

Physical Location:
2640 West Point Rd.
Green Bay, WI 54304
Mailing:
P.O. Box 365 Oneida,
WI 54155



Telephone:
(920)490-3939
Toll Free:
1-800-216-3216
Fax:(920)490-6803
[oneidansn.gov/resources/economic
- support](http://oneidansn.gov/resources/economic-support)

Community Support Application

Community Support Program is designed for Oneida enrolled members during times of catastrophic illness, injury, or emergency event when no other resources for assistance exist. The Community Support Fund is funded by Tribal Contribution, services are subject to funding availability.

Description:

Catastrophic event means a natural or man-made incident, which results in substantial damage or loss requiring major financial resources to repair or recover (i.e. house fire, tornado, flood, or other disaster). Catastrophic illness or injury means a serious debilitating illness, injury, impairment, physical or mental condition. Emergency event means a situation that poses an immediate risk to health, life, safety, property, or environment.

Eligibility Criteria:

Applicant must be an enrolled Oneida Nation member, or the application needs to be on behalf of another person who is a Oneida Tribal member otherwise unable to do so due to age or incapacity. Applications for assistance for minors must be made by parent or legal guardian. Supportive service requests may have additional criteria to meet eligibility.

If the application is incomplete or missing required verifications, you will receive notification. Applications are valid for 30 calendar days from date received. If you fail to provide the required verifications within the 30 days, you will receive notification that your application expired, and you must reapply. Please allow 14 business days for processing of completed applications.

All APPLICATIONS REQUIRE THE FOLLOWING VERIFICATIONS:

1. Tribal enrollment verification (Tribal ID card or Enrollment Certification)
2. Attach the following required verifications for selected services (See Below)

SERVICES AVAILABLE AND REQUIRED VERIFICATIONS:

Auto Repair

- Valid Driver's License
- Valid Vehicle Registration
- Verification of critical medical appointments or ongoing care
- Two estimates from ASE certified auto repair services (unless vehicle is not safe to drive, noted on estimate)

Catastrophic Shelter Assistance

- Verification of catastrophic event, illness, or injury (unable to work, being incapacitated with start and expected to return dates)
- Landlord Verification Form (agency form)
- Current Rental lease agreement/Mortgage Statement
- Last 60 days of income to show interruption of income.
- FMLA from employer
- Verification of Short/Long term disability

Cobra Insurance

- Verification of current group health insurance policy
- Verification of all state and public benefits applied for if eligible.
- Written estimate of employer's group health care coverage plan premium for COBRA coverage

Critical Medical Bill Assistance

- Medical statement showing dates of services and balances after insurance has paid.
- Copy of explanation of benefits from your current insurance provider
- Verification applicant applied for all financial assistance offered at the medical facility.

Emergency/Non-Emergency Medical Travel – Must be within 30 days.

- Emergency Travel Reimbursement
- Verification of Driver's License for fuel reimbursement, original receipts for hotel, gas, and/or airfare Verification of medical condition, date, time, and location

Non-Emergency Travel

- Verification of Driver's License for fuel reimbursement, original receipts for hotel, gas, and/or airfare Verification of medical appointment must be more than 60 miles one way from place of residency.

Dental Related Expenses

- Verification by a dentist, orthodontist, or oral surgeon of the dental procedures to be completed and that they are medical need, not cosmetic.
- Cost estimate of services and/or dental bill, Dental insurance

Family Medical Leave Act Wage

- Verification that the caregiver has been employed with their company for at least 12 months and must have worked for at least 1250 hours in the last 12 months.
- Verification of approved FMLA or equivalent leave from the caregiver's employment
- Verification of the medical need requiring full-time care of the immediate family member
- Proof of all household income for the last 30 days (TANF/W2, pay stubs from employment, unemployment, SSI, SSDI, disability payments, workman's compensation, child support, alimony, veteran's benefits, self-employment (tax return), etc.)

Fire/Natural Disaster Assistance

- Police and/or fire department report verifying disaster.
- Verification of assistance provided or applied for from American Red Cross or FEMA
- Verification of all household members at the time of natural disaster
- Verification of home/rental insurance

Funeral Travel Reimbursement – Must be within 30 days max of \$500 reimbursement.

