Oneida Nation

Post Office Box 365

Phone: (920)869-2214



Oneida, WI 54155

BC Meeting Materials July 26, 2017

Open Session

CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, as Secretary of the Oneida Bus iness Committee, hereby certify that the following 704 pages are the Open Session meeting materials presented at a meeting duly called, noticed and held on the 26th day of July, 2017, and reconvened on the 27th day of July, 2017.

Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary Oneida Business Committee



Oneida Business Committee

Executive Session 8:30 a.m. Tuesday, July 25, 2017 Executive Conference Room, 2nd floor, Norbert Hill Center

Regular Meeting 8:30 a.m. Wednesday, July 26, 2017 BC Conference Room, 2nd floor, Norbert Hill Center

Agenda

To get a copy of the agenda, go to: oneida-nsn.gov/government/business-committee/agendas-packets/

- I. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL
- **II. OPENING** (*Please Note:* Scheduled times are approximate and subject to change)
 - A. Special Recognition Oneida athletes North American Indigenous Games (NAIG) Toronto, Ontario – July 17-21, 2017 (This item is scheduled to begin at 1:30 p.m.) Sponsor: Fawn Billie, Councilwoman
 - B. Special Recognition for Years of Service Seventeen (17) Oneida Nation employees Geraldine Danforth, Area Manager/Human Resources Dept. Sponsor:

III. ADOPT THE AGENDA

IV. OATHS OF OFFICE

- A. Oneida Police Commission Kory Wesaw
- B. Oneida Personnel Commission Pearl Webster, Carol Smith, and Gerald DeCoteau

V. MINUTES

A. Approve July 12, 2017, regular meeting minutes Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary Sponsor:

VI. RESOLUTIONS

A. Adopt resolution entitled Native American Business Development Institute (NABDI) Feasibility Study

Sponsor: Joanie Buckley, Division Director/Internal Services

- **B.** Adopt resolution entitled Well Abandonment Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- **C.** Adopt resolution entitled Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- D. Adopt resolution entitled On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- E. Adopt resolution entitled Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- F. Adopt resolution entitled All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- **G.** Adopt resolution entitled Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- H. Adopt resolution entitled Water Resources Ordinance Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- I. Adopt resolution entitled Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- J. Adopt resolution entitled Landlord-Tenant Emergency Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- K. Adopt resolution entitled Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair
- L. Adopt resolution entitled Cemetery Law Amendments Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair

VII. STANDING COMMITTEES

- A. <u>Legislative Operating Committee</u> Chair: Brandon Stevens, Councilman
 - 1. Accept June 21, 2017, Legislative Operating Committee meeting minutes
- B. <u>Finance Committee</u> Chair: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer
 - 1. Approve July 17, 2017, Finance Committee meeting minutes
 - 2. Approve Finance Committee E-Poll results regarding Prevea Clinics, Inc. Psychiatric Services agreement file # 2017-0808
 - Approve Finance Committee E-Poll results regarding two Capital Expenditure transfer of funds for \$300,000 from Elder Services to CIP # 05-013 – Elder Services/Apartment Improvements; and \$21,000 from 3 Sisters Asphalt Replacement to CIP # 14-013 – Early Head Start Facility

C. Quality of Life Committee

Chair: Fawn Billie, Councilwoman

1. Accept May 11, 2017, Quality of Life meeting minutes

VIII. APPOINTMENTS

- A. Approve recommendation to appoint Jeanette Archiquette-Ninham to Pardon and Forgiveness Screening Committee; and re-post the other three (3) vacancies Sponsor: Cristina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman
- B. Approve recommendation to appoint Elaine Skenandore-Cornelius to Bay Bancorporation Board of Directors

Liaison Alternate: David Jordan, Councilman

IX. TABLED BUSINESS

A. Approve recommendation to appoint Robert Barton to Oneida Airport Hotel Corp. Board of Directors

Sponsor: Cristina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 12, 2017</u>: (1) Motion by Fawn Billie to approve the recommendation to appoint Robert Barton to the Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation Board of Directors, seconded by David Jordan. Motion not voted on; item tabled. (2) Motion by Lisa Summers to table this item, seconded by Tehassi Hill.

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

X. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

A. Approve four (4) actions regarding Oneida Nation Solar LL.C. Operating agreement – file # 2017-0655

Requestor:Michael Troge, Environmental Project Manager/Eco-Services Dept.Sponsor:Patrick Pelky, Division Director/Environmental Health & Safety

<u>EXCERPT FROM JUNE 28, 2017</u>: (1) Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the Oneida Nation Solar LL.C. Operating agreement – file # 2017-0655, as information only at this point, noting the requestors will come back and either request a special Business Committee meeting or add this item to an upcoming regular Business Committee for completion, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously. (2) Motion by Lisa Summers to request the Finance Department complete the remainder of their review by Friday, July 7, 2017, so we can proceed, seconded by David Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

XI. NEW BUSINESS

A. Approve revised OBC SOP entitled Hiring and Negotiating Oneida Business Committee (OBC) Political Appointments

Sponsor: Tehassi Hill, Councilman

 B. Schedule special Business Committee meeting for purpose of administering oaths of office for remaining elected officials Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

XII. OPERATIONAL REPORTS (Please Note: Scheduled times are approximate and subject to change)

- A. Accept Comprehensive Health Division FY '17 3rd quarter report (1:40 p.m.-2:00 p.m.) Sponsors: Debra Danforth, Division Director/Comprehensive Health Operations; Dr. Ravinder Vir, Medical Director/Medical Operations
- B. Accept Community & Economic Development Division FY '17 3rd quarter report (2:00 p.m.-2:20 p.m.)
 Sponsor: Troy Parr, Division Director/Community & Economic Development – Development Branch
- C. Accept Public Works Division FY '17 3rd quarter report (2:20 p.m.-2:40 p.m.)
 Sponsors: Jacque Boyle, Interim Assistant Division Director/Public Works – Development Branch
- D. Accept Governmental Services Division FY '17 3rd quarter report (2:40 p.m.-3:00 p.m.) Sponsor: George Skenandore, Division Director/Governmental Services
- XIII. GENERAL TRIBAL COUNCIL (To obtain a copy of Members Only materials, visit the BC Support Office, 2nd floor, Norbert Hill Center and present Tribal I.D. card or go to https://goo.gl/uLp2jE)
 - A. Approve four (4) actions regarding Petitioner Edward Delgado Trust Land Distribution Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 12, 2017</u>: No formal action taken on this item. <u>EXCERPT FROM JUNE 28, 2017</u>: Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously. EXCERPT FROM JUNE 14, 2017: Meeting cancelled.

- B. Approve four (4) actions regarding Petitioner Linda Dallas 2017 Tri-Annual General Election
 Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary
 - bolisor. Lisa Summers, mbai Secretary
- C. Determine appropriate date and reschedule FY '18 GTC budget meeting Sponsor: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer
- D. Approve two (2) actions regarding special GTC meeting Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary
- E. Accept legal opinion of Referendum Question regarding development of law which provides for sanctions and due process for elected officials Sponsor: Jo Anne House, Chief Counsel

F. Enter E-Poll results into the record in accordance with OBC SOP entitled Conducting Electronic Voting:

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

a. Approved memorandum to cancel the June 20, 2017, special GTC meeting; and direct the Tribal Secretary to combine agenda items to a later date with the Employment law and Re-organization proposal

Requestor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 12, 2017</u>: Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved memorandum to cancel the June 20, 2017, special GTC meeting; and to direct the Tribal Secretary to combine agenda items to a later date with the Employment law and Re-organization proposal, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion not formally voted on.¹

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

XIV. EXECUTIVE SESSION (*Please Note*: Scheduled times are approximate and subject to change)

A. <u>REPORTS</u>

 Determine appropriate actions regarding Oneida Seven Generations Corporation FY '17 3rd quarter report Agent: Pete King III

Agent: Pete King III Liaison: Tina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

- Accept Bay Bancorporation, Inc. FY '17 3rd quarter report President: Jeff Bowman (8:30 a.m.-9:00 a.m.) Liaison: Tina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman
- **3.** Accept Oneida ESC Group, LLC. FY '17 3rd quarter report Chair: Jackie Zalim (9:30 a.m.-10:00 a.m.) Liaison: Tehassi Hill, Councilman

(Break scheduled from 10:00 a.m.-10:15 a.m.)

- **4.** Accept Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation FY '17 3rd quarter report Agent: Janice Hirth-Skenandore (10:15 a.m.-10:45 a.m.) Liaison: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer
- **5.** Accept Oneida Golf Enterprise FY '17 3rd quarter report Agent: Janice Hirth-Skenandore (10:45 a.m-11:15 a.m.) Liaison: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer
- 6. Accept Gaming General Manager report Louise Cornelius, Gaming General Manager (*This item is scheduled to begin at 1:30 p.m.*)
- 7. Accept Chief Counsel report Jo Anne House, Chief Counsel
- 8. Accept Intergovernmental Affairs & Communications report Nathan King, Director

¹ Upon review of the audio, it was concluded that the motion for this item was not formally voted on.

B. STANDING ITEMS

- 1. Land Claims Strategy (No Requested Action)
- 2. Oneida Golf Enterprise Ladies Professional Golf Association Sponsor: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer (11:15 a.m.-11:30 a.m.)

C. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chair: Tehassi Hill, Councilman (This item is scheduled to begin at 11:30 a.m.)

1. Accept Audit Committee FY '17 3rd quarter report

D. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

1. Accept report regarding contract # 2017-0088 and determine next steps Sponsors: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary; Jennifer Webster, Councilwoman

<u>EXCERPT FROM APRIL 26, 2017</u>: Motion by Fawn Billie to defer the report regarding contract # 2017-0088 for sixty (60) days, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM FEBRUARY 8, 2017</u>: Motion by Lisa Summers to direct Liaisons Councilwoman Jennifer Webster and Secretary Lisa Summers to work with the Law Office on a contract item that was brought forward; and to bring back a report to the Business Committee within sixty (60) days, seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Review final recommendation; and determine next steps regarding complaints # 2017-DR08-01, # 2017-DR08-02, and # 2017-DR08-03

Sponsors: Councilmembers Brandon Stevens, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 12, 2017</u>: Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting for the team to do the additional follow-up that was identified, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried with one abstention. <u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Discussion regarding complaint # 2017-CC-05 (9:00 a.m.-9:30 a.m.) Sponsor: David Jordan, Councilman

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 12, 2017</u>: Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 25, 2017, Oneida Business Committee executive session agenda for a 9:00 a.m. start time, seconded by David Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

4. Defer report regarding complaint # 2017-DR11-01 to August 9, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting

Sponsor: Melinda J. Danforth, Tribal Vice-Chairwoman

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 12, 2017</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to defer this item to the Oneida Business Committee Officers for follow up with the Comprehensive Health Operations Division Director; and for a report to be brought back to the July 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

E. NEW BUSINESS

- Approve limited waiver of sovereign immunity Laredo Ender User License agreement – file # 2017-0125
 Sponsor: Patrick Pelky, Division Director/Environmental Health & Safety
- Approve limited waiver of sovereign immunity Baker Tilly Virchow Krause LLP.-Engagement Letter – file # 207-0483 Sponsor: Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
- Approve procedural exception to allow Dept. of Public Works to carryover funds from FY '17 operational equipment into FY '18 Sponsor: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer
- 4. Create position expectations for Direct Report 21 Sponsor: Tehassi Hill, Councilman
- **5.** Accept sign-in sheets from June 20, 2017, as information Sponsor: Cristina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman
- 6. Accept sign-in sheets from June 28, 2017, as information Sponsor: Cristina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

XV. ADJOURN

Posted on the Oneida Nation's official website, www.oneida-nsn.gov, at 2:15 p.m., Friday, July 21, 2017, pursuant to the Open Records and Open Meetings Law, section 7.17-1.

The meeting packet of the open session materials for this meeting is available by going to the Oneida Nation's official website at: <u>https://oneida-nsn.gov/government/business-committee/agendas-packets/</u>

For information about this meeting, please call the Business Committee Support Office at (920) 869-4364 or (800) 236-2214.

1.	Meeting Date Requested:	7	/	26	/	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🛛 Open 🗌 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
A non de Haadam Anna ann ant (Da ag mitige
Agenda Header: Announcement/Recognition
Action - please describe:
Request for the BC to recognize and congratulate the Oneida athletes who participated in the North American Indigenous Games (NAIG) in Toronto, Ontario from July 17-21, 2017.
3. Supporting Materials Report Resolution Other:
1. 3.
2. 4.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information □ Budgeted - Tribal Contribution □ Budgeted - Grant Funded □ Unbudgeted □ □ □
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Fawn Billie, Council Member
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Cathy Bachhuber, Executive Assistant Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor: Susan House, Parks and Recreation Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.

Public Packet

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request
1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 26 / 17
2. General Information: Session: Open Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Annoucement/Recognition
 Accept as Information only Action - please describe:
Presentation of Years of Service Certificates to approximately seventeen (17) employees by their immedia supervisor along with the Business Committee.
3. Supporting Materials Report Resolution Contract Other:
1. List of employees to be recognized 3.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded
5. Submission Aug Alene R Drugt Ab 7/17/17
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Geraldine R. Danforth, HRD Area Manager
Primary Requestor: Maureen Metoxen, Exec Assist Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.

Additional Requestor:

Name, Title / Dept.

Page 1 of 2

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

HRD coordinates efforts on a quarterly basis, with all supervisors and the Business Committee to recognize employees who have reached the 25+ years milestone. With the assistance from each supervisor, HRD will create the certificate to be presented to the Years of Service recipient.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

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3RD QUARTER 2017				7-26-17 Mtg
Name	Supervisor Name	ADOH	Years	Response
STEVENS, SHELLY L	CORNELIUS,CHAD B	Apr 8, 1992	25	
CORNETTE, DOROTHY F	CHAMBERS, ROBERT J	Apr 19, 1992	25	
SUMMERS, WENDY S	BAIN, ARLOUINE	May 4, 1992	25	Unable to Attend
POWLESS, DALE F	BOYLE, JACQUE	May 18, 1992	25	
SKENANDORE,LORNA G	CORNELIUS,LOUISE C	May 29, 1992	25	
SOMERS,OWEN R	VANBOXTEL, RICHARD G	Jun 10, 1992	25	Unable to Attend
LALUZERNE,KIM A	CORNELIUS, FRANKLIN L	Jun 11, 1992	25	Accepted/Rec'd Cert
PETITJEAN, JAMES J	PARR,TROY D	Jun 11, 1992	25	
SCHUMAN, JR, FLOYD F	NINHAM, TIMOTHY D	Jun 11, 1992	25	
SKENANDORE, KELLY L	CARLSON, JEFFREY R	Jun 11, 1992	25	Accepted/Rec'd Cert
MOORE,TINA M	LALUZERNE,KIM A	Jun 15, 1992	25	
CHARLES, TRACY A	LALUZERNE, KIM A	Jun 23, 1992	25	
KELLY,SUSAN M	LALUZERNE, KIM A	Jun 23, 1992	25	
GREEN,JILL E	BRAATEN,BLAIR A	Jun 24, 1992	25	Unable to Attend/Rec'd Cert
VANBOXTEL,RICHARD G	STRONG,LOIS	Jun 29, 1992	25	
SMITH,PHILIP J	DANFORTH,ALFRED	Apr 8, 1987	30	Unable to Attend
THOMAS,GENE L	SKENANDORE, KENNETH L	May 1, 1987	30	
REED-VANDERZANDEN, VICTORIA L	LALUZERNE,KIM A	May 13, 1987	30	
SKENANDORE, SAMANTHA	RASMUSSEN, FAWNE M	Apr 3, 1982	35	
KING DESSART, PAULA M	WEBSTER, STEPHEN R	May 27, 1982	35	
PREVOST,CARL M	GARVEY, MARLENE H	Jun 23, 1982	35	
STEVENS, WILLIAM B	DANFORTH, PAUL F	May 23, 1977	40	

Public Packet

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Oaths of Office
Accept as Information only
X Action - please describe:
Administer Oath of Office to Kory Wesaw Name to the Oneida Police Commission.
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
Other:
1 3
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Lee Cornelius, Records Clerk
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

The posting was in the 08/18/16 issue of the Kalihwisaks for 1 of vacancy on the Oneida Police Commission for a 5 year term with the deadline of 09/16/16. There were 3 applicants for the 1 vacancy on the Oneida Police Commission. The appointment was made on the 7/12/16 BC Agenda.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf *OR* print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 🗌 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Oaths of Office
Accept as Information only
☑ Action - please describe:
Administer Oath of Office to Pearl Webster, Carol Smith and Gerald DeCoteau to the Oneida Personnel Commission.
3. Supporting Materials Report Resolution Contract Other:
1 3
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary
Primary Requestor/Submitter: <u>Kathleen M. Metoxen, Executive Tribal Clerk</u> Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

BACKGROUND

During the reconvened BC meeting on July 3, 2017, the following appointments were made for two separate postings to the Oneida Personnel Commission:

Posting A:

There were 4 vacancies on the Oneida Personnel Commission for a 5 year term.

There were 6 applicants for the 4 vacancies.

The BC approved the Chair's recommendation to appoint Patricia Powless, Jason Martinez, and Pearl Webster. They approved Carol Smith instead of the Chair's recommendation for John Orie.

Posting B:

There were 3 vacancies on the Oneida Personnel Commission for a 5 year term.

There were 3 applicants for the 3 vacancies.

The BC approved the Chair's recommendation to appoint Stacey Nieto, Gerald DeCoteau, and Yvonne Jourdan.

Pearl Webster, Carol Smith and Gerald DeCoteau couldn't make the July 12, 2017, BC meeting.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf *OR* print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 🔄 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
A new de Handen Allenster
Agenda Header: Minutes
Accept as Information only
X Action - please describe:
Approve July 12, 2017, regular meeting minutes
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
X Other:
1. July 12, 2017, regular meeting minutes 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
 4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Submitted by: Heather Heuer, Info. Mgmt. Spec./BC Support Office Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.



Oneida Business Committee

Executive Session 8:30 a.m. Tuesday, July 11, 2017 Executive Conference Room, 2nd floor, Norbert Hill Center

Regular Meeting 8:30 a.m. Wednesday, July 12, 2017 BC Conference Room, 2nd floor, Norbert Hill Center

Minutes - DRAFT

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Present: Chairwoman Tina Danforth, Secretary Lisa Summers, Council members: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Brandon Stevens, Jennifer Webster;

Not Present: Vice-Chairwoman Melinda J. Danforth, Treasurer Trish King; **Arrived at:** ;

Others present: Jo Anne House, Larry Barton;

REGULAR MEETING

Present: Chairwoman Tina Danforth, Secretary Lisa Summers, Council members: Fawn Billie, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster;

Not Present: Vice-Chairwoman Melinda J. Danforth, Treasurer Trish King, Councilman Brandon Stevens;

Arrived at: Councilman Tehassi Hill at 8:35 a.m.;

Others present: Jo Anne House, Heather Heuer, Brad Graham, Bill Graham, Jen Falck, Leyne Orosco, Debbie Melchert, Lee Cornelius, Chris Johnson, Lisa Liggins, Jessica Wallenfang, Nancy Barton, Cathy Metoxen, Karen Smith, Paul Witek, Ed Delgado, Pat Pelky, Jacque Boyle, Troy Parr, Carol Silva, Connie Doxtater, Sandra Reveles, Larry Barton, Bonnie Pigman, Dakota Oskey, Sheila Huntington, Gina Buenrostro, Rob Collins, Susan White, Tsyoshaaht Delgado, George Skenandore, Stacey Nieto, Yvonne Jourdan, Patricia Powless, Jason Martinez, Danielle Martinez, Lisa Huff;

I. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL by Chairwoman Tina Danforth at 8:32 a.m.

For the record: Vice-Chairwoman Melinda J. Danforth, Treasurer Trish King, and Councilman Brandon Stevens are out of the office on vacation time.

II. OPENING by Chairwoman Tina Danforth

III. ADOPT THE AGENDA (00:02:03)

Councilman Tehassi Hill arrives at 8:35 a.m.

Motion by Lisa Summers to adopt the agenda with the following changes: [Delete General Tribal Council item XII.C.01. Accept legislative analysis regarding Petitioner Edward Delgado: Trust Land Distribution; and to move XII.E. Approve the August 14, 2017, to the top of the agenda], seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster

Oneida Business Committee Regular Meeting Minutes DRAFT of July 12, 2017 Page 1 of 15

Not Present: Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

IV. OATHS OF OFFICE (00:03:42) administered by Secretary Lisa Summers

A. Oneida Personnel Commission – Patricia Powless, Jason Martinez, Pearl Webster (Not Present), Carol Smith (Not Present), Stacey Nieto, Gerald DeCoteau (Not Present), and Yvonne Jourdan

V. MINUTES (00:06:26)

A. Approve June 28, 2017, regular meeting minutes with reconvened session on July 3, 2017 Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by David Jordan to approve the June 28, 2017, regular meeting minutes with reconvened session on July 3, 2017, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

VI. STANDING COMMITTEES

A. Legislative Operating Committee

Chair: Brandon Stevens, Councilman

1. Determine next steps regarding memorandum entitled Oneida Health Board – GTC Directive (00:09:13)

Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman; Legislative Operating Committee Chair

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by David Jordan to accept as information the memorandum entitled Oneida Health Board – GTC Directive, seconded by Lisa Summers. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

Amendment to the main motion by Lisa Summers to direct the Tribal Secretary's Office, which is also responsible for managing Records Management, to develop a resolution to bring back to the Business Committee to adopt to dissolve the Heath Board, it would also contain the appropriate directions, as well as contain the history of why this action is being taken for the record, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

B. Finance Committee

Chair: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer

1. Approve June 29, 2017, Finance Committee meeting minutes (00:13:53)

Motion by Jennifer Webster to approve the June 29, 2017, Finance Committee meeting minutes, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried with one abstention:

Ayes: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster

Abstained: David Jordan Not Present: Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

2. Enter E-Poll results into the record in accordance with OBC SOP entitled Conducting Electronic Voting:

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

a. Approved June 5, 2017, Finance Committee meeting minutes (00:14:41) Requestor: Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved June 5, 2017, Finance Committee meeting minutes, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster Not Present: Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

VII. APPOINTMENTS

A. Approve recommendation to appoint Robert Barton to the Oneida Airport Hotel Corp. Board of Directors (00:15:33)

Sponsor: Tina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Fawn Billie to approve the recommendation to appoint Robert Barton to the Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation Board of Directors, seconded by David Jordan. Motion not voted on; item tabled.

Councilman David Jordan departs at 8:50 a.m. Councilman David Jordan returns at 8:51 a.m.

Motion by Lisa Summers to table this item, seconded by Tehassi Hill.

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

 B. Reconsider, review, and hear testimony from Kory Wesaw regarding appointment to Oneida Police Commission (00:19:07)
 Sponsor: Tina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

Motion by David Jordan to approve the recommendation and appoint Kory Wesaw to the Oneida Police Commission, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried with one opposed and one abstention:

Ayes:	Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster
Opposed:	Lisa Summers
Abstained:	Fawn Billie
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens
For the record:	Secretary Lisa Summers stated I'm going to oppose just because the agenda says that he was going to be here today so that we can ask him our questions. My understanding is that he was separated from employment there not only once but twice and I think that was going to be my opportunity to ask him because the agenda said that he would be

here today so that we could ask our clarifying questions about his employment history there. As liaison to the commission, I understand the concern. If you have an employee that's potentially been terminated from employment from that area twice and now they are being asked to act as a supervisor to the Chief of Police. I think that the Police Commission's concern about a potential conflict of interest is valid and I think this would have been our opportunity because it says that he was supposed to be here today and in absence of him being able to provide testimony or to provide additional clarification around the situation, it would be difficult for I think us to make a fair decision about that.

VIII. STANDING ITEMS

A. Accept quarterly report regarding Work Plan for Cemetery Improvements Project # 14-002 Sponsor: James Petitjean, Interim Assistant Division Director/Development (00:27:00)

Secretary Lisa Summers departs at 9:00 a.m. Secretary Lisa Summers returns at 9:08 a.m.

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the quarterly report regarding Work Plan for Cemetery Improvements Project # 14-002, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried with one abstention:

Ayes:	Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster
Abstained:	David Jordan
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

Amendment to the main motion by Jennifer Webster for a final close-out report, including financials, regarding the Cemetery Improvements Project # 14-002 be submitted to the Oneida Business Committee in sixty (60) days, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

IX. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

A. Accept presentation of Development Division re-organizational structure as information Sponsors: Jacque Boyle, Assistant Division Director/Development-Operations; Troy Parr, Assistant Division Director/Development-Development (1:00:10)

Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the presentation of the Development Division re-organizational structure, as information, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Councilman David Jordan departs at 10:07 a.m. Councilman David Jordan returns at 10:28 a.m.

B. Approve Amended and Restated Per Capita Trust agreement – file # 2017-0614 (1:34:44) Requestor: Susan White. Director/Trust Enrollment

Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman

Motion by Tehassi Hill to approve the Amended and Restated Per Capita Trust agreement – file # 2017-0614, dated May 23, 2017, seconded by Lisa Summers. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

C. Post vacancy to Oneida Personnel Commission with term end date of 2/28/21 (2:02:30) Requestor: Kathleen Metoxen, Records Technician II/BC Support Office Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by David Jordan to post the vacancy to Oneida Personnel Commission with term end date of 2/28/21, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Councilman Tehassi Hill departs at 10:39 a.m. Councilman Tehassi Hill returns at 10:44 a.m.

D. Approve OBC SOP entitled Stipends for OBC - Elect during Transition (2:03:20) Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by Lisa Summers to approve the OBC SOP entitled Stipends for OBC - Elect during Transition; and to include a sentence clarifying that if you are a current employee you are not eligible for the stipend, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

E. Accept memorandum regarding OBC Members and Political Appointments Ending Elected Terms (2:22:38)

Sponsor: Geraldine Danforth, Area Manager/Human Resources Dept.

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the memorandum regarding OBC Members and Political Appointments Ending Elected Terms; and to defer this item to the Legislative Reference Office and Human Resources Dept. for the follow-up to be completed for the next term, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

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F. Approve authorization to proceed with construction contract award for CIP # 14-013 – Early Head Start Facility with understanding additional funds are included in FY18 budget

Requestor:Paul Witek, Senior Tribal Architect (2:46:22)Sponsor:Troy Parr, Assistant Division Director/Development-Development

Motion by Lisa Summers to adopt resolution # 07-12-17-A Amending Resolution # BC-09-28-16-B to Correctly Title the Fund 'Economic Development, Diversification and Community Development" and to Correct the Purpose of the Fund to Include Community Development, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

Motion by Lisa Summers to adopt resolution # 07-12-17-B Authorizing Use of \$193,401.00 from the Economic Development, Diversification and Community Development Fund for the Purposes of CIP # 14-013, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

Motion by Jennifer Webster to allocate \$151,599 from the Community Economic Development fund to the CIP # 14-013 Early Head Start Facility, seconded by Lisa Summers. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

G. Enter E-Poll results into the record in accordance with OBC SOP entitled Conducting Electronic Voting:

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

1. Approved Memorandum of Understanding regarding Back Forty Mine – reference # 2017-0592 (3:00:50)

Requestor: Nathan King, Director/Intergovernmental Affairs & Communications

Motion by Tehassi Hill to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved Memorandum of Understanding regarding Back Forty Mine – reference # 2017-0592, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

X. NEW BUSINESS

A. Enter E-Poll results into the record in accordance with OBC SOP entitled Conducting Electronic Voting:

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

 Approved request to add the Governmental Services Division semi-annual report into the 2016 semi-annual reports book; and update memo in book to reflect change Requestor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary (3:01:27)

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved request to add the Governmental Services Division semi-annual report into the 2016 semi-annual reports book; and update memo in book to reflect change, seconded by David Jordan. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster Not Present: Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

XI. TRAVEL

A. TRAVEL REPORTS

1. Accept travel report – Councilman David Jordan – WI Republican Night – Washington D.C. – April 25-27, 2017 (3:02:18)

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the travel report – Councilman David Jordan – WI Republican Night – Washington D.C. – April 25-27, 2017, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried with one abstention:

Ayes:	Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster
Abstained:	David Jordan
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Accept travel report – Councilman Tehassi Hill – American Indian/Alaska Native Public Witness Hearing – Washington D.C. – May 15-17, 2017 (3:03:18)

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the travel report – Councilman Tehassi Hill – American Indian/Alaska Native Public Witness Hearing – Washington D.C. – May 15-17, 2017, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried with one abstention:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterAbstained:Tehassi HillNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

B. TRAVEL REQUESTS

Accept travel request regarding Secretary Lisa Summers & Councilwoman Fawn Billie attending 2017 North American Indigenous Games in Toronto, Ontario, July 16-23, 2017, as information (3:05:53)

Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the travel request regarding Secretary Lisa Summers & Councilwoman Fawn Billie attending 2017 North American Indigenous Games in Toronto, Ontario, July 16-23, 2017, as information, noting there is no request for per diem, hotel, or mileage, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

2. Enter E-Poll results into the record in accordance with OBC SOP entitled Conducting Electronic Voting:

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Approved travel request – Treasurer Trish King and up two (2) additional OBC members – Midwest Alliance of Sovereign Tribes (MAST) summer meeting – Hinkley, MN – July 13-14, 2017 (3:10:55)
 Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved travel request – Treasurer Trish King and up two (2) additional OBC members – Midwest Alliance of Sovereign Tribes (MAST) summer meeting – Hinkley, MN – July 13-14, 2017, noting that there will be no Oneida Business Committee members attending this event, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster Not Present: Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

 Approved travel request – Vice-Chairwoman Melinda J. Danforth – Partners in Action conference – Prior Lake, MN – July 18 and/or 20, 2017 (3:12:16) Requestor: Melinda J. Danforth, Tribal Vice-Chairwoman

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the travel request – Vice-Chairwoman Melinda J. Danforth – Partners in Action conference – Prior Lake, MN – July 18 and/or 20, 2017, noting an additional request for Councilman Tehassi Hill to attend as well, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried with one abstention:

Secretary Lisa Summers departs at 11:47 a.m. before voting occurs.

Ayes:	Fawn Billie, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster
Abstained:	Tehassi Hill
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens, Lisa Summers

XII. GENERAL TRIBAL COUNCIL (To obtain a copy of Members Only materials, visit the BC Support Office, 2nd floor, Norbert Hill Center and present Tribal I.D. card or go to https://goo.gl/uLp2jE)

Secretary Lisa Summers returns at 11:50 a.m.

A. Accept Petitioner Edward Delgado's request to withdraw kindergarten retention petition Sponsor: Fawn Billie, Councilwoman (3:16:23)

Motion by Tehassi Hill to accept Petitioner Edward Delgado's request to withdraw kindergarten retention petition filed on November 12, 2016, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

B. Petitioner Sherrole Benton: Request to change pre-employment drug testing for marijuana

1. Accept status update as information (3:18:07)

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by Tehassi Hill to accept the status update as information regarding Petitioner Sherrole Benton: Request to change pre-employment drug testing for marijuana, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM MAY 24, 2017</u>: (1) Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the financial analysis, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously. (2) Motion by Lisa Summers to direct the Secretary to come back with a proposed General Tribal Council date for this item at the next regular Business Committee meeting; and to direct the Secretary to follow-up with the petitioner to see if there's an alternative way for the issue to be resolved, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM MAY 10, 2017</u>: Motion by Fawn Billie to defer the financial analysis to the May 24, 2017 regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by David Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM APRIL 26, 2017</u>: Motion by Jennifer Webster to defer the financial analysis to May 10, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM APRIL 12, 2017</u>: (1) Motion by David Jordan to accept the legal analysis, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously. (2) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the financial analysis to the April 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by David Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM MARCH 22, 2017</u>: (1) Motion by David Jordan to accept the legislative analysis, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously. (2) Motion by Tehassi Hill to defer the legal analysis to the April 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Lisa Summers. Motion carried unanimously. (3) Motion by David Jordan to defer the financial analysis to the April 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously. (3) Motion by David Jordan to defer the financial analysis to the April 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

EXCERPT FROM MARCH 8, 2017: (1) Motion by Brandon Stevens to accept the progress report regarding legislative analysis, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously. (2) Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the progress report regarding the legal analysis, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously. (3) Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept the progress report regarding the financial analysis, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM JANUARY 11, 2017</u>: (1) Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the verified petition from Sherrole Benton regarding a request to change pre-employment drug testing for marijuana use; to send the verified petition to the Law, Finance, Legislative Reference, and Direct Report Offices for the legal, financial, legislative, and administrative analyses to be completed; and to direct the Law, Finance, and Legislative Reference Offices to submit their analyses to the Tribal Secretary's Office within sixty (60) days, and that a progress report be submitted in forty-five (45) days, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

C. Approve four (4) actions regarding Petitioner Edward Delgado: Trust Land Distribution Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

No formal action was taken on this item.

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

1. Accept legislative analysis Sponsor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman/Legislative Operating Committee Chair

Item deleted at the adoption of the agenda

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Councilman David Jordan departs at 11:56 a.m.

D. Accept correspondence to GTC dated June 19, 2017, as information (3:22:05) Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by Jennifer Webster to accept correspondence to GTC dated June 19, 2017, as information, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

	Notion carried unanimously.
Ayes:	Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Trish King, Brandon Stevens
For the record:	Chairwoman Tina Danforth stated I believe my constitutional rights were
	violated in assisting my office of the Chairwoman to provide for a
	General Tribal Council on June 28 th . My office took the necessary steps
	to provide for an agenda, to provide for the backup materials, to provide
	for the mailer to go out, but when the Secretary took it upon herself to
	have Printing not send out the mailer because she was informed
	otherwise by the Business Committee's e-poll and this is just now
	coming to the agenda due to other delay of people's availability, but
	regardless of that, I think my office, the office of the Chairwoman did do
	to the best of her ability in utilizing staff and resources to inform General
	Tribal Council of a meeting for June 28th which would have met the 10
	day notice policy had the June 16 th not interfered and provide other
	clarification, other unsolicited to the Print department.
For the record:	Secretary Lisa Summers stated I also have a for the record comments,
	noting that the material submitted by the Chairwoman's office for printing
	for the June 28 th date did not meet the 10 day notice requirement as it
	had new items on the agenda with no backup material on them and that
	the Printing department had notified the Chairwoman's office when it was
	submitted to them on June 13 th that it would not meet the 10 day notice
	requirements at that point and as a matter of fact had noticed the
	Chairwoman's office on at least two occasions that the materials did not
	meet the 10 day notice requirements and that they did seek input from
	the Secretary's office as the normal process is. That a full analysis was
	completed including the use of previous General Tribal Council
	meetings, the 10 day notice policy which was adopted by General Tribal
	Council, the Constitution, the Secretary's job description, and all of the
	applicable, and I believe there's four of them legal opinions regarding this
	subject.

For the record:	Chairwoman Tina Danforth stated I just wanted to note that on June 13 th there was not a notice to my staff that we were not going to meet the 10 day requirements. The conversation on June 13 th was that there was other printing demands for the July 17 th meeting and because of those other printing demands we were advised to outsource the mailer and we then took steps necessary to have the mailer outsourced to meet the 10 day notice requirement. Everything was done in accordance with advisement of the Printing department in order to provide a 10 day notice again until other analysis took place after the fact.
For the record:	Secretary Lisa Summers stated I also want included then as well and I believe this is a part of the analysis that the Printing department did provide a chronology of events that took place between the Printing department and your office and my office and indicated in that chronology of events it is provided. I can definitely go back and double check with them, but they did provide in writing that your office was notified, Madam Chair, that the 10 day notice requirements would not be met so that is information I need to go by because that came from the staff.

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

E. Approve August 14, 2017, special GTC meeting materials (00:07:20) Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

Motion by Lisa Summers to approve the August 14, 2017, special GTC meeting materials, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

F. Enter E-Poll results into the record in accordance with OBC SOP entitled Conducting Electronic Voting:

Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary

 Approved memorandum to cancel the June 20, 2017, special GTC meeting; and direct the Tribal Secretary to combine agenda items to a later date with the Employment law and Re-organization proposal Requestor: Brandon Stevens, Councilman

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved memorandum to cancel the June 20, 2017, special GTC meeting; and to direct the Tribal Secretary to combine agenda items to a later date with the Employment law and Re-organization proposal, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion not formally voted on: (3:48:52)

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Lisa Summers to recess for ten minutes, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

Meeting called to order by Chairwoman Danforth at 12:48 p.m.

Vice-Chairwoman Melinda J. Danforth, Councilman David Jordan, Treasurer Trish King, and Councilman Brandon Stevens not present.

Councilman David Jordan returns at 12:53 p.m.

2. Approved correspondence which directs the Oneida Law Office to file a request with the Judiciary to provide Declaratory, Injunctive, or Other Relief regarding requirement to properly notice special GTC meeting materials for the identified June 28, 2017, date Requestor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary (4:02:26)

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved correspondence which directs the Oneida Law Office to file a request with the Judiciary to provide Declaratory, Injunctive, or Other Relief regarding requirement to properly notice special GTC meeting materials for the identified June 28, 2017, date, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried with one abstention:

Ayes:	Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster
Abstained:	David Jordan
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens
For the record:	Chairwoman Tina Danforth stated this is another example of where eight
	individuals acted without consulting with myself as the Chair.

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Failed request to approve scheduling a special GTC meeting on October 22, 2017 Requestor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary (4:08:58)

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the failed request to approve scheduling a special GTC meeting on October 22, 2017, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the remaining agenda items to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

4. Approved correspondence to be sent out organization-wide regarding request made by Chairwoman Danforth which indicates her calling a special GTC meeting on June 28, 2017 (4:09:40)

Requestors:

Melinda J. Danforth, Tribal Vice-Chairwoman; Trish King, Tribal Treasurer; Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary; Fawn Billie, Councilwoman; Tehassi Hill, Councilman; David Jordan, Councilman; Brandon Stevens, Councilman; Jennifer Webster, Councilwoman

Motion by Lisa Summers to enter the E-Poll results into the record for the approved correspondence to be sent out organization-wide regarding request made by Chairwoman Danforth which indicates her calling a special GTC meeting on June 28, 201, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

XIII. EXECUTIVE SESSION

A. <u>REPORTS</u>

1. Accept Chief Counsel report – Jo Anne House, Chief Counsel (4:10:30)

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the Chief Counsel report dated July 11, 2017, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

B. STANDING ITEMS

- 1. Land Claims Strategy (No Requested Action)
- C. <u>AUDIT COMMITTEE</u> (No Requested Action)

D. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

 Defer report regarding contract # 2017-0088 to July 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting (4:11:09)
 Sponsors: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary; Jennifer Webster, Councilwoman

Motion by Lisa Summers to defer the report regarding contract # 2017-0088 to July 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM APRIL 26, 2017</u>: Motion by Fawn Billie to defer the report regarding contract # 2017-0088 for sixty (60) days, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

<u>EXCERPT FROM FEBRUARY 8, 2017</u>: Motion by Lisa Summers to direct Liaisons Councilwoman Jennifer Webster and Secretary Lisa Summers to work with the Law Office on a contract item that was brought forward; and to bring back a report to the Business Committee within sixty (60) days, seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Determine next steps regarding non-gaming employee incentive proposal for FY18 Sponsor: Geraldine Danforth, Area Manager/Human Resources Dept. (4:11:41)

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the recommendations provided by the Human Resources Manager in the memorandum dated July 11, 2017, titled Employee Incentive FY18, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Åyes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

EXCERPT FROM MAY 24, 2017: (1) Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the Gaming request for the employment reinvestment strategy for Fiscal Year 2018 to include items 1, 2, and 3 with the agreed upon modifications, noting a final adjustment may be needed as the budget process for the 2018 proceeds, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously. (2) Motion by Fawn Billie for the Human Resources Department to bring back an employee incentive proposal for the non-gaming entities for inclusion in the Fiscal Year 2018 budget, seconded by Lisa Summers. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Review recommendation; and agree on final decision regarding complaints # 2017-DR08-01, # 2017-DR08-02, and # 2017-DR08-03 (4:18:16)

Sponsors: David Jordan, Councilman; Brandon Stevens, Councilman; Jennifer Webster, Councilwoman

Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting for the team to do the additional follow-up that was identified, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried with one abstention:

Ayes:	Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer Webster
Abstained:	Fawn Billie
Not Present:	Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

<u>EXCERPT FROM JULY 3, 2017</u>: (Reconvened from June 28, 2017) Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 12, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Jennifer Webster. Motion carried unanimously.

E. <u>NEW BUSINESS</u>

1. Discussion regarding complaint # 2017-CC-05 (4:19:22) Sponsor: David Jordan, Councilman

Motion by Lisa Summers to defer this item to the July 25, 2017, Oneida Business Committee executive session agenda for a 9:00 a.m. start time, seconded by David Jordan. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

2. Review community concern # 2017-CC-10 and determine next steps (4:20:15) Sponsor: Tina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

Motion by Lisa Summers to support the Chairwoman's request for a response from the Division Director on the identified issue to indicate how and/or if the matter has been addressed with a time frame included, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

3. Review complaint # 2017-DR11-01 (4:20:51)

Sponsor: Melinda J. Danforth, Tribal Vice-Chairwoman

Motion by Jennifer Webster to defer this item to the Oneida Business Committee Officers for follow up with the Comprehensive Health Operations Division Director; and for a report to be brought back to the July 26, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

XIV. ADJOURN

Motion by Lisa Summers to adjourn at 1:06 p.m., seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Lisa Summers, Jennifer WebsterNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, Trish King, Brandon Stevens

Minutes prepared by Heather Heuer, Information Management Specialist Minutes approved as presented on _____.

Lisa Summers, Secretary ONEIDA BUSINESS COMMITTEE

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 26 / 17

2. General Information:

Session: 🛛 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
X Action - please describe:
We request that the BC pass this Resolution in support of the Internal Services Divisions grant application.
3. Supporting Materials ☐ Report ⊠ Resolution ☐ Contract ⊠ Other:
1. Grant Authorization Form 3.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Inbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Joanie Buckley, Division Director/Internal Services
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Donald Miller, Technical Writer, Grants Department Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

The Bureau of Indian Affairs requires a Tribal Resolution granting permission to apply be included with this grant application.

This grant will fund a feasibility study that will investigate the possible uses for the Oneida Nations Free Trade Zone. The overall goal of the project is to determine viable uses that can contribute to the reservations employment base and thereby strengthen Tribal sovereignty.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a **SINGLE** *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

Oneida Nation

Post Office Box 365

Phone: (920)869-2214



Oneida, WI 54155

BC Resolution # Leave this line blank

Native American Business Development Institute (NABDI) Feasibility Study

- WHEREAS, the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Nation is committed to the development of employment opportunity for community members living on or near the Oneida Nation reservation; and
- WHEREAS, The Oneida Nation is committed to economic development as a means of supporting Oneida Tribal sovereignty; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, "the Oneida Nation will enter into an agreement with a research institution to conduct a feasibility study regarding the potential development of the Oneida Free Trade Zone as a means of encouraging economic development and job creation on the Oneida Nation reservation."

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, "The Oneida Nation agrees to consider pursuing any opportunity for economic development that is identified by this feasibility study."

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, "The Oneida Nation will adhere to its three bid process to solicit an agency to conduct this feasibility study."

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, "The Oneida Nation recognizing the need for fiscal transparency regarding the use of federal dollars and agrees to make the results of their feasibility study available as required by the Department of the Interior and the Bureau of Indian Affairs."

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, "That the Oneida Business Committee authorizes the Internal Services Division to apply for a grant related to the development of the Oneida Free Trade Zone."

GRANT PROPOSAL AUTHORIZATION FORM ONEIDA GRANTS OFFICE

PH: (920) 496-7330 FAX: (920) 496-7494

<u>Form instructions</u>: Double click on the grey area; a drop down called "form field option box" box will appear. In the "items drop-down list" click on which one you want; then click on the "up" arrow move it to the top and click on ok. In the reporting area: Double click on the box you want to put an "x" in. A "check box form field" box will appear, in "under default value" click on "checked" then ok.

PROGRAM INFORMATION

Department: Administration	Division/Non-Division: Internal Services	
Program: Economic development	Program Accountant:	
Person Responsible for proposal development: Joanie Buckley		Phone: 920-496-7425
Person Responsible for grant administration: Joanie Buckley Phone: 920-496-7425		
Project Title: Oneida Nation – Economic Development feasibility study project		

GRANT INFORMATION

Name of Funding Source: Depart of the Interior - Bureau of Indian Affairs Type (pick one): Federal				
Title of Grant: Solicitation for Proposals for Funding From the Native American Business Development Institute (NABDI) Feasibility Study ProgramCFDA No: 15.133				
Application Deadline: August	12, 2017	Grant A	mount: \$100,000	
Project Period: 12 months	Budget Period: 10-1-2017 to 9-30-2018	Type of F Study	Type of Project (pick one): Feasibility Study	
Match Requested (% or \$): \$ No Match Type (pick one): N/A		(pick one): N/A		
Is a Tribal resolution required? If yes, please notify Grants Office immediately. Yes (preferred)				
Will this grant create a: New position No Committee No Commission No Board No				
Will this grant fund an existing position? No Name of Position(s):				
If YES, attach draft job description for all grant funded positions. PLEASE NOTE: Position/employee will be				

phased out when grant funding ends.

Project Proposal Summary (must answer all these questions): The purpose, benefit(s), where is the match coming from, are there any other programs collaborating, travel justification, position justification, or pertinent information:

List any capital expenditures (cap ex), technology expenses & CIP purchases (NOTE: Must follow the appropriate Cap ex, CIP or Technology SOP for each purchase request.): NONE <u>Vendors:</u> Verified that Vendors contracted with are NOT suspended/debarred: Yes No NA

Publi	c Packet				Page 36
*F ei	Prior to entering into nsure the vendors a	o contracts with vendors, t are not suspended or deba	hey will be cross arred.	s referenced at <u>www</u>	v.sam.gov to
<u>Reporting:</u>	Quarterly 🗌	Semi-Annually 🗌	Yearly 🗌	Narrative 🗌	Financial 🗌
		SIGNATU	JRES		
Office when	applying for fund	person responsible for ing and acknowledges y oughout the project peri	our responsibi	ility to successfull	ith the Grants y administer all
4. Division/N SIGNATURE A	VERIFIES & APPRO	7/18/1			
Revised: 12/19/	/16				
GO-001					

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	_7_	/	26	/	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🔄 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
Consider adoption of amendments to the Well Abandonment Law
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
\boxtimes Other:
1. Adoption packet 3.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:Oneida Business CommitteeFROM:Brandon Stevens, LOC ChairpersonDATE:July 26, 2017RE:Well Abandonment Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Well Abandonment Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: Well Abandonment Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: Well Abandonment Law Amendments
- 3. Well Abandonment Law Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. Well Abandonment Law Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. Well Abandonment Law Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. Well Abandonment Law Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Well Abandonment Law to transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Well Abandonment Law Amendments

A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

1		BC Resolution
2 3		Well Abandonment Law Amendments
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
11 12 13	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the Well Abandonment Law through resolution BC-09-12-12-B and thereafter amended it through resolution BC-08-31-94-A; and
14 15 16 17	WHEREAS,	the Amendments to the Law transfer the Environment Resource Board's original hearing body authority and responsibilities to the Oneida Judiciary as part of an effort to standardize and streamline all of the Nation's hearing responsibilities; and
18 19	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and
20 21		EFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Well Abandonment Law Amendments opted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.
~ ~		

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



Statement of Effect

Well Abandonment Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the Well Abandonment Law Amendments (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." *Judiciary*, 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. These amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 406.7-4. *Contested Action Hearings*, which reads as follows:

All citations, penalties, forfeitures, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need

to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.





Hearing Authority Transfer Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND **DRAFTER: REQUESTER: SPONSOR:** ANALYST: LOC Tehassi Hill Krystal L. John Candice E. Skenandore Intent of the To further utilize the Judiciary. Amendments To transfer the Environmental Resource Board (ERB) hearing authority to the Purpose Judiciary. **Affected Entities** Trial Court, ERB Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal Affected Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law, Legislation Water Resources Ordinance ERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial **Enforcement/Due** Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure. **Process Public Meeting** A public meeting was held on June 15, 2017.

SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT 1

- 2 **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- **B.** In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by 10 creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the 11 adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of 12 Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or 13 peacemaking [See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B]. 14
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The 15 following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority: 16
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21 All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV) • 22
 - Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal) 23
- 24

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SECTION 3. CONSULTATION 25

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A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- 40 **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
- 46

47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
- 54

55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- 56 A. These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

64

	ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
2012	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
2013	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
2014	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
2015	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
2016	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
2017	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
TOTAL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

68

69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

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For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) 2017 07 26 – Clean

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources—Chapter 404 WELL ABANDONMENT

Tsi? Kahne kóte Kayanláhsla

our laws of the wells

404.3. Definitions 404.7. Penalties	ndonment Procedures
-------------------------------------	---------------------

1 404.1. Purpose and Policy

404.1-1. The purpose of this law is to require the abandonment or upgrading of all unused,
unsafe or noncomplying wells located within the exterior Reservation boundaries of the Oneida
Nation to prevent contamination of groundwater.

404.1-2. The proper abandonment of wells protects public health, safety and welfare by
assuring that unused, unsafe or noncomplying wells, or wells which may serve as conduits for
contamination, or wells which may be illegally cross-connected to the municipal water system,
are properly abandoned.

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10 404.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

404.2-1. This law was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or Oneida General Tribal
 Council] by resolution BC-8-31-94-A and amended by resolution ______.

- 404.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the [Oneida Business Committee and/or
 Oneida General Tribal Council] pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures
 Act.
- 404.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
 circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 19 404.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another20 law, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 21 404.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

23 404.3. Definitions

404.3-1. All words used herein shall have their ordinary meaning unless specifically definedwithin this section.

- 26 404.3-2. Unless otherwise stated within this law, the following specific definitions shall apply:
- (a) "Municipal water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped
 water for human consumption when such system has at least 15 service connections or
 regularly serves at least 25 year-round residents owned or operated by a city, village,
 county, town, town sanitary district or public institution, or a privately owned water
 utility serving any of the above.
- 32 (b) "Noncomplying" means a well or a pump installation which does not meet the33 provisions of NR 112, Wis. Admin. Code.
 - (c) "Pump installation" means the pump and related equipment used for withdrawing

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1)

2017 07 26 - Clean

- water from a well including the discharge piping, the underground connections, pitless 35 adapters, pressure tanks, pits, sampling faucets and well seals or caps. 36
- (d) "Unsafe" means a well or pump installation which produces water which is 37 bacteriologically contaminated or contaminated with substances exceeding the standards 38 39 of chs. NR 809 or 140, Wis. Admin. Code, or for which a Health Advisory has been 40 issued.
- (e) "Unused" means a well or pump installation which has not been in use for three (3) 41 months prior to the date of the adoption of this Law or has not had a functional pumping 42 43 system for three consecutive months.
- (f) "Well" means an excavation or opening into the ground made by digging, boring, 44 45 drilling, driving, or other methods for the purpose of obtaining groundwater for 46 consumption or other use.
- 47 "Well Abandonment" means the filling and sealing of a well according to the (g) provisions set out herein or by adoption within this code of §NR 112.26, Wis. Admin. 48 49 Code.
- 50

51 404.4. **Abandonment Required**

52 404.4-1. All wells located on premises served by a municipal water system or, regardless of 53 location, are unused or of noncomplying construction, shall be abandoned in accordance with the terms of this law and §NR 112.26, Wis. Admin. Code, unless a well operation permit has been 54 55 obtained from the Oneida Environmental Health and Safety Division within three (3) months of adoption of this law, prior to opening a well after adoption of this law, or a renewal permit was 56 57 granted within three months of expiration of prior permits.

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404.5. **Well Operation Permit**

60 404.5-1. The Oneida Environmental Health and Safety Division may grant a yearly well operation permit to a private well owner to operate a well for a period not to exceed five (5) 61 years, providing the conditions of this section are met. An owner may request renewal of a well 62 operation permit by submitting information verifying that the conditions of this section are met. 63 64

- 404.5-2. The following requirements must be met prior to granting a permit
 - (a) A yearly water quality test is performed at the owner's expense.
- (b) The Oneida Environmental Health and Safety Division or its agent, may conduct 66 inspections or have water quality tests conducted to obtain or verify information 67 68 necessary for consideration of a permit application, on an annual basis for reverification, or upon request for permit renewal. 69
 - (c) Permit applications and renewals shall be made on forms provided by the Oneida Environmental Health and Safety Division.
- 72 The following conditions must be met for issuance or renewal of a well operation 404.5-3. 73 permit.
 - (a) The well and pump installation meet or are upgraded to meet the requirements of ch. NR 112, Wis. Admin. Code; and
- The well construction and pump installation have a history of producing 76 (b) 77 bacteriologically safe water as verified by sampling histories. No exception to this

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1)

2017 07 26 – Clean

- condition may be made for unsafe well, unless the Oneida Environmental Health andSafety Division provides the appropriate form for the continued use of the well; and
- 80 (c) There are no cross-connections between the well and pump installation and the81 municipal water system; and
- 82 (d) The proposed use of the well and pump installation will be reviewed on a case by83 case basis.
- 84

85 404.6. Abandonment Procedures

404.6-1. All wells abandoned under the jurisdiction of the Oneida Nation shall be abandoned
according the procedures and methods set out herein and supplemented in §NR 112.26, Wis.
Admin. Code. Provided that, any notification within the state regulation shall be superseded and
integrated as reasonable with the notification procedures herein.

404.6-2. The owner of the well, or the owner's agent, shall notify the Oneida Environmental
Health and Safety Division at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of any well
abandonment activities. The abandonment of the well may be observed by the Oneida
Environmental Health and Safety Division, or its designated agent.

- 404.6-3. A well abandonment report will be completed and submitted by the owner's agent, to
 the Oneida Environmental Health and Safety Division within 10 days of the completion of the
 well abandonment. The well abandonment report form is available from the Oneida
 Environmental Health and Safety Division.
- 404.6-4. All debris, pump, piping, unsealed liners and any other obstructions which mayinterfere with sealing operations shall be removed prior to abandonment.
- 100

101 **404.7. Penalties**

404.7-1. Any well owner or agent violating any provision of this law shall be subject to
forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000. Each day of violation is a separate
forfeiture. Provided that each forfeiture be proven individually.

404.7-2. Failure to comply with this law within ten (10) working days after receiving written
notice of this violation, the Oneida Nation may impose a penalty and cause the well
abandonment to be performed at the expense of the well owner.

404.7-3. It shall be a valid defense to any continuing forfeiture that the well owner has begun
procedures to abandon the well and shall be by sworn affidavit that notice has been presented to
the Oneida Environmental Health Program of approved well abandonment procedure.

All citations, penalties, forfeitures, orders and 111 406.7-4. Contested Action Hearings. declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial 112 Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) 113 days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the 114 prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or 115 admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a 116 117 hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they 118 committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, 119 120 the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) 2017 07 26 – Clean

121 matter is resolved.

- (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the
 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of
 one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are payable to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which the Environmental Resource Board shall contribute to the Nation's general fund.
- (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to
 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the
 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal
 member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.

136 404.8. Conflict with Federal.

137 404.8-1. Should any part of this law be found to be in conflict with federal requirements which 138 are required in order that the Oneida Nation receive federal funds, the conflicting section of this 139 law is to be considered inoperative only for the purpose of the particular funding and that 140 particular conflict. Provided that any consideration in regards to federal funding does not 141 undermine the purposes and policies of this law. Such conflict shall not affect the operation of 142 the remainder of this law in its application to those agencies or department directly affected.

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146 Adopted - BC-8-31-94-A

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For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources—Chapter 404 WELL ABANDONMENT LAW

Tsi? Kahne kóte Kayanláhsla

our laws of the wells

404.1. Purpose and Policy404.5404.2 Adoption, Amendment, Repeal404.6404.3 Definitions404.7404.4 Abandonment Required404.8	Well Operation Permit Abandonment Procedures Penalties Conflict with Federal
---	---

404.1. ___Purpose and Policy

404.1-1. __The purpose of this law is to require the abandonment or upgrading of all unused, unsafe or noncomplying wells located within the exterior Reservation boundaries of the Oneida
 Tribe of IndiansNation to prevent contamination of groundwater.

404.1-2. _The proper abandonment of wells protects public health, safety and welfare by assuring that unused, unsafe or noncomplying wells, or wells which may serve as conduits for contamination, or wells which may be illegally cross-connected to the municipal water system, are properly abandoned.

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10 404.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

404.2-1.-__This law may be was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida
 General Tribal Council] by resolution BC-8-31-94-A and effective ten (10) working days after
 date of adoption.amended by resolution

404.2-2.-_This law may be amended <u>or repealed by the [Oneida Business Committee and/or</u>
 <u>Oneida General Tribal Council]</u> pursuant to the procedures set out in the Oneida
 AdministrativeLegislative Procedures Act-by the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida
 General Tribal Council, regardless of where the original adoption took place.

404.2-3.-_Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

21 404.2-4. All other Oneida laws, policies, regulations, rules, resolutions, motions and all other

- similar actions which are inconsistent with this policy are hereby repealed unless specifically re enacted after adoption of this policy.
- 24 404.2-5. This law shall apply to all Oneida Tribal entities, the Oneida Tribe, members of the
- 25 Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin who own land within the exterior boundaries of the
- 26 Reservation of the Oneida Tribe of Indians, residents and all entities within the Oneida Utility
- 27 District and is adopted and implemented by authority of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of
- 28 Wisconsin Constitution.
- 404.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another
 law, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 31 <u>404.2-5.</u> This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
 32

33 404.3. Definitions

34 404.3-1. All words used herein shall have their ordinary meaning unless specifically defined

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

35 within this section.

- 404.3-2. Unless otherwise stated within this law, the following specific definitions shall apply:
 (a) "Municipal water system" means a system for the provision to the public of piped
 water for human consumption when such system has at least 15 service connections or
 regularly serves at least 25 year-round residents owned or operated by a city, village,
 county, town, town sanitary district or public institution, or a privately owned water
 utility serving any of the above.
- (b) "Noncomplying" means a well or a pump installation which does not meet theprovisions of NR 112, Wis. Admin. Code.
- (c) "Pump installation" means the pump and related equipment used for withdrawing
 water from a well including the discharge piping, the underground connections, pitless
 adapters, pressure tanks, pits, sampling faucets and well seals or caps.
- 47 (d) "Unsafe" means a well or pump installation which produces water which is
 48 bacteriologically contaminated or contaminated with substances exceeding the standards
 49 of chs. NR 809 or 140, Wis. Admin. Code, or for which a Health Advisory has been
 50 issued.
- (e) "Unused" means a well or pump installation which has not been in use for three (3)
 months prior to the date of the adoption of this Law or has not had a functional pumping
 system for three consecutive months.
- 54 (f) "Well" means an excavation or opening into the ground made by digging, boring, 55 drilling, driving, or other methods for the purpose of obtaining groundwater for 56 consumption or other use.
- (g) "Well Abandonment" means the filling and sealing of a well according to the
 provisions set out herein or by adoption within this code of \$NR 112.26, Wis. Admin.
 Code.
- 60 61

404.4. ____Abandonment Required

404.4-1. All wells located on premises served by a municipal water system or, regardless of
location, are unused or of noncomplying construction, shall be abandoned in accordance with the
terms of this law and \$NR 112.26, Wis. Admin. Code, unless a well operation permit has been
obtained from the Oneida Environmental Health Programand Safety Division within three (3)
months of adoption of this law, prior to opening a well after adoption of this law, or a renewal
permit was granted within three months of expiration of prior permits.

68 69

404.5. ____Well Operation Permit

404.5-1. The Oneida Environmental Health Programand Safety Division may grant a yearly
well operation permit to a private well owner to operate a well for a period not to exceed five (5)
years, providing the conditions of this section are met. An owner may request renewal of a well
operation permit by submitting information verifying that the conditions of this section are met.

- 74 | 404.5-2. The following requirements must be met prior to granting a permit
- (a) A yearly water quality test is performed at the owner's expense.
 (b) The Oneida Environmental Health Program and Safety Division or its agent, may
- 76 | 77

conduct inspections or have water quality tests conducted to obtain or verify information

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

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or upon request for permit renewal.
(c) Permit applications and renewals shall be made on forms provided by the Oneida Environmental Health Programand Safety Division.

404.5-3.— The following conditions must be met for issuance or renewal of a well operation permit.

84 85 (a) The well and pump installation meet or are upgraded to meet the requirements of ch. NR 112, Wis. Admin. Code; and

necessary for consideration of a permit application, on an annual basis for reverification,

- (b) The well construction and pump installation have a history of producing
 bacteriologically safe water as verified by sampling histories. No exception to this
 condition may be made for unsafe well, unless the Oneida Environmental Health
 Program and Safety Division provides the appropriate form for the continued use of the
 well; and
- 91 (c) There are no cross-connections between the well and pump installation and the92 municipal water system; and
- (d) The proposed use of the well and pump installation will be reviewed on a case bycase basis.
- 95

96 404.6. <u>Abandonment Procedures</u>

- 97 404.6-1. All wells abandoned under the jurisdiction of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of
 98 WisconsinNation shall be abandoned according the procedures and methods set out herein and
 99 supplemented in §NR 112.26, Wis. Admin. Code. Provided that, any notification within the state
 100 regulation shall be superseded and integrated as reasonable with the notification procedures
 101 herein.
- 404.6-2.-_The owner of the well, or the owner's agent, shall notify the Oneida Environmental
 Health Programand Safety Division at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of any well
 abandonment activities. The abandonment of the well may be observed by the Oneida
 Environmental Health Programand Safety Division, or its designated agent.
- 404.6-3.-_A well abandonment report will be completed and submitted by the owner's agent, to
 the Oneida Environmental Health Program and Safety Division within 10 days of the completion
 of the well abandonment. The well abandonment report form is available from the Oneida
 Environmental Health Program and Safety Division.
- 404.6-4.—All debris, pump, piping, unsealed liners and any other obstructions which may
 interfere with sealing operations shall be removed prior to abandonment.
- 112

113 | 404.7. ___Penalties-

- 404.7-1. Any well owner or agent violating any provision of this law shall be subject to
 forfeiture of not less thatthan \$100 nor more than \$1,000. Each day of violation is a separate
 forfeiture. Provided that each forfeiture be proven individually.
- 404.7-2.-_Failure to comply with this law within ten (10) working days after receiving written
 notice of this violation, the Oneida TribeNation may impose a penalty and cause the well
- 119 abandonment to be performed at the expense of the well owner.
- 120 | 404.7-3. The Oneida Environmental Health Program is authorized to bring all civil forfeiture

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

- 121 hearings before the Oneida Environmental resource Board as the Original Hearing Body.
- 122 Provided that notice and hearing procedures are conducted as directed by the Oneida
 123 Administrative Procedures Act.
- 124 404.7-4. It shall be a valid defense to any continuing forfeiture that the well owner has begun
 procedures to abandon the well and shall be by sworn affidavit that notice has been presented to
 the Oneida Environmental Health Program of approved well abandonment procedure.
- 127 404.7-5. Appeal from any final, written, judgment shall be made within five (5) working days of
 128 notice and may be made by either party.
- 404.7-6. No forfeitures accumulate after a civil hearing is begun by filing a request for forfeiture
 with the Environmental Resource Board.
- 131 404.7-7. Forfeiture collected under this law are to forwarded to the Accounts Receivable Office
 132 for placement in the General Tribal Funds.
- 406.7-4. Contested Action Hearings. All citations, penalties, forfeitures, orders and 133 declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial 134 Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) 135 days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the 136 prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or 137 admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a 138 hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days 139 of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they 140 committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, 141 the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the 142 143 matter is resolved.
- (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are payable to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which the Environmental Resource Board shall contribute to the Nation's general fund.
- (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to
 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
 (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
- 154 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the
- 155 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal
 156 member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.
- 157 158

404.8. ___Conflict with Federal.

