employee's retirement account.
- (h) Income Received During the Back Pay Period.
 - (1) *Unemployment Benefits*. Depending upon the unemployment compensation financing option elected by the Nation, either:
 - (A) Any unemployment compensation paid by the Nation to the State of Wisconsin for an involuntarily separated employee shall be deducted from the employee's back pay award; or
 - (B) The employee is directly responsible for the reimbursement to the State of Wisconsin. –The Nation shall send a copy of the completed and signed settlement agreement to the appropriate state department. The state then may determine the amount, if any, of unemployment compensation benefits received during the back pay period should be repaid.
 - (2) *Income Received Through Employment*. Except as provided in section 4206.5-1(h)(2)(B), income earned by an employee during the back pay period shall be deducted from the total back pay amount.
 - (A) The employee shall provide information to verify the amount of or lack of earned income and sign an affidavit attesting to the amount of or lack of earned income.
 - (B) If the employee worked an additional job prior to being involuntarily separated and continued working in the same capacity, the income earned from that employment shall not be deducted from the total back pay amount to the extent that the income is consistent with pre-involuntary separation earnings. Where the employee worked the additional job, the employee shall provide information from the employer to verify the income earned before and during the back pay period.
- 206.45-2. *Payments Not Allowed*. The Nation shall not include the following in any back pay amount:
 - (a) Punitive damages;
 - (b) Consequential damages;
 - (c) Attorney's or advocate's fees;
 - (d) Time when the employee would not have been eligible to work. An employee is not eligible to work in circumstances including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) When an employee is on layoff or furlough status at the time of involuntary separation;
 - (2) When a position is eliminated or inactive as part of the Nation's response to extreme financial distress;
 - (3) When an employee would have been on medical leave at the time of involuntary separation; and
 - (4) When an employee would otherwise not be eligible to work in the position from which they were separated from in accordance with the position description based



(2) If the involuntary separation period involves a fractional week, the indemnity shall be paid for each day of a fractional week at the rate of the average number of hours worked per day immediately prior to the involuntary separation. For the purposes of this section, immediately prior means the twelve (12) full work weeks immediately preceding the involuntary separation. Provided that, under extenuating circumstances related to business needs of the Nation wherein the Oneida Law Office determines that considering hours worked per day immediately prior would be unfair, an alternative reasonable timeframe may be used.

206.56. Back Pay Process

206.56-1. The Oneida Law Office shall develop necessary forms and procedures for the purpose of implementing this law.

206.56-2. Internal departments shall cooperate as necessary with the Oneida Law Office in providing information needed to assemble and prepare the back pay agreement.

206.56-3. A reasonable effort shall be made to complete the back pay agreement within thirty (30) calendar days, starting the day after the party to the grievance action provides to the Oneida Law Office a judgment ordering back pay or the results of an investigation or test showing the employee is cleared of any wrongdoing.

259 206.56-4. An employee not receiving back pay in accordance with the back pay agreement may seek enforcement by the Judiciary.

End.

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264 Adopted - BC-505-24-06-PP
265 Amended - BC-06-23-10-F
266 Amended - BC-08-13-14-C
267 Amended - BC-10-26-16-A
268 Amended - BC- - -
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Title 2. Employment – Chapter 206 Tashakotikályahke? kayanláhsla? back pay law BACK PAY AND REINSTATEMENT

206.1. Purpose and Policy

206.5. Back Pay Calculation

206.2. Adoption, Amendment, Appeal

206.6. Back Pay Process

206.3. Definitions

206.4. Holding a Position Pending Appeals and Reinstatement

206.1. Purpose and Policy

206.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to set forth standards used in the reinstatement of a employee, and the calculation of back pay for all employees of the Nation in accordance with the Nation's law.

6 206.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the Nation to have consistent and standard procedures for the management of employee reinstatement and back pay.

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206.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

206.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-5-24-06-PP and amended by resolutions BC-06-23-10-F, BC-08-13-14-C, BC-10-26-16-A, and BC-__-_-

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- 206.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 15 206.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
- be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 206.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 20 206.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

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206.3. Definitions

- 206.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
 - (a) "Appellate Court" means the branch of the Nation's Judiciary delegated the authority of final appeals within the Nation's Judiciary, as authorized by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A in accordance with Article V of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Oneida Nation.
 - (b) "Advocate" means a non-attorney person as provided by law and other person who is admitted to practice law and is presented to the court as the representative or advisor to a party.
 - (c) "Back pay" means money damages owed to the employee for a salary or wage to compensate the employee as determined by the formulas set forth within this law.
- (d) "Consequential damages" means damages that are not a direct and immediately result
 of an act, but a consequence of the initial act, including but not limited to penalties on early
 withdrawal of retirement account.
 - (e) "Earnings" includes vacation or personal time, shift differential, holiday pay, merit

- increases, bonuses and incentives, employment benefits and income received during the back pay period.
 - (f) "Employee" means any individual who is employed by the Nation and is subject to the direction and control of the Nation with respect to the material details of the work performed, or who has the status of an employee under the usual common law rules applicable to determining the employer-employee relationship. "Employee" includes, but is not limited to, an individual employed by any program or enterprise of the Nation but does not include elected or appointed officials, or individuals employed by a Tribally Chartered Corporation. For purposes of this law, individuals employed under an employment contract as a limited term employee are employees of the Nation, not consultants.
 - (g) "Extreme financial distress" means a situation in which an entity cannot generate sufficient revenues or income, making it unable to meet or pay its financial obligations, due to situations including, but is not limited to:
 - (1) natural or human-made disasters;
 - (2) United States Government shutdown;
 - (3) emergency proclamations; and
 - (4) economic downturn.

- (h) "Involuntarily separated" means an employee removed from employment through whatever means, other than a layoff, by the employer. This shall include, but is not limited to investigative leave, suspension or termination.
- (i) "Judiciary" means Oneida Nation Judiciary, which is the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B, and then later authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A in accordance with Article V of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Oneida Nation.
- (j) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
- (k) "Punitive damages" means monetary compensation awarded to an injured party that goes beyond that which is necessary to compensate the individual for losses and that is intended to punish the other party.
- (1) "Reviewing party" means the area manager or the Trial Court.
- (m) "Trial Court" means the Trial Court of the Oneida Nation Judiciary authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A in accordance with Article V of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Oneida Nation.

206.4. Holding a Position Pending Appeals and Reinstatement

- 206.4-1. Requirement to Hold the Position Pending Litigation. When an employee is involuntarily separated and thereafter appeals said involuntarily separation, the disciplining supervisor may only fill the employee's former position with an interim or temporary employee until the appeal has fully run its course, which includes any appeal timelines to the area manager, the Trial Court, or the Appellate Court.
- 206.4-2. Amending the Position Description or Eliminating the Position Pending an Employee Appeal. Notwithstanding the requirement to hold an employee's position pending an employee's
- 82 appeal as provided in section 206.4-1, a supervisor or business unit may amend the affected
- position description or eliminate the affected position while an employment appeal is pending to
- respond to extreme financial distress that could negatively impact the Nation.

85 (a) The determination to amend an affected position description or eliminate an affected 86 position shall be approved by the Human Resources Executive Director and either the: 87 (1) General Manager; 88 (2) Gaming General Manager; (3) Retail General Manager; or 89 90 (4) the highest position in the employee's chain of command for non-divisional 91 employees. 92 206.4-3. Reinstatement to the Position the Employee was Involuntarily Separated From. Should 93 an employee's appeal of an involuntarily separation result in the involuntarily separation being 94 overturned, the reviewing party shall order the employee be reinstated to the position from which 95 the employee was involuntarily separated. 96 (a) In the event the position the employee was involuntarily separated from has been 97 eliminated, or the employee is no longer eligible for the position based on amendments to 98 the position description, the order to reinstate shall be deemed satisfied and the back pay 99 end date shall be the date of the reviewing party's decision. 100 101 206.5. Back Pay Calculation 102 103 104 105 the following as it is related to the employee: 106 107

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- 206.5-1. Back Pay Limitations. Back pay calculations shall be made using the employee's last wage in the position which they were involuntarily separated from. Back pay, in all circumstances, shall be limited to the calculation set forth in this section. Back pay shall include and be subject to
 - (a) Vacation and Personal Time Accrual. Employees shall receive prorated credit for vacation and personal time which would have accrued during the back pay period.
 - (1) Reinstated employees shall be credited for vacation and personal time. If the crediting of vacation and personal time would result in the employee exceeding the accrual cap pursuant to the Nation's laws, rules and policies, then any amount over that cap shall be provided as a cash payout. Non-reinstated employees shall be paid out vacation and personal time in lieu of crediting personal and vacation time.
 - (b) Shift Differential. Shift differential shall be included in the back pay amount to the extent it is a part of the employee's regularly scheduled hours.
 - (c) Tips. If the employee received pooled tips at the time of involuntary separation, tips shall be included in the total back pay amount at the same tip rate that other employees in the same position and on the same shift received on the same dates.
 - (1) If the employee received individual tips at the time of involuntary separation, the employee shall be ineligible for tips during the back pay period.
 - (d) Holiday Pay. Holiday pay shall be included in the back pay amount to the extent the employee would have received such pay if the employee had not been involuntarily separated.
 - (e) Merit Increases. The hourly rate used to calculate back pay shall be increased according to the merit increase system or standard used by the employee's supervisor during the back pay period and shall include any increases from Oneida Business Committee or General Tribal Council directives.
 - (1) The effective date of the employee's merit increase shall be the same as the effective date for other employees in the same department. Retroactive increases shall be calculated back to the retroactive date used for other employees in the same department.
 - (2) The most recent performance review issued to the employee prior to being

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involuntarily separated shall be used to determine the level of merit increase. However, if the employee appealed the performance review to the Human Resource Department Manager prior to involuntary separation, a method under the Nation's laws, rules and policies shall be used to determine the merit increase.

- (f) *Bonuses and Incentives*. All bonus and incentive payments for which the employee would have been eligible during the back pay period shall be included in the total back pay amount, except for non-monetary gifts distributed by the Nation to all employees (e.g. winter gift) or other non-monetary benefits, such as clothing allowance.
- (g) Employment Benefits. Employee benefits shall be subject to the provisions in this section.
 - (1) *Insurance Benefits*. Coverage by the Nation for health insurance, dental insurance, vision insurance, life insurance, long-term disability and short-term disability coverage shall continue during an involuntary separation, except in the event of a termination where the coverage shall discontinue. The Nation shall deduct the employee's share of premiums paid from any back pay award.
 - (A) If the employee's circumstances have changed during the back pay period and such circumstances affect the employee's insurance needs, the employee shall notify the Nation of such changes at the time of reinstatement.
 - (B) An employee who is reinstated shall sign a waiver from Purchased Referred Care authorizing a review of the back pay period to determine if Purchased Referred Care services were rendered. If Purchased Referred Care determines services were rendered during the back pay period, an employee shall timely submit insurance information to Purchased Referred Care in order for Purchased Referred Care to retroactively bill the insurance provider to recoup funds for those services rendered during the back pay period.
 - (C) If the employee refuses to sign an authorization waiver from Purchased Referred Care, the employee shall not be eligible to receive any back pay award.
 - (2) Flexible Benefit Plan Contributions. If a terminated employee was contributing to the Nation's flexible benefit plan at the time of termination, the status of the employee's flex benefit plan shall be subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (3) Retirement Benefit Contributions. In the event the employee was participating in the Nation's retirement plan at the time of involuntary separation, the employee shall be responsible for contacting the retirement plan administrator and reactivating contributions.
 - (A) The employee may choose whether to have the employee's contribution to the retirement plan that would have been made during the back pay period deducted from the total back pay amount and deposited into the employee's retirement account.
 - (B) If the employee was eligible for employer matching contributions at the time of involuntary separation and the employee chooses to make a contribution through back pay, the Nation shall contribute the employer match into the employee's retirement account.
 - (C) If the employee was not participating in the Nation's retirement plan or chooses not to make contributions through the back pay process, then the Nation shall not make employer match contributions into the employee's