- Obituary – verification of immediate family member (father, mother, sister, brother, grandmother, grandfather)
- Verification of Driver's License for fuel reimbursement, original receipts for hotel, gas, and/or airfare

Furnace Repair/ Replacement

- Two (2) cost estimates for repair/replacement of a water heater or furnace from a licensed/certified repair professional, to include the name, address, phone number, and Federal Tax Identification number of the professional.
- Verification that the applicant applied for Energy Assistance with the county agency in which the applicant resides, along with proof assistance was denied.
- Verification that the applicant is the owner of the home;

Inpatient/Outpatient Treatment Services

- Cost estimate of the Treatment Center including name, address, and Federal Tax ID number
- Verification that applied for any community/financial assistance from facility
- Verification of referral from licenses or certified counseling agency or program verifying the catastrophic illness

Medical Related Equipment Supplies or Furniture

- Cost estimate of supplies, equipment, or furniture prior to purchasing
- Medical verification from licensed medical physician specifying if need is short-term basis, life threatening or chronic medical condition, and that is required to improve or maintain quality of life.
- Denial from insurance if applicable.

Optical Related Assistance

- Cost estimate and or bill of Optical services including name, address, and Federal Tax ID number, optical insurance.
- Medical verification from ophthalmologist, optician, or optometrist

Prescription Reimbursement Assistance

- Verification that emergency medical prescription was needed after hours (emergency room report or discharge summary)
- Original receipts of prescription medication

Security Deposit Assistance

- Landlord Verification Form completed by landlord, signed by applicant.
- Rental Lease Agreement
- Verification of emergency situation (eviction, foreclosure, etc.)

Social Security Disability Determination Shelter/Utilities Assistance

- Verification of current Social Security Disability Application filed with status documentation.
- Utility bills (water, heat, electricity)

Utility Disconnect Assistance

- Disconnection notice and verification applicant applied for Energy Assistance during October through May.
- Verification of payments made in each of the previous three (3) months.

Community Support Fund



CHECK ALL SERVICES YOU ARE APPLYING FOR

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Auto Repair, List # of Vehicles _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> Prescription Reimbursement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cobra Insurance | <input type="checkbox"/> Utility Assistance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Travel | <input type="checkbox"/> Catastrophic Shelter Assistance/ Security Deposit |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Fire/Natural Disaster Assistance | <input type="checkbox"/> Furnace Repair/Replacement/Water Heater |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Bills | <input type="checkbox"/> Social Security Disability Determination Shelter/Utilities |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dental Related Expenses | <input type="checkbox"/> Inpatient/Outpatient Service |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Optical Related Assistance | <input type="checkbox"/> Caretaker FMLA Assistance |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Funeral Travel | <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Equipment |

Applicant Information				
Last Name:	First Name:	M.I.:	DOB:	
Address:	Apt #:	City:		
State:	ZIP:	County:	Phone Number:	
Email:	Tribal Affiliation:		Enrollment #:	
Social Security #:	Do you live on the reservation?		US Citizen: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Marital Status (check one): <input type="checkbox"/> Single/Never Married <input type="checkbox"/> Married Living together <input type="checkbox"/> Married Separated <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced <input type="checkbox"/> Widowed				
Current source of income earned/unearned list all:			Sex: <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male	

Co Applicant Information			
Last Name:	First Name:	M.I.:	DOB:
Phone Number:	Email:	US Citizen: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Social Security #:	Driver's License#	Enrollment Number:	
Email:	Tribal Affiliation:	Do you live on the reservation?	
Marital Status (check one): <input type="checkbox"/> Single/Never Married <input type="checkbox"/> Married Living together <input type="checkbox"/> Married Separated <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced <input type="checkbox"/> Widowed			

LIST ALL OTHER ADULTS IN HOUSEHOLD				
Full Name	Relationship	DOB	Monthly Income	Tribal Affiliation

You **MUST** describe your current situation that makes you unable to pay for these services yourself (must be completed or application will not be processed).