404.8-1. Should any part of this law be found to be in conflict with federal requirements which
are required in order that the Oneida Tribe of IndiansNation receive federal funds, the conflicting
section of this law is to be considered inoperative only for the purpose of the particular funding
and that particular conflict. Provided that any consideration in regards to federal funding does
not undermine the purposes and policies of this law. Such conflict shall not affect the operation

Page 53

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26 of the remainder of this law in its application to those agencies or department directly affected. 167 168 Adopted - BC-8-31-94-A

4 O.C. 404-Page 5

FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal			Draft 19	
Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)			Draft 2	
Public Use of Tribal Land (P	ublic Use)		Draft 1	
Tribal Environmental Respon	nse (TERP)		Draft 1	
Well Abandonment Law (We	ell Abandonment)		Draft 1	
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (AT	ΓV)		Draft 1	
Water Resources Ordinance	× /		Draft 1	
On-Site Waste Disposal Ord	inance (Waste Disposal)		Draft 1	
	Oneida Police Department	(OPD)		
	Conservation			
	Environmental Resource E	Board (ERB)		
Implementing Agency	Emergency Management			
	Environmental Health and			
	Comprehensive Health Div	vision		
	Oneida Judiciary			
Estimated time to comply	January 1, 2018			
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year E	stimate	
ERB stipend savings	\$830	\$8,300		
Total Estimated Savings	\$830	\$8,300		
Revenue and cost considerations Fee Schedules should be removed from the vario			rious Laws	
Uncertainties and Unknowns	None			

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	_7_	/	26	/	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 🗌 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
X Action - please describe:
Consider the adoption of amendments to the Tribal Environmental Response Law
3. Supporting Materials ☐ Report ☐ Resolution ☐ Contract ☑ Other:
1. Adoption packet 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:	Oneida Business Committee
FROM:	Brandon Stevens, LOC Chairperson
DATE:	July 26, 2017
RE:	Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments
- 3. Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Tribal Environmental Response Law to transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments

1		BC Resolution						
2		Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments						
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and						
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and						
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and						
11 12 13	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the Tribal Environmental Response Law through resolution BC-09-12-12-B and thereafter amended it through resolution BC-02-25-15-C; and						
14 15 16 17	WHEREAS,	the Amendments to the Law transfer the Environment Resource Board's original hearing body authority and responsibilities to the Oneida Judiciary as part of an effort to standardize and streamline all of the Nation's hearing responsibilities; and						
18 19	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and						
20 21		EFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Tribal Environmental Response Law are hereby adopted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.						

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Opeida.nsn gov



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Statement of Effect

Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the Tribal Environmental Response Law Amendments (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." *Judiciary*, 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. These amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 401.10-3. *Contested Action Hearings*, which reads as follows:

All citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a prehearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need

to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.



SECTION 1. BACKGROUND

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28



Hearing Authority Transfer Legislative Analysis

DRAFTER: REQUESTER: SPONSOR: ANALYST: LOC Tehassi Hill Krystal L. John Candice E. Skenandore Intent of the To further utilize the Judiciary. Amendments To transfer the Environmental Resource Board (ERB) hearing authority to the Purpose Judiciary. **Affected Entities** Trial Court, ERB Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal Affected Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law, Legislation Water Resources Ordinance

Enforcement/Due
ProcessERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial
Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure.Public MeetingA public meeting was held on June 15, 2017.

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- 2 **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- B. In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or peacemaking [See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B].
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority:
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21• All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV)
 - Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)
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25 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

26 27

A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- 40 **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
- 46

47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
- 54

55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- 56 A. These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

64

	ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
2012	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
2013	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
2014	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
2015	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
2016	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
2017	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
TOTAL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

68

69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

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For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) 2017 07 26 – Clean

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources—Chapter 401 TRIBAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE Latihw<tsyahal#=tu kayanl^hsla>

They clean up the earth laws

401.1. Purpose and Policy401.7. Discharge of Hazardous Substances401.2. Adoption, Amendment, Conflicts401.8. Remedial Actions401.3. Definitions401.9. Case Closure or No Further Action401.4. Jurisdiction401.10. Enforcement and Penalties401.5. Tribal Environmental Response Program (TERP)401.11. Appeals

1 401.1. Purpose and Policy

4

- 2 401.1-1. The purpose of this law is to:3 (a) regulate the identification, inv
 - (a) regulate the identification, investigation and remediation of discharges of hazardous substances to the environment;
- 5 (b) identify sites where the discharge of a hazardous substance into the environment has 6 occurred; and
- 7 (c) eliminate contamination from and control the threat of, or actual discharge of8 hazardous substances.
- 9 401.1-2. It is the policy of the Nation to:
- (a) respond to discharges of hazardous substances and environmental contamination
 concerns; and
- 12 (b) ensure remedial action is taken to redevelop contaminated lands and maintain the 13 health and welfare of the environment.

14 **401.2.** Adoption, Amendment, Conflicts

401.2-1. This law is adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-09-12-12-B
and amended by resolution BC-02-25-15-C.

401.2-2. This law may be amended pursuant to the procedures set out in Tribal law by theOneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal Council.

- 401.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
 circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 401.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall control. Provided that, nothing in this law is intended to repeal or modify any existing law, policy, regulation, rule, resolution, or motion.
- 25 401.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

26 401.3. Definitions

- 401.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law.All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
- (a) "All Appropriate Inquiries" means the process of evaluating a property's
 environmental conditions and assessing the likelihood of any contamination in
 compliance with the All Appropriate Inquiries Final Rule at 40 CFR 312.
- 32 (b) "Contamination" or "contaminated" means the environment has been affected by a 33 hazardous substance to the point that remedial action is necessary to restore the 34 environment.

- (c) "Discharge" means, but is not limited to, spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, 35 36 emitting, emptying, releasing or dumping. (d) "Dispose" or "disposal" means the deposit, injection, or placing of any hazardous 37 38 substance in a manner which may permit the substance to be discharged to the 39 environment. 40 (e) "Free product" means a hazardous substance that is present in the environment as a 41 floating or sinking non-aqueous phase liquid. 42 (f) "Groundwater" means any water contained beneath the ground surface. 43 (g) "Hazardous substance" means any substance or combination of substances, including 44 any waste of a solid, semi-solid, liquid or gaseous form, which may cause or significantly 45 contribute to an increase in mortality or serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible 46 illness, or which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the 47 environment because of its quantity, concentration or physical, chemical or infectious 48 characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to: 49 (1) a substance defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, 50 Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 USC §9601 as amended, as a 51 hazardous substance. 52 (2) those substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong 53 sensitizers or explosives. 54 (3) petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof that is liquid at standard 55 conditions of temperature and pressure. 56 (h) "Immediate action" means a remedial action that is taken within a short period of time after the discharge of a hazardous substance or contamination occurs, or after the 57 58 discovery of the discharge or contamination. (j) "Judiciary" means the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal 59 Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B to administer the judicial authorities and 60 responsibilities of the Nation. 61 (k) "Operator" means any person who operates a site. 62 63 (1) "Owner" means any person who owns or who receives direct or indirect consideration 64 from the operation of a site regardless of whether the site remains in operation and 65 regardless of whether the person owns or receives consideration at the time 66 contamination occurs. (m)"Person" means an individual, owner, operator, entity, corporation, partnership, 67 association, municipality, interstate agency, state agency or federal agency. 68 69 (n) "Practicable" means remedial action is capable of being implemented, taking into 70 account: 71 (1) The technical feasibility of the remedial action, considering its long-term 72 effectiveness, short-term effectiveness, implementability and the time it will take 73 until restoration is achieved; and 74 (2) The economic feasibility of the remedial action, considering the cost of the 75 remedial action compared to its technical feasibility. 76 (o) "Registered pesticide" means a pesticide registered or exempted by the federal 77 Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Pesticide Programs. 78 (p) "Remedial action" means any action taken to control, minimize or eliminate the 79 discharge of a hazardous substance at or contamination of a site and any action taken to
- 80 restore the environment to the extent practicable.
- 81 (q) "Responsible party" means any person who, under this law, is required to:

- 82 (1) take action to prevent or abate contamination, a threat of contamination, the
 83 discharge of a hazardous substance or threat of a discharge; or
 84 (2) reimburse a Tribal entity for the costs incurred by the entity to take action to
 85 prevent or abate contamination or threat of contamination or the discharge of a
 86 hazardous substance or threat of a discharge.
- (r) "Restore" or "restoration" means to return the environment to its original condition
 before the discharge of a hazardous substance or contamination of the site occurred.
- 88 before the discharge of a hazardous substance of contamination of the site occurred.
 89 (s) "Site" means any area where contamination has occurred or is suspected of occurring,
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 including a place of business that handles, transports or stores hazardous substances and
 is required to track such materials.
- 92 (t) "Tribal entity" means a board, committee, commission, department, division, or 93 agency of the Nation.
- 94 **401.4.** Jurisdiction
- 95 401.4-1. *Personal Jurisdiction*. This law shall apply to:
- 96 (a) all Oneida Tribal members, Tribal entities, Tribal corporations and members of other
 97 federally recognized tribes;
- (b) individuals and businesses leasing, occupying or otherwise using Tribal fee land andall Tribal trust lands; and
- (c) individuals who have consented to the jurisdiction of the Nation or as otherwise
 consistent with federal law. For purposes of this subsection, an individual shall have
 consented to the jurisdiction of the Nation:
- 103(1) By entering into a consensual relationship with the Nation, Tribal entities,104Tribal corporations, or Tribal members, including but not limited to contracts or105other agreements; or
- 106(2) By other facts which manifest an intent to consent to the authority of the107Nation, including failure to raise an objection to the exercise of personal108jurisdiction in a timely manner.
- 401.4-2. *Territorial Jurisdiction*. This law extends to all land within the exterior boundaries of
 the Reservation of the Nation, as established pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida, 7 Stat.
 566 any lands added therete pursuant to federal law and all lands held in trust for the Nation
- 566, any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law and all lands held in trust for the Nationwithin the State of Wisconsin.
- 113 **401.5.** Tribal Environmental Response Program (TERP)
- 114 401.5-1. The Environmental Health and Safety Division (Division) shall create a Tribal 115 Environmental Response Program (TERP). The purpose of the TERP shall be to address the 116 discharge or potential discharge of a hazardous substance that has resulted in or may result in 117 contamination of the environment.
- 118 401.5-2. Under the TERP, the Division shall:
- (a) provide opportunities for public participation for the identification, restoration and reuse of contaminated sites.
- (b) conduct and/or oversee assessments and investigations of sites with contaminationconcerns.
- 123 (c) identify potentially responsible parties to clean up contaminated sites.
- (d) require appropriate remedial action be taken when contaminated sites are identified
 and develop a plan or ensure a plan is developed for the undertaking of those remedial
 actions.
- 127 (e) oversee and enforce required remedial actions.

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- (f) develop mechanisms for the approval, certification, and verification of remedial 128 129 actions taken at a site. 130
 - (g) maintain a public record of remedial actions conducted at a contaminated site.

Issuance of Administrative Orders. The Division shall issue administrative orders, as 131 401.5-3. 132 necessary, when the discharge of a hazardous substance occurs, or when contamination, or the 133 threat of contamination, exists. Before issuing an administrative order, the Division shall consult 134 with other Tribal entities having expertise in the subject matter of the order. Administrative 135 orders may include:

136

(a) orders to prevent the discharge of a hazardous substance.

- 137 (b) orders to allow the investigation of a site it has reason to believe is contaminated or is 138 under threat of contamination.
- 139 (c) orders to require a responsible party to take action to prevent and/or abate 140 contamination.

141 Emergency Situations. Chapter 302 of the Oneida Code of Laws, Emergency 401.5-4. 142 Management and Homeland Security, shall govern the response to the discharge of a hazardous 143 substance which results in the proclamation of an emergency.

144 401.6. **Environmental Quality Standards**

145 401.6-1. The Division shall adopt and revise, as necessary, standards for environmental quality that are protective of public health and the environment, recognizing that different standards may 146 147 be required, depending on the designated uses of the land and groundwater.

- 148 Before adopting or revising environmental quality standards, the Division shall 401.6-2. 149 publish notice in two (2) consecutive issues of the Kalihwisaks on the standards that are under 150 consideration for adoption or revision.
 - (a) The notice shall contain a deadline for comments to be received from any person.
- 152 (b) The Division shall review and consider comments received before approving the new 153 or revised standards.
- 154 401.6-3. Environmental quality standards adopted by the Division shall become effective upon 155 Oneida Business Committee approval, except those standards that are consistent with federal 156 standards shall be effective upon approval by the Division.

157 **Discharge of Hazardous Substances** 401.7.

158 401.7-1. Notification of Discharge. Unless exempted from notifying the Division under 401.7-159 10, the following individuals shall notify the Division immediately of the discharge of a 160 hazardous substance or threat of such discharge: (a) Any person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance which is discharged;

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- 162 (b) Any person who causes the discharge of a hazardous substance; and
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(c) Any person who has professional knowledge that the discharge of a hazardous substance has occurred at a site, or there is a threat of such discharge.

165 Investigation of Discharge. When the Division is notified of or becomes aware of the 401.7-2. 166 discharge of a hazardous substance, or threat of such discharge, it shall identify any responsible 167 parties and issue an administrative order for the responsible parties to have an investigation 168 conducted of the site. The Division may also issue an administrative order requiring the 169 responsible party take action to abate and/or prevent the discharge. The Division may specify any necessary preventative measures or remedial actions in the administrative order. 170

171 Determination of Contamination. After being issued an administrative order for 401.7-3. an investigation, the responsible parties shall have an initial assessment conducted to 172 determine whether the discharge of a hazardous substance has occurred and whether any 173

- discharge has caused contamination. The initial assessment shall include sampling and/or
 testing of the site where the discharge of a hazardous substance has occurred.
- (a) Evidence that indicates contamination of a site has occurred, or may haveoccurred includes, but is not limited to:
- 178 (1) visible soil contamination;
- (2) presence of free product or vapors in soils, basements, sewers or utilitylines, surface water or groundwater; and
- (3) reports, environmental assessments or routinely gathered monitoring data
 that indicates contamination has occurred or may have occurred.
- (b) Groundwater samples shall be collected for analysis and evaluation to determine
 whether the groundwater poses any public health and welfare concerns.
- 185 (c) Whether contamination exists shall be based on the level of contamination as 186 compared to environmental quality standards adopted by the Nation.
- 187 401.7-4. The Division shall evaluate the harmfulness of the discharge of a hazardous substance188 based on the initial assessment and shall:
- (a) publish the results of the initial assessment, along with a notice that the Division will
 accept comments on the results for at least thirty (30) days after the initial publication, in
 two (2) consecutive issues of the Kalihwisaks; and
- (b) mail the results of the initial assessment, along with a notice that the Division will
 accept comments on the results for at least thirty (30) days after the initial publication of
 the results in the Kalihwisaks, to all owners of property located within one thousand two
 hundred (1,200) feet of the outer boundaries of the property that is the subject of the
 initial assessment.
- 401.7-5. The Division shall accept comments on the results of the initial assessment for at least
 thirty (30) days after the initial publication of the results in the Kalihwisaks. The Division shall
 compile, review and respond to all comments. Responses will be recorded and published in a
 document available to the public.
- 401.7-6. A person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance which is discharged orcauses the contamination of a site shall take remedial action.
- 401.7-7. A person who voluntarily assumes responsibility for performance of, or payment of,
 remedial actions in accordance with a plan that has been approved through the TERP, shall not
 be subject to enforcement actions for the contamination if he or she complies with the plan.
- 206 401.7-8. Except as provided in 401.7-10, the following persons are responsible parties:
- 207 (a) The current owner and operator of the site;208 (b) Any owner or operator of the site at the time
 - (b) Any owner or operator of the site at the time the discharge or contamination occurred;
- 209 (c) Any person who arranged for the disposal or treatment of the hazardous substance, or
- 210 arranged for the transportation of the hazardous substance for disposal or treatment;
- 211 (d) Any person who transports the hazardous substance and selects the disposal site; and
- (e) Any person who, by any act or omission, caused or contributed to the discharge or contamination.
- 214 401.7-9. *Exemptions*. The following persons are not "responsible parties" under this law:
- (a) Any person discharging in accordance with a permit or program approved underfederal or Tribal law.
- (b) Law enforcement officers and members of a fire department using hazardous
 substances in carrying out their responsibilities to protect public health, safety and
 welfare. However, these individuals shall notify the Division of any discharges of a
 hazardous substance occurring in the performance of their duties.

221 (c) Any person applying a registered pesticide according to the label instructions, or 222 applying a fertilizer at or below normal and beneficial agronomic rates. These 223 individuals are also exempted from the notification and penalty requirements of this law.

(d) Any person who can establish that the discharge or threatened discharge of a hazardous substance for which the person would be otherwise responsible was caused solely by:

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- (1) An act of nature;
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(2) An act of war; or

- (3) An act or omission of a third party, including but not limited to a trespasser, other than:
 - (A) An employee or agent of the person asserting the defense; or

(B) Any person whose act or omission occurs in connection with a contractual relationship existing, directly or indirectly, with the person asserting the defense.

235 (e) Any person who is an owner, past owner, or purchaser of property and who can 236 establish by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time the property was acquired 237 by the person, the person had no knowledge or reason to know that the property was contaminated, or that a hazardous substance was discharged or disposed of on, in or at the 238 239 property.

240 (1) To establish that a person had no reason to know what the person was 241 undertaking at the time of acquisition, All Appropriate Inquiries shall be taken 242 into the previous ownership and uses of the property.

(f) Any person who purchases property after January 11, 2002 with knowledge that it is 243 244 contaminated if:

- (1) the person did not cause the contamination on the property;
- 246 (2) the person establishes that all disposal of hazardous substances occurred 247 before the person acquired the property;
- 248 (3) the person makes All Appropriate Inquiries into previous ownership and uses 249 of the property prior to acquiring the property; and 250
 - (4) the person is not affiliated with a party liable for any contamination.

401.7-10. Where there is an unresponsive or unknown responsible party, the Division may refer 251 252 the site to the appropriate outside agency to retain contractors or consultants, and take other 253 necessary actions to conduct remedial action or have remedial action conducted at a site.

254 401.8. **Remedial Actions**

255 401.8-1. A responsible party shall take immediate action to halt the discharge of a hazardous 256 substance and to minimize the harmful effects of the discharge.

- 257 401.8-2. If, after the initial assessment, it is determined that the discharge may cause 258 contamination or has caused contamination, the Division shall issue an administrative order to 259 the responsible party or parties to take remedial action or have remedial action conducted on the 260 site
- 261 401.8-3. The Division shall determine the appropriate remedial actions, including the time 262 frame, to be taken in the event a site is contaminated. Remedial actions may include:
- 263 (a) the replacement and/or removal of injured plant and animal life or contaminated soil.
- (b) the treatment of contaminated soils and/or surface and/or groundwater. 264
- 265 (c) adequate storage, handling and disposal methods to prevent further and/or future discharges and contamination from occurring. 266
- (d) the replacement or repair of faulty equipment. 267

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268 (e) other remedial actions that restore the environment and/or protect the environment 269 from the contamination, as determined by the Division.

401.8-4. Where it is determined by the Division that immediate remedial action is not being 270 271 taken, but is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare or the environment, the Division may conduct remedial action or have remedial action conducted. Costs of any such 272 273 action may be recovered from any or all responsible parties.

- 274 401.8-5. In addition to the requirements of this law, the Division shall comply with all 275 applicable federal laws when the discharge or threat of a discharge of a hazardous substance 276 occurs.
- 277 401.8-6. Each responsible party is strictly liable, jointly and severally, for all remedial action 278 costs and for all damages resulting from the discharge or threatened discharge of a hazardous 279 substance.

280 401.9. **Case Closure or No Further Action**

- 281 401.9-1. The Division may close a case concerning a site or verify that no further action is 282 necessary, upon compliance with the applicable requirements of this law and any administrative 283 orders issued by the Division, including the completion of remedial actions. The Division shall 284 conduct investigations and inspections to ensure compliance with any administrative order it has 285 issued.
- 286 401.9-2. Sampling shall be conducted at the completion of the remedial action when: 287
 - (a) The hazardous substance discharge is in contact with groundwater.
 - (b) The amount, identity or duration of the contamination is unknown.
- 289 (c) Other site conditions indicate that sampling is necessary to confirm the adequacy of 290 the remedial action.
- 291 The Division may require additional remedial actions, including monitoring, for any 401.9-3. 292 site, even those cases that have been closed by the Division, if information regarding site 293 conditions indicates that contamination on or from the site poses a threat to public health, safety 294 or welfare or the environment.
- 295 401.9-4. If additional remedial action is required for a previously closed case, the Division:
- 296 (a) Shall indicate in writing to the responsible parties that additional remedial action is 297 needed at the site and provide the responsible parties with information regarding the 298 nature of the problem and type of remedial action that is needed.
- 299 (b) May require the responsible parties to achieve compliance with the Nation's public 300 health and environmental laws, within a time period established by the Division.
- 301 401.10. **Violations, Enforcement and Appeals**
- 401.10-1. Compliance Orders. If, after issuing an administrative order, the Division determines 302 303 that a violation of the administrative order exists, it shall issue a compliance order which requires 304 the responsible parties to:
- 305 (a) Take remedial action to prevent or abate the discharge of a hazardous substance; 306 and/or
- 307 (b) Allow the investigation of a site believed to be contaminated or under threat of 308 contamination.
- 309 401.10-2. Penalty Schedule. The Environmental Resource Board is delegated rulemaking 310 authority to adopt a penalty schedule, upon recommendation of the Division, for violations of 311
- this law. Any person who does not comply with a compliance order issued by the Division may 312 receive a penalty in accordance with the fine schedule. A separate offense shall be deemed
- committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues. 313

- 314 (a) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically 315 enforced by the Division at the Owner's expense.
- (b) Any person who is a lessee of the Nation who violates any provision of this law or 316 317 any compliance order issued by the Division shall have said case referred to the Division
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of Land Management to consider potential lease violations. 319 401.10-3. Contested Action Hearings. All citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued 320 pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be 321 set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the 322 citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which 323 time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act 324 for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as 325 possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, 326 for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make 327 328 conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.

- 329 (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the 330 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of 331 one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- 332 (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are 333 payable to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which the 334 Environmental Resource Board shall contribute to the Nation's general fund.
- 335 (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest 336 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to 337 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- 338 (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue 339 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the 340 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal
- 341 member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law. 342
- 343 End.
- 344 345 Adopted – BC-09-12-12-B
- 346 Amended – BC-02-25-15-C

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Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources—Chapter 401 TRIBAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE Latihw<tsyahal#=tu kayanl^hsla>

They clean up the earth laws

401.1. Purpose and Policy 401.2. Adoption, Amendment, Conflicts	401.7. Discharge of Hazardous Substances 401.8. Remedial Actions
401.3. Definitions	401.9. Case Closure or No Further Action
401.4. Jurisdiction	401.10. Enforcement and Penalties
401.5. Tribal Environmental Response Program (TERP)	401.11. Appeals
401.6. Environmental Quality Standards	

401.1. ____Purpose and Policy

401.1-1. _The purpose of this law is to:

- (a)-___regulate the identification, investigation and remediation of discharges of hazardous substances to the environment;
- (b)-identify sites where the discharge of a hazardous substance into the environment has occurred; and
- (c)-eliminate contamination from and control the threat of, or actual discharge of hazardous substances.
- 9 401.1-2. _It is the policy of the <u>TribeNation</u> to:
- 10 (a)-respond to discharges of hazardous substances and environmental contamination 11 concerns; and
- 12 (b)-ensure remedial action is taken to redevelop contaminated lands and maintain the 13 health and welfare of the environment.
- 14 **401.2.** Adoption, Amendment, Conflicts

401.2-1. This law is adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-09-12-12-B
and amended by resolution BC-02-25-15-C.

401.2-2. _This law may be amended pursuant to the procedures set out in Tribal law by the
Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal Council.

- 401.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
 circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 401.2-4. _In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another
 law, the provisions of this law shall control. Provided that, nothing in this law is intended to
 repeal or modify any existing law, policy, regulation, rule, resolution, or motion.
- 401.2-5. _This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of Indians
 of WisconsinNation.

27 **401.3. Definitions**

- 401.3-1. _This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law.
 All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
- 30 (a)-____"All Appropriate Inquiries" means the process of evaluating a property's
 31 environmental conditions and assessing the likelihood of any contamination in
 32 compliance with the All Appropriate Inquiries Final Rule at 40 CFR 312.
- (b)-____"Contamination" or "contaminated" means the environment has been affected by
 a hazardous substance to the point that remedial action is necessary to restore the
 environment.

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- 36 (c)-____ "Discharge" means, but is not limited to, spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, releasing or dumping.
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- (d)-_____*Dispose" or "disposal" means the deposit, injection, or placing of any hazardous
 substance in a manner which may permit the substance to be discharged to the
 environment.
- 41 (e)-____"Free product" means a hazardous substance that is present in the environment as 42 a floating or sinking non-aqueous phase liquid.
- 43 (f)–"Groundwater" means any water contained beneath the ground surface.
- 44 (g)-___"Hazardous substance" means any substance or combination of substances, 45 including any waste of a solid, semi-solid, liquid or gaseous form, which may cause or 46 significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or serious irreversible or incapacitating 47 reversible illness, or which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human 48 health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration or physical, chemical or 49 infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to:
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(1)-___a substance defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 USC §9601 as amended, as a hazardous substance.

(2)—____those substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives.

(3)—____petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof that is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure.

(h)–___"Immediate action" means a remedial action that is taken within a short period of time after the discharge of a hazardous substance or contamination occurs, or after the discovery of the discharge or contamination.

- (j)-"Judiciary" means the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal
 Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B to administer the judicial authorities and
 responsibilities of the TribeNation.
- 63 (k)—____"Operator" means any person who operates a site.
- 64 (1)–"Owner" means any person who owns or who receives direct or indirect consideration 65 from the operation of a site regardless of whether the site remains in operation and 66 regardless of whether the person owns or receives consideration at the time 67 contamination occurs.

68 (m)-____ "Person" means an individual, owner, operator, entity, corporation, partnership, 69 association, municipality, interstate agency, state agency or federal agency.

(n)-____ "Practicable" means remedial action is capable of being implemented, taking into account:
 (1)-____ The technical feasibility of the remedial action, considering its long-term

(1)—____The technical feasibility of the remedial action, considering its long-term effectiveness, short-term effectiveness, implementability and the time it will take until restoration is achieved; and

(2)—____The economic feasibility of the remedial action, considering the cost of the remedial action compared to its technical feasibility.

(o)-____"Registered pesticide" means a pesticide registered or exempted by the federal
 Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Pesticide Programs.

(p)-___"Remedial action" means any action taken to control, minimize or eliminate the discharge of a hazardous substance at or contamination of a site and any action taken to restore the environment to the extent practicable.

82 (q)–____"Responsible party" means any person who, under this law, is required to:

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83 (1)- take action to prevent or abate contamination, a threat of contamination, the discharge of a hazardous substance or threat of a discharge; or 84 (2) reimburse a Tribal entity for the costs incurred by the entity to take action 85 86 to prevent or abate contamination or threat of contamination or the discharge of a hazardous substance or threat of a discharge. 87 88 (r)-"Restore" or "restoration" means to return the environment to its original condition 89 before the discharge of a hazardous substance or contamination of the site occurred. 90 (s)- "Site" means any area where contamination has occurred or is suspected of 91 occurring, including a place of business that handles, transports or stores hazardous 92 substances and is required to track such materials. (t)-"Tribal entity" means a board, committee, commission, department, division, or 93 94 agency of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation. 95 401.4. Jurisdiction 401.4-1. *Personal Jurisdiction*. This law shall apply to: 96 97 (a)- all Oneida Tribal members, Tribal entities, Tribal corporations and members of 98 other federally recognized tribes; 99 (b) individuals and businesses leasing, occupying or otherwise using Tribal fee land 100 and all Tribal trust lands; and (c)- individuals who have consented to the jurisdiction of the TribeNation or as 101 102 otherwise consistent with federal law. For purposes of this subsection, an individual shall 103 have consented to the jurisdiction of the TribeNation: (1)- By entering into a consensual relationship with the TribeNation, Tribal 104 105 entities, Tribal corporations, or Tribal members, including but not limited to 106 contracts or other agreements; or (2)- By other facts which manifest an intent to consent to the authority of the 107 108 TribeNation, including failure to raise an objection to the exercise of personal 109 jurisdiction in a timely manner. 401.4-2. *Territorial Jurisdiction*. This law extends to all land within the exterior boundaries of 110 the Reservation of the TribeNation, as established pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida, 7 111 Stat. 566, any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law and all lands held in trust for the 112 TribeNation within the State of Wisconsin. 113 114 401.5. ____Tribal Environmental Response Program (TERP) 115 401.5-1.- The Environmental Health and Safety Division (Division) shall create a Tribal Environmental Response Program (TERP). The purpose of the TERP shall be to address the 116 117 discharge or potential discharge of a hazardous substance that has resulted in or may result in 118 contamination of the environment. 119 401.5-2.– Under the TERP, the Division shall: (a) provide opportunities for public participation for the identification, restoration and 120 121 reuse of contaminated sites. (b) – conduct and/or oversee assessments and investigations of sites with contamination 122 123 concerns. 124 (c) - identify potentially responsible parties to clean up contaminated sites. (d) require appropriate remedial action be taken when contaminated sites are 125 126 identified and develop a plan or ensure a plan is developed for the undertaking of those 127 remedial actions. 128 (e)- oversee and enforce required remedial actions. 4 O.C. 401-Page 3

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- (f)-develop mechanisms for the approval, certification, and verification of remedial 129 130 actions taken at a site. 131
 - (g) maintain a public record of remedial actions conducted at a contaminated site.

132 401.5-3.- Issuance of Administrative Orders. The Division shall issue administrative orders, as necessary, when the discharge of a hazardous substance occurs, or when contamination, or the 133 134 threat of contamination, exists. Before issuing an administrative order, the Division shall consult 135 with other Tribal entities having expertise in the subject matter of the order. Administrative 136 orders may include:

- 137 (a) – orders to prevent the discharge of a hazardous substance.
- 138 (b)- orders to allow the investigation of a site it has reason to believe is contaminated 139 or is under threat of contamination.
- 140 (c)- orders to require a responsible party to take action to prevent and/or abate 141 contamination.

142 401.5-4.- *Emergency Situations*. Chapter 35302 of the Oneida Code of Laws, Emergency Management and Homeland Security, shall govern the response to the discharge of a hazardous 143 144 substance which results in the proclamation of an emergency.

401.6. Environmental Quality Standards 145

146 401.6-1. The Division shall adopt and revise, as necessary, standards for environmental quality that are protective of public health and the environment, recognizing that different standards may 147 148 be required, depending on the designated uses of the land and groundwater.

- 149 401.6-2. Before adopting or revising environmental quality standards, the Division shall 150 publish notice in two (2) consecutive issues of the Kalihwisaks on the standards that are under 151 consideration for adoption or revision.
- 152 (1)-a) The notice shall contain a deadline for comments to be received from any person.
- 153 (2) b) The Division shall review and consider comments received before approving the 154 new or revised standards.
- 155 401.6-3.-_Environmental quality standards adopted by the Division shall become effective upon Oneida Business Committee approval, except those standards that are consistent with federal 156 standards shall be effective upon approval by the Division. 157
- 158 401.7. Discharge of Hazardous Substances

159 401.7-1. Notification of Discharge. Unless exempted from notifying the Division under 401.7-10, the following individuals shall notify the Division immediately of the discharge of a 160 161 hazardous substance or threat of such discharge:

- 162 (a) – Any person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance which is discharged; 163
 - (b)– Any person who causes the discharge of a hazardous substance; and
- (c)-___Any person who has professional knowledge that the discharge of a hazardous 164 165 substance has occurred at a site, or there is a threat of such discharge.

166 401.7-2.- Investigation of Discharge. When the Division is notified of or becomes aware of the 167 discharge of a hazardous substance, or threat of such discharge, it shall identify any responsible parties and issue an administrative order for the responsible parties to have an investigation 168 169 conducted of the site. The Division may also issue an administrative order requiring the responsible party take action to abate and/or prevent the discharge. The Division may specify 170 any necessary preventative measures or remedial actions in the administrative order. 171

172 401.7-3.- Determination of Contamination. After being issued an administrative order for an investigation, the responsible parties shall have an initial assessment conducted to 173 determine whether the discharge of a hazardous substance has occurred and whether any 174

- 175 discharge has caused contamination. The initial assessment shall include sampling and/or testing of the site where the discharge of a hazardous substance has occurred. 176
- (a)- Evidence that indicates contamination of a site has occurred, or may have 177 178 occurred includes, but is not limited to: 179
 - (1)- visible soil contamination;
- (2)-____presence of free product or vapors in soils, basements, sewers or utility 180 181 lines, surface water or groundwater; and
- 182 (3) reports, environmental assessments or routinely gathered monitoring 183 data that indicates contamination has occurred or may have occurred.
- 184 Groundwater samples shall be collected for analysis and evaluation to determine (b)-185 whether the groundwater poses any public health and welfare concerns.
- 186 (c)- Whether contamination exists shall be based on the level of contamination as 187 compared to Tribally adopted environmental quality standards adopted by the Nation.
- 188 401.7-4. The Division shall evaluate the harmfulness of the discharge of a hazardous substance 189 based on the initial assessment and shall:
- 190 (a) – publish the results of the initial assessment, along with a notice that the Division 191 will accept comments on the results for at least thirty (30) days after the initial 192 publication, in two (2) consecutive issues of the Kalihwisaks; and
- 193 (b) mail the results of the initial assessment, along with a notice that the Division will 194 accept comments on the results for at least thirty (30) days after the initial publication of 195 the results in the Kalihwisaks, to all owners of property located within one thousand two 196 hundred (1,200) feet of the outer boundaries of the property that is the subject of the 197 initial assessment.
- 198 401.7-5.- The Division shall accept comments on the results of the initial assessment for at least 199 thirty (30) days after the initial publication of the results in the Kalihwisaks. The Division shall 200 compile, review and respond to all comments. Responses will be recorded and published in a 201 document available to the public.
- 202 401.7-6.- A person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance which is discharged or 203 causes the contamination of a site shall take remedial action.
- 204 401.7-7.- A person who voluntarily assumes responsibility for performance of, or payment of, 205 remedial actions in accordance with a plan that has been approved through the TERP, shall not be subject to enforcement actions for the contamination if he or she complies with the plan. 206
- 207 401.7-8. Except as provided in 401.7-10, the following persons are responsible parties:
- (a)—____The current owner and operator of the site: 208
- 209 (b)-___Any owner or operator of the site at the time the discharge or contamination 210 occurred:
- 211 (c)-___Any person who arranged for the disposal or treatment of the hazardous 212 substance, or arranged for the transportation of the hazardous substance for disposal or 213 treatment:
- 214 (d) Any person who transports the hazardous substance and selects the disposal site; 215 and
- 216 (e)- Any person who, by any act or omission, caused or contributed to the discharge or contamination. 217
- 401.7-9.- *Exemptions*. The following persons are not "responsible parties" under this law: 218
- (a) Any person discharging in accordance with a permit or program approved under 219 federal or Tribal law. 220
- (b)- Law enforcement officers and members of a fire department using hazardous 221 substances in carrying out their responsibilities to protect public health, safety and 222

welfare. However, these individuals shall notify the Division of any discharges of a 223 hazardous substance occurring in the performance of their duties. 224

225 (c)- Any person applying a registered pesticide according to the label instructions, or 226 applying a fertilizer at or below normal and beneficial agronomic rates. These individuals are also exempted from the notification and penalty requirements of this law. 227 228

(d)- Any person who can establish that the discharge or threatened discharge of a hazardous substance for which the person would be otherwise responsible was caused solely by:

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(1)–___An act of nature;

(2)– An act of war; or

(3)- An act or omission of a third party, including but not limited to a trespasser, other than:

(A)- An employee or agent of the person asserting the defense; or

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(B)-__Any person whose act or omission occurs in connection with a contractual relationship existing, directly or indirectly, with the person

asserting the defense.

239 (e)- Any person who is an owner, past owner, or purchaser of property and who can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time the property was acquired 240 241 by the person, the person had no knowledge or reason to know that the property was contaminated, or that a hazardous substance was discharged or disposed of on, in or at the 242 243 property.

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(1)- To establish that a person had no reason to know what the person was undertaking at the time of acquisition, All Appropriate Inquiries shall be taken into the previous ownership and uses of the property.

247 (f)-Any person who purchases property after January 11, 2002 with knowledge that it is 248 contaminated if: 249

(1) the person did not cause the contamination on the property;

(2)- the person establishes that all disposal of hazardous substances occurred before the person acquired the property;

(3) the person makes All Appropriate Inquiries into previous ownership and uses of the property prior to acquiring the property; and

(4) the person is not affiliated with a party liable for any contamination.

255 401.7-10. Where there is an unresponsive or unknown responsible party, the Division may refer 256 the site to the appropriate outside agency to retain contractors or consultants, and take other 257 necessary actions to conduct remedial action or have remedial action conducted at a site.

258 401.8. ____Remedial Actions

259 401.8-1. A responsible party shall take immediate action to halt the discharge of a hazardous substance and to minimize the harmful effects of the discharge. 260

401.8-2.-_If, after the initial assessment, it is determined that the discharge may cause 261 contamination or has caused contamination, the Division shall issue an administrative order to 262 263 the responsible party or parties to take remedial action or have remedial action conducted on the 264 site.

265 401.8-3.- The Division shall determine the appropriate remedial actions, including the time frame, to be taken in the event a site is contaminated. Remedial actions may include: 266

267 (a)- the replacement and/or removal of injured plant and animal life or contaminated 268 soil.

269 (b)-____the treatment of contaminated soils and/or surface and/or groundwater. For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

(c)- adequate storage, handling and disposal methods to prevent further and/or future 270 discharges and contamination from occurring. 271

- (d)- the replacement or repair of faulty equipment. 272
- 273 (e)- other remedial actions that restore the environment and/or protect the environment from the contamination, as determined by the Division. 274

275 401.8-4.- Where it is determined by the Division that immediate remedial action is not being 276 taken, but is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare or the environment, the 277 Division may conduct remedial action or have remedial action conducted. Costs of any such 278 action may be recovered from any or all responsible parties.

- 279 401.8-5.- In addition to the requirements of this law, the Division shall comply with all 280 applicable federal laws when the discharge or threat of a discharge of a hazardous substance 281 occurs.
- 282 401.8-6.- Each responsible party is strictly liable, jointly and severally, for all remedial action 283 costs and for all damages resulting from the discharge or threatened discharge of a hazardous
- 284 substance.

285 401.9.– Case Closure or No Further Action

286 401.9-1.- The Division may close a case concerning a site or verify that no further action is 287 necessary, upon compliance with the applicable requirements of this law and any administrative orders issued by the Division, including the completion of remedial actions. The Division shall 288 289 conduct investigations and inspections to ensure compliance with any administrative order it has 290 issued.

- 291 401.9-2. Sampling shall be conducted at the completion of the remedial action when:
- 292 (a) — The hazardous substance discharge is in contact with groundwater. 293
 - (b)-____The amount, identity or duration of the contamination is unknown.
- (c) Other site conditions indicate that sampling is necessary to confirm the adequacy 294 295 of the remedial action.
- 296 401.9-3.- The Division may require additional remedial actions, including monitoring, for any 297 site, even those cases that have been closed by the Division, if information regarding site 298 conditions indicates that contamination on or from the site poses a threat to public health, safety 299 or welfare or the environment.
- 300 401.9-4.- If additional remedial action is required for a previously closed case, the Division:
- 301 (a) - Shall indicate in writing to the responsible parties that additional remedial action 302 is needed at the site and provide the responsible parties with information regarding the 303 nature of the problem and type of remedial action that is needed.
- 304 (b)– May require the responsible parties to achieve compliance with Tribalthe Nation's 305 public health and environmental laws, within a time period established by the Division.

306 401.10. Violations, Enforcement and Penalties Appeals

- 401.10-1. Compliance Orders. If, after issuing an administrative order, the Division determines 307 308 that a violation of the administrative order exists, it shall issue a compliance order which requires 309 the responsible parties to:
- 310 (a) – Take remedial action to prevent or abate the discharge of a hazardous substance; 311 and/or
- 312 (b)- Allow the investigation of a site believed to be contaminated or under threat of 313 contamination.
- 401.10-2. Penalty Schedule. The Oneida Business Committee shallEnvironmental Resource 314
- Board is delegated rulemaking authority to adopt a finepenalty schedule, upon recommendation 315

316	of the Division,	for violations	of this law.	Any person	who does not	comply with a	a compliance

- 317 order issued by the Division may receive a finepenalty in accordance with the fine schedule. A separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs 318
- 319 or continues.
- 320 (a) Each day a violation exists or continues shall constitute a separate offense.
- (a) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically 321 322 enforced by the Division at the Owner's expense.
- 323 (b)-Any person who is a lessee of the TribeNation who violates any provision 324 of this law or any compliance order issued by the Division shall have said case referred to 325 the Land Commission Division of Land Management to consider potential lease 326 violations.

327 401.11. Appeals

- 328 401.11-1. Appeal of Compliance Orders - A person may appeal a compliance order issued by the Division by filing a written appeal with the Division Director within ten (10) business days after 329 the order is issued. 330 331 (a) The Division Director shall uphold, revise or reverse the order, in writing, within five (5) business days after receiving the appeal. 332 333 (b) A person may appeal the Division Director's decision by filing a written appeal with 334 the Environmental Resources Board within ten (10) business days after the Division 335 Director's decision. 336 (1) The Environmental Resources Board shall conduct a hearing on the Division Director's decision and shall uphold, revise or reverse the decision of the Division 337 338 Director. 339 (2) The Environmental Resources Board shall post and publish its final decision, within ten (10) business days after the hearing. The Environmental Resources 340 341 Board shall include in its decision specific facts which are the basis for its decision, and shall forward the decision to the parties of the appeal. 342 401.11-2. Contesting the Issuance of a Fine. Any person issued a fine under this law may 343 344 contest the fine by attending a hearing before the Environmental Resources Board. (a) The fine shall specify the date, time and place of the hearing. The hearing shall take 345 346 place at least five (5) days after the fine is issued. 347 (1) If the person does not wish to contest the fine, he or she shall pay the fine by the hearing date specified on the fine. 348 349 (b) After the hearing, the Environmental Resources Board shall determine whether the 350 person is responsible for the fine, as was issued by the Division, and may set a new date for when the fine shall be paid. 351 401.11-3. Appeals from the Environmental Resources Board 401.10-3. Contested Action 352 353 Hearings. All citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall 354 include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next 355 scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. 356 Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the 357 citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided 358 359 that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons 360 entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In
- addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the 361 362 prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

363	(a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the
364	Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of
365	one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
366	(b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are
367	payable to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which the
368	Environmental Resource Board shall contribute to the Nation's general fund.
369	(c) Appealing the Decision. Any party of interest may appeal a decision of the
370	Environmental Resources Board to the Judiciary Judiciary Trial Court. Any person
371	wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the
372	applicable determination to the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules
373	of Appellate Procedure.
374	(d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
375	payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the
376	garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal
377	law-member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.
378	
379	End.
380 381	Adapted DC 00 12 12 D
381	Adopted – BC-09-12-12-B Amended – BC-02-25-15-C
502	

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal Draft 19					
Hunting, Fishing and Trapping	Draft 2				
Public Use of Tribal Land (P	Draft 1				
Tribal Environmental Respon			Draft 1		
Well Abandonment Law (W	ell Abandonment)		Draft 1		
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (A	ΓV)		Draft 1		
Water Resources Ordinance	× /		Draft 1		
On-Site Waste Disposal Ord	inance (Waste Disposal)		Draft 1		
	Oneida Police Department	(OPD)			
	Conservation				
	Environmental Resource Board (ERB)				
Implementing Agency	Emergency Management				
	Environmental Health and Safety Division				
	Comprehensive Health Division				
	Oneida Judiciary				
Estimated time to comply	January 1, 2018				
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year 10 Year Estimate				
ERB stipend savings	ngs \$830 \$8,300				
Total Estimated Savings	Total Estimated Savings\$830\$8,300				
Revenue and cost considerations	s Fee Schedules should be removed from the various Laws				
Uncertainties and Unknowns	None				

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🛛 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:					
Agenda Header: Resolutions					
Accept as Information only					
Action - please describe:					
Consider adoption of the amendments to the On-Site Waste Ordinance					
3. Supporting Materials					
Report Resolution Contract					
⊠ Other:					
1. Adoption packet 3.					
2. 4.					
Business Committee signature required					
4. Budget Information					
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted					
5. Submission					
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair					
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair					
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director					
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member					
Additional Requestor:					
Name, Title / Dept.					
Additional Requestor:					
Name, Title / Dept.					

Public Packet

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO: FROM:	Oneida Business Committee Brandon Stevens, LOC Chairperson
DATE:	July 26, 2017
RE:	On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments
- 3. On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Public Use of Tribal Land Law to transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments

1		BC Resolution
2		On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
11 12	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance through resolution BC-10-28-88-A; and
13 14 15 16	WHEREAS,	the Amendments to the Ordinance transfer the Environment Resource Board's original hearing body authority and responsibilities to the Oneida Judiciary as part of an effort to standardize and streamline all of the Nation's hearing responsibilities; and
17 18	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and
19 20		REFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the On-Site Waste Disposal Law are hereby adopted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.

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Public Packet

Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida.nsn opy



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Statement of Effect

On-Site Waste Disposal Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the On-Site Waste Disposal Law (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." *Judiciary*, 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. These amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 407.7-6. *Contested Action Hearings*, which reads as follows:

All citations, penalties, forfeitures, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need

to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.



Hearing Authority Transfer



Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND

REQUESTER: LOC	SPONSOR: Tehassi Hill	DRAFTER: Krystal L. John	ANALYST: Candice E. Skenandore				
Intent of the	To further utilize the Judiciar	у.					
Amendments							
Purpose	To transfer the Environment	tal Resource Board (ERB)	hearing authority to the				
_	Judiciary.						
Affected Entities	Trial Court, ERB						
Affected	Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal						
Legislation	Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law,						
	Water Resources Ordinance						
Enforcement/Due	ERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial						
Process	Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure.						
Public Meeting	A public meeting was held or	n June 15, 2017.					

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- 2 **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- B. In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or peacemaking [See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B].
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority:
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21• All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV)
- Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)
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25 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

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A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- 40 **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
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47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
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55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- 56 A. These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

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	ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
2012	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
2013	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
2014	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
2015	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
2016	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
2017	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
TOTAL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

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69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

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Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources - Chapter 407 ON-SITE WASTE DISPOSAL Tsi? Yeyakotyetáhkwa Olihwá ke The matters concerning where the garbage is kept

407.1.	Introduction	407.5.	Permits and Applications
407.2.	Adoption, Amendment and Repeal	407.6.	Inspections
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407.4.	General Requirements		

1 407.1. Introduction

401.1-1. *Applicability*. This law shall apply to all Oneida <u>Tribal</u> Entities, the Oneida Nation
itself, and members of the Oneida Nation within the exterior boundaries of the Oneida Nation
Reservation.

5 407.1-2. Purpose. The purpose of this law is to establish regulations to ensure that private on-6 site sewage treatment systems will fulfill Oneida Tribal goals for improving environmental health and safety. The regulations herein will set forth procedures for administration of the 7 8 program; general requirements for proper siting, design, installation, inspection, and maintenance 9 of the systems; limitations of private systems; and enforcement mechanisms and procedures. The 10 ultimate intent of this law is to support the Oneida belief of taking care of Mother Earth. As 11 unforeseen events may arise which are not specifically addressed in this law, this stated intent, 12 along with the following basic principles, should define a course of action for unforeseen events.

(a) NEED-Every building intended for human habitation or occupancy shall be provided
 with a properly functioning system for treatment and disposal of domestic waste.

15 (b) PUBLIC SEWERS-When public sewers become available to any building intended for human habitation or occupancy, the use of the private sewage system shall be 16 17 discontinued within that period of time required by order, but not exceed one (1) year. 18 The owner shall be required to connect to public sewers sooner than the one (1) year date 19 if the system meets the definition of a failing system. When funding for the connection is 20 available, the owner shall be required to connect sooner than the one (1) year date, and 21 the connection shall be made form the private sewage system and be connected to the 22 public sewers sooner than the one (1) year date if the system meets the definition of a failing system. When funding for the connection sooner than the one (1) year date, and 23 24 the connection shall be made according to the contractor's construction schedule. The 25 building sewer shall be disconnected from the private sewage system and be connected to the public sewer. All abandoned treatment tanks and seepage pits shall have the contents 26 pumped and disposed of in accordance with chapter NR 113, Wisconsin Administrative 27 28 Code. The top or the entire tank shall be removed and the remaining portion of the tank 29 or excavation shall be immediately filled with clean, suitable soil material.

(c) DISCHARGES/FAILING SYSTEMS-Every private sewage system shall be
 designed, located and constructed to prevent ponding of effluent within the soil
 absorption system or an y discharge or sewage into drain tiles, onto the ground surface,
 into the structure served, or into the surface waters or groundwater within the exterior

- 34 boundaries or adjacent to the Oneida Nation Reservation including zones of seasonal soil 35 saturation.
 - (d) MAINTENANCE-Every private sewage system shall be adequately maintained.
 - (e) NUISANCE-Every private sewage system shall be designed and constructed to
 - adequately dispose of all the wastewater generated in the structure or facility it is serving.
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407.2. Adoption, Amendment and Repeal

This law was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or Oneida General Tribal 41 407.2-1. Council] by resolution BC-10-28-88-A and amended by resolution 42

This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee and/or 43 407.2-2. 44 Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures 45 Act.

Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or 46 407.2-3. circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law 47 48 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another 49 407.2-4. law, the provisions of this law shall control. 50

This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation. 51 407.2-5.

407.3. **Definitions**

54 407.3-1. For the purposes of this law, the following definitions shall apply. All other words shall be defined according to dictionary reference. 55

(a) "Approved" means accepted or ratified by the Environmental Health and Safety 56 57 Division.

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(b) "As-Built Plan" means a final plan of any system as installed.

(c) "Availability of Public Sewers" means when a public sewer line either passes in 59 front of a lot line or comes within two hundred feet (200') of a lot line, availability of the 60 public sewers for servicing buildings on the lot is established. 61

(d) "Bedrock" means the rocks that underlie soil materials or are at the earth's surface. 62 Bedrock is encountered when the weathered in-place consolidated material, larger than 2 63 mm in size, is greater than fifty percent (50%) by volume. 64

(e) "Building" means -a structure having walls and a roof erected or set upon an 65 individual foundation or slab-constructed base designed or used for the housing, shelter, 66 enclosure or support of any kind, which is intended for human habitation or occupancy. A 67 mobile home is included in this definition. Each structure abutting another structure 68 which does not have an ingress-egress doorway through the basement foundation walls, 69 or structures with separate exterior or exterior abutting walls, or public use structures 70 separated by an unpierced firewall, shall be considered as separate or individual building. 71

- (f) "Cesspool" means a covered excavation in the ground which receives sewage or 72 other organic matter and solids, permitting the liquids to seep into the soil cavities. 73 Cesspools are prohibited. 74 (g) "Cleanout"- means a plug or cover made of material approved by the Department,
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joined by means of a screw thread to an opening in a pipe, which can be removed for the 76 77 purpose of cleaning or examining the interior of the pipe. (h) "Cleanwater Wastes" means cooling water and condensate drainage from 78 79 refrigeration compressors and air-conditioning equipment, water used for impurities have been reduced below a minimum concentration considered harmful, and cooled 80 81 condensate from steam heating systems or other equipment. "Color" means the moist color of the soil based on Munsell soil color charts. 82 (i) 83 (j) "Community On-Site Waste Disposal System" means an on-site waste disposal system servicing more than one (1) building being served. A community sewage system 84 85 may be owned by the property owners, the Nation, or special purpose district. 86 (k) "Conventional Soil Absorption System" means a system that employs gravity flow from the septic or other treatment tank and applies effluent to the soil through the use of a 87 88 seepage trench, bed or pit. 89 (1) "Department" means the Oneida Tribal Environmental Health and Safety Division. 90 (m) "Detailed Soil Map" means a map prepared by or for a state of federal agency 91 participating in the national cooperative soil survey showing soil series, type and phases 92 at a scale of not more than 2,000 feet to the inch and includes related explanatory 93 information. 94 (n) "Dosing Tank" means a tank used for the collection of sewage effluent from a septic 95 or solids tank. The effluent is pumped form the dosing tank to a soil absorption field. 96 (o) "Dwelling Unit" means one (1) or more rooms with provisions for living, sanitary 97 and sleeping facilities which are used or intended to be used by one (1) person or by two 98 (2) or more persons maintaining a common household. 99 (p) "Effluent" means liquid discharge from a septic or other treatment tank. "Existing" means prior to the adoption date of this law. 100 (q) (r) "Experimental System" means an on-site wastewater treatment system designed to 101 102 overcome site limitation which would preclude the installation of any of the standard soil absorption systems defined in this law. Not all sites are suitable for experimental systems. 103 104 (s) "Failing Private Sewage System" means a failing private sewage system is one 105 (1) which causes or results in any or the following conditions: 106 (1) The failure to accept sewage discharges resulting in the back up of sewage into the structure served by the private sewage system. 107 (2) The discharge of sewage to the surface of the group or to a drain tile. 108 109 (3) The discharge of sewage to any waters within the exterior boundaries or adjacent to the Oneida Nation Reservation. 110 111 (4) The introduction of effluent into zones of saturation which adversely affects the operation of a private sewage system. 112 (5) The ponding of effluent within the soil absorption system. 113 (t) "Grease Interceptor" means a watertight tank which is installed underground for the 114 collection and retention of grease from cooking of food processing and which is 115 accessible for periodic removal of the contents. 116 (u) "High Groundwater" means zones of soil saturation which include: Perched water 117

tables, shallow regional groundwater tables or aquifers, or zones that are seasonally, 118 119 periodically or permanently saturated. Unless otherwise proven, the presence of soil mottles indicates the level of seasonal saturation. 120 (v) "Holding Tank" means an approved watertight receptacle for the collection and 121 122 holding of sewage, which requires pumping by a licensed sanitary hauler. (w) "Indoor Plumbing" means one (1) plumbing fixture constitutes an indoor plumbing 123 124 system. (x) "In-Ground Pressure Distribution System" means a pressurized soil absorption 125 system placed entirely within the natural soil and based on the mound system design. 126 (y) "Legal Description" means inaccurate Metes and Bounds description, a claim 127 number, a lot and block number in a recorded subdivision, a recorded assessor's plat or 128 public land survey description to the nearest forty (40) acres in 1/4-1/4 sections (ie: NW 129 130 1/4 of the NE 1/4, Section 10, T24N-R18E). (z) "Mobile Home" means a transportable structure mounted on a chassis and designed 131 132 to be used with or without a permanent foundation as a dwelling as a dwelling unit. The phrase "without a permanent foundation" indicates that the support system is constructed 133 with the intent that the mobile home thereon may be moved from time to time at the 134 135 convenience of the owner. (aa) "Modified Mound System" means a soil absorption system which utilized pressured 136 distribution of the effluent and sandy fill materials to overcome sites with specific 137 138 limiting conditions. The limiting conditions are: (1) Depth to seasonal high groundwater of 24 to 54 inches with percolation rates 139 of 0 to 180 minutes per inch. 140 (2) Depth to seasonal high groundwater of 12 to 54 inches with percolation rates 141 of 0 to 120 minutes per inch. 142 (bb) "Mound System" means a system which utilized pressurized distribution of the 143 144 effluent and sandy fill conditions are: (1) Depth to fractured bedrock of twenty-four inches (24") to fifty-four inches 145 (54") with percolation rates of zero (0) to sixty (60) minutes per inch 146 (2) Depth to seasonal high groundwater levels of twenty-four inches (24") to fifty-147 four inches (54") with percolation rates between zero (0) and one hundred twenty 148 149 (120) minutes per inch. (cc) "Nuisance" means -any source of filth, odor or probable cause of sickness, as is 150 described in Wisconsin Statue 146.14 151 (dd) "Oneida Nation" means Oneida Nation, a federally recognized Indian government 152 and a Treaty Tribe recognized by laws of the United States. 153 (ee) "On-Site Waste Disposal System" means a sewage treatment disposal system 154 serving a single building with a septic tank and soil absorption field located on the same 155 parcel as the building. This term also means an alternative substitute for the septic tank or 156 157 soil absorption field, a holding tank, a system serving more than one (1) building, or a system located on a different parcel than the building, or a system located on a different 158 parcel than the building. A private sewage system may be owned by the property owner 159

or by a special purpose district.

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(ff) "Percolation Test" means the method used for testing soil absorption qualities, as described in ILHR 83,09(5), Wisconsin Administrative Code. All soil Wisconsin-licensed 162 163 Certified Soil Testers. 164 (gg) "Permeability" means the ease with which liquid move through the soil. One (1) of the soil qualities listed Certified Soil Testers. 165 (hh) "Plumber" means a person licensed by the State of Wisconsin as a Master Plumber 166 167 or Master Plumber Restricted Sewer Services, as described in Wisconsin State Statute 168 145.01 169 (ii) "Pressure Distribution System" means a soil absorption system that employs a pump 170 or automatic siphon and small diameter distribution pipping with small diameter 171 perforations to introduce effluent into the soil. Plan review and departmental approval is 172 required for each system of this type. Approval will only be given on a case by case 173 basis. Approval shall only be given on an individual basis. 174 (jj) "Privy" means a structure that is not connected to a plumbing system, which is used by persons for the deposition of human body wastes. 175 176 (kk) "Privy-Pit" means a privy with earthen sidewalls and/or bottom. The privy shall be 177 so constructed as to be insect and rodent proof as described in ILHR 53.63. Wisconsin 178 Administrative Code 179 (ll) "Privy-Vault" means a privy with watertight vault consisting of one (1) of the following: 180 (1) concrete sidewalls and bottom(poured in place) 181 182 (2) a prefabricated concrete tank 183 (3) an asphalt coated steel tank 184 (A) The tank shall be constructed insect and rodent proof per ILHR 52.63 185 Wisconsin administrative Code. 186 (mm) "Public Sewers" means a wastewater treatment system which utilizes collection of 187 the sewage through underground sewer pipes, which all flow to one (1) collection station, where the wastewater is then treated. Public sewers provide service to more than one (1) 188 189 residence, and each residence is charged a fee for wastewater collection and treatment. 190 (nn) "Seepage Bed" means an excavated area larger than five feet (5') in width which 191 contains a bedding of aggregate and has more than one (1) distribution line. 192 (oo) "Seepage Pit" means an underground receptacle so constructed as to permit disposal 193 of effluent or clear wastes by soil absorption through its flood and walls. (pp) "Septic Tank" means a tank which receives and partially treats sewage, through 194 195 processes of sedimentation, oxygenation, flotation and bacterial action so as to separate 196 solids from liquid in the sewage, and discharges and public buildings. (qq) "Sewage" means the liquid and water carried wastes created in and conducted away 197 198 from residences, industrial establishments and public buildings. 199 (rr) "Soil" means the unconsolidated material over bedrock. (ss) "Soil Absorption" means any sewage treatment system which has a solid separation 200 201 tank and utilizes distribution of the sewage effluent to unsaturated soil for treatment.

- Systems included in this definition are: conventional septic's, mounds, in-ground pressure 202 distribution, at-grade, etc. 203
- 204 (tt) "Soil Boring" means an observation pit dug by hand or backbone, a hole dug by auguring or a soil core taken intact and undisturbed with a probe. 205
- (uu) "Soil Mottles" means spots or streaks of contrasting soil colors usually caused by 206 soil saturation for some period of a normal year. Soil mottles are used as indicators of the 207 seasonal high groundwater level. 208
- (vv) "Soil Saturation" means the state when all the pores in a soil are filled with water. 209 Water will flow from saturated soil into a bore hole. 210
- (ww) "Topsoil" means the undisturbed surface horizon of a soil often characterized by a 211 clack or dark grayish brown color due to a higher content of organic matter. 212
- (xx) "Tribal Vendor's Permit" means a permit issued by the Environmental Health and 213 Safety Division for the installation of a private sewage system. 214
- (yy) "Vent Cap" means an approved appurtenance used for covering the vent terminal of 215 a soil absorption system, to avoid closure by mischief or debris, and still permit 216 circulation of air within the system. 217
- (zz) "Workmanship" means work of such character that will fully secure the results 218 sought in all the sections of this law as intended for the safety, welfare and health 219 protection of all individuals. 220

222 407.4. **General Requirements**

223 407.4-1.

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- (a) Every building or structure intended for human habitation or occupancy, within the 224 scope of applicability of this law, shall have a Tribally-approved on-site private sewage 225 treatment system or be connected to a public sewer system. Such systems shall be 226 approved on-site private sewage treatment system or be connected to a public sewer system. Such systems shall be approved only if no public sewers are available to service 228 said buildings. Unless specifically approved by the Nation, the private sewage system to 229 each building. A private sewage system may be owned by the property owner or by a 230 special purpose district. The use of a community on-site waste disposal system or a system on a different parcel than the structure shall be subject to the same permit 232 requirements and procedures as for systems serving public buildings. The private sewage 233 system for newly constructed buildings shall be installed, inspected and approved before 234 235 the building can be occupied.
- (b) The type of on-site waste disposal system approved for use on a site shall be 236 dependent upon site conditions. Approvable types of on-site waste disposal systems are: 237
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- (1) Conventional soil absorption systems
- (2) In ground pressure distribution systems
- (3) Mound systems 240
 - (4) Modified mound systems
 - (5) At-grade systems
- (6) Holding tanks 243

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244 245 246 247	(7) Privies (pit and vault) Approvable systems are not limited to this list, but systems not included on this list may only be approved by the Environmental Health and Safety Division on an individual basis.
248	(c) Additional restrictions
249	(1) Domestic waste-all water carried wastes derived from ordinary living uses
250	shall enter the septic or treatment tank or be discharged to a public or municipal
251	treatment system.
252	(2) Water supply-all new buildings intended for human habitation or occupancy
253	shall be provided with a well and water supply system.
254	(3) Cesspools-cesspools are prohibited.
255	(4) Clear water-The discharge of surface, rain and other clear water into a private
256	sewage system is prohibited.
257	(5) Water shortener and iron filter backwash-Water softener of iron filter
258	discharge may be directed to the private sewage system, a separate below ground
259	surface soil absorption system or to the ground surface it a nuisance is not created.
260	(6) Floodplain-On-site waste disposal systems for new buildings will not be
261	approved for construction within the floodplain. Existing buildings may have a
262	system approved in the flood fringe subject to Departmental approval on an
263	individual basis. All systems shall be flood-proofed to a height of at least two feet
264	(2') above the one hundred (100) year flood elevation.
265	(d) Holding Tanks
266	(1) Holding tanks will not be approved to service any new residential construction.
267	Holding tanks shall only be approved under the following circumstances:
268	(A) As a temporary method of waste containment until public sewers are
269	available, not to exceed two (2) years from the date of installation.
270	Extended use of the holding tanks beyond the two (2) year period will
271	require a permit for the Environmental Health and Safety Division. The
272	holding tanks shall be disconnected and a connection shall be made upon
273	availability of the public sewer system, and the tanks properly abandoned
274	in the manner as is described in ILHR 83, Wisconsin Administrative Code.
275	(B) As a replacement system for existing filing soil absorption systems.
276	Holding tanks shall be approved only if no other soil absorption system can
277	be approved for the site.
278	(C) As an interim measure when there are delays in funding from outside
279	funding agencies. The site must have received written approval for an on-
280	site soil absorption system, and funding must have been appropriated to
281	cover all installation costs. The system must be completed as soon as the
282	funding is made available.
283	(D) As an interim measure for construction reason. If an approved soil
284	absorption system is being constructed, and progress on construction is
285	halted severe weather (ie, winter frost conditions), then holding tanks may

286 be installed and used only until construction of the soil absorption system 287 can be permitted. The existing residence must be constructed and occupied 288 prior to adoption of this law. 289 (E) For an existing residence must be constructed and occupied prior to 290 permitted. The existing residence must be constructed and occupied prior to 291 adoption of this law. 292 (F) For new construction of commercial buildings only where no other soil 293 absorption system can be permitted. 294 (e) Privies 295 (1) Privies are prohibited for all new residential construction. 296 (2) Privies must be permitted only when the existing building served by the privy is 297 not provided with an indoor plumbing system. One (1) plumbing fixture 298 constituted indoor plumbing. 299 (3) All privics must meet the site requirements as described in IRHR 83.10, 300 Wisconsin Administrative Code. 301 (4) When system upgrade becomes available or indoor plumbing is installed, then 302 privy must be properly abandoned, and the building must be comnected to an 303 approved on-sitc waste disposal system or a publi		
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328	conditions apply:
329	(A)The failure of the private sewage system to accept sewage discharges
330	and or there is back-up of the sewage to the structure the system services.
331	(B)The discharge of sewage to the surface of the ground or to a drain tile.
332	(C)The discharge of sewage to any waters within the exterior boundaries or
333	adjacent to the operation of private sewage system.
334	(D)The introduction of effluent into zones of saturation which adversely
335	affects the operation of private sewage system.
336	(E)The ponding of effluent within the soil absorption system.
337	(h) Incorporation of provisions by reference
338	(1) This chapter incorporates by reference the following rules, regulations and
339	laws, as set forth in the Wisconsin Statues and the Wisconsin Administrative Code
340	governing the location, construction and use of the private sewage systems.
341	(A) State Statues:59.065, 59.07(51), 144, 145, 146.13, 146.14, and 968.10
342	(B) Wisconsin Administrative Codes: NR 113;ILHR 82 and ILHR 83.
343	(2) These rules, regulations and laws shall be available upon request from the
344	Environmental Health and Safety Division.
345	(3) These rules, regulations, and laws shall be used for purposes of this law only,
346	and shall apply until amended or renumbered and then shall apply as amended or
347	renumbered.
348	(4) References in these codes as to the responsibilities of the "State", "Department",
349	"Department of Natural Resources", and "County" shall be directed to the "Oneida
350	Nation" and to the "Oneida Environmental Health and Safety Division".
351	(i) Administration
352	(1) The Oneida Tribal Environmental Specialist shall be responsible for the
353	administration of this law. The Environmental Specialist may delegate
354	responsibilities to personnel employed by or assigned to assist the Environmental
355	Specialist.
356	(j) Powers and Duties
357	(1) In administering this law, the Environmental Specialist shall have the following
358	powers and duties:
359	(A) Perform duties, and delegate duties as may be required, to personnel
360	assigned to or employed to assist the Environmental Specialist, to assure
361	full and complete compliance with this law.
362	(B) Provide assistance to applicants preparing permit applications, and
363	advise said applicants regarding provisions of this law.
364	(C) Review and approve plans for private on-site sewage treatment
365	systems.
366	(D) Issue permits and perform site inspections for compliance with this
367	law.
368	(E) Keep records of all permits issued, inspections made, work approved
369	and other official actions.