179	retirement account.
180	(h) Income Received During the Back Pay Period.
181	(1) Unemployment Benefits. Depending upon the unemployment compensation
182	financing option elected by the Nation, either:
183	(A) Any unemployment compensation paid by the Nation to the State of
184	Wisconsin for an involuntarily separated employee shall be deducted from
185	the employee's back pay award; or
186	(B) The employee is directly responsible for the reimbursement to the State
187	of Wisconsin. The Nation shall send a copy of the completed and signed
188	settlement agreement to the appropriate state department. The state then may
189	determine the amount, if any, of unemployment compensation benefits
190	received during the back pay period should be repaid.
191	(2) Income Received Through Employment. Except as provided in section 206.5-
192	1(h)(2)(B), income earned by an employee during the back pay period shall be
193	deducted from the total back pay amount.
194	(A) The employee shall provide information to verify the amount of or lack
195	of earned income and sign an affidavit attesting to the amount of or lack of
196	earned income.
197	(B) If the employee worked an additional job prior to being involuntarily
198	separated and continued working in the same capacity, the income earned
199	from that employment shall not be deducted from the total back pay amount
200	to the extent that the income is consistent with pre-involuntary separation
201	earnings. Where the employee worked the additional job, the employee shall
202	provide information from the employer to verify the income earned before
203	and during the back pay period.
204	206.5-2. Payments Not Allowed. The Nation shall not include the following in any back pay
205	amount:
206	(a) Punitive damages;
207	(b) Consequential damages;
208	(c) Attorney's or advocate's fees;
209	(d) Time when the employee would not have been eligible to work. An employee is not
210	eligible to work in circumstances including, but not limited to, the following:
211	(1) When an employee is on layoff or furlough status at the time of involuntary
212	separation;
213	(2) When a position is eliminated or inactive as part of the Nation's response to
214	extreme financial distress;
215	(3) When an employee would have been on medical leave at the time of involuntary
216	separation; and
217	(4) When an employee would otherwise not be eligible to work in the position from
218	which they were separated from in accordance with the position description based
219	on:
220	(A) applicable grant requirements when the position is grant funded;
221	(B) applicable laws of the Nation including, but not limited to, the Vehicle
222	Driver Certification and Fleet Management law; and
223	(C) a criminal conviction;
224	(e) Monies normally paid for additional duties while working where an alternate employee
225	assumed that function while the employee was involuntarily separated, unless the

additional duties are a part of such involuntarily separated employee's regular schedule.

227 228 206.5-3. Back Pay Period. Calculation of back pay begins on the day the employee is involuntarily separated and ends on the day the employee is reinstated.

229 230 (a) If the employee is reinstated but refuses to return to work, the back pay period ends on the date reinstatement would have taken effect, but was refused by the employee.

231 232 (b) Back pay shall be calculated by taking the employee's average hours worked during the fifty-two (52) week period immediately preceding the date of the involuntary separation

233 234 and divide that amount by the number of weeks worked. (1) If the employment prior to the involuntary separation was less than fifty-two

235 236 237 (52) weeks, the back pay shall be calculated by taking the employee's average hours worked and divide that amount by the number of weeks worked. (2) If the involuntary separation period involves a fractional week, the indemnity

238 shall be paid for each day of a fractional week at the rate of the average number 239 of hours worked per day immediately prior to the involuntary separation. For the 240 purposes of this section, immediately prior means the twelve (12) full work weeks 241 immediately preceding the involuntary separation. Provided that, under extenuating

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circumstances related to business needs of the Nation wherein the Oneida Law Office determines that considering hours worked per day immediately prior would be unfair, an alternative reasonable timeframe may be used.

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206.6. Back Pay Process

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206.6-1. The Oneida Law Office shall develop necessary forms and procedures for the purpose of implementing this law.

249 250 206.6-2. Internal departments shall cooperate as necessary with the Oneida Law Office in providing information needed to assemble and prepare the back pay agreement.

251 252 206.6-3. A reasonable effort shall be made to complete the back pay agreement within thirty (30) calendar days, starting the day after the party to the grievance action provides to the Oneida Law Office a judgment ordering back pay or the results of an investigation or test showing the employee is cleared of any wrongdoing.

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206.6-4. An employee not receiving back pay in accordance with the back pay agreement may seek enforcement by the Judiciary.

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258 End.

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260 Adopted - BC-05-24-06-PP 261 Amended - BC-06-23-10-F 262 Amended - BC-08-13-14-C 263 Amended - BC-10-26-16-A 264 Amended – BC-_ -_ -_ -_

FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

TO: RaLinda Ninham-Lamberies, Chief Financial Officer

FROM: Rae Skenandore, Senior Analyst/Budget Coordinator

DATE: June 24, 2024

RE: Fiscal Impact of the Amendments to the Back Pay Law

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Amendments to the Back Pay	Law		Draft 3
Implementing Agency	Human Resource Department Oneida Law Office Sr. Management or the highest position in the employee's chain of command. Oneida Nation Judiciary		
Estimated time to comply	10 days, in compliance with the Legislative Procedures Act		
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Es	stimate
Total Estimated Fiscal Impact	No Fiscal Impact	No Fiscal Impact	

II. Background

This Law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-05-24-06-PP in 2006 and amended through resolutions BC-06-23-10-F, BC-08-3 13-14-C, and BC-10-26-16-A.

The purpose of the Back Pay law is to set standards for reinstating an employee and calculating back pay. The amendments to the legislation include the following:

- A new section was added to the law to clarify how an employee reinstatement is handled whan an involuntary separation is overturned.
- Clarify the wage to be used in calculating back pay.
- Language was added to clarify when an employee is not eligible to work and therefore not eligible for backpay.

III. Methodology and Assumptions

A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Executive Summary of Findings

As stated, this Law has been in place since 2016. There are no start-up costs, no increases in personnel are needed, and no increases in office or documentation costs. The implementing agencies are prepared to implement all changes when approved.

III. Financial Impact

There is no fiscal impact of implementing this legislation.

IV. Recommendation

Finance Department does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of this legislation, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.







Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



Legislative Operating Committee July 17, 2024

Investigative Leave Policy Amendments

Submission Date: 2/6/19	Public Meeting: n/a
LOC Sponsor: Marlon Skenandore	Emergency Enacted: n/a Expires: n/a

Summary: This item was carried over from the last three (3) terms. In February 2019, the Nation's Human Resources Department requested amendments to this law to address investigative enforcement. Amendments to the law are being sought to delegate authority to investigators to put employees on investigative leave, instead of just the supervisor of the employee, and discipline employees. An amendment was also sought so that if terminated, an employee would be ineligible for employment with the Nation but may request forgiveness after five (5) years. This item was added to the Active Files List in conjunction with a request for amendments to the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures and the Workplace Violence law.

<u>10/7/20 LOC:</u> Motion by Jennifer Webster to add the Investigative Leave Policy Amendments to the Active Files List with David Jordan as the sponsor; seconded by Marie Summers. Motion carried unanimously.

Work Meeting. Present Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Nicolas Reynolds, Joshua Cottrell, Wendy Alverez, Whitney Wheelock, Clorissa Santiago, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott. This was an introductory meeting to open discussions around the Investigative Leave Policy and any potential additional amendments including but not limited to amending the leave to a paid status rather than unpaid.

Work Meeting. Present Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Nicolas Reynolds, Joshua Cottrell, Wendy Alverez, Whitney Wheelock, Clorissa Santiago, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott. This meeting continued discussions around delegating authority to investigators so that they are empowered act quickly to ensure a safe work environment; and, to amend the policy in a comprehensive manner that more accurately reflects its investigative purpose. The comprehensive amendment discussion included but was not limited to paid leave, continuation of benefits and credit for service time.

Work Meeting. Present Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Nicolas Reynolds, Joshua Cottrell, Wendy Alverez, Whitney Wheelock, Clorissa Santiago, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott. This purpose of this meeting was to review draft language

implementing proposed amendments, and to discuss the use of investigative leaves in other Laws.

- Work Meeting. Present: David Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman, Marie Cornelius, Kirby Metoxen, Carolyn Salutz, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott. The purpose of this meeting was to gather feedback from the LOC on amending the Investigative Leave Policy from unpaid leave to paid leave. The consensus was to move forward with drafting paid leave options for consideration.
- Work Meeting. Present: David Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Daniel Guzman, Kristal Hill, Carolyn Salutz, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott. The purpose of the meeting was to gather direction from the LOC on whether an objective of the Investigative Leave Policy should be to consolidate all investigative leave policies in one Law. Consensus from the members present supported moving in a consolidated direction, to be considered further in conjunction with HRD at another meeting scheduled January 20th, 2023.
- Work Meeting. Present: David Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Marie Cornelius, Daniel Guzman, Carolyn Salutz, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Joshua Cottrell, Peggy Van Gheem, Whitney Wheelock, Wendy Alvarez. This was a work meeting held through Microsoft Teams. The purpose of this meeting was to begin review of the draft paid investigative leave language.
- <u>1/26/23 LOC:</u> Present: David Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Kirby Metoxen, Daniel Guzman, Clorissa Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Grace Elliott. The purpose of this meeting was to update with a review of edits drafted based on suggestions from the prior meeting.
- Work meeting. Present: Brenda Mendolla-Buckley, Carolyn Salutz, Chad Fuss, Clorissa Leeman, Debra Powless, Derrick King, Grace Elliott, Kathleen King, Lorna Skenandore, Lucy Neville, Mark Powless, Peggy Van Gheem, Sarah White. The purpose of this meeting was to solicit feedback and share information regarding amendments under consideration, and the Investigative Leave Policy in general, with the General Managers and their delegates.
- 2/17/23: Work Meeting. Present: David Jordan, Kirby Metoxen, Marie Cornelius, Daniel Guzman, Debra Powless, Mark Powless, Peggy Van Gheem, Wendy Alvarez, Matthew Denny, Whitney Wheelock, Rita Reiter, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Grace Elliott. The purpose of this meeting was to consider feedback and review an amended and proposed final draft Investigative Leave Policy.
- Work Meeting. Present: Kirby Metoxen, Marie Cornelius, Daniel Guzman, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Leeman, Carolyn Salutz, Matthew Denny, Rhiannon Metoxen, Derrick King, Lorna Skenandore, Donna Smith, Joshua Cottrell, Rita Reiter, Wendy Alvarez, Louise Cornelius, Kristal Hill, Mark Powless, Debra Powless, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Grace Elliott. The purpose of this meeting was to continue development of potential paid and unpaid aspects of an investigative leave.



- Work Meeting. Present: David Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Marie Cornelius, Daniel Guzman, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Lorna Skenandore, Derrick King, Mark Powless, Wendy Alvarez, Debra Powless, Matthew Denny, Kristal Hill, Donna Smith, Grace Elliott. The purpose of this meeting was to discuss the extent to which benefits will be made available on investigative leave, and to continue to develop notice criteria, lines of authority and responsibilities.
- Work Meeting. Present: David Jordan, Marie Cornelius, Daniel Guzman, Debra Powless, Peggy Van Gheem, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Whitney Wheelock, Wendy Alvarez, Laura Laitinen-Warren, Derrick King, Rita Reiter, Rhiannon Metoxen, Lorna Skenandore, Daniel Habeck. The purpose of this meeting was to evaluate various options for specific sections of the law.
- Work Meeting. David Jordan, Marie Cornelius, Daniel Guzman, Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa Leeman, Kristal Hill, Matthew Denny. The purpose of this meeting is to evaluate options for specific sections of the Law that had evolved through discussion at the previous meeting.
- <u>10/4/23 LOC:</u> Motion by Jennifer Webster to add the Investigative Leave Policy Amendments to the Active Files List with Marlon Skenandore as the sponsor; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.
- Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Kirby Metoxen, Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Fawn Cottrell, Fawn Billie, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Peggy Van Gheem, Mark Powless, Lucy Neville, Dana Thyssen, Wendy Alvarez, Whitney Wheelock, Carolyn Salutz. The purpose of this meeting was to provide an introduction to the Investigative Leave law and begin review of the law.
- Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Kirby Metoxen, Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Fawn Cottrell, Fawn Billie, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Peggy Van Gheem, Mark Powless, Lucy Neville, Dana Thyssen, Wendy Alvarez, Whitney Wheelock. The purpose of this meeting was to review the law with a particular focus on amendments that were made pursuant to the January 8, 2024, meeting.
- Work Meeting. Present: Kirby Metoxen, Jameson Wilson, Marlon Skenandore, Grace Elliott, Fawn Cottrell, Kristal Hill, Peggy Van Gheem, Todd Vanden Heuvel, Matthew Denny, Mark Powless, Lucy Neville, Maureen Perkins, Carolyn Salutz, Fawn Billie. The purpose of this meeting was to review the final draft of the Investigative Leave law for any additional amendments.
- <u>5/15/24 LOC:</u> Motion by Jonas Hill to approve the draft of the Investigative Leave Policy amendments and direct that a legislative analysis be developed; seconded by Marlon Skenandore. Motion carried unanimously.

Next Steps:

Accept the Investigative Leave Policy Amendments Legislative Analysis.