CONSENT FOR RELEASE/DISCLOSE & SIGNATURE	
I consent to release all information necessary for the determination of benefits to be made on my behalf, to the Oneida Nation Economic Support Agency and Community Support. I understand this release may include, but not limited to, any information regarding income, salary benefits, and disability. I certify that my answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that false or misleading information in my application or interview may result in denial of current and future benefits.	
Applicant Signature:	Co Applicant Signature:
Date:	Date:

Physical Location:
2640 West Point Rd.
Green Bay, WI 54304
Mailing: P.O. Box 365
Oneida, WI 54155



Telephone:(920)490-3939
Toll Free 1-800-216-3216
Fax:(920)490-6803
oneida-nsn.gov/resources/economic-
support

Landlord Verification Form

Must complete if applying for Rent or Security Deposit

TENANT(S) NAME: _____

RENTAL/PROPERTY ADDRESS: _____

City _____ County _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

TENANT SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

TO BE COMPLETED BY LANDLORD ONLY

NEW RENTER INFORMATION:

MONTHLY RENT:\$ _____ SECURITY DEPOSIT: \$ _____ MOVE IN DATE: _____

NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS: _____ ADULTS: _____ CHILDREN: _____

AMOUNT PAID FOR RENT/SECURITY: RENT \$ _____ SECURITY \$ _____

CURRENT RENTER INFORMATION:

MONTHLY RENT/MORTGAGE: \$ _____ AMOUNT PAST DUE: \$ _____

LIST MONTHS OF RENT/MORTGAGE PAST DUE: _____

LANDLORD or MORTGAGE NAME: _____

MORTGAGE ACCOUNT NUMBER (**NOT** for landlords): _____

MAILING ADDRESS: _____

LANDLORD or MORTGAGE SOCIAL SECURITY OR FEDERAL TAX ID#: _____

(A check cannot be disbursed until the Landlord Federal Tax Id # or Social Security number is provided. The Landlord may provide information directly by calling (920) 490-3710 or fax form directly to (920) 490-6803 for strict confidentiality).

By signing below you are agreeing the information is accurate and correct to the best of your knowledge. I understand that funding for this benefit is provided through a grant from the Oneida Nation and that any misuse of these funds constitutes fraud and maybe subject to criminal punishment.

LANDLORD SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

****Landlord Verification Form - Print ONLY if applying for Rent/Mortgage - Landlord must complete****

Oneida Nation
Vendor Payment – Direct Deposit (ACH) Authorization Form
Employees, Boards, Committees and Commissions

A. Vendor Information

Vendor Name (printed)	
Vendor Number	
E-mail address	

B. Vendor Bank Information

Bank Name	
Bank Routing number (ABA #)	
Vendor Bank Account #	
Vendor Bank Account Type	Enter "C" for checking OR "S" for savings

**** Please attach a voided check or a letter from your bank to verify this information****

C. Agreement

I hereby authorize the Oneida Nation to electronically deposit amounts owed to me for goods and/or services provided to the Nation via direct deposit to my account (this includes my authorization to reverse any entries made in error.)

I understand that an unforeseen delay in processing by any outside entity (automated clearing house or financial institution) due to computer down-time, power outages, or any other unavoidable occurrences might affect the date of deposit of funds to my account.

This authorization is to remain in effect until the Oneida Nation has received written notice of my intent to change/terminate this agreement or at the discretion of the Oneida Nation.

The Oneida Nation must receive my written notification of any financial institution changes (including closing of accounts) at least 15 days prior to the change in order to change/terminate this direct deposit authorization.

I will not hold the Oneida Nation responsible for delay, loss or misapplication of funds due to incorrect or incomplete information supplied by me or my financial institution.

D. Vendor Approval

Signature	
Date	
Telephone #	

E. Instructions

Vendor Name	Please fill in vendor name Please use a legal name, not a nick name
Vendor Number	Please fill in vendor number. If you are an employee, this will be the same as your employee number
E-mail address	The e-mail address you want your check stub to be e-mailed to.
Bank Name	Please obtain the information from your bank.
Bank Routing Number (ABA #)	Please obtain the information from your bank
Vendor Bank Account #	Please obtain the information from your bank
Vendor Bank Account Type	Enter a "C" for checking or an "S" for savings.
Signature	Signature
Date	Date the form was signed
Telephone #	Telephone number of the person who signed the form

Vendor Information Form

(Instructions on reverse side of this form)