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370 371	(F) Report violations of this law or other land use regulations to the Tribal office designated by the Oneida Business Committee, as provided for in the
372	Administrative Procedures Act.
373	(G) Have access to any premises for the purposes of performing said duties
374	between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. or at other times set by mutual agreement
375	between the property owner or their agent and the Environmental
376	Specialist. Application for permit is considered, for the purposes of this
377	law, as the owner's consent to enter the premises.
378	(H) Upon reasonable cause or question as to proper compliance, revoke any
379	Tribal sanitary permit and issue cease and desist orders requiring the
380	cessation of any construction, alteration or use of a building which is in
381	violation of the provisions of this law, until compliance with this law is
382	obtained.
383	(I) Issue and enforce orders to plumbers, property owners, their agents or
384	contractors of the responsible party, to assure proper owners, their agents or
385	contractors of the responsible party, to assure proper compliance with all
386	provisions of this law. The Environmental Specialist may delegate this
387	authority to the Tribal office designated by the Oneida Business committee,
388	as provided for in the Administrative Procedures Act.
389	(2) Violations of this law which occur on leased land will be reported to the
390	Oneida Land Office and the Oneida Land Office and the Oneida Law Office
391	because said violations may constitute violations of the Tribal Land Lease.
392	(k) Repeal and effective date
393	(1) Tribal sanitary permits are obtained through the Oneida Environmental Health
394	and Safety Division. Completed application shall be submitted for review to the
395	Oneida tribal environmental Specialist. The permit shall be reviewed and
396	processed with two (2) weeks of receiving the completed application package,
397	except in the case of modified mound an experimental systems which may take
398	longer to review.
399	(2) Every on-site waste disposal system installed, expanded, modified, or enlarged
400	after the adoption date of this law shall require a Tribal Sanitary Permit.
401	(3) When a change of ownership occurs, the owner of system shall have the system
402	inspected by a State of Wisconsin Licensed Plumber, Registered Sanitarian or
403	other person accepted by the Environmental Health and Safety Division.
404	(4) A Tribal sanitary permit shall be obtained by the property owner, his/her agent
405	or contractor, in the name of the property owner, prior to the construction of any
406	building which requires a private sewage system. Any property owner, his/her
407	agent or contractor, who starts construction on a building, prior to obtaining a
408	Tribal sanitary permit, is in violations and may be subject to the penalties provided
409	in this law.
410	(5) Before any private sewage system may be installed, enlarged, altered, modified
411	or additions constructed, a Tribal sanitary permit must first be obtained by the

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412 property owner, his/her agent or contractor. Failure to comply with this requirement constitutes a violation of this law. Violations which occur on leased 413 414 land may also constitute violations of the Tribal land lease. (6) A Tribal sanitary permit shall be obtained prior to constructing or erecting a 415 416 privy. 417 (7) If any part of a system has failed, the entire system shall be evaluated for compliance with existing codes. 418 419 420 407.5. **Permits and Applications** 421 407.5-1. 422 (a) Permit Codes 423 (1) The permit card issued by the Environmental Specialist to the property owner 424 or his/her agent shall serve as the Tribal sanitary permit. (2) The permit card shall be displayed at the site in such a manner that it will be 425 visible from a road abutting the lot during all construction phases. 426 427 (3) The permit card may not be removed until the private sewage system has been installed, inspected and approved by the Environmental Specialist or a Tribally-428 authorized inspector. 429 430 (4) Failure to display the permit card shall be considered a violation of this section and may subject the property owner, his/her agent or contractor, to penalty 431 provisions of this law. 432 (b) Application Requirements 433 (1) The Tribal sanitary permit application shall include the following information 434 which shall be furnished by the applicant on forms provided by the Tribal 435 436 Environmental Health and Safety Division, along with all applicable fees: (A) Names and address of the applicant (owner of the site) and the plumber 437 438 employed (when applicable). 439 (B) Legal description of the subject site by claim number, lot block and recorded subdivision or by metes and bounds. All legal descriptions must 440 also include a plot 1/4-1/4 section description to the nearest forty (40) acres 441 442 (i.e.: NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4, Section 12, T23N-R19E). (C) All lot dimensions. 443 (D) Driving directions to the site 444 445 (E) Building use (single, family, duplex, multi-family, commercial, industrial, and Tribal roll number). 446 (F) Plot plan. Detailed plot plan dimensions are drawn to scale showing the 447 448 lot size; the location of all septic tanks; holding tanks or other treatment tanks; building sewers-sanitary and storm; wells; water mains or water 449 service; streams and lakes; dosing or pumping chambers; distribution 450 boxes; effluent systems; dual disposal systems; replacement system areas; 451 and the location of the building served. Adjoining properties shall be 452 checked to insure that the site location distances and dimensions shall be 453

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454	shown on the detailed plot plan.
455	(G) Reference points. A vertical elevation reference point and a horizontal
456	reference point.
457	(H) Soil boring and percolation test data related to the undisturbed and
458	finished grade elevations, vertical elevation reference point and horizontal
459	reference point. Surface elevations, vertical elevation reference point and
460	horizontal point. Surface elevations shall be given for all soil borings. All
461	soil borings and percolation tests shall be performed by a State of
462	Wisconsin Certified Soil Tester.
463	(I) Occupancy. The maximum number of bedrooms in the residence shall
464	be indicated. The number of employees(full time and part time on an 8-
465	hour shift), estimated number of customers in an 8-hour shift, number of
466	washing machines and disposition of commercial/retail buildings.
467	(J) Other specifications. Complete specifications for pumps and controls
468	including dose volume, elevation differences (vertical lift), pipe
469	frictionless, pump performance curve, pump model manufacturer, and all
470	piping information.
471	(K) Any other information deemed necessary by the Environmental Health
472	and Safety Division.
473	(2) Pit privy permit applications shall be accompanied by soil data provided by a
474	State of Wisconsin-license certified tester to a depth of three feet (3') below the
475	proposed pit bottom. Soil data is not required when making application for a vault
476	privy. The property owner shall be furnished with a copy of the Tribal privy
477	construction requirements when the permit for a privy is issued.
478	(3) The Tribal Environmental Health and Safety Division reserves the right to
479	refuse incomplete or incorrect permit applications or to delay issuance until
480	corrected or completed applications are received.
481	(c) Permit Expiration
482	(1) Sanitary permits for private sewage systems, which have not been installed,
483	shall expire two (2) years after the date of issuance. Permits may be renewed
484	following written application to the Environmental Health and Safety Division by
485	the proper owner, his/her agent or contractor, prior to the expiration date of the
486	original permit.
487	(2) There shall be a fee for the renewal of a permit.
488	(3) The renewal shall be based on Oneida Sanitary Ordinance requirements in
489	effect to the time of renewal.
490 401	(4) Changed requirements may impede the renewal.(5) The grouperty surger hig/her agent, or contractor, shall return the original normit.
491 402	(5) The property owner, his/her agent, or contractor, shall return the original permit
492 493	card and receive a new card when the permit is renewed.
493 494	(6) All permits issued prior to the effective date of this law shall expire two (2)
494 495	years from issue date unless renewed.
490	(7) If a permit has expired and the owner wants to build on the site, a new sanitary

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496	permit must be obtained, and the site shall be subject to the currently existing
497	requirements, including any revisions made during the elapsed time period.
498	(d) Permit Replacement/Transfer
499	(1) If a sanitary permit is lost or destroyed, a replacement permit may be obtained from the Environmental Health and Sefety Division. The land summer shall submit a
500	from the Environmental Health and Safety Division. The land owner shall submit a
501	written request, along with the permit replacement fee, to the Environmental
502	Health and Safety Division, and a new sanitary permit shall be issued prior to
503	installation of the system shall be subject to the following:
504	(A) The new property owner shall submit a written request to the
505	Environmental Health and Safety Division to transfer the permit.
506	(B) The sanitary permit card shall be returned to the Department so that a
507	new permit card may be issued.
508	(C) Transfer of ownership shall not affect the expiration date or renewal
509	requirements. Any changes other than transfer of ownership shall require a
510	new permit.
511	(D) The new property owner shall submit the permit transfer fee to the
512	Environmental Health and Safety Division.
513	(e) Building alteration permits
514	(1) A tribal building alteration permit shall be required when an existing private
515	sewage system is intended to serve a building which is to be remodeled such that
516	there will be an increase in the wastewater load from that building or where the
517	building is to be rebuilt or replaced with a new or different use or building.
518	(2) Prior to issuing a building alteration permit, the existing private sewage system
519	shall be examined. No permits will be issued unless the following conditions are
520	met:
521	(A) The system is functioning properly regarding the condition of the
522	system shall be provided.
523	(B) The systems will be capable of handling the proposed wastewater load
524	from the building to be served.
525	C) The system will meet all minimum setback requirements of ILHR 83.
526	(3) Soil boring data to a depth of three feet (3') below the bottom of the existing
527	system shall be reported by a State of Wisconsin Certified Soil Tester. For all soil
528	absorption systems, a replacement system site shall be located for future use.
529	(4) Alteration of a building serviced by existing holding tanks will require an
530	updated Holding Tank Agreement, one (1) which meets the requirements of this
531	law. A copy of this completed agreement shall be attached to the permit.
532	(5) All systems shall be inspected by the Tribal inspector at the time of system
533	and/or building alteration to ensure that proper materials and methods are being
534	used.
535	(6) Reconnecting to an undersized system shall be allowed only if an affidavit for
536	the use of the undersized system is recorded in the Oneida Nation Register of
537	Deeds and an adequate area exists for a replacement system.
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(7) When a change in the use of a building or premises is contemplated, the 538 539 Environmental Health and Safety Division shall be contacted as to whether it shall 540 be necessary to obtain a sanitary permit or a building alteration permit. 541 (f) Change of plumbers 542 (1) A Tribal building alteration permit shall be required when an existing private sewage system is intended to serve a building which is to be remodeled such that 543 544 there will be an increase in the wastewater load from the that building or where the 545 building which is to be remodeled such that there will be an increase in the 546 wastewater load from that building or where the building is to be rebuilt or 547 replaced with a new or different use or building. (2) Prior to issuing a building alteration permit, the existing private sewage system 548 549 shall be examined. No permits will be issued unless the following conditions are 550 met: 551 (A) The system is functioning properly, pursuant to this law. A State of 552 Wisconsin Licensed Plumber's statement regarding the condition of the 553 system shall be provided. 554 (B) The system will be capable of handling the proposed wastewater load from the building to be served. 555 556 (C) The systems will be capable of handling the proposed wastewater load from the building to be served. 557 558 (3) Soil boring data to a depth of three feet (3') below the bottom of the existing 559 system shall be reported by a State of Wisconsin Certified Soil Tester. For all soil 560 absorption systems, a replacement system site shall be located for future use. 561 (4) Alteration of a building received by existing holding tanks will require an 562 updated Holding Tank Agreement, one (1) which meets their requirements of this law. A copy of this completed agreement shall be attached to the permit. 563 (5) All systems shall be inspected by the Tribal inspector at the time of system 564 and/or building alteration to insure that proper materials and methods are being 565 566 used. 567 (6) Reconnecting to an undersized system shall be allowed only if an affidavit for 568 the use of the undersized system is recorded in the Oneida Nation Register of 569 Deeds and an adequate area exists for a replacement system. 570 (7) When a change in the use of a building or premises is contemplated, the Environmental Health and Safety Division shall be contacted as to whether it shall 571 be necessary to obtain a sanitary permit or a building alteration permit. 572 573 (g) Change of Plumbers 574 (1) When an owner wishes to change plumbers, the owner must complete a Tribal 575 Change of Plumbers Form, signed by the new plumber. The form must be submitted to the Environmental Health and Safety Division, along with the 576 577 applicable fees. 578 (2) The change of plumbers shall take place prior to the installation of the private 579 sewage system.

580	(h) Modified Mound and Experimental System Permits
581	(1) Sanitary permits of modified mounds and experimental systems shall only be
582	approved for existing buildings. Not all sites are suitable for modified mounds and
583	experimental systems.
584	(2) Sanitary permits for modified mounds and experimental systems shall be
585	approved by the Environmental Health and Safety Division only on an individual
586	basis.
587	(3) Modified mounds and experimental system sanitary permit applications are
588	subject to all requirements of a regular sanitary permit, in addition to any
589	additional requirements deemed necessary by the Environmental Health and Safety
590	Division. Additional information may include, but is not limited to: more frequent
591	inspections, additional soil borings, groundwater monitoring or contour maps.
592	(i) Site Evaluation
593	(1) A site evaluation may be necessary to determine the suitability of a lot for a
594	private sewage system. Site evaluations will be made at the discretion of the
595	Environmental Specialist. The evaluation shall take place within ten (10) working
596	days of becoming aware of question of suitability and will be made prior to the
597	issuance of the sanitary permit. The site evaluation will result in one (1) of the
598	following:
599	(A) Issuance of the permit, provided all information on the application is
600	correct and complete.
601	(B) Holding the application pending clarification of information or new
602	information by the owner, the plumber or the certified Soil Tester.
603	(C) Denial of the permit if the site does not meet all the provisions of this
604	law.
605	(2) Soil test pits shall be constructed which allow adequate visual observations of
606	the soil provide in place. This is best accomplished by the construction of backhoe
607	pits. The test pits shall be left in such a manner that will permit access to them for
608	the evaluation of the soil protection were provided. Bore holes shall be either
609	fenced or closed within five (5) days of the date of inspection.
610	(3) Site evaluations shall be done prior to issuance of permits for a mound system.
611	(j) Permit Denial
612	(1) When an on-site evaluation of a proposed private sewage system or pit privy
613	reveals that the site is compliance with the requirements of this law, the permit
614	application shall be approved. Written justification of the denial must be supplied
615	to the owner of the Environmental Health and Safety Division within five (5)
616	working days of the decision.
617	(k) Holding Tank Agreements
618	(1) Prior to the issuance of a sanitary permit for the installation of a holding tank,
619	the owner of the holding tank, or his/her agent, shall sign and register a Holding
620	Tank Agreement with the Oneida Nation or a State of Wisconsin Licensed
621	Plumber. The purpose of the agreement is to ensure that the holding tank

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622	wastewater will be properly disposed of.
623	(2) Holding tank owner shall sign a servicing Contract with the Oneida Utilities for
624	sewage disposal and must comply with the following requirements:
625	(A) The holding tank owner shall sign a Servicing contract with the Oneida
626	Utilities for regularly scheduled servicing of the holding tank by the
627	Tribally-licensed septic tank pumper. Copies of the servicing contract shall
628	be attached to the holding tank agreement.
629	(B) The holding tanks shall be chained and locked at all times, and the
630	chain, lock and lock keys shall be the property of the Oneida Utilities, to
631	prevent unauthorized removal of the holding tank wastewater.
632	(C) The Oneida Utilities shall keep a log of the holding tank servicing
633	dates, owner's names and servicing locations, gallons serviced, and
634	disposal locations for all owner's names and servicing locations, gallons
635	serviced, and disposal locations for all holding tanks on registered
636	Servicing Contracts. This log shall be sent to the Environmental Health and
637	Safety Division by the 15 th of every month, for the previous month's
638	activities.
639	(3) Holding tanks owners who contract with a Non-tribal Septic Tank Pumping
640	Service must comply with the following requirements:
641	(A) The holding tank owner shall sign a Servicing Contract with the Non-
642	tribal Septic Tank Pumping Service for regularly scheduled servicing of the
643	holding tanks copies of the Servicing contract shall be attached to the
644	Holding Tank Agreement.
645	(B) The holding tanks shall be chained and locked at all times.
646	(C) All Non-Tribal Septic Tank Pumping Services must meet the following
647	requirements:
648	(i) The Septic Tank Pumper must have a valid State of Wisconsin
649	license, and must meet all requirements of NR 113, Wisconsin
650	Administrative Code.
651	(ii) The Septic Tank Pumper must follow all of the Nation's
652	disposal requirements.
653	(D) The Non-tribal Septic Tank Plumber shall keep a log of the holding
654	servicing dates, owners names, and servicing locations, gallons serviced, an
655	disposal locations of all holding tanks on registered servicing contacts. This
656	log shall be sent to the Environmental Health and Safety Division by the
657	15 th of every month, for the previous month's activities.
658	(4) The signed Holding Tank Agreement shall be binding upon the owner, the
659	heirs of the owner and assignees of the owner, or the authorized agent.
660	(5) Removal of the holding tank wastewater by persons other than those employed
661	by the Oneida Utilities, or those State of Wisconsin-licensed Septic Tank Plumbers
662	approved by the Environmental Health and Safety Division, shall constitute a
663	violation of this law. Such violations which occur on Tribally-leased land shall

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664	constitute a violation of the Tribal land lease.
665	(1) Maintenance Program
666	(1) All soil absorption system tanks shall be pumped by a Tribally-licensed or
667	State of Wisconsin-licensed septic tank pumper within two (2) years of the date of
668	installation and at least once every two (2) years thereafter, unless upon inspection
669	the tank is found to have less than one third $(1/3)$ of the volume occupied by
670	sludge and scum.
671	(2) All private sewage systems installed after the date of adoption of this law shall
672	be inspected once every two (2) years for system compliance and tank integrity.
673	Additional inspections, or inspections of systems installed prior to the date of law
674	adoption, may be performed upon request by the system owner.
675	(3) Inspection of a private sewage shall be conducted by a Registered Sanitarian,
676	the Tribal Environmental Specialist, a Master Plumper, a Journeyman Plumper or a
677	Registered Plumper licensed by the State. Inspections may also be performed by
678	training program and have received authorization from the Nation. Re-certification
679	of the authorized tribal employees shall be required on a yearly basis, and shall be
680	provided by the Environmental Health and Safety Division. The inspections shall
681	be performed at the same time as the tank pumping.
682	(4) The owner of said soil absorption system shall submit information as to the
683	condition of the system and tank, and the date of pumping, to the Tribal
684	Environmental Health and Safety Division within ten (10) days of the date of
685	inspection of the tank is made by an authorized Tribal employee.
686	(5) The owner of a holding tank shall sign and register a Holding Tank Agreement,
687	as specified in section 407.5-1(i) of this law, and shall be subject to all
688	requirements stated in section $407.3-1(1)$ of this law, and shall be subject to an
689	(6) Non-tribal Septic Tank Pumpers who are approved by the Environmental
690	Health and Safety Division to service on-site waste disposal systems must comply
690 691	with the following requirements:
692	(A) The Septic Tank Pumpers must have a valid State of Wisconsin license,
692 693	and must meet all requirements of NR 113, Wisconsin Administrative
693 694	Code.
695	(B) The Septic Tank Pumper must obtain a Tribal Vendor's Permit prior to
696 697	servicing any tanks.
	(C) The Septic Tank Pumper must follow all of the Nation's disposal and
698 600	reporting requirements.
699 700	(m) Permit fees shall be set and periodically amended by the Oneida Business Committee.
700	Fees may be reduced by fifty percent (50%) if the inspections are performed by Indian
701	Health Service agents. All fees must accompany permit application. Fees are payable by
702	check to the "Oneida Nation". No out-of-state checks will be accepted. Failure to pay
703	permit fees constitutes a violation of this law. Applicable fees are as follows:
704 705	(1) Private Residential Building Sanitary Permit:
705	(A) Conventional soil absorption systems: \$20.00

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706	(B) In-ground pressure distribution system: \$20.00
707	(C) Holding tanks: \$20.00
708	(D) Mound systems, modified mound systems, at gate systems and
709	experimental systems: \$50.00
710	(2) Public and Commercial Building Sanitary Permits:
711	(A) Conventional soil absorption systems: \$45.00
712	(B) In-ground pressure distribution systems: \$45.00
713	(C) Holding tanks: \$90.00
714	(D) Mound systems, modified mound systems, at grade systems an
715	experimental systems: \$150.00
716	(3) Other Fees:
717	(A) Sanitary renewal: \$5.00
718	(B) Change of Plumber fee: \$5.00
719	(C) Privy permits: \$5.00
720	(D) Building alteration permit fees:
721	Private Residential building \$20.00
722	Public and Commercial buildings \$45.00
723	
724	407.6-1. Inspections
725	407.6-1. General
726	(a) All private sewage shall be inspected after construction and before backfilling. The
727	inspections shall be performed within the following work day excluding Saturdays,
728	Sundays, and holidays after receiving notice from the licensed plumber responsible for the
729	installation.
730	(b) A Tribal Site Inspection form shall be completed by the Environmental specialist or
731	Tribal inspector. A copy of the report shall be sent to the system owner.
732	407.6-2. Notice for inspection.
733	(a) The plumber employed to install the system shall notify the Environmental Specialist
734	in person, by telephone or in writing when the on-site waste disposal system is ready for
735	inspection.
736	(b) The owner shall be notified of regular inspections within twenty-four (24) hours of the
737	inspection. If the owner cannot be reached within the twenty-four (24) hour period, the
738	inspection shall continue as scheduled. No prior notification shall be required for
	* *
739 740	compliance inspections for holding tanks.
740 741	407.6-3. Preparation for inspection
741	(a) When an on-site waste disposal system is ready for inspection, the plumber employed
742	to install the system shall make such arrangements as will enable the Environmental
743	Health and Safety Division inspector to inspect all parts of the system.
744	(b) The plumber shall have present the proper apparatus and equipment for conducting the
745	inspection and shall furnish such assistance as may be necessary in making a proper
746	inspection.
747	407.6-4. Holding Tank Inspections

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748 (a) All site constructed holding tanks shall be inspected after the forms have been set and reinforcing is in place; but before any concrete has been poured. Concrete may be poured 749 only after it has been determined that the tank, as formed, complies with the plans as 750 751 approved by the Department. (b) This inspection shall not eliminate the need for an inspection after the installation has 752 753 been completed. Privy Inspections 754 407.6-5. (a) All privies installed shall be inspected for compliance with this law. The home owner 755 756 or his agent shall notify the Environmental Health and Safety Division for inspection 757 immediately after the privy has been constructed. (b) Privies may be inspected periodically after the initial inspection. 758 759 Mound Inspections 407.6-6. 760 (a) All mound systems shall be inspected during construction by an inspector certified by the Nation. The plumber installing the mound shall notify the Environmental Specialist 761 twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the installation. Four (4) inspections of the system 762 763 shall be made during the first year of the mound operation in accordance with Tribal 764 guidelines. Annual inspections may be made after the first year of operation, and may be more frequent if deemed necessary by the Environmental Specialist. 765 766 407.6-7. **Re-inspections** 767 (a) The Environmental Specialist may require additional inspections other than the inspection prior to backfilling, or if the initial inspection disclosed that the installation was 768 incomplete at the time the installer indicated it would be complete, or if the system was 769 not in conformance with the requirements stated in this law. 770 771 As-built Plans 407.6-8. (a) All on-site waste disposal systems installed, enlarged, modified, or expanded after the 772 adoption date of this law shall require as-built plans to be registered with the 773 Environmental Health and Safety Division. 774 (b) The plumber employed to install the system shall submit the as-built plans to the 775 Environmental Health and Safety Division within five (5) days of the installation of the 776 777 system. (c) The as-built plans shall include all dimensions described in Section 407.5-1(b)(1)(F), 778 779 of this law. It shall also include the location of all manhole risers installed as part of the system for which the as-built is being developed. The manhole covers and other portions 780 of the system shall be located from two (2) permanent points (i.e., corners of the building 781 782 served). Covering of Work 783 407.6-9. (a) No part of the private sewage system may be backfilled until it has been inspected and 784 approved. If any part is covered before being inspected and approved it shall be uncovered 785 at the discretion of the Environmental Health and Safety Division inspector or Indian 786 787 Health Service Inspector. 407.6-10. Defects in Materials and Workmanship 788 (a) If inspection discloses defective material, design, siting or unworkmanlike construction 789 which does not conform to the requirements of this law, the nonconforming parts shall be 790

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791	removed, replaced and re-inspected.
792	
793	407.7. Administration and Enforcement
794	407.7-1. Variances
795	(a) A request for a variance to the conditions or requirements of this law may be made to
796	the Environmental Specialist. The Environmental Specialist shall not have the authority to
797	approve any variance request. The Environmental Resource Board shall issue written
798	approval or denial of any variances requested.
799	(b) Parties disagreeing with the determination of the Environmental Resource Board may
800	contest the decision by filing a complaint to the Judiciary in accordance with section
801	407.7-5.
802	407.7-2. Violations
803	(a) Any person who violates any provision of this law is subject to penalties and
804	forfeitures provided for by this law and any resultant rules. Actions which constitute a
805	violation are described in, but not limited to, the following:
806	(1) Installing a new on-site waste disposal system without first obtaining a Tribal
807	Sanitary Permit.
808	(2) Modifying, altering, enlarging or constructing additions to an existing on-site
809	waste disposal system without first obtaining a Tribal Sanitary Permit or a
810	Building Alteration Permit.
811	(3) Servicing or removing sewage from an on-site waste disposal system tank
812	without a valid State of Wisconsin or Tribal license.
813	(4) Failing to obey any requirement of an Administrative Enforcement Order.
814	(5) Failing to properly display the Sanitary Permit card.
815	(6) Failing to disconnect a failing private on-site waste disposal system within the
816	Order. Building served by disconnected failing on-site systems shall be
817	reconnected to public sewer systems.
818	(7) Failing to connect a building served by a private on-site waste disposal system
819	to a public sewer system within the time allotted by section 407-4.1(f) of this law,
820	or the date stated in the Order.
821	(8) Installing, modifying, altering, enlarging or making additions to any part of an
822	on-site waste disposal system without a valid State Plumbing License. Privies are
823	exempt from this requirement.
824	(9) Failing to pay Tribal permit fees
825	(10) Failure to correct a failing on-site waste disposal system within three (3)
826	months of an Administrative Order. A failing on-site waste disposal system
827	constitutes a threat to public health.
828	(11) Failure to maintain a system through regularly scheduled pumping, pursuant
829	to holding tank agreement and maintenance program of this law. Failing to
830	maintain a holding tank through regularly scheduled pumping constitutes a threat
831	to public health.
832	407.7-3. Administrative Orders
833	(a) The Environmental Specialist may issue an Administrative Enforcement Order when a 4 O.C. 407 – Page 20
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- violation of any provision of this law occurs, to provide the owner or agent the
 opportunity to bring their action into compliance with the provisions of this law.
 (b) The Order shall be given to the party responsible for the violation and shall state the
- nature of the violation, possible penalties for failure to correct, and shall state the right to
 contested the matter with the Oneida Judiciary.

839 407.7-4. Penalties

- (a) The Environmental Resource Board is hereby granted administrative rulemaking
 authority to establish penalties for violations of this law. Except as provided in section
 407.5-5(b), forfeitures for violations shall amount to not less than ten dollars (\$10) and not
 greater than fifty dollars (\$50) per violation. Each day such violation continues constitutes
 a separate offense.
- (b) Forfeitures for violations which constitute a threat to public health shall not be less
 than fifty dollars (\$50) and not more than two hundred dollars (\$200) per violation. Each
 day such violation continues constitutes a separate offense.
- 407.7-5. Appeal Permit Decision. Any person wishing to contest a decision of the Department
 related to a permit may appeal such action by filing a complaint with the Judiciary Trial Court
 naming the Department.
- 407.7-6. Contested Action Hearings. All citations, penalties, forfeitures, orders and declarations 851 852 issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the 853 citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which 854 time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act 855 856 for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, 857 858 for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional 859 orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. 860
- 861 (a) *Community Service*. Community service may be substituted for fines at the Judiciary's
 862 discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of one (1) hour
 863 per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- (b) *Allocation of Citation Revenue*. All fines and penalties issued by citations are payable
 to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which the
 Environmental Resource Board shall contribute to the Nation's general fund.
- (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to
 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (d) *Pursuing Payment of a Citation*. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the
 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal
 member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.

874 407.7-7. Severability

(d) Conflict with Federal Law. Should any part of this ordinance be found to be in conflict
with federal requirements which are required in order that the Oneida Nation receive
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877 federal funds, the conflicting section of this law is to be considered inoperative only for purposes of that particular funding and that inoperative only for purposes of that particular 878 funding and that particular conflict. Such conflict shall not affect the operation of the 879 remainder of this law in its application to those agencies or departments directly affected. 880 881 Waiver of liability 407.7-8. (a) This law shall not create a liability on the part of or a cause of action against the 882 Nation, or any employee thereof, for any private on-site sewage treatment system which 883 may not function as designed. There shall be no liability of warranty for any site which is 884 approved or denied. The issuance of a sanitary permit and the formal inspection of such a 885 886 system does not warrant the system's function, nor is there a guarantee that the system is free of defects or that all aspects of the system comply with the requirements or this 887 888 ordinance. 880 891 Adopted - BC-10-28-88-A

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources - Chapter 407 ON-SITE WASTE DISPOSAL ORDINANCE Tsi? Yeyakotyetáhkwa Olihwá ke The matters concerning where the garbage is kept

407.1. Introduction	407.5. Permits and Applications
407.2. Adoption, Amendment and Repeal	407.6. Inspections
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407.1. Introduction.1. Introduction

1

2 401.1-1. *Applicability*. This Ordinancelaw shall apply to all Oneida Tribal Entities, the Oneida 3 TribeNation itself, and members of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation within the 4 exterior boundaries of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation Reservation. 5 407.1-2.- *Purpose*. The purpose of this Ordinancelaw is to establish regulations to ensure that 6 private on-site sewage treatment systems will fulfill Oneida Tribal goals for improving 7 environmental health and safety. The regulations herein will set forth procedures for 8 administration of the program; general requirements for proper siting, design, installation, 9 inspection, and maintenance of the systems; limitations of private systems; and enforcement 10 mechanisms and procedures. The ultimate intent of this ordinancelaw is to support the Oneida 11 belief of taking care of Mother Earth. As unforeseen events may arise which are not specifically 12 addressed in this ordinancelaw, this stated intent, along with the following basic principles, should define a course of action for unforeseen events. 13 14 (a) NEED-Every building intended for human habitation or occupancy shall be provided 15 with a properly functioning system for treatment and disposal of domestic waste. 16 (b) PUBLIC SEWERS-When public sewers become available to any building intended 17 for human habitation or occupancy, the use of the private sewage system shall be discontinued within that period of time required by order, but not exceed one (1) year. 18 19 The owner shall be required to connect to public sewers sooner than the one (1) year date

20 if the system meets the definition of a failing system. When funding for the connection is 21 available, the owner shall be required to connect sooner than the one (1) year date, and 22 the connection shall be made form the private sewage system and be connected to the 23 public sewers sooner than the one (1) year date if the system meets the definition of a 24 failing system. When funding for the connection sooner than the one (1) year date, and 25 the connection shall be made according to the contractor's construction schedule. The 26 building sewer shall be disconnected from the private sewage system and be connected to 27 the public sewer. All abandoned treatment tanks and seepage pits shall have the contents 28 pumped and disposed of in accordance with chapter NR 113, Wisconsin Administrative 29 Code. The top or the entire tank shall be removed and the remaining portion of the tank

30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	or excavation shall be immediately filled with clean, suitable soil material. (c) DISCHARGES/FAILING SYSTEMS-Every private sewage system shall be designed, located and constructed to prevent ponding of effluent within the soil absorption system or an y discharge or sewage into drain tiles, onto the ground surface, into the structure served, or into the surface waters or groundwater within the exterior boundaries or adjacent to the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation Reservation including zones of seasonal soil saturation. (d) MAINTENANCE-Every private sewage system shall be adequately maintained. (e) NUISANCE-Every private sewage system shall be designed and constructed to adequately dispose of all the wastewater generated in the structure or facility it is serving.
41	407.1-3. This Ordinance is adopted 2. Adoption, Amendment and implemented
42	throughRepeal
43	407.2-1. This law was adopted by the authority granted[Oneida Business Committee or Oneida
44	General Tribal Council] by resolution BC-10-28-88-A and amended by resolution
45	
46	407.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of
47	Wisconsin, Business Committee and/or Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the Oneida
48 49	procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act. 407.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
50	circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
51	which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
52	407.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another
53	law, the provisions of this law shall control.
54	407.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution, Part 4, Section of the Oneida
55	Nation.
56	
57	407.3. Definitions
58	407.3-1.
59	407.1-4. For the purposes of this ordinancelaw, the following definitions shall apply. All other
60	words shall be defined according to dictionary reference. (a) <u>APPROVED</u> <u>"Approved" means</u> accepted or ratified by the Environmental
61 62	(a) <u>APPROVED</u> — <u>"Approved" means</u> accepted or ratified by the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division .
63	(b) AS-BUILT PLAN- <u>"As-Built Plan" means</u> a final plan of any system as
64	installed.
65	(c) <u>AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC SEWERS</u> "Availability of Public Sewers"
66	means when a public sewer line either passes in front of a lot line or comes within
67	200 two hundred feet (200') of a lot line, availability of the public sewers for servicing
68	buildings on the lot is established.
69	(d) <u>BEDROCK</u> - <u><u>"Bedrock" means</u> the rocks that underlie soil materials or are at the</u>
70	earth's surface. Bedrock is encountered when the weathered in-place consolidated
71	material, <u>larger</u> than 2mm2 mm in size, is greater than <u>fifty percent (</u> 50% <u>%)</u> by volume.

 (f) CESSPOOLCESSPOOI' means a covered excavation in the ground which receives sewage or other organic matter and solids, permitting the liquids to seep into the soil cavities. Cesspools are prohibited. (g) CLEANOUTCleanout'. means a plug or cover made of material approved by the Department, joined by means of a screw thread to an opening in a pipe, which can be removed for the purpose of cleaning or examining the interior of the pipe. (h) CLEANWATER WASTES (h)Cleanwater Wastes'' means cooling water and condensate drainage from refrigeration compressors and air-conditioning equipment, water used for impurities have been reduced below a minimum concentration considered harmful, and cooled condensate from steam heating systems or other equipment. (i) COLORColor' means the moist color of the soil based on Munsell soil color charts. (j) COMMUNITY ON SITE WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMCommunity On-Site Waste Disposal System' means an on-site waste disposal system servicing more than one (1) building being served. A community sewage system may be owned by the property owners, the TribeNation, or special purpose district. (k) CONVENTIONAL SOIL ABSORPTION SYSTEM (k) "Conventional Soil Absorption System" means a the Oneida Tribal Environmental Health Department and applies effluent to the soil through the use of a seepage trench, bed or pit. (m) DEFARTMENT 'Department' means a the Oneida Tribal Environmental Health Department and Safety Division. (m) DEFARTMENT 'Desing Tank' means a tank used for the collection of sewage effluent from a septic or solids tank. The effluent is pumped form the dosing tank to a soil absorption field. (p) DEVELLING UNIT ''Deling Unit' means one (1) or more rooms with provisions for living, sanitary and sleeping facilities which are used or intended to be used by one (1) person or by two (2) or more persons maintaining a common household. (p) DWELLING UNIT '''Effluent'' means	72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	(e) <u>BUILDING</u> <u>"Building" means</u> -a structure having walls and a roof erected or set upon an individual foundation or slab-constructed base designed or used for the housing, shelter, enclosure or support of any kind, which is intended for human habitation or occupancy. A mobile home is included in this definition. Each structure abutting another structure which does not have an ingress-egress doorway through the basement foundation walls, or structures with separate exterior or exterior abutting walls, or public use structures separated by an unpierced firewall, shall be considered as separate or individual building.
81 receives sewage or other organic matter and solids, permitting the liquids to seep into the 82 soil cavities. Cesspools are prohibited. 83 (g) CLEANOUTCleanout"- means a plug or cover made of material approved by 84 the Department, joined by means of a screw thread to an opening in a pipe, which can be 85 removed for the purpose of cleaning or examining the interior of the pipe. 86 (h) CLEANWATER WASTES (h) "Cleanwater Wastes" means cooling water and 87 condensate drainage from refrigeration compressors and air-conditioning equipment, 88 water used for impurities have been reduced below a minimum concentration considered 89 harmful, and cooled condensate from steam heating systems or other equipment. 90 (i) COLORColor" means the moist color of the soil based on Munsell soil color 91 charts. "Community On-Site 92 (j) COMMUNITY ON SITE WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEM "Community On-Site 93 Waste Disposal System" means an on-site waste disposal system servicing more than one 94 (t) building being served. A community sewage system may be owned by the property 95 owners, the TribeNation, or special purpose district. 96 (k) CONVENTIONAL SOLL ABSORPTION SYSTEM-(k) "Conventional Soil 97	80	(f) <u>CESSPOOL</u> "Cesspool" means a covered excavation in the ground which
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114	(q)-EXISTING- "Existing" means prior to the adoption date of this ordinancelaw.
115	(r) EXPERIMENTAL SYSTEM-(r) "Experimental System" means an on-site
115	wastewater treatment system designed to overcome site limitation which would preclude
117	the installation of any of the standard soil absorption systems defined in this
	ordinancelaw. Not all sites are suitable for experimental systems.
118	
119	(s) FAILING PRIVATE SEWAGE SYSTEM "Failing Private Sewage System"
120	means a failing private sewage system is one (1) which causes or results in any or the
121	following conditions:
122	(1).) The failure to accept sewage discharges resulting in the back up of sewage
123	into the structure served by the private sewage system.
124	(2).) The discharge of sewage to the surface of the group or to a drain tile.
125	(3).) The discharge of sewage to any waters within the exterior boundaries or
126	adjacent to the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation Reservation.
127	(4) The introduction of effluent into zones of saturation which adversely affects
128	the operation of a private sewage system.
129	(5).) The ponding of effluent within the soil absorption system.
130	(t) GREASE INTERCEPTOR (t) "Grease Interceptor" means a watertight tank which
131	is installed underground for the collection and retention of grease from cooking of food
132	processing and which is accessible for periodic removal of the contents.
133	(u) HIGH GROUNDWATER Zones(u) "High Groundwater" means zones of soil
134	saturation which include: Perched water tables, shallow regional groundwater tables or
135	aquifers, or zones that are seasonally, periodically or permanently saturated. Unless
136	otherwise proven, the presence of soil mottles indicates the level of seasonal saturation.
137	(v)-HOLDING TANK- "Holding Tank" means an approved watertight receptacle
138	for the collection and holding of sewage, which requires pumping by a licensed sanitary
139	hauler.
140	(w) INDOOR PLUMBING-one <u>"Indoor Plumbing" means one (1)</u> plumbing fixture
141	constitutes an indoor plumbing system.
142	(x) IN-GROUND PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM-(x) "In-Ground Pressure
143	Distribution System" means a pressurized soil absorption system placed entirely within
144	the natural soil and based on the mound system design.
145	(y) LEGAL DESCRIPTION-(y) "Legal Description" means inaccurate Metes and
146	Bounds description, a claim number, a lot and block number in a recorded subdivision, a
147	recorded assessor's plat or public land survey description to the nearest forty (40) acres in
148	1/4-1/4 sections (ie: NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4, Section 10, T24N-R18E).
149	(z) MOBILE HOME- "Mobile Home" means a transportable structure mounted on a
150	chassis and designed to be used with or without a permanent foundation as a dwelling as
151	a dwelling unit. The phrase "without a permanent foundation" indicates that the support
152	system is constructed with the intent that the mobile home thereon may be moved from
153	time to time at the convenience of the owner.
154	(aa) MODIFIED MOUND SYSTEM-(aa) "Modified Mound System" means a soil
155	absorption system which utilized pressured distribution of the effluent and sandy fill

156	materials to overcome sites with specific limiting conditions. The limiting conditions are:
157	(1) Depth to seasonal high groundwater of 24 to 54 inches with percolation rates
158	of 0 to 180 minutes per inch.
159	(2) Depth to seasonal high groundwater of 12 to 54 inches with
160	percolatinpercolation rates of 0 to 120 minutes per inch.
161	(bb) MOUND SYSTEM
162	pressurized distribution of the effluent and sandy fill conditions are:
163	(1) Depth to fractured bedrock of 24 to 54 twenty-four inches (24") to fifty-four
164	inches (54") with percolation rates of zero (0) to sixty (60) minutes per inch
165	(2) Depth to seasonal high groundwater levels of 24 to 54 twenty-four inches (24")
166	to fifty-four inches (54") with percolation rates between zero (0-to-) and one
167	hundred twenty (120) minutes per inch.
168	(cc) <u>NUISANCE</u> " <u>Nuisance</u> " means - any source of filth, odor or probable cause of
169	sickness, as is described in Wisconsin Statue 146.14
170	(dd) ONEIDA TRIBE "Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin is Nation" means
171	Oneida Nation, a federally recognized Indian government and a Treaty Tribe recognized
172	by laws of the United States.
173	(ee) ON-SITE WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEM-(ee) "On-Site Waste Disposal System"
174	means a sewage treatment disposal system serving a single building with a septic tank
175	and soil absorption field located on the same parcel as the building. This term also means
176	an alternative substitute for the septic tank or soil absorption field, a holding tank, a
177	system serving more than one (1) building, or a system located on a different parcel than
178	the building, or a system located on a different parcel than the building. A private sewage
179	system may be owned by the property owner or by a special purpose district.
180	(ff) <u>PERCOLATION TEST</u> . "Percolation Test" means the method used for testing soil
181	absorption qualities, as described in ILHR 83,09(5), Wisconsin Administrative Code. All
182	soil Wisconsin-licensed Certified Soil Testers.
183	(gg) <u>PERMEABILITY</u> - "Permeability" means the ease with <u>which</u> liquid move
184	through the soil. One (1) of the soil qualities listed Certified Soil Testers.
185	(hh)- <u>PLUMBER-</u> "Plumber" means a person licensed by the State of Wisconsin as a
186	Master Plumber or Master Plumber Restricted Sewer Services-, as described in
187	Wisconsin State Statute 145.01
188	(ii) PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM-(ii) "Pressure Distribution System"
189	means a soil absorption system that employs a pump or automatic siphon and small
190	diameter distribution pipping with small diameter perforations to introduce effluent into
191	the soil. Plan review and departmental approval is required for each system of this type.
192	Approval will only be given on a case by case basis. Approval shall only be given on an
193	individual basis.
194	(jj) PRIVY <u>"Privy" means</u> a structure that is not connected to a plumbing system,
195	which is used by persons for the deposition of human body wastes.
196	(kk)- <u>PRIVY-PIT-</u> "Privy-Pit" means a privy with earthen sidewalls and/or bottom.
197	The privy shall be so constructed as to be insect and rodent proof as described in ILHR

198	53.63, Wisconsin Administrative Code
199	(11) PRIVY-VAULT- "Privy-Vault" means a privy with watertight vault consisting of
200	one (1) of the following:
201	(1) concrete sidewalls and bottom(poured in place)
202	(2) a prefabricated concrete tank
203	(3) an asphalt coated steel tank
204	(A) The tank shall be constructed insect and rodent proof per ILHR 52.63
205	Wisconsin administrative Code.
206	(mm) PUBLIC SEWERS "Public Sewers" means a wastewater treatment system
207	which utilizes collection of the sewage through underground sewer pipes, which all flow
208	to one (1) collection station, where the wastewater is then treated. Public sewers provide
209	service to more than one (1) residence, and each residence is charged a fee for wastewater
210	collection and treatment.
211	(nn) <u>SEEPAGE BED-"Seepage Bed" means</u> an excavated area larger than <u>5 five</u> feet (5')
212	in width which contains a bedding of aggregate and has more than one (1) distribution
213	line.
214	(oo) <u>SEEPAGE PIT-</u> "Seepage Pit" means an underground receptacle so constructed as
215	to permit disposal of effluent or clear wastes by soil absorption through its flood and
216	walls.
217	(pp) SEPTIC TANK- "Septic Tank" means a tank which receives and partially treats
218	sewage, through processes of sedimentation, oxygenation, flotation and bacterial action
219	so as to separate solids from liquid in the sewage, and discharges and public buildings.
220	(qq) <u>SEWAGE</u> - "Sewage" means the liquid and water carried wastes created in and
221	conducted away from residences, industrial establishments and public buildings.
222	(rr) <u>SOIL</u> <u>"Soil" means</u> the unconsolidated material over bedrock.
223	(ss) SOIL ABSORPTION "Soil Absorption" means any sewage treatment system
224	which has a solid separation tank and utilizes distribution of the sewage effluent to
225	unsaturated soil for treatment. Systems included in this definitions definition are:
226	conventional septic's, mounds, in-ground pressure distribution, at-grade, etc.
227	(tt) SOIL BORING- "Soil Boring" means an observation pit dug by hand or backbone,
228	a hole dug by auguring or a soil core taken intact and undisturbed with a probe.
229	(uu) SOIL MOTTLES- "Soil Mottles" means spots or streaks of contrasting soil
230	colors usually caused by soil saturation for some period of a normal year. Soil mottles are
231	used as indicators of the seasonal high groundwater level.
232	(vv) SOIL SATURATION "Soil Saturation" means the state when all the pores in a
233	soil are filled with water. Water will flow from saturated soil into a bore hole.
234	(ww) TOPSOIL <u>"Topsoil" means</u> the undisturbed surface horizon of a soil often
235	characterized by a clack or dark grayish brown color due to a higher content of organic
236	matter.
237	(xx) TRIBAL VENDOR'S PERMIT-"Tribal Vendor's Permit" means a permit issued by
238	the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division for the installation of a private
239	sewage system.

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240	(yy) <u>VENT CAP</u> <u>"Vent Cap" means</u> an approved appurtenance used for covering the
241	vent terminal of a soil absorption system, to avoid closure by mischief or debris, and still
242	permit circulation of air within the system.
243	(zz) WORKMANSHIP "Workmanship" means work of such character that will
244	fully secure the results sought in all the sections of this ordinancelaw as intended for the
245	safety, welfare and health protection of all individuals.
246	
247	407.2.4. General requirements. Requirements
248	407.24-1.
249	(a) Every building or structure intended for human habitation or occupancy, within the
250	scope of applicability of this ordinancelaw, shall have a Tribally-approved on-site private
251	sewage treatment system or be connected to a public sewer system. Such systems shall be
252	approved on-site private sewage treatment system or be connected to a public sewer
253	system. Such systems shall be approved only if no public sewers are available to service
254	said buildings. Unless specifically approved by the TribeNation, the private sewage
255	system to each building. A private sewage system may be owned by the property owner
256	or by a special purpose district. The use of a community on-site waste disposal system or
257	a system on a different parcel than the structure shall be subject to the same permit
258	requirements and procedures as for systems serving public buildings. The private sewage
259	system for newly constructed buildings shall be installed, inspected and approved before
260	the building can be occupied.
261	(b) The type of on-site waste disposal system approved for use on a site shall be
262	dependent upon site conditions. <u>Approveable Approvable</u> types of on-site waste disposal
263	systems are:
264	(1) Conventional soil absorption systems
265	(2) In ground pressure distribution systems
266	(3) Mound systems
267	(4) Modified mound systems
268	(5) At-grade systems
269	(6) Holding tanks
270	(7) Privies (pit and vault)
271	Approveable Approvable systems are not limited to this list, but systems not included on
272	this list may only be approved by the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
273	Division on an individual basis.
274	(c) Additional restrictions
275	(1) Domestic waste-all water carried wastes derived from ordinary living uses
276	shall enter the septic or treatment tank or be discharged to a public or municipal
277	treatment system.
278	(2) Water supply-all new buildings intended for human habitation or occupancy
279	shall be provided with a well and water supply system.
280	(3) Cesspools-cesspools are prohibited.
281	(4) Clear water-The discharge of surface, rain and other clear water into a private

282	sewage system is prohibited.
282	(5) Water shortener and iron filter backwash-Water softener of iron filter
285	discharge may be directed to the private sewage system, a separate below ground
285	surface soil absorption system or to the ground surface it a nuisance is not created.
285	(6) Floodplain-On-site waste disposal systems for new buildings will not be
280	approved for construction within the floodplain. Existing buildings may have a
287	system approved in the flood fringe subject to Departmental approval on an
288 289	individual basis. All systems shall be flood-proofed to a height of at least two (2) -
289	feet $(2')$ above the <u>one hundred (100)</u> year flood elevation.
290 291	(d) Holding Tanks
292	(1) Holding tanks will not be approved to service any new residential construction.
293	Holding tanks shall only be approved under the following circumstances:
293 294	(A) As a temporary method of waste containment until public sewers are
295	available, not to exceed two (2) years from the date of installation.
296	Extended use of the holding tanks beyond the two (2) year period will
297	require a permit for the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
298	Division. The holding tanks shall be disconnected and a connection shall be
299	made upon availability of the public sewer system, and the tanks properly
300	abandoned in the manner as is described in ILHR 83, Wisconsin
301	Administrative Code.
302	(B) As a replacement system for existing filing soil absorption systems.
303	Holding tanks shall be approved only if no other soil absorption system can
304	be approved for the site.
305	(C) As an interim measure when there are delays in funding from outside
306	funding agencies. The site must have received written approval for an on-
307	site soil absorption system, and funding must have been appropriated to
308	cover all installation costs. The system must be completed as soon as the
309	funding is made available.
310	(D) As an interim measure for construction reason. If an approved soil
311	absorption system is being constructed, and progress on construction is
312	halted severe weather (ie, winter frost conditions), then holding tanks may
313	be installed and used only until construction of the soil absorption system
314	can be permitted. The existing residence must be constructed and occupied
315	prior to adoption of this ordinancelaw.
316 ່	(E) For an existing residence where no other soil absorption system can be
317	permitted. The existing residence must be constructed and occupied prior to
318	adoption of this ordinance<u>law</u>.
319	(F) For new construction of commercial buildings only where no other soil
320	absorption system can be permitted.
321	(e) Privies
322	(1) Privies are prohibited for all new residential construction.
323	(2) Privies may be permitted only when the existing building served by the privy is

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324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 222	 not provided with an indoor plumbing system. One (1) plumbing fixture constituted indoor plumbing. (3) All privies must meet the site requirements as described in IRHR 83.10, Wisconsin Administrative Code. (4) When system upgrade becomes available or indoor plumbing is installed, then privy must be properly abandoned, and the building must be connected to an approved on-site waste disposal system or a public sewer system. (5) All chemical, gas electrical, composting and other non-water using toilets must comply with all requirements of priving.
332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354	 comply with all requirements of privies. (f) Public Sewer Connection (1) When public sewers become available to any buildings intended for human habitation or occupancy, the use of the private sewage system shall be discontinued within that period of time required by order, but not to exceed one (1) year. The building sewer shall be disconnected from the private sewage systems and be connected to the public sewer. (2) The owner shall be required to connect to public sewers sooner than the one (1) year date if the existing private sewage system meets the definition of a failing system. (3) When funding for the connection is available, the owner shall be required to connect to the public sewer sooner than the one (1) year date. The connection shall be made according of the contractor's construction schedule. (4) All abandoned treatment tanks and seepage pits shall have the contents pumped and disposed of in the same manner as is designated in Chapter NR 113, Wisconsin Administrative Code. The top or entire tank shall be removed and the remaining portion of the tank or excavation shall be immediately filled with clean, suitable soil material. (g) Failing systems (1) When a failing or malfunctioning private sewage system is encountered, the sewage disposal system shall be corrected or its use discontinued within that period of time required by departmental order, with a maximum time limit of one (1) year. A failing system is identified when one (1) or more of the following
355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365	 conditions apply: (A)The failure of the private sewage system to accept sewage discharges and or there is back-up of the sewage to the structure the system services. (B)The discharge of sewage to the surface of the ground or to a drain tile. (C)The discharge of sewage to any waters within the exterior boundaries or adjacent to the operation of private sewage system. (D)The introduction of effluent into zones of saturation which adversely affects the operation of private sewage system. (E)The ponding of effluent within the soil absorption system. (h) Incorporation of provisions by reference (1) This chapter incorporates by reference the following rules, regulations and

366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374	.	 laws, as set forth in the Wisconsin Statues and the Wisconsin Administrative Code governing the location, construction and use of the private sewage systems. (A) State Statues:59.065, 59.07(51), 144, 145, 146.13, 146.14, and 968.10 (B) Wisconsin Administrative Codes: NR 113;ILHR 82 and ILHR 83. (2) These rules, regulations and laws shall be available upon request from the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division. (3) These rules, regulations, and laws shall be used for purposes of this ordinancelaw only, and shall apply until amended or renumbered and then shall apply as amended or renumbered.
375		(4) References in these codes as to the responsibilities of the "State", "Department",
376		"Department of Natural Resources", and "County" shall be directed to the "Oneida
377	1	TribeNation" and to the "Oneida Tribal Environmental Health Departmentand
378		Safety Division".
379	(i) Adn	ninistration
380	(I) Au	(1) The Oneida Tribal Environmental Specialist shall be responsible for the
381	1	administration of this ordinancelaw. The Environmental Specialist may delegate
382	1	responsibilities to personnel employed by or assigned to assist the Environmental
383		Specialist.
384	(i) Pow	vers and Duties
385		(1) In administering this ordinancelaw, the Environmental Specialist shall have the
386	1	following powers and duties:
387		(A) Perform duties, and delegate duties as may be required, to personnel
388		assigned to or employed to assist the Environmental Specialist, to assure
389		full and complete compliance with this ordinancelaw.
390		(B) Provide assistance to applicants preparing permit applications, and
391	100	advise said applicants regarding provisions of this ordinancelaw.
392	1	(C) Review and approve plans for private on-site sewage treatment
393		systems.
394		(D) Issue permits and perform site inspections for compliance with this
395		ordinancelaw.
396		(E) Keep records of all permits issued, inspections made, work approved
397		and other official actions.
398		(F) Report violations of this ordinancelaw or other land use regulations to
399		the Tribal office designated by the Oneida Business Committee, as
400		provided for in the Administrative Procedures Act.
401		(G) Have access to any premises for the purposes of performing said duties
402		between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. or at other times set by mutual agreement
403		between the property owner or their agent and the Environmental
404		Specialist. Application for permit is considered, for the purposes of this
405	8	ordinancelaw, as the owner's consent to enter the premises.
406		(H) Upon reasonable cause or question as to proper compliance, revoke any
407		Tribal sanitary permit and issue cease and desist orders requiring the

408	cessation of any construction, alteration or use of a building which is in
409	violation of the provisions of this ordinancelaw, until compliance with this
410	ordinancelaw is obtained.
411	(I) Issue and enforce orders to plumbers, property owners, their agents or
412	contractors of the responsible party, to assure proper owners, their agents or
413	contractors of the responsible party, to assure proper compliance with all
414	provisions of this ordinancelaw. The Environmental Specialist may
415	delegate this authority to the Tribal office designated by the Oneida
416	Business committee, as provided for in the Administrative Procedures Act.
417	(2) Violations of this ordinancelaw which occur on leased land will be reported to
418	the Oneida Land Office and the Oneida Land Office and the Oneida Law Office
419	because said violations may constitute violations of the Tribal Land Lease.
420	(k) Repeal and effective date
421	(1) Tribal sanitary permits are obtained through the Oneida Environmental Health
422	Department and Safety Division. Completed application shall be submitted for
423	review to the Oneida tribal environmental Specialist. The permit shall be reviewed
424	and processed with two (2) weeks of receiving the completed application package,
425	except in the case of modified mound an experimental systems which may take
426	longer to review.
427	(2) Every on-site waste disposal system installed, expanded, modified, or enlarged
428	after the adoption date of this ordinancelaw shall require a Tribal Sanitary Permit.
429	(3) When a change of ownership occurs, the owner of system shall have the system
430	inspected by a State of Wisconsin Licensed Plumber, Registered Sanitarian or
431	other person accepted by the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
432	Division.
433	(4) A Tribal sanitary permit shall be obtained by the property owner, his/her agent
434	or contractor, in the name of the property owner, prior to the construction of any
435	building which requires a private sewage system. Any property owner, his/her
436	agent or contractor, who starts construction on a building, prior to obtaining a
437	Tribal sanitary permit, is in violations and mymay be subject to the penalties
438	provided in this ordinancelaw.
439	(5) Before any private sewage system may be installed, enlarged, altered, modified
440	or additions constructed, a Tribal sanitary permit must first be obtained by the
441	property owner, his/her agent or contractor. Failure to comply with this
442	requirement constitutes a violation of this ordinance <u>law</u> . Violations which occur on
443	leased land may also constitute violations of the Tribal land lease.
444	(6) A Tribal sanitary permit shall be obtained prior to constructing or erecting a
445	privy.
446	(7) If any part of a system has failed, the entire system shall be evaluated for
447	compliance with existing codes.
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449	407. 3. <u>5.</u> Permits and Applications.
449	407. 35 -1.
451	(a)_Permit Codes
452	(1) The permit card issued by the Environmental Specialist to the property owner
453	or his/her agent shall serve as the Tribal sanitary permit.
454	(2) The permit card shall be displayed at the site in such a manner that it will be
455	visible from a road abutting the lot during all construction phases.
456	(3) The permit card may not be removed until the private sewage system has been
457	installed, inspected and approved by the Environmental Specialist or a Tribally-
458	authorized inspector.
459	(4) Failure to display the permit card shall be considered a violation of this section
460	and may subject the property owner, his/her agent or contractor, to penalty
461	provisions of this ordinancelaw.
462	(b) Application Requirements
463	(1) The Tribal sanitary permit application shall include the following information
464	which shall be furnished by the applicant on forms provided by the Tribal
465	Environmental Health Department and Safety Division, along with all applicable
466	fees:
467	(A) Names and address of the applicant (owner of the site) and the plumber
468	employed (when applicable).
469	(B) Legal description of the subject site by claim number, lot block and
470	recorded subdivision or by metes and bounds. All legal descriptions must
471	also include a plot 1/4-1/4 section description to the nearest forty (40) acres
472	(ie:i.e.: NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4, Section 12, T23N-R19E).
473	(C) All lot dimensions.
474	(D) Driving directions to the site
475	(E) Building use (single, family, duplex, multi-family, commercial,
476	industrial, and Tribal roll number).
477	(F) Plot plan. Detailed plot plan dimensions are drawn to scale showing the
478	lot size; the location of all septic tanks; holding tanks or other treatment
479	tanks; building sewers-sanitary and storm; wells; water mains or water
480	service; streams and lakes; dosing or pumping chambers; distribution
481	boxes; effluent systems; dual disposal systems; replacement system areas;
482	and the location of the building served. Adjoining properties shall be
483	checked to insure that the site location distances and dimensions shall be
484	shown on the detailed plot plan.
485	(G) Reference points. A vertical elevation reference point and a horizontal
486	reference point.
487	(H) Soil boring and percolation test data related to the undisturbed and
488	finished grade elevations, vertical elevation reference point and horizontal
489	reference point. Surface elevations, vertical elevation reference point and
490	horizontal point. Surface elevations shall vebe given for all soil borings. All

491	soil borings and percolation tests shall be performed by a State of
492	Wisconsin Certified Soil Tester.
493	(I) Occupancy. The maximum number of bedrooms in the
494	resideceresidence shall be indicated. The number of employees(full time
495	and part time on an 8-hour shift), estimated number of customers in an 8-
496	hour shift, number of washing machines and disposition of
497	commercial/retail buildings.
498	(J) Other specifications. Complete specifications for pumps and controls
499	including dose volume, elevation differences (vertical lift), pipe
500	frictionless, pump performance curve, pump model manufacturer, and all
501	piping information.
502	(K) Any other information deemed necessary by the Environmental Health
503	Departmentand Safety Division.
504	(2) Pit privy permit applications shall be accompanied by soil data provided by a
505	State of Wisconsin-licence Certified license certified tester to a depth of 3three feet
506	(3') below the proposed pit bottom. Soil data is not required when making
507	application for a vault privy. The property owner shall be furnished with a copy of
508	the Tribal privy construction requirements when the permit for a privy is issued.
509	(3) The Tribal Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division reserves the
510	right to refuse incomplete or incorrect permit applications or to delay issuance
511	until corrected or completed applications are received.
512	(c) Permit Expiration
513	(1) Sanitary permits for private sewage systems, which have not been installed,
514	shall expire two (2) years after the date of issuance. Permits may be renewed
515	following written application to the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
516	Division by the proper owner, his/her agent or contractor, prior to the expiration
517	date of the original permit.
518	(2) There shall be a fee for the renewal of a permit.
519	(3) The renewal shall be based on Oneida Sanitary Ordinance requirements in
520	effect to the time of renewal.
521	(4) Changed-ordinance requirements may impede the renewal.
522	(5) The property owner, his/her agent, or contractor, shall return the original permit
523	card and receive a new card when the permit is renewed.
524	(6) All permits issued prior to the effective date of this ordinancelaw shall expire
525	two (2) years from issue date unless renewed.
526	$\overline{(7)}$ If a permit has expired and the owner wants to build on the site, a new sanitary
527	permit must be obtained, and the site shall be subject to the currently existing
528	ordinancerequirements, including any revisions made during the elapsed time
529	period.
530	(d) Permit Replacement/Transfer
531	(1) If a sanitary permit is lost or destroyed, a replacement permit may be obtained
532	from the Environmental Health Department.and Safety Division. The land owner
1	÷

533	shall submit a written request, along with the permit replacement fee, to the
534	Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division, and a new sanitary permit
535	shall be issued prior to installation of the system shall be subject to the following:
536	(A) The new property owner shall submit a written request to the
537	Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division to transfer the
538	permit.
539	(B) The sanitary permit card shall be returned to the Department so that a
540	new permit card may be issued.
541	(C) Transfer of ownership shall not affect the expiration date or renewal
542	requirements. Any changes other than transfer of ownership shall require a
543	new permit.
544	(D) The new property owner shall submit the permit transfer fee to the
545	Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division.
546	(e) Building alteration permits
547	(1) A tribal building alteration permit shall be required when an existing private
548	sewage system is intended to serve a building which is to be remodeled such that
549	there will be an increase in the wastewater load from that building or where the
550	building is to be rebuilt or replaced with a new or different use or building.
551	(2) Prior to issuing a building alteration permit, the existing private sewage system
552	shall be examined. No permits will be issued unless the following conditions are
553	met:
554	(A) The system is functioning properly regarding the condition of the
555	system shall be provided.
556	(B) The systems will be capable of handling the proposed wastewater load
557	from the building to be served.
558	C) The system will meet all minimum setback requirements of ILHR 83.
559	(3) Soil boring data to a depth of <u>3three</u> feet (3') below the bottom of the existing
560	system shall be reported by a State of Wisconsin Certified Soil Tester. For all soil
561	absorption systems, a replacement system site shall be located for future use.
562	(4) Alteration of a building serviced by existing holding tanks will require an
563	updated Holding tank Tank Agreement, one (1) which meets there the requirements
564	of this ordinancelaw. A copy or of this completed agreement shall be attached to
565	the permit.
566	(5) All systems shall be inspected by the Tribal inspector at the time of system
567	and/or building alteration to insureensure that proper materials and methods are
568	being used.
569	(6) Reconnecting to an undersized system shall be allowed only if an affidavit for
570	the use of the undersized system is recorded in the Oneida Land OfficeNation
571	Register of Deeds and an adequate area exists for a replacement system.
572	$\overline{(7)}$ When a change in the use of a building or premises is contemplated, the
573	Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division shall be contacted as to
574	whether it shall be necessary to obtain a sanitary permit or a building alteration

575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583	 permit. (f) Change of plumbers (1) A Tribal building alteration permit shall be required when an existing private sewage system is intended to serve a building which is to be remodeled such that there will be an increase in the wastewater load from the that building or where the building which is to be remodeled such that there will be an increase in the wastewater load from the that building or where the building which is to be remodeled such that there will be an increase in the wastewater load from the that building or where the building which is to be remodeled such that there will be an increase in the wastewater load from that building or where the building is to be rebuilt or replaced with a new or different use or building. (2) Prior to issuing a building alteration permit, the existing private sewage system
584	shall be examined. No permits will be issued unless the following conditions are
585	met:
586	(A) The system is functioning properly, pursuant to this ordinancelaw. A
587	State of Wisconsin Licensed Plumber's statement regarding the condition
588	of the system shall be provided.
589	(B) The system will be capable of handling the proposed wastewater load
590	from the building to be served.
591	(C) The systems will be capable of handling the proposed wastewater load
592	from the building to be served.
593	(3) Soil boring data to a depth of $\frac{3 \text{ three}}{2 \text{ three}}$ feet (3') below the bottom of the
594	exitingexisting system shall be reported by a State of Wisconsin Certified Soil
595	Tester. For all soil absorption systems, a replacement system site shall be located
596	for future use.
597	(4) Alteration of a building received by existing holding tanks will require an
598	updated Holding Tank Agreement, one (1) which meets their requirements of this
599	ordinancelaw. A copy or of this completed agreement shall be attached to the
600	permit.
601	(5) All systems shall be inspected by the Tribal inspector at the time of system
602	and/or building alteration to insure that proper materials and methods are being
603	used.
604	(6) Reconnecting to an undersized system shall be allowed <u>on lyonly</u> if an affidavit
605	for the use of the undersized system is recorded in the Oneida Land Office Nation
606	<u>Register of Deeds</u> and an adequate area exists for a replacement system.
607	(7) When a change in the use of a building or premises is contemplated, the
608	Environmental Health departmentand Safety Division shall be contacted as to
609	whether it shall be necessary to obtain a sanitary permit or a building alteration
610	permit.
611	(g) Change of Plumbers
612 613	(1) When an owner wishes to change plumbers, the owner must complete a Tribal Change of Plumbers Form, signed by the new plumber. The form must be
613	Change of Plumbers Form, signed by the new plumber. The form must be
614	submitted to the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division, along with the applicable feet
615	the applicable fees.
616	(2) The change of plumbers shall take place prior to the installation of the private

617	souvo so sustam
618	sewage system. (h) Modified Mound and Experimental System Permits
619	(1) Sanitary permits of modified mounds and experimental systems shall only be
620	approved for existing buildings. Not all sites are suitable for modified mounds and
621	
622	experimental systems. (2) Sanitary permits for modified mounds and experimental systems shall be
	approved by the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division only on an
623	individual basis.
624	
625	(3) Modified mounds and experimental system sanitary permit applications are
626	subject to all requirements of a regular sanitary permit, in addition to any
627	additional requirements deemed necessary by the Environmental Health
628	Department.and Safety Division. Additional information may include, but is not
629	limited to: more frequent inspections, additional soil borings, groundwater
630	monitoring or contour maps.
631	(i) Site Evaluation
632	(1) A site evaluation may be necessary to determine the suitability of a lot for a
633	private sewage system. Site evaluations will be made at the discretion of the
634	Environmental Specialist. The evaluation shall take place within ten (10) working
635	days of becoming aware of question of suitability and will be made prior to the
636	issuance of the sanitary permit. The site evaluation will result in one (1) of the
637	following:
638	(A) Issuance of the permit, provided all information on the application is
639	correct and complete.
640	(B) Holding the application pending clarification of information or new
641	information by the owner, the plumber or the certified Soil Tester.
642	(C) Denial of the permit if the site does not meet all the provisions of this
643	ordinance <u>law</u> .
644	(2) Soil test pits shall be constructed which allow adequate visual observations of
645	the soil provide in place. This is best accomplished by the construction of backhoe
646	pits. The test pits shall be left in such a manner that will permit access to them for
647	the evaluation of the soil protection were provided. Bore holes shall be either
648	fenced or closed within five (5) days of the date of inspection.
649	(3) Site evaluations shall be done prior to issuance of permits for a mound system.
650	(j) Permit Denial
651	(1) When an on-site evaluation of a proposed private sewage system or pit privy
652	reveals that the site is compliance with the requirements of this ordinancelaw, the
653	permit application shall be <u>deniedapproved</u> . Written justification of the denial must
654	be supplied to the owner of the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
655	Division within five (5) working days of the decision.
656	(k) Holding Tank Agreements
657	(1) Prior to the issuance of a sanitary permit for the installation of a holding tank,
658	the owner of the holding tank, or his/her agent, shall sign and register a Holding

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659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 667	 Tank Agreement with the Oneida tribeNation or a State of Wisconsin Licensed Plumber. The purpose of the agreement is to ensure that the holding tank wastewater will be properly disposed of. (2) Holding tank owner shall sign a servicing Contract with the Oneida Utilities for sewage disposal and must comply with the following requirements: (A) The holding tank owner shall sign a Servicing contract with the Oneida Utilities for regularly scheduled servicing of the holding tank by the Tribally-licensed septic tank pumper. Copies of the servicing contract shall be attached to the holding tank agreement.
668	(B) The holding tanks shall be chained and locked at all times, and the
669	chain, lock and lock keys shall be the property of the Oneida Utilities, to
670	prevent unauthorized removal of the holding tank wastewater.
671	(C) The Oneida Utilities shall keep a log of the holding tank servicing
672	dates, owner's names and servicing locations, gallons serviced, and
673	disposal locations for all owner's names and servicing locations, gallons
674	serviced, and disposal locations for all holding tanks on registered
675	Servicing Contracts. This log shall be sent to the Environmental Health
676 677	Departmentand Safety Division by the 15 th of every month, for the previous month's activities.
678	(3) Holding tanks owners who contract with a Non-tribal Septic Tank Pumping
679	Service must comply with the following requirements:
680	(A) The holding tank owner shall sign a Servicing Contract with the Non-
681	tribal Septic Tank Pumping Service for regularly scheduled servicing of the
682	holding tanks copies of the Servicing contract shall be attached to the
683	Holding Tank Agreement.
684	(B) The holding tanks shall be chained and locked at all times.
685	(C) All Non-Tribal Septic Tank Pumping Services must meet the following
686	requirements:
687	(i) The Septic Tank Pumper must have a valid State of Wisconsin
688	license, and must meet all requirements of NR 113, Wisconsin
689	Administrative Code.
690	(ii) The Septic Tank Pumper must follow all of the Nation's
691	disposal requirements of the tribal ordinances.
692	(D) The Non-tribal Septic Tank Plumber shall keep a log of the holding
693	servicing dates, owners names, and servicing locations, gallons serviced, an
694	disposal locations of all holding tanks on registered servicing contacts. This
695	log shall be sent to the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
696 697	Division by the 15 th of every month, for the previous month's activities.
698	(4) The signed Holding Tank Agreement shall be binding upon the owner, the heirs of the owner and assignees of the owner, or the authorized agent.
699	(5) The Holding Tank Agreement shall be binding upon the owner, the heirs of the
700	owner and assignces of the owner, or the authorized agent.
	owner and assignees of the owner, of the authorized agent.