INVESTIGATIVE LEAVE LAW AMENDMENTS LEGISLATIVE ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office Clarify the severity of an alleged violation that may warrant an investigative Intent of the Legislation or leave and provide examples. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(a)]. **Amendments** Clarify the type of risks that an investigative leave is intended to protect against. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(b)]. Prevent undue financial harm to an employee placed on investigative leave. [2] O.C. 208.4-2(a)]. Eliminate unpaid status for the employee placed on investigative leave for up to forty-five (45) days. [2 O.C. 208.4-2(a)]. Balance the intention to prevent undue financial harm to an employee placed on investigative leave with the Nation's fiscal responsibilities by shifting the employee to unpaid status when an investigation cannot be safely concluded within forty-five (45) days. [2 O.C. 208.4-2(c)]. Clarify that an employee may use their personal and vacation time if the investigative leave extends past forty-five (45) days. [2 O.C. 208.4-2(b)]. Provide that when an employee has used their personal and vacation time up all pay and benefits stop. [2 O.C. 208.4-2(c)]. Extend the authority to initiate an investigative leave to include the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department. [2 O.C. 208.5-1(a)]. Clarify that when there is no division director a supervisor must secure authorization from the person at the highest level in the chain of command under the Oneida Business Committee prior to placing an employee on investigative leave. [2 O.C. 208.5-1(b)(2)]. Delegate the authority for designating the individual or agency responsible for completing the investigation to the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department and the supervisor, instead of the employee's supervisor and/or area manager. [2 O.C. 208.7-1]. Delete the requirement that the Equal Employment Officer always conducts the investigation if the employee being investigated reports directly to the Oneida Business Committee and instead provide that they may also serve as a liaison to an investigating agency when that is more appropriate. [2 O.C. 208.7-1]. Eliminate the option for a supervisor to place an employee in an alternate work assignment while on investigative leave. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(a)]. Expand the requirements that notice to the employee placed on investigative leave must contain. The additional requirements are as follows: [2 O.C. 208.6-

- The employee must surrender all property of the Nation. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(i)].
- Clear documentation regarding the status of pay and benefits. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(c)].
- The definition of business hours. The employee is required to respond to inquiries within twenty-four (24) business hours to remain on paid investigative leave within the first forty-five (45) days. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(d)].
- Whether the investigation has been referred to an outside agency. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(g)].
- List of the employee's responsibilities. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(k)].
- Email address of the person the employee may contact if they have questions related to the investigative leave. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(h)].
- Extend the issuance of the second notice to the employee placed on investigative leave from fifteen (15) days to thirty-five (35) days. [2 O.C. 208.6-2].
- Clarify that the second notice must provide the employee placed on investigative leave with the following information: [2 O.C. 208.6-2].
 - That the employee remains an employee of the Nation. [2 O.C. 208.6-2(a)].
 - Clear documentation regarding the cessation of pay and benefits. [2
 O.C. 208.6-2(b)].
 - The definition of business hours as it pertains to the employee's particular area of employment. [2 O.C. 208.6-2(c)].
 - The expected length of the investigation. [2 O.C. 208.6-2(d)].
 - The telephone number, email address, and name of the person to contact with questions. [2 O.C. 208.6-2(e)].
 - The employee's responsibilities. [2 O.C. 208.6-2(f)].
- Eliminate the requirement that a supervisor must conclude an investigation without waiting for the conclusion of a criminal or licensing matter. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(a)].
- Eliminate the requirement that an investigative leave must close upon the passing of fifteen (15) days, plus a possible extension of fifteen (15) days, unless an outside agency is conducting the investigation and instead allow the decision makers to close an investigative leave when a reasonable determination based on verifiable facts can be made. [2 O.C. 208.8-1].
- Expedite investigations by adding a requirement that the supervisor, or the EEO Officer (whichever is overseeing the investigation), provide the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department with weekly updates on the investigation. [2 O.C. 208.8-2].
- Eliminate the provision that requires the supervisor to conclude an investigation within forty-eight (48) hours of receiving the investigative report when someone else is conducting the investigation. [2 O.C. 208.8-1].
- Provide the employee who was placed on investigative leave with a redacted copy of the investigative report when requested, instead of only providing the redacted report to an employee who files an appeal. [2 O.C. 208.7-4(c)].
- Require the supervisor to provide written notice and justification to the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department if they choose not to follow the corrective action recommended by the investigator(s). [2 O.C. 208.7-4(a)(1)].

	 Expand an employee's responsibilities when on an investigative leave to include the surrender of all property of the Nation, respond to any inquires within twenty-four (24) business hours, and not share anything related to the investigation on social media. [2 O.C. 208.10-2. 2 O.C. 208.12-1]. Create the option for an exception to be made to the complete prohibition of the employee who is placed on investigative leave entering any public worksite; if, and only if, it is determined that access is necessary, safe, appropriate, and the specific conditions under which access may be allowed are provided for in the notice to the employee. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(a)(1)]. Require that the employee placed on investigative leave respond to all inquiries
	within twenty-four (24) business hours. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(e)].
Purpose	The purpose of this law is to set forth a process to address investigative leave for employees undergoing work-related investigations. [2 O.C. 208.1-1].
Affected Entities	Oneida Nation employees.
Related Legislation	Workplace Violence law, Back Pay law, Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures, Computer Resources Ordinance, Judiciary law, and Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.
Enforcement	Any employee who violates this law is subject to discipline in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing employment. The employee who is the subject of the investigation shall be moved to unpaid status if during the forty-five (45) day paid leave period the employee fails to respond to an inquiry within twenty-four (24) business hours. [2 O.C. 208.10-2].
Due Process	An employee may appeal any disciplinary action arising out of an investigation in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing employment. [2 O.C. 208.11-1].
Public Meeting	A public meeting has not yet been held.
Fiscal Impact	A fiscal impact statement prepared in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act has not yet been requested.

SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

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- A. *Background.* The Investigative Leave Policy was originally adopted by the Oneida Business
 Committee by motion on April 7, 1999, and then through resolutions BC-08-13-14-D, and BC-06-2415-A. The Investigative Leave Policy provides the Nation and its employees with a consistent
 framework for investigating serious allegations against an employee that protects the Nation and its
 employees while also preventing undue harm to the employee who is the subject of the investigation
 and has not yet been determined to have committed any wrongdoing. [2 O.C. 208.1-1].
 - B. *Request for Amendments.* This item was carried over from the last three (3) terms. In February 2019, the Nation's Human Resources Department requested amendments to this law to address investigative enforcement. Amendments to the law are being sought to delegate authority to investigators to put employees on investigative leave, instead of just the supervisor of the employee, and discipline employees. An amendment was also sought so that if terminated, an employee would be ineligible for employment with the Nation but may request forgiveness after five (5) years. This item was added to the Active Files List in conjunction with a request for amendments to the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures and the Workplace Violence law. The current sponsor of the Investigative Leave Policy amendments is Councilman Marlon Skenandore.

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SECTION 3. CONSULTATION AND OUTREACH

- Representatives from the following departments or entities participated in the development of the amendments to this Law and legislative analysis:
 - Human Resources Department (HRD);
 - Oneida Law Office;
 - Gaming; and
 - General Manager.
- The following laws of the Nation were reviewed in the drafting of this analysis:
 - Back Pay law;
- Workplace Violence law;
 - Pardon and Forgiveness law;
 - Computer Resources Ordinance;
 - Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures;
- Judiciary law; and
 - Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.

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SECTION 4. PROCESS

- **A.** The amendments to this Law comply with the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act.
 - On October 7, 2020, the Legislative Operating Committee added this Law to its Active Files List for amendments.
 - On October 3, 2023, the Legislative Operating Committee added this Law to its Active Files List for amendments.
 - On May 15, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the draft of the Investigative Leave Policy amendments and directed that a legislative analysis be developed.
 - **B.** At the time this legislative analysis was developed the following work meetings had been held regarding the development of the amendments to this law:
 - October 10, 2022: LOC work meeting with HRD.
 - November 11, 2022: LOC work meeting with HRD.
 - December 19, 2022: LOC work meeting with HRD.
 - December 21, 2022: LOC work session.
 - January 20, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD.
 - On January 26, 2023: LOC work session.
 - February 13, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD, Oneida Law Office, and Gaming.
 - February 17, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD and Oneida Law Office.
- March 7, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD and Gaming.
 - March 24, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD and Gaming.
- 55 April 28, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD, Gaming, and Oneida Law Office.
- May 3, 2023: LOC work meeting with HRD.
- January 8, 2024: LOC work meeting with HRD, Gaming, and Oneida Law Office.
 - March 3, 2024: LOC work meeting with HRD, Gaming, and Oneida Law Office.
 - April 30, 2024: LOC work meeting with HRD, Gaming, and Oneida Law Office.

SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION (OR AMENDMENTS)

- A. Types of Alleged Violations and the Risks an Investigative Leave is Designed to Protect Against. The proposed amendments to the Law clarify the nature and severity of the type of an alleged violation that may rise to a level to warrant an investigative leave and examples are listed. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(a)]. The Law currently only identifies that an investigative leave shall be used when the employee allegedly commits an act which would preclude the employee from meeting employment eligibility requirements. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(d)]. The proposed amendments to the Law also clarify some of the risks that an investigative leave is intended to protect against by providing several examples of the Nation's resources and interests that may be put at risk if the employee were to remain in the workplace. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(b). 2 O.C. 208.4-1(c)].
 - *Effect.* Identifying the types of allegations and risks that an investigative leave is intended to protect against will make it easier to identify when an investigative leave should be utilized and that in turn will provide greater protections by facilitating a swift response.
- B. *Paid and Unpaid Investigative Leave*. The proposed amendments to the Law eliminate unpaid status for the employee placed on investigative leave for up to forty-five (45) days and provides for them to use their personal and vacation time if the investigative leave extends past forty-five (45) days. [2 O.C. 208.4-2(a). 208.4-2(b)]. Currently, an investigative leave is unpaid unless the employee is placed in an alternate work assignment. [2 O.C. 208.5-5]. The proposed amendments to the Law provide that upon the expiration of forty-five (45) days and the employee's personal and vacation time, all pay, and benefits will stop. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(c))]. The proposed amendments to the law also require the employee to respond to inquiries within twenty-four (24) business hours and if they fail to respond within the twenty-four (24) hour time frame they will immediately be shifted to unpaid status. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(e)]. The proposed amendments to the Law add protections for the employee placed on investigative leave while also balancing the Nation's fiscal responsibilities.
 - Effect. The proposed amendments to the Law prevent undue financial harm to an employee placed on investigative by allowing them to be paid for up to forty-five (45) days and then to use their personal and vacation time after that. Employees placed on investigative will not be paid or retain benefits after the expiration of forty-five (45) days on investigative leave and the exhaustion of the employee's vacation and personal time, or, if the employee does not respond to an inquiry within twenty-four (24) business hours.
- C. Authority to Initiate an Investigative Leave. The proposed amendments to the Law extend the authority to initiate an investigative leave to include the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department. [2 O.C. 208.5-1(a)]. The Law currently only authorizes the supervisor to initiate an investigative leave. [Currently 2 O.C. 208.5-1]. However, the seriousness of an allegation that might justify an investigative leave requires a swift response and the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department or their designee may be in the best position to initiate an investigative leave when the supervisor and their division director are not both readily available. When the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department initiates an investigative leave, they shall provide notice to the employee's supervisor at the same time. The proposed amendments to the Law also clarify that prior to placing an employee on investigative leave a supervisor must secure authorization from both the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department and the

supervisor's division director, if there is no division director, the person at the highest level of the chain of command under the Oneida Business Committee. [2 O.C. 208.5-1(b)].