Add Vendor	<input type="checkbox"/>	Change Vendor	<input type="checkbox"/>	Delete Vendor	<input type="checkbox"/>	License Renewal	<input type="checkbox"/>
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Purchase Order Address:

Vendor/Company Name _____

Address Line 1 _____

Address Line 2 _____

City _____

State _____

Zip Code _____

Purchase Order Email address _____

Remit To Address:

Vendor/Company Name _____

Address Line 1 _____

Address Line 2 _____

City _____

State _____

Zip Code _____

Business Information:

Doing Business As: _____

Contact _____ Email: _____

Telephone # _____ Fax # _____

Federal ID# _____ - or - Soc. Security # _____

Vendor Payment Terms _____ Dun & Bradstreet # _____

(Please note: If none specified will default to NET30)

Product/Services to be provided: _____

Oneida Contact _____ Phone/EXT#: _____

Oneida Business Unit _____ Date: _____

PLEASE NOTE: The following section is required and will not be accepted if left blank.

Are you now, or have you ever been debarred? Yes No

If Yes, Please explain _____

Vendor Signature: _____ Date: _____

Vendor Information Form Instructions

Carefully read the following instructions. This document cannot be processed by Purchasing or Accounts Payable if it is not filled out accurately, completely, and legibly. Any form not meeting these requirements **MAY BE RETURNED** to the person requesting the vendor. It is the responsibility of the person requesting the vendor to obtain all required information.

Your cooperation will streamline and expedite this process.

- Add Vendor/Change Vendor/Delete Vendor: Please place an "X" through the box which represents the process you would like the purchasing or A/P dept. to take when processing this form.
- Vendor Renewal: Please place a "✓" for this box if you are just renewing your annual vendor license.

Purchase Order Address:

- **Vendor/Company Name:** Full name of company or vendor. No abbreviations should be used unless it is legally part of the registered company or vendor's name. Inappropriate use of abbreviations may cause duplication of vendor setup. The name listed should match what is on your W-9 form.
- **Purchase Order Email Address:** The email address should be where we submit PO's to place orders.

Remit To Information:

- **Remit to information:** This section must be completed if the payment is to be sent to an address other than the one indicated above.

Business Information:

- **Doing Business As:** If the vendor is doing business with a SSN then we must have the DBA designation for their business. This is required for 1099 purposes.
- **Contact:** Please indicate who at your company should be contacted for Purchasing and Licensing questions. Please list their email, phone and fax number.
- **Federal ID# or SSN:** Federal law requires that we have one of these two numbers on file. Each vendor set up must have either a Federal ID# or Social Security # at the time of vendor entry. If you indicated a SSN, you must provide the full name of the person that is associated with that SSN.
- **Payment terms:** Please indicate what payment terms you would prefer to be set up as, if none are specified the default is NET30.
- **Dun & Bradstreet #:** The D&B D-U-N-S Number is a unique nine-digit identifier for businesses. It is used to establish a business credit file, which is often referenced by lenders and potential business partners to help predict the reliability and/or financial stability of the company in question.
- **Oneida Contact:** Please indicate the Oneida employee & their department name so we can notify them when your vendor set up has been completed.
- **Debarment:** The Oneida Nation is required to verify that contractors are not suspended or debarred. Companies will be verified for eligibility for procurement through the System for Awarded Management (SAM.gov). Companies that have been debarred will be ineligible to be used by the Oneida Nation.

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.**

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.	
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partnership) ▶ _____ Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. Do not check LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner unless the owner of the LLC is another LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. Otherwise, a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ <i>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</i>
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions.	Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code		
7 List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)																																											
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a TIN</i> , later.	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="10" style="text-align: center;">Social security number</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5"></td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5"></td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> </table>	Social security number																									-											-					
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Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see <i>What Name and Number To Give the Requester</i> for guidelines on whose number to enter.	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="10" style="text-align: center;">Employer identification number</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="width: 25px; height: 25px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5"></td> <td style="text-align: center;">-</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> </table>	Employer identification number																									-																
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Part II Certification	
Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:	
1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and 2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and 3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and 4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.	
Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.	
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶ _____ Date ▶ _____

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation
• Individual • Sole proprietorship, or • Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC
• LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, • LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or • LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
• Partnership	Partnership
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a) 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a) J—

A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.

You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABL accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.