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701	(6(5) Removal of the holding tank wastewater by persons other than those
702	employed by the Oneida Utilities, or those State of Wisconsin-licensed Septic
703	Tank Plumbers approved by the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety
704	Division, shall constitute a violation of this ordinancelaw. Such violations which
705	occur on Tribally-leased land shall constitute a violation of the Tribal land lease.
706	(1) Maintenance Program
707	(1) All soil absorption system tanks shall be pumped by a Tribally-licensed or
708	State of Wisconsin-licensed septic tank pumper within two (2) years of the date of
709	installation and at least once every two (2) years thereafter, unless upon inspection
710	the tank is found to have less than <u>one third (1/3)</u> of the volume occupied by
711	sludge and scum.
712	(2) All private sewage systems installed after the date of adoption of this
713	ordinancelaw shall be inspected once every two (2) years for system compliance
714	and tank integrity. Additional inspections, or inspections of systems installed prior
715	to the date of ordinancelaw adoption, may be performed upon request by the
716	system owner.
717	(3) Inspection of a private sewage shall be conducted by a Registered Sanitarian,
718	the Tribal Environmental Specialist, a Master Plumper, a Journeyman Plumper or a
719	Registered Plumper licensed by the State. Inspections may also be performed by
720	training program and have received authorization from the TribeNation. Re-
721	certification of the authorized tribal employees shall be required on a yearly basis,
722	and shall be provided by the Environmental Health Department.and Safety
723	Division. The inspections shall be performed at the same time as the tank pumping.
724	(4) The owner of said soil absorption system shall submit information as to the
725	condition of the system and tank, and the date of pumping, to the Tribal
726	Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division within ten (10) days of the
727	date of inspection of the tank is made by an authorized Tribal employee.
728	(5) of the tank is made by an authorized Tribal employee.
729	(6(5)) The owner of a holding tank shall sign and register a Holding Tank
730	Agreement, as specified in Sectionsection 407.35-1(i) of this ordinancelaw, and
731	shall be subject to all requirements stated in Sectionsection $407.24-1(d)(1)$.
732	(7 <u>6</u>) Non-tribal Septic Tank Pumpers who are approved by the Environmental
733	Health Departmentand Safety Division to service on-site waste disposal systems
734	must comply with the following requirements:
735	(A) The Septic Tank Pumpers must have a valid State of Wisconsin license,
736	and must meet all requirements of NR 113, Wisconsin Administrative
737	Code.
738	(B) The Septic Tank Pumper must obtain a Tribal Vendor's Permit prior to
739	servicing any tanks.
740	(C) The Septic Tank Pumper must follow all of the Nation's disposal and
741	reporting requirements of the Tribal ordinances.
742	(m) Permit Feesfees shall be set and periodically amended by the Oneida Business

743 744 745 746 747 748	Committee. Fees may be reduced by <u>fifty percent (50-%%)</u> if the inspecti performed by Indian Health Service agents. All fees must accompany per Fees are payable by check to the "Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin" . of-state checks will be accepted. Failure to pay permit fees constitutes a v ordinance <u>law</u> . Applicable fees are as follows: (1) Private Residential Building Sanitary Permit:	mit application. <u>Nation".</u> No out-
749	(A) Conventional soil absorption systems:	\$20.00
750	(B) In-ground pressure distribution system:	\$20.00
751	(C) Holding tanks:	\$20.00
752	(D) Mound systems, modified mound systems, at gate systems	
753	experimental systems:	\$50.00
754	(2) Public and Commercial Building Sanitary Permits:	φ50.00
755	(A) Conventional soil absorption systems:	\$45.00
756	(B) In-ground pressure distribution systems:	\$45.00
757	(C) Holding tanks:	\$90.00
758	(D) Mound systems, modified mound systems, at grade sy	2
759	experimental systems:	\$150.00
760	(3) Other Fees:	ψ150.00
761	(A) Sanitary renewal:	\$5.00
762	(B) Change of Plumber fee:	\$5.00
763	(C) Privy permits:	\$5.00
764	(D) Building alteration permit fees:	ψ5.00
765	Private Residential building	\$20.00
766	Public and Commercial buildings	\$45.00
767	Tublie and Commercial buildings	ψ-15.00
768	407.46-1Inspections	
769	407.46-1. General	
770	(a) All private sewage shall be inspected after construction by and before	hack
771	filingbackfilling. The inspections shall be performed within the following	
772	excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays after receiving notice from the	
773	plumber responsible for the installation.	ie meensea
774		
775	Tribal inspector. A copy of the report shall be sent to the system owner.	
776	407.46-2. Notice for inspection.	
777	(a) The plumber employed to install the system shall notify the Environm	ental Specialist
778	in person, by telephone or in writing when the on-site waste disposal syst	-
779	inspection.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
780	(b) The owner shall be notified of regular inspections within twenty-four	(24) hours of the
781	inspection. If the owner can not cannot be reached within the twenty-four	
782	the inspection shall continue as scheduled. No prior notification shall be required for	
783	compliance inspections for holding tanks.	
784		

(a) When an on-site waste disposal system is ready for inspection, the plumber employed 785 to install the system shall make such arrangements as will enable the Environmental 786 Health **Departmentand Safety Division** inspector to inspect all parts of the system. 787 788 (b) The plumber shall have present the proper apparatus and equipment for conducting the inspection and shall furnish such assistance as may be necessary in making a proper 789 790 inspection. 791 407.6-4-4. Holding Tank Inspections (a) All site constructed holding tanks shall be inspected after the forms have been set and 792 reinforcing is in place; but before any concrete has been poured. Concrete may be poured 793 only after it has been determined that the tank, as formed, complies with the plans as 794 795 approved by the Department. (b) This inspection shall not eliminate the need for an inspection after the installation has 796 797 been completed. 407.46-5-. Privy Inspections 798 799 (a) All privies installed shall be inspected for compliance with this ordinancelaw. The home owner or his agent shall notify the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety 800 Division for inspection immediately after the privy has been constructed. 801 (b) Privies may be inspected periodically after the initial inspection. 802 407.4-5-6-6. Mound Inspections 803 (a) All mound systems shall be inspected during construction by an inspector certified by 804 the tribeNation. The plumber installing the mound shall notify the Environmental 805 Specialist twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the installation. Four (4) inspections of the 806 807 system shall be made during the first year of the mound operation in accordance with Tribal guidelines. Annual inspections may be made after the first year of operation, and 808 may be more frequent if deemed necessary by the Environmental Specialist. 809 810 407.4-6--7. Re-inspections (a) The Environmental Specialist may require additional inspections other than the 811 inspection prior to backfilling, or if the initial inspection disclosed that the installation was 812 813 incomplete at the time the installer indicated it would be complete, or if the system was not in conformance with the requirements stated in this ordinancelaw. 814 815 407.4-7-6-8. As-built plansPlans (a) All on-site waste disposal systems installed, enlarged, modified, or expanded after the 816 adoption date of this ordinancelaw shall require as-built plans to be registered with the 817 Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division. 818 819 (b) The plumber employed to install the system shall submit the as-built plans to the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division within five (5) days of the 820 821 installation of the system. (c) The as-built plans shall include all dimensions described in Section 407.35-1(b)(1)(F), 822 of this ordinancelaw. It shall also include the location of all manhole risers installed as 823 part of the system for which the as-built is being developed. The manhole covers and other 824 825 portions of the system shall be located from two (2) permanent points (ie, i.e., corners of 826 the building served). 827 407.4-8-6-9. Covering of Work

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828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836	 (a) No part of the private sewage system may be backfilled until it has been inspected and approved. If any part is covered before being inspected and approved it shall be uncovered at the discretion of the Environmental Health Departmentand Safety Division inspector or Indian Health Service Inspector. 407.4-9-6-10. Defects in materialsMaterials and workmanshipWorkmanship (a) If inspection discloses defective material, design, siting or unworkmanlike construction which does not conform to the requirements of this ordinancelaw, the unconformingnonconforming parts shall be removed, replaced and reinspectedreinspected.
837	407 5 7 Administration and Enforcement
838	407.5.7. Administration and Enforcement
840	407.5-2 Variances
842 843	
844	(a) A request for a variance to the conditions or requirements of this ordinance <u>law</u> may be made to the Environmental Specialist. The Environmental Specialist shall not have the
845	authority to approve any variance request. A variance request shall constitute a contested
846	case. Procedural requirements for contested cases shall be followed The Environmental
847	Resource Board shall issue written approval or denial of any variances requested.
848	(b) The hearing body, as designated by the Administrative Procedures Act, shall hear the
849	facts of the case and may either approve, deny, or request additional information, by in-
850	any case must act upon the variance request within the time frame set by the
851	Administrative Procedure Act. Considerations relating to effect on public health, and tribal
852	goals may be considered during the variance hearing.
853	407.5-3 (b) Parties disagreeing with the determination of the Environmental Resource
854	Board may contest the decision by filing a complaint to the Judiciary in accordance with
855	<u>section 407.7-5.</u>
856	407.7-2. Violations
857	(a) Any person who violates any provision of this ordinance <u>law</u> is subject to penalties and
858	forfeitures provided for by this ordinance and the Administrative Procedure Act <u>law and</u>
859 860	any resultant rules. Actions which constitute a violation are described in, but not limited to, the following:
861	(1) Installing a new on-site waste disposal system without first obtaining a Tribal
862	Sanitary Permit.
863	(2) Modifying, altering, enlarging or constructing additions to an existing on-site
864	waste disposal system without first obtaining a Tribal Sanitary Permit or a
865	Building Alteration Permit.
866	(3) Servicing or removing sewage from an on-site waste disposal system tank
867	without a valid State of Wisconsin or Tribal license.
868	(4) Failing to obey any requirement of an Administrative Enforcement Order.
869	(5) Failing to properly display the Sanitary Permit card.
870	(6) Failing to disconnect a failing private on-site waste disposal system within the
871	Order. Building served by disconnected failing on-site systems shall be

872	reconnected to public sewer systems.
873	(7) Failing to connect a building served by a private on-site waste disposal system
874	to a public sewer system within the time allotted by Sectionsection $407-24.1(f)$ of
875	this ordinancelaw, or the date stated in the Order.
876	(8) Installing, modifying, altering, enlarging or making additions to any part of an
877	on-site waste disposal system without a valid State Plumbing License. Privies are
878	exempt from this requirement.
879	(9) Failing to pay Tribal permit fees
880	(10) Failure to correct a failing on-site waste disposal system within three (3)
881	months of an Administrative Order. A failing on-site waste disposal system
882	constitutes a threat to public health.
883	(11) Failure to maintain a system through regularly scheduled pumping, pursuant
884	to holding tank agreement and maintenance program of this ordinancelaw. Failing
885	to maintain a holding tank through regularly scheduled pumping constitutes a
886	threat to public health.
887	(b) Any violation that results in a contested case shall comply with the procedures
888	designated in the Administrative Procedures Act.
889	407. 5-4-7-3 . Administrative Orders
890	(a) The Environmental Specialist may issue an Administrative Enforcement Order when a
891	violation of any provision of this ordinancelaw occurs, to provide the owner or agent the
892	opportunity to bring their action into compliance with the provisions of this ordinancelaw.
893	(b) The Order shall be given to the party responsible for the violation and shall state the
894	nature of the violation, possible penalties for failure to correct, and shall state the
895	rightsright to file a contested case the matter with the Oneida Judiciary.
896	407. 5-5-7-4 . Penalties
897	(a) All The Environmental Resource Board is hereby granted administrative rulemaking
898	authority to establish penalties will be determined by the Tribal entity charged with
899	enforcement for violations of tribal requirements for fines, penalties and appeals, this law.
900	Except as provided by the Administrative Procedures Act. Forfeitures in section 407.5-
901	5(b), forfeitures for violations shall amount to not less than <u>\$ten dollars (\$10.00)</u> and not
902	greater than <u>\$fifty dollars (</u> \$50.00) per violation. Each day such violation continues
903	constitutes a separate offense.
904	(b) Forfeitures for violations which constitute a threat to public health shall not be less
905	than <u>\$fifty dollars (</u> \$50 .00) and not more than <u>\$two hundred dollars (</u> \$200 .00) per
906	violation. Each day such violation continues constitutes a separate offense.
907	407.5-6 Appeals
908	(a) Appeals shall be pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act
909	407.5-7 Severability
910	(a) Should a provision of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or
911	circumstance beheld as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions.
912	(b) Repeal. All other Oneida Tribal laws, rules or regulations which are consistent with
913	this ordinance and are held subject to this ordinance are hereby repealed, but such shall
914	not affect pending proceedings.
711	

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

915 (c) Effective Date. This ordinance shall take effect 10 days after the date of formal-916 approval by the Oneida Business Committee. 917 407.7-5. Appeal Permit Decision. Any person wishing to contest a decision of the Department 918 related to a permit may appeal such action by filing a complaint with the Judiciary Trial Court 919 naming the Department. 920 407.7-6. Contested Action Hearings. All citations, penalties, forfeitures, orders and declarations 921 issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which 922 shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the 923 citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which 924 time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act 925 for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as 926 possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing. 927 for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation 928 was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional 929 orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. 930 (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of one (1) hour 931 932 per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine. (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are payable 933 934 to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which the 935 Environmental Resource Board shall contribute to the Nation's general fund. 936 (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest 937 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to 938 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. 939 (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue 940 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the 941 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal 942 member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law. 943 407.7-7. Severability (d) Conflict with Federal Law. Should any part of this ordinance be found to be in conflict 944 with federal requirements which are required in order that the Oneida TribeNation receive 945 946 federal funds, the conflicting section of this ordinancelaw is to be considered inoperative 947 only for purposes of that particular funding and that inoperative only for purposes of that 948 particular funding and that particular conflict. Such conflict shall not affect the operation 949 of the remainder of this ordinancelaw in its application to those agencies or departments 950 directly affected. 951 (e) Compliance with Ordinance. Nothing in this ordinance shall be held to diminish 952 constitutional right of any person or to limit or repeal additional requirements imposed by-953 or otherwise recognized by law. All requirements or privileges relating to evidence or procedures shall apply equally to agencies and persons. Every agency or commission is-954 955 granted authority to comply with the requirements of this ordinance. Subsequent tribal law 956 shall not supersede or modify this ordinance or its applicability to any agency unless it its-957 done so expressly by tribal law.

958	407. 5 7-8-Amendments
959	(a) Any interested person may petition an agency and request that said agency propose-
960	that the Oneida business committee adopt, amend, or repeal this ordinance. Should this-
961	occur, the following shall apply. In addition to the following, the requirements of the
962	Tribal Administrative Procedures Act shall apply:
963	(1) Within sixty (60) days thereafter, the agency shall either deny the petition in-
964	writing, (stating reason for denial) or initiate ordinance/rule making proceedings in
965	accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act.
966	407.5-9. Waiver of liability
967	(a) This ordinancelaw shall not create a liability on the part of or a cause of action against
968	the TribeNation, or any employee thereof, for any private on-site sewage treatment system
969	which may not function as designed. There shall be no liability of warranty for any site
970	which is approved or denied. The issuance of a sanitary permit and the formal inspection
971	of such a system does not warrant the system's function, nor is there a guarantee that the
972	system is free of defects or that all aspects of the system comply with the requirements or
973	this ordinance.
974	
976	Adopted - BC-10-28-88-A

FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal			Draft 19	
Hunting, Fishing and Trapping	ng law (HTF)		Draft 2	
Public Use of Tribal Land (P	Public Use)		Draft 1	
Tribal Environmental Respon	nse (TERP)		Draft 1	
Well Abandonment Law (We	ell Abandonment)		Draft 1	
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (AT	ΓV)		Draft 1	
Water Resources Ordinance	× /		Draft 1	
On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal) Draft 1		Draft 1		
	Oneida Police Department	(OPD)		
	Conservation			
Environmental Resource Board		Board (ERB)	(RB)	
Implementing Agency	mplementing Agency Emergency Management			
	Environmental Health and	•		
	Comprehensive Health Div	vision		
	Oneida Judiciary			
Estimated time to comply January 1, 2018				
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Estimate		
ERB stipend savings	\$830	\$8,300		
Total Estimated Savings	\$830	\$8,300		
Revenue and cost considerations	s Fee Schedules should be removed from the various Laws			
Uncertainties and Unknowns	s None			

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
Consider the adoption of the amendments to the Public Use of Tribal Lands Lands Law
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. Adoption packet 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

Public Packet

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:Oneida Business CommitteeFROM:Brandon Stevens, LOC ChairpersonDATE:July 26, 2017RE:Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments
- 3. Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Public Use of Tribal Land Law to transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments

1		BC Resolution
2		Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
11 12 13	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the Public Use of Tribal Land Law through resolution BC-05-15-14-C and thereafter amended it through resolutions BC-12-10-14-A and BC-01-13-16-C; and
14 15 16 17	WHEREAS,	the Amendments to the Law transfer the Environment Resource Board's original hearing body authority and responsibilities to the Oneida Judiciary as part of an effort to standardize and streamline all of the Nation's hearing responsibilities; and
18 19	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and
20 21		REFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Public Use of Tribal Land Law are hereby adopted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.

Public Packet

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



Statement of Effect

Public Use of Tribal Land Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the Public Use of Tribal Land Law (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. The amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 609.7-2. *Hearing and Appeals of Contested Actions*, which reads as follows:

All citations, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need

to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.





Hearing Authority Transfer Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND **DRAFTER: REQUESTER: SPONSOR:** ANALYST: LOC Tehassi Hill Krystal L. John Candice E. Skenandore Intent of the To further utilize the Judiciary. Amendments To transfer the Environmental Resource Board (ERB) hearing authority to the Purpose Judiciary. **Affected Entities** Trial Court, ERB Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal Affected Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law, Legislation Water Resources Ordinance ERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial **Enforcement/Due** Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure. **Process Public Meeting** A public meeting was held on June 15, 2017.

SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT 1

- 2 **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- **B.** In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by 10 creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the 11 adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of 12 Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or 13 peacemaking [See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B]. 14
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The 15 following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority: 16
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21 All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV) • 22
 - Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- 23 On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)
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SECTION 3. CONSULTATION 25

A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
- 46

47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
- 54

55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- **56 A.** These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

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	ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
2012	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
2013	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
2014	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
2015	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
2016	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
2017	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
TOTAL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

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69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

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For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) 2017 07 26 - clean

Title 6. Property and Land – Chapter 609 PUBLIC USE OF TRIBAL LAND Tsi> yuhw<tsya=t# tewatenhot&kwa> Ukwehuw#=ne

That of the earth one opens it up Oneida Nation

609.1. Purpose and Policy	609.5. Land Access Map
609.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal	609.6. Trespass
609.3. Definitions	609.7. Violations and Appeals
609.4 Environmental Resource Board	

1 2

609.1. Purpose and Policy

609.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to prevent improper access, use and trespass to
 Tribal lands.

5 609.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the Nation to limit access to Tribal lands to protect and 6 preserve the environment and natural resources including forests, wildlife, air and waters, 7 through appropriate uses of the land.

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9 609.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

10 609.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-05-15-1411 C and amended by BC-12-10-14-A and BC-01-13-16-C.

12 609.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee pursuant to13 the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.

609.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity does not affect other provisions of this law
which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

17 609.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another18 law, the provisions of this law controls.

19 609.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

20 609.2-6. This law may not be construed to preclude the Nation from pursuing relief for 21 criminal trespass under applicable law.

23 **609.3. Definitions**

609.3-1. This section governs the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All
words not defined herein are to be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.

(a) "Designation" means the term used to describe the type of access granted to certain
 Tribal lands.

(b) "Fine" means a monetary punishment issued to a person violating this law and/or the
rules created pursuant to this law, which is payable to ERB or the Department within the
amount of time designated by the rules.

- (c) "Lease" means any lease or agreement, including business site leases, entered into by
 the Nation and any person to allow the use of Tribal lands.
- 33 (d) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
- (e) "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, corporation, partnership, limited
 liability company, or any other form of business organization.

(f) "Penalty" means a punishment, other than a fine, imposed on a person violating this
law and/or the rules created pursuant to this law and may include, but is not limited to,
the confiscation of equipment, the imposition of a wildlife protection assessment (civil
recovery value), and restitution.

- 40 (g) "Reservation" means all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries of the
 41 Reservation of the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 18609 Treaty with the
 42 Oneida 7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.
- (h) "Trespass" means the unauthorized use or entry on Tribal lands, including
 unauthorized uses under any law, rule, permit or lease of the Nation.
 - (i) "Tribal Land" means all of the Nation's trust lands, and any land or interest in land held by the Nation in fee or in any other form on the Reservation.
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48 **609.4.** Environmental Resource Board

- 609.4-1. The Environmental Resource Board has the duty and power to carry out the intent and
 purposes of this law and enforce the provisions of this law. The Environmental Resource Board,
 or designated staff, shall:
 - (a) Develop, approve and maintain the Land Access Map.
 - (b) Hold public hearings on proposed amendments to the Land Access Map.
- 54 (c) Determine which Tribal land will be posted and ensure the appropriate signs are 55 posted.
- 56 (d) Implement and interpret the provisions of this law.
- (e) As it deems appropriate, prescribe permissible and/or prohibited uses for Tribal land
 that it designates as Oneida Community Access, Oneida Tribal Member Access or Open
 Access, provided that such permissible and/or prohibited uses may not contradict with the
 Zoning and Shoreland Protection Ordinance. Upon establishment of permissible and/or
 prohibited uses, the Environmental Resource Board shall notify the Oneida Business
 Committee of the permissible and/or prohibited uses and shall post notice of such uses on
 the affected Tribal Land.
- 65 **609.5.** Land Access Map
- 66 609.5-1. Designation of Tribal Lands. A Land Access Map must be created which designates
 67 Tribal land as one (1) of the following:
- (a) Limited Access: Lands designated as "Limited Access" are open to all persons who
 are granted land access permission by the Nation through a permit or lease for specified
 purposes. The Environmental Resource Board may choose to designate a portion of land
 as Limited Access in order to manage, preserve and protect that land for environmental,
 cultural or other significance.
- (b) Oneida Community Access: Lands designated as "Oneida Community Access" are
 open to Tribal members, and their spouses and descendants; members of other federally
 recognized Indian tribes, bands or communities; authorized employees of the Nation; and
 persons who are accompanied at all times by a Tribal member, the spouse or descendant
 of a Tribal member, or an authorized employee of the Nation.
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- (1) A Conservation Warden or Oneida Police Officer may require a person to provide proof of eligibility to use Oneida Community Access lands.
- 80 81

provide proof of eligibility to use Oneida Community Access lands.(2) The Environmental Resource Board may choose to designate land as Oneida

Community Access in order to manage, preserve and protect access to locations that have cultural or environmental significance.

(c) Oneida Tribal Member Access: Lands designated as "Oneida Tribal Member Access"
are open to Tribal members only. The Environmental Resource Board may designate
land as Oneida Tribal Member Access to protect the land for Tribal member use due to
the historical, spiritual, cultural and/or environmental significance of the land.

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(d) Open: Lands designated as "Open Access" are generally open to all persons for the 87 88 land's designated use and enjoyment. The Environmental Resource Board may designate 89 land as Open Access where such designation is deemed beneficial to the Nation and 90 where such designation does not pose significant risk of damage to the Nation's policies 91 and/or the land's cultural or environmental preservation. 92 609.5-2. Notwithstanding the restrictions of 609.5-1, nothing in this law may be construed as 93 preventing the following persons from entering Tribal land, regardless of the land designation: 94 (a) Employees of the Nation who are performing their job duties; 95 (b) Those persons who are performing grant or contractual obligations related to the 96 Tribal land and on behalf of the Nation; 97 (c) Emergency personnel who are providing, or attempting to provide, services; and

98 (d) Those persons who have been granted access to the land by the Environmental 99 Resource Board.

100 609.5-3. Development of the Land Access Map. The Environmental Resource Board shall develop the Land Access Map in coordination with the Oneida Environmental Health and Safety 101 102 Division, the Oneida Division of Land Management, Geographic Land Information Systems and 103 other such designated agencies of the Nation. The Environmental Resource Board shall adopt 104 the initial Land Access Map.

- 105 General Land Designation. Unless otherwise designated, Tribal land is designated as 609.5-4. 106 limited access.
- 107 609.5-5. Amending the Land Access Map. The Environmental Resource Board may, from time 108 to time, in the manner hereafter set forth, amend the Land Access Map, provided that due 109 consideration must be made for the intent and purposes of the designation.
- 110 (a) Amendments may be proposed by any person by filing an application with the 111 Environmental Resource Board in such format and accompanied by such information as 112 required by the Board.
- 113 (b) Public Hearing. The Environmental Resource Board shall hold a public hearing on 114 each application to amend the Land Access Map.
- 115 (1) The Environmental Resource Board shall set a date for the public hearing and 116 meet the notice requirements of the public hearing as soon as possible after the 117 filing of the application is complete.
- 118 (A)Notice. Not less than ten (10) business days and not more than thirty 119 (30) business days prior to the public hearing, notice, including the time, 120 place and purpose of the public hearing, must be: 121

(i) published in the Nation's newspaper; and

- 122 (ii) mailed to all owners of land located within twelve hundred 123
 - (1,200) feet of the outer boundaries of the land that is the subject of the public hearing.
- (B) Any person who cannot attend the public hearing may be represented 125 126 by an agent, advocate or attorney at the public hearing.
- (C) In addition to accepting oral comments at the public meeting, the 127 128 Environmental Resource Board shall also accept written comments, which 129 must be submitted within five (5) business days of the date of the public 130 meeting.
- 131 (D) The Environmental Resource Board shall issue a decision or recommendation regarding amendments to the Land Access Map within 132 133 seven (7) business days after the public hearing is held.

134 (2) The Environmental Resource Board together with the Environmental Health 135 and Safety Division shall, after holding a public hearing and reviewing any 136 comments received, make written findings of fact and determine whether to 137 amend the Land Access Map. (3) The Environmental Resource Board shall make findings based upon the 138 139 evidence presented to it with respect to the following matters: 140 (A) Existing uses of the land and buildings within the general area of the 141 land in question. 142 (B) Suitability of the land in question to the uses permitted under the 143 existing Land Access Map. 144 (4) The Environmental Resource Board may not amend the Land Access Map 145 unless it finds that adopting such amendment is in the Nation's best interest and is 146 not solely for the interest of the applicant. (c) The Environmental Resource Board may grant or deny any application to amend the 147 148 Land Access Map; however, amendments must require a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the 149 Environmental Resource Board if a written protest against any amendment is presented to the Environmental Resource Board and is signed by: 150 (1) the lessees, assignees and owners of at least twenty percent (20%) of the acres 151 152 of land included in such amendment; or (2) the lessees, assignees and owners of at least twenty percent (20%) of the land 153 154 immediately adjacent to the land included in such amendment, extending in a 155 radius of twelve hundred (1,200) feet of the outer boundaries of the land. 156 157 609.6. **Trespass** 158 A person trespasses if the person enters or otherwise occupies Tribal land and: 609.6-1. 159 (a) Refuses to leave land to which the person has no reasonable claim or right of possession when requested to do so. 160 (b) Enters upon such land after being noticed by the landowner or occupant that 161 162 permission for the person to enter such land does not exist, or has been expressly denied or revoked. A person has been noticed that permission by the landowner or occupant for 163 164 such person to enter such land does not exist if he or she has been notified publicly, by publication of the Land Access Map on the Nation's website and/or in the Nation's 165 newspaper, or if the land is posted. Land is considered to be posted if one (1) of the 166 following requirements is met: 167 168 (1) A sign at least eleven inches (11") square is placed in at least two (2) 169 conspicuous places for every forty (40) acres of land to be protected. The sign 170 shall provide an appropriate notice and the name of the person giving the notice, 171 followed by the word "owner" if the person is the holder of legal title to the land or by the word "occupant" if the person is a lawful occupant of the land, but not 172 173 the holder of legal title. 174 (2) Markings at least one foot (1') long and, in a contrasting color, the phrase "private land" and the name of the owner, are made in at least two (2) 175 conspicuous places for every forty (40) acres of land. 176

- (c) Does any of the following without proper authorization through a lease, permit or as otherwise required under applicable law:¹
- 179 (1) Destroys land, waters, livestock, poultry, buildings, equipment, or any
 180 property without consent or permission.
- 181 (2) Cuts or destroys any wood, timber, plant, vegetation, or crop standing on the
 182 land, or carries away any wood, timber, plant, vegetation or crop on the land.
- 183 (3) Engages in any act, or attempted act of hunting, trapping or fishing.
- 184 (4) Digs, takes, or carries away earth, soil, minerals, cultural resources, or any185 other property.
- 186 (5) Erects, puts up, fastens, prints, or paints upon another's property, notices,
 187 advertisements, signs or other writing designed to communicate to the general
 188 public.
- 189 (6) Parks or drives any vehicle on the land.
- (7) Permits or allows livestock or any domesticated animal to enter upon orremain upon the land.
- (8) Uses or possesses leased or sub-leased lands beyond the possessory rightsgranted by such lease or sub-lease.
- 194 (9) Dumps, deposits, places, throws, burns, emits or leaves rubbish, refuse, debris,
 195 substances, or other objects upon a highway, road, air, waters or any land.
 196
- 197 **609.7.** Violations, Enforcement and Appeals
- 198 609.7-1. *Citations*. Citations for the violation of this law and/or orders issued pursuant to this 199 law may include fines, penalties and conditional and other orders in accordance with the citation 200 schedule applicable to this law. A separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day 201 during or on which a violation occurs or continues. The issuance of a citation or fine under any 202 other law relating to the same or any other matter does not preclude the issuance of a citation 203 under this law.
- (a) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically
 enforced by Oneida Police Officers or Oneida Conservation Wardens at the Owner's
 expense.
 - 207 (b) The Oneida Police Department, by means of Oneida Police Officers and Oneida
 208 Conservation Wardens, is authorized to take any appropriate action to prevent or remove
 209 a violation of this Law.
- 210 609.7-2. Hearing and Appeals of Contested Actions. All citations, orders and declarations 211 issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which 212 shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after 213 the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at 214 which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing 215 the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously 216 as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the 217 prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for

¹ Current Tribal laws that authorize conduct described in 609.6-1(c): Protection and Management of Archeological and Historical Resources; Oneida Tribal Regulation of Domestic Animals Ordinance; Tribal Environmental Response Law; Wood Cutting Ordinance; Recycling and Solid Waste Disposal; Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law; All-Terrain Vehicle Law; Zoning and Shoreland Protection Law.

- 218 which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also 219 make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.
- 220 (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for monetary fines at the 221 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10) of the fine. 222
- 223 (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All citations shall be paid to the Environmental 224 Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which shall be contributed to General 225 Fund.
- 226 (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest 227 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of 228 Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- 229 (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue 230 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the 231 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching the judgment 232 to Tribal member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.
- 234 End.

- 235 236 Adopted - BC-05-15-14-C
- 237 Emergency Amended - BC-07-23-14-C
- 238 239 Amended – BC-12-10-14-A
- Emergency Amended BC 07-08-15-C
- 240 Amended – BC-01-13-16-C

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Title 6. Property and Land – Chapter 609 PUBLIC USE OF TRIBAL LAND Tsi> yuhw<tsya=t# tewatenhot&kwa> Ukwehuw#=ne

That of the earth one opens it up Oneida Nation

609.1. Purpose and Policy	609.5. Land Access Map
609.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal	609.6. Trespass
609.3. Definitions	609.7. Violations and Appeals
609.4 Environmental Resource Board	

1 2

609.1. Purpose and Policy

609.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this Lawlaw is to prevent improper access, use and
 Trespasstrespass to Tribal Landslands.

609.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the <u>TribeNation</u> to limit access to Tribal <u>Landslands</u> to
protect and preserve the environment and natural resources including forests, wildlife, air and
waters, through appropriate uses of the land.

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9 609.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

10 609.2-1. This Lawlaw was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-05-11 15-14-C and amended by BC-12-10-14-A and BC-01-13-16-C.

12 609.2-2. This Lawlaw may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee
 13 pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.

609.2-3. Should a provision of this <u>Lawlaw</u> or the application thereof to any <u>Personperson</u> or
circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity does not affect other provisions of this <u>Lawlaw</u>
which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

17 609.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this Lawlaw and a provision of
 18 another law, the provisions of this Lawlaw controls.

19 609.2-5. This Lawlaw is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of
 20 Indians of WisconsinNation.

609.2-6. This <u>Lawlaw</u> may not be construed to preclude the <u>TribeNation</u> from pursuing relief
 for criminal <u>Trespasstrespass</u> under applicable law.

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24 **609.3.** Definitions

25 | 609.3-1. This section governs the definitions of words and phrases used within this Lawlaw.
26 All words not defined herein are to be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.

- 27 (a) "Designation" means the term used to describe the type of access granted to certain
 28 Tribal Landslands.
- (b) "Fine" means a monetary punishment issued to a person violating this Lawlaw and/or
 the Rulesrules created pursuant to this Lawlaw, which is payable to ERB or the
 Department within the amount of time designated by the Rulesrules.
- (c) "Lease" means any lease or agreement, including business site leases, entered into by
 the <u>TribeNation</u> and any <u>Personperson</u> to allow the use of Tribal <u>Landslands</u>.
- 34 (d) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.

(e) "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, corporation, partnership, limited
 liability company, or any other form of business organization.

(ef)"Penalty" means a punishment, other than a Finefine, imposed on a person violating
 this Lawlaw and/or the Rulesrules created pursuant to this Lawlaw and may include, but

- 39 is not limited to, the confiscation of equipment, the imposition of a Wildlifewildlife 40 protection assessment (civil recovery value), and restitution.
- 41 (fg)"Reservation" means all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries of the 42 Reservation of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation, as created pursuant to the 18609 Treaty with the Oneida 7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to 43 44 federal law.
- "Trespass" means the unauthorized use or entry on Tribal Landslands, 45 (<u>eh</u>) 46 including unauthorized uses under a Tribalany law, rule, permit or Lease. 47
 - (h) "Tribal" or "Tribe" means lease of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation.
 - (i) "Tribal Land" means all Tribalof the Nation's trust lands, and any land or interest in land held by the Oneida TribeNation in fee or in any other form on the Reservation.
- 51 609.4. **Environmental Resource Board**
- The Environmental Resource Board has the duty and power to carry out the intent and 52 609.4-1. 53 purposes of this Lawlaw and enforce the provisions of this Lawlaw. The Environmental 54 Resource Board, or designated staff, shall:
 - (a) Develop, approve and maintain the Land Access Map.
 - (b) Hold public hearings on proposed amendments to the Land Access Map.
- 57 (c) Hear and decide, as the original hearing body, contested cases that may arise under 58 this Law.
- (d) Impose hearing costs and restitution against the Person for damages caused by a 59 violation of this Law. 60
- 61 (e) Determine which Tribal Landland will be posted and ensure the appropriate signs are posted. 62
- (fd) Implement and interpret the provisions of this Lawlaw. 63
- (ge) As it deems appropriate, prescribe permissible and/or prohibited uses for Tribal 64 65 Landland that it designates as Oneida Community Access, Oneida Tribal Member Access or Open Access, provided that such permissible and/or prohibited uses may not contradict 66 67 with the Zoning and Shoreland Protection Ordinance. Upon establishment of permissible and/or prohibited uses, the Environmental Resource Board shall notify the Oneida 68 69 Business Committee of the permissible and/or prohibited uses and shall post notice of such uses on the affected Tribal Land. 70
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609.5. Land Access Map

- 73 609.5-1. Designation of Tribal Lands. A Land Access Map must be created which designates Tribal Landland as one (1) of the following: 74
- 75 Limited Access: Lands designated as "Limited Access" are open to all (a) 76 Personspersons who are granted land access permission by the TribeNation through a 77 permit or Leaselease for specified purposes. The Environmental Resource Board may 78 choose to designate a portion of land as Limited Access in order to manage, preserve and 79 protect that land for environmental, cultural or other significance.
- (b) Oneida Community Access: Lands designated as "Oneida Community Access" are 80 open to Tribal members, and their spouses and descendants; members of other federally 81 82 recognized Indian tribes, bands or communities; authorized employees of the TribeNation; and Personspersons who are accompanied at all times by a Tribal member, 83 the spouse or descendant of a Tribal member, or an authorized employee of the 84 85 TribeNation.

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86 (1) A Conservation Warden or Oneida Police Officer may require a Personperson 87 to provide proof of eligibility to use Oneida Community Access lands. (2) The Environmental Resource Board may choose to designate land as Oneida 88 89 Community Access in order to manage, preserve and protect access to locations that have cultural or environmental significance. 90 91 (c) Oneida Tribal Member Access: Lands designated as "Oneida Tribal Member Access" are open to Tribal members only. The Environmental Resource Board may designate 92 93 land as Oneida Tribal Member Access to protect the land for Tribal member use due to 94 the historical, spiritual, cultural and/or environmental significance of the land. (d) Open: Lands designated as "Open Access" are generally open to all Personspersons 95 for the land's designated use and enjoyment. The Environmental Resource Board may 96 97 designate land as Open Access where such **Designationdesignation** is deemed beneficial 98 to the TribeNation and where such Designation designation does not pose significant risk 99 of damage to the Nation's policies of the Tribe and/or the land's cultural or 100 environmental preservation. 101 Notwithstanding the restrictions of 609.5-1, nothing in this Lawlaw may be construed 609.5-2. 102 as preventing the following Persons from entering Tribal Landland, regardless of the land **Designation**designation: 103 104 (a) Employees of the TribeNation who are performing their job duties; 105 (b) Those Persons persons who are performing grant or contractual obligations related to 106 the Tribal Landland and on behalf of the TribeNation; 107 (c) Emergency personnel who are providing, or attempting to provide, services; and 108 (d) Those Persons persons who have been granted access to the land by the 109 Environmental Resource Board. 110 Development of the Land Access Map. The Environmental Resource Board shall 609.5-3. develop the Land Access Map in coordination with the Oneida Environmental Health and Safety 111 112 Division, the Oneida Division of Land Management, Geographic Land Information Systems and other such designated agencies of the TribeNation. The Environmental Resource Board shall 113 114 adopt the initial Land Access Map. 115 General Land Designation. Unless otherwise designated, Tribal Landland is 609.5-4. 116 designated as Limited Accesslimited access. 117 609.5-5. Amending the Land Access Map. The Environmental Resource Board may, from time to time, in the manner hereafter set forth, amend the Land Access Map, provided that due 118 119 consideration must be made for the intent and purposes of the **Designation** designation. 120 (a) Amendments may be proposed by any Person person by filing an application with the Environmental Resource Board in such format and accompanied by such information as 121 required by the Board. 122 123 (b) Public Hearing. The Environmental Resource Board shall hold a public hearing on each application to amend the Land Access Map. 124 125 (1) The Environmental Resource Board shall set a date for the public hearing and meet the notice requirements of the public hearing as soon as possible after the 126 127 filing of the application is complete. 128 (A)Notice. Not less than ten (10) business days and not more than thirty 129 (30) business days prior to the public hearing, notice, including the time. place and purpose of the public hearing, must be: 130 (i) published in the TribalNation's newspaper; and 131

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(ii) mailed to all owners of land located within twelve hundred (1,200) feet of the outer boundaries of the land that is the subject of the public hearing. (B) Any Person person who cannot attend the public hearing may be represented by an agent, advocate or attorney at the public hearing. (C) In addition to accepting oral comments at the public meeting, the Environmental Resource Board shall also accept written comments, which must be submitted within five (5) business days of the date of the public meeting. (D) The Environmental Resource Board shall issue a decision or recommendation regarding amendments to the Land Access Map within seven (7) business days after the public hearing is held. (2) The Environmental Resource Board together with the Environmental Health and Safety Division shall, after holding a public hearing and reviewing any comments received, make written findings of fact and determine whether to amend the Land Access Map. (3) The Environmental Resource Board shall make findings based upon the evidence presented to it with respect to the following matters: (A) Existing uses of the land and buildings within the general area of the land in question. (B) Suitability of the land in question to the uses permitted under the existing Land Access Map. (4) The Environmental Resource Board may not amend the Land Access Map unless it finds that adopting such amendment is in the Tribe's Nation's best interest and is not solely for the interest of the applicant. (c) The Environmental Resource Board may grant or deny any application to amend the Land Access Map; however, amendments must require a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the Environmental Resource Board if a written protest against any amendment is presented to the Environmental Resource Board and is signed by: (1) the lessees, assignees and owners of at least twenty percent (20%) of the acres of land included in such amendment; or (2) the lessees, assignees and owners of at least twenty percent (20%) of the land immediately adjacent to the land included in such amendment, extending in a radius of twelve hundred (1,200) feet of the outer boundaries of the land. 609.6. Trespass 609.6-1. A Person Trespassesperson trespasses if the Person person enters or otherwise occupies Tribal Landland and:

- (a) Refuses to leave land to which the <u>Personperson</u> has no reasonable claim or right of possession when requested to do so.
- (b) Enters upon such land after being noticed by the landowner or occupant that
 permission for the Personperson to enter such land does not exist, or has been expressly
 denied or revoked. A Personperson has been noticed that permission by the landowner or
 occupant for such Personperson to enter such land does not exist if he or she has been
 notified publicly, by publication of the Land Access Map on the TribalNation's website
 and/or in the TribalNation's newspaper, or if the land is posted. Land is considered to be
 posted if one (1) of the following requirements is met:

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- (1) A sign at least eleven (11)-inches (11) square is placed in at least two (2) 179 conspicuous places for every forty (40) acres of land to be protected. The sign 180 181 shall provide an appropriate notice and the name of the Person giving the notice, followed by the word "owner" if the Personperson is the holder of legal 182 title to the land or by the word "occupant" if the Person is a lawful 183 184 occupant of the land, but not the holder of legal title. 185 (2) Markings at least one (1)-foot (1) long and, in a contrasting color, the phrase 186 "private land" and the name of the owner, are made in at least two (2) 187 conspicuous places for every forty (40) acres of land. 188 (c) Does any of the following without proper authorization through a Leaselease, permit or as otherwise required under applicable law:¹ 189
- 190 (1) Destroys land, waters, livestock, poultry, buildings, equipment, or any 191 property without consent or permission.
- 192 (2) Cuts or destroys any wood, timber, plant, vegetation, or crop standing on the land, or carries away any wood, timber, plant, vegetation or crop on the land. 193 194
 - (3) Engages in any act, or attempted act of hunting, trapping or fishing.
- 195 (4) Digs, takes, or carries away earth, soil, minerals, cultural resources, or any 196 other property.
- 197 (5) Erects, puts up, fastens, prints, or paints upon another's property, notices, 198 advertisements, signs or other writing designed to communicate to the general 199 public.
- 200 (6) Parks or drives any vehicle on the land.
- 201 (7) Permits or allows livestock or any domesticated animal to enter upon or 202 remain upon the land.
- 203 (8) Uses or possesses Leasedleased or sub-Leasedleased lands beyond the 204 possessory rights granted by such Leaselease or sub-Leaselease.
- 205 (9) Dumps, deposits, places, throws, burns, emits or leaves rubbish, refuse, debris, 206 substances, or other objects upon a highway, road, air, waters or any land. 207
- 208 609.7. **Violations, Enforcement and Appeals**

209 609.7-1. *Issuance of a Citation*. Any Person who violates any provision Citations. Citations for the violation of this Law is guilty of a civil infraction, law and may be/or orders issued 210 apursuant to this law may include fines, penalties and conditional and other orders in accordance 211 212 with the citation, in writing, by a Conservation Warden or Oneida Police Officer, schedule 213 applicable to this law. A separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues. The issuance of a citation or Finefine under any other law 214 relating to the same or any other matter does not preclude the issuance of a citation under this 215 216 Lawlaw. 217 (a) The Oneida Business Committee, upon recommendation of the Environmental Resource Board, may adopt a citation schedule. 218

¹ Current Tribal laws that authorize conduct described in 609.6-1(c): Protection and Management of Archeological and Historical Resources; Oneida Tribal Regulation of Domestic Animals Ordinance; Tribal Environmental Response Law; Wood Cutting Ordinance; Recycling and Solid Waste Disposal; Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law; All-Terrain Vehicle Law; Zoning and Shoreland Protection Law.

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- (a) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically
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 (b) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically
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- (b) The citation must state that the Environmental Resource Board may, in addition to the
 citationOneida Police Department, by means of Oneida Police Officers and associated
 Fine, impose hearing costs and Penalties against the Person forOneida Conservation
 Wardens, is authorized to take any appropriate action to prevent or remove a violation of
 this Law.
- 227 609.7-2. Citation-Hearing- and Appeals of Contested Actions. All citations, orders and 228 declarations issued pursuant to this Law must law shall include a Prehearing pre-hearing date with 229 the Judiciary Trial Court which must shall be set for the next scheduled monthly 230 Prehearing prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons 231 wishing to contest a citation must hall appear at the Prehearing prehearing, at which time the 232 Environmental Resource BoardJudiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or 233 admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Environmental Resource 234 BoardJudiciary shall schedule a Hearinghearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it 235 mustshall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the Prehearing prehearing, for all 236 persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was 237 issued. In addition to scheduling requested Hearingshearings, the Environmental Resource 238 Board Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the Prehearing prehearing which are effective 239 until the matter is resolved. 240
 - (a) The Environmental Resource Board shall conduct Prehearings and Hearings in accordance with its bylaws and any other applicable regulations, standard operating procedures, Rules, laws or policies governing Tribal administrative hearings.
- (b) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for Finesmonetary fines
 at the Environmental Resource Board's Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so
 substituted, the BoardJudiciary shall use the rate of one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10) of
 the Finefine.
- 247 (c)-(b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All Fines and Penalties issued by citations
 248 mustshall be paid to the Environmental Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of
 249 which mustshall be contributed to General Fund.
- (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of
 Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (d) <u>Pursuing Payment of a Citation.</u> The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
 payment from parties who have failed to <u>makesmake</u> the required payments through the
 garnishment process contained in the Garnishment <u>Lawlaw</u> and/or by attaching the
 judgment to <u>a</u>-Tribal <u>Member'smember's</u> per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita
 <u>Lawlaw</u>.
- (e) *Community Service*. Community service may be substituted for monetary Fines and Penalty assessments at ERB's discretion, provided that if so substituted, ERB shall use the rate of one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10) of the Fine or Penalty assessment.
- (f) Any person wishing to contest ERB's determination related to a contested citation may appeal the applicable determination to the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure, provided that the appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days of the date of the Environmental Resource Board's determination.

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266 609.7-3. Appeals from the Environmental Resource Board Decision. Any party of interest may appeal a decision of the Environmental Resource Board to the Tribe's judicial system. 267 268

269 270 End.

- 271 Adopted - BC-05-15-14-C
- 272 273 Emergency Amended – BC-07-23-14-C
- Amended BC-12-10-14-A
- Emergency Amended BC 07-08-15-C 274
- 275 Amended – BC-01-13-16-C

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal	·		Draft 19	
Hunting, Fishing and Trappi	ng law (HTF)	Draft 2		
Public Use of Tribal Land (F	Public Use)		Draft 1	
Tribal Environmental Respo			Draft 1	
Well Abandonment Law (W	ell Abandonment)		Draft 1	
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (A	ΓV)		Draft 1	
Water Resources Ordinance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Draft 1	
On-Site Waste Disposal Ord	inance (Waste Disposal)		Draft 1	
	Oneida Police Department	(OPD)		
	Conservation			
	Environmental Resource Board (ERB)			
Implementing Agency	Emergency Management			
	Environmental Health and Safety Division			
	Comprehensive Health Division			
	Oneida Judiciary			
Estimated time to comply	January 1, 2018			
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Estimate		
ERB stipend savings	\$830	\$8,300		
Total Estimated Savings	\$830	\$8,300		
Revenue and cost considerations	Fee Schedules should be removed from the various Laws			
Uncertainties and Unknowns	None			

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:							
Agenda Header: Resolutions							
Accept as Information only							
Action - please describe:							
Consider adoption of the amendments to the All-Terrain Vehicle Law							
3. Supporting Materials							
Report Resolution Contract							
⊠ Other:							
1. Adoption packet 3.							
2. 4.							
Business Committee signature required							
4. Budget Information							
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted							
5. Submission							
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair							
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director							
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member							
Additional Requestor:							
Name, Title / Dept.							
Additional Requestor:							
Name, Title / Dept.							

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:	Oneida Business Committee
FROM:	Brandon Stevens, LOC Chairperson
DATE:	July 26, 2017
RE:	All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments
- 3. All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the All-Terrain Vehicle Law to transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments

1		BC Resolution
2		All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
11 12	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the All-Terrain Vehicle Law through resolution BC-06-16-04-B; and
13 14 15 16	WHEREAS,	the Amendments to the Law transfer the Environment Resource Board's original hearing body authority and responsibilities to the Oneida Judiciary as part of an effort to standardize and streamline all of the Nation's hearing responsibilities; and
17 18	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and
19 20		EFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments opted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.
21		

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



Statement of Effect All-Terrain Vehicle Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the All-Terrain Vehicle Law (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. The amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 410.7-2. *Hearing and Appeals of Contested Actions*, which reads as follows:

All citations, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.



Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28



Hearing Authority Transfer Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND

REQUESTER: LOC	SPONSOR: Tehassi Hill	DRAFTER: Krystal L. John	ANALYST: Candice E. Skenandore			
Intent of the	To further utilize the Judiciar	у.				
Amendments						
Purpose	To transfer the Environment	tal Resource Board (ERB)	hearing authority to the			
	Judiciary.					
Affected Entities	Trial Court, ERB					
Affected	Hunting, Fishing and Tra	Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal				
Legislation	Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law,					
	Water Resources Ordinance					
Enforcement/Due	ERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial					
Process	Court in accordance with the	Rules of Civil Procedure.				
Public Meeting	A public meeting was held or	n June 15, 2017.				

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. 2 On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- B. In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or peacemaking [See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B].
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority:
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21• All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV)
- Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)
- 24

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25 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
- 46

47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
- 54

55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- 56 A. These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

64

		ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
201	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
201	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
201	4	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
201	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
201	6	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
201	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
ТОТ	AL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

68

69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

80

Public Packet

2017 07 26 for OBC Consideration (Draft 1) – Clean

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources – Chapter 410 ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE

Kwah Tsyok Nu O'nikasleghto the Kayanlahsla Just all over the place, the type of vehicles, their laws

410.1. Purpose and Policy410.5. Rules of Operation410.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal410.6. Enforcement410.3. Definitions410.7. Sanctions410.4. Age Requirements410.7. Sanctions

8

3

9 410.1-1. Purpose and Policy

410.1-1. The purpose of this law is to govern the safe use of all-terrain vehicles within the
 Tribal jurisdiction of the Oneida Reservation to allow enforcement for protection of the
 community members and the environment.

14 410.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

410.2-1. This law was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or Oneida General Tribal
 Council] by resolution BC-6-16-04-B and amended by resolution _____.

410.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the [Oneida Business Committee and/or
Oneida General Tribal Council] pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures
Act.

410.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

410.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of anotherlaw, the provisions of this law shall control.

25 410.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

26 **410.3. Definitions**

410.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law.
All words not defined herein, or defined within any section, shall be used in their ordinary and
everyday sense.

- (a) "Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to beekeeping, operating commercial
 feedlots, dairying, egg production, floriculture, fish or fur farming, forest and game
 management, grazing, livestock raising, operating orchards, plant greenhouses or
 nurseries, poultry raising, raising grain, grass, mint or seed crops, sod farming or raising
 fruits, nuts, berries or vegetables.
- 35 (b) "All-terrain vehicle" means an engine-driven device which has a net weight of 900 36 pounds or less, which has a width of 48 inches or less, which is equipped with a seat 37 designed to be straddled by the operator and which is designed to travel on 3 or more 38 low-pressure tires. A low-pressure tire is a tire which has a minimum width of 6 inches, 39 which is designed to be mounted on a rim with a maximum diameter of 12 inches and 40 which is designed to be inflated with an operating pressure not to exceed 6 pounds per 41 square inch as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 42 (c) "All-terrain vehicle route" means a highway, sidewalk, dirt or gravel trail, designated
 43 for use by all-terrain vehicle operators by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin
 44 having jurisdiction as authorized under this section.

(d) "All-terrain vehicle trail" means a marked corridor on public property or on private
lands subject to public easement or lease, designated for use by all-terrain vehicle
operators by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin having jurisdiction, but excluding
roadways of highways except those roadways that are seasonally not maintained for
motor vehicle traffic.

(e) "Conservation Warden" shall mean an employee of the Oneida Conservation
Department empowered by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin to enforce the
provisions of this Law and regulations promulgated pursuant to this Law. The term
Conservation Warden shall include an Officer of the Oneida Police Department.

54 (f) "Department" means the Oneida License Department.

(g) "Highway" means all public ways and thoroughfares and bridges on the same. It
includes the entire width between the boundary lines of every way open to the use of the
public as a matter of right for the purposes of vehicular travel. It includes those roads or
driveways within the Reservation, parks and upon the grounds of Tribal schools.

(h) "Immediate family" means persons who are related as spouses, as siblings or asparent and child.

- (i) "Implement of husbandry" means a vehicle or piece of equipment or machinery
 designed for agricultural purposes, used exclusively in the conduct of agricultural
 operations and used principally off the highway, or a trailer-mounted bulk liquid fertilizer
 container.
- (j) "Land under the management and control of a person's immediate family" means land
 owned or leased by the person or a member of the person's immediate family over which
 the owner or lessee has management control. This term excludes land owned or leased by
 an organization of which the person or a member of the person's immediate family is a
 member.
- (k) "Operator" means a person who operates an all-terrain vehicle, who is responsible for
 the operation of an all-terrain vehicle or who is supervising the operation of an all-terrain
 vehicle.
- (1) "Owner" means a person who has lawful possession of an all-terrain vehicle by virtue
 of legal title or equitable interest in the all-terrain vehicle which entitles the person to
 possession of the all-terrain vehicle.
- (m)"Protective Headgear" means a helmet that is specifically designed for motorcycle or
 all-terrain vehicle use that meets the United States Department of Transportation
 standards for motorcycle helmets. A bicycle helmet is not an acceptable protective
 helmet.
- 80 (n) "Public utility" means any corporation, company, individual or association which
 81 furnishes products or services to the public including but not limited to, railroads,
 82 telecommunications or telegraph companies and any company furnishing or producing
 83 heat, light, power or water.
- 84 (o) "Reservation" shall mean all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries
 85 designated by the Treaty with the Oneida. 7 Stat. 566 (1838).
- (p) "Residential area" shall mean a district where people live; occupied primarily by
 private residences.
- (q) "Registration documentation" means an all-terrain vehicle registration certificate, a
 validated registration receipt, or a registration decal.
- 90 (r) "Right of way" means the privilege of the immediate use of the roadway.
- 91 (s) "Small all-terrain vehicle" means an all-terrain vehicle that has 4 wheels and that has

92	either an engine certified by the manufacturer at not more than 90 cubic centimeters or an			
93	equivalent power unit.			
94	(t) "Tribal Lands" means all lands within the exterior boundaries of the Oneida Indian			
95	reservation as defined by the 1838 Treaty, or all land located in Wisconsin which is held			
96	in Trust by the United States of America for the benefit of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of			
97	Wisconsin.			
98	(u) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.			
99	(v) "Used exclusively on private property" means use of an all-terrain vehicle by the			
100	owner of the all-terrain vehicle or a member of his or her immediate family only on land			
101	owned or leased by the all-terrain vehicle owner or a member of his or her immediate			
102	family.			
103				
104	410.4. Age Requirements			
105	410.4-1.			
106	(a) The minimum age to operate an all-terrain vehicle is twelve (12) years of age unless			
107	he or she is operating a small all-terrain vehicle on an all-terrain vehicle trail designated			
108	by the Nation and he or she is accompanied by his or her parent.			
109	(b) A person who is at least 12 years of age but under 16 years of age may not operate an			
110	all-terrain vehicle unless he or she holds a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate or is			
111	accompanied by a person over 18 years of age.			
112				
113	410.5. Rules of Operation			
114	410.5-1. No person shall operate an all-terrain vehicle:			
115	(a) In any careless way so as to endanger the safety of himself or herself or the property			
116	or the safety of another person or property.			
117	(b) On the private property of another without the consent of the owner or lessee. Failure			
118	to post private property does not imply consent for all-terrain vehicle use.			
119	(c) On Tribal lands without the consent of the Nation or Indian owner. Failure to post			
120	Tribal lands does not imply consent for all-terrain vehicle use.			
121	(d) With any firearms in his or her possession unless it is unloaded and enclosed in a			
122	carrying case, or any bow unless it is unstrung or enclosed in a carrying case, within the			
123	Reservation and on public highways.			
124	(e) To drive, pursue, take, catch, kill, hunt, trap or harvest any animal except as a part of			
125	normal farming operations involving the driving of livestock.			
126	(f) When within 150 feet of a dwelling at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour without			
127	owners consent. (a) On the fragment profess of multiplicative middle 100 fort of a mean met in an energy all			
128	(g) On the frozen surface of public waters within 100 feet of a person not in or on an all-			
129	terrain vehicle or motor vehicle or within 100 feet of a fishing shanty at a speed			
130 131	exceeding 10 miles per hour.			
131	(h) On any pathways or sidewalks specified for pedestrian use.			
132	(i) On any public, church, school property, cemetery, burial ground, campground, park or business properties, aimort or lending facility without consent.			
135	business properties, airport or landing facility without consent.			
134	(j) Without wearing the required eye protection such as goggles, sunglasses, or glasses.(k) In any streams or creeks.			
135	(I) On any project or program assigned land.			
137	(m) In a manner which violates rules promulgated by the Nation.			
137	(n) In excess of 10 mph when traveling within 100 feet of a person not on an all-terrain			
100	(ii) in excess of 10 input when dravening when 100 feet of a person not on all all-terrain			

139	vehicle, snowmobile or motorcycle.				
140	(o) Outside or off of any designated all-terrain route or trail.				
141	410.5-2. Rental of All Terrain Vehicles.				
142	(a) No person who is engaged in the rental or leasing of all-terrain vehicles to the public				
143	may do any of the following:				
144	(1) Rent or lease an all-terrain vehicle for operation by a person who will be				
145	(1) None of lease an an-ternam vehicle for operation by a person who will be operating an all torrain vehicle for the first time values the parson areas of in the				
146	operating an all-terrain vehicle for the first time unless the person engaged in the				
147	rental or leasing gives the person instruction on how to operate an all-terrain vehicle.				
148					
149	 (2) Rent or lease an all-terrain vehicle to a person under 16 years of age. (3) Rent or lease an all terrain vehicle with set 5 of the set of the s				
150	(3) Rent or lease an all-terrain vehicle without first ascertaining that any person				
150	under the age of 18 who will be on the all-terrain vehicle has required protective headgear				
152	0				
152	(b) A person who is engaged in the rental or leasing of all-terrain vehicles to the public				
155	shall have clean, usable protective headgear available for rent in sufficient quantity to				
154	provide headgear to all persons under the age of 18 who will be on all-terrain vehicles				
155	that the person rents or leases.				
157	(c) The Environmental Resource Board may promulgate rules to establish minimum				
157	standards for the instruction given under par. (a)1. 410.5-3. Use of Headgear. No person may operate or be a passenger on an all-terrain vehicle				
150	g and the Francis of the a passenger on an an an other				
160	without wearing protective headgear with the chin strap properly fastened, unless one of the following applies:				
161	(a) The person is at least 18 years of age.				
162					
163	(b) The all-terrain vehicle is being operated for an agricultural purpose. 410.5-4. <i>Operation on or near highways</i> . All-terrain vehicles may not be operated on any				
164	highways within the exterior boundaries of the Nation, except for the following:				
165	(a) All-terrain vehicles owned by the Nation, a municipality, state agency or public utility				
166	while the operator is engaged in an emergency or in the operation of an all-terrain vehicle				
167	directly related to the functions of the Nation, a municipality, state agency or public				
168	utility if safety does not require strict adherence to these restrictions.				
169	(b) The Nation, a county, town, city or village may block off highways under its				
170	jurisdiction for the purpose of allowing special all-terrain vehicle and/or public events.				
171	(c) To cross a highway. The crossing of a roadway is authorized only if the crossing is				
172	done in the most direct manner practicable, if the crossing is made at a place where no				
173	obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing, and if the operator stops the all-terrain				
174	vehicle prior to the crossing and yields the right-of-way to other vehicles, pedestrians,				
175	and electric personal assistive mobility devices using the roadway.				
176	(d) On any roadway which is seasonally not maintained for motor vehicle traffic.				
177	Operation of an all-terrain vehicle on this type of roadway is authorized only during the				
178	seasons when no maintenance occurs and only if the roadway is not officially closed to				
179	all-terrain vehicle traffic.				
180	(e) To cross a bridge, culvert or railroad right-of-way. The crossing of a bridge, culvert,				
181	or railroad right-of-way is not authorized if the roadway is officially closed to all-terrain				
182	vehicle traffic. The crossing is authorized only if the crossing is done in the most direct				
183	manner practicable, if the crossing is made at a place where no obstruction prevents a				
184	quick and safe crossing, and if the operator stops the all-terrain vehicle prior to crossing				
185	and yields to pedestrians, and electric personal assistive mobility devices using the				

186 highway.