- Effect. The Executive Director of the Human Resource Department is authorized to initiate an investigative leave and the authorizations that a supervisor must secure prior to initiating an investigative leave are clarified.
- D. Authority to Designate the Individual or Agency to Conduct the Investigation. The proposed amendments to the Law delegate authority to designate the individual or agency to conduct the investigation to the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department and the supervisor, instead of the employee's supervisor and/or area manager. [2 O.C. 208.7-1)]. The proposed amendments to the Law also provide that when the employee being investigated reports directly to the Oneida Business Committee the Equal Employment Officer does not automatically serve as the investigator but may alternatively serve as a liaison to an investigating agency. [2 O.C. 208.7-1].
 - Effect. The Executive Director of the Human Resource Department and the supervisor designate the individual or agency to conduct the investigation. The Equal Employment Officer may conduct an investigation or serve as the liaison to the agency conducting the investigation. These amendments provide greater flexibility and efficiency in designating the individual or agency that is responsible for conducting the investigation.
- E. Alternate Work Assignments. The proposed amendments to the Law eliminate the provision allowing a supervisor to place an employee who is on investigative leave in another position within the Nation. [2 O.C. 208.5-4]. The types of harms that an investigative leave is intended to protect against are serious enough that placing the employee in an alternate work assignment during an investigation may not be prudent.
 - *Effect*. The proposed amendments to the Law completely remove the employee from the workplace which eliminates the potential opportunity to cause harm to the Nation and its resources.
- F. *Initial Employee Notice.* The proposed amendments to the Law expand the requirements that notice to the employee placed on investigative leave must contain. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(a-k)]. The Law currently requires notice to the employee to include: the specific allegations being investigated; the employee is on unpaid status unless placed in an alternative work assignment; the expected length of the investigation; whether the investigation is being forwarded to an outside agency; the telephone number and name of person to contact with questions; the procedure to return to work at the close of the investigation, if applicable; and the employee remains an employee of the Nation. [Currently 2 O.C. 208.6-1(a-f)]. The proposed amendments include the following additional requirements:
 - i. The employee must surrender all property of the Nation pursuant to section 208.9-1(c). [2 O.C. 208.6-1(i)].
 - ii. Clear documentation regarding the status of pay and benefits. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(a-c)].
 - iii. The definition of business hours. The employee is required to respond to inquiries within twenty-four (24) business hours to remain on paid investigative leave within the first forty-five (45) days. Business hours may be different depending on the department and so it is helpful to include that definition in the notice to the employee. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(d)].
 - iv. The employee's responsibilities pursuant to section 208.9. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(k)].

v. The email address of the person the employee may contact if they have questions related to the investigative leave is added to the current disclosure of the name and telephone number. [2 O.C. 208.6-1(h)].

- Effect. The employee placed on investigative leave will have full and clear knowledge of what to expect and what is expected of them during the investigative leave because the requirements for the notice have been expanded to include additional details.
- G. Second Employee Notice. The proposed amendments to the Law move the timing of the second employee notice from fifteen (15) days to thirty-five (35) days. This ensures that the employee receives a timely reminder that their pay status will change from paid to unpaid at forty-five (45) days. [2 O.C. 208.6-2]. Providing a second notice at fifteen days is no longer beneficial as there is no automatic shift in status at fifteen (15) days and the employee has already been notified that the investigative leave may extend forty-five (45) days or more. The Law currently only requires the second notice to inform the employee that the investigation is being extended and the reason for that extension. [Currently 2 O.C. 208.6-2]. The proposed amendments to the Law now require the second notice to the employee contain the following:
 - i. That the employee remains an employee of the Nation. [2 O.C.208.6-2(a)].
 - ii. Clear documentation regarding the cessation of pay and benefits. [2 O.C.208.6-2(b)].
 - iii. The definition of business hours as it pertains to the employee's particular area of employment. [2 O.C.208.6-2(c)].
 - iv. The expected length of the investigation. [2 O.C.208.6-2(d)].
 - v. The telephone number, email address, and name of the person to contact with questions. [2 O.C.208.6-2(e)].
 - vi. The employee's responsibilities pursuant to section 208.9. [2 O.C.208.6-2(f)].
 - *Effect*. The employee placed on investigative leave will have full and timely knowledge of any change in status, what to expect, and what is expected of them while placed on investigative leave because the expanded requirements for notice provide those additional details.
- H. **Reports.** The proposed amendments to the Law provide the employee with a redacted copy of the investigative report, if requested, rather than only if the employee files an appeal. [2 O.C. 208.7-4(c)]. This eliminates any incentive for the employee to file an appeal simply to gain access to the redacted copy of the investigative report.
 - *Effect*. The proposed amendments to the Law provide a redacted copy of the investigative report to the employee who was the subject of the investigation if they request it.
- I. *Corrective Action*. The proposed amendments to the Law include a provision requiring the supervisor to provide written notice to the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department if they choose to take any corrective action which deviates from the recommendation of the investigator(s), and the written notice must provide the justification for the deviation. [2 O.C. 208.7-4(a)(1)]. Currently, the supervisor alone determines the course of disciplinary action and is not required to communicate their chosen course of disciplinary action to the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department or any other employee in their chain of command.
 - Effect. Communication and collaboration are enhanced between the supervisor and the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department by requiring any deviation from the corrective action recommended by the investigator to be justified and shared in writing.

J. Concluding an Investigation. The proposed amendments to the Law clarify the safety standard that must be met in determining when to conclude the investigation. The investigation concludes when it has produced enough verifiable facts and information for the employee's supervisor and the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department to make a reasonable determination on workplace safety and employee status, the determination is recorded in the employee's permanent files, and the employee has either returned from work or separated from their employment with the Nation. [2 O.C. 208.8-1]. The proposed amendments to the Law remove the requirement that an investigative leave closes upon the passing of a certain amount of time. Currently, the law provides that an investigation may last for fifteen (15) days with a possible extension of fifteen (15) days, unless an outside agency is conducting the investigation. [Currently 2 O.C. 208.8-1]. That time based standard is replaced with the requirement that the investigative leave closes when the decision makers have gathered enough information to make a fully informed decision. [2 O.C. 208.8-1].

- Effect. The proposed amendments to the Law prioritize safety over the passing of time as the primary factor to be considered when determining when to conclude an investigation and/or investigative leave.
- K. *Weekly Updates*. The proposed amendments to the Law require either the supervisor or the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer to provide weekly updates on the investigation to the Executive Director of the Human Resource Department. [2 O.C. 208.8-2].
 - Effect. The proposed amendment to the Law ensures that investigations are conducted in the most efficient manner possible by keeping attention on the investigation and documenting progress via weekly updates.
- L. **Surrender of Property of the Nation.** The proposed amendments to the Law expand on and clarify an employee's responsibilities when placed on investigative leave to include the surrender of all property of the Nation. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(b). 208.9-1(c)]. The Law currently does not require an employee placed on investigative leave to surrender all work related property of the Nation during an investigation.
 - *Effect.* The proposed amendments to the Law safeguard the Nation's resources during the investigative leave by removing any property of the Nation from the employee's control.
- M. Worksite Access. An employee placed on investigative leave is prohibited from entering their place of work or worksite. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(a)]. However, the proposed amendments to the Law allow for an exception to be created when appropriate so that the employee may access areas of importance under specific conditions and that information will be included in the notice provided to the employee, if applicable. [2 O.C. 208.9-1(a)(1)].
 - Effect. The employee placed on investigative leave is provided with clear documentation of the conditions to be met if they are to be allowed to enter their worksite for the sole purpose of accessing necessary resources. For example, an employee placed on investigative leave who works at the Oneida Health Center might be allowed to enter their worksite for a doctor's appointment if they meet the conditions provided for in the notice.
- N. *Employee Responsibility to Respond to Inquiries*. The proposed amendments to the Law add a requirement that the employee respond to any inquires within twenty-four (24) business hours. [2 O.C. 208.10-2]. This ensures that an investigation can be concluded as efficiently as possible and differentiates an investigative leave from other types of leaves that an employee may take or be placed on. This Law provides that an employee placed on paid investigative leave who fails to

- respond to an inquiry within twenty-four (24) business hours will lose their paid status. [2 O.C. 208.10-1].
 - *Effect*. An employee placed on paid investigative leave who fails to respond to an inquiry within twenty-four (24) business hours will immediately be shifted to unpaid status.
 - O. *Confidentiality*. The proposed amendments to the Law update confidentiality requirements to prohibit any employee from posting information related to the investigation on social media. [2 O.C. 208.12-1].
 - Effect. Any employee who posts information about the investigation on social media is in violation this Law and is subject to discipline pursuant to the Nation's policies and laws governing employment.

SECTION 6. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

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- A. *Related legislation*. The following laws of the Nation are related to the proposed amendments to this Law:
 - Workplace Violence Law. The purpose of the Workplace Violence law is to provide all Oneida Nation employees and visitors an environment that is free of violence and the threat of violence by establishing the procedures by which incidents of workplace violence shall be addressed. [2 O.C. 223.1-1. 223.1-2].
 - Workplace violence means any intentional act committed by an employee in a workplace that: inflicts, attempts to inflict, or threatens to inflict emotional or bodily harm on another person's; or inflicts, attempts to inflict, or threatens to inflict, damage to property. [2 O.C. 223.3-1(k)].
 - The Workplace Violence law provides that a supervisor may place an employee alleged to be involved in a workplace violence incident on investigative leave, if the supervisor deems the investigative leave necessary and appropriate, in accordance with the Nation's laws, policies and rules governing investigative leave except for the EEO Officer or designee, not the employee's supervisor, shall conduct the investigation of the alleged workplace violence incident. [2 O.C. 223.8-4].
 - The Workplace Violence law provides that allegations of workplace violence may be investigated in accordance with the Investigative Leave Policy. [2 O.C. 223.8-4].
 - The amendments to the Law provide that complaints of alleged workplace violence shall be investigated in accordance with the Nation's Investigative Leave Policy. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(a)].
 - The amendments to the Law explicitly list workplace violence as one of the types of allegations of wrongdoing that warrant an employee being placed on an investigative leave. [2 O.C. 208.4-1(a)(1)].
 - Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures. The purpose of the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures is to provide the Nation's employee related policies and procedures including recruitment, selection, compensation and benefits, employee relations, safety and health, program and enterprise rules and regulations, and record keeping.
 - This Law provides that an employee may appeal any disciplinary action arising out of an investigation in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing employment which is the Oneida Personnel, Policies, and Procedures. [2 O.C. 208.11-1].

- Judiciary Law. The purpose of the Judiciary law is to establish a Judiciary, and to provide for the administration of law, justice, judicial procedures and practices by the Oneida Nation as a sovereign nation by exercising the inherent power to make, execute, apply and enforce its own law, and to apply its own customs and traditions in matters affecting the Oneida people. [8 O.C. 801.1-1].
 - The Judiciary law provides that employment grievances shall be heard in accordance with the Nation's Personnel Policies and Procedures. [8 O.C. 801.4-6(c)].
 - This Law provides that an employee placed on an investigative leave may appeal any disciplinary action arising out of that investigation in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing employment, which includes the right to file an appeal with the Judiciary when supported by the Nation's Personnel, Policies, and Procedures. [2 O.C. 208.11-1].
- Back Pay law. The purpose of the Back Pay law is to set forth standards used in the calculation of back pay for all employees in accordance with the Nation's laws. [2 O.C. 206.1-1].
 - This Law provides that an employee will receive back pay and benefits for anytime the employee was on unpaid investigative leave pursuant to the laws governing back pay if they return to their position at the conclusion of the investigation. [2 O.C. 208.4-2(d)].
- Pardon and Forgiveness law. The purpose of the Pardon and Forgiveness law includes providing a fair, efficient and formal process by which an employee may receive forgiveness for acts that render them ineligible for employment with the Nation; an occupational license, certification or permit issued by the Nation. [1 O.C. 126-1(a)(3)].
 - This Law provides that an employee may appeal any disciplinary action arising out of an investigation in accordance with the Nation's laws and policies governing employment. [2 O.C. 208.11-1].
- Computer Resources Ordinance. The purpose of the Computer Resources Ordinance is to regulate the usage of Nation owned and operated computer resources. [2 O.C. 215.1-1]. The Computer Resources Ordinance includes guidelines for the limited circumstances that an employee may use those resources for personal matters. [2 O.C. 215.7-1].
 - This Law prohibits any employee from posting any information related to the investigation on social media. [2 O.C. 208.12-1].
- Social Media Policy. The purpose of the Social Media Policy is to regulate social media accounts administered on behalf of the Nation or an entity of the Nation. [2 O.C. 218.1-1]. The Social Media Policy does not provide a right for employees to use the internet or social media while at work for personal use. [2 O.C. 218.1-3]. Supervisors retain discretion to permit or prohibit the personal use of the Nation's computers in accordance with the Computer Resources Ordinance. [2 O.C. 218.1-3].
 - This Law prohibits any employee from posting any information related to the investigation on social media. [2 O.C. 208.12-1].

SECTION 7. ENFORCEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. This Law provides that an employee placed on paid investigative leave who fails to respond to an inquiry within twenty-four (24) business hours will lose their paid status, and any employee who violates this Law shall be subject to discipline pursuant to the Nation's law and policies governing employment. [2 O.C. 208.10-1. 208.10-2].