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(f) On highways designated as all-terrain vehicle routes. Operation of all-terrain vehicles
on a highway which is an all-terrain vehicle route is authorized only for the extreme right
side of the highway except that left turns may be made from any part of the highway
which is safe given prevailing conditions.

- (g) On highways if the all-terrain vehicle is an implement of husbandry, if used
 exclusively for agricultural purposes and if the all-terrain vehicle is registered for private
 use.
- 194 410.5-5. Operation adjacent to highways. All-terrain vehicles may be operated adjacent to a 195 highway on an all-terrain vehicle route or trail if the all-terrain vehicle is operated in the 196 following manner:
- (a) At a distance of 10 feet or more from the highway along U.S. numbered highways,
 state and county highways, Tribal roads, town roads, and BIA roads.
- 199 (b) Outside of the highways along town highways.
- (c) During hours of darkness in the same direction as motor vehicle traffic in the nearest
 lane, although during daylight hours travel may be in either direction regardless of the
 flow of motor vehicle traffic.
- 203 (d) Not in excess of the speed limits of the adjacent highway and not to exceed 35 miles
 204 per hour.
 - (e) With due regard to safety and in compliance with rules promulgated by the Nation.
 - (f) Not at a rate of speed that is unreasonable or improper under the circumstances.
- 207 410.5-6. Equipment requirements.
- (a) A person who operates an all-terrain vehicle during hours of darkness or during
 daylight hours on any highway right-of-way is required to display a lighted headlamp and
 tail lamp on the all-terrain vehicle.
- (b) The headlamp on an all-terrain vehicle is required to display a white light of sufficient
 illuminating power to reveal any person, vehicle or substantial object at a distance of at
 least 200 feet ahead of the all-terrain vehicle.
- (c) The tail lamp on an all-terrain vehicle is required to display a red light plainly visible
 during hours of darkness from a distance of 500 feet to the rear.
- (d) Every all-terrain vehicle is required to be equipped with at least one brake operated
 either by hand or by foot.
- (e) Every all-terrain vehicle is required to be equipped with a functioning muffler toprevent excessive or unusual noise.
- 220 410.5-7. Residential Areas.
- (a) All-terrain operators in the residential areas:
 (1) Are prohibited from operating all-terr
 - (1) Are prohibited from operating all-terrain vehicles from 9pm-6am.
 - (2) Shall not operate all-terrain vehicles in excess of 15 miles per hour.
- (3) Shall not operate all-terrain vehicles on sidewalks or yards, unless the operatoris on his or her own land or leases the land.
- (4) Shall use extra caution, including yielding right of way, whenever pedestrians
 or other motor vehicle traffic are in the near vicinity.
 - (5) Shall not cause excessive noise with all-terrain vehicles.
- (6) Shall not use the public driveways of Tribal service providers, unless conducting business.
- 231(7) Shall not use the Tribal residential area as a riding area. In the Tribal232residential area, all-terrain vehicles should only be utilized to get to and from

233 234 235 236	another area. (A) Operators shall use the shortest distances when entering and exiting the Tribal residential area. For example, operators going to a residence within the Tribal residential area must take the most direct route to the					
237	residence.					
238	410.5-8. Accidents.					
239	(a) If an accident results in the death of any person or in the injury of any person which					
240	requires the treatment of the person by a physician, the operator of each all-terrain					
241 242	vehicle involved in the accident shall give notice of the accident to a conservation warden					
242	or local law enforcement officer as soon as possible and shall file a written report of the					
244	accident within 10 days after the accident to the Oneida Police Department. (b) If the operator of an all-terrain vehicle is physically incapable of making the report					
245	(b) If the operator of all all-terrain v	enicle is physi	cally incapable of making the report			
246	required by this subsection and there was another witness to the accident capable of making the report, the witness may make the report.					
247	410.5-9. Routes and Trails.	ake the report.				
248		unervise a svo	tem of all terrain vehicle routes and			
249	(a) The Nation shall encourage and supervise a system of all-terrain vehicle routes and trails. The Division of Land Management, in cooperation with the Conservation					
250	Department, shall establish standards and procedures for certifying the designation of all-					
251	terrain vehicle routes and trails.					
252		periods for the	use of all-terrain vehicle routes and			
253	(b) The Nation may specify effective periods for the use of all-terrain vehicle routes and trails and may restrict or prohibit the operation of an all-terrain vehicle during certain					
254	periods of the year.	openante ex	an an terrain veniere auning cortain			
255	(c) The Nation shall establish unif	orm all-terrain	vehicle route and trail signs and			
256	standards.					
257	(d) Interference with signs and standards are prohibited.					
258			mage, deface, move or obstruct any			
259	uniform all-terrain vehicle route or trail sign or standard or intentionally interfere					
260	with the effective operation of any uniform all-terrain vehicle route or trail sign or					
261	standards if the sign or standard is legally placed by the Nation, the state, any					
262	municipality or any authorized individual.					
263	(2) No person may possess any uniform all-terrain vehicle route or trail sign or					
264	standard of the type established by the Nation for the warning, instruction or					
265	information of the public, unless he or she obtained the uniform all-terrain vehicle					
266	route or trail sign or standard in a lawful manner. Possession of a uniform all-					
267	terrain vehicle route or trail sign or standard creates a rebuttable presumption of					
268	illegal possession.					
269	(e) Interference with trails prohibited. No person may intentionally obstruct or interfere					
270	with an all-terrain vehicle route or trail.					
271	410.6. Sanctions.					
272 273	410.6-1. The following sanctions may be imposed for violations of the All-Terrain Vehicle Law: (a) All fines and forfeitures shall be paid to the Nation.					
	Violation		Sanction			
	(a) Unlawful rental of all-terrain vehicle	sec. 5-2.	1^{st} Violation: \$25.00 2^{nd} Violation: \$50.00 3^{rd} Violation: \$100.00			

(b) Operating all-terrain vehicle in a careless manner	sec. 5-1(a)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(c) Operating all-terrain vehicle on the private property of another without consent	sec. 5-1(b)	1^{st} Violation: \$25.00 2^{nd} Violation: \$50.00 3^{rd} Violation: \$130.00
(d) Operating all-terrain vehicle on Tribal Lands without consent	sec. 5-1(c)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00 Non-Members will be turned over to Oneida Police Department or County Sheriff's Department
(e) Transporting loaded or uncased firearm or a strung or uncased bow on all-terrain vehicle	sec. 5-1(d)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$500.00
(f) Drive, pursue, take, catch, kill, hunt, trap or harvest any animal from an all-terrain vehicle	sec. 5-1(e)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$250.00
(g) Operating all-terrain vehicle within 150 feet of a dwelling at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour without owners consent	sec. 5-1(f)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(h) Operating all-terrain vehicle on frozen surface of public waters within 100 feet of a person or fishing shanty at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour	sec. 5-1(g)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(i) Operate/ride all-terrain vehicle without protective headgear	sec. 5-3.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(j) Illegal operation of all-terrain vehicles on or in the vicinity of highways	sec. 5-4.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(k) All-terrain equipment violations	sec. 5-7.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(1) Failure to report all-terrain	sec. 5-9.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00

vehicle accident		3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(m) Interference with all-terrain vehicle route or trail signs and standards	sec. 5- 10(d)	1^{st} Violation: \$25.00 2^{nd} Violation: \$50.00 3^{rd} Violation: \$250.00
(o) Operating on a church property, school property, cemetery, burial ground, campground, parks, business, airport or landing facility without permission	sec. 5-1(i)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$200.00
(p) Operating at a speed that is unreasonable or improper	sec. 5-6(f)	1^{st} Violation: \$25.00 2^{nd} Violation: \$50.00 3^{rd} Violation: \$150.00
(q) Operating all-terrain vehicle in or on project or program assigned lands	sec. 5-1(l)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(r) Operating in excess of 10mph when traveling within 100 feet of a person not on an all-terrain vehicle, snowmobile or motorcycle	sec. 5-1(n)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(s) Owner permitting operation of all-terrain vehicle by person who does meet age requirements	sec. 4-1.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$140.00
(t) Operating an all-terrain vehicle outside or off the designated route or trail	sec. 5-1(o)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(u) Operating an all-terrain vehicle in Tribal Residential Areas	sec.5-8.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(v) Operating on any pathways or sidewalks specified for pedestrian use	sec. 5-1(h)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(w) Operating all-terrain vehicle without eye protection	sec. 5-1(j)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(x) Operating in any streams or creeks	sec. 5-1(k)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(y) Illegally operating on or adjacent	sec. 5-5.	1 st Violation: \$25.00

to highways		2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00	
(z) Obstructing trail.	sec. 5-10 (e)	1^{st} Violation: \$25.00 2^{nd} Violation: \$50.00 3^{rd} Violation: \$150.00	

275 410.7. Violations, Enforcement and Appeals

276 410.7-1. Citations. Citations for the violation of this law and/or orders issued pursuant to this 277 law may include sanctions, fines, penalties and conditional and other orders in accordance with the schedule developed under section 410.6-1. A separate offense shall be deemed committed on 278 279 each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.

280 (a) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically 281 enforced by Oneida Police Officers or Oneida Conservation Wardens at the Owner's 282 expense.

283 (b) The Oneida Police Department, by means of Oneida Police Officers and Oneida 284 Conservation Wardens, is authorized to take any appropriate action to prevent or remove 285 a violation of this Law.

286 410.7-2. Hearing and Appeals of Contested Actions. All citations, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which 287 288 shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after 289 the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at 290 which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing 291 the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously 292 as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the 293 prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for 294 which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also 295 make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.

- 296 (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for monetary fines at the 297 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of 298 one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10) of the fine.
- 299 (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All citations shall be paid to the Environmental 300 Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which shall be contributed to General 301 Fund.
- 302 (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest 303 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of 304 Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- 305 (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue 306 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching the judgment 307 308 to Tribal member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.
- 309

End.

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315 Permanent Adoption - BC-6-16-04-B

³¹³ Emergency Adoption - BC-9-24-03-A

³¹⁴ Emergency Adoption Extension - BC-3-31-04-C

Public Packet

Page 183

2017 07 26 – OBC Consideration (Draft 1) Redline to Current

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources – Chapter 410 ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE

Kwah Tsyok Nu O'nikasleghto th Kayanlhsla Just all over the place, the type of vehicles, their laws

410.1. Purpose and Policy 410.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal 410.3. Definitions

410.4. Age Requirements

410.5. Rules of Operation410.6. Enforcement410.7. Sanctions

410.1-1. _Purpose and Policy

410.1-1. __The purpose of this law is to govern the safe use of all-terrain vehicles within -the Tribal jurisdiction of the Oneida Reservation to allow enforcement for protection of the community members and the environment.

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410.2. <u>Adoption, Amendment, Repeal</u>

- 410.2-1. This law was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or Oneida General Tribal
 Council] by resolution BC-6-16-04-B and amended by resolution
- 17 410.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the [Oneida Business Committee and/or
- 18 Oneida General Tribal Council] pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures
 19 Act.
- 410.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
 circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 410.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another
 law, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 25 <u>410.2-5</u>. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
- 410.2-1. This law is adopted by the Oneida Business Committee under the authority granted by
 the Oneida General Tribal Council through the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of
 Wisconsin.
- 29 410.2-2. This law may be amended pursuant to the procedures set out in the Oneida
- Administrative Procedures Act by the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal
 Council.
- 410.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
 be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are
 considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 410.2-4. All other Oneida laws, policies, regulations, rules, resolutions, motions and all other
 similar actions which are inconsistent with this policy are hereby repealed unless specifically re enacted after adoption of this law.
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410.3. ____Definitions

40 410.3-1. __This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law.
41 All words not defined herein, or defined within any section, shall be used in their ordinary and
42 everyday sense.

43 (a)_-"Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to beekeeping, operating
 44 commercial feedlots, dairying, egg production, floriculture, fish or fur farming, forest and
 45 game management, grazing, livestock raising, operating orchards, plant greenhouses or

nurseries, poultry raising, raising grain, grass, mint or seed crops, sod farming or raising
fruits, nuts, berries or vegetables.
(b)_-"All-terrain vehicle" means an engine-driven device which has a net weight of 900
pounds or less, which has a width of 48 inches or less, which is equipped with a seat
designed to be straddled by the operator and which is designed to travel on 3 or more
low-pressure tires. A low-pressure tire is a tire which has a minimum width of 6 inches,

which is designed to be inflated with an operating pressure not to exceed 6 pounds per square inch as recommended by the manufacturer.

- (c)_-"All-terrain vehicle route" means a highway, sidewalk, dirt or gravel trail,
 designated for use by all-terrain vehicle operators by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of
 Wisconsin having jurisdiction as authorized under this section.
- (d)_-"All-terrain vehicle trail" means a marked corridor on public property or on private
 lands subject to public easement or lease, designated for use by all-terrain vehicle
 operators by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin having jurisdiction, but excluding
 roadways of highways except those roadways that are seasonally not maintained for
 motor vehicle traffic.
- (e)_-"Conservation Warden" shall mean an employee of the Oneida Conservation
 Department empowered by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin to enforce the
 provisions of this Law and regulations promulgated pursuant to this Law. The term
 Conservation Warden shall include an Officer of the Oneida Police Department.
- 67 (f)_-"Department" means the Oneida License Department.
- (g)_-"Highway" means all public ways and thoroughfares and bridges on the same. It
 includes the entire width between the boundary lines of every way open to the use of the
 public as a matter of right for the purposes of vehicular travel. It includes those roads or
 driveways within the Reservation, parks and upon the grounds of Tribal schools.
- (h)_-"Immediate family" means persons who are related as spouses, as siblings or as
 parent and child.
- (i)_-"Implement of husbandry" means a vehicle or piece of equipment or machinery
 designed for agricultural purposes, used exclusively in the conduct of agricultural
 operations and used principally off the highway, or a trailer-mounted bulk liquid fertilizer
 container.
- (j)_-"Land under the management and control of a person's immediate family" means
 land owned or leased by the person or a member of the person's immediate family over
 which the owner or lessee has management control. This term excludes land owned or
 leased by an organization of which the person or a member of the person's immediate
 family is a member.
- (k)_-"Operator" means a person who operates an all-terrain vehicle, who is responsible
 for the operation of an all-terrain vehicle or who is supervising the operation of an allterrain vehicle.
- 86 (1)_-"Owner" means a person who has lawful possession of an all-terrain vehicle by virtue of legal title or equitable interest in the all-terrain vehicle which entitles the person to possession of the all-terrain vehicle.
- (m)-"Protective Headgear" means a helmet that is specifically designed for motorcycle
 or all-terrain vehicle use that meets the United States Department of Transportation
 standards for motorcycle helmets. A bicycle helmet is not an acceptable protective
 helmet.
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94 furnishes products or services to the public including but not limited to, railroads, 95 telecommunications or telegraph companies and any company furnishing or producing 96 heat, light, power or water. 97 (o) -"Reservation" shall mean all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries 98 designated by the Treaty with the Oneida. 7 Stat. 566 (1838). (p)_-"Residential area" shall mean a district where people live; occupied primarily by 99 100 private residences. 101 (q) - "Registration documentation" means an all-terrain vehicle registration certificate, a 102 validated registration receipt, or a registration decal. 103 (r)_-"Right of way" means the privilege of the immediate use of the roadway. 104 (s) -"Small all-terrain vehicle" means an all-terrain vehicle that has 4 wheels and that 105 has either an engine certified by the manufacturer at not more than 90 cubic centimeters 106 or an equivalent power unit. 107 (t)_-"Tribal Lands" means all lands within the exterior boundaries of the Oneida Indian 108 reservation as defined by the 1838 Treaty, or all land located in Wisconsin which is held 109 in Trust by the United States of America for the benefit of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of 110 Wisconsin. 111 (u) -"TribeNation" means the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation. (v)_-"Used exclusively on private property" means use of an all-terrain vehicle by the 112 owner of the all-terrain vehicle or a member of his or her immediate family only on land 113 114 owned or leased by the all-terrain vehicle owner or a member of his or her immediate 115 family. 116 117 410.4. Age Requirements 410.4-1. 118 119 (a) The minimum age to operate an all-terrain vehicle is twelve (12) years of age unless 120 he or she is operating a small all-terrain vehicle on an all-terrain vehicle trail designated 121 by the Tribe-Nation and he or she is accompanied by his or her parent. (b) A person who is at least 12 years of age but under 16 years of age may not operate an 122 123 all-terrain vehicle unless he or she holds a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate or is 124 accompanied by a person over 18 years of age. 125 126 **Rules of Operation** 410.5. 410.5-1. No person shall operate an all-terrain vehicle: 127 (a) In any careless way so as to endanger the safety of himself or herself or the property 128 129 or the safety of another person or property. 130 (b) On the private property of another without the consent of the owner or lessee. Failure to post private property does not imply consent for all-terrain vehicle use. 131 132 (c) On Tribal lands without the consent of the Tribe Nation or Indian owner. Failure to post Tribal lands does not imply consent for all-terrain vehicle use. 133 (d) With any firearms in his or her possession unless it is unloaded and enclosed in a 134 carrying case, or any bow unless it is unstrung or enclosed in a carrying case, within the 135 136 Reservation and on public highways. (e) To drive, pursue, take, catch, kill, hunt, trap or harvest any animal except as a part of 137 normal farming operations involving the driving of livestock. 138 139 (f) When within 150 feet of a dwelling at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour without 140 owners consent. (g) On the frozen surface of public waters within 100 feet of a person not in or on an all-141

142 143	terrain vehicle or motor vehicle or within 100 feet of a fishing shanty at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour.
144	(h) On any pathways or sidewalks specified for pedestrian use.
145	(i) On any public, church, school property, cemetery, burial ground, campground, park or
146	business properties, airport or landing facility without consent.
147	(j) Without wearing the required eye protection such as goggles, sunglasses, or glasses.
148	(k) In any streams or creeks.
149 150	 (1) On any project or program assigned land. (m) In a manner which violates rules promulgated by the TribeNation.
150 151	(n) In excess of 10 mph when traveling within 100 feet of a person not on an all-terrain
151	vehicle, snowmobile or motorcycle.
152	(o) Outside or off of any designated all-terrain route or trail.
154	410.5-2Rental of All Terrain Vehicles.
155	(a) No person who is engaged in the rental or leasing of all-terrain vehicles to the public
156	may do any of the following:
157	(1) Rent or lease an all-terrain vehicle for operation by a person who will be
158	operating an all-terrain vehicle for the first time unless the person engaged in the
159	rental or leasing gives the person instruction on how to operate an all-terrain
160	vehicle.
161	(2) Rent or lease an all-terrain vehicle to a person under 16 years of age.
162	(3) Rent or lease an all-terrain vehicle without first ascertaining that any person
163	under the age of 18 who will be on the all-terrain vehicle has required protective
164	headgear
165	(b) A person who is engaged in the rental or leasing of all-terrain vehicles to the public
166	shall have clean, usable protective headgear available for rent in sufficient quantity to
167	provide headgear to all persons under the age of 18 who will be on all-terrain vehicles
168	that the person rents or leases.
169	(c) The <u>Tribe Environmental Resource Board</u> may promulgate rules to establish
170 171	minimum standards for the instruction given under par. (a)1. 410.5-3 <i>Use of Headgear</i> . No person may operate or be a passenger on an all-terrain vehicle
171	without wearing protective headgear with the chin strap properly fastened, unless one of the
172	following applies:
174	(a) The person is at least 18 years of age.
175	(b) The all-terrain vehicle is being operated for an agricultural purpose.
176	410.5-4Operation on or near highways. All-terrain vehicles may not be operated on any
177	highways within the exterior boundaries of the TribeNation, except for the following:
178	(a) All-terrain vehicles owned by the TribeNation, a municipality, state agency or public
179	utility while the operator is engaged in an emergency or in the operation of an all-terrain
180	vehicle directly related to the functions of the TribeNation, a municipality, state agency
181	or public utility if safety does not require strict adherence to these restrictions.
182	(b) The TribeNation, a county, town, city or village may block off highways under its
183	jurisdiction for the purpose of allowing special all-terrain vehicle and/or public events.
184	(c) To cross a highway. The crossing of a roadway is authorized only if the crossing is
185 186	done in the most direct manner practicable, if the crossing is made at a place where no
186 187	obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing, and if the operator stops the all-terrain vehicle prior to the crossing and yields the right-of-way to other vehicles, pedestrians,
187	and electric personal assistive mobility devices using the roadway.
100	and electric personal assistive moonly devices using the roadway.

(d) On any roadway which is seasonally not maintained for motor vehicle traffic.
Operation of an all-terrain vehicle on this type of roadway is authorized only during the
seasons when no maintenance occurs and only if the roadway is not officially closed to
all-terrain vehicle traffic.
(e) To cross a bridge, culvert or railroad right-of-way. The crossing of a bridge, culvert,

194 or railroad right-of-way is not authorized if the roadway is officially closed to all-terrain 195 vehicle traffic. The crossing is authorized only if the crossing is done in the most direct 196 manner practicable, if the crossing is made at a place where no obstruction prevents a 197 quick and safe crossing, and if the operator stops the all-terrain vehicle prior to crossing 198 and yields to pedestrians, and electric personal assistive mobility devices using the 199 highway.

- (f) On highways designated as all-terrain vehicle routes. Operation of all-terrain vehicles
 on a highway which is an all-terrain vehicle route is authorized only for the extreme right
 side of the highway except that left turns may be made from any part of the highway
 which is safe given prevailing conditions.
- (g) On highways if the all-terrain vehicle is an implement of husbandry, if used
 exclusively for agricultural purposes and if the all-terrain vehicle is registered for private
 use.
- 410.5-5. *Operation adjacent to highways.* All-terrain vehicles may be operated adjacent to a highway on an all-terrain vehicle route or trail if the all-terrain vehicle is operated in the following manner:
- (a) At a distance of 10 feet or more from the highway along U.S. numbered highways,
 state and county highways, Tribal roads, town roads, and BIA roads.
- (b) Outside of the highways along town highways.
- (c) During hours of darkness in the same direction as motor vehicle traffic in the nearest
 lane, although during daylight hours travel may be in either direction regardless of the
 flow of motor vehicle traffic.
- (d) Not in excess of the speed limits of the adjacent highway and not to exceed 35 miles
 per hour.
- (e) With due regard to safety and in compliance with rules promulgated by the
 TribeNation.
- 220 (f) Not at a rate of speed that is unreasonable or improper under the circumstances.

221 | 410.5-6. *—Equipment requirements.*

- (a) A person who operates an all-terrain vehicle during hours of darkness or during
 daylight hours on any highway right-of-way is required to display a lighted headlamp and
 tail lamp on the all-terrain vehicle.
- (b) The headlamp on an all-terrain vehicle is required to display a white light of sufficient
 illuminating power to reveal any person, vehicle or substantial object at a distance of at
 least 200 feet ahead of the all-terrain vehicle.
- (c) The tail lamp on an all-terrain vehicle is required to display a red light plainly visible
 during hours of darkness from a distance of 500 feet to the rear.
- (d) Every all-terrain vehicle is required to be equipped with at least one brake operatedeither by hand or by foot.
- (e) Every all-terrain vehicle is required to be equipped with a functioning muffler toprevent excessive or unusual noise.
- 234 410.5-7.__*–Residential Areas.*
- (a) All-terrain operators in the residential areas:

236	(1) Are prohibited from operating all-terrain vehicles from 9pm-6am.
237 238	(2) Shall not operate all-terrain vehicles in excess of 15 miles per hour.(3) Shall not operate all-terrain vehicles on sidewalks or yards, unless the operator
238 239	is on his or her own land or leases the land.
240	(4) Shall use extra caution, including yielding right of way, whenever pedestrians
240	or other motor vehicle traffic are in the near vicinity.
242	(5) Shall not cause excessive noise with all-terrain vehicles.
243	(6) Shall not use the public driveways of Tribal service providers, unless
244	conducting business.
245	(7) Shall not use the Tribal residential area as a riding area. In the Tribal
246	residential area, all-terrain vehicles should only be utilized to get to and from
247	another area.
248	(A) Operators shall use the shortest distances when entering and exiting
249	the Tribal residential area. For example, operators going to a residence
250	within the Tribal residential area must take the most direct route to the
251	residence.
252	410.5-8.– <i>Accidents</i> .
253	(a) If an accident results in the death of any person or in the injury of any person which
254	requires the treatment of the person by a physician, the operator of each all-terrain
255 256	vehicle involved in the accident shall give notice of the accident to a conservation warden or local law enforcement officer as soon as possible and shall file a written report of the
250 257	accident within 10 days after the accident to the Oneida Police Department.
258	(b) If the operator of an all-terrain vehicle is physically incapable of making the report
259	required by this subsection and there was another witness to the accident capable of
260	making the report, the witness may make the report.
261	410.5-9 <i>Routes and Trails.</i>
262	(a) The Tribe-Nation shall encourage and supervise a system of all-terrain vehicle routes
263	and trails. The Division of Land Management, in cooperation with the Conservation
264	Department, shall establish standards and procedures for certifying the designation of all-
265	terrain vehicle routes and trails.
266	(b) The <u>Tribe Nation</u> may specify effective periods for the use of all-terrain vehicle routes
267	and trails and may restrict or prohibit the operation of an all-terrain vehicle during certain
268	periods of the year.
269	(c) The <u>Tribe Nation</u> shall establish uniform all-terrain vehicle route and trail signs and
270	standards.
271 272	(d) Interference with signs and standards are prohibited. (1) No person may intentionally remove, damage, deface, move or obstruct any
272	uniform all-terrain vehicle route or trail sign or standard or intentionally interfere
274	with the effective operation of any uniform all-terrain vehicle route or trail sign or
275	standards if the sign or standard is legally placed by the TribeNation, the state,
276	any municipality or any authorized individual.
277	(2) No person may possess any uniform all-terrain vehicle route or trail sign or
278	standard of the type established by the Tribe Nation for the warning, instruction or
279	information of the public, unless he or she obtained the uniform all-terrain vehicle
280	route or trail sign or standard in a lawful manner. Possession of a uniform all-
281	terrain vehicle route or trail sign or standard creates a rebuttable presumption of
282	illegal possession.

283	(e) Interference with trails prohibited. No person may intentionally obstruct or interfere				
284	with an all-terrain vehicle route or trail.				
285	410.6. Enforcement.				
286	410.6-1. Conservation Wardens shall have the authority to enforce this Law and are authorized				
287	to issue citations for a violation(s) of the All-Terrain Vehicle Law to an alleged violator.				
288	(a) The Conservation Warden shall identify himself/herself and title.				
289	(b) The Conservation Warden shall give the alleged violator the citation and shall retain				
290	a copy.				
291	(c) The citation shall include:				
292	(1) the violation.				
293	(2) the penalties and/or fines.				
294	(3) the date, time, and place of the hearing.				
295	410.6-2. Environmental Resources Board Hearing. The Board shall hold any and all hearings on				
296	alleged violations of this Law in accordance with:				
297	(a) The Administrative Procedures Act; and				
298	(b) The By-Laws of the Board.				
299					

410.76. Sanctions.

300

 $410.7\overline{6}$ -1. The following sanctions may be imposed for violations of the All-Terrain Vehicle 301 302 Law: 303

Violation		Sanction
(a) Unlawful rental of all-terrain vehicle	sec. 5-2.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(b) Operating all-terrain vehicle in a careless manner	sec. 5-1(a)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(c) Operating all-terrain vehicle on the private property of another without consent	sec. 5-1(b)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$130.00
(d) Operating all-terrain vehicle on Tribal Lands without consent	sec. 5-1(c)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00 Non-Members will be turned over to Oneida Police Department or County Sheriff's Department
(e) Transporting loaded or uncased firearm or a strung or uncased bow on all-terrain vehicle	sec. 5-1(d)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$500.00
(f) Drive, pursue, take, catch, kill,	sec. 5-1(e)	1 st Violation: \$25.00

(a) All fines and forfeitures shall be paid to the TribeNation.

	hunt, trap or harvest any animal from an all-terrain vehicle		2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$250.00
	(g) Operating all-terrain vehicle within 150 feet of a dwelling at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour without owners consent	sec. 5-1(f)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
	(h) Operating all-terrain vehicle on frozen surface of public waters within 100 feet of a person or fishing shanty at a speed exceeding 10 miles per hour	sec. 5-1(g)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
	(i) Operate/ride all-terrain vehicle without protective headgear	sec. 5-3.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
	(j) Illegal operation of all-terrain vehicles on or in the vicinity of highways	sec. 5-4.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
	(k) All-terrain equipment violations	sec. 5-7.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
	(l) Failure to report all-terrain vehicle accident	sec. 5-9.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
×	(m) Interference with all-terrain vehicle route or trail signs and standards	sec. 5- 10(d)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$250.00
·	(o) Operating on a church property, school property, cemetery, burial ground, campground, parks, business, airport or landing facility without permission	sec. 5-1(i)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$200.00
	(p) Operating at a speed that is unreasonable or improper	sec. 5-6(f)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
	(q) Operating all-terrain vehicle in or on project or program assigned lands	sec. 5-1(l)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
	(r) Operating in excess of 10mph	sec. 5-1(n)	1 st Violation: \$25.00

when traveling within 100 feet of a person not on an all-terrain vehicle, snowmobile or motorcycle		2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(s) Owner permitting operation of all-terrain vehicle by person who does meet age requirements	sec. 4-1.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$140.00
(t) Operating an all-terrain vehicle outside or off the designated route or trail	sec. 5-1(o)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(u) Operating an all-terrain vehicle in Tribal Residential Areas	sec.5-8.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(v) Operating on any pathways or sidewalks specified for pedestrian use	sec. 5-1(h)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(w) Operating all-terrain vehicle without eye protection	sec. 5-1(j)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$100.00
(x) Operating in any streams or creeks	sec. 5-1(k)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(y) Illegally operating on or adjacent to highways	sec. 5-5.	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00
(z) Obstructing trail.	sec. 5-10 (e)	1 st Violation: \$25.00 2 nd Violation: \$50.00 3 rd Violation: \$150.00

410.7. Violations, Enforcement and Appeals

410.7-1. *Citations*. Citations for the violation of this law and/or orders issued pursuant to this
 law may include sanctions, fines, penalties and conditional and other orders in accordance with
 the schedule developed under section 410.6-1. A separate offense shall be deemed committed on
 each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.

- (a) Any order issued pursuant to this law that is not complied with may be physically
 enforced by Oneida Police Officers or Oneida Conservation Wardens at the Owner's
 expense.
- (b) The Oneida Police Department, by means of Oneida Police Officers and Oneida
 Conservation Wardens, is authorized to take any appropriate action to prevent or remove
 a violation of this Law.
- <u>410.7-2. Hearing and Appeals of Contested Actions.</u> All citations, orders and declarations
 issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which

318	shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after
319	the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at
320	which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing
321	the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously
322	as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the
323	prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for
324	which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also
325	make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.
326	(a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for monetary fines at the
327	Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of
328	one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10) of the fine.
329	(b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All citations shall be paid to the Environmental
330	Resource Board or its designee, the proceeds of which shall be contributed to General
331	Fund.
332	(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
333	the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of
334	Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
335	(d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
336	payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the
337	garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching the judgment
338	to Tribal member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.
339	410.7-2. All fines assessed under this section shall be paid within sixty days of the judgment of
340	the final hearing body hearing and appeal, or otherwise within sixty days of the issuance of the
341	citation.
342	410.7-3. Community service may be substituted for fines for any of the above violations at the
343	discretion of the Board at the rate of one hour per \$10.00 of the fine.
344	410.7-4. All persons are encouraged to report violations of these regulations to the Oneida
345	Police Department or Oneida Conservation Department. Any information received regarding
346	violations shall be kept confidential by both Departments.
347	
348	End.
349 350	
351	
352	Emergency Adoption - BC-9-24-03-A
353 354	Emergency Adoption Extension - BC-3-31-04-C Permanent Adoption - BC-6-16-04-B

Permanent Adoption - BC-6-16-04-B 334

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal	·		Draft 19
Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)			Draft 2
Public Use of Tribal Land (F	ublic Use)		Draft 1
Tribal Environmental Respo	nse (TERP)		Draft 1
Well Abandonment Law (W	·		Draft 1
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (A			Draft 1
Water Resources Ordinance	× /		Draft 1
On-Site Waste Disposal Ord			Draft 1
	Oneida Police Department	(OPD)	
	Conservation		
	Environmental Resource Board (ERB)		
Implementing Agency			
	Environmental Health and Safety Division		
	Comprehensive Health Div	vision	
	Oneida Judiciary		
Estimated time to comply	January 1, 2018		
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	ent Fiscal Year 10 Year Estimate	
ERB stipend savings	gs \$830 \$8,300		
Total Estimated Savings	Total Estimated Savings\$830\$8,300		
Revenue and cost considerations	Fee Schedules should be removed from the various Laws		
Uncertainties and Unknowns	None		

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
Consider adoption of amendments to the Hunting, Fishing, Trapping law.
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. Adoption packet 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Drimon, Doguostor/Submittor, Jonnifor Folsk J.D.O.Disostor
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:	Oneida Business Committee
FROM:	Brandon Stevens, LOC Chairperson /5)
DATE:	July 26, 2017
RE:	Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments
- 3. Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law to:

- Transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary;
- Clarify provisions of jurisdiction section;
- Clarify that non-member Indians and non-Indians that hunt, fish, and trap on the Reservation may be subject to State requirements as well as the requirements set forth in the Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law; and
- Clarify that license and permit holders may not exercise any hunting, fishing, or tapping privileges within the Reservation boundaries using a State of Wisconsin license that would amount to greater privileges than those afford pursuant to this Law and associated rules.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments

1		BC Resolution
2		Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
11 12 13 14 15	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law through resolution BC-08-31-94-C and thereafter amended it through resolutions BC-04-24-96-A, BC-07-22-98-A, BC-09-13-00-D, BC-06-04-03-A, BC-06-30-04-I, BC-07-13-05-E, BC-08-29-07-F, BC-06-24-09-E, BC-08-26-10-I, BC-12-14-11-E, BC-05-22-13-A and BC-01-25-17-D; and
16 17 18	WHEREAS,	the Amendments transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary and clarify the Law's jurisdiction section; and
19 20	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2016 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and
21 22		EFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law are hereby adopted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.

Public Packet

Oneida Nation

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Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365

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ONEIDA

Statement of Effect

Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Law Amendments (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary and clarify the jurisdiction section of the Law.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." *Judiciary*, 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. These amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 406.10-5. *Contested Action Hearings*, which reads as follows:

All citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a prehearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need

to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

In addition to addressing the transfer of hearing body authority, these amendments also clarify the jurisdiction section. These jurisdictional revisions do not implicate any existing laws, policies or rules of the Nation.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.



Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28



Hearing Authority Transfer Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND

REQUESTER: LOC	SPONSOR: Tehassi Hill	DRAFTER: Krystal L. John	ANALYST: Candice E. Skenandore			
Intent of the	To further utilize the Judiciar	у.				
Amendments						
Purpose	To transfer the Environmental Resource Board (ERB) hearing authority to the					
	Judiciary.					
Affected Entities	Trial Court, ERB					
Affected	Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal					
Legislation	Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law,					
	Water Resources Ordinance					
Enforcement/Due	ERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial					
Process	Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure.					
Public Meeting	A public meeting was held on June 15, 2017.					

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. 2 On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- B. In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or peacemaking [See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B].
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority:
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21• All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV)
- Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)
- 24

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25 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- 40 **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
- 46

47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
- 54

55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- 56 A. These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

64

		ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
201	12	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
201	13	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
201	14	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
201	15	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
201	16	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
201	17	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
ТОТ	AL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

68

69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

80

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources – Chapter 406 HUNTING, FISHING AND TRAPPING Lutol@tha>, Latsyw@aha> O>kh@le Atlist@y< Tsi> Kayanl^hsla

Our laws concerning hunting, fishing and trapping

406.1. Purpose and Policy

- 406.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to protect and conserve wildlife on the reservation
 and to promote respect among sportsmen, respect both the environment and fellow sportsmen.
- 5 406.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of this law to provide:
- 6 (a) An adequate and flexible system for the protection, management, supervision, 7 conservation, and enhancement of all wildlife and natural resources on the reservation; 8 and
- 9 (b) An enforceable system of licensing and permitting which establishes clear rules 10 pursuant to the Administrative Rulemaking law related to hunting, fishing and trapping, 11 and associated fines and penalties for violations of this law and the said rules.

13 406.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

- 14 406.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-8-31-94-
- 15 C, and amended by resolutions BC-4-24-96-A, BC-7-22-98-A, BC-09-13-00-D, BC-6-04-03-A,
- 16 BC- 6-30-04-I, BC-7-13-05-E, BC-8-29-07-F, BC-06-24-09-E, BC-08-26-10-I, BC-12-14-11-E,

17 BC-05-22-13-A and BC-01-25-17-D.

- 406.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee pursuant tothe procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 406.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
 circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 406.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of anotherlaw, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 25 406.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
- 26

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27 **406.3. Definitions**

- 406.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law.
 All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
- (a) "Aircraft" means a conveyance that can travel through the air and that is supported
 either by its own lightness or by the action of the air against its surfaces. The term
 includes hovercraft and both manned aircraft such as airplanes and helicopters and
 unmanned aircraft such as drones.
- 34 (b) "Barrel Length" means the length of a gun's barrel as measured from the muzzle to 35 the firing pin with the action closed, or from the muzzle to the breech face.
- 36 (c) "ERB" means the Environmental Resources Board.
- 37 (d) "Daily Bag Limit" means the maximum number of a species of wildlife that a 38 person may take during a twenty-four (24) hour period measured from midnight to

39	midnight.
40	(e) "Department" means the Oneida Conservation Department.
41	(f) "Dependent" means a person under the age of eighteen (18) who is the child or
42	step-child of a Tribal member or who lives with a Tribal member for more than half of
43	the year.
44	(g) "Designated Hunter" means the person named by a permittee as authorized to
45	harvest wildlife on behalf of the permittee pursuant to the permit held by the permittee.
46	(h) "Elder" means any person fifty-five (55) years of age or older.
47	(i) "Endangered or Threatened" means any species of wildlife within the reservation in
48	danger of extinction or likely to become in danger of distinction as recognized by ERB
49	and the Department and under federal law.
50	(j) "Fine" means a monetary punishment issued to a person violating this law and/or
51	the rules created pursuant to this law, which is payable to ERB or the Department within
52	the amount of time designated by the rules.
53	(k) "Fishing" means the taking, capturing, harvesting or attempting to take, capture or
54	harvest fish of any variety in any manner.
55	(l) "Hunt" or "Hunting" means shooting, shooting at, pursuing, taking, attempting to
56	take, catch, harvest or attempting to harvest any wildlife.
57	(m) "License" means a written document issued by the Department granting authority to
58	engage in specific activities covered under this law and the rules created pursuant to this
59	law.
60	(n) "Loaded" means any firearm containing a cartridge in the chamber or any firearm
61	containing a cartridge or cartridges in the attached cylinder, magazine or clip.
62	(1) Muzzleloading firearms may not be considered loaded if a percussion cap is
63	not covering the percussion nipple or .209 primers are not in the receiver.
64	(2) Flint lock muzzleloading firearms may not be considered loaded if the flash
65	pan is cleaned of powder.
66	(o) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
67	(p) "Non-Indian" means a person who is not a member of any federally recognized
68	Indian tribe, band, or community.
69	(q) "Non-Member Indian" means a person who is a member of a federally recognized
70	Indian tribe, band or community other than this Nation.
71	(r) "Nuisance Animal" means any wildlife causing and one (1) or combination of the
72	following:
73	(1) Damage to property;
74	(2) Damage to or endangered or threatened species of wildlife and/or plants;
75	(3) Depredation of crops and/or livestock; or
76	(4) Health and/or safety risks posed to persons.
77	(s) "Penalty" means a punishment, other than a fine, imposed on a person violating this
78	law and/or the rules created pursuant to this law and may include, but is not limited to,
79	the confiscation of equipment and/or wildlife with return of the same at the discretion of
80	ERB, the imposition of a wildlife protection assessment (civil recovery value), revocation
81	and/or ineligibility for licenses and/or permits for a specified period of time, and
82	restitution.
83	(t) "Permit" means a document, stamp or tag authorizing a specific activity which is
84	issued by the Department to the holder of a license.
85	(u) "Protected Species" means any species of wildlife that is not endangered or
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- threatened, but for which ERB has established seasons, daily bag limits, or otherwise
 restricted the taking of.
 (a) "Decomption" means all the meansate within the extension been decise of the
- (v) "Reservation" means all the property within the exterior boundaries of the
 reservation of the Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida 7 Stat.
 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.
- (w) "Rule" means a set of requirements, including citation fees and penalty schedules,
 enacted by ERB and/or the Department in accordance with the Administrative
 Rulemaking law based on authority delegated in this law in order to implement, interpret
 and/or enforce this law.
- 95 (x) "Take" or "Taking" means pursuing, shooting, hunting, fishing, netting (including
 96 placing or setting any net or other capturing device), capturing, harvesting, snaring or
 97 trapping any wildlife, or attempting any of the foregoing.
- (y) "Transport" means to bring or move from one place to another by means of
 carrying, dragging, pushing, towing, or storing in or on a vehicle, aircraft or boat.
- 100 (z) "Trapping" means the taking of, or attempting to take, any wildlife by means of 101 setting or operating any device or mechanism that is designed, built, or made to close 102 upon, hold fast, snare or otherwise capture wildlife.
- (aa) "Tribal Land" means any land within the reservation that is held in fee or in trust
 and is owned by the Nation, a Tribal member, or a non-member Indian.
- 105 (bb) "Tribal Member" means an enrolled member of the Nation.
- (cc) "Vehicle" means any self-propelled conveyance that derives power from a motor
 and is used to transport persons or objects over land, including but not limited to, an
 automobile, truck, sport utility vehicle, snowmobile, motorcycle, all-terrain vehicle,
 moped or similar conveyance.
- (dd) "Wildlife" means any non-domesticated mammal, bird, fish, reptile, or amphibian,
 or any part or carcass of the same.¹
- 113 **406.4.** Jurisdiction

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- 114 406.4-1. This law applies to the following persons:
- 115 (a) All Tribal members,
 - (b) All non-member Indians,
- 117 (c) All non-Indians who:
 - (1) apply for and receive a license and/or permit, and/or
 - (2) enter Tribal land,
- 120 (d) All persons as otherwise permitted under federal law.
- 121 406.4-2. This law applies:
 - (a) within the boundaries of the reservation, and
 - (b) on lands held in trust for the Nation outside the boundaries of the reservation.
- 124 406.4-3. *Jurisdiction*. The Nation has jurisdiction over the management and regulation of the 125 Nation's natural resources. However this law shall not negate the jurisdiction of the State of 126 Wisconsin in certain instances involving non-member Indians and non-Indians. Thus, to hunt,
- fish, or trap on tribal land, non-member Indians and non-Indians shall adhere to the Nation's
 - 27 If sh, of trap on those rand, non-memoer metans and non-metans share adhere to the reation's

¹ For additional information, please reference the definition of "domestic animal" in the Nation's Domestic Animal law; any animal that does not fall into the "domestic animal" classification is considered "wildlife" for the purpose of this law.

128 license, permit, and tag requirements and may also be subject to the requirements of the State of 129 Wisconsin. License and permit holders may not exercise any hunting, fishing, or tapping 130 privileges within the Reservation boundaries using a State of Wisconsin license that would 131 amount to greater privileges than those afford pursuant to this Law and associated rules.

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133 406.5. **Administration and Supervision**

134 406.5-1. ERB and the Department, shall protect, manage, supervise, conserve, and enhance all 135 wildlife within the reservation. ERB and the Department shall jointly establish and maintain the 136 rules that are required to implement this law. The Department shall administer and enforce this 137 law and the rules created pursuant to this law.

- 138 406.5-2. Authority. In addition to any other duties delegated to ERB and the Department under 139 this law, jointly, ERB and the Department are hereby jointly delegated the rulemaking authority 140 to:
- 141 (a) Determine the types and number of licenses and permits that may be issued by the 142 Department, including how many licenses and permits that may be issued to non-Indian 143 hunters.
- 144 (b) Establish a fee schedule and application requirements and deadlines for obtaining 145 licenses and/or permits.
- 146 (c) Establish or amend daily bag limits and possession limits based on the supply of 147 wildlife, the needs of conservation, and the objective of achieving a fair allocation of the 148 harvest. Restrictions in such rules may include, but are not limited to, limits related to 149 gender, species, size, age, and maturity.
- 150 (d) Based on the monitoring and supervision of all wildlife, when necessary, declare any 151 species in need of protection a protected species or an endangered or threatened species, 152 and thereafter modify or revoke such declarations as may be appropriate.
- 153 (e) Fix, shorten, extend or close seasons and hunting hours on any wildlife. Provided that 154 ERB and the Department shall base the open season for the hunting of migratory birds on the Nation's agreement with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 155
- 156 (f) Establish and/or modify areas' territorial limits, including bodies of water or parts 157 thereof, for any of the following, as may be necessary:
 - (1) the taking of wildlife;
 - (2) other specified areas, pursuant to the rules jointly developed by ERB and the Department.
- 161 (g) Establish methods for checking persons into and out of areas specified under 162 subsection (f) above.
- (h) Regulate the operation of boats upon reservation waters and the operation of vehicles 163 and aircraft used while hunting, fishing or trapping. 164
- 165 (i) Regulate and prescribe the means and methods by which wildlife may be taken, including, but not limited to, the use of: 166
- 167 (1) bait; 168
 - (2) decoys:
- 169 (3) hunting dogs
- 170 (4) traps;
- 171 (5) firearms;
- 172 (6) ammunition;
- 173 (7) laser sights; and
- 174 (8) night vision.

- 175 (i) Regulate the transportation, registration, tagging, and storage of all wildlife within the 176 reservation and the shipment or transportation of wildlife off the reservation.
- 177 (k) Prescribe safety and fire control measures and other rules as may be necessary for 178 range, forest or wildlife management, and/or for the safety and welfare of outdoor 179 recreationists, landowners, lessees, occupants and the Nation.
- 180 (1) Establish a process for retention, storage and disposal of items confiscated or turned 181 over to the Department in accordance with this law and the rules established pursuant to 182 this law.
- 183 (m)Establish a citation schedule that sets the monetary fines and penalties for violations 184 of this law and/or the rules established pursuant to this law.
- 185 (n) Create other rules as specifically directed throughout this law or as may be necessary 186 to implement this law. ERB shall provide notice of said rules on the Nation's website 187 and ERB and/or the Department shall develop a rule booklet, which the Department shall 188 provide to each person receiving a license or permit pursuant to this law.
- 406.5-3. Department Wardens. Department wardens shall enforce this law and corresponding 189 190 rules on the reservation, and, accordingly shall:
- 191 (a) Observe persons engaged in hunting, fishing and/or trapping in order to ensure that 192 the methods and equipment utilized are lawful.
- 193 (b) Investigate reports of violations of wildlife and environmental laws, including, but 194 not limited to, this law and corresponding rules.
- 195
 - (c) Work to prevent persons from violating this law and/or the corresponding rules. (d) Issue warnings and/or citations, which may include fines and/or penalties, for
- 196 197 violations of this law and/or the corresponding rules.
- 198 406.5-4. Oneida Police Department. Any Oneida Police Department officer, who observes a 199 violation of this law and/or corresponding rules, shall report such violation to the Department 200 and/or a Department warden. However, if immediate action is necessary to prevent imminent 201 danger to life or serious damage to property, the Oneida Police Department officer may issue a 202 warning or citation for the said violation(s) and/or prevent persons from committing the said 203 violation(s).
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205 406.6. **Licenses and Permits**

- 206 406.6-1. Sportsman License.
- 207 (a) A sportsman license is required for all persons hunting, fishing or trapping on Tribal 208 land, except:
- 209 (1) Fishing is permitted without a sportsman license for Tribal members, 210 dependents, and non-member Indians whom are sixteen (16) years of age or younger. 211
- 212 (2) Landowners and lessees and guests with the permission of the landowners or lessees, may hunt and trap the following species on the property they own or 213 214 lease, year-round, without a sportsman license:
- 215 (A) coyote;
- 216 (B) fox;
- 217 (C) raccoon;
- 218 (D) woodchuck;
- 219 (E) rabbit; 220
 - (F) squirrel; and
 - (G) any nuisance animal that is not an endangered or threaten species and 4 O.C. 406 - page 5

222	is also not a regulated or protected species.
223	(b) Anyone born on or after January 1, 1973 shall successfully complete a state-certified
224	hunter safety course to be eligible for a sportsman license, except that:
225	(1) Fishing Only Sportsman License. A sportsman license may be issued which
226	permits fishing only. In such circumstances, successful completion of a state-
227	certified hunter safety course is not required and the Department shall internally
228	record such licenses as permitting fishing only.
229	(A) A person issued a "fishing only" sportsman license may not hunt or
230	trap, or be eligible to hunt or trap, until the licensee provides the
230	Department with proof of successful completion of a state-certified hunter
231	safety course.
232	(B) Any licensee holding a fishing only sportsman license may name a
234	designated hunter to fill the hunting or trapping permits that regularly
235	accompany a sportsman license based on the rules established pursuant to
236	this Law. For the requirements related to naming a designated hunter,
237	refer to section 406.9-4.
238	406.6-2. Ceremonial and/or Feast Permit. Tribal members may apply for a ceremonial and/or
239	feast permit to group hunt wildlife outside of the regular applicable seasons.
240	(a) When the ceremonial and/or feast permit is for deer hunting, it may only be issued for
241	antlerless deer.
242	(b) A ceremonial and/or feast permit may be issued to a group and/or organization
243	meeting each of the following requirements:
244	(1) At least eighty-five percent (85%) of the group and/or organization members
245	are Tribal members;
246	(2) The agent of the group/organization is a Tribal member;
247	(3) The occasion for the ceremonial and/or feast requiring the hunt out of season
248	is recognized by the Oneida community; and
249	(4) The hunt takes place on the reservation.
250	(c) All persons participating in the ceremonial and/or feast hunt shall be named hunters
251	on the ceremonial and/or feast permit.
252	(d) The agent of the group ceremonial and/or feast hunt shall notify the Department
253	warden of the time and place where the hunt will take place no later than twenty-four (24)
254	hours prior to the hunt. The Department warden may monitor any portion, or the entirety,
255	of the group ceremonial and/or feast hunt.
256	406.6-3. Other Permits, Tags and Stamps. In accordance with this law and corresponding rules,
257	the Department may issue permits authorizing a person to engage in specific hunting, fishing
258	and/or trapping activities, including nuisance animal removal permits pursuant to section 406.8-
258	2.
	406.6-4. It is unlawful for any person to:
260	51
261	(a) Provide false information or fail to report relevant information as requested by the
262	Department, when applying for a license or permit; or
263	(b) Aid another in fraudulently securing a license or permit.
264	406.6-5. Except as provided under sections 406.6-1(b)(1)(A), 406.9-4 and 406.9-6, licenses
265	and/or permits are not transferable and may not be altered, defaced or lent to or from another
266	person, any may not be used by any person other than the person to whom the license and/or
267	permit is issued.
268	406.6-6. Disabled Hunter Permits. The Department may issue a disabled hunter permit to any
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person who is physically disabled, upon a showing of medical verification of a physical disability. Disabled hunters shall display the disabled hunter permit sticker in a manner and location as required by the Department. A disabled hunter permit authorizes a person to hunt from a stationary vehicle within fifty (50) feet on the center of a road as further detailed in the rules developed pursuant to this law.

- 274 406.6-7. Denial of a License or Permit.
- (a) The Department may decline to issue a license and/or permit to an applicant if:
 - (1) The applicant has unpaid fines, civil assessments, other fees and/or restitution owed because of a violation of this law and/or corresponding rules.
- (2) At any time and for any reason, the Department determines that issuing the
 license and/or permit poses a risk to the health, safety, and/or welfare of the
 Nation, to natural resources on the reservation, or to any persons. There is a
 rebuttable presumption that an applicant poses such a risk under the following
 circumstances:
- (A) At the time of the request, the applicant's hunting, fishing or trapping
 license, permit or related privileges are suspended or revoked in any
 jurisdiction.
 (B) Within three (3) years of the request, the applicant has repeatedly
 - (B) Within three (3) years of the request, the applicant has repeatedly and/or egregiously done any one (1) or more of the following:
- (i) violated this law and/or corresponding rules and/or the
 hunting, fishing, or trapping laws and regulations of other
 jurisdictions;
 (ii) violated other laws or rules of the Nation while engaged in
 - (ii) violated other laws or rules of the Nation while engaged in hunting, fishing or trapping activities; or
- 293 (iii) demonstrated poor judgment, disregard for safety or
 294 unsportsmanlike behavior while hunting, fishing or trapping;
 295 including while interacting with other sportsmen or with wardens,
 296 of this jurisdiction or any other.
- 297(C) At any time, the applicant has been found guilty of imposing or298threatening to impose great bodily harm on another. For the purposes of299this section, great bodily harm means bodily injury which creates a300substantial risk of death, or which causes serious permanent301disfigurement, or which causes a permanent or protracted loss or302impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ or other serious303bodily injury.
- 304 (b) Any person who has had a license or permit denied in accordance with section 406.6305 7(a) may appeal the Department's decision by requesting a hearing before ERB pursuant
 306 to section 406.10-4.
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- 308 406.7. General Requirements
- 309 406.7-1. Persons may not:
- (a) Enter onto private lands and/or waters to take or retrieve wildlife, without permission
 from the landowner, lessee or occupant.
- (b) Leave, deposit, place or throw litter, debris, wildlife, or any other waste material, onthe reservation's lands and waters.
- 314 (c) Cause damage to land or property belonging to another, including but not limited to,
- 315 the Department's decoys placed for law enforcement purposes by Department wardens or

- 316 other law enforcement officers, and signs that give notice of a hunting and/or trespass 317 restriction.
- 318 (d) Carelessly waste wildlife. Persons hunting, trapping or fishing shall make every 319 reasonable effort to retrieve all wildlife killed or crippled, provided that all persons shall 320 comply with section 406.7-1(a).
- 321 (e) Knowingly disturb any den, nest, lodge, hut, dam or house that wildlife may build to 322 shelter themselves and their young.
- 323 (f) No person may take, pursue, injure, or harass small game while on or in its nest or 324 den, or remove any eggs or young except as may be approved in advance by the 325 Environmental Resource Board for activities which may include, but are not limited to, 326 normal agricultural or horticultural practices or wildlife research practices.
- 327 (g) Harvest wildlife with the aid of an explosive, poison, exploding point or tip, electrical 328 device or stupefying substance or agent.
- 329 (h) Take another person's wildlife or disturb another person's hunting, fishing, or 330 trapping equipment without permission; or otherwise interfere with the lawful hunting, 331 fishing, or trapping of another person.
- 332 (i) Stock or possess any live wildlife on the reservation without a permit.
- 333 (j) Introduce or release wildlife, fish eggs, or receptacles containing bait, on the 334 reservation or into reservation waters without a permit.
- 335 (k) Use in a reckless manner any device typically used for the harvesting of wildlife, 336 including but not limited to, firearms, bows, traps and knives.
- 337 (1) Shoot firearms, or place or operate any traps, except live traps, within one hundred 338 (100) yards of any building structure, unless the owner-occupant, lessee or tenant has 339 given permission.
- 340 (m)Use a gas powered motorboat on the Nation's waters, except for the Department's use 341 for law enforcement and conservation purposes.
- 342 (n) Hunt, trap, or possess any hunting, or trapping equipment while on Tribal land where 343 hunting or trapping is expressly prohibited by the Nation's laws or rules.
- 344 (o) Sell or purchase wildlife that was harvested on the reservation, except as may be 345 expressly allowed by this law and corresponding rules.
- 346 (1) Under no circumstances may trading, gifting, or sharing of wildlife for 347
 - traditional or ceremonial purposes be considered a violation of this section.
- (p) Refuse to obey a Department warden's lawful order. 348
- 349 (q) Inflict or threaten to inflict bodily harm upon a Department warden. For the purposes 350 of this law, "bodily harm" means physical pain or injury or any impairment of the 351 physical condition.
- 352 406.7-2. Possession, Registration and Transportation of Carcasses. No person may hunt, trap, 353 possess or transport any wildlife unless he or she possesses the appropriate license and any 354 required permit, including tags, for harvesting and/or possessing such wildlife.
- 355 406.7-3. Any person who accidentally collides with and kills a deer while operating a vehicle 356 on a roadway, may retain possession of the said deer, provided that the person shall have the deer 357 tagged by the Department or the Department's designee.
- 358 406.7-4. Carcass Tags. Except as otherwise provided in this law and corresponding rules, any 359 person hunting a species of wildlife which is required to be tagged, shall possess a valid carcass 360 tag, and, upon harvest, shall immediately validate and attach the tag to the carcass in such 361 manner as ERB and the Department shall jointly establish in its the rules. No person may 362 possess or transport harvested wildlife that is not properly tagged in accordance with this law and

363 corresponding rules.

406.7-5. *Health Advisory*. ERB and the Department shall ensure that all hunting and fishing
rule booklets contain a warning stating that fish caught in Duck Creek, as well as ducks, geese
and other wildlife may contain Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCBs) which may pose risks of health
defects, that such risks are greatest for women and children, and that detailed information about
PCBs is available from the Department upon request.

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370 406.8. Wildlife Damage and Nuisance Control

406.8-1. Landowners and lessees may remove wildlife considered a nuisance animal from land under their control and their associated structures, provided that landowners and lessees shall satisfy all requirements of this law and corresponding rules , including, but not limited to the permitted methods of taking and hunting hours. Further, live-captured nuisance animals may not be relocated to Tribal lands without express written authorization from the Department, and, similarly, may not be relocated to private property without express written authorization from the landowner.

378 406.8-2. *Nuisance Animal Removal Permit.* A nuisance animal removal permit is required to
 379 hunt, trap, or live-capture and relocate any endangered or threatened and protected species.

- (a) In order to be eligible for a nuisance animal removal permit, the applicant shalldemonstrate that:
- (1) He or she has the authority to control hunting and trapping access to the lands
 subject to the nuisance or being damaged as well as any contiguous lands. In
 circumstances where the contiguous lands are not owned or leased by the
 applicant, the applicant shall demonstrate authority to control hunting and
 trapping access to the contiguous lands by providing the Department with the
 property owner's or lessor's written consent;
- 388 (2) He or she either is employing or agrees to employ, reasonable alternative
 389 abatement methods to removal;
- 390 (3) The wildlife sought to be removed is a nuisance animal and reasonable
 391 alternative abatement methods either have been or are reasonably likely to be
 392 unsuccessful;
- 393 (4) He or she has complied with this law and corresponding rules and the
 394 conditions of any previously-issued nuisance animal removal permit, at a
 395 minimum, for the previous twelve (12) months from the date he or she applies for
 396 the permit;
- 397 (5) The nuisance animal removal permit applied for does not conflict with any
 398 provisions of the Nation's agreement with the United States Fish and Wildlife
 399 Service regarding the taking of birds classified as migratory under 50 CFR 10.13.
- (b) Each permittee shall keep a record of all permit activities and shall provide the said
 permit record to the Department within ten (10) days of the permit's expiration. At a
 minimum, the permittee shall include in the record any agents assigned under section
 403 406.8-4 and the total number of nuisance animals removed pursuant to the permit,
 provided that, the Department may name additional items required to be included in the
 record. All permit records may be inspected by the Department at any time.
- 406 (c) The permittee shall return all unused permits, including carcass tags, to the 407 Department within ten (10) days of the permit's expiration.
- 408 406.8-3. Nuisance Animal Removal Permit Not Required. A nuisance animal removal permit is
 409 not required if the nuisance animal would otherwise be exempt from the license and permit
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- 410 requirements under section 406.6-1(a)(2). Also, a nuisance animal removal permit is specifically 411 not required in following circumstances:
- (a) *Beaver*. A nuisance animal removal permit is not needed for a landowner, lessee, or
 an authorized agent to hunt or trap beaver(s) that are nuisance animals, or to remove a
 beaver dam. However, only the landowner and the Department may set traps on a beaver
 dam on Tribal land; this privilege may not be transferred to an agent.
- (b) *Emergencies*. Nuisance animals for which a nuisance animal removal permit is
 otherwise required, may be removed without the required permit if such removal is
 necessary to maintain a person's immediate health and safety.
- 419 (1) Persons taking a nuisance animal under emergency circumstances shall report
 420 the emergency taking to the Department on the required form available with the
 421 Department.
- 422 (2) The Department shall conduct an investigation into the validity of the alleged
 423 emergency circumstance. If the investigation provides clear and convincing
 424 evidence that the taking was not in fact required due to a legitimate threat to a
 425 person's immediate health and safety, the Department shall classify the taking an
 426 unlawful taking without a permit and shall take the appropriate corrective
 427 measures.
- 428 406.8-4. *Designated Agents*. A landowner may utilize an agent to remove a nuisance animal 429 pursuant to the provisions of this law. If the requirements of this law and corresponding rules are 430 satisfied, the landowner's nuisance animal removal permit and associated carcass tags, if 431 applicable, may be utilized by the landowner's assigned agent.
- 432 (a) In order for an agent to be assigned to remove a nuisance animal, the landowner shall433 ensure that the following conditions are met:
- 434 (1) The agent shall have a valid license for hunting or trapping that nuisance435 animal's species;
- 436 (2) The landowner shall grant written permission to the agent specifically437 identifying the following:
- 438 (A) The location of the nuisance animal where the removal activities are439 sought to occur;
- 440 (B) An authorized time period for the removal of the nuisance animal; and
- 441 (C) Any other information as may be required by the rules established 442 pursuant to this law.
- (b) The Department may limit the number of persons permitted to assist in a removal.
- 444 (c) The landowner or lessee permittee may not charge any assigned agent any form of fee.
- 446 406.8-5. *Annual Migratory Bird Report*. Persons killing crows, cowbirds, grackles, and red447 winged blackbirds shall provide an annual report to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Region 3
 448 Migratory Bird Permit Office by January 31st for all such takings occurring within the previous
 449 January to December.
- 450 406.8-6. *Department Warden's Access*. Any landowner or lessee pursuing the removal of a 451 nuisance animal shall grant Department wardens free and unrestricted access to the premises on 452 which the said removal is being conducted, is anticipated to be conducted, or has been 453 conducted. Further, the landowner or lessee, and the landowner's agent, if applicable, shall 454 promptly furnish any information requested by a Department warden relating to the said 455 removal.
- 456 406.8-7. *Retaining Fur, Carcasses and other Parts of Nuisance Animals.* The following applies 4 O.C. 406 page 10

457 to nuisance animals removed in accordance with this section:

- (a) The permittee and each agent assigned under section 406.8-4 may retain no more than
 one (1) deer removed pursuant to a nuisance animal removal permit. The Department
 shall distribute or dispose of any deer that are not so retained by offering them to Tribal
 members in the following order:
- 462 (1) Elders;

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- (2) Disabled persons; and
- (3) Any other interested persons.

(b) In order to keep, either for oneself or for sale, the furs of a nuisance animal taken
pursuant to a nuisance animal removal permit, the permittee shall be explicitly and
separately authorized by the permit to retain the wildlife and to sell the wildlife.

- (c) Furs from nuisance animals which did not require a nuisance animal removal permit
 in order to be removed, may be retained by a landowner, lessee or assigned agent without
 a permit. Provided that the landowner, lessee or assigned agent shall have a valid license
 and/or permit in order to commercialize in, sell, trade, ship or transport any wildlife,
 except that any squirrels' parts retained may be sold during the closed season.
- 474 **406.9.** Hunting
- 475 406.9-1. *General Firearm and Archer Restrictions*. Persons may not:

476 (a) Hunt using any weapon other than a firearm, air rifle, bow or crossbow that is477 authorized under this law and corresponding rules for the taking of a particular species.

- (b) Discharge a firearm, air rifle, bow or crossbow:
- (1) Into reservation lakes, reservoirs, or any area designated for public use
 pursuant to the Public Use of Tribal Land law, except for the purpose of hunting
 migratory birds during established seasons, in accordance with the rules created
 pursuant to this law;
- 483 (2) Across any roadway; or
 - (3) Within one hundred (100) yards of any structure, unless the owner-occupant, lessee or tenant has granted express permission.
- 486 (c) Transport any loaded firearm, air rifle, or cocked bow or crossbow in a vehicle.
- 487 406.9-2. *General Hunting Restrictions*. Persons may not, unless specifically authorized by a 488 permit, if applicable, do any of the following:
- 489 (a) Hunt with the use of aircraft;
- 490 (b) Hunt within fifty (50) feet of the center of a paved road;
- 491 (c) Hunt from a vehicle;
- 492 (d) Hunt while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- 493 (e) Hunt with the aid of artificial light, provided that it is permissible to use artificial light
- 494 to find one's way and while hunting on foot, at the point of harvest of coyote, raccoon, 495 fox, or any other authorized unprotected species;
- 496 (f) Shine between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and sunrise during the months of September,
 497 October, November and December; during all other months, shining is allowed at any
 498 hour;
- (g) Hunt in a party of more than ten (10) persons;
- 500 (h) Hunt with, or possess while hunting:
- 501 (1) Any firearm for which the possession is unlawful under Wisconsin or Federal law;
 503 (2) Slugs, except that a person may possess slugs during deer firearm season if he
 - (2) Slugs, except that a person may possess slugs during deer firearm season if he 4 O.C. 406 page 11

504	or she also possesses the required associated permit;
505	(3) A handgun with a barrel length of less than five (5) inches;
506	(4) A concealed handgun without a valid permit from the State of Wisconsin;
507	and/or
508	(5) Any of the following without a valid federal permit:
509	(A)A shotgun that has a barrel length of less than eighteen (18) inches or
510	an overall length of less than twenty-six (26) inches;
511	(B) A rifle that has a barrel length of less than sixteen (16) inches or an
512	overall length of less than twenty-six (26) inches;
513	(C) A fully-automatic firearm;
514	(D) Any mechanism designed to muffle, silence or minimize the report of
515	any firearm.
516	406.9-3. Accidents. Any person, who discharges a firearm, bow, or crossbow while hunting
517	and injures another person, shall render or attempt to obtain necessary medical assistance,
518	provide the injured person with his or her name and contact information including address, and
519	report the accident to either the Department or the Oneida Police Department as soon as possible.
520	406.9-4. Designated Hunters. A permittee may name a designated hunter to hunt, fish, or trap
521	on behalf of the permittee in the event that the permittee is physically or legally unable to take
522	pursuant to his or her own permit, provided that, the designated hunter shall provide his or her
523	name and contact information to the Department along with a signed statement from the original
524	permittee naming the designated hunter. The designated hunter shall receive the Department's
525	approval of the designation before using the permits of the original permittee.
526	(a) To be eligible to be named a Designated Hunter, the named person shall:
527	(a) To be englishe to be named a Designated Hanter, the named person shart. (1) Possess a valid hunting license;
528	(2) Be eligible for the permits for which the person is named the designated
529	hunter; and
530	(3) Meet any other requirements of the rules created pursuant to this law.
531	(b) Designated hunters may hunt for the number of permittees as authorized by the rules
532	developed pursuant to this law.
533	(c) Any wildlife taken by a designated hunter remains the property of the original
534	permittee; the designated hunter shall transfer any wildlife taken by designation to the
535	original permittee's possession as soon as practicable following the taking.
536	406.9-5. Age Restrictions.
537	(a) Persons between the ages of twelve (12) and fourteen (14) years old may only hunt if
538	they have obtained the required license and permits and are under the immediate
539	supervision of a parent, legal guardian or a responsible adult to which a parent or legal
539 540	
540 541	guardian has delegated his or her supervisory responsibilities. Adults accompanying
	youth hunters pursuant to this section shall remain within voice and sight contact of the
542 543	youth hunters at all times. (b) Tribal members, descendents ² non member Indians and dependents aged top (10) or
543	(b) Tribal members, descendants ² , non-member Indians and dependents aged ten (10) or
544 545	eleven (11) years old may hunt if they have a mentor present while hunting and have
545 546	obtained any required licenses and permits.
546	(c) Tribal members, descendants ³ , non-member Indians and dependents having less than

² Requirements for descendancy are determined by the Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee. ³ See footnote 2.

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- ten (10) years of age may accompany a mentor while hunting, provided that youth under
 the age of ten (10) may not use a weapon during the hunt.
 (d) The following limitations apply to youth hunters and their mentors hunting pursuant
 to this section:
- (1) Only one (1) weapon may be possessed jointly between the mentor and his or her mentee(s);
 (2) Mentors may mentor a maximum of two (2) youth hunters at the same time;
 - (2) Mentors may mentor a maximum of two (2) youth hunters at the same time; and
- 555 (3) The mentor shall remain within an arm's grasp of each youth hunter at all times.
 - (e) In order to be eligible to be a mentor, the person shall:
 - (1) Be at least eighteen (18) years old;
 - (2) Have a valid license and any required permits; and
- 560 (3) Be the youth hunter's parent or legal guardian or have permission from the561 hunter's parent or legal guardian to be the hunter's mentor.
- 562 406.9-6. *Deer Hunting Parties*. A deer hunting party consists of a minimum of two (2) people 563 and may be limited in size as provided in the rules developed pursuant to this law. Any member 564 of a deer hunting party may harvest deer on behalf of another member of the deer hunting party 565 under the following circumstances:
- (a) At the time and place of the harvest, the member of the hunting party who harvests
 the deer shall be in contact with the member of the hunting party on whose behalf the
 deer was harvested. For the purpose of this section, contact means visual or voice contact
 without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing
 aid. Hand radios are permitted, however may not be used as an acceptable means of
 contact as required in this section.
- 572 (b) The member of the hunting party for whom the deer was harvested shall possess a 573 valid, license and carcass tag for the deer.
- 574 (c) The member of the hunting party who harvests the deer shall ensure that a valid 575 carcass tag is attached to the deer by a member of the hunting party prior to field dressing 576 and moving the deer; the member of the hunting party that harvests the deer may not 577 leave said deer unattended until it has been properly tagged.
- 579 406.10. Enforcement and Penalties

580 406.10-1. *Reporting Violations*. All persons shall report any violation(s) of this law and/or the 581 corresponding rules to the Department or the Oneida Police Department. The department 582 receiving information regarding violations shall keep the information confidential.

- 406.10-2. *Licenses/Permits Suspension, Revocation and/or Ineligibility.* The Department may
 suspend, revoke or deem a party ineligible for a license or permit as a penalty for committing any
 one (1) of the following acts or any combination thereof:
- (a) Has committed an act causing any of his or hers hunting, fishing or trapping licenses,
 permits or privileges to be suspended or revoked by any other jurisdiction, whether it be
 tribal, state or federal, where, for the purposes of this section, a person's right to possess
 firearms is considered a hunting privilege;
- 590 (b) Provides false information, or assists other in providing false information, when 591 applying for a license or permit;

- (c) Fails to timely pay a fine or abide by a penalty assessed against him or her as a
 consequence for violating the provisions of this law and/or the corresponding rules;
 and/or
- (d) Violates this law and/or the corresponding rules and the violation is one for which the
 citation schedule identifies suspension, revocation, or ineligibility of a license or permit
 as an available penalty.
- 598 406.10-3. *Warning and Citations*. Department wardens may issue verbal and/or written 599 warnings and/or citations to any person found to be in violation of this law and/or the 600 corresponding rules. The Department shall ensure that all warning and citations identify the 601 relevant violation and, if applicable, the fine and/or penalties imposed as a consequence of the 602 violation.
- 406.10-4. Appeal of License and/or Permit Decision. Any person wishing to contest a decision
 of the Department related to a license and/or permit may appeal such action by filing a complaint
 with the Judiciary Trial Court naming the Department.
- 606 406.10-5. *Contested Action Hearings*. All citations, orders and declarations issued pursuant to 607 this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the
- next scheduled monthly prehearing date while the statistical of the court which shall be set for the issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing,
- 613 for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation 614 was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make 615 conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.
- 616 (a) *Community Service*. Community service may be substituted for fines at the 617 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of 618 one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are
 payable to ERB or its designee, the proceeds of which ERB shall contribute to the
 Nation's general fund.
- (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to
 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- 625 (d) *Pursuing Payment of a Citation*. ERB may pursue payment from parties who have
- 626 failed to make the required payments through the garnishment process contained in the
- 627 Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal member's per capita payment pursuant to 628 the Per Capita law.
- 629 End.

Adopted - BC-8-31-94-C
Adopted - BC-4-24-96-A
Adopted - BC-07-22-98-A
Amended - BC-09-13-00-D
Amended - BC-6-04-03-A
Amended - BC-6-30-04-I
Amended - BC-7-13-05-E
Amended - BC-8-29-07-F
Amended - BC-06-24-09-E
Adopted - BC-07-22-98-A Amended - BC-09-13-00-D Amended - BC-6-04-03-A Amended - BC-6-30-04-I Amended - BC-7-13-05-E Amended - BC-8-29-07-F

Amended - BC-08-26-10-I Emergency Amended - BC-06-22-11-H (Expired) Amended – BC-12-14-11-E Amended – BC-05-22-13-A Amended – BC-01-25-17-D

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources – Chapter 406 HUNTING, FISHING AND TRAPPING

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Our laws concerning hunting, fishing and trapping

406.3.Definitions406.8.Wildlife Damage and Nuisance Control406.4.Jurisdiction406.9.Hunting406.5.Administration and Supervision406.10.Enforcement and Penalties	406.4.	Jurisdiction	406.9.	Hunting	
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406.1. Purpose and Policy

- 406.1-1. *Purpose*. The purpose of this law is to protect and conserve wildlife on the reservation
 and to promote respect among sportsmen, respect both the environment and fellow sportsmen.
- 5 406.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of this law to provide: 6 (a) An adequate and flexible system for the
 - (a) An adequate and flexible system for the protection, management, supervision, conservation, and enhancement of all wildlife and natural resources on the reservation; and
- 9 (b) An enforceable system of licensing and permitting which establishes clear rules 10 pursuant to the Administrative Rulemaking law related to hunting, fishing and trapping, 11 and associated fines and penalties for violations of this law and the said rules.

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406.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

14 406.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-8-31-94-

- 15 C, and amended by resolutions BC-4-24-96-A, BC-7-22-98-A, BC-09-13-00-D, BC-6-04-03-A,
- 16 BC- 6-30-04-I, BC-7-13-05-E, BC-8-29-07-F, BC-06-24-09-E, BC-08-26-10-I, BC-12-14-11-E, BC-05-22-13-A and BC-01-25-17-D.
- 17 BC-05-22-15-A and BC-01-25-17-D.
 18 406.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee pursuant to
- 19 the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 406.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
 circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
 which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 406.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of anotherlaw, the provisions of this law shall control.
- 406.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

27 **406.3. Definitions**

- 406.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law.
 All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
- (a) "Aircraft" means a conveyance that can travel through the air and that is supported
 either by its own lightness or by the action of the air against its surfaces. The term
 includes hovercraft and both manned aircraft such as airplanes and helicopters and
 unmanned aircraft such as drones.
- 34 (b) "Barrel Length" means the length of a gun's barrel as measured from the muzzle to
 35 the firing pin with the action closed, or from the muzzle to the breech face.
- 36 (c) "ERB" means the Environmental Resources Board.
- 37 (d) "Daily Bag Limit" means the maximum number of a species of wildlife that a
 38 person may take during a twenty-four (24) hour period measured from midnight to

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39	midnight.
40	(e) "Department" means the Oneida Conservation Department.
40	(f) "Dependent" means the Orlefta Conservation Department. (f) "Dependent" means a person under the age of eighteen (18) who is the child or
42	step-child of a Tribal member or who lives with a Tribal member for more than half of
43	the year.
44	(g) "Designated Hunter" means the person named by a permittee as authorized to
45	harvest wildlife on behalf of the permittee pursuant to the permit held by the permittee.
46	(h) "Elder" means any person fifty-five (55) years of age or older.
40	(i) "Endangered or Threatened" means any species of wildlife within the reservation in
47 48	
48	danger of extinction or likely to become in danger of distinction as recognized by ERB and the Department and under federal law
	and the Department and under federal law.
50	(j) "Fine" means a monetary punishment issued to a person violating this law and/or
51	the rules created pursuant to this law, which is payable to ERB or the Department within
52	the amount of time designated by the rules.
53	(k) "Fishing" means the taking, capturing, harvesting or attempting to take, capture or
54	harvest fish of any variety in any manner.
55	(l) "Hunt" or "Hunting" means shooting, shooting at, pursuing, taking, attempting to
56	take, catch, harvest or attempting to harvest any wildlife.
57	(m) "License" means a written document issued by the Department granting authority to
58	engage in specific activities covered under this law and the rules created pursuant to this
59	law.
60	(n) "Loaded" means any firearm containing a cartridge in the chamber or any firearm
61	containing a cartridge or cartridges in the attached cylinder, magazine or clip.
62	(1) Muzzleloading firearms may not be considered loaded if a percussion cap is
63	not covering the percussion nipple or .209 primers are not in the receiver.
64	(2) Flint lock muzzleloading firearms may not be considered loaded if the flash
65	pan is cleaned of powder.
66	(o) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
67	(p) "Non-Indian" means a person who is not a member of any federally recognized
68	Indian tribe, band, or community.
69	(q) "Non-Member Indian" means a person who is a member of a federally recognized
70	Indian tribe, band or community other than this Nation.
71	(r) "Nuisance Animal" means any wildlife causing and one (1) or combination of the
72	following:
73	(1) Damage to property;
74	(2) Damage to or endangered or threatened species of wildlife and/or plants;
75	(3) Depredation of crops and/or livestock; or
76	(4) Health and/or safety risks posed to persons.
77	(s) "Penalty" means a punishment, other than a fine, imposed on a person violating this
78	law and/or the rules created pursuant to this law and may include, but is not limited to,
79	the confiscation of equipment and/or wildlife with return of the same at the discretion of
80	ERB, the imposition of a wildlife protection assessment (civil recovery value), revocation
81	and/or ineligibility for licenses and/or permits for a specified period of time, and
82	restitution.
83	(t) "Permit" means a document, stamp or tag authorizing a specific activity which is
84	issued by the Department to the holder of a license.

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86 threatened, but for which ERB has established seasons, daily bag limits, or otherwise 87 restricted the taking of. "Reservation" means all the property within the exterior boundaries of the 88 (v) 89 reservation of the Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida 7 Stat. 90 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law. (w) "Rule" means a set of requirements, including citation fees and penalty schedules, 91 92 enacted by ERB and/or the Department in accordance with the Administrative 93 Rulemaking law based on authority delegated in this law in order to implement, interpret 94 and/or enforce this law. 95 (x) "Take" or "Taking" means pursuing, shooting, hunting, fishing, netting (including 96 placing or setting any net or other capturing device), capturing, harvesting, snaring or 97 trapping any wildlife, or attempting any of the foregoing. 98 (y) "Transport" means to bring or move from one place to another by means of 99 carrying, dragging, pushing, towing, or storing in or on a vehicle, aircraft or boat. 100 "Trapping" means the taking of, or attempting to take, any wildlife by means of (z) 101 setting or operating any device or mechanism that is designed, built, or made to close 102 upon, hold fast, snare or otherwise capture wildlife. 103 (aa) "Tribal Land" means any land within the reservation that is held in fee or in trust 104 and is owned by the Nation, a Tribal member, or a non-member Indian. 105 (bb) "Tribal Member" means an enrolled member of the Nation. 106 (cc) "Vehicle" means any self-propelled conveyance that derives power from a motor 107 and is used to transport persons or objects over land, including but not limited to, an 108 automobile, truck, sport utility vehicle, snowmobile, motorcycle, all-terrain vehicle, 109 moped or similar conveyance. 110 (dd) "Wildlife" means any non-domesticated mammal, bird, fish, reptile, or amphibian, 111 or any part or carcass of the same.¹ 112 113 406.4. Jurisdiction 114 406.4-1. This law applies to the following persons: (a) All Tribal members. 115 116 (b) All non-member Indians, and (c) All non-Indians who: 117 118 (1) enter Tribal land, or 119 (2(1)) apply for and receive a license and/or permit-, and/or 120 (2) enter Tribal land. 121 (d) All persons as otherwise permitted under federal law. 122 406.4-2. This law applies: 123 (a) within the boundaries of the reservation, and 124 (b) on lands held in trust for the Nation outside the boundaries of the reservation. 125 406.4-3. <u>Lack of State Jurisdiction</u>. The Nation and the federal government have solehas jurisdiction over the management and regulation of the Nation's natural resources. Accordingly, 126

"Protected Species" means any species of wildlife that is not endangered or

¹ For additional information, please reference the definition of "domestic animal" in the Nation's Domestic Animal law; any animal that does not fall into the "domestic animal" classification is considered "wildlife" for the purpose of this law.

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107	licenses normite to sellever this law shall not negate the invisition of the State of Wissensin
127	licenses, permits, tagsHowever this law shall not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin
128	in certain instances involving non-member Indians and non-Indians. Thus, to hunt, fish, or trap
129	on tribal land, non-member Indians and the like issued by non-Indians shall adhere to the state
130	have no legal effect on lands over which Nation's license, permit, and tag requirements and may
131	also be subject to the Nation exercises its jurisdiction under Section 406.4-2. requirements of the
132	State of Wisconsin. License and permit holders may not exercise any hunting, fishing, or
133	tapping privileges within the Reservation boundaries using a State of Wisconsin license that
134	would amount to greater privileges than those afford pursuant to this Law and associated rules.
135	
136	406.5. Administration and Supervision
137	406.5-1. ERB and the Department, shall protect, manage, supervise, conserve, and enhance all
138	wildlife within the reservation. ERB and the Department shall jointly establish and maintain the
139	rules that are required to implement this law. The Department shall administer and enforce this
140	law and the rules created pursuant to this law.
141	406.5-2. Authority. In addition to any other duties delegated to ERB and the Department under
142	this law, jointly, ERB and the Department are hereby jointly delegated the rulemaking authority
143	to:
144	(a) Determine the types and number of licenses and permits that may be issued by the
145	Department, including how many licenses and permits that may be issued to non-Indian
146	hunters.
147	(b) Establish a fee schedule and application requirements and deadlines for obtaining
148	licenses and/or permits.
149	(c) Establish or amend daily bag limits and possession limits based on the supply of
150	wildlife, the needs of conservation, and the objective of achieving a fair allocation of the
151	harvest. Restrictions in such rules may include, but are not limited to, limits related to
152	gender, species, size, age, and maturity.
153	(d) Based on the monitoring and supervision of all wildlife, when necessary, declare any
154	species in need of protection a protected species or an endangered or threatened species,
155	and thereafter modify or revoke such declarations as may be appropriate.
156	(e) Fix, shorten, extend or close seasons and hunting hours on any wildlife. Provided that
157	ERB and the Department shall base the open season for the hunting of migratory birds on
158	the Nation's agreement with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
159	(f) Establish and/or modify areas' territorial limits, including bodies of water or parts
160	thereof, for any of the following, as may be necessary:
161	(1) the taking of wildlife;
162	(2) other specified areas, pursuant to the rules jointly developed by ERB and the
163	Department.
164	(g) Establish methods for checking persons into and out of areas specified under
165	subsection (f) above.
166	(h) Regulate the operation of boats upon reservation waters and the operation of vehicles
167	and aircraft used while hunting, fishing or trapping.
168	(i) Regulate and prescribe the means and methods by which wildlife may be taken,
169	including, but not limited to, the use of:
170	(1) bait;
171	(1) $\operatorname{built,}$ (2) decoys;
172	(2) decoys, (3) hunting dogs
1/4	(5) Hunting 4055
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173	(4) traps;
174	(5) firearms;
175	(6) ammunition;
176	(7) laser sights; and
177	(8) night vision.
178	(j) Regulate the transportation, registration, tagging, and storage of all wildlife within the
179	reservation and the shipment or transportation of wildlife off the reservation.
180	(k) Prescribe safety and fire control measures and other rules as may be necessary for
181	range, forest or wildlife management, and/or for the safety and welfare of outdoor
182	recreationists, landowners, lessees, occupants and the Nation.
183	(1) Establish a process for retention, storage and disposal of items confiscated or turned
184	over to the Department in accordance with this law and the rules established pursuant to
185	this law.
186	(m)Establish a citation schedule that sets the monetary fines and penalties for violations
187	of this law and/or the rules established pursuant to this law.
188	(n) Create other rules as specifically directed throughout this law or as may be necessary
189	to implement this law. ERB shall provide notice of said rules both on ERB's the Nation's
190	website and ERB and/or the Department shall develop a rule booklet, which the
191	Department shall provide to each person receiving a license or permit pursuant to this
192	law.
193	406.5-3. Department Wardens. Department wardens shall enforce this law and corresponding
194	rules on the reservation, and, accordingly shall:
195	(a) Observe persons engaged in hunting, fishing and/or trapping in order to ensure that
196	the methods and equipment utilized are lawful.
197	(b) Investigate reports of violations of wildlife and environmental laws, including, but
198	not limited to, this law and corresponding rules.
199	(c) Work to prevent persons from violating this law and/or the corresponding rules.
200	(d) Issue warnings and/or citations, which may include fines and/or penalties, for
201	violations of this law and/or the corresponding rules.
202	406.5-4. Oneida Police Department. Any Oneida Police Department officer, who observes a
203	violation of this law and/or corresponding rules, shall report such violation to the Department
204	and/or a Department warden. However, if immediate action is necessary to prevent imminent
205	danger to life or serious damage to property, the Oneida Police Department officer may issue a
206	warning or citation for the said violation(s) and/or prevent persons from committing the said
207	violation(s).
208	
209	406.6. Licenses and Permits
210	406.6-1. Sportsman License.
211	(a) A sportsman license is required for all persons hunting, fishing or trapping on Tribal
212	land, except:
213	(1) Fishing is permitted without a sportsman license for Tribal members,
214	dependents, and non-member Indians whom are sixteen (16) years of age or
215	younger.
216	(2) Landowners and lessees and guests with the permission of the landowners or
217	lessees, may hunt and trap the following species on the property they own or
218	lease, year-round, without a sportsman license:

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219	(A) coyote;
220	(\mathbf{B}) fox;
221	(C) raccoon;
222	(D) woodchuck;
223	(E) rabbit;
224	(F) squirrel; and
225	(G) any nuisance animal that is not an endangered or threaten species and
226	is also not a regulated or protected species.
227	(b) Anyone born on or after January 1, 1973 shall successfully complete a state-certified
228	hunter safety course to be eligible for a sportsman license, except that:
229	(1) Fishing Only Sportsman License. A sportsman license may be issued which
230	permits fishing only. In such circumstances, successful completion of a state-
231	certified hunter safety course is not required and the Department shall internally
232	record such licenses as permitting fishing only.
233	(A)A person issued a "fishing only" sportsman license may not hunt or
234	trap, or be eligible to hunt or trap, until the licensee provides the
235	Department with proof of successful completion of a state-certified hunter
236	safety course.
237	(B) Any licensee holding a fishing only sportsman license may name a
238	designated hunter to fill the hunting or trapping permits that regularly
239	accompany a sportsman license based on the rules established pursuant to
240	this Law. For the requirements related to naming a designated hunter,
241	refer to section 406.9-4.
242	406.6-2. Ceremonial and/or Feast Permit. Tribal members may apply for a ceremonial and/or
243	feast permit to group hunt wildlife outside of the regular applicable seasons.
244	(a) When the ceremonial and/or feast permit is for deer hunting, it may only be issued for
245	antlerless deer.
246	(b) A ceremonial and/or feast permit may be issued to a group and/or organization
247	meeting each of the following requirements:
248	(1) At least eighty-five percent (85%) of the group and/or organization members
249	are Tribal members;
250	(2) The agent of the group/organization is a Tribal member;
251	(3) The occasion for the ceremonial and/or feast requiring the hunt out of season
252	is recognized by the Oneida community; and
253	(4) The hunt takes place on the reservation.
254	(c) All persons participating in the ceremonial and/or feast hunt shall be named hunters
255	on the ceremonial and/or feast permit.
256	(d) The agent of the group ceremonial and/or feast hunt shall notify the Department
257	warden of the time and place where the hunt will take place no later than twenty-four (24)
258	hours prior to the hunt. The Department warden may monitor any portion, or the entirety,
259	of the group ceremonial and/or feast hunt.
260	406.6-3. Other Permits, Tags and Stamps. In accordance with this law and corresponding rules,
261	the Department may issue permits authorizing a person to engage in specific hunting, fishing
262	and/or trapping activities, including nuisance animal removal permits pursuant to section 406.8-
263	2.

264 406.6-4. It is unlawful for any person to:

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265 (a) Provide false information or fail to report relevant information as requested by the 266 Department, when applying for a license or permit; or 267 (b) Aid another in fraudulently securing a license or permit. 406.6-5. Except as provided under sections 406.6-1(b)(1)(A), 406.9-4 and 406.9-6, licenses 268 269 and/or permits are not transferable and may not be altered, defaced or lent to or from another 270 person, any may not be used by any person other than the person to whom the license and/or 271 permit is issued. 272 406.6-6. Disabled Hunter Permits. The Department may issue a disabled hunter permit to any 273 person who is physically disabled, upon a showing of medical verification of a physical 274 disability. Disabled hunters shall display the disabled hunter permit sticker in a manner and 275 location as required by the Department. A disabled hunter permit authorizes a person to hunt 276 from a stationary vehicle within fifty (50) feet on the center of a road as further detailed in the 277 rules developed pursuant to this law. 278 406.6-7. Denial of a License or Permit. 279 (a) The Department may decline to issue a license and/or permit to an applicant if: 280 (1) The applicant has unpaid fines, civil assessments, other fees and/or restitution 281 owed because of a violation of this law and/or corresponding rules. 282 (2) At any time and for any reason, the Department determines that issuing the 283 license and/or permit poses a risk to the health, safety, and/or welfare of the 284 Nation, to natural resources on the reservation, or to any persons. There is a 285 rebuttable presumption that an applicant poses such a risk under the following 286 circumstances: 287 (A)At the time of the request, the applicant's hunting, fishing or trapping 288 license, permit or related privileges are suspended or revoked in any 289 jurisdiction. 290 (B) Within three (3) years of the request, the applicant has repeatedly 291 and/or egregiously done any one (1) or more of the following: 292 (i) violated this law and/or corresponding rules and/or the 293 hunting, fishing, or trapping laws and regulations of other 294 jurisdictions; 295 (ii) violated other laws or rules of the Nation while engaged in 296 hunting, fishing or trapping activities; or 297 (iii) demonstrated poor judgment, disregard for safety or 298 unsportsmanlike behavior while hunting, fishing or trapping; 299 including while interacting with other sportsmen or with wardens, 300 of this jurisdiction or any other. 301 (C) At any time, the applicant has been found guilty of imposing or 302 threatening to impose great bodily harm on another. For the purposes of 303 this section, great bodily harm means bodily injury which creates a 304 substantial risk of death, or which causes serious permanent 305 disfigurement, or which causes a permanent or protracted loss or 306 impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ or other serious 307 bodily injury. 308 (b) Any person who has had a license or permit denied in accordance with section 406.6-309 7(a) may appeal the Department's decision by requesting a hearing before ERB pursuant 310 to section 406.10-4. 4 O.C. 406 - page 7

311 312 406.7. **General Requirements** 313 406.7-1. Persons may not: 314 (a) Enter onto private lands and/or waters to take or retrieve wildlife, without permission 315 from the landowner, lessee or occupant. 316 (b) Leave, deposit, place or throw litter, debris, wildlife, or any other waste material, on 317 the reservation's lands and waters. 318 (c) Cause damage to land or property belonging to another, including but not limited to, 319 the Department's decoys placed for law enforcement purposes by Department wardens or 320 other law enforcement officers, and signs that give notice of a hunting and/or trespass 321 restriction. 322 (d) Carelessly waste wildlife. Persons hunting, trapping or fishing shall make every 323 reasonable effort to retrieve all wildlife killed or crippled, provided that all persons shall 324 comply with section 406.7-1(a). 325 (e) Knowingly disturb any den, nest, lodge, hut, dam or house that wildlife may build to 326 shelter themselves and their young. (f) No person may take, pursue, injure, or harass small game while on or in its nest or 327 328 den, or remove any eggs or young except as may be approved in advance by the 329 Environmental Resource Board for activities which may include, but are not limited to, 330 normal agricultural or horticultural practices or wildlife research practices. 331 (g) Harvest wildlife with the aid of an explosive, poison, exploding point or tip, electrical 332 device or stupefying substance or agent. 333 (h) Take another person's wildlife or disturb another person's hunting, fishing, or 334 trapping equipment without permission; or otherwise interfere with the lawful hunting, 335 fishing, or trapping of another person. 336 (i) Stock or possess any live wildlife on the reservation without a permit. 337 (i) Introduce or release wildlife, fish eggs, or receptacles containing bait, on the 338 reservation or into reservation waters without a permit. 339 (k) Use in a reckless manner any device typically used for the harvesting of wildlife, 340 including but not limited to, firearms, bows, traps and knives. (1) Shoot firearms, or place or operate any traps, except live traps, within one hundred 341 (100) yards of any building structure, unless the owner-occupant, lessee or tenant has 342 343 given permission. 344 (m)Use a gas powered motorboat on the Nation's waters, except for the Department's use 345 for law enforcement and conservation purposes. 346 (n) Hunt, trap, or possess any hunting, or trapping equipment while on Tribal land where hunting or trapping is expressly prohibited by the Nation's laws or rules. 347 348 (o) Sell or purchase wildlife that was harvested on the reservation, except as may be 349 expressly allowed by this law and corresponding rules. 350 (1) Under no circumstances may trading, gifting, or sharing of wildlife for 351 traditional or ceremonial purposes be considered a violation of this section. 352 (p) Refuse to obey a Department warden's lawful order. 353 (q) Inflict or threaten to inflict bodily harm upon a Department warden. For the purposes 354 of this law, "bodily harm" means physical pain or injury or any impairment of the 355 physical condition. 356 406.7-2. Possession, Registration and Transportation of Carcasses. No person may hunt, trap,

- 357 possess or transport any wildlife unless he or she possesses the appropriate license and any 358 required permit, including tags, for harvesting and/or possessing such wildlife.
- 359 406.7-3. Any person who accidentally collides with and kills a deer while operating a vehicle
- on a roadway, may retain possession of the said deer, provided that the person shall have the deer
 tagged by the Department or the Department's designee.
- 406.7-4. *Carcass Tags*. Except as otherwise provided in this law and corresponding rules, any person hunting a species of wildlife which is required to be tagged, shall possess a valid carcass tag, and, upon harvest, shall immediately validate and attach the tag to the carcass in such manner as ERB and the Department shall jointly establish in its the rules. No person may possess or transport harvested wildlife that is not properly tagged in accordance with this law and corresponding rules.
- 406.7-5. *Health Advisory*. ERB and the Department shall ensure that all hunting and fishing
 rule booklets contain a warning stating that fish caught in Duck Creek, as well as ducks, geese
 and other wildlife may contain Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCBs) which may pose risks of health
 defects, that such risks are greatest for women and children, and that detailed information about
 PCBs is available from the Department upon request.
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406.8. Wildlife Damage and Nuisance Control

- 406.8-1. Landowners and lessees may remove wildlife considered a nuisance animal from land under their control and their associated structures, provided that landowners and lessees shall satisfy all requirements of this law and corresponding rules , including, but not limited to the permitted methods of taking and hunting hours. Further, live-captured nuisance animals may not be relocated to Tribal lands without express written authorization from the Department, and, similarly, may not be relocated to private property without express written authorization from the landowner.
- 382 406.8-2. *Nuisance Animal Removal Permit*. A nuisance animal removal permit is required to
 383 hunt, trap, or live-capture and relocate any endangered or threatened and protected species.
- (a) In order to be eligible for a nuisance animal removal permit, the applicant shalldemonstrate that:
- (1) He or she has the authority to control hunting and trapping access to the lands
 subject to the nuisance or being damaged as well as any contiguous lands. In
 circumstances where the contiguous lands are not owned or leased by the
 applicant, the applicant shall demonstrate authority to control hunting and
 trapping access to the contiguous lands by providing the Department with the
 property owner's or lessor's written consent;
- 392 (2) He or she either is employing or agrees to employ, reasonable alternative393 abatement methods to removal;
- 394 (3) The wildlife sought to be removed is a nuisance animal and reasonable
 395 alternative abatement methods either have been or are reasonably likely to be
 396 unsuccessful;
- 397 (4) He or she has complied with this law and corresponding rules and the
 398 conditions of any previously-issued nuisance animal removal permit, at a
 399 minimum, for the previous twelve (12) months from the date he or she applies for
 400 the permit;
- 401(5) The nuisance animal removal permit applied for does not conflict with any
provisions of the Nation's agreement with the United States Fish and Wildlife

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403 Service regarding the taking of birds classified as migratory under 50 CFR 10.13. 404 (b) Each permittee shall keep a record of all permit activities and shall provide the said 405 permit record to the Department within ten (10) days of the permit's expiration. At a 406 minimum, the permittee shall include in the record any agents assigned under section 407 406.8-4 and the total number of nuisance animals removed pursuant to the permit, 408 provided that, the Department may name additional items required to be included in the 409 record. All permit records may be inspected by the Department at any time.

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(c) The permittee shall return all unused permits, including carcass tags, to the 411 Department within ten (10) days of the permit's expiration.

412 406.8-3. Nuisance Animal Removal Permit Not Required. A nuisance animal removal permit is 413 not required if the nuisance animal would otherwise be exempt from the license and permit 414 requirements under section 406.6-1(a)(2). Also, a nuisance animal removal permit is specifically 415 not required in following circumstances:

- 416 (a) Beaver. A nuisance animal removal permit is not needed for a landowner, lessee, or 417 an authorized agent to hunt or trap beaver(s) that are nuisance animals, or to remove a 418 beaver dam. However, only the landowner and the Department may set traps on a beaver 419 dam on Tribal land; this privilege may not be transferred to an agent.
- 420 (b) Emergencies. Nuisance animals for which a nuisance animal removal permit is 421 otherwise required, may be removed without the required permit if such removal is 422 necessary to maintain a person's immediate health and safety.
- 423 (1) Persons taking a nuisance animal under emergency circumstances shall report 424 the emergency taking to the Department on the required form available with the 425 Department.
- 426 (2) The Department shall conduct an investigation into the validity of the alleged 427 emergency circumstance. If the investigation provides clear and convincing 428 evidence that the taking was not in fact required due to a legitimate threat to a 429 person's immediate health and safety, the Department shall classify the taking an 430 unlawful taking without a permit and shall take the appropriate corrective 431 measures.
- 432 406.8-4. Designated Agents. A landowner may utilize an agent to remove a nuisance animal 433 pursuant to the provisions of this law. If the requirements of this law and corresponding rules are 434 satisfied, the landowner's nuisance animal removal permit and associated carcass tags, if 435 applicable, may be utilized by the landowner's assigned agent.
- (a) In order for an agent to be assigned to remove a nuisance animal, the landowner shall 436 437 ensure that the following conditions are met:
- 438 (1) The agent shall have a valid license for hunting or trapping that nuisance 439 animal's species;
- 440 (2) The landowner shall grant written permission to the agent specifically identifying the following: 441
- 442 (A) The location of the nuisance animal where the removal activities are sought to occur; 443
- 444 (B) An authorized time period for the removal of the nuisance animal; and
- 445 (C) Any other information as may be required by the rules established 446 pursuant to this law.
- 447 (b) The Department may limit the number of persons permitted to assist in a removal.
- 448 (c) The landowner or lessee permittee may not charge any assigned agent any form of

449 fee.

450 406.8-5. *Annual Migratory Bird Report*. Persons killing crows, cowbirds, grackles, and red-451 winged blackbirds shall provide an annual report to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Region 3

- 452 Migratory Bird Permit Office by January 31st for all such takings occurring within the previous 453 January to December.
- 454 406.8-6. *Department Warden's Access*. Any landowner or lessee pursuing the removal of a 455 nuisance animal shall grant Department wardens free and unrestricted access to the premises on 456 which the said removal is being conducted, is anticipated to be conducted, or has been 457 conducted. Further, the landowner or lessee, and the landowner's agent, if applicable, shall 458 promptly furnish any information requested by a Department warden relating to the said 459 removal.
- 460 406.8-7. *Retaining Fur, Carcasses and other Parts of Nuisance Animals.* The following applies
 461 to nuisance animals removed in accordance with this section:
- (a) The permittee and each agent assigned under section 406.8-4 may retain no more than
 one (1) deer removed pursuant to a nuisance animal removal permit. The Department
 shall distribute or dispose of any deer that are not so retained by offering them to Tribal
 members in the following order:
- 466 (1) Elders;
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- (2) Disabled persons; and(3) Any other interested persons.
- (3) Any other interested persons.
 (b) In order to keep, either for oneself or for sale, the furs of a nuisance animal taken pursuant to a nuisance animal removal permit, the permittee shall be explicitly and separately authorized by the permit to retain the wildlife and to sell the wildlife.
- (c) Furs from nuisance animals which did not require a nuisance animal removal permit
 in order to be removed, may be retained by a landowner, lessee or assigned agent without
 a permit. Provided that the landowner, lessee or assigned agent shall have a valid license
 and/or permit in order to commercialize in, sell, trade, ship or transport any wildlife,
 except that any squirrels' parts retained may be sold during the closed season.

478 **406.9.** Hunting

- 479 406.9-1. *General Firearm and Archer Restrictions*. Persons may not:
- 480 (a) Hunt using any weapon other than a firearm, air rifle, bow or crossbow that is481 authorized under this law and corresponding rules for the taking of a particular species.
- 482 (b) Discharge a firearm, air rifle, bow or crossbow:
- 483 (1) Into reservation lakes, reservoirs, or any area designated for public use
 484 pursuant to the Public Use of Tribal Land law, except for the purpose of hunting
 485 migratory birds during established seasons, in accordance with the rules created
 486 pursuant to this law;
- 487 (2) Across any roadway; or
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 (3) Within one hundred (100) yards of any structure, unless the owner-occupant, lessee or tenant has granted express permission.
- 490 (c) Transport any loaded firearm, air rifle, or cocked bow or crossbow in a vehicle.
- 491 406.9-2. *General Hunting Restrictions*. Persons may not, unless specifically authorized by a 492 permit, if applicable, do any of the following:
- 493 (a) Hunt with the use of aircraft;
- (b) Hunt within fifty (50) feet of the center of a paved road;

495 (c) Hunt from a vehicle: 496 (d) Hunt while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; 497 (e) Hunt with the aid of artificial light, provided that it is permissible to use artificial light 498 to find one's way and while hunting on foot, at the point of harvest of coyote, raccoon, 499 fox, or any other authorized unprotected species; (f) Shine between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and sunrise during the months of September, 500 501 October, November and December; during all other months, shining is allowed at any 502 hour: 503 (g) Hunt in a party of more than ten (10) persons; 504 (h) Hunt with, or possess while hunting: 505 (1) Any firearm for which the possession is unlawful under Wisconsin or Federal 506 law: 507 (2) Slugs, except that a person may possess slugs during deer firearm season if he 508 or she also possesses the required associated permit; 509 (3) A handgun with a barrel length of less than five (5) inches; 510 (4) A concealed handgun without a valid permit from the State of Wisconsin; 511 and/or 512 (5) Any of the following without a valid federal permit: 513 (A) A shotgun that has a barrel length of less than eighteen (18) inches or an overall length of less than twenty-six (26) inches; 514 515 (B) A rifle that has a barrel length of less than sixteen (16) inches or an 516 overall length of less than twenty-six (26) inches; 517 (C) A fully-automatic firearm; 518 (D) Any mechanism designed to muffle, silence or minimize the report of 519 any firearm. 520 406.9-3. Accidents. Any person, who discharges a firearm, bow, or crossbow while hunting 521 and injures another person, shall render or attempt to obtain necessary medical assistance, provide the injured person with his or her name and contact information including address, and 522 report the accident to either the Department or the Oneida Police Department as soon as possible. 523 524 406.9-4. Designated Hunters. A permittee may name a designated hunter to hunt, fish, or trap 525 on behalf of the permittee in the event that the permittee is physically or legally unable to take pursuant to his or her own permit, provided that, the designated hunter shall provide his or her 526 527 name and contact information to the Department along with a signed statement from the original 528 permittee naming the designated hunter. The designated hunter shall receive the Department's 529 approval of the designation before using the permits of the original permittee. 530 (a) To be eligible to be named a Designated Hunter, the named person shall: 531 (1) Possess a valid hunting license; (2) Be eligible for the permits for which the person is named the designated 532 533 hunter; and 534 (3) Meet any other requirements of the rules created pursuant to this law. 535 (b) Designated hunters may hunt for the number of permittees as authorized by the rules 536 developed pursuant to this law. 537 (c) Any wildlife taken by a designated hunter remains the property of the original 538 permittee; the designated hunter shall transfer any wildlife taken by designation to the 539 original permittee's possession as soon as practicable following the taking. 540 406.9-5. Age Restrictions.

- 541 (a) Persons between the ages of twelve (12) and fourteen (14) years old may only hunt if 542 they have obtained the required license and permits and are under the immediate 543 supervision of a parent, legal guardian or a responsible adult to which a parent or legal 544 guardian has delegated his or her supervisory responsibilities. Adults accompanying 545 youth hunters pursuant to this section shall remain within voice and sight contact of the 546 youth hunters at all times.
- (b) Tribal members, descendants², non-member Indians and dependents aged ten (10) or 547 548 eleven (11) years old may hunt if they have a mentor present while hunting and have 549 obtained any required licenses and permits.
- (c) Tribal members, descendants³, non-member Indians and dependents having less than 550 551 ten (10) years of age may accompany a mentor while hunting, provided that youth under the age of ten (10) may not use a weapon during the hunt. 552
- 553 (d) The following limitations apply to youth hunters and their mentors hunting pursuant 554 to this section: 555
- (1) Only one (1) weapon may be possessed jointly between the mentor and his or her mentee(s);
 - (2) Mentors may mentor a maximum of two (2) youth hunters at the same time; and
 - (3) The mentor shall remain within an arm's grasp of each youth hunter at all times.
- 561 (e) In order to be eligible to be a mentor, the person shall: 562
 - (1) Be at least eighteen (18) years old:
 - (2) Have a valid license and any required permits; and
- 564 (3) Be the youth hunter's parent or legal guardian or have permission from the 565 hunter's parent or legal guardian to be the hunter's mentor.
- 566 406.9-6. Deer Hunting Parties. A deer hunting party consists of a minimum of two (2) people 567 and may be limited in size as provided in the rules developed pursuant to this law. Any member of a deer hunting party may harvest deer on behalf of another member of the deer hunting party 568 569 under the following circumstances:
- 570 (a) At the time and place of the harvest, the member of the hunting party who harvests 571 the deer shall be in contact with the member of the hunting party on whose behalf the 572 deer was harvested. For the purpose of this section, contact means visual or voice contact without the aid of any mechanical or electronic amplifying device other than a hearing 573 574 aid. Hand radios are permitted, however may not be used as an acceptable means of 575 contact as required in this section.
- 576 (b) The member of the hunting party for whom the deer was harvested shall possess a 577 valid, license and carcass tag for the deer.
- 578 (c) The member of the hunting party who harvests the deer shall ensure that a valid 579 carcass tag is attached to the deer by a member of the hunting party prior to field dressing 580 and moving the deer; the member of the hunting party that harvests the deer may not 581 leave said deer unattended until it has been properly tagged.
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² Requirements for descendancy are determined by the Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee.

³ See footnote 2.

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583 **406.10.** Enforcement and Penalties

584 406.10-1. *Reporting Violations*. All persons shall report any violation(s) of this law and/or the 585 corresponding rules to the Department or the Oneida Police Department. The department 586 receiving information regarding violations shall keep the information confidential.

406.10-2. *Licenses/Permits Suspension, Revocation and/or Ineligibility.* The Department may
suspend, revoke or deem a party ineligible for a license or permit as a penalty for committing any
one (1) of the following acts or any combination thereof:

- (a) Has committed an act causing any of his or hers hunting, fishing or trapping licenses,
 permits or privileges to be suspended or revoked by any other jurisdiction, whether it be
 tribal, state or federal, where, for the purposes of this section, a person's right to possess
 firearms is considered a hunting privilege;
- 594 (b) Provides false information, or assists other in providing false information, when 595 applying for a license or permit;
- (c) Fails to timely pay a fine or abide by a penalty assessed against him or her as a
 consequence for violating the provisions of this law and/or the corresponding rules;
 and/or
- (d) Violates this law and/or the corresponding rules and the violation is one for which the
 citation schedule identifies suspension, revocation, or ineligibility of a license or permit
 as an available penalty.
- 406.10-3. *Warning and Citations*. Department wardens may issue verbal and/or written warnings and/or citations to any person found to be in violation of this law and/or the corresponding rules. The Department shall ensure that all warning and citations identify the relevant violation and, if applicable, the fine and/or penalties imposed as a consequence of the violation.
- 406.10-4. Appeal of License and/or Permit Decision. Any person wishing to contest a decision
 of the Department related to a license and/or permit may appeal such action by requesting a
 hearing before ERB. filing a complaint with the Judiciary Trial Court naming the Department.
- 610 (a) In order to be considered timely, the person contesting an action of the Department
 611 shall file the appeal within ten (10) business days of the date of the Department's action.
 612 ERB may not hear appeals that are not timely filed.
- 613 (b) ERB shall schedule a hearing for all timely filed appeal, and shall ensure that such 614 hearings are held within thirty (30) calendar days from the date the appeal was filed.
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 (c) ERB shall conduct hearings in accordance with its bylaws and any other applicable
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 regulations, standard operating procedures, rules, laws or policies governing the Nation's
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 administrative hearings.
- 618 (d) ERB's determination related to a license and/or permit is final; no further review is
 619 available.
- 620 406.10-5. Contested Action Hearings. All citations, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a prehearing date pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which 621 shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30)-calendar 622 days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the 623 624 prehearing, at which time the Environmental Resource BoardJudiciary Trial Court shall accept 625 pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. For The 626 Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea 627 628 contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued, ERB shall

- 629 schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that ERB shall schedule all hearings
- 630 within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing. In addition to scheduling requested
- 631 | hearings, ERBthe Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are
- 632 effective until the matter is resolved.
- (a) ERB shall conduct prehearings and hearings in accordance with its bylaws and any
 other applicable regulations, standard operating procedures, rules, laws or policies
 governing the Nation's administrative hearings.
- 636 (b) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at ERB'sthe
 637 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, ERBthe Judiciary shall use the rate
 638 of one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- 639 (c)-(b) <u>Allocation of Citation Revenue</u>. All fines and penalties issued by citations are
 640 payable to ERB or its designee, the proceeds of which ERB shall contribute to the
 641 Nation's general fund.
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 (d) *Pursuing Payment of a Citation*. ERB may pursue payment from parties who have
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- (e) Any person wishing to contest ERB's determination related to a contested citation may appeal the applicable determination to the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.

653 654

End.

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Adopted - BC-8-31-94-C Adopted - BC-4-24-96-A Adopted - BC-07-22-98-A Amended - BC-09-13-00-D Amended - BC-6-04-03-A Amended - BC-6-30-04-I Amended - BC-7-13-05-E Amended - BC-8-29-07-F Amended - BC-06-24-09-E Amended - BC-06-24-09-E Amended - BC-08-26-10-I Emergency Amended - BC-06-22-11-H (Expired) Amended - BC-12-14-11-E Amended - BC-05-22-13-A Amended - BC-01-25-17-D

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal	·	Draft 19			
Hunting, Fishing and Trappi	ng law (HTF)	Draft 2			
Public Use of Tribal Land (F	Public Use)		Draft 1		
Tribal Environmental Respo			Draft 1		
Well Abandonment Law (W	ell Abandonment)		Draft 1		
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (A	ΓV)		Draft 1		
Water Resources Ordinance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Draft 1		
On-Site Waste Disposal Ord	inance (Waste Disposal)		Draft 1		
	Oneida Police Department	(OPD)			
	Conservation				
	Environmental Resource Board (ERB)				
Implementing Agency	Emergency Management				
	Environmental Health and Safety Division				
Comprehensive Health Division					
	Oneida Judiciary				
Estimated time to comply	January 1, 2018				
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Estimate			
ERB stipend savings	\$830	\$8,300			
Total Estimated Savings	\$830	\$8,300			
Revenue and cost considerations	Fee Schedules should be r	removed from the var	rious Laws		
Uncertainties and Unknowns None					

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:								
Agenda Header: Resolutions								
Accept as Information only								
Consider adoption of amendments to the Water Resources Ordinance								
3. Supporting Materials								
Report Resolution Contract								
⊠ Other:								
1. Adoption packet 3.								
2. 4.								
Business Committee signature required								
4. Budget Information								
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted								
5. Submission								
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair								
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director								
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member								
Additional Requestor:								
Name, Title / Dept.								
Additional Requestor:								
Name, Title / Dept.								

Public Packet

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:Oneida Business CommitteeFROM:Brandon Stevens, LOC ChairpersonDATE:July 26, 2017RE:Water Resources Ordinance Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Water Resources Ordinance Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: Water Resources Ordinance Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: Water Resources Ordinance Amendments
- 3. Water Resources Ordinance Amendments: Legislative Analysis
- 4. Water Resources Ordinance Amendments: Clean Draft
- 5. Water Resources Ordinance Amendments: Redline to Current Draft
- 6. Water Resources Ordinance Amendments: Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Water Resources Ordinance to transfer the Environmental Resource Board's hearing authority to the Judiciary.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this law on June 15, 2017 with a comment period closing on June 29, 2017. There were no comments provided. These amendments will become effective beginning in the new fiscal year on October 1, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Water Resources Ordinance Amendments

1		BC Resolution
2		Water Resources Ordinance Amendments
3 4 5	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
6 7	WHEREAS,	the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
8 9 10	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
11 12	WHEREAS,	the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the Water Resources Ordinance through resolution BC-05-08-96-B; and
13 14 15 16	WHEREAS,	the Amendments to the Ordinance transfer the Environment Resource Board's original hearing body authority and responsibilities to the Oneida Judiciary as part of an effort to standardize and streamline all of the Nation's hearing responsibilities; and
17 18	WHEREAS,	a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on June 15, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and
19 20		EFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Water Resources Ordinance Amendments opted and shall become effective on October 1, 2017.

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Statement of Effect

Water Resource Ordinance Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the Water Resource Ordinance Amendments (the "Law") which transfer the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority to the Oneida Judiciary.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

As stated above, these amendments will transfer the delegation of original hearing body authority from the Environmental Resource Board to the Oneida Judiciary. Such a transfer would implicate the Judiciary law and the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws.

The transfer of hearing body authority would fit into the Oneida Judiciary's subject matter jurisdiction according to the Judiciary law based on section 801.5-2, which provides that, "The Trial Court shall have subject matter jurisdiction over cases and controversies arising under the following... (a) Tribal laws which specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction..." *Judiciary*, 8 O.C. 801 § 801.5-2. These amendments to the Law specifically authorize the Trial Court to exercise jurisdiction based on section 409.6-5. *Contested Action Hearings*, which reads as follows:

All citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a prehearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. ...

(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal to the Judiciary Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure. ...

The Environmental Resource Board's by-laws provide the Board's duties and responsibilities, among other things. Adoption of this law conflicts with the Board's by-laws and the by-laws recognize the Environmental Resource Board's original hearing body authority in section 1-4.b., which reads as follows: "The ERB shall serve as the original hearing body in matters concerning environmental and conservation laws and ordinances promulgated by the Oneida Tribe." Accordingly, if this resolution is adopted, the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws would need

to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.

A public meeting was held for these Amendments on June 15, 2017 for which the public comment period expired on June 22, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act. There were not any oral or written comments submitted.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would require the Environmental Resource Board's by-laws to be amended to remove the original hearing body authority from the Board's duties and responsibilities.



Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28



Public Meeting

Hearing Authority Transfer Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND **DRAFTER: REQUESTER: SPONSOR:** ANALYST: LOC Tehassi Hill Krystal L. John Candice E. Skenandore Intent of the To further utilize the Judiciary. Amendments To transfer the Environmental Resource Board (ERB) hearing authority to the Purpose Judiciary. **Affected Entities** Trial Court, ERB Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law, Public Use of Tribal Land, Tribal Affected Environmental Response, Well Abandonment Law, All-Terrain Vehicle Law, Legislation Water Resources Ordinance ERB will no longer hold hearings; hearing will now be conducted by the Trial **Enforcement/Due** Court in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure. **Process**

A public meeting was held on June 15, 2017.

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- 2 **A.** Since 1985, ERB served as the hearing body authority over the Nation's environmental regulations. On May 2, 1990, the Oneida Business Committee established the Oneida Tribal Judicial System (aka 3 Oneida Appeals Commission) and General Tribal Council reauthorized the Oneida Tribal Judicial 4 System on August 19, 1991 [See BC Resolution 05-02-90 and GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. The 5 purpose of the Oneida Appeals Commission was to enhance and protect self-governance and 6 7 sovereignty as well as enhance the separation of powers between the legislative, executive and 8 juridical responsibilities of the Nation. The Oneida Appeals Commission removed the Oneida Business Committee from initial judicial decisions [See GTC Resolution 8-19-91-A]. 9
- B. In 2013, the General Tribal Council changed the structure of the Oneida Tribal Judicial System by creating an Oneida Judiciary comprised of the Tribal Court and a Court of Appeals through the adoption of the Judiciary law. The purpose of the Judiciary is to grant the Trial Court and Court of Appeals expanded subject matter jurisdiction and create a greater role for the use of mediation and/or peacemaking *[See GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B].*
- C. These proposed amendments will transfer hearing authority from ERB to the Trial Court. The following laws are amended to reflect the transfer of hearing authority:
 - Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)
 - Public Use of Tribal Land (Public Use)
 - Tribal Environmental Response (TERP)
 - Well Abandonment Law (Well Abandonment)
- 21• All-Terrain Vehicle Law (ATV)
- Water Resources Ordinance (Water Resources)
- On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)
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25 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

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A. ERB and the Trial Court have been consulted in the development of this legislative analysis.

28 SECTION 4. PROCESS

29 A. These Laws have followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) except that 30 the public meeting was not properly noticed to all managers or directors. The LPA requires the public 31 meeting notice, legislation, legislative analysis and fiscal impact statement, if fiscal impact statement is available, to be electronically provided to all managers or directors a minimum of ten business days 32 33 before a public meeting is held [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 109.8-2 (b)]. The notice and 34 backup documents were provided electronically to all managers or directors on Tuesday, June 13, 2017; 35 the public meeting was held Thursday, June 15, 2017. The public meeting was properly noticed in the Kalihwisaks and was made public on the Oneida Register at least ten business days prior to the public 36 37 meeting as required by the LPA [See Legislative Procedures Act, 1 O.C. 8-2 (a & b)]. The LOC extended the public comment period for these laws for an additional five business days, ending on 38

- 39 Thursday, June 29, 2017.
- 40 **B.** A work meeting with ERB was held on Wednesday, May 17, 2017 and a work meeting with ERB and
- 41 the Judiciary was held on Monday, June 12, 2017.
- 42

43 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. The identified laws in Section 2.C of this analysis have been amended to state that the Trial Court isthe entity authorized to conduct hearings.
- 46

47 SECTION 6. INTENT

- A. The intent of these amendments is to further utilize the Oneida Judiciary. The LOC has already decided to transfer hearing authority from identified entities to the Judiciary. The majority of the Oneida Land Commission's and some of the Trust Enrollments Committee's hearing authority has already transferred to the Judiciary. Because the LOC is currently working on amendments the Domestic Animals law in which ERB has hearing authority, it was decided to amend all laws which grant ERB hearing authority and transfer that authority to the Judiciary.
- 54

55 SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- 56 A. These amendments do not conflict with other laws or policies of the Nation.
- 57

58 SECTION 8. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- 59 A. The following table shows the type and approximate number of hearings ERB has held since 2012.
- 60 Included are hearings that pertain to Domestic Animals violations; however, the Domestic Animal
- amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. In total, ERB has heldapproximately 69 hearings since 2012.
- 63

Analysis to OBC Consideration Drafts 2017 07 28

64

	ATV	HFT	Waste Disposal	Public Use	TERP	Water Resources	Well Abandonment	Domestic Animal	TOTAL
2012	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
2013	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
2014	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	17
2015	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	7
2016	0	11	0	2	0	0	0	19	32
2017	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
TOTAL	0	33	0	3	0	0	0	33	69

B. Minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these laws to comply with drafting style.These changes do not affect the content of these laws.

67 C. Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.

68

69 SECTION 9. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS

A. Hunting, Fishing, and Trapping law (Law). In additions to the amendments which transfer ERB's 70 hearing authority to the Judiciary, additional amendments were made to the Hunting, Fishing, and 71 Trapping law. These amendments include revising section 406.4-3 which states that this Law does 72 73 not negate the jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin in instances that involve non-member Indians 74 and non-Indians. This means that non-member Indians and non-Indians hunting, fishing and trapping on land owned by the Nation must adhere to the Nation's license, permit and tag requirements but 75 76 may also be subject to State requirements. In addition, license and permit holders cannot utilize 77 hunting, fishing, or trapping privileges within the Reservation using a State license that would 78 provide greater privileges than those afforded in this Law and any applicable rules *[See Hunting*, 79 Fishing and Trapping, 4 O.C. 406.4-31.

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For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) 2017 07 26 – Clean

Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources – Chapter 409 WATER RESOURCES

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the matters of the different kinds of waters

409.1. Policy and Purpose 409.2. Authority 409.3. Definitions 409.4. Powers and Duties409.5. Review409.6. Enforcement; Reporting

409.1. Policy and Purpose

5 409.1-1. Pollution of the waters of the Oneida Reservation has aroused widespread public 6 concern. It endangers the health and general welfare of both members and residents of the 7 Oneida Nation. A comprehensive program directed at all present and potential sources of water 8 pollution whether residential, farm, recreational, municipal, industrial or commercial is needed to 9 protect human life and health, fish and aquatic life, scenic, and ecological values and domestic, 10 municipal, recreational, industrial, agricultural, cultural, religious, and other uses of Reservation

11 water resources.

12 409.1-2. The Oneida Environmental Department ("Department") shall serve as the central unit 13 of tribal government to protect, maintain and improve the quality and management of the waters 14 of the Oneida Reservation, ground and surface, public and private. The purpose of this law is to 15 grant necessary powers and to organize a comprehensive program under a single tribal 16 department for the enhancement of the quality management and protection of all waters of the 17 Reservation, ground and surface, public and private. To the end that these vital purposes may be

accomplished, this law and all rules and orders promulgated under this law shall be liberally construed in favor of the policy objectives set forth in this law.

409.1-3. The Oneida Environmental Resource Board ("Board") shall serve in an advisory
capacity to the Department in the development and administration of the programs contemplated
by this law.

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1 2 3

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24 409.2. Adoption, Amendment and Repeal

409.2-1. This law was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or Oneida General Tribal
Council] by resolution BC-5-08-96-B.

409.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the [Oneida Business Committee and/or
Oneida General Tribal Council] pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures
Act.

409.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or
circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law
which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

409.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of anotherlaw, the provisions of this law shall control.

35 409.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

36

37 409.3. Definitions

38 409.3-1.

39 (a) "Board" shall mean the Oneida Environmental Resource Board.

40 (b) "Department" shall mean the Oneida Environmental Department.

- 41 (c) "Environmental Pollution" shall mean the contaminating or rendering unclean or 42 impure the air, land or waters of the Reservation, or making the same injurious to public 43 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to 44 fish, bird, animal or plant life.
- (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage
 and consumption of food.
- (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances
 including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a
 substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its
 quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term
 includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants,
 strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department.
- (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of
 industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource.
- (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff,
 seepage or percolation which adversely affects or threatens the quality of waters of the
 Reservation and which is not a point source as defined in Section 409.3-10.
- (h) "Other Waste" shall include all other substances, except industrial wastes, which
 pollute any of the waters of the Reservation. The term also includes siltation resulting
 from operations such as stripping of lands for development of subdivisions, highways,
 quarries and gravel pits, mine drainage, cleaning of vehicles or barges or gross neglect of
 land erosion.
- (i) "Person" means an individual, owner, operator, corporation chartered under federal,
 state or tribal law, limited liability company, partnership, association, municipality,
 township, interstate agency, tribal agency, county agency, state agency, or federal
 agency.
- (j) "Point Source" means a discernable, confined and discrete conveyance, including but
 not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container,
 rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft from
 which pollutants may be discharged into waters of the Reservation. "Point Source"
 specifically includes any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance of storm water.
- (k) "Pollutant" means dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash,
 sewage, garbage, sewerage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials,
 radioactive materials (except those regulated under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 as
 amended (42 U.S.C 2011 et. seq.,)) heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand,
 cellar dirt, and industrial, municipal and agricultural waste discharged into the waters of
 the Reservation, including discharges of storm water that result in deleterious alterations
 of the hydrology and morphology of waters of the Reservation.
- (1) "Pollution" means contaminating or rendering unclean or impure the waters of the
 Reservation by the introduction to those waters of one or more pollutants as defined in

4 O.C. 409 – Page 2

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1)

2017 07 26 - Clean

- 81 Section 409.3-11, or otherwise making the waters of the Reservation injurious to public 82 health, harmful for any of the uses described in Section 409.1-1, or deleterious to fish, 83 bird, animal or plant life. The term "Pollution" shall include deleterious alterations to the 84 hydrologic or morphologic characteristics of the waters of the Reservation.
- 85 (m) "Refuse" means all matters produced from industrial or community life, subject to 86 decomposition, not defined as sewage.

(n) "Reservation" shall mean the Oneida Indian Reservation as established by the Treaty

- 87
- 88 of 1838, 7 Stat. 566.
- 89 (o) "Solid Waste" shall mean any garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment plant, 90 water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility and other discarded or 91 salvageable materials, including solid, liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous materials 92 resulting from industrial, commercial, mining and agricultural operations, and from 93 community activities, but does not include solids or dissolved material in domestic 94 sewage, or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges 95 which are point sources subject to permits under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 96 33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq.
- 97 (p) "State" shall mean the State of Wisconsin.
- 98 (q) "Storm Water" means any discharge, whether discreet or from sheet flow resulting
 99 from the movement of water across the surface of land including storm water runoff,
 100 snow melt runoff, surface runoff, and drainage.
- 101 (r) "Nation" shall mean the Oneida Nation.
- 102 (s) "Water Supply" means the sources and their surroundings from which water is
- 103 supplied for drinking and domestic purposes.
- (t) "Waters of the Reservation" means any accumulation of water, surface and underground, natural and artificial, public and private, or parts thereof which are wholly or partially within, flow through, or border upon the Oneida Reservation. "Waters of the Reservation" includes wetlands, as that term is defined in Section 409.3-21, below.
- (u) "Wetlands" means land that has a predominance of hydric soils, is inundated or
 saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration to support, and under
 normal circumstances does support, a prevalence or hydrophytic vegetation typically
 adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. "Normal circumstances" refers to the soil and
 hydrologic conditions that are normally present, without regard to whether the vegetation
 has been removed.
- 114

115 **409.4.** Powers and Duties

116 409.4-1. The Department shall have general supervisory authority over the waters of the 117 Reservation. It shall carry out and coordinate the planning, management and regulatory programs 118 necessary for implementing the policy and purpose of this chapter. The Department also shall 119 formulate plans and programs for the prevention and abatement of water pollution and for the 120 maintenance and improvement of water quality.