B. The Oneida Judiciary will provide enforcement and accountability in the grievance process. Employees placed on an investigative leave who receive a disciplinary action they believe to be unfair may challenge the action first to the Area Manager and HRD Manager, and then to the Judiciary Trial Court. [Section V.D(6)].

SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- A. *Fiscal Impact*. Under the Legislative Procedures Act, a fiscal impact statement is required for all legislation except emergency legislation [1 O.C. 109.6-1]. Oneida Business Committee resolution BC-10-28-20-A titled, "Further Interpretation of 'Fiscal Impact Statement' in the Legislative Procedures Act," provides further clarification on who the Legislative Operating Committee may direct complete a fiscal impact statement at various stages of the legislative process, as well as timeframes for completing the fiscal impact statement.
 - a. *Conclusion.* A fiscal impact statement has not yet been requested.
- B. Workplace vs. Worksite. The LOC may want to consider whether an employee placed on investigative leave should be prohibited from entering any workplace, as defined in the Law, or just their worksite. Workplace is defined broadly to include "any location owned and operated by the Nation, any location where employees are staffing an event sponsored by the Nation, and any location where an employee represents the Nation..." while worksite, not being defined, is understood as it is used in everyday language which would mean only the employee's place of work. [2 O.C. 208.3-1(e)]. In earlier discussions a prohibition on entering any workplace was supported, but in processing this legislative analysis I realized that the language only restricts access to the worksite. This may have been an oversight on the drafter's part and guidance from the LOC is sought.
 - a. *Conclusion*. The LOC will need to review the use of the term "worksite" and determine if it should be revised to "workplace."





Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365



Legislative Operating Committee July 17, 2024

Environmental Review Law

Submission Date: 3/20/19	Public Meeting: N/A
LOC Sponsor: Kirby Metoxen, Jonas	Emergency Enacted: N/A
Hill	

This item was carried over from the last two terms. The proposal to develop an Environmental Review law was originally added to the Active Files List in March 2019. Victoria Flowers from Environmental, Health, Safety & Land Division requested that an Environmental Review law be developed to establish a consistent process for conducting an environmental review of certain activities' impact to the environment. This law was proposed to be similar to the requirements of the federal government to conduct a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review.

10/4/23 LOC: Motion by Jennifer Webster to add the Environmental Review Law to the Active Files List with Kirby Metoxen and Jonas Hill as the sponsors; seconded by Jonas Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

04/17/24:

Work Meeting. Present: Jameson Wilson, Marlon Skenandore, Jonas Hill, Kirby Metoxen Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Carolyn Salutz, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins. The purpose of this work meeting was for Carolyn to update the LOC on the work that has been done. Carolyn updated the LOC on the email exchanges she has had with Victoria Flowers. The next step will be scheduling a work meeting to review a draft.

06/17/24:

Work Meeting, Present: Kirby Metoxen, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Carolyn Salutz, Kristal Hill, Maureen Perkins, Krystal John, Victoria Flowers, Eric McLester, Fawn Billie, James Snitgen, Mickenna Beach, Anthony Kuchma. The purpose of this work meeting was to review a submitted draft (basically an exact copy of NEPA) and talk about EHSLA's processes and goals for this law. We did not review a draft. The work meeting focused on what the Nation is already doing and already has in place for environmental reviews, the consensus seemed to be that an additional law is not needed, and there are already processes in place. Krystal John will be submitting a memo regarding why this item is no longer needed and then the LOC can review that memo and decide to remove it. '

06/19/2024:

Work Meeting. Present: Kirby Metoxen, Jonas Hill, Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Clorissa Leeman, Grace Elliott, Carolyn Salutz, Kristal Hill (Microsoft Teams), Maureen Perkins (Microsoft Teams). The purpose of this work meeting was to review the memorandum submitted by James Snitgen on behalf of the Environmental, Health, Safety, Land & Agriculture Division regarding the Division's belief that an Environmental Review Law is no longer needed because the Division follows federal guidelines and will soon be clarifying their procedures for land acquisition and management in the Real Property Law. The Legislative Operating Committee accepted the memo and agreed to remove Environmental Review from its Active Files List.

Next Steps:

Accept the memorandum and remove the Environmental Review law from the Active Files



Environmental, Health, Safety, Land & Agriculture Division



TO: Jameson Wilson, LOC Chairperson

FROM: James Snitgen

Date: June 18, 2024

RE: Environmental Law

In the past, the Environmental Department has requested the development of an Environmental law by the Legislative Operating Committee. The request was rooted in a need to gain better consensus within the Nation as to when an environmental review is required aside from the instances where environmental review is required by federal law.

Since the Department requested development of the law, the organization has taken on development of land use processes that clarify the Nation's procedures around the acquisition, use and management of its lands. As part of these procedures, to be codified into rulemaking pursuant to the Real Property law, the timing for environmental reviews is clearly defined. As such, a separate law is no longer needed as the standards for environmental review content are set by federal law (NEPA) which the Nation conforms to for federal and non-federal environmental reviews alike.

Accordingly, the Environmental Department hereby requests the Environmental Law be removed from the LOC's active files list.



Oneida Nation

Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



AGENDA REQUEST FORM

1)	Request Date:			
2)) Contact Person(s):			
	Dept:			
	Phone Number:Email:			
3)	Agenda Title:			
4)	Detailed description of the item and the reason/justification it is being brought before the LOC:			
	List any supporting materials included and submitted with the Agenda Request Form			
	3)			
	2) 4)			
5)	Please list any laws, policies or resolutions that might be affected:			
6)	Please list all other departments or person(s) you have brought your concern to:			
7)	Do you consider this request urgent?			
	If yes, please indicate why:			
	indersigned, have reviewed the attached materials, and understand that they are subject to action by gislative Operating Committee.			
Signatu	are of Requester:			

Please send this form and all supporting materials to:

LOC@oneidanation.org

Legislative Operating Committee (LOC) P.O. Box 365

Oneida, WI 54155 Phone 920-869-4376



Oneida Nation

Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



AGENDA REQUEST FORM

1)	Request Date: June 26, 2024			
2)	Contact Person(s): Clorissa N. Leeman			
	Dept: Legislative Reference Office			
	Phone Number: (920) 869-4417 Email: cleeman@oneidanation.org			
3)	Agenda Title: Petition: L. Blackowl - New Recreation/Community Center Build			
4)	4) Detailed description of the item and the reason/justification it is being brought before the LC			
	On 6/26/24 the OBC acknowledged the receipt of this petition and			
	directed that the LRO complete a SOE with status updates to be			
	submitted for the 7/24/24 OBC meeting and the first OBC meeting of the			
	month thereafter or until final documents are submitted.			
	List any supporting materials included and submitted with the Agenda Request Form			
	1) Excerpt from the draft 6/26/24 OBC Meeting Minutes 3)			
	2) For petition materials please see the Members Only portion of the website. 4)			
	²)			
5)	Discontinuo de la constanta de			
5)	Please list any laws, policies or resolutions that might be affected: Budget and Finances Law			
6)	Please list all other departments or person(s) you have brought your concern to:			
7)	Do you consider this request urgent? ■Yes □ No			
"	If yes, please indicate why:			
	Resolution GTC-01-19-21-A requires all petitions to be presented to GTC within 180 days of receipt.			
	<u></u>			
	ndersigned, have reviewed the attached materials, and understand that they are subject to action by islative Operating Committee.			
_				
Signatu	re of Requester:			
	re of Requester:			

Please send this form and all supporting materials to:

LOC@oneidanation.org

Legislative Operating Committee (LOC)P.O. Box 365

Oneida, WI 54155 Phone 920-869-4376

DRAFT

XI. GENERAL TRIBAL COUNCIL

A. PETITIONER LINDSEY BLACKOWL - New Recreation/Community Center build # 2024-02

1. Approve three (3) requested actions regarding petition # 2024-02 (00:41:54) Sponsor: Lisa Liggins, Secretary

Motion by Lisa Liggins to acknowledge receipt of the petition # 2024-02 from Lindsey Blackowl regarding New Recreation/Community Center build; to direct the BC Direct Report Offices to complete and submit their administrative impact statements of the petition to the Tribal Secretary mailbox by July 17, 2024; to direct the Law, Finance, and Legislative Reference Offices to complete respectively, the legal review, fiscal impact statement, and statement of effect with status updates to be submitted for the July 24, 2024, regular Business Committee meeting agenda and the first BC meeting of the month thereafter or until the final documents are submitted, seconded by Lawrence Barton. Motion carried:

Ayes: Lawrence Barton, Lisa Liggins, Kirby Metoxen, Brandon Yellowbird-

Stevens

Not Present: Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Jameson Wilson

Motion by Lisa Liggins to extend the public comment period for Lindsey Blackowl for an additional two (2) minutes, seconded by Lawrence Barton. Motion carried:

Ayes: Lawrence Barton, Lisa Liggins, Kirby Metoxen, Brandon Yellowbird-

Stevens

Not Present: Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Jameson Wilson

XII. EXECUTIVE SESSION

A. REPORTS

1. Accept the Chief Counsel report (01:03:14)

Sponsor: Jo Anne House, Chief Counsel

Motion by Brandon Yellowbird-Stevens to accept the Chief Counsel report, seconded by Lawrence Barton. Motion carried:

Ayes: Lawrence Barton, Lisa Liggins, Kirby Metoxen, Brandon Yellowbird-

Stevens

Not Present: Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Jameson Wilson

Motion by Brandon Yellowbird-Stevens to approve attorney contract - Hobbs, Strauss, Dean and Walker - file # 2024-0732, seconded by Lisa Liggins. Motion carried:

Ayes: Lawrence Barton, Lisa Liggins, Kirby Metoxen, Brandon Yellowbird-

Stevens

Not Present: Jonas Hill, Marlon Skenandore, Jennifer Webster, Jameson Wilson

July 1, 2024, Legislative Operating Committee E-Poll Approval of the Computer Resources Ordinance Amendments Public Meeting Packet

E-POLL REQUEST: Approval of the Computer Resources Ordinance Amendments Public Meeting Packet



Good Morning Legislative Operating Committee,

This e-mail serves as the e-poll for the approval of the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments public meeting packet.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Legislative Operating Committee is currently developing amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance to:

- Revise the title and references throughout the Law from "computer resources" to "technology resources."
- Clarify that users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate no matter in what location the user utilizes the technology resources of the Nation.
- Clarify that it shall not be deemed an inappropriate use for a user to share information or evidence regarding the inappropriate use of another user if reporting the inappropriate use in accordance with the proper reporting structure.
- Clarify that any standard operating procedure defining excessive use of technology resources for any user that is an employee of the Nation is required to be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation.
- Include a new provision in which DTS is delegated rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law to promulgate rules to govern technology resources of the Nation.

On May 15, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Computer Resources Ordinance to its Active Files List. On June 5, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the draft of the proposed amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance and directed that a legislative analysis be developed. On June 19, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the legislative analysis of the proposed amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance.

The Legislative Operating Committee is now ready to schedule a public meeting for the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments. The public meeting will take place on Wednesday, August 21, 2024, at 12:15 p.m. in the Norbert Hill Center's Business Committee Conference Room and on Microsoft Teams. A public comment period will be held open until Wednesday, August 28, 2024, for the submission of written comments.

An e-poll is necessary for this matter because the July 3, 2024, Legislative Operating Committee meeting has been canceled, and immediate action is required by Legislative Operating Committee to approve the

public meeting materials so the public meeting notice may be submitted to the Kalihwisaks for the July 3, 2024 submission deadline.

REQUESTED ACTION

Approve the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments public meeting packet and forward the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments to a public meeting to be held on August 21, 2024.

DEADLINE FOR RESPONSE

July 2, 2024 at 10:00 a.m.

All supporting documentation has been attached to this email for your convenience.



A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire

E-POLL RESULTS:

The e-poll was approved by Jennifer Webster, Jonas Hill, Jameson Wilson, and Kirby Metoxen. Marlon Skenandore is on a personal leave and therefore did not provide a response.





ONEIDA NATION PUBLIC MEETING NOTICE WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21 2024, 12:15 pm

Norbert Hill Center-Business Committee Conference Room N7210 Seminary Rd., Oneida, Wisconsin

Find Public Meeting Materials at

Oneida-nsn.gov/government/register/public meetings

Send Public Comments to

LOC@oneidanation.org

Ask Questions here

LOC@oneidanation.org



COMPUTER RESOURCES ORDINANCE AMENDMENTS

The purpose of the Computer Resources Ordinance is to regulate the usage of technology resources and processed data owned and operated by the Nation.