- 121 409.4-2. Water Quality Standards
- (a) The Department shall set standards of water quality to be applicable to the waters of
 the Reservation, recognizing that different standards may be required for different waters

124 or portions thereof. Water quality standards shall consist of the designated uses of the waters or portions thereof, antidegradation standards, and the water quality criteria for 125 those waters based upon their designated uses. Water quality standards shall protect the 126 127 public interest, which includes the protection of: 128 (1) the public health and welfare; 129 (2) the present and prospective future use of such waters for public and private 130 water supplies; (3) the propagation of fish, aquatic life and wildlife; 131 132 (4) domestic and recreational purposes; and 133 (5) agricultural, cultural, religious, commercial, industrial and other legitimate 134 uses. (b) In adopting or revising any water quality criteria for the waters of the Reservation or 135 any designated portion thereof, the Department shall do all the following: 136 (1) From time to time, but at least once every three (3) years, review water quality 137 138 standards, and publish and provide public notice of water quality criteria to be 139 adopted, revised or reviewed in the following three year(s). (2) Establish criteria sufficient to protect any and all applicable designated uses. 140 Such criteria must contain sufficient parameters or constituents to protect each 141 142 designated use. For waters with multiple designations, the criteria shall support 143 the most sensitive use. (3) Employ reasonable statistical techniques, where appropriate, in interpreting 144 145 the relevant water quality data. (c) Form of Criteria: In establishing criteria, the Department shall 146 (1) Establish numeric values based on: 147 (A) 40 C.F.R. 132, Water Quality Guidance for the Great Lakes System; 148 149 and (B) Other scientifically defensible methods. 150 (2) Establish narrative criteria or criteria based upon biomonitoring methods 151 and/or hydrologic or morphologic assessments where numerical criteria cannot be 152 established, or to supplement numerical criteria. 153 The Department shall be responsible for the application, processing, and review of 154 409.4-3. 155 tribal water quality certifications required by Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control 156 Act, 33 USC § 1341. The Department may issue general orders applicable throughout the Reservation for 157 409.4-4. the construction, installation, use and operation of practicable and available systems, methods 158 and means for preventing and abating pollution of the waters of the Oneida Reservation. Such 159 general orders and rules shall be issued only after an opportunity to be heard thereon has been 160 afforded to interested parties by means of a public hearing. The Department shall, when 161 appropriate, consult with other tribal departments and entities having particular expertise in the 162 subject matter of the order. 163 164 409.4-5. Special/Emergency Orders (a) The Department may issue special orders directing particular persons to secure such 165 operating results toward the control of pollution of the waters of the Reservation as the 166

167 Department prescribes, within a specified time. Pending efforts to comply with any order, 168 the Department may permit continuance of operations on such conditions as it prescribes. 169 If any person cannot comply with an order within the time specified, the person may, 170 before the date set in the order, petition the Department to modify the order. The 171 Department may modify the order, specifying in writing the reasons therefor. If any order 172 is not complied with within the time period specified, the Department shall forthwith 173 commence an action to enforce compliance with said order.

(b) The Department may issue temporary emergency orders without prior public hearing
when the Department determines that the protection of the waters of the Reservation
necessitates such immediate action. Such emergency orders shall take effect at such time
as the Department determines. As soon as is practicable, the Department shall schedule a
public hearing after which it may modify or rescind the temporary emergency order or
issue a special order under Section 409.4-5(a).

409.4-6. The Department shall make investigations and inspections to insure compliance withany general or special order or rule which it issues.

182 409.4-7. The Department may enter into agreements with the responsible authorities of the 183 state or any of its political subdivisions, subject to approval by the Board and the Oneida 184 Business Committee, relative to methods, means and measures to be employed to control 185 pollution of any inter-jurisdiction streams and other waters and to carry out such agreement by 186 appropriate general and special orders. This power shall not be deemed to extend to the 187 modification of any agreement with the state or any political subdivision thereof concluded by 188 direct legislative act of the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal Council.

189 409.4-8. The Department may order or cause the abatement of any nuisance affecting the

190 waters of the Oneida Reservation.

191 409.4-9. In cases of noncompliance with any order issued by the Department, the Department 192 may take the action directed by the order, and collect the costs thereof from the person to whom 193 the order was directed by seeking a judgment for money from the Oneida Judiciary. The 194 Department shall have all the necessary powers needed to carry out this paragraph including 195 powers granted by the Constitution of the Oneida Nation, and any and all delegations of 196 authority under federal environmental laws.

409.4-10. The Department may, upon receipt of the appropriate delegation of federal authority,
establish, administer and maintain a safe drinking water program no less stringent than the
requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, P.L. 93-523, 88 Stat. 1660. (42 USC 300f
et. seq).

409.4-11. The Department, subject to the approval of the Oneida Business Committee, may designate priority watersheds and priority lakes where the need for non-point source water pollution abatement and/or hydrologic or morphologic restoration is the most critical. The Duck-Apple-Ashwaubenon Creeks watershed is hereby designated by the Nation as a priority watershed.

409.4-12. The Department may order or cause the abatement of pollution of waters of the Reservation which the Department has determined to be significant and caused by a nonpoint source, as defined in Section 409.3-7, including pollution which causes the violation of a water quality standard, pollution which generally impairs the aquatic habitat or organisms, pollution

which restricts navigation due to sedimentation, pollution which is deleterious to human health, 210 pollution which interferes with cultural or religious uses of waters of the Reservation, or 211 pollution which otherwise significantly impairs water quality. Any and all orders of the 212 Department issued under this Section shall be consistent with the goals and objectives of the 213 Duck-Apple-Ashwaubenon Creeks Priority Watershed Project or such other priority watershed 214 projects as may be designated under Section 409.4-11. Participation by a person in a designated 215 216 priority watershed project and the compliance by that person with any and all criteria established by said priority watershed project shall entitle the person to a rebuttable presumption of 217 compliance with the requirements of this Section. 218

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220 **409.5.** Review

409.5-1. Any person in interest may secure a review of the necessity for and reasonableness of any order of the Department under this law in the following manner:

- (a) They shall first file with the Department a verified petition setting forth specifically 223 the modification or change desired in such order. Such petition must be filled within 60 224 225 days of the issuance of the orders sought to be reviewed. Upon receipt of such a petition the Department shall schedule a public hearing before the Board thereon and make such 226 further investigations as it shall deem advisable. Pending such review and hearing, the 227 228 Board may suspend such orders under terms and conditions to be fixed by the Department on application of any such petitioner. The Board shall affirm, repeal or 229 change the order in question within 60 days after the close of the hearing on the petition. 230
 - (b) The determination of the Board shall be subject to review as provided in the Oneida Administrative Procedure Act.

234 409.6. Enforcement; Reporting; Penalties

- 235 409.6-1.
- (a) The Department shall require that all persons discharging any substance to waters of
 the Reservation requiring a permit under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33
 U.S.C. 1251, et seq., report the manner used, amount used and amount discharged to the
 waters of the Reservation for each substance. The Department may verify reports
 received by field monitoring of any discharge.
- (b) The Department may establish minimum effluent volumes for which reports arerequired under this Section.
- (c) Wastewater Discharge Environmental Fee: Beginning in 1997, there is established a
 Wastewater Discharge Environmental Fee. This fee shall be paid by each person required
 by Section 409.6-1 to report a discharge. In 1997, the fee under this Section shall based
 on an administrative fee of \$_____ plus an additional fee, to be set by the Department
 by rule and to be based on the concentration or quantity or both of pollutants discharged.
- 248 (d) Violators of the reporting requirement established under Section 409.6-1 shall forfeit
- not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000 for each offense. Each day of continued
 violation is a separate offense.

409.6-2. Environmental Pollution: Hearings; Procedure; Review. The Board shall hold a public hearing relating to alleged or potential environmental pollution upon the filing of a

253 complaint by the Department. The Department shall serve a copy of the complaint and notice of 254 the hearing upon the alleged or potential polluter either personally or by registered mail directed 255 to the last-known post office address at least twenty (20) days prior to the time set for the hearing. The hearing shall be held not later than ninety (90) days after the filing of the complaint. 256 257 The respondent shall file a verified answer to the complaint with the Department not later than 258 five (5) days prior to the date set for the hearing, unless the time for answering is extended by the 259 Board for cause shown. For purposes of any hearing under this Section, the Board may issue 260 subpoenas and administer oaths. Within ninety (90) days after the closing of the hearing, the Board shall make and file its findings of fact and conclusions of law and order, which shall be 261 262 subject to review under the Oneida Administrative Procedures Act. If the Board determines that any complaint was filed maliciously or in bad faith it shall issue a finding to that effect and the 263 264 person complained against shall be entitled to recover from the Department the reasonable 265 expenses of the hearing, including attorney's fees. Any situation, project or activity which upon continuance or implementation would cause, by a preponderance of the evidence, a degree of 266 267 pollution that normally would require clean-up action if it already existed, shall be considered 268 potential environmental pollution.

409.6-3. Enforcement. The Oneida Conservation Department shall enforce this law, and all
rules and orders issued by the Department.

- 409.6-4. Penalties. Any person who violates this law, or any rule promulgated or any regular,
 special or emergency order issued under this law, shall forfeit not less than one hundred dollars
 (\$100) or more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation. Each day of continued
 violation is a separate offense.
- 275 409.6-5. Contested Action Hearings. All citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued 276 pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be 277 set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which 278 279 time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas which either contest or admit committing the act 280 for which the citation was issued. The Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing, 281 for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation 282 283 was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved. 284
- (a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the
 Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of
 one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
- (b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are
 payable to ERB or its designee, the proceeds of which ERB shall contribute to the
 Nation's general fund.
- (c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
 the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to
 the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- 294 (d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue 295 payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) 2017 07 26 - Clean garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law. 296 297

Adopted - BC-5-08-96-B

Corrected-2012-10-03

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Title 4. Environment and Natural Resources – Chapter 409 WATER RESOURCES ORDINANCE

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the matters of the different kinds of waters

409.1. Policy and Purpose409.2. Authority409.3. Definitions

409.4. Powers and Duties409.5. Review409.6. Enforcement; Reporting

409.1. ____Policy and Purpose

5 409.1-1. Pollution of the waters of the Oneida Reservation has aroused widespread public 6 concern. It endangers the health and general welfare of both members and residents of the 7 Oneida Nation. A comprehensive program directed at all present and potential sources of water 8 pollution whether residential, farm, recreational, municipal, industrial or commercial is needed to 9 protect human life and health, fish and aquatic life, scenic, and ecological values and domestic, 10 municipal, recreational, industrial, agricultural, cultural, religious, and other uses of Reservation 11 water resources.

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13 409.1-2. The Oneida Environmental Department ("Department") shall serve as the central unit 14 of tribal government to protect, maintain and improve the quality and management of the waters 15 of the Oneida Reservation, ground and surface, public and private. The purpose of this 16 Ordinancelaw is to grant necessary powers and to organize a comprehensive program under a 17 single tribal department for the enhancement of the quality management and protection of all 18 waters of the Reservation, ground and surface, public and private. To the end that these vital 19 purposes may be accomplished, this Ordinancelaw and all rules and orders promulgated under 20 this Ordinancelaw shall be liberally construed in favor of the policy objectives set forth in this 21 Ordinancelaw. 22

409.1-3. The Oneida Environmental Resource Board ("Board") shall serve in an advisory
capacity to the Department in the development and administration of the programs contemplated
by this Ordinance. The Board shall serve as the initial hearing body in all matters arising under
the terms of this Ordinance or any regulations adopted pursuant to its delegations of
authority.law.

29 **409.2.** Authority

409.2-1. This Ordinance is adopted pursuant to Article IV, Section 1 (f), and Article IV, Section
 2 of the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin, the Federal Water Pollution
 Control Act, 33 USC 1251 et. seq., and the inherent authority of the Oneida Nation to regulate
 matters affecting the political integrity, economic security, or the health and welfare of the
 Oneida Nation.

_409.2-2.-Adoption, Amendment, and Repeal-

37 (a) <u>409.2-1</u>. This Ordinance may belaw was adopted by the [Oneida Business Committee or

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For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

38	the Original Conversional Tribal Court still by reachation DC 5.08.06 D
20	the Oneida General Tribal Council] by resolution BC-5-08-96-B.
39	<u>409.2-2.(b)</u> This Ordinancelaw may be amended pursuant to the procedures set forth in the
40	Oneida Administrative Procedures Act by the or repealed by the [Oneida Business Committee
41	and/or the Oneida General Tribal Council] pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative
42	Procedures Act.
43	(c) <u>409.2-3</u> . Should a provision of this Ordinance law or the application thereof to any person
44	or circumstancecircumstances be held to beas invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any other
45	provisions of this law which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
46	409.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this Ordinance law and a provision of
47	another law, the remainderprovisions of whichthis law shall continue in full force and
48	effect.control.
49	(d) All other Oneida laws, policies, regulations, resolutions, ordinances, and other similar
50	actions which are inconsistent with the Ordinance are hereby repealed unless specifically
51	reenacted after the passage of this Ordinance. Where related laws purport to regulate the
52	same activity, the more stringent shall control.
53	Sume den (11), the more sumpone shan conden.
54	409.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
55	107.2 5. This law is adopted and of dation of the constitution of the constitution
56	409.3. Definitions
57	409.3-1.
58	(a) "Board" shall mean the Oneida Environmental Resource Board.
59	(b) "Department" shall mean the Oneida Environmental Department.
60	(c) "Environmental Pollution" shall mean the contaminating or rendering unclean or
61	
	impure the air land or waters of the Reservation or making the same infutious to public
	impure the air, land or waters of the Reservation, or making the same injurious to public health harmful for commercial recreational cultural or religious use, or deleterious to
62	health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to
62 63	health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life.
62 63 64	health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life.(d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage
62 63 64 65	health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life.(d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food.
62 63 64 65 66	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances
62 63 64 65 66 67	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a
62 63 64 65 66 67 68	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants,
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department.
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource.
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource. (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff,
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource. (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff, seepage or percolation which adversely affects or threatens the quality of waters of the
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource. (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff, seepage or percolation which adversely affects or threatens the quality of waters of the Reservation and which is not a point source as defined in Section 409.3-10.
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource. (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff, seepage or percolation which adversely affects or threatens the quality of waters of the Reservation and which is not a point source as defined in Section 409.3-10. (h) "Other Waste" shall include all other substances, except industrial wastes, which
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource. (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff, seepage or percolation which adversely affects or threatens the quality of waters of the Reservation and which is not a point source as defined in Section 409.3-10. (h) "Other Waste" shall include all other substances, except industrial wastes, which pollute any of the waters of the Reservation. The term also includes siltation resulting
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77	 health, harmful for commercial, recreational, cultural or religious use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life. (d) "Garbage" means discarded materials resulting from the handling, processing, storage and consumption of food. (e) "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any substance or combination of substances including any waste of a solid, semisolid, liquid or gaseous form which may pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics. This term includes, but is not limited to, substances which are toxic, corrosive, flammable, irritants, strong sensitizers or explosives, as determined by the Department. (f) "Industrial Waste" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business or the development of any natural resource. (g) "Nonpoint Source" means a land management activity which contributes to runoff, seepage or percolation which adversely affects or threatens the quality of waters of the Reservation and which is not a point source as defined in Section 409.3-10. (h) "Other Waste" shall include all other substances, except industrial wastes, which

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(i) "Person" means an individual, owner, operator, corporation chartered under federal, state or tribal law, limited liability company, partnership, association, municipality, township, interstate agency, tribal agency, county agency, state agency, or federal agency.

(i) "Point Source" means a discernable, confined and discrete conveyance, including but 87 . not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants may be discharged into waters of the Reservation. "Point Source" specifically includes any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance of storm water.

91 (k) "Pollutant" means dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, 92 sewage, garbage, sewerage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, 93 radioactive materials (except those regulated under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 as 94 amended (42 U.S.C 2011 et. seq.,)) heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, 95 cellar dirt, and industrial, municipal and agricultural waste discharged into the waters of 96 the Reservation, including discharges of storm water that result in deleterious alterations 97 of the hydrology and morphology of waters of the Reservation.

98 (1) "Pollution" means contaminating or rendering unclean or impure the waters of the 99 Reservation by the introduction to those waters of one or more pollutants as defined in 100 Section 409.3-11, or otherwise making the waters of the Reservation injurious to public health, harmful for any of the uses described in Section 409.1-1, or deleterious to fish, 101 102 bird, animal or plant life. The term "Pollution" shall include deleterious alterations to the 103 hydrologic or morphologic characteristics of the waters of the Reservation.

(m) "Refuse" means all matters produced from industrial or community life, subject to 104 105 decomposition, not defined as sewage.

106 (n) "Reservation" shall mean the Oneida Indian Reservation as established by the Treaty 107 of 1838, 7 Stat. 566.

- 108 (o) "Solid Waste" shall mean any garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment plant, 109 water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility and other discarded or salvageable materials, including solid, liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous materials 110 resulting from industrial, commercial, mining and agricultural operations, and from 111 112 community activities, but does not include solids or dissolved material in domestic sewage, or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges 113 which are point sources subject to permits under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 114 33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq. 115
- (p) "State" shall mean the State of Wisconsin. 116
- (q) "Storm Water" means any discharge, whether discreet or from sheet flow resulting 117 from the movement of water across the surface of land including storm water runoff, 118 119 snow melt runoff, surface runoff, and drainage.
- (r) "Tribe" or "Nation" shall mean the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation. 120
- 121 (s) "Water Supply" means the sources and their surroundings from which water is
- supplied for drinking and domestic purposes. 122 (t) "Waters of the Reservation" means any accumulation of water, surface and
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underground, natural and artificial, public and private, or parts thereof which are wholly 124 or partially within, flow through, or border upon the Oneida Reservation. "Waters of the 125 Reservation" includes wetlands, as that term is defined in Section 409.3-21, below. 126 (u) "Wetlands" means land that has a predominance of hydric soils, is inundated or 127 saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration to support, and under 128 normal circumstances does support, a prevalence or hydrophytic vegetation typically 129 adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. "Normal circumstances" refers to the soil and 130 hydrologic conditions that are normally present, without regard to whether the vegetation 131 132 has been removed. 133 134 409.4. **Powers and Duties** 409.4-1. The Department shall have general supervisory authority over the waters of the 135 Reservation. It shall carry out and coordinate the planning, management and regulatory programs 136 137 necessary for implementing the policy and purpose of this chapter. The Department also shall formulate plans and programs for the prevention and abatement of water pollution and for the 138 139 maintenance and improvement of water quality. 140 409.4-2. Water Quality Standards 141 (a) The Department shall set standards of water quality to be applicable to the waters of 142 the Reservation, recognizing that different standards may be required for different waters 143 or portions thereof. Water quality standards shall consist of the designated uses of the 144 waters or portions thereof, antidegradation standards, and the water quality criteria for 145 146 those waters based upon their designated uses. Water quality standards shall protect the public interest, which includes the protection of: 147 (1) the public health and welfare; 148 (2) the present and prospective future use of such waters for public and private 149 150 water supplies; (3) the propagation of fish, aquatic life and wildlife; 151 (4) domestic and recreational purposes-; and 152 (5) agricultural, cultural, religious, commercial, industrial and other legitimate 153 154 uses. (b) In adopting or revising any water quality criteria for the waters of the Reservation or 155 any designated portion thereof, the Department shall do all the following: 156 (1) From time to time, but at least once every three (3) years, review water quality 157 standards, and publish and provide public notice of water quality criteria to be 158 159 adopted, revised or reviewed in the following three year(s). (2) Establish criteria sufficient to protect any and all applicable designated uses. 160 Such criteria must contain sufficient parameters or constituents to protect each 161 designated use. For waters with multiple designations, the criteria shall support 162 the most sensitive use. 163 (3) Employ reasonable statistical techniques, where appropriate, in interpreting 164 the relevant water quality data. 165 (c) Form of Criteria: In establishing criteria, the Department shall 166 4 O.C. 409 - Page 4

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- 167 (1) Establish numeric values based on: 168 (A) 40 C.F.R. 132, Water Quality Guidance for the Great Lakes System.; 169 and 170 (B) Other scientifically defensible methods. 171 (2) Establish narrative criteria or criteria based upon biomonitoring methods 172 and/or hydrologic or morphologic assessments where numerical criteria cannot be 173 established, or to supplement numerical criteria. 174 409.4-3. The Department shall be responsible for the application, processing, and review of 175 tribal water quality certifications required by Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control 176 Act, 33 USC § 1341. 177 409.4-4. The Department may issue general orders applicable throughout the Reservation for the construction, installation, use and operation of practicable and available systems, methods 178 179 and means for preventing and abating pollution of the waters of the Oneida Reservation. Such 180 general orders and rules shall be issued only after an opportunity to be heard thereon has been 181 afforded to interested parties. by means of a public hearing. The Department shall, when appropriate, consult with other tribal departments and entities having particular expertise in the 182 183 subject matter of the order. 184 409.4-5. Special/Emergency Orders 185 (a) The Department may issue special orders directing particular persons to secure such operating results toward the control of pollution of the waters of the Reservation as the 186 Department prescribes, within a specified time. Pending efforts to comply with any order, 187 188 the Department may permit continuance of operations on such conditions as it prescribes. 189 If any person cannot comply with an order within the time specified, the person may, 190 before the date set in the order, petition the Department to modify the order. The 191 Department may modify the order, specifying in writing the reasons therefor. If any order 192 is not complied with within the time period specified, the Department shall forthwith 193 commence an action to enforce compliance with said order. 194 (b) The Department may issue temporary emergency orders without prior public hearing 195 when the Department determines that the protection of the waters of the Reservation 196 necessitates such immediate action. Such emergency orders shall take effect at such time 197 as the Department determines. As soon as is practicable, the Department shall schedule a 198 public hearing after which it may modify or rescind the temporary emergency order or 199 issue a special order under Section 409.4-5(a). 200 409.4-6. The Department shall make investigations and inspections to insure compliance with 201 any general or special order or rule which it issues. 202 409.4-7. The Department may enter into agreements with the responsible authorities of the 203 state or any of its political subdivisions, subject to approval by the Board and the Oneida 204 Business Committee, relative to methods, means and measures to be employed to control pollution of any inter-jurisdiction streams and other waters and to carry out such agreement by 205 appropriate general and special orders. This power shall not be deemed to extend to the 206 207 modification of any agreement with the state or any political subdivision thereof concluded by direct legislative act of the Oneida Business Committee or the Oneida General Tribal Council. 208
- 209 409.4-8. _____ The Department may order or cause the abatement of any nuisance affecting the

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210 waters of the Oneida Reservation.

- 211 | 409.4-9. In cases of noncompliance with any order issued by the Department, the Department
- 212 may take the action directed by the order, and collect the costs thereof from the person to whom
- 213 the order was directed-<u>by seeking a judgment for money from the Oneida Judiciary</u>. The 214 Department shall have all the necessary powers needed to carry out this paragraph including
- 214 Department shall have an the necessary powers needed to early out this paragraph including 215 | powers granted by the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of WisconsinNation, and any
- and all delegations of authority under federal environmental laws.
- 409.4-10. The Department may, upon receipt of the appropriate delegation of federal authority,
 establish, administer and maintain a safe drinking water program no less stringent than the
 requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, P.L. 93-523, 88 Stat. 1660. (42 USC 300f
 et. seq).
- 409.4-11. The Department, subject to the approval of the Oneida Business Committee, may
 designate priority watersheds and priority lakes where the need for non-point source water
 pollution abatement and/or hydrologic or morphologic restoration is the most critical. The DuckApple-Ashwaubenon Creeks watershed is hereby designated by the Nation as a priority
 watershed.
- 409.4-12. The Department may order or cause the abatement of pollution of waters of the 226 Reservation which the Department has determined to be significant and caused by a nonpoint 227 source, as defined in Section 409.3-7, including pollution which causes the violation of a water 228 229 quality standard, pollution which generally impairs the aquatic habitat or organisms, pollution which restricts navigation due to sedimentation, pollution which is deleterious to human health, 230 pollution which interferes with cultural or religious uses of waters of the Reservation, or 231 232 pollution which otherwise significantly impairs water quality. Any and all orders of the Department issued under this Section shall be consistent with the goals and objectives of the 233 Duck-Apple-Ashwaubenon Creeks Priority Watershed Project or such other priority watershed 234 projects as may be designated under Section 409.4-11. Participation by a person in a designated 235 priority watershed project and the compliance by that person with any and all criteria established 236 by said priority watershed project shall entitle the person to a rebuttable presumption of 237 238 compliance with the requirements of this Section.

240 | 409.5. Review

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241 409.5-1. Any person in interest may secure a review of the necessity for and reasonableness of 242 any order of the Department under this Ordinancelaw in the following manner:

- (a) They shall first file with the Department a verified petition setting forth specifically 243 the modification or change desired in such order. Such petition must be filled within 60 244 days of the issuance of the orders sought to be reviewed. Upon receipt of such a petition 245 the Department shall schedule a public hearing before the Board thereon and make such 246 further investigations as it shall deem advisable. Pending such review and hearing, the 247 Board may suspend such orders under terms and conditions to be fixed by the 248 Department on application of any such petitioner. The Board shall affirm, repeal or 249 change the order in question within 60 days after the close of the hearing on the petition. 250
- (b) The determination of the Board shall be subject to review as provided in the OneidaAdministrative Procedure Act.

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255	409.6Enforcement; Reporting; Penalties
255	409.6-1.
256	(a) The Department shall require that all persons discharging any substance to waters of
257	the Reservation requiring a permit under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33
258	U.S.C. 1251, et seq., report the manner used, amount used and amount discharged to the
259	waters of the Reservation for each substance. The Department may verify reports
260	received by field monitoring of any discharge.
261	(b) The Department may establish minimum effluent volumes for which reports are
262	required under this Section.
263	(c) Wastewater Discharge Environmental Fee: Beginning in 1997, there is established a
264	Wastewater Discharge Environmental Fee. This fee shall be paid by each person required
265	by Section 409.6-1 to report a discharge. In 1997, the fee under this Section shall based
266	on an administrative fee of \$ plus an additional fee, to be set by the Department
267	by rule and to be based on the concentration or quantity or both of pollutants discharged.
268	(d) Violators of the reporting requirement established under Section 409.6-1 shall forfeit
269	not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000 for each offense. Each day of continued
270	violation is a separate offense.
271	(e) The Department is authorized to request hearings before the Board relating to any
272	aspect of the administration of the system established under Section 409.6-1, and, in
273	connection therewith, may compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of
274	evidence.
275	409.6-2Environmental Pollution: Hearings; Procedure; Review. The Board shall hold a
276	public hearing relating to alleged or potential environmental pollution upon the filing of a
277	complaint by the Department. The Department shall serve a copy of the complaint and notice of
278	the hearing upon the alleged or potential polluter either personally or by registered mail directed
279	to the last-known post office address at least twenty (20) days prior to the time set for the
280	hearing. The hearing shall be held not later than ninety (90) days after the filing of the complaint.
281	The respondent shall file a verified answer to the complaint with the Department not later than
282	five (5) days prior to the date set for the hearing, unless the time for answering is extended by the
283	Board for cause shown. For purposes of any hearing under this Section, the Board may issue
284	subpoenas and administer oaths. Within ninety (90) days after the closing of the hearing, the
285	Board shall make and file its findings of fact and conclusions of law and order, which shall be
286	subject to review under the Oneida Administrative Procedures Act. If the Board determines that
287	any complaint was filed maliciously or in bad faith it shall issue a finding to that effect and the
288	person complained against shall be entitled to recover from the Department the reasonable
289	expenses of the hearing, including attorney's fees. Any situation, project or activity which upon
290	continuance or implementation would cause, by a preponderance of the evidence, a degree of
291	pollution that normally would require clean-up action if it already existed, shall be considered
292	potential environmental pollution.
293	409.6-3Enforcement. The Oneida Conservation Department shall enforce this Ordinancelaw,

- 409.6-3. Enforcement. The Oneida Conservation Department shall enforce this Ordinancelaw,
 and all rules and orders issued by the Department.
- 295 | 409.6-4. __Penalties. Any person who violates this Ordinancelaw, or any rule promulgated or

For OBC Consideration (Draft 1) redline to current 2017 07 26

296	any regular, special or emergency order issued under this Ordinancelaw, shall forfeit not less
297	than one hundred dollars (\$100) or more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation.
298	Each day of continued violation is a separate offense. While the order is suspended, stayed or
299	enjoined, this penalty will not accrue.
300	4094069.6-5. Oneida Environmental Fund established. Contested Action Hearings. All
301	citations, penalties, orders and declarations issued pursuant to this law shall include a pre-hearing
302	date with the Judiciary Trial Court which shall be set for the next scheduled monthly prehearing
303	date that is at least thirty (30) days after the citation was issued. Persons wishing to contest a
304	citation shall appear at the prehearing, at which time the Judiciary Trial Court shall accept pleas
305	which either contest or admit committing the act for which the citation was issued. The Oneida
306	Environmental Fund is hereby established.Judiciary shall schedule a hearing as expeditiously as
307	possible, provided that it shall be scheduled within ninety (90) days of the date of the prehearing.
308	for all persons entering a plea contesting the fact that they committed the act for which a citation
309	was issued. In addition to scheduling requested hearings, the Judiciary may also make
310	conditional orders at the prehearing which are effective until the matter is resolved.
311	(a) Community Service. Community service may be substituted for fines at the
312	Judiciary's discretion, provided that, if so substituted, the Judiciary shall use the rate of
313	one (1) hour per ten dollars (\$10.00) of the fine.
314	(b) Allocation of Citation Revenue. All fines and penalties issued by citations are
315	payable to ERB or its designee, the proceeds of which ERB shall contribute to the
316	Nation's general fund. Any and all monies collected pursuant to this Ordinance shall be
317	deposited in the Oneida Environmental Fund. This fund shall be used by the Tribe to
318	defray the expense of administering this Ordinance, and to fund pilot projects and provide
319	pollution control and prevention grants to persons at the discretion of the Department,
320	and subject to the availability of funds.
321	(c) Appealing the Decision of the Judiciary Trial Court. Any person wishing to contest
322	the determination of the Judiciary Trial Court may appeal the applicable determination to
323	the Judiciary's Court of Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.
324	(d) Pursuing Payment of a Citation. The Environmental Resource Board may pursue
325	payment from parties who have failed to make the required payments through the
326	garnishment process contained in the Garnishment law and/or by attaching a Tribal
327	member's per capita payment pursuant to the Per Capita law.
328	
330	
331	Adopted - BC-5-08-96-B
332	Corrected-2012-10-03

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the transfer of the Environmental Resource Board's
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	June 7, 2017

Hearing Authority to the Oneida Judiciary

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Domestic Animal	Draft 19		
Hunting, Fishing and Trappi	Hunting, Fishing and Trapping law (HTF)		
Public Use of Tribal Land (F	ublic Use)		Draft 1
Tribal Environmental Respo	nse (TERP)		Draft 1
Well Abandonment Law (W	ell Abandonment)		Draft 1
All-Terrain Vehicle Law (A	ΓV)		Draft 1
Water Resources Ordinance	× /		Draft 1
On-Site Waste Disposal Ord	On-Site Waste Disposal Ordinance (Waste Disposal)		
Oneida Police Department (OPD)			
	Conservation		
	Environmental Resource Board (ERB)		
Implementing Agency	Emergency Management		
	Environmental Health and Safety Division		
	Comprehensive Health Division		
	Oneida Judiciary		
Estimated time to comply	January 1, 2018		
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Estimate	
ERB stipend savings	\$830	\$8,300	
Total Estimated Savings	\$830	\$8,300	
Revenue and cost considerations	ions Fee Schedules should be removed from the various Laws		
Uncertainties and Unknowns	Uncertainties and Unknowns None		

II. Background

A. Legislative History

The Oneida Business Committee created the Environmental Resource Board through Resolution BC-02-22-85-B. GTC Resolution 01-07-13-B established the Oneida Judiciary.

B. Summary of Content

1. The Domestic Animal amendments are being processed separately in order to make further revisions. However, it is included here because there are no additional fiscal impacts due to the amendments.

2. All Laws are being amended to state that the Trial Court is the entity authorized to conduct hearings.

3. Other minor changes, including formatting, have been made to these Laws to comply with drafting style. These changes do not affect the content of these Laws.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

III. Agency

The hearing authority will simply be transferred from ERB to the Judiciary. Historical hearing stipends paid to the Board were \$750 in 2017, \$1,200 in 2016, and \$700 in 2015. Transferring the hearing authority to the Judiciary would result in an average savings of approximately \$830 annually. The Judiciary does not anticipate any additional costs as this will simply be absorbed into their existing duties. ERB has stated that they expect the transition of the hearing authority to be complete by January 1, 2018



IV. Financial Impact

Approximately \$830 savings annually.

V. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
Consider adoption of the Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. Adoption packet 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO: Oneida Business Committee
FROM: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chairperson
DATE: July 26, 2017
RE: Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the proposed Oneida Business Committee Meetings law:

- 1. Resolution: Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law
- 2. Statement of Effect: Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law
- 3. Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law Legislative Analysis
- 4. Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law Draft
- 5. Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts the proposed Oneida Business Committee Meetings law. The proposed Oneida Business Committee Meetings law will identify how the Oneida Business Committee will carry out its responsibilities to conduct the business of the Oneida Nation in a clear and consistent manner while guided by Oneida culture and tradition as delegated to the Oneida Business Committee under the Constitution of the Oneida Nation and by the General Tribal Council.

The proposed Oneida Business Committee Meetings law will:

- Recognize the need for frank and honest discussions in all Oneida Business Committee meetings but sets forth requirements and guidelines for providing public comment and discussing individuals in a respectful and productive manner *[see section 117.5]*;
- Provide that an annual schedule and reporting schedule for Oneida Business Committee meetings be presented each year by the Oneida Nation Secretary [see section 117.6];
- Describe the general characteristics of each section that may be contained in the agenda and discusses which individuals are authorized to present items on the agenda [see section 117.7];
- Describe the responsibilities of Oneida Business Committee meeting attendees in regard to their behavior during meetings, and while recording and photographing the meeting; [see section 117.8];
- Set forth guidelines for the removal of a disorderly or disruptive person from an Oneida Business Committee meeting [see section 117.9]; and

Establish standards for enforcement of the provisions of this Law, and require all members of the Oneida Business Committee to request a point of order to direct compliance with Robert's Rules of Order, requirements set forth in this law or requirements set forth in resolutions or standard operating procedures adopted by the Oneida Business Committee when necessary[see section 117.10].

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting on the proposed law was held on December 29, 2016, with a comment period closing on January 6, 2017. All comments received during the public comment period were accepted and reviewed by the Legislative Operating Committee on March 1, 2017. A second public meeting on the proposed Law was held on May 18, 2017, with a comment period closing on May 25, 2017. All comments received during the second public comment period were reviewed and accepted by the Legislative Operating Committee on June 7, 2017. Any changes made based on those comments have been incorporated into this draft.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law



Oneida Nation

Post Office Box 365

Phone: (920)869-2214



Oneida, WI 54155

BC Resolution #____ Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law

- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a t reaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee Meetings law ("the Law) identifies how the Oneida Business Committee will carry out its responsibilities to conduct the business of the Oneida Nation as delegated to the Oneida Business Committee under the Constitution of the Oneida Nation and by the General Tribal Council; and
- **WHEREAS,** the Law intends for the Oneida Business Committee to be clear and consistent in its actions and be guided by the responsibilities grounded in the Oneida culture and the Oneida Nation Constitution; and
- WHEREAS, the Law recognizes the need for frank and honest discussions in all Oneida Business Committee meetings but sets forth requirements and guidelines for providing a public comment and the discussion of individuals; and
- WHEREAS, the Law provides that an annual schedule and reporting schedule for Oneida Business Committee meetings shall be presented around October of each year by the Oneida Nation Secretary; and
- WHEREAS, the Law sets forth the general characteristics of each section that may be contained in the agenda and discusses which individuals are authorized to present items on the agenda; and
- **WHEREAS,** the Law describes the responsibilities of Oneida Business Committee meeting attendees in regard to their behavior during meetings and while recording and photographing the meeting; and
- **WHEREAS,** the Law sets forth guidelines for the removal of a disorderly or disruptive person from an Oneida Business Committee meeting; and
- WHEREAS,
 the Law establishes enforcement, and r equires all members of the Oneida Business
 Committee to request a point of order to direct compliance with Robert's Rules of Order,
 requirements set forth in this law or requirements set forth in resolutions or standard
 operating procedures adopted by the Oneida Business Committee when necessary; and
- 50 WHEREAS,
 51 a first public meeting on the proposed law was held on Dec ember 29, 2016, in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, and comments received were reviewed and accepted by the Legislative Operating Committee on March 1, 2017.

BC Resolution _____ Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law Page 2 of 2

4 **WHEREAS,** 5 a second public meeting on the proposed law was held on May 18, 2017, in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, and comments received were reviewed and accepted by the Legislative Operating Committee on June 7, 2017.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Oneida Business Committee Meetings law is hereby adopted and shall become effective September 13, 2017.

61 62

Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee

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PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365



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Statement of Effect Oneida Business Committee Meetings Law

Summary

This resolution adopts the Oneida Business Committee Meetings law.

Submitted by: Clorissa N. Santiago, Staff Attorney, Legislative Reference Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

This resolution adopts the Oneida Business Committee Meetings law which is a new law that identifies how the Oneida Business Committee will carry out its responsibilities to conduct the business of the Oneida Nation in a clear and consistent manner while guided by Oneida culture and tradition as delegated to the Oneida Business Committee under the Constitution of the Oneida Nation and by the General Tribal Council.

The Oneida Business Committee Meetings law:

- Recognizes the need for frank and honest discussions in all Oneida Business Committee meetings but sets forth requirements and guidelines for providing public comment and discussing individuals in a respectful and productive manner;
- Provides that an annual schedule and reporting schedule for Oneida Business Committee meeting be presented each year by the Oneida Nation Secretary;
- Describes the responsibilities of Oneida Business Committee meeting attendees in regard to their behavior during meetings and while recording and photographing the meeting;
- Sets forth guidelines for the removal of a disorderly or disruptive person from an Oneida Business Committee meeting; and
- Establishes standards for enforcement of the provisions of this Law, and requires all members of the Oneida Business Committee to request a point of order to direct compliance with Robert's Rules of Order, requirements set forth in this law or requirements set forth in resolutions or standard operating procedures adopted by the Oneida Business Committee when necessary.

The first public meeting on the proposed Law was held on December 29, 2016, in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, and comments received were reviewed and accepted by the Legislative Operating Committee on March 1, 2017. A second public meeting on the proposed Law was held on May 18, 2017, and comments received were reviewed and accepted by the Legislative Operating Committee on June 7, 2017.

Conclusion

Adoption of this resolution would not conflict with any of the Nation's laws.

Analysis to Draft 7 for OBC Consideration 2017 07 26



Oneida Business Committee Meetings law

	Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office			
Title Oneida Business Committee Meetings (law)				
Sponsor	Brandon Stevens Drafter Clorissa N. Santiago Analyst Maureen Perkins			
Requester & Reason for Request	Brandon Stevens This is a proposal for a new law to govern the structure of the Oneida Business Committee (OBC) Meetings, creating a more efficient process for conducting the Nation's business.			
Purpose	The purpose of this law is to identify how the OBC will carry out its responsibilities. Meetings of the OBC are for the purpose of conducting the business of the Oneida Nation as delegated to the OBC under the Constitution of the Nation.			
Authorized/ Affected Entities	Oneida Business Committee, entities, Oneida Nation membership, Oneida Nation employees			
Related Legislation	BC resolution # 08-14-91-A (BC Meeting – Executive Session for Employee Complaints), Open Records and Open Meetings law			
Enforcement & Due Process This law is enforced by the OBC Chairperson, an OBC Officer or an OBC Membrace of Order as amended by the Constitution or the OBC 117.10].				
Public Meeting Status	A public meeting was held December 29, 2016. A second public meeting was held May 18, 2017 and all comments were considered; the final draft includes changes made by the Legislative Operating Committee based on public comments received.			
 9 provides a ne 10 meetings rega 11 • the dis 12 • public 13 • annua 14 • the OF 15 • request 16 • appoint 17 • condut 18 • remove 	Overview s a new law that will govern Oneida Business Committee (OBC) meetings and w format to facilitate more effective meetings. The law sets parameters for OBC arding: scussion of individuals, c comments, 1 OBC scheduling and reporting schedule, 3C agenda, sts to present agenda items, ntment of a sergeant-at-arms, ct of OBC meeting attendees, ral of disorderly or disruptive persons, and ement of this law.			
21	Body of the Analysis			
	er ection details the rules that govern OBC meetings. Major aspects include: ts Rules of Order			

25 • OBC meetings are guided by Robert's Rules of Order; except as modified by the Oneida Constitution [see 117.4-1] or the OBC [see 117.4-2]. 26 **Discussion of Individuals** 27 • Negative or disrespectful discussion of individual members of the Nation or 28 employees that implicates their integrity, honesty, or morality is prohibited during 29 any OBC meeting and shall be immediately stopped. The presiding Chairperson 30 shall regulate the discussion to ensure the integrity, honesty and morality of 31 individuals is not implicated during any discussions [see 117.5-1(c)]. The OBC 32 shall have the authority to redact any statements made during open session 33 regarding improper discussion of an individual from all video and audio 34 recordings of the OBC meetings [see 117.5-1(d)]. 35 Public Comment 36 37 • A public comment period has been included at the beginning of each agenda item of the OBC meeting in order to provide the public with an opportunity for 38 meaningful community input. Each individual is limited to speak once per agenda 39 item for a maximum of three minutes. This time limitation may be extended by 40 the OBC [see 117.5-2(b)]. The public comment period provides an opportunity 41 for the community to request OBC review of an issue or action, comment on an 42 item on the agenda, provide praise, provide public notice about an activity or 43 fundraising event, or other comments deemed pertinent by the presiding 44 Chairperson [see 117.5-2(e)]. There are no requirements to accept or take action 45 on public comments. OBC meeting attendees may ask questions while providing 46 public comment and OBC meeting attendees may answer questions posed during 47 this time [see 117.5-2(d)]. The OBC shall proceed with official business related to 48 the agenda item once all public comments have been received [see 117.5-2(f)]. 49 **OBC** Meeting Schedule 50 Detail regarding a meeting schedule and a reporting schedule are included in this law. 51 proposed yearly schedule of OBC meetings around October of each year adopted 52 by OBC resolution [see 117.6-1]. 53 proposed reporting schedule for Tribal entities around October of each year 54 adopted by OBC resolution [see 117.6-2]. 55 56 Agenda 57 The required sections of the OBC agenda and general characteristics of each 58 . section are detailed [see 117.7-1]. 59 Detail regarding individuals and entities authorized to submit requests to present 60 agenda [see 117.7-2]. 61 62 Responsibilities of OBC meeting attendees 63 OBC meeting attendees are expected to treat each other with respect and 64 kindness. A list of prohibited behaviors is detailed *[see 117.8-1]*. 65 This law compliments the Open Records and Open Meetings law with the 66 provision regarding video and audio recording [see 117.8-2]. 67

68 69 70 71 72 73 74	 The law states that attendees who wish to video and audio record an OBC meeting are required to operate the recording device openly so that the recording obvious to those in attendance [see 117.8-2(a)]. Additionally, the recording device cannot create excessive noise or light that disturbs meeting attendees [see 117.8-2(b)]. And the recording does not interfere with an individual's observation or participation in the meeting [see 117.8-2(c)].
75	$\operatorname{Heeting}_{I} [See 117.0^{-2}(c)].$
76	Removal of a Disorderly or Disruptive Person
70	 The presiding Chairperson may designate a sergeant-at-arms to oversee the
78	security of OBC meetings [see 117.9-1].
78 79	
	The obe has the dutionty to uncer the femoval of obe meeting attendeds who
80	violate this law and this decision is not appealable <i>[see 117.9-2]</i> .
81	 Meeting attendees that interrupt a meeting or violate section 117.5-1 by
82	discussing individuals or commit a prohibited behavior [see 117.8-1] may, at the
83	decision of the OBC, be removed from the meeting. The presiding Chairperson
84	shall order the sergeant-at-arms to remove the individual from the meeting.
85	Removal is an option provided only in the case that a person causes a breach of
86	peace committed at a meeting. An individual removed from a meeting shall not be
87	allowed to return for the duration of the meeting [see 117.9-2].
88	 The presiding OBC Chairperson may take immediate action to remove an OBC
89	meeting attendee if their behavior results in an immediate danger to the health and
90	safety of any OBC meeting attendee [see 117.9-3].
91	• The OBC may permanently ban a person from attending an OBC meeting for any
92	of the following [see 117.9-4]:
93	• A person is repeatedly removed from an OBC meeting for disorderly or
94 05	disruptive behavior [see $117.9-4(a)$], or The behavior of a neuron reaches such a second level that an automatic here
95 06	• The behavior of a person reaches such a severe level that an automatic ban
96	is necessary to protect the health and safety of all OBC attendees [see
97 08	117.9-4(b)].
98 99	Enforcement
100	 This law shall be enforced according to Robert's Rules of Order [see 117.10-1].
100	 The OBC Chairperson, at the decision of the OBC, has the authority to remove
101	members of the public who violate this law and this decision is not appealable
102	[see 117.10-2] and [see 117.9-2].
104	 An OBC Officer or OBC Member may request a point of order to direct
105	compliance with requirements in this law, Robert's Rules of Order, or
106	requirements established by resolutions or SOPs adopted by the OBC [see
107	117.10-3].
108	
109	Other
110	• Please refer to the fiscal impact statement for any financial impacts.
111	
112	
113	

Draft 7 for OBC Consideration 2017 07 26

Title 1. Government and Finances – Chapter 117 ONEIDA BUSINESS COMMITTEE MEETINGS latityohkwak@nyehse> lutkanisa>@=tha> laotiyanlasla>sh&ha

the people are contesting – their meeting place - their laws

117.1. Purpose and Policy

- 117.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal
- 117.3. Definitions
- 117.4. Rules of Order
- 117.5. Public Comment and Discussion of Individuals
- 117.6. Oneida Business Committee Meetings Schedule

117.7. Agenda

117.8. Responsibilities of Oneida Business Committee Meeting Attendees

117.9. Removal of a Disorderly or Disruptive Person

117.10. Enforcement

1 2 3

117.1. Purpose and Policy

4 117.1-1. Purpose. The purpose of this law is to identify how the Oneida Business Committee

- 5 will carry out its responsibilities. Meetings of the Oneida Business Committee are for the
- purpose of conducting the business of the Oneida Nation as delegated to the Oneida Business
 Committee under the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
- 8 117.1-2. *Policy*. It is the policy of the Nation that the Oneida Business Committee be clear and
- 9 consistent in its actions and be guided by the responsibilities grounded in the Oneida culture and
- the Oneida Nation Constitution. It is further the policy that Oneida Business Committee meetings
- 11 to be open to the public and to have discussions related to the items on the agenda in order to
- have the widest possible viewpoint, to request and receive technical advice and respect
- 13 conflicting views.
- 14 117.1-3. Roles and Responsibilities. The Oneida Business Committee is elected by the 15 membership of the Nation and is delegated legislative responsibility under Article IV of the 16 Constitution of the Oneida Nation, General Tribal Council resolution # GTC-2-15-82, adoption 17 of job descriptions in July of 1990, and a motion at the October 1998 General Tribal Council 18 meeting. The work associated with this legislative responsibility is carried out through various subcommittees including, but not limited to, the Legislative Operating Committee, Community 19 20 Development and Planning Committee, and the Quality of Life Committee, in order to obtain the 21 broadest and most informed discussion. The action regarding this legislative responsibility is 22 taken at a regular, special, or emergency Oneida Business Committee meeting, or when 23 necessary, by e-poll in accordance with approved processes. The goal of this law is to formalize 24 the action of legislative responsibility taking place at Oneida Business Committee meetings and
- 25 the work of legislative responsibility within subcommittees.
- 26

27 117.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

- 28 117.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC -_
- 29 117.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee or General
- 30 Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- 31 117.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
 32 be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are
 33 considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 117.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of anotherlaw, the provisions of this law shall control. Provided that, this law repeals the following:
- 36 (a) Resolution # BC-08-14-91-A BC Meeting Executive Session for Employee
 37 Complaints.

38 117.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation. 39

40 117.3. Definitions

- 41 117.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words or phrases used within this law. All 42 words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
- 43 (a) "Board, Committee or Commission" means a board, committee or commission 44 created by the General Tribal Council or the Oneida Business Committee with members 45 appointed by the Oneida Business Committee or elected by the Nation's membership.
- 46 "Constitution" means the Constitution and By-laws of the Oneida Nation, as (b) 47 amended.
- 48 (c) "Corporation" means a business that is chartered by the Nation.
- 49 "Employee" means anyone employed by the Nation in one of the following (d) 50 employed capacities: full-time, part-time, emergency temporary, limited term or on a 51 contractual basis. For purposes of this law the term employee also includes political 52 appointees.
- (e) "Entities" means all boards, committees, commissions, departments, and programs of 53 54 the Nation.
- 55 (f) "Executive session" means a meeting which is held to discuss matters that require 56 confidentiality and are not open to the public.
- 57 (g) "Kalihwi=y%" means the good mind principle which represents "the use of the good 58 words about ourselves, our Nation, and our future."
- 59 (h) "Member of the Nation" means an individual enrolled in the Oneida Nation.
 - (i) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
- (j) "Officer" means an individual holding the position of chairperson, vice-chairperson, 61 62 secretary or treasurer on a board, committee or commission.
- 63 (k) "Open session" means a meeting which is held in a place reasonably accessible to the public at all times. 64
- 65 (1) "Roberts Rules of Order" means a handbook for running meetings effectively and 66 efficiently that sets the guidelines for such issues as leading debates; recognizing speakers; defining the role of the chair and other officers; proposing, seconding, and 67 68 voting on motions; and writing and amending constitutions and bylaws.
- 69

60

70 117.4. Rules of Order

71 117.4-1. The Oneida Business Committee shall use Robert's Rules of Order, current edition, for 72 the procedural rules of its meetings except as specifically modified by the Constitution.

- 73 117.4-2. The Oneida Business Committee may:
 - (a) amend, modify, or direct that a rule shall not apply; and
- 74 75 (b) adopt Standard Operating Procedures that provide administrative guidance in the 76 application of rules.
- 77

78 117.5. Public Comment and Discussion of Individuals

79 117.5-1. Discussion of Individuals. There is a need for frank and honest discussions in all 80 meetings of the Oneida Business Committee. Such discussions often include personal 81 observations, evaluations, and judgments of other employees and members of the Nation. The 82 negative or disrespectful discussion of individuals in open session undermines the morale and 83 trust of employees and members of the Nation.

1 O.C. 117 – Page 2

- (a) It is the policy of the Nation that discussion in open and public meetings of the
 Oneida Business Committee be strictly conducted in an orderly, civil manner avoiding
 acrimony and ad hoc remarks.
- (b) All discussion relevant to an agenda item regarding a member of the Nation or an
 employee and the actions, activities, and/or performance responsibilities of that
 individual may be respectfully discussed during the open session of the Oneida Business
 Committee meeting.
- 91 (c) Should any information be received at any meeting of the Oneida Business
 92 Committee that implicates the integrity, honesty, or morality of a member of the Nation
 93 or an employee, such discussion shall be immediately stopped. The presiding
 94 Chairperson shall regulate the discussion to ensure the integrity, honesty or morality of an
 95 individual is not implicated during any discussions.
- 96 (d) The Oneida Business Committee shall have the authority to redact any statements
 97 made during open session regarding improper discussion of an individual from all video
 98 and audio recordings of the Oneida Business Committee meetings.

99 117.5-2. *Public Comment*.

- (a) The Oneida Business Committee meetings are conducted to make decisions regarding
 the business of the Nation as delegated by the General Tribal Council and the Oneida
 Nation Constitution. However, public comment is a resource for ideas and concerns to be
 raised and addressed by the Oneida Business Committee.
- (b) Individuals shall be allowed to make public comments at the beginning of each agenda item only. All public comments made shall be relevant to the current agenda item.
 Each individual shall be allowed to give public comment one time per agenda item. Each individual shall be limited to speaking for a maximum of three (3) minutes each per agenda item. The time limitation may be extended by request of the individual with approval of the Oneida Business Committee.
- (c) All comments are subject to the limitations of section 117.5-1 when discussing
 individuals or groups of individuals.
- (d) No action is required to accept or otherwise take action regarding a comment being
 made. Oneida Business Committee meeting attendees may ask questions while providing
 public comment. If an Oneida Business Committee meeting attendee can provide a
 proper response to a posed question then that individual may answer the question.
- 116 (e) Public comments shall be relevant to the current agenda item and may be any of the 117 following:
 - (1) A request to have the Oneida Business Committee review an issue or action;
- (2) A comment on an item on the agenda;
 - (3) Praise regarding an entity, an individual or an employee;
 - (4) A public notice about an activity or fundraising event; and/or
 - (5) Other comments deemed pertinent by the presiding Chairperson.
- 123 (f) The Oneida Business Committee shall proceed with conducting official business 124 related to the agenda item once all public comments are received.
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126 **117.6. Oneida Business Committee Meetings Schedule**

127 117.6-1. *Annual Schedule*. The Oneida Nation Secretary shall present, on or around October of 128 each year, a proposed schedule for regular meetings of the Oneida Business Committee for 129 approval by the Oneida Business Committee.

1 O.C. 117 – Page 3

- 130 117.6-2. Reporting Schedule. The Oneida Nation Secretary shall present, on or around October 131 of each year, a proposed schedule for presentation of reports by entities at regular meetings of
- 132 the Oneida Business Committee for approval by the Oneida Business Committee. 133

134 117.7. Agenda

135 117.7-1. Agenda. The agenda for Oneida Business Committee meetings shall contain the 136 following sections. The general characteristics of each section are defined below. The Oneida 137 Business Committee agenda shall only contain sections that contain business that must be 138 addressed during that meeting. Not all sections of the agenda will be addressed at every meeting 139 of the Oneida Business Committee.

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(a) Call to Order. The presiding Chairperson shall call the meeting to order, shall establish the existence of a quorum, and identify reasons why members of the Oneida 142 Business Committee are not present.

- 143 (b) Opening. This section of the agenda shall be used to present any opening statements.
- 144 (c) Adopt the Agenda. The agenda for the meeting shall contain necessary subsections so 145 as to identify each section of the agenda that will be used during that meeting. If there are amendments to the agenda, they should be made during this section, but are not required 146 147 to be done under this section of the agenda.
- 148 (d) Oath of Office. Individuals who have been elected or appointed to an office on a 149 board, committee, commission, as a police officer or other employee requiring an oath to 150 be taken shall be given the oath of office.
- 151 (e) Minutes. The minutes of each regular, special and emergency meeting of the Oneida Business Committee presented for approval shall be listed in this section of the agenda. 152
- 153 (f) Resolutions. This section shall be used to present all resolutions to the Oneida 154 Business Committee for adoption.
- 155 (g) Appointments. Actions regarding appointments to boards, committees, commissions, 156 corporations, and other memberships of the Nation shall be taken in this section of the 157 agenda in accordance with the Nation's laws, policies and rules, specifically those 158 governing boards, committees and commissions of the Nation.
- 159 (h) Standing Committees. Standing committees are entities of the Oneida Business 160 Committee delegated certain responsibilities to act, and whose actions are reported to, the 161 Oneida Business Committee. Such actions may require further approval by the Oneida 162 Business Committee to carry out, such as the Finance Committee meeting minutes, or 163 adoption of laws and rules presented by the Legislative Operating Committee. Items 164 presented in this section of the agenda shall include minutes, quarterly reports, and other 165 actions presented by the Standing Committee.
- (i) General Tribal Council. This section of the agenda shall only be open to members of 166 167 the Nation and shall address issues related to General Tribal Council meetings including, but not limited to, scheduling General Tribal Council meetings, accepting and directing 168 169 action regarding petitions, and approving materials for presentation at General Tribal 170 Council meetings. The Oneida Business Committee may allow individuals who are not 171 members of the Nation to attend this section of the agenda if the attendance of the 172 individual is required for official purposes.
- 173 (i) Standing Items. This section of the agenda shall be used to present items which the 174 Oneida Business Committee has determined require a constant, short term, presence on 175 the agenda because repeat actions and/or follow-up actions may be necessary.

- (k) Unfinished Business. This section of the agenda shall be used when agenda items
 from prior meetings were unable to be completed.
- (1) *Tabled Business*. This section of the agenda shall be used when an agenda item has
 been specifically tabled from a prior meeting. The item on the agenda shall be clearly
 labeled as a tabled action and the date of the meeting at which it was tabled shall be
 noted.
- (m) *New Business*. Any business brought before the Oneida Business Committee that
 does not otherwise fit in any of the other agenda categories shall be placed in this section
 of the agenda.
- (n) *Travel Reports*. This section of the agenda shall be used to present reports regarding
 approved travel that is required to be presented to or approved by the Oneida Business
 Committee.
- (o) *Travel Requests*. This section of the agenda shall be used to present requests for travel
 by an Oneida Business Committee member or where approval by the Oneida Business
 Committee is required.
- (p) *Reports*. This section of the agenda shall be used to present quarterly reports as
 directed by the Oneida Business Committee.
- (q) *Executive Session*. This section of the agenda shall be used to discuss matters that
 require confidentiality and meet the requirements set forth in the Open Records and Open
 Meetings Law for limitations upon access and exceptions. This section of the agenda may
 be organized to meet the needs of the Oneida Business Committee.
- 197 117.7-2. *Requests to Present Agenda Items*. In general, the following individuals are authorized
 198 to present items on the agenda of the Oneida Business Committee.
- (a) Oneida Business Committee Members. Each member of the Oneida Business
 Committee is authorized to present items to be placed on the agenda for discussion and/or
 action.
- (b) *Chairpersons of Boards, Committees or Commissions.* Chairpersons, on behalf of
 boards, committees or commissions, shall be authorized to submit the following to be
 placed on the agenda:
- 205 (1) quarterly reports;
- 206 (2) contracts for the board, committee or commission requiring Oneida Business
 207 Committee approval; and
- 208(3) any other item that must be placed on the Oneida Business Committee209agenda.
- (c) *Direct Reports*. Employees who are identified as direct reports to the Oneida Business
 Committee shall be authorized to submit the following to be placed on the agenda:
 - (1) quarterly reports;
 - (2) contracts of the entity requiring Oneida Business Committee approval; and
 - (3) requests for actions under the section of the agenda containing new business as described in section 117.7-1(1).
- (d) *Corporations*. All chairpersons, presidents, agents or other authorized representatives
 of a corporation shall be authorized to submit reports of the corporation and other items
 on the agenda on behalf of the corporation, as directed by the corporate charter, operating
 agreement or other governing document.
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221 117.8. Responsibilities of Oneida Business Committee Meeting Attendees

117.8-1. Behavior of Oneida Business Committee Meeting Attendees. Keeping in line with the
 Oneida principle of Kalihwi=y%, all attendees including the Oneida Business Committee
 members are expected to treat each other with respect and kindness. Attendees shall not:

- (a) Use profanity, interrupt others, heckle or threaten people, disrespect property or
 exhibit behavior that disrupts the meeting or endangers the safety of other attendees;
- (b) Be under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs;
- (c) Have a weapon on their person while on any public property of the Nation or at any
 event sponsored by the Nation unless the Oneida Business Committee meeting attendee is
 required to carry a weapon when acting in the official capacity of his or her employment;
 and
 - (d) Take action that violates any laws, rules or policies of the Nation.

117.8-2. *Recording and Photographing*. Any Oneida Business Committee meeting attendee
 may photograph, tape-record, or otherwise reproduce any part of a meeting required to be open
 as long as the device:

- (a) Is operated openly so that it is obvious to those in attendance that the meeting isbeing recorded;
- (b) Does not create an excessive noise or light that disturbs any individual attending the meeting; and
- (c) Does not otherwise interfere with an individual's observation or participation in the meeting.
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243 **117.9.** Removal of a Disorderly or Disruptive Person

117.9-1. Sergeant-at-Arms. The presiding Chairperson may designate an individual to serve as
the sergeant-at-arms for Oneida Business Committee meetings. The sergeant-at-arms shall
oversee the security of the meeting and ensure the safety of all present.

247 117.9-2. *Removal of a Disorderly or Disruptive Person.* If a meeting is willfully interrupted by 248 a person and the meeting cannot proceed forward or the person violates section 117.8-1 249 regarding behavior of Oneida Business Committee attendees and/or section 117.5-1 regarding 250 the discussion of individuals, the Oneida Business Committee shall decide if the individual shall 251 be removed from the meeting. The Oneida Business Committee's decision to remove a person 252 shall be final and not appealable. At the decision of the Oneida Business Committee the 253 presiding Chairperson shall order the sergeant-at-arms to remove the person from the meeting. 254 No person shall be removed from a meeting except for an actual breach of the peace committed 255 at the meeting. An individual removed from an Oneida Business Committee meeting shall not

- be allowed to return for the duration of the meeting.
- 257 117.9-3. *Emergency Removal of a Disorderly or Disruptive Person*. If the disorderly or
 258 disruptive behavior of an individual results in an immediate danger to the health and safety of
 259 any Oneida Business Committee meeting attendee the presiding Chairperson may take
 260 immediate action to remove the disorderly or disruptive person.
- 117.9-4. *Banning a Disorderly or Disruptive Person*. The Oneida Business Committee may
 permanently ban a person from attending Oneida Business Committee meetings for any of the
 following:
- 264 (a) A person is repeatedly removed from Oneida Business Committee meetings for265 disorderly or disruptive behavior; or

(b) The behavior of a person reaches such a severe level that an automatic ban from
attending Oneida Business Committee meetings is necessary for the protection of the
health and safety of all other Oneida Business Committee meeting attendees.

270 **117.10. Enforcement**

117.10-1. This law shall be enforced according to Robert's Rules of Order, except as
specifically modified by the Constitution of the Oneida Nation and the Oneida Business
Committee.

274 117.10-2. *Enforcement by the Oneida Business Committee Chairperson*. At the decision of the
275 Oneida Business Committee the presiding Chairperson shall order the sergeant-at-arms to
276 remove any disorderly or disruptive person from the meeting.

277 117.10-3. Enforcement by an Oneida Business Committee Officer or Member. Officers and
278 members of the Oneida Business Committee are authorized, under Robert's Rules of Order, to
279 request a point of order to direct compliance with Robert's Rules of Order, requirements set forth

- in this law or requirements set forth in resolutions or standard operating procedures adopted by
- the Oneida Business Committee.
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283 End. 284

Adopted - BC-

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of the Business Committee Meetings Law
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Financial Management Analyst
DATE:	May 15, 2017

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Business Committee Meetings		Draft 6
Implementing Agency	Oneida Business Committee	
Estimated time to comply Immediately upon approval		
Estimated Impact	Estimated Impact Current Fiscal Year 10 Year Estim	
Start up		
Personnel		
Office		
Documentation Costs		
Total Estimated Fiscal Impact	\$0	\$ 0
Revenue and cost considerations	None	
Uncertainties and Unknowns		

II. Background

A. Legislative History

This is a new Law. A public meeting was held December 29, 2016.

B. Summary of the Content of the Law

1. Discussion of individuals shall be civil and respectful. Negative and disrespectful comments shall be immediately stopped by the Chair.

2. Public comments are limited to the beginning of the agenda item, must be relevant to the agenda item and shall be limited to three (3) minutes. Comments may be any of the following;

a) A request to have the Oneida Business Committee review an issue or action;

- b) A comment on an item on the agenda;
- c) Praise regarding an entity, an individual or an employee;
- d) A public notice about an activity or fundraising event; and/or
- e) Other comments deemed pertinent by the presiding Chairperson.
- 3. Annual OBC meeting schedule and reporting.

4. Format of the OBC agenda and authorized entities to request to present agenda items.

5. Behavioral expectations & recording requirements.

6. The Oneida Business Committee may appoint a sergeant-at-arms to serve as security during a meeting.

7. The Oneida Business Committee shall decide if a disorderly or disruptive person shall be removed from a meeting by the sergeant-at-arms for a breach of the peace.

8. Meeting attendees may be permanently banned from Oneida Business Committee meetings.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.