The Computer Resources Ordinance amendments will:

- Revise the title and references throughout the Law from "computer resources" to "technology resources."
- Clarify that users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate no matter in what location the user utilizes the technology resources of the Nation.
- Clarify that it shall not be deemed an inappropriate use for a user to share information or evidence regarding the inappropriate use of another user if reporting the inappropriate use in accordance with the proper reporting structure.
- Clarify that any standard operating procedure defining excessive use of technology resources for any user that is an employee of the Nation is required to be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation.
- Include a new provision in which DTS is delegated rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law to promulgate rules to govern technology resources of the Nation.

Individuals may attend the public meeting for the proposed Computer Resources Ordinance amendments in person at the Norbert Hill Center, or virtually through Microsoft Teams. If you attend the public meeting through Microsoft Teams LOC@oneidanation.org.

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD CLOSES WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 2024

During the public comment period, anyone may submit written comments, questions or input. Comments may be submitted to the Oneida Nation Secretary's Office or the Legislative Reference Office in person, by U.S. mail, interoffice mail, or e-mail.



For more information on the proposed Computer Resources Ordinance amendments please review the public meeting packet at oneida-nsn.gov/government/register/public meetings.



COMPUTER RESOURCES ORDINANCE AMENDMENTS LEGISLATIVE ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office			
Intent of the Proposed Amendments	 Revise the title and references throughout the Law from "computer resources" to "technology resources." Clarify that users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate no matter in what location the user utilizes the technology resources of the Nation. [2 O.C. 215.5-1]. Clarify that it shall not be deemed an inappropriate use for a user to share information or evidence regarding the inappropriate use of another user if reporting the inappropriate use in accordance with the proper reporting structure. [2 O.C. 215.5-2]. Clarify that any standard operating procedure defining excessive use of technology resources for any user that is an employee of the Nation is required to be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation. [2 O.C. 215.7-1(a)]. Include a new provision in which DTS is delegated rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law to promulgate 		
Purpose	The purpose of this law is to regulate the usage of technology resources and processed data owned and operated by the Nation. [2 O.C. 215.1-1].		
Affected Entities	DTS, employees, independent contractor personnel, interns, members of boards, committees or commissions, volunteers, guests, and visitors		
Public Meeting	A public meeting has been scheduled for August 21, 2024.		
Fiscal Impact	A fiscal impact statement has not yet been requested.		

SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- **A.** *Background*. The Computer Resources Ordinance was originally adopted by the Oneida Business Committee in 2004 through resolution BC-09-29-04-B. The purpose of the Computer Resources Ordinance is to regulate the usage of technology resources and processed data owned and operated by the Nation. [2 O.C. 215.1-1]. It is the policy of the Nation to provide its community and employees access to the tools necessary to participate in a technological society. [2 O.C. 210.1-2].
- **B.** Request for Amendments. On the April 30, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee received a request from Shane Hill, Manager of Digital Security with the Digital Technology Services (DTS), to consider amendments to this law to include a delegation of rulemaking authority to DTS so DTS has the ability to promulgate rules to support and enforce the Computer Resources Ordinance. The Legislative Operating Committee added the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments to its Active Files List on May 15, 2024.

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SECTION 3. CONSULTATION AND OUTREACH

- A. Representatives from the following departments or entities participated in the development of the amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance and this legislative analysis:
 - DTS
- **B.** The following laws were reviewed in the drafting of this analysis:
 - Administrative Rulemaking law; and
 - Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures.

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SECTION 4. PROCESS

- **A.** The development of the proposed amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance complies with the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA).
 - On May 15, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Computer Resources Ordinance to its Active Files List.
 - On June 5, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the draft of the proposed amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance and directed that a legislative analysis be developed.
 - On June 19, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee approved the legislative analysis of the proposed amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance.
- **B.** At the time this legislative analysis was developed the following work meetings had been held regarding the development of the amendments to the Computer Resources Ordinance:
 - May 31, 2024: LOC work session with DTS.

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SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- **A.** Computer to Technology Resources. The proposed amendments to the Law change the title and references throughout the Law from "computer resources" to "technology resources." Technology resources is defined as any tools, systems, and applications that use technology to fulfill their purposes. [2 O.C. 215.3-1(e)]. The Law provides that technology resources may include, but are not limited to, computers, tablets, telephones, facsimile machines, photocopiers, networks, virtual applications, and software, such as internet connectivity and access to internet services and electronic mail. Id.
 - Effect. The revised title sand references throughout the Law are more inclusive of the fact that the
 Nation uses many different forms of technology beyond just computers, and the amendments
 demonstrate that the Law should apply to all technology used within the Nation, not just computers.
- **B.** Location of Inappropriate Personal Use. Currently, the Law provides that users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate. [2 O.C. 215.5-1]. The proposed amendments to the Law add in clarification that users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate no matter in what location the user utilizes the technology resources of the Nation. Id.
 - Effect. The proposed amendments to the Law recognize that the same expectations apply even though some users of the Nation may be using technology resources of the Nation from a variety of locations, especially with the ability for some employees of the Nation to telecommute.
- C. *Reporting Inappropriate Use*. The proposed amendments to the Law add in a new section that clarifies that it shall not be deemed an inappropriate use for a user to share information or evidence regarding

- the inappropriate use of another user if reporting the inappropriate use in accordance with the proper reporting structure. [2 O.C. 215.5-2].
 - Effect. The Legislative Operating Committee intended that this new provision to the Law make it very clear that a user who may forward on or share information or evidence regarding the inappropriate use of another use will not be found to be engaging in an inappropriate use if using the information or evidence to report the inappropriate use of another use in accordance with the proper reporting structure.
 - **D.** Development of Standard Operating Procedures. Currently the Law provides that supervisors are authorized to develop standard operating procedures defining excessive use for users subject to the Nation's personnel policies and procedures and who are under the supervisor's authority. [2 O.C. 215.7-1(a)]. The proposed amendments to the Law add further clarification into the Law by providing that supervisors are authorized to develop standard operating procedures defining excessive use of technology resources for any user that is an employee of the Nation and subject to the supervisor's authority, in addition to the fact that any standard operating procedure is required to be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation. Id.
 - Effect. The proposed amendment to the Law clarifies that any standard operating procedure developed by a supervisor needs to be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation. It is important that there is consistency throughout the laws, rules, and standard operating procedures of the Nation and that no conflicts exist between the various levels of regulations.
 - **E.** *Delegation of Administrative Rulemaking Authority*. The proposed amendments to the Law add in a new provision in which DTS is delegated rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law to promulgate rules to govern technology resources of the Nation. [2 O.C. 215.9-1].
 - Effect. The Administrative Rulemaking law provides that only authorized agencies may promulgate rules once they are granted rulemaking authority by a law of the Nation. [1 O.C. 106.4-1]. This new provision of the Law delegates DTS rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law. This delegation of rulemaking authority will allow DTS to develop rules to best govern the technology resources of the Nation.

SECTION 6. EXISTING LEGISLATION

- **A.** References to the Other Laws of the Nation. The following laws of the Nation are referenced in the Computer Resources Ordinance.
 - Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures. The purpose of the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures is to provide for the Nation's employee related policies and procedures including recruitment, selection, compensation and benefits, employee relations, safety and health, program and enterprise rules and regulations, and record keeping.
 - This Law provides that employee violations of this law are subject to discipline in accordance with the Nation's laws governing employment. [2 O.C. 215.10-3].
 - Any disciplinary action against an employee for a violation of the Computer Resources
 Ordinance is required to be conducted in accordance with the Oneida Personnel Policies
 and Procedures.
 - Administrative Rulemaking Law. The Administrative Rulemaking law provides an efficient, effective, and democratic process for enacting and revising administrative rules, to ensure that authorized agencies act in a responsible and consistent manner when enacting and revising administrative rules. [1 O.C. 106.1-2].

- This Law delegates rulemaking authority to DTS to promulgate rules to govern technology resources of the Nation. [2 O.C. 215.9-1].
 - Any rules promulgated by DTS are required to be developed in accordance with the process and procedures of the Administrative Rulemaking law.
- **B.** Other Laws that Reference the Computer Resources Ordinance. The following laws of the Nation reference the Computer Resources Ordinance. The proposed amendments to the Law do not conflict with any of the referenced laws.
 - Social Media Policy. The Social Media Policy regulates social media accounts, including a social networking web page, blog or microblog, that is administered on behalf of the Tribe or a Tribal entity. [2 O.C. 218.1-1].
 - The Social Media Policy is not intended to provide a right for employees to use the internet or social media while at work for personal use. [2 O.C. 218.1-3]. Supervisors retain discretion to permit or prohibit the personal use of computers in accordance with the Computer Resources Ordinance. Id.
 - Boards, Committees, and Commissions Law. The Boards, Committees, and Commissions law governs boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation, including the procedures regarding the appointment and election of persons to boards, committees and commissions, creation of bylaws, maintenance of official records, compensation, and other items related to boards, committees and commissions [1 O.C. 105.1-1].
 - The Boards, Committees, and Commissions law provides that a member of an entity shall sign an acknowledgment form provided by the Nation's Secretary indicating notice of the Nation's applicable computer and media related laws, policies and rules. [1 O.C. 105.14-3(d)].

SECTION 7. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- A. Fiscal Impact. Under the Legislative Procedures Act, a fiscal impact statement is required for all legislation except emergency legislation [1 O.C. 109.6-1]. Oneida Business Committee resolution BC-10-28-20-A titled, "Further Interpretation of 'Fiscal Impact Statement' in the Legislative Procedures Act," provides further clarification on who the Legislative Operating Committee may direct complete a fiscal impact statement at various stages of the legislative process, as well as timeframes for completing the fiscal impact statement.
 - Conclusion. The Legislative Operating Committee has not yet directed that a fiscal impact statement be completed.

Title 2. Employment – Chapter 215 COMPUTERTECHNOLOGY RESOURCES-ORDINANCE

215.1	Purpose and Policy	215.7	Limitations on Use
215.2	Adoption, Amendment, Repeal	215.8	Computer Technology Resources Acknowledgment
215.3	Definitions		Form
215.4	Acceptable Use		
215.5	Inappropriate Personal Use	215.9	Administrative Rulemaking Authority
215.6	Privacy	215. 9 10	Violations

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215.1 Purpose and Policy.

215.1-1. Purpose. The purpose of this policylaw is to regulate the usage of Triballytechnology resources and processed data owned and operated computer resources by the Nation.

215.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the TribeNation to provide its community and employees access to the tools necessary to participate in a technological society. Allowing limited personal use of these tools helps enhance the quality of the workplace and helps the TribeNation to retain highly qualified and skilled workers and officials, as well as to develop the technological skills of the community. Pursuant to this law, users are permitted limited use of Tribal computertechnology resources of the Nation for personal needs if the use does not interfere with the authorized duties of the user or official business of the TribeNation.

- (a) This law does not create a right to use Tribal computertechnology resources of the Nation for personal use.
- (b) This law in no way limits use of computertechnology resources to fulfill authorized duties.

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215.2 Adoption, Amendment, Repeal.

215.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-Resolution #-0 9-29-04-B and effective immediately upon passage of that amended by resolution.— BC-

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215.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee in accordance withor the Oneida legislative and administrative General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.

215.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

215.2-4. All other Oneida laws, policies, regulations, rules, resolutions, motions and all other similar actions which are inconsistent with this law are hereby repealed unless specifically reenacted after adoption of this law. Specifically, the following resolution is repealed by this law: BC-3-3-99-A (Adoption of Computer Resources Acceptable Use Policy). In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall

33 control.

34 215.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of 35 Wisconsin Nation.

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215.3 Definitions.

215.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. -All 2 O.C. 215 – Page 1

- words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
 - (a) AComputer Resources means Tribally owned personal computers, networks, and software, including Internet connectivity and access to internet services and electronic mail (e-mail). Limitations and monitoring of computer resources may also include, peripheral equipment, such as personal digital assistants (PDAs), telephones, facsimile machines, and photocopiers, only to the extent that the peripheral equipment is used in conjunction with Tribal personal computers and software.
 - (b) AEmployee≅ means an individual employed by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.

 (a) "Employee" means any individual who is employed by the Nation but does not include elected or appointed officials or individuals employed by a corporation chartered by the Nation.
- 50 (b) "DTS" means the Digital Technology Services.
- (c) AMIS≅"Nation" means the Oneida Management Information Systems Department.
 Nation.
 - (d) A "Personal Use use" means computer any technology resource use that is conducted for purposes other than accomplishing an authorized activity or official business of the Tribe Nation.
 - (e) ATribe≅ means the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.
 - (f) AUser means all those who use the Tribal computer resources(e) "Technology Resources" means any tools, systems, and applications that use technology to fulfill their purposes. Technology resources may include, but are not limited to, computers, tablets, telephones, facsimile machines, photocopiers, networks, virtual applications, and software, such as internet connectivity and access to internet services and electronic mail.
 - (f) "User" means any individual who uses the technology resources of the Nation, including but not limited to employees, independent contractor personnel, interns, members of boards, committees or commissions, volunteers, guests, and visitors.

215.4 Acceptable Use.

- 215.4-1. Users may utilize computertechnology resources for authorized activities.
- 215.4-2. Users may engage in personal use of <u>computertechnology</u> resources when such use does not interfere with the mission or operations of the entity in control of the resources and does not violate applicable <u>personnel policies and laws</u>, <u>rules</u>, <u>or standard operating</u> procedures <u>of the Nation</u>.
- 72 215.4-3. Employees may engage in limited personal use of <u>computertechnology</u> resources <u>if</u> the usage does not violate section 215.5-1 <u>of the law</u> or standards enacted pursuant to section 215.7-1 <u>of the law</u>.

215.5 Inappropriate Personal Use.

- 215.5-1. Users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using Tribal computertechnology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate. no matter in what location the user utilizes the technology resources of the Nation. Misuse or inappropriate personal use of Tribal computertechnology resources of the Nation includes:
 - (a) Any personal use that could cause congestion, delay, or disruption of service to the

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- network. For example This may include, but is not limited to, downloading video, sound or other large file attachments that can degrade performance of the entire network.
- 84 85 86
- (b) The creation, copying, transmission, or retransmission of chain letters or unauthorized mass mailings regardless of the subject matter. An unauthorized mass mailing is a mailing sent to fifty (50) or more addresses without the permission of the employee-semployee's supervisor.

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(c) Using Tribal computertechnology resources of the Nation for activities that are illegal.

89 90 (d) Using Tribal computertechnology resources of the Nation for activities that are offensive to fellow users. -Such activities include:, but are not limited to, hate speech, or material that ridicules another individual on the basis of race, creed, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, or sexual orientation.

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(e) The creation, download, viewing, storage, copying, or transmission of sexually explicit or sexually oriented materials.

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(f) Posting unauthorized information to external newsgroups, bulletin boards, or other public forums.

97 98 (g) The unauthorized acquisition, use, reproduction, transmission, or distribution of any controlled information including computer software and data, that includes, copyrighted, trade marked or material with other intellectual property rights—, beyond fair use), or proprietary data.

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(h) Unauthorized use of another user—suser's password or account.

102 103 (i) Excessive personal use of the internet pursuant to section 215.7-1-(a) of this law.

(i) Maintenance of a private business without proper authorization. (k) Transmission of computer viruses or other malicious code.

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215.5-2. It shall not be deemed an inappropriate use for a user to share information or evidence regarding the inappropriate use of another user if reporting the inappropriate use in accordance with the proper reporting structure.

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215.6 Privacy.

110 111 112 215.6-1. All activities on computerusing technology resources of the Nation may be monitored, intercepted, recorded, read, copied, or captured by MISDTS to ensure user compliance with this ordinance. law. Use of computertechnology resources, authorized or unauthorized, constitutes consent to this monitoring, interception, recording, reading, copying, or capturing.

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215.6-2. This policylaw in no way creates a right to privacy in computertechnology resource usage.— Users should not expect privacy in their usage, including accessing personal e-mail, brokerage, credit card, and bank accounts through the internet.

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215.7 Limitations on Use.

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 - 215.7-1. The privilege to use Tribal computer the technology resources of the Nation for personal use may be revoked or limited. -If the user is subject to the Tribe=s personnel policies Nation's laws and procedures rules governing employment, the supervisor may revoke or limit the privileges of that user.

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(a) Supervisors are hereby authorized to develop standard operating procedures defining excessive use for users of technology resources for any user that is an employee of the Nation and subject to the Tribe-s personnel policies and procedures and who are under the supervisor-supervisor's authority. These Any standard operating procedure shall be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation. The standard operating procedures may also establish the appropriate times to use computer technology resources for personal use. -Supervisors must shall provide adequate notice of the terms of those any standard operating procedures to all individuals covered by such procedures.

(b) Tribal entities, agencies, or departments that provide <u>computertechnology</u> resources to community members or to the public may adopt usage policies not inconsistent with this <u>ordinance</u>law or rules developed in accordance with this law.

215.8 Computer Technology Resources Acknowledgment Form.

215.8-1. Users shall receive a copy of the Computer Technology Resources Ordinance law and Computer Resources Acknowledgment technology resources acknowledgment form. All users shall sign the Acknowledgment Formacknowledgment form in order to gain or continue access to computer technology resources.—of the Nation.

215.9 Administrative Rulemaking Authority.

215.9-1. DTS shall be delegated rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law to promulgate rules to govern technology resources of the Nation.

215.10 Violations.

215.910-1. Violations of the law <u>or any rule adopted in accordance with this law</u> may result in limitation on use of or a loss of access to the <u>computertechnology</u> resources. <u>of the Nation</u>.

215.9<u>10</u>-2. The <u>Oneida TribeNation</u> reserves the right to advise law enforcement officials of suspected <u>crimeillegal activity</u> found within a <u>user-s computeruser's technology</u> resources and provide them such resources as evidence.

215.9<u>10</u>-3. Employee violations of this law are subject to the Oneida Tribes progressive disciplinary policies contained in the Tribes personnel policies and procedures, up to and including termination. discipline in accordance with the Nations laws governing employment.

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End.

Emergency Adopted — BC#3-03-24-04-A (Emergency Adoption)
Adopted — BC#9-09-29-04-B (Permanent Adoption)

161 <u>Amended – BC- - - -</u>

Title 2. Employment – Chapter 215 TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

215.1	Purpose and Policy	215.6	Privacy
215.2	Adoption, Amendment, Repeal	215.7	Limitations on Use
215.3	Definitions	215.8	Technology Resources Acknowledgment Form
215.4	Acceptable Use	215.9	Administrative Rulemaking Authority
215.5	Inappropriate Personal Use	215.10	Violations

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215.1 Purpose and Policy.

- 215.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to regulate the usage of technology resources and processed data owned and operated by the Nation.
- 215.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the Nation to provide its community and employees access to the tools necessary to participate in a technological society. Allowing limited personal use of these tools helps enhance the quality of the workplace and helps the Nation to retain highly qualified and skilled workers and officials, as well as to develop the technological skills of the community. Pursuant to this law, users are permitted limited use of technology resources of the Nation for personal needs if the use does not interfere with the authorized duties of the user or official business of the Nation.
 - (a) This law does not create a right to use technology resources of the Nation for personal use.
 - (b) This law in no way limits use of technology resources to fulfill authorized duties.

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215.2 Adoption, Amendment, Repeal.

- 215.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-0 9-29-04-B and amended by resolution BC- - .
- 215.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida
 General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 21 215.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances be 22 held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered to 23 have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 24 215.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall control.
 - 215.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

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215.3 Definitions.

- 215.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
 - (a) "Employee" means any individual who is employed by the Nation but does not include elected or appointed officials or individuals employed by a corporation chartered by the Nation.
 - (b) "DTS" means the Digital Technology Services.
 - (c) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
 - (d) "Personal use" means any technology resource use that is conducted for purposes other than accomplishing an authorized activity or official business of the Nation.
 - (e) "Technology Resources" means any tools, systems, and applications that use technology to fulfill their purposes. Technology resources may include, but are not limited to, computers,

- tablets, telephones, facsimile machines, photocopiers, networks, virtual applications, and software, such as internet connectivity and access to internet services and electronic mail.
 - (f) "User" means any individual who uses the technology resources of the Nation, including but not limited to employees, independent contractor personnel, interns, members of boards, committees or commissions, volunteers, guests, and visitors.

215.4 Acceptable Use.

- 215.4-1. Users may utilize technology resources for authorized activities.
- 215.4-2. Users may engage in personal use of technology resources when such use does not interfere with the mission or operations of the entity in control of the resources and does not violate applicable laws, rules, or standard operating procedures of the Nation.
- 215.4-3. Employees may engage in limited personal use of technology resources if the usage does not violate section 215.5-1 of the law or standards enacted pursuant to section 215.7-1 of the law.

215.5 Inappropriate Personal Use.

- 215.5-1. Users are expected to conduct themselves professionally and to refrain from using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are inappropriate no matter in what location the user utilizes the technology resources of the Nation. Misuse or inappropriate personal use of technology resources of the Nation includes:
 - (a) Any personal use that could cause congestion, delay, or disruption of service to the network. This may include, but is not limited to, downloading video, sound or other large file attachments that can degrade performance of the entire network.
 - (b) The creation, copying, transmission, or retransmission of chain letters or unauthorized mass mailings regardless of the subject matter. An unauthorized mass mailing is a mailing sent to fifty (50) or more addresses without the permission of the employee's supervisor.
 - (c) Using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are illegal.
 - (d) Using technology resources of the Nation for activities that are offensive to fellow users. Such activities include, but are not limited to, hate speech, or material that ridicules another individual on the basis of race, creed, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, or sexual orientation.
 - (e) The creation, download, viewing, storage, copying, or transmission of sexually explicit or sexually oriented materials.
 - (f) Posting unauthorized information to external newsgroups, bulletin boards, or other public forums.
 - (g) The unauthorized acquisition, use, reproduction, transmission, or distribution of any controlled information including software and data, that includes, copyrighted, trade marked or material with other intellectual property rights, beyond fair use, or proprietary data.
 - (h) Unauthorized use of another user's password or account.
 - (i) Excessive personal use of the internet pursuant to section 215.7-1(a) of this law.
 - (i) Maintenance of a private business without proper authorization.
 - (k) Transmission of computer viruses or other malicious code.
- 215.5-2. It shall not be deemed an inappropriate use for a user to share information or evidence regarding the inappropriate use of another user if reporting the inappropriate use in accordance with the proper reporting structure.

215.6 Privacy.

215.6-1. All activities using technology resources of the Nation may be monitored, intercepted, recorded, read, copied, or captured by DTS to ensure user compliance with this law. Use of technology resources, authorized or unauthorized, constitutes consent to this monitoring, interception, recording, reading, copying, or capturing.

215.6-2. This law in no way creates a right to privacy in technology resource usage. Users should not expect privacy in their usage, including accessing personal e-mail, brokerage, credit card, and bank accounts through the internet.

215.7 Limitations on Use.

- 215.7-1. The privilege to use the technology resources of the Nation for personal use may be revoked or limited. If the user is subject to the Nation's laws and rules governing employment, the supervisor may revoke or limit the privileges of that user.
 - (a) Supervisors are hereby authorized to develop standard operating procedures defining excessive use of technology resources for any user that is an employee of the Nation and subject to the supervisor's authority. Any standard operating procedure shall be developed in accordance with all other laws and rules of the Nation. The standard operating procedures may also establish the appropriate times to use technology resources for personal use. Supervisors shall provide adequate notice of the terms of any standard operating procedures to all individuals covered by such procedures.
 - (b) Tribal entities, agencies, or departments that provide technology resources to community members or to the public may adopt usage policies not inconsistent with this law or rules developed in accordance with this law.

215.8 Technology Resources Acknowledgment Form.

215.8-1. Users shall receive a copy of the Technology Resources law and technology resources acknowledgment form. All users shall sign the acknowledgment form in order to gain or continue access to technology resources of the Nation.

215.9 Administrative Rulemaking Authority.

215.9-1. DTS shall be delegated rulemaking authority in accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law to promulgate rules to govern technology resources of the Nation.

215.10 Violations.

- 215.10-1. Violations of the law or any rule adopted in accordance with this law may result in limitation on use of or a loss of access to the technology resources of the Nation.
- 215.10-2. The Nation reserves the right to advise law enforcement officials of suspected illegal activity found within a user's technology resources and provide them such resources as evidence.
- 215.10-3. Employee violations of this law are subject to discipline in accordance with the Nations laws governing employment.

End.

128 Emergency Adopted – BC-03-24-04-A 129 Adopted – BC-09-29-04-B 130 Amended – BC-_--_--131



Oneida Nation
Oneida Business Committee
Legislative Operating Committee
PO Box 365 • Oneida, W15412-036



Legislative Operating Committee Fiscal Year 2024 Third Quarter Report April 2024 – June 2024

Legislative Operating Committee Guiding Principles

The Legislative Operating Committee set forth the following guiding principles to provide clarity and direction on the Legislative Operating Committee's legislative efforts during the 2023-2026 legislative term:

- Re-indigenize our legislative foundation with Tsi? Niyukwaliho Tλ.
- Build an effective team through collaboration with departments, communities, and affected entities.
- Enhance community involvement through outreach and communication.
- Exercise our sovereignty through the development of community focused laws that promote Tsi? Niyukwaliho Tλ.
- Create a strategy driven agenda reflecting Oneida community values that align with the Oneida Business Committee's Strategic Plan.

Legislative Operating Committee Action on Legislative Requests

During the FY24 Third Quarter the Legislative Operating Committee added twelve (12) legislative items to its Active Files List. The Legislative Operating Committee denied no legislative items during the FY24 Third Quarter.

On April 3, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the GTC Government Participation GWE law, Petition: C. Kestell- Address Housing Issues/Veterans Home Loan Program, and the Renewable Energy law to the Active Files List.

On May 1, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Culturally Significant Event Participation Program law and the Oneida Nation School Board bylaws amendments to the Active Files List.

On May 15, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments and the Vehicle Driver Certification and Fleet Management law amendments to the Active Files List.

On June 5, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Oneida Life Insurance Plan law amendments and the Uniform Commercial Code to the Active Files List.

On June 19, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee added the Vendor Licensing law amendments, Independent Contractor Policy amendments, and the Oneida Travel and Expense Policy repeal to the Active Files List.

FY24 Third Quarter Legislative Accomplishments

The Legislative Operating Committee brought forward no legislative items for adoption or amendment during the FY24 Third Quarter.

FY24 Third Quarter Administrative Accomplishments

During the FY24 Third Quarter the Legislative Operating Committee collaborated with the Oneida Law Office and the Government Administrative Office to address how bylaws would be processed in the future. Moving forward, the Government Administrative Office and the board, committee, or commission's assigned attorney from the Oneida Law Office will assist in developing amendments to bylaws. This change in process will allow bylaw amendments to be directly placed on an Oneida Business Committee meeting agenda for approval. This means the Legislative Operating Committee will no longer process amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation, which should streamline the amendment process. All nine (9) bylaws amendments currently on the Active Files List were removed from the Legislative Operating Committee's Active Files List on May 15, 2024.

FY24 Third Quarter Community Outreach Efforts

Focusing on its guiding principle to enhance community involvement through outreach and communication, during the FY24 Third Quarter the Legislative Operating Committee held the following three (3) community outreach events:

- April 2, 2024: Community work session on the Eviction and Termination law amendments;
- June 4, 2024: Community meeting on the Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law amendments and the Guardianship law; and
- June 19, 2024: Community meeting on the Eviction and Termination law amendments.

On April 2, 2024, from 12:00 p.m. through 1:30 p.m. the Legislative Operating Committee held a community work session on the Eviction and Termination law amendments in the Norbert Hill Center's cafeteria as well as on Microsoft Teams. The purpose of this community work session was to read through the Eviction and Termination law line-by-line and collect comments, questions, or suggestions for how to potentially amend the language included in the law. Approximately thirty-seven (37) people participated in this community work session.

On June 4, 2024, from 5:30 p.m. through 7:30 p.m. the Legislative Operating Committee held a community meeting in the Norbert Hill Center's cafeteria. Topics discussed during the community meeting included brief overview of the legislative process as well as a discussion of Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law amendments and the development of a new Guardianship law. The purpose of this community meeting was to provide an opportunity for open discussion in which

people could share comments, questions, or suggestions on potential issues and amendments that should be addressed regarding the topics discussed. Approximately thirty (30) people participated in this community meeting.

On June 19, 2024, from 5:30 p.m. through 7:30 p.m. the Legislative Operating Committee held a community meeting focused on the Eviction and Termination law in the Norbert Hill Center's cafeteria in collaboration with the Comprehensive Housing Division. During this community meeting the Comprehensive Housing Division provided an informational presentation on how evictions and terminations are currently handled, and then the Legislative Operating Committee presented on potential amendments to the Eviction and Termination law that would comply with the February 25, 2024, GTC directive to remove the words alleged and allegations from the law. The community meeting also included time for open discussion on ways to improve the Eviction and Termination law as well as time for questions to be answered. Approximately twenty-one (21) people attended this community meeting.

The Legislative Operating Committee intends to hold community outreach events on a quarterly basis and encourages everyone to attend and participate in future community outreach events.

FY24 Third Quarter Legislative Highlights

The Legislative Operating Committee would like to highlight its work on the following legislative items during the FY24 Third Quarter:

Back Pay Law Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. On April 12, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee held a public meeting on the proposed amendments to the Back Pay law. One (1) individual provided comments during the public meeting. The public comment period was then held open until April 19, 2024. No submissions of written comments were received during the public comment period. The Legislative Operating Committee reviewed and considered the public comments received on June 11, 2024.

Business Corporations Law

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Computer Resources Ordinance Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Environmental Review Law

This item is sponsored by Kirby Metoxen and Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Eviction and Termination Law Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jonas Hill and Marlon Skenandore. The Legislative Operating Committee held eight (8) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. On April 2, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee held a community work session on the Eviction and Termination law amendments. On April 19, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee held a community meeting on the Eviction and Termination law amendments in collaboration with the Comprehensive Housing Division.

Finance Committee Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Kirby Metoxen. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Gift Card Law

This item was sponsored by Kirby Metoxen. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on April 17, 2024.

Guardianship Law Amendments

This item is sponsored by Marlon Skenandore. The Legislative Operating Committee held three (3) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. On June 4, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee held a community meeting in which the topic of a new Guardianship law was included on the agenda.

Higher Education Scholarship Law

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping Law Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. On June 4, 2024, the Legislative Operating Committee held a community meeting in which the topic of amendments to the Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law was included on the agenda.

Investigative Leave Policy Amendments

This item is sponsored by Marlon Skenandore. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Law Enforcement Ordinance Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Marijuana Law

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Oneida Election Board Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Marlon Skenandore. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Oneida Land Trust Law

This item was sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024.

Oneida Nation Commission on Aging Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Jennifer Webster. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Oneida Nation School Board Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Marlon Skenandore. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Oneida Nation Veterans Affairs Committee Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Jennifer Webster and Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Oneida Personnel Commission Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Marlon Skenandore. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures

This item is sponsored by all members of the Legislative Operating Committee. The Legislative Operating Committee held five (5) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Pardon and Forgiveness Screening Committee Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Real Property Law Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held two (2) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Southeastern Wisconsin Oneida Tribal Services Advisory Board Bylaws Amendments

This item was sponsored by Jonas Hill. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter. This item was removed from the Active Files List on May 15, 2024. The Legislative Operating Committee will no longer be processing amendments to bylaws for boards, committees, and commissions of the Nation.

Taxation Law

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meeting during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Tribal Sovereignty in Data Research Law

This item is sponsored by Jennifer Webster. The Legislative Operating Committee held six (6) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Two Spirit Inclusion Law

This item is sponsored by Jennifer Webster. The Legislative Operating Committee held six (6) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

Vehicle Driver Certification and Fleet Management Law Amendments

This item is sponsored by Jameson Wilson. The Legislative Operating Committee held one (1) work meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter regarding this legislative matter.

FY24 Third Quarter Legislative Operating Committee Meetings

All Legislative Operating Committee meetings are open to the public and held on the first and third Wednesday of each month, at 9:00 a.m. in the Norbert Hill Center's Business Committee Conference Room and on Microsoft Teams.

The Legislative Operating Committee held the following meetings during the FY24 Third Quarter:

- April 3, 2024 Regular meeting;
- April 17, 2024 Regular meeting;
- May 1, 2024 Regular meeting;
- May 15, 2024 Regular meeting;
- June 5, 2024 Regular meeting; and
- June 19, 2024 Regular meeting.

In addition to attending the Legislative Operating Committee meetings in person, individuals provided the opportunity to attend the Legislative Operating Committee meeting through Microsoft Teams. Anyone who would like to access the Legislative Operating Committee meeting through Microsoft Teams can provide their name, phone number or e-mail address to LOC@oneidanation.org by the close of business the day before a meeting of the Legislative Operating Committee to receive the link to the Microsoft Teams meeting.

For those who may be unable to attend the Legislative Operating Committee meeting either in person or on Microsoft Teams, an audio recording of the Legislative Operating Committee meeting is made available on the Nation's website after the meeting concludes.

Goals for FY24 Fourth Quarter

During the FY24 Fourth Quarter the Legislative Operating Committee will focus its legislative efforts on the following matters:

- Hold an additional LOC Community meeting.
- Complete the LOC's strategic planning.
- Adoption of the Back Pay law amendments.
- Develop a draft of the Eviction and Termination law amendments.
- Hold a public meeting for the Investigative Leave Policy amendments.

- Hold a public meeting for the Vehicle Driver Certification and Fleet Management law amendments.
- Hold a public meeting for the Computer Resources Ordinance amendments.

Legislative Reference Office

The Legislative Reference Office's mission is to provide support for the Legislative Operating Committee in developing clear and consistent legislation that reflects the Nation's values, builds upon the Nation's strong foundation, and reaffirms our inherent sovereignty.

In addition to the assisting the Legislative Operating Committee with the development of legislation, the Legislative Reference Office also:

- Drafts statements of effect for Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council resolutions;
- Drafts statements of effect for General Tribal Council resolutions petitions;
- Drafts and provides other assistance to various department and entities of the Nation with administrative rulemaking;
- Drafts and provides other assistance to various department and entities of the Nation with bylaws; and
- Manages all other administrative duties and recordkeeping for the Legislative Operating Committee.

During the FY24 Third Quarter the Legislative Reference Office was staffed by the following individuals:

- Clorissa N. Leeman, Senior Legislative Staff Attorney.
 - Contact: cleeman@oneidanation.org
- Carolyn Salutz, Legislative Staff Attorney.
 - Contact: csalutz@oneidanation.org
- Grace Elliott, Legislative Staff Attorney.
 - Contact: gelliott@oneidanation.org

Legislative Operating Committee Contact Information

Feel free to contact the LOC at <u>LOC@oneidanation.org</u> with any questions or comments, or individual LOC members at the following:

- Jameson Wilson, LOC Chairman jwilson@oneidanation.org
- Kirby Metoxen, LOC Vice-Chairman kmetox@oneidanation.org
- Jennifer Webster, LOC Member jwebste1@oneidanation.org
- Jonas Hill, LOC Member jhill1@oneidanation.org
- Marlon Skenandore, LOC Member <u>mskenan1@oneidanation.org</u>



The Legislative Operating Committee from left to right: Kirby Metoxen, Jameson Wilson, Jennifer Webster, Marlon Skenandore, Jonas Hill.

July 2024

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August 2024

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MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
Jul 1	2 2:45pm Real Property and Holding of Ownership/Inheritance (Microsoft Teams Meeting; BC_Exec_Conf_Room) - Grace L. Elliott	3 11:00am Research Law (Microsoft Teams Meeting; 1:30pm LOC Strategic Planning (Microsoft Teams Meeting; 1:30pm LOC Work Session (Microsoft	4	5
8	9	10	11 10:30am Landlord Tenant law review (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Grace L. Elliott 1:30pm LOC Work Session (Microsoft Teams Meeting; BC_Exec_Conf_Room) -	12
15 12:15pm PUBLIC MEETING: Vehicle Driver Certification and Fleet Management Law Amendments (Microsoft Teams Meeting; BC_Conf_Room) - LOC	1:30pm Guardianship draft law update (Microsoft Teams Meeting; BC_Exec_Conf_Room) - Grace L. Elliott	8:30am LOC Prep Meeting (Microsoft Teams Meeting; 9:00am Legislative Operating Committee Meeting (Microsoft 1:30pm LOC Strategic Planning Session	18	19
22 10:00am Limited Liability Company Draft Review and Real Property/Probate Discussion (Microsoft Teams Meeting; BC_Exec_Conf_Room) - Grace L. Elliott	8:30am Guardianship law draft review (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Grace L. Elliott	24	25 10:00am LOC/LRO/OLO Strategy Meeting (Microsoft Teams Meeting; 4:00pm Real Property (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Grace L. Elliott	9:00am Law Enforcement Ordinance Amendments Work 10:30am Administrative Rulemaking Process: Computer Resources 1:30pm Renewable Energy Law Work
29 10:00am Oneida General Welfare Law Amendments & Development of 2:00pm FW: Workplace Violence work meeting (Microsoft Teams Meeting;	30	31	Aug 1	2