3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

II. Agency Response

The Oneida Business Committee discussed the Law at a work meeting and reported that the only cost they foresaw with the implementation of the law is the estimated expense for the sergeant-at-arms. However, this is simply reallocating an existing resource and therefore no additional fiscal impact. The Secretary has indicated that the Law can be implemented immediately upon approval.

III. Financial Impact

No impact

IV. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	_7_	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: Open Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
\boxtimes Action - please describe:
Consider the Landlord-Tenant Emergency Amendments extension for adoption
consider the Landiord Tenant Emergency Amendments extension for adoption
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. Adoption Packet (Emergency) 3.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:Oneida Business CommitteeFROM:Brandon Stevens, LOC ChairpersonDATE:July 26, 2017RE:Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments Extension

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments Extension:

- 1. Resolution: Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments Extension
- 2. Statement of Effect: Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments Extension
- 3. Landlord Tenant Law (Redline)

Overview

Extension of the emergency amendments to the Landlord-Tenant law (the "Law") are requested in order to allow the Oneida Housing Authority's Rent-to-Own program to continue to exist within the confines of the Law. The current emergency amendments expire on August 9, 2017, which does not provide adequate to discuss the additional concerns forwarded to a work meeting at the July 12, 2017 Oneida Business Committee meeting and adopt the permanent amendments.

The Oneida Business Committee can temporarily enact legislation when necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, safety or general welfare of the Reservation population and when the amendment of legislation is required sooner than would be possible under the Legislative Procedures Act. A fiscal impact statement and public meeting are not required for emergency legislation.

The emergency amendments to the Landlord-Tenant law are necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare of the reservation population because the amendments prevent the prohibition of the Oneida Housing Authority from entering into rent-to-own program agreements when the Law became effective on February 9, 2017. Additionally, observance of the adoption requirements under the Legislative Procedures Act for adoption of this amendment would be contrary to public interest.

The emergency amendments to the Law will became effective immediately upon effect of the Law on February 9, 2017, and with this extension will remain effective until the earlier of the adoption of the permanent amendments or February 9, 2018.

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Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments.

Oneida Nation

Post Office Box 365

Phone: (920)869-2214



Oneida, WI 54155

BC Resolution # _____ Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments

- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a t reaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
- WHEREAS, the Landlord-Tenant law (the "Law") was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution 10-12-16-C; and
- WHEREAS, the Law provides mechanisms for protecting the rights of the landlords and tenants of the Nation's rental programs; and
- **WHEREAS,** the current Law applies to rental agreements defined as, "a written contract between a landlord and a tenant, where by the tenant is granted the right to use o r occupy the premises for a residential purpose for one (1) year or less;" and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Housing Authority's rent-to-own program does not fall into the Law's definition of rental agreements because the rental agreement for the rent-to-own program generally has a fifteen (15) year term with conveyance of the home at the satisfaction of the rental agreement; and
- WHEREAS, the rental agreements in the Law were limited to one (1) ye ar terms to fortify the poli cy requiring annual renewals of rental agreements and to avoid month-to-month tenancies; and
- WHEREAS, the emergency amendment to the La w maintains the Law's policies while including the Oneida Housing Authority's rent-to-own program by revising the definition of "rental agreement" to state, "a written contract between a landlord and a tenant, whereby the tenant is granted the right to use or occupy the premises for a residential purpose for one (1) year or less, provided that the term may be longer than one (1) year in circumstances where the contract is on a rent to own basis;" and
- **WHEREAS,** the Legislative Procedures Act auth orizes the Oneida Business Committee to enact legislation on an emerg ency basis, to be in effect for a period of six (6) month s, renewable for an additional six (6) months; and
- WHEREAS, the emergency amendment was previously adopted by resolution BC-01-25-17-C and was justified as an emergency necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare of the reservation population to ensure that the Oneida Housing Authority is not prohibited from entering into rent-to-own agreements when the Landlord-Tenant law became effective on February 9, 2017; and

WHEREAS, these emergency am endments will expire on August 9, 20 17 which does not allow enough to discuss the additional concerns forwarded to a work meeting at t he July 12, 2017 Oneida Business Committee meeting and to adopt t he amendments on a permanent basis; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the emergency amendment to the Landlord-Tenant Law is hereby extended for an a dditional six (6) month term in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, section 109.9-5(b), and shall expire up on the earlier of the adoption of the per manent amendments or February 9, 2018.



Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



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Statement of Effect

Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments

Summary

This Resolution extends an emergency amendment to the Landlord-Tenant Law (the "Law") which would include the Oneida Housing Authority's (OHA's) rent-to-own program in the definition of rental agreement.

Submitted by: Krystal L. John, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

This resolution extends an emergency amendment to the Landlord-Tenant Law for an additional six (6) month term. The Landlord-Tenant Law was adopted on October 12, 2016, set to become effective one hundred and twenty (120) calendar days later on February 9, 2017. Without the emergency amendment, the Law applies to rental agreements that are defined as, "a written contract between a landlord and a tenant, whereby the tenant is granted the right to use or occupy the premises for a residential purpose for one (1) year or less." The rental agreements in the Law were limited to one (1) year terms to fortify the policy requiring annual renewals of rental agreements and to avoid month-to-month tenancies.

After the adoption of the Law it was discovered that Oneida Housing Authority's (OHA's) rentto-own program does not fall into the definition of rental agreements provided in the Law because the rental agreement for the rent-to-own program generally has a fifteen (15) year term with conveyance of the home at the satisfaction of the rental agreement. Therefore, once the Law becomes effective on February 9, 2017, OHA will no longer be permitted to enter into rent-toown agreements.

The emergency amendment to the Law maintains the polices the Law sets forth while including OHA's rent-to-own program by revising the definition of "rental agreement" to state, "a written contract between a landlord and a tenant, whereby the tenant is granted the right to use or occupy the premises for a residential purpose for one (1) year or less, provided that the term may be longer than one (1) year in circumstances where the contract is on a rent to own basis." This emergency amendment to the Law allows OHA to continue to enter into rent-to-own program agreements when the Law becomes effective on February 9, 2017.

Section 16.9-5 of the Legislative Procedures Act (LPA) allows the Oneida Business Committee to take emergency action where it is "necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, safety or general welfare of the reservation population" and when "enactment or amendment of legislation is required sooner than would be possible under the Legislative Procedures Act." The Landlord-Tenant Law Emergency Amendments prevent the prohibition of the OHA from entering into rent-to-own program agreements when the Law becomes effective on February 9, 2017, which would be necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety,

or general welfare of the reservation population. Additionally, observance of the adoption requirements under the LPA for adoption of this amendment would be contrary to public interest. Through the Resolution, the Oneida Business Committee has issued a continued finding of an emergency and has stated the necessity for extending emergency amendments to this Law. The LPA authorizes extensions of emergency amendments in section 109.9-5(b) for up to an additional six (6) month period.

The emergency amendments to the Landlord-Tenant Law took effect immediately upon effect of the law on February 9, 2017 and through this resolution are extended to remain in effect until the earlier of either the permanent amendments being adopted or February 9, 2018.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution would not conflict with any of the Nation's laws.



Draft 1 for OBC Consideration 2017 07 26

1 2 3 4 5	Title 7. Property - Chapter 710 LANDLORD-TENANT Tsi> Yuhw <tsyaw@-ku aolihw@-ke<br="">where it bound to the earth - issues</tsyaw@-ku>				
6 7 8 9 10 17	 710.1. Purpose and Polic 710.2. Adoption, Amena 710.3. Definitions 710.4. Rental Programs 710.5. Rental Agreemen 	dment, Repeal	12 7 13 7 14 7	10.6. 10.7. 10.8. 10.9. 10.10.	Rights and Duties of Landlords and Tenants Domestic Abuse Protections Sex Offender Registry Termination of Tenancy at Death of Tenant Landlord or Tenant Actions
18 19	710.1 Dumpor	a and Daliay			
19 20	-	e and Policy The purpose of this law i	s to m	rovide	e mechanisms for protecting the rights
20	-	d tenants of the Nation's rent	-		
22			-	•	air process to all landlords and tenants
23	of the Nation's rental programs that preserves the peace, harmony, safety, health, general welfare				
24	and the Nation's resources.				
25	710.2 4.1 4.				
26 27	1	on, Amendment, Repeal	Ducir	2000 (Committee by resolution BC 10 12 16
27	C.	v was adopted by the Oheida	i Dusii		Committee by resolution BC-10-12-16-
20	710.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee pursuant to				neida Business Committee pursuant to
30	the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.				
31	710.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or				
32	circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law				
33	which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.				
34	710.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another				
35 36	law, the provisions of this law shall control. 710.2-5. This law is adopted under the authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.				
30 37	/10.2-3. This lav	v is adopted under the aution		the C	olistitution of the Oheida Nation.
38	710.3. Definiti	ions			
39			itions	of w	ords and phrases as used herein. All
40	words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.				
41	(a) "Comprehensive Housing Division" means the entity responsible for housing matters				
42	specifically related to rental agreements as defined by Oneida Business Committee				
43	Resolution. ¹ (b) "Landlord" means the Nation in its capacity to rent real property subject to a rental				
44 45		or a means the Nation in its	capac	city to	o rent real property subject to a rental
43 46	agreement. (c) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.				
10		mound the Onerdu Pation.			

¹ See BC Resolution 10-12-16-D providing that for purposes of this law, the Comprehensive

Housing Division means the Division of Land Management for general rental agreements, the Oneida Housing Authority for income-based rental agreements and Elder Services for rental agreements through the Elder Services program.

- 47 (d) "Premises" means the property covered by a rental agreement, including not only the 48 real property and fixtures, but also any personal property furnished by the landlord 49 pursuant to a rental agreement.
- 50 (e) "Rental Agreement" means a written contract between a landlord and a tenant, 51 whereby the tenant is granted the right to use or occupy the premises for a residential 52 purpose for one (1) year or less, provided that the term may be longer than one (1) year in 53 circumstances where the contract is on a rent to own basis.-
- 54 (f) "Reservation" means all property within the exterior boundaries of the reservation of 55 the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida 7 Stat. 566, 56 and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.
- 57 (g) "Rule" means a set of requirements, including citation fees and penalty schedules, 58 enacted jointly by the Land Commission and the Comprehensive Housing Division in 59 accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law based on authority delegated in this 60 law in order to implement, interpret and/or enforce this law, provided that where such requirements relate solely to premises administered pursuant to federal funding, the 61 62 Comprehensive Housing Division has sole authority.
- 63 (h) "Tenant" means the person granted the right to use or occupy a premises pursuant to a 64 rental agreement.
 - (i) "Security Deposit" means a payment made to the landlord by the tenant to ensure that rent will be paid and other responsibilities of the rental agreement performed.
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68 710.4. **Rental Programs**

69 710.4-1. Available Rental Programs. Consistent with available funds, the Comprehensive 70 Housing Division shall provide residential rental programs for providing housing to the 71 following types of tenants and the Oneida Land Commission and the Comprehensive Housing 72 Division shall jointly establish rules naming said programs and providing the specific 73 requirements and regulations that apply to each program:

- (a) Elder tribal members;
 - (b) Low-income Oneida tribal members and families; and
- (c) Tribal members in general.

77 710.4-2. Rental Eligibility Requirements. In order to be eligible for a rental agreement, 78 applicants shall meet the following conditions: 79

- (a) Be eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the application;
- 80 (b) Have no felony or drug convictions within the past two (2) years from the date of 81 application, provided that a pardon or forgiveness received pursuant to the Pardon and 82 Forgiveness law may provide an exception to this condition;
- (c) Meet the local governments' laws' requirements regarding residency restrictions for 83 84 convicted sex offenders;
- 85 (d) Meet the income requirements for entering the rental agreement as determined by the rental program's governing rules: 86
 - (e) Not hold a residential lease with the Nation; and
- 88 (f) Meet any other eligibility requirements set by the rental program's rules, which may 89 not be less strict than this law, but may be stricter than this law.

90 Tenant Selection. The Land Commission and the Comprehensive Housing Division 710.4-3. 91 shall jointly develop rules governing the selection of applicants for the issuance of rental agreements. 92

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94 710.5. Rental Agreement Documents

95 710.5-1. Severability of Rental Agreement Provisions. The provisions of a rental agreement 96 are severable. If any provision of a rental agreement is void or unenforceable by reason of any 97 law, rule, regulation, or judicial order, the invalidity or unenforceability of that provision does 98 not affect other provisions of the rental agreement that can be given effect without the invalid or 99 unenforceable provision.

100 710.5-2. *Requirements of Rental Agreements and Terminations*. A rental agreement or 101 termination of a rental agreement is not enforceable unless it meets the requirements of this law 102 and is in writing.

- 103 (a) All rental agreements shall:
- 104(1) Set forth the amount of rent or other consideration provided in exchange for105the ability to use/occupy the premises;
- 106(2) Set forth the required amount of security deposit and require payment of the107security deposit prior to the tenant(s) taking use/occupancy of the premises;
- 108 (3) Set the time of commencement and expiration of the rental agreement;
- 109 (4) Provide a reasonably definite description of the premises;
- (5) State that nothing in the agreement may be considered a waiver of the
 Nation's sovereign immunity, provided that tenants may seek enforcement of a
 rental agreement or dispute an action taken pursuant to a rental agreement with
 the Oneida Judiciary; and
- 114(6) Be signed by both the landlord and the tenant(s) prior to the tenant(s) taking115use/occupancy of the premises;
 - (A) The rental agreement is not required to be signed by all adults using/occupying the premises, provided that the rights and responsibilities contained in the rental agreement do not extend to persons that are not named as tenants in the rental agreement.
 - (B) Unless legally separated, if a tenant(s) is married, the landlord shall require that each spouse sign the rental agreement.
- (b) Any provision of a rental agreement that does any of the following is void and unenforceable.
 (1) Allows a landlord to do or threaten to do any of the following because a tenant
 - (1) Allows a landlord to do or threaten to do any of the following because a tenant has contacted an entity for law enforcement services, health services or safety services:
 - (A) Increase rent;
 - (B) Decrease services;
 - (C) Bring an action for eviction pursuant to the Eviction and Termination law; and/or
 - (D) Refuse to renew a rental agreement.
- 132 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this law in regards to domestic abuse,
 133 authorizes the eviction or exclusion of a tenant from the premises other than
 134 through the process described in the Eviction and Termination law.
- (3) Requires the tenant to pay attorney's fees or costs incurred by the landlord in
 any legal action or dispute arising under the rental agreement except as supported
 by a court order.

138 (4) States that the landlord is not liable for property damage or personal injury 139 caused by negligent acts or omissions of the landlord. This subsection does not 140 affect ordinary maintenance obligations of a tenant under 710.6-3(b) or assumed 141 by a tenant under a rental agreement or other written agreement between the landlord and the tenant. 142 (5) Imposes liability on the tenant for any of the following:

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(A)Personal injury arising from causes clearly beyond the tenant's control. (B) Property damage caused by natural disasters or by persons other than the tenant or the tenant's guests or invitees. This subsection does not affect ordinary maintenance obligations of a tenant under 710.6-3(b) or assumed by a tenant under a rental agreement or other written agreement

- 149 between the landlord and the tenant. 150 (6) Waives any obligation on the part of the landlord to deliver the premises in a 151 fit and habitable condition or to maintain the premises during the tenant's 152 tenancy.
- 153 (7) Allows for periodic tenancy, which for the purposes of this section means 154 when a tenant uses/occupies a premises without an effective and valid rental 155 agreement by paying rent on a periodic basis including, but not limited to, day-to-156 day, week-to-week and month-to-month.
- Assignment of Rental Agreements Not Permitted. Assignments of rental agreements 157 710.5-3. 158 are not permitted under any circumstances.
- 159

160 710.6. **Rights and Duties of Landlords and Tenants**

This section governs the rights and duties of the landlord and tenant in the absence of 161 710.6-1. 162 any inconsistent provision found in a valid rental agreement.

Disposition of Personal Property Left by the Tenant. If the tenant moves from or is 163 710.6-2. 164 evicted from the premises and leaves personal property, the landlord may presume that the tenant has abandoned the personal property and may dispose of said property in any manner that the 165 166 landlord, in his or her sole discretion, determines is appropriate, provided that:

- 167 (a) The landlord shall hold personal property for a minimum of five (5) business days 168 and the tenant may retrieve said personal property by contacting the landlord.
- 169 (b) The landlord shall keep a written log of the date and the work time that the Nation's 170 staff expends storing and/or removing personal property and/or removing/disposing of 171 debris left at the property after the expiration of the timeframe provided in the order to 172 vacate.
- 173 (c) The Land Commission and the Comprehensive Housing Division shall jointly create 174 rules further governing the disposition of personal property.
- 175 710.6-3. Repairs; Untenability. This section applies to all leases if there is no contrary provision in writing signed by both parties. 176
- 177 (a) Duties of the Landlord.
- 178 (1) Except for repairs made necessary by the negligence of, or improper use of the 179 premises by the tenant, the landlord has a duty to do all of the following:
- 180 (A)Keep in a reasonable state of repair portions of the premises over 181 which the landlord maintains control.
- 182 (B) Keep in a reasonable state of repair all equipment under the landlord's
- 183 control necessary to supply services that the landlord has expressly or

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184	impliedly agreed to furnish to the tenant, such as heat, water, elevator, or
185	air conditioning.
186	(C) Make all necessary structural repairs.
187	(D) Except as provided in section 710.6-3(b)(2), repair or replace any
188	plumbing, electrical wiring, machinery, or equipment furnished with the
189	premises and no longer in reasonable working condition.
190	(E) Comply with any laws or rules of the Nation that are applicable to the
191	premises.
192	(2) If the premises are part of a building where other parts are occupied by one (1)
193	or more other tenants, negligence or improper use by one (1) tenant does not
194	relieve the landlord from the landlord's duty to make repairs as provided in 710.6-
195	3(a)(1), provided that the landlord may require the responsible tenant to pay for
196	such repairs.
197	(3) A landlord shall disclose to a prospective tenant, before entering into a rental
198	agreement with or accepting any earnest money or security deposit from the
199	prospective tenant, any violation of either the Building Code of the Oneida Nation
200	or the Zoning and Shoreland Protection Ordinance if all of the following apply:
201	(A) The landlord has actual knowledge of the violation;
202	(B) The violation affects the dwelling unit that is the subject of the
203	prospective rental agreement or a common area of the premises;
203	(C) The violation presents a significant threat to the prospective tenant's
205	health or safety; and
205	(D) The violation has not yet been corrected but the landlord shall correct
200	the violation prior to the tenant taking occupancy of the premises.
208	(4) If the premises are damaged by fire, water or other casualty, not the result of
208	the negligence or intentional act of the landlord, this subsection is inapplicable
210	and either section 710.6-3(b) or (c) governs.
210	(5) The landlord is responsible for all required pest control to keep the premises
212	in a safe and healthy condition, provided that where an infestation has occurred
212	due to the acts or inaction of the tenant the pest control costs may be assessed
213	against the tenant.
214	(b) Duties of the Tenant.
215	(1) If the premises are damaged, including by an infestation of insects or other
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217	pests, due to the acts or inaction of the tenant, the landlord may elect to allow the
218	tenant to remediate or repair the damage and restore the appearance of the
	premises by redecorating. However, the landlord may elect to undertake the
220	remediation, repair, or redecoration, and in such case the tenant shall reimburse
221	the landlord for the reasonable cost thereof; the cost to the landlord is presumed
222	reasonable unless proven otherwise by the tenant.
223	(2) The tenant shall keep plumbing, electrical wiring, machinery and equipment
224	furnished with the premises in reasonable working order.
225	(3) Tenants shall comply with all laws and rules of the Nation.
226	(c) <i>Untenability</i> . If the premises become untenable because of damage by fire, water or
227	other casualty or because of any condition hazardous to health, or if there is a substantial
228	violation of section 710.6-3(a) materially affecting the health or safety of the tenant, the
229	tenant may move from the premises unless the landlord promptly repairs, rebuilds or

230 eliminates the health hazard or the substantial violation of 710.6-3(a) materially affecting 231 the health or safety of the tenant. (1) The tenant may also move and terminate the rental agreement if the 232 233 inconvenience to the tenant by reason of the nature and period of repair, rebuilding or elimination would impose undue hardship on the tenant. 234 235 (2) If the tenant remains in possession, the landlord shall decrease rent for each 236 month to the extent the tenant is deprived of the full normal use of the premises. 237 The Land Commission and the Comprehensive Housing Division shall jointly 238 develop rules governing how and when rent is decreased pursuant to this section. 239 This subsection does not authorize rent to be withheld in full, if the tenant remains 240 in possession. 241 (3) If the tenant justifiably moves out under this subsection, the tenant is not 242 liable for rent after the premises become untenable and the landlord shall repay 243 any rent paid in advance apportioned to the period after the premises become 244 untenable. This subsection is inapplicable if the damage or condition is caused by 245 negligence or improper use by the tenant. (d) Check-in sheet. Landlords shall provide all new tenants with a check-in sheet when 246 the tenant commences his or her occupancy of the premises that the tenant may use to 247 248 make comments, if any, about the condition of the premises. The landlord shall provide 249 the tenant with seven (7) days from the date the tenant commences his or her occupancy 250 to complete the check-in sheet and return it to the landlord. The landlord is not required 251 to provide the check-in sheet to a tenant upon renewal of a rental agreement. (e) Notice to Enter Required. The landlord shall provide twenty-four (24) hour written 252 253 notice prior to entering the tenant's premises where notice is required to either be 254 personally served to the tenant or posted on the premises. A landlord is exempt from this 255 notice requirement in the case of an emergency welfare check. The basis of a welfare 256 check may include, but is not limited to the following: (1) The landlord believes the tenant's or a child's wellbeing may be in jeopardy 257 258 based on reports of child abuse or neglect, medical concerns, suspicious activity 259 or other reported information; 260 (2) The landlord suspects the tenant has abandoned the premises; and/or 261 (3) The landlord receives notice that the premise's utilities have been 262 disconnected. (f) Acts of tenant not to affect rights of landlord. No act of a tenant in acknowledging as 263 264 landlord a person other than the tenant's original landlord can prejudice the right of the original landlord to possession of the premises. 265 (g) Annual Inspection Required. In the event the tenant renews the rental agreement for 266 267 additional terms, the landlord shall, at a minimum, inspect the premises once annually. 268 269 710.7. **Domestic Abuse Protections** 270 If a tenant notices the landlord of domestic abuse with of any of the following 710.7-1. 271 documentation, regardless of marital status, the landlord shall change the locks to the premises 272 and, if the tenant is unmarried, allow the tenant to modify the rental agreement to remove the 273 domestic abuser: 274 (a) An injunction order under Wis. Stat. 813.12(4) protecting the tenant from a co-tenant;

275 (b) An injunction order under Wis. Stat. 813.122 protecting a child of the tenant from a co-tenant: 276

277 (c) An injunction order under Wis. Stat. 813.125(4) protecting the tenant or child of the 278 tenant from a co-tenant, based on the co-tenant's engaging in an act that would constitute sexual assault under Wis. Stat. 940.225, 948.02 or 948.025, or stalking under Wis. Stat. 279 280 940.32, or attempting or threatening to do the same;

- 281 (d) A condition of release under Wis. Ch. 969 ordering the co-tenant not to contact the 282 tenant:
- 283 (e) A criminal complaint alleging that the co-tenant sexually assaulted the tenant or a 284 child of the tenant under Wis. Stat. 940.225, 948.02 or 948.025;
- 285 (f) A criminal complaint alleging that the co-tenant stalked the tenant or a child of the 286 tenant under Wis. Stat. 940.32; or
- 287 (g) A criminal complaint that was filed against the co-tenant as a result of the co-tenant 288 being arrested for committing a domestic abuse offense against the tenant under Wis. 289 Stat. 968.075.
- 290 710.7-2. If a tenant is no longer eligible to maintain the rental agreement upon removing a co-291 tenant domestic abuser from the rental agreement, the landlord shall permit the tenant to remain 292 on the premises for the longer of either the duration of the rental agreement or ninety (90) days 293 from the date the rental agreement is modified. If the latter applies, in addition to removing the 294 co-tenant that is the domestic abuser, the landlord shall also revise the rental agreement to extend 295 its duration.
- 296 710.7-3. The Eviction and Termination law provides tenants that are victims of domestic abuse 297 with a defense to eviction should the abusers actions be the cause for eviction. 298

299 710.8. **Sex Offender Registry**

300 Should a tenant request information about whether any other tenants are required to 710.8-1. 301 register as a sex offender, the landlord shall provide the tenant with written notice that he or she 302 may obtain information about the sex offender registry and persons registered within the registry 303 by contacting the department of corrections. The landlord shall include in such notice the 304 appropriate telephone number and internet site of the department of corrections. 305

306 710.9. **Termination of Tenancy at Death of Tenant**

- 307 If a tenant dies, his or her tenancy is terminated on the earlier of the following: 710.9-1.
- 308 (a) Sixty (60) days after the landlord receives notice, is advised, or otherwise becomes 309 aware of the tenant's death; 310
 - (b) The expiration of the term of the rental agreement.

710.9-2. The deceased tenant or his or her estate is not liable for any rent after the termination 311 312 of his or her tenancy. A landlord may not contact or communicate with a member of the 313 deceased tenant's family for the purpose of obtaining from the family member rent for which the 314 family member has no liability.

- 315 Nothing in this section relieves another adult tenant of the deceased tenant's premises 710.9-3. 316 from any obligation under a rental agreement or any other liability to the landlord.
- 317 If the deceased tenant is a Tribal member whose death renders a co-tenant no longer 710.9-4. 318 eligible for a rental agreement, the non-Tribal member tenant may remain in the premises for the
- 319 longer of either the duration of the rental agreement or ninety (90) days from the date of the

- 320 Tribal member tenant's death. If the latter applies, the landlord shall revise the rental agreement 321 to extend its duration.
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324 **710.10.** Landlord or Tenant Actions

325 710.10-1. The Oneida Judiciary is granted jurisdiction to hear complaints filed regarding
 326 actions taken pursuant to this law and/or a rental agreement.

- 710.10-2. No administrative hearing body, including a board, committee or commission, is
 authorized to hear a complaint regarding actions taken pursuant to this law and/or a rental
 agreement.
- 710.10-3. The landlord is the Comprehensive Housing Division in regards to taking actions
 authorized under this law and complaints filed with the Oneida Judiciary shall name the
 Comprehensive Housing Division and the specific program.
- 333
- 334 *End*.
- 335
- 336 Adopted BC-10-12-16-C

Public Packet

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🛛 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:		
Agenda Header: Resolutions		
Accept as Information only		
⊠ Action - please describe:		
Consider adoption of the Children's Code.		
3. Supporting Materials		
Report Resolution Contract		
⊠ Other:		
1. Adoption packet3.		
2. 4.		
Business Committee signature required		
4. Budget Information		
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted		
5. Submission		
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair		
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director		
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member		
Additional Requestor:		
Name, Title / Dept.		
Additional Requestor:		
Name, Title / Dept.		

Public Packet

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



TO:Oneida Business CommitteeFROM:Brandon Stevens, LOC ChairpersonDATE:July 26, 2017RE:Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act
Policy

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Children's Code:

- 1. Resolution: Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy
- 2. Statement of Effect: Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy
- 3. Children's Code Legislative Analysis
- 4. Children's Code Draft
- 5. Children's Code Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts the proposed Children's Code. The proposed Children's Code would allow the Nation to exercise jurisdiction over its children who are in need of protection or services. The goal of the proposed Children's Code is to ensure that child welfare matters involving Oneida children are handled on the Reservation where more family members and Oneida foster homes are located and the traditions and culture of the Nation can be better preserved. The Children's Code intends to bring and maintain Oneida children and their families closer to the Nation's resources which may result in a higher percentage of reunifications and lower the number of out-of-home placements.

The proposed Children's Code extensively details the roles and responsibilities of those entities involved in child welfare matters, and the processes which will be followed by the Oneida Family Court, including:

- The roles of the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department [see 708.7];
- The order of placement preferences to be followed when it is necessary to place a child outside of the home under this law [see 708.11];
- The process and procedures for a child in need of protection or services proceeding [see 708.17 through 708.28];
- The process and procedures of a guardianship for certain children in need of protection or services proceeding [see 708.29 through 708.31];

- The process and procedures for the termination of parental rights [see 708.32 through 708.40]; and
- The process and procedures for adoption [see 708.41 through 708.44].

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting on the proposed law was held on May 4, 2017, with a comment period closing on May 11, 2017. All comments received during the public comment period were accepted by the Legislative Operating Committee at the May 17, 2017, Legislative Operating Committee meeting. All comments received were reviewed and considered at work meetings on May 17, 2017, May 18, 2017, and May 25, 2017. Any changes made based on those comments have been incorporated into this draft.

The resolution also amends the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy. With the adoption of the Children's Code and the dissolution of the Oneida Child Protective Board, it is critical for the protection of Oneida Children to establish an updated policy statement regarding placement preferences to provide direction to the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department and the Oneida Law Office on how to handle Indian child welfare matters pending in outside jurisdictions.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy



Oneida Nation

HANDOUT

Post Office Box 365

Oneida, WI 54155

Phone: (920)869-2214



BC Resolution # _____ Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy

- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
- The Nation's Children's Code
- WHEREAS, the Children's Code recognizes the authority of the Oneida Nation to exercise the fundamental right of sovereignty and self-determination by setting forth procedures to provide for the welfare, care, and protection of Oneida children through the preservation of the family unit; and
- WHEREAS, the Children's Code allows the Nation to exercise jurisdiction over children who are in need of protection or services so that the Nation can ensure that child welfare matters involving Oneida children are handled on the Reservation where more family members and Oneida foster homes are located and the traditions and culture of the Nation can be better preserved; and
- WHEREAS, the Children's Code strengthens family life by assisting parents in fulfilling their responsibilities as well as facilitating the return of Oneida children closer to the Nation's resources which may result in a higher percentage of reunifications, lower the number of out-of-home placements, and increase family stability; and
- WHEREAS, the Children's Code extensively details the roles and responsibilities of those entities involved in child welfare matters and the processes which will be followed by the Oneida Family Court, including proceedings for children in need of protection or services, guardianship for certain children in need of protection or services, termination of parental rights, and adoption; and
- WHEREAS,
 the passage of the Children's Code and the Nation's updated Indian Child Welfare Act
 Policy will dissolve the Oneida Child Protective Board and re-delegate the Oneida Child
 Protective Board's authority and responsibilities to the Nation's Indian Child Welfare
 Department and the Nation's Child Welfare attorney; and
- WHEREAS,
 a public meeting on the proposed law was held on May 4, 2017, in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, and comments received were accepted and reviewed by the Legislative Operating Committee on May 17, 2017, May 18, 2017, and May 25, 2017; and

- 3 The Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee adopted resolution BC-09-25-81, entitled "Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance," which delegated the powers conferred upon the Nation by the Congress of the United States under the Indian Child Welfare Act to the Oneida Child Protective Board; and
- WHEREAS, the resolution BC-09-25-81 did not set forth the policy of the Oneida Nation to provide direction to the Oneida Child Protective Board for how the Board should approach such cases; and
- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Business Committee recognized in resolution BC-05-24-84-C that it took "steps to protect the best interests of children and to promote the stability and security of Indian tribes and families by establishing the Oneida Child Protective Board"; and
- WHEREAS, the State of Wisconsin, on December 7, 2009, codified the Wisconsin Indian Child Welfare Act, which strengthens and enhances the Indian Child Welfare Act and adopts the minimum standards referenced in the Indian Child Welfare Act; and
- **WHEREAS,** 25 U.S.C. §1915(c), the Indian Child Welfare Act, allows an Indian Tribe to establish a different order of placement preference for foster care placements and adoptive placements than those set out in §1915(a) and (b) of the federal Indian Child Welfare Act; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee recognized in resolution BC-05-13-15-A that it is critical for the protection of our Oneida children to establish a policy statement regarding placement preferences to provide direction to the Oneida Child Protective Board, the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department, and the Oneida Law Office; and
- WHEREAS, with the adoption of the Children's Code and the dissolution of the Oneida Child Protective Board, the Oneida Business Committee finds it critical for the protection of our Oneida Children to establish an updated policy statement regarding placement preferences to provide direction to the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department and the Oneida Law Office on how to handle Indian child welfare matters pending in outside jurisdictions; and
- Adoption of the Children's Code and Effective Date

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Children's Code is hereby adopted and shall become effective four hundred and fifty-five (455) calendar days from the approval date of the Fiscal Year 2018 Budget.

95 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Oneida Business Committee is authorized to make such 96 modifications and additions to the effective date and Implementation Plan as it deems necessary to 97 implement the Children's Code in accordance with the proposed timelines, and shall ensure that the 98 Children's Code does not become effective until all proper infrastructure is in place.

100 Implementation Plan for the Children's Code

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Oneida Business Committee is hereby directed to develop an
 Implementation Plan to include the following:

1) Acquisition and Training of Required Personnel. The Oneida Nation entities affected by the adoption of this Children's Code, including the Oneida Family Court and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department, shall include the expenses associated with the new positions required to

BC Resolution

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implement the Children's Code in the Fiscal Year 2018 Budget. The affected entities shall begin the hiring process and training new staff upon approval of the Fiscal Year 2018 Budget.

- Negotiation of 161 Agreements and Memorandums of Understanding and/or Agreement. The Nation shall seek to enter into all appropriate 161 Agreements and memorandums of understanding and/or agreement.
 - a. *161 Agreements.* The Nation shall continue to work towards negotiations with Brown County and Outagamie County for the development of 161 Agreements which clarify the relationship between the Nation and the county in providing for the health, safety and welfare of children by determining the circumstances in which the county department will make payments for costs of out-of-home placements of children when the placement is ordered by the Oneida Family Court.
 - b. *Memorandum of Understanding and/or Agreement with Brown County and Outagamie County*. The Nation may seek to enter into a memorandum of understanding and/or agreement with Brown County and Outagamie County to detail all responsibilities, procedures, interactions, and use of foster homes, shelter care facilities, and treatment facilities.
 - c. *Memorandum of Understanding and/or Agreement with Entities of the Nation*. The Indian Child Welfare Department shall enter into memorandums of understanding and/or agreement with the Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee and/or Department, Oneida Police Department, Oneida Nation Child Support Agency, and any other appropriate department in order to carry out the provisions of this law.
- 3) *Transfer of Cases.* The following determination has been made for the transfer of cases from Brown and Outagamie County jurisdiction to the jurisdiction of the Oneida Family Court:
 - a. When the Children's Code becomes effective all new cases in Brown and Outagamie County shall begin in or transfer to Oneida Family Court.
 - b. Any case in Brown and Outagamie County that has started within the most recent three (3) months may transfer to the Oneida Family Court.
 - c. All other current cases may remain in Brown and Outagamie County, unless the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department determines the case would be better suited in the Oneida Family Court or another party motions the Court to transfer jurisdiction.

Before the Children's Code becomes effective, the Indian Child Welfare Department will meet with each affected family to discuss the status of their case, what jurisdiction the case would be better suited in, and the family's feelings on transfer to the Oneida Family Court. At least sixty (60) days before the Children's Code becomes effective the Legislative Operating Committee and the Indian Child Welfare Department shall hold a work meeting to discuss the number of cases seeking transfer to the Oneida Family Court.

- 4) Recruitment of Foster Homes and Guardians ad Litem. The Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department shall continue efforts to develop effective recruitment methods to increase the number of foster homes available for the Nation. The Oneida Family Court shall make recruitment efforts to increase the number of guardians ad litem available for use by the Oneida Family Court. The Oneida Family Court shall develop appropriate training for guardians ad litem involved in child welfare proceedings.
- 5) Dissolution of the Oneida Child Protective Board. The Oneida Child Protective Board shall be dissolved and no longer responsible for any involvement with Indian child welfare matters, including those matters that fall under the jurisdiction of the Oneida Nation Judiciary, ICWA or WICWA, effective September 30, 2017. The Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department and the Nation's Child Welfare attorney shall be responsible for following the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy.

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BC Resolution _____ Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Policy Page 4 of 4

The Chairperson and Secretary of the Oneida Child Protective Board shall be responsible for closing out open business of the Oneida Child Protective Board and forwarding the materials generated by the Oneida Child Protective Board to the Nation's Secretary's Office for proper disposal by October 16, 2017, pursuant to the Nation's Comprehensive Policy Governing Boards, Committees and Commissions.

Adoption of the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy – For those cases outside the Jurisdiction of the
 Nation

173 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Oneida Business Committee hereby sets forth the following as the 174 policy of the Oneida Nation as it pertains to those cases that fall outside the jurisdiction of the Nation and 175 under the jurisdiction of the federal Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) and the Wisconsin Indian Child 176 Welfare Act (WICWA):

- The Oneida Nation shall intervene in all ICWA/WICWA cases pending in outside jurisdictions involving children that are enrolled members of the Nation or eligible for enrollment unless such intervention would be impracticable under the circumstances of the case as decided by the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department and the Nation's Child Welfare attorney.
- 2) The Oneida Nation hereby establishes the following as the placement preferences should it be necessary to place a child outside the child's home:
 - a. A member of the child's immediate or extended family;
 - i. Extended family member means a person who has reached the age of eighteen (18) and who is the child's grandparent, aunt or uncle, brother or sister, brotherin-law or sister-in-law, niece or nephew, first, second, third or fourth cousin, stepparent.
 - b. A family clan member;
 - c. A member of the Oneida Nation;
 - d. Descendants of the Oneida Nation;
 - e. A member of another federally recognized tribe;
 - f. Fictive kin within the Oneida Nation community;
 - i. Fictive Kin means a person or persons who, to the biological parents of the minor child at issue, have an emotional tie to that parent wherein they are like family.
 - g. Fictive kin outside the Oneida Nation community; or
 - i. Fictive Kin means a person or persons who, to the biological parents of the minor child at issue, have an emotional tie to that parent wherein they are like family.
 - Any other person or persons not listed above as approved by the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, all those who work with Indian Child Welfare Cases, including the Indian
 Child Welfare Department, the Social Services Department, and the Oneida Law Office shall be bound by
 and required to follow the above policy statement.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Nation shall continue to follow and adhere to Federal law, Court
 opinions which interpret Federal law, the Bureau of Indian Affairs Guidelines, and the Bureau of Indian
 Affairs Regulations.

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy is hereby adopted and will
 become effective September 30, 2017.

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



Statement of Effect

Adoption of the Children's Code and the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy

Summary

This resolution adopts the Children's Code and amends the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy.

Submitted by: Clorissa N. Santiago, Staff Attorney, Legislative Reference Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

This resolution adopts a new Children's Code and amends the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy.

The Children's Code recognizes the authority of the Oneida Nation to exercise the fundamental right of sovereignty and self-determination by setting forth procedures to provide for the welfare, care, and protection of Oneida children through the preservation of the family unit. The Children's Code allows the Nation to exercise jurisdiction over children who are in need of protection or services so that the Nation can ensure that child welfare matters involving Oneida children are handled on the Reservation where more family members and Oneida foster homes are located and the traditions and culture of the Nation can be better preserved. The Children's Code will strengthen family life by assisting parents in fulfilling their responsibilities as well as facilitating the return of Oneida children closer to the Nation's resources which may result in a higher percentage of reunifications, lower the number of out-of-home placements, and increase family stability.

In addition to the adoption of the Children's Code, which governs child welfare proceedings that fall under the jurisdiction of the Nation, the resolution addresses those cases that will be heard in outside jurisdictions by amending the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy. It is critical for the protection of Oneida Children to establish an updated policy statement regarding placement preferences and other standards to provide direction to the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Department and the Oneida Law Office on how to handle Indian child welfare matters pending in outside jurisdictions.

The adoption of the Children's Code and the amendments to the Nation's Indian Child Welfare Act Policy will dissolve the Oneida Child Protective Board, and repeal the following resolutions:

- Resolution # BC-09-25-81 Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance;
- Resolution # BC-10-07-81-A Appointing Members to the Oneida Child Protective Board;
- Resolution # BC-05-24-84-C Definition of Extended Family Member;
- Resolution # BC-01-14-15-A Amendment of Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance;
- Resolution # BC-05-13-15 *Indian Child Welfare Act Policy*; and

Resolution # BC-12-10-03-A Oneida Child Protective Boards Stipends.

The Oneida Child Protective Board was created by Oneida Business Committee Resolution BC-09-25-81 to represent the interests of Oneida children and accept the delegation of authority and responsibility conferred on the Nation by the Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA). The creation of the Oneida Child Protective Board was necessary because the Nation did not have an Indian Child Welfare (ICW) Department or Judiciary to take on the responsibility of handling child welfare cases. The Oneida Child Protective Board has played an integral and important role in child welfare cases for the Nation, and it is because of this hard work and dedication that the Nation is at a point where it is capable of exercising jurisdiction over child welfare cases.

The Nation is now at a place where it can exercise authority and responsibility over child welfare cases and adopt the Children's Code. The Nation's ICW Department workers, Oneida Law Office attorneys, and Family Court judge(s) are highly trained subject matter experts on child welfare issues and will ensure that placement preferences and other standards are properly followed. In addition to the ICW Department, Oneida Law Office attorneys and Family Court judges, the Nation provides guardians ad litem to the children and allows for parents to be represented by attorneys or advocates. This ensures the best interests of the child and the Nation as a whole are adequately represented.

The dissolution of the Oneida Child Protective Board is included in the resolution because with the implementation of the new processes and procedures contained in the Children's Code, it was determined that the Board is providing a duplication of services which is no longer efficient, effective or fiscally responsible. Information the Oneida Child Protective Board supplies now can be provided by the Trust Enrollment Department. The Trust Enrollment Department maintains accurate and complete records of enrollments and family trees and the Children's Code requires the Trust Enrollment Department and/or Committee to enter into a memorandum of agreement and/or understanding with the ICW Department to ensure this information continues to be shared.

The Nation's updated Indian Child Welfare Act Policy contained in the resolution will address those cases that do not fall under the jurisdiction of the Nation's Children's Code. All authority and responsibility previously delegated to the Oneida Child Protective Board, including the placement preferences, definition for extended family and other standards the Oneida Child Protective Board currently operates under, will be delegated to the Nation's ICW Department and Oneida Law Office attorney to guarantee that the placement preferences and all standards are followed. This allows all decisions and recommendations to be made by subject matter experts and prevents a duplication of services.

Conclusion

Adoption of this resolution would not conflict with any of the Nation's laws.





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Children's Code Legislative Analysis

SECTION 1. BACKGROUND

REQUESTER: Oneida Child Protective Board	SPONSOR: Fawn Billie	DRAFTER: Clorissa N. Santiago	ANALYST: Candice E. Skenandore	
Intent of the	Develop a Children's Code			
Amendments	jurisdiction of child welfare n			
Purpose	Provide for the welfare, ca	*		
	preservation of the family un			
	may be in the child's best in		2	
	Code strengthens family life			
	as well as facilitating the re-		5	
	Nation and acknowledging the customs and traditions of the Nation when raising			
	an Oneida child.			
Affected Entities	Indian Child Welfare Department (Department), Trust Enrollment Committee,			
	Oneida Police Department (OPD), Oneida Family Court (OFC), Trust Enrollment			
	Department, Oneida Law Office (OLO), Oneida Child Protective Board (Board),			
	Oneida Nation Child Support Agency.			
Affected	This Code makes references to the Rules of Civil Procedure; Rules of Evidence;			
Legislation	Rules of Appellate Procedure; Child Support law; Wisconsin Statutes 940, 948,			
	48, 938 & 1708; Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA), Wisconsin Indian Child			
	Welfare Act (WICWA).			
Enforcement/Due	Any order issued under this Code is appealable to the Court of Appeals pursuant			
Process	to the Rules of Appellate	Procedure [See Children's	s Code, 7 O.C. 708.46].	
	Anyone that does not abide by an order of the Court can be held in contempt.			
Public Meeting	A public meeting was held on May 4, 2017.			

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

- A. This Code applies to all child welfare cases and legal proceedings in which the Nation has jurisdiction. This Code does not restrict or limit another court from hearing matters involving an Indian child [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.4-1]. An Indian child is a member of a federally recognized Tribe or eligible for membership in a federally recognized Tribe and has a biological parent who is a member [See U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Final Rule:
 Indian Child Custody Proceedings, 25 CFR 23].
- 8 B. The expected benefits of this Code will allow the Nation to exercise its sovereignty and jurisdiction
 9 while at the same time strengthening the family unit and ensuring that Oneida children are raised with
 10 the customs and traditions of the Nation.
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12 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

- A. The following departments were involved in consultations/discussions when developing this Code
 and legislative analysis:
 - Finance Department
 - Oneida Child Protective Board
 - Oneida Indian Child Welfare Department
- 18 Oneida Family Court

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19		Oneida Judiciary
20	-	Oneida Law Office
21	-	Oneida Nation Child Support Agency
22	-	Oneida Police Department
23	•	Legislative Affairs
24	-	Trust Enrollment Department
25	B. The fo	llowing experts were consulted during the development of this Code and legislative analysis:
26	•	Anita Fineday, Managing Director, ICWP at Casey Family Programs
27	•	Matthew Morton, former Deputy Director, National Indian Child Welfare Association
28	-	Tania Cornelius, Tribal Affairs Specialist, Division of Safety and Permanence, Wisconsin
29		Department of Children and Families
30	•	Stephanie Lozano, Tribal Liaison, Wisconsin Department of Children and Families
31	•	Lisa Skenandore, former Director of ICW & Child Support, current Vice President of
32		Business Development, Systems & Methods, Inc.
33	•	Gary Huebner, Connecting Point AV & Security, Camera Corner
34	•	Bridget Bauman, Children's Court Improvement Program Director, Director of State Courts
35		Office
36	•	Justin Wolff, Policy Analyst, Children's Court Improvement Program
37	-	Raeann Skenandore, Court Administrator, Oneida Judiciary
38	•	Jacqueline M. Moen-Kadlec, Lead Administrative Social Worker, Ho Chunk Nation Child
39		and Family Services
40	•	Teresa Juga, Indian Child Welfare Manager, Stockbridge-Munsee
41	•	Samantha Wagner, Assistant Corporation Counsel, CHIPS, Brown County
42	•	Scott Wilson, Tribal Prosecutor, Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin
43	•	Kristin Allen, Family Services Manager (ICW), Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior
44	~ .	Chippewa Indians
45		ber of child welfare Codes and related documents were reviewed in the development and/or
46	implen	nentation of the Code and legislative analysis, these Codes and documents include:
47	•	Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, Title III, Chapter 2 – Child Abuse and Neglect
48	•	Forest County Potawatomi Children's Code Ordinance (Chapter 3-1)
49 50		Fort McDowell Yawapai Nation, Court and Procedure (Chapter 1, Section 1-25 (C))
50	•	Ho Chunk Nation Code Title 4 – Children, Family, and Elder Welfare Code, Section 3 Hocak
51 52	_	Nation Children and Family Act Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C 21)
52		
53 E4		Lac du Flambeau Tribal Code, Child Welfare Code (Chapter 31) Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin, Health & Family (Chapter 368, Articles IX, X, & XI)
54 55		P.L.105-89, Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1997
56		Red Cliff Children's Code (Chapter 26)
57		Shoshone & Arapaho Children's Code, Title III
58		State of Wisconsin, Children's Code (Wis. Stat. 48)
59		State of Wisconsin, Department of Health and Family Services, Division of Children and
60		Family Services Memorandums regarding 161 Agreements and High Cost Pool Funds
61	-	State of Wisconsin Foster Parent Handbook
62		St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin Children's Code
63	•	Stockbridge-Munsee Tribal Code, Youth Code (Chapters 7-11)
64	•	U.S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Final Rule: Indian Child Custody
65		Proceedings, 25 CFR 23
66		White Earth Band of Ojibwe Child/Family Protection Code, Title 4: Children and Families
67		White Earth Band of Ojibwe Judicial Code, Title 4a: Customary Adoption Code
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- 161 Agreements involving: Lac Courte Oreille Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians, Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians, Bad River Band of Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians, and Stockbridge-Munsee Community.
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72 SECTION 4. PROCESS

- A. Thus far, the Code has followed the process set forth in the Legislative Procedures Act.
- **B.** The Code was added to the LOC's active files list on: April 7, 2008; February 6, 2012 and again on
- 75 September 17, 2014. The Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance made reference to a need for a
- 76 Children's Code in 1981. The Nation at one time or another has had a desire to adopt a Children's Code
- 77 for the past 35 years.
- 78 C. At the time this legislative analysis was developed, the following work meetings were held/scheduled
 79 in regards to the development of the current proposed Code and legislative analysis:
- December 19, 2016: LOC, ICW and OLO
- **81** January 20, 2017: OLO
- 82 January 23, 2017: ICW
- **83** January 23, 2017: OFC
- January 30, 2017: LOC Sponsor
- February 10, 2017: LOC Sponsor
- February 23, 2017: ICW, Finance
- **February 23, 2017: OFC, Finance**
- March 1, 2017: Court Administrator, OFC, Finance
- 89 March 3, 2017: ICW, Finance
- 90 March 17, 2017: OPD
 - April 7, 2017: LOC, OBC
 - April 14, 2017: Department of Children & Families, LOC, OPD, ICW, Legislative Affairs, OLO, Finance, OFC
- April 17, 2017: LOC, OPD, ICW, Legislative Affairs, Finance, OLO, OFC
- 95 April 19, 2017: Oneida Child Protective Board, LOC
- 96 April 21, 2017: ICW, Trust Enrollments
- 97 April 21, 2017: ICW
- 98 April 21, 2017: ICW, OFC, Court Administrator
- 99 April 21, 2017: ICW, Oneida Child Protective Board, OFC (Child Welfare Code Presentation)
- 100 April 24, 2017: Oneida Child Protective Board
- 101 May 2, 2017: ICW, Finance
- May 3, 2017: Oneida Child Protective Board
- 103 May 9, 2017: ICW
- May 12, 2017: LOC, ICW, OFC, GSD Director
- May 17, 2017: LOC (public comment review)
- 106 May 18, 2017: ICW, Housing
- May 18, 2017: LOC (public comment review)
- May 25, 2017: LOC (public comment review)
- 109 June 2, 2017: ICW, OFC
- **110** June 5, 2017: ICW, GSD Director, OLO
- **111** June 9, 2017: OFC, LOC
- **112 J**une 22, 2017: OBC
- **113** June 26, 2017: ICW, LOC
- July 14, 2017: ICW, OLO, GSD Director (161 Agreements)
- 115 July 20, 2017: ICW, OFC, Records Management
- 116 * meeting(s) between Brown & Outagamie Counties will be scheduled in the future
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SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE LEGISLATION

- A. It is the goal of this Code to allow the Nation to exercise jurisdiction over its children who are in the need of protection or services and ensure that child welfare cases involving Oneida children are handled on the Reservation where more family members are located and more Tribal foster homes are available. Furthermore, it is the hope that the Code will bring Oneida children and their families closer to the Nation's resources and keep these families near the Reservation which may result in a higher percentage of reunifications and lower the number of unstable families.
- **B.** The following is a more detailed overview of the proposed Code:
- Jurisdiction. The Court will have personal jurisdiction, jurisdiction over the child who is alleged to be in need of protection or services, and jurisdiction over other matters relating to the child. In addition, cases from other courts of competent jurisdiction can be transferred to the Court so long as personal jurisdiction is established. Furthermore, the Court can transfer a case under this Code to a court of competent jurisdiction if that court has a significant interest and the transfer would be in the child's best interest [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.5].
- a. *Personal Jurisdiction*. The Court has personal jurisdiction over a child that is present or resides in Brown and Outagamie Counties and is enrolled or eligible for enrollment with the Nation. The Court will also have personal jurisdiction over any child that is not enrolled or eligible for enrollment so long as the child 1) is present or resides on the Reservation, 2) is a sibling of a child that is enrolled or eligible for enrollment, and 3) the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian consent to personal jurisdiction *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708-5-1]*.
 - **b.** Jurisdiction over Children Alleged to be in Need of Protection or Services. The Court will have jurisdiction over a child alleged to be in need of protection or services if 1) personal jurisdiction has been established and 2) the child is found to be subject to any of the circumstances listed in section 708.5-2 of this Code. These circumstances include, but are not limited to the child not having a parent or guardian, is a victim of abuse or neglect, is receiving inadequate care, and more [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.5-2].
 - **c.** Jurisdiction over other Matters Relating to Children. So long as jurisdiction is established, the Court has the authority to terminate parental rights; appoint, revise and/or remove a guardian and hold adoption proceedings [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.5-3].
- **d.** Other. Other tribes take jurisdiction over Indians that reside on their reservations. Indians 147 148 are typically identified as any member of a federal recognized tribe, Alaskan Native or member of a regional corporation specified in 43 U.S.C. ' 1606 [See Hocak Nation, Children 149 & Family Act 4 HCC ' 3, Ch 1.7.a (3) (c & d); White Earth, Child/Family Protection, Ch 1, 150 Section 1 (c), (e), (f) & (g) and Sections 2 & 3; Confederated Salish & Kootenai Tribes, Child 151 Abuse & Neglect, 3-2-103; Stockbridge-Munsee, Youth Code, Ch 7.3 (A) (1-3); Lac du 152 Flambeau, Child Welfare Code, 31.103 (3); and Potawatomi, Children's Code Ordinance, 3-153 1 ' 3.1 (c)]. This Code limits jurisdiction to children who are enrolled or eligible for 154 enrollment that are present or reside in Brown and Outagamie County or the child's sibling so 155 long the sibling lives on the Reservation and the parents consent to jurisdiction. During the 156 development of this Code it was discussed on whether or not to expand jurisdiction to include 157 any Indian residing on the Reservation. It was decided to limit jurisdiction to ensure the 158 Nation is properly structured to handle child welfare cases. It is unknown how many child 159 welfare cases the Nation may take jurisdiction over; but the Children's Court Improvement 160 161 Program provided the following number of cases involving Oneida children in need of protection or services. These numbers were provided by doing a search on CCAP, which 162 may not accurately portray the number of children in need of protection or services (CHIPS) 163 cases that are active in the identified counties. It should be noted that these numbers reflect 164 the number of cases, not the number of children. There may be multiple children per case. 165 166

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Year	Number of CHIPS Cases			
	BROWN CO.	OUTAGAMIE CO.	Total	
2014	19	5	24	
2015	22	9	31	
2016	24	16	40	

*please note that each case will most likely require multiple hearings per year

The following table illustrates how many cases the Department handles each month. The purpose of this table is to provide a better understanding of how many cases the Nation can expect to exercise jurisdiction over. The figures below include the Department's entire caseload, not just Brown and Outagamie Counties. Currently, the Department only handles cases in which the child is enrolled or eligible for enrollment. Because this Code allows the Nation to exercise jurisdiction over siblings of enrolled or eligible for enrollment children, the potential impact could increase the Department's workload. It should be noted that both the Department and Ho Chunk Nation stated the number of CHIPS cases are continuing to rise due to current drug trends and increased mental health issues. These factors will also play a role in Department's workload.

Date	On-Going Worker (# of Cases)	Intake Worker (# of Cases)	Total # of Cases per Month
October 2015	17	Not reported	17*
November 2015	11	Not reported	11*
December 2015	14	Not reported	14*
January 2016	15	6	21
February 2016	19	4	23
March 2016	17	3	20
April 2016	14	5	19
May 2016	13	0	13
June 2016	13	3	16
July 2016	12	4	16
August 2016	11	6	17
September 2016	14	2	16
October 2016	11	4	15
November	Not reported	Not reported	Not available
December 2016	18	4	22
January 2017	18	3	23
Average Monthly Cases	15	4	19

*notes missing information. It should also be noted that the Department was operating without a complete staff during a portion of 2016.

To better understand the table it is important to know that there are two types of case managers that work at the Department. The on-going worker ensures that conditions and services ordered by the Court are satisfied by providing resources to the clients. The intake worker is responsible for doing the initial investigation. The intake worker will make the initial determination to screen in a case. Typically intake workers handle cases for up to 60 days before the cases are either screened out or transferred to the on-going workers. Currently, the county's child protection services will do the investigation and make the determinations of whether or not to substantiate a case. This Code authorizes the Department's workers to make those determinations.

192 2. Department's Duties & Responsibilities. This Code specifically identifies the duties and responsibilities of the Department and the Indian Child Welfare (ICW) worker. The ICW worker

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responsibilities are located in section 708.7-1 of the Code and include: receiving, examining and 194 investigating complaints and allegations of CHIPS; determining if there is an emergency and 195 196 whether the child should be taken into custody; making recommendations to the Nation's child 197 welfare attorney and the Court; developing reports and performing functions as directed by the Court; referring clients to counseling or services; identifying and developing resources in the 198 community that can be utilized by the Department or Court; conducting reviews; explaining court 199 200 proceedings to the child when appropriate; maintaining confidentiality; participating in training, 201 conferences and workshops; and more.

The Department's duties are found in section 708.7-2 of the Code and include identifying and referring parties to resources available in the community; investigating, inspecting and licensing foster homes as well as monitoring and supervising foster homes and children in foster care; adhering to placement preference; entering into memorandum of understandings and/or agreements with the Trust Enrollment Committee, OPD, and Oneida Nation Child Support Agency as well as any other appropriate departments; and share information with social services, law enforcement agencies, and other entities of the Nation.

- a. *Foster Homes.* It should be noted that the Department already licenses level 2 foster homes both on and off the Reservation. As of July 2017, the Nation had nine foster homes, with the potential of four additional homes becoming available soon. The Nation's foster homes are currently caring for 13 children/ *[Information received from Foster Care Coordinator and Department Supervisor, email correspondences, January 23, 2017 and July 10, 2017].*Implementing this Code will require more foster home recruitment. It is because of this that the Department has indicated a need of an additional foster care coordinator.
- 216 3. Guardians ad Litem. This Code will require the use of guardians ad litem (GALs). A GAL is an individual that is appointed by the Court to represent the best interest of the person in which 217 218 he/she was appointed for. The Court can appoint a GAL for any child in need of protection or 219 services but must appoint a GAL for a child that is subject to a termination of parental rights case or a contested adoption or guardianship proceeding [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.3-1 (x) and 220 221 708.8-1]. In state court, GALs are attorneys [See Wis. Stats. ' 48.235 (2)]. Like many other tribal Codes, to be a GAL according to this Code, the individual must meet specific qualifications 222 which include: being at least 21 years old, being certified and in good standing, never been 223 224 convicted of a felony unless a pardon or forgiveness was received; and never been convicted of a crime against a child. The Code does not allow a GAL to be appointed if he/she has a personal 225 226 interest in the case or a party; is appearing as counsel or advocate in the case or is related to a party. The Code requires GALs to complete training or be certified before participating in child 227 The Code also specifies the GAL's responsibilities and addresses GAL welfare cases. 228 229 compensation [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.8-2 through 708.8-4; Red Cliff, Children's Code, 26.6.3; Ho Chunk Nation, Children and Family Act, I.6.v; White Earth, Child/Family Protection 230 Code, Section 3(0)]. 231
- a. Current GAL Numbers. The OFC has indicated that there are currently 17 GALs that have 232 been approved to take appointments from the OFC. Of this amount, six are not being utilized 233 234 because they said they no longer wish to take on any cases or have failed to respond to 235 requests-making them inactive. Three GALs are only accepting approximately one-time per year. In total, there are eight GALs that are actively taking cases; however, two of them 236 237 prefer only one appointment at a time. This may be because many of the GALs have fulltime jobs which limit their ability to take on multiple cases. It is unknown how many GALs 238 will be needed to successfully implement this Code but according to the OFC, a fair estimate 239 240 would be approximately 2-3 effective GALs for every five cases. It should be noted that the current GALs will need additional training to participate in child welfare cases, if they choose 241 to participate. Recruitment for more GALs is essential for implementation of this Code. 242
- 4. *Advocates.* A parent, guardian and legal custodian can obtain an advocate to represent him/her at any proceeding at his/her own expense [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.9-1]. In order to be an

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245advocate under this Code, the advocate must be at least 21 years old, be admitted to practice246before the Judiciary, and never been convicted of a felony unless he/she received a pardon or247forgiveness, and was never convicted of a crime against a child. In addition, the advocate must248comply with all Codes, rules and policies of the Nation governing advocates [See Children's249Code, 7 O.C. 708.9-2 and 708.9-3]. It should be noted that in state court proceedings involving250state and federal Indian Child Welfare Acts, parents are appointed lawyers to represent them as251outlined in Chapter 48 of the Wisconsin Statutes [See Wis. Stats. ' 48.23 (1g) and (2g)].

In order to participate in cases before the Oneida Judiciary, the advocate must be 252 253 formally approved for admission to practice. The Oneida Judiciary's Rules of Admission set out general requirements for lay advocates which require them to file a written application for 254 admission, pass a criminal background check, be at least 21 years old, be of good character to 255 256 practice, and take an oath of admission [See Oneida Judiciary, Rules of Admission, Rule 1-2]. In addition to the requirements above, the advocate must provide educational and/or professional 257 background information, as well as follow the Oneida Rules of Professional Conduct for 258 Attorneys [See Oneida Judiciary, Rules of Admission 1-5 & 1-8]. 259

- 5. Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer. This Code allows the Department to provide a 260 Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer throughout the child welfare proceedings. The Cultural 261 Wellness Facilitator and Healer provides wellness sessions utilizing culturally based and 262 appropriate healing methods; training on Oneida culture, language, and traditions; and any other 263 264 necessary services [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.10]. The Nation currently has two individuals that can act as Cultural Wellness Facilitators and Healers. However, the 265 Governmental Services Division Director indicated that current staff would not be available to 266 267 handle the child welfare cases in addition to their current workload and that two additional staff will be needed to implement the Code. The Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer will offer a 268 unique service to families and staff that is not currently being provided in state court. In addition, 269 270 the Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer will provide cultural training to non-Oneida Foster Homes in the hopes that Oneida children will continue to have access to their cultural and 271 272 traditions
- 6. *Placement Preference*. The preference for placement in CHIPS cases can be found in section
 708.11-1 of the Code and includes the following prioritized order:

A member of the child's immediate or extended family

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- A family clan member
 - A member of the Nation
 - Descendants of the Nation
 - A member of another federally recognized tribe
 - Fictive kin within the Nation community
 - Fictive kin outside the Nation community
 - Any other person not listed above

The Court can deviate from this list if it is determined to be in the child's best interest and if there is good cause. Good cause is when 1) the child's parent or child, if the child is at least 12 years old and makes a request, 2) the child requires specialized treatment because of an extraordinary physical, mental, or emotional health condition, 3) there is no suitable placement for the child in any of the preferences listed above or 4) any other reason the Court deems to be in the child's best interest *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.11-3]*.

7. Notice of Petitions. Notice of the CHIPS petition can be given to the parties directly by the Nation's Child Welfare Attorney or Department or pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. Petitions for termination of parental rights (TPR), guardianship, and adoption must follow the notice requirements found in the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. Any other notification of subsequent hearings must be served by first class mail to the most recently verified last-known address of the party(ies) [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.12].

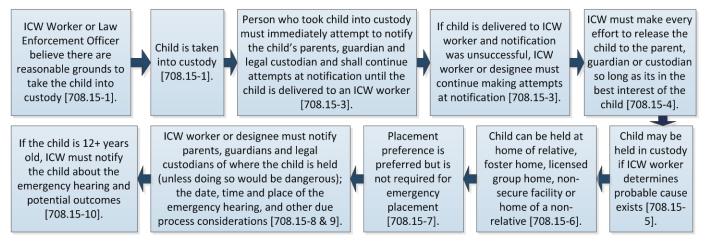
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- 295 8. *Hearings (General).* The child may be excluded from hearings if the Court determines it is in the child's best interest. The Rules of Evidence are not binding at emergency custody hearings, 296 297 dispositional hearings, or a hearing about changes in placement, revisions and extensions of 298 dispositional orders, extension, or hear termination of guardianship orders. If an alleged father appears at a hearing under this Code, the Court can refer the matter to the Oneida Nation Child 299 300 Support Agency to determine paternity. In addition, during the dispositional hearing, the Court can refer the matter or require the Department to refer the matter of child support to the Nation's 301 Child Support Agency [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.13]. 302
- 303 9. Discovery & Records. Upon written request, the parties and their counsel have a right to inspect, copy, or photograph the child's records identified in section 708.14-1 of this Code. The Court 304 can issue an order if the request for discovery is refused. Discovery that violates privileged 305 communication or a work product rule can be denied in whole or in part by the Court; in addition, 306 the Court can place limits or set conditions on discovery. The person who filed a child welfare 307 complaint must have their identity redacted in all documents that are made available to the 308 parties. Discovery procedures identified in the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure will 309 work in conjunction with this Code [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.14]. 310

10. *Taking a Child into Custody Process.* A child can be taken into custody if there are reasonable grounds which include 1) a warrant to apprehend the child, 2) the child is suffering from an illness or injury or is in immediate danger and removal is necessary and/or, 3) the child violated the conditions of the order *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.15-1]*. The following flow chart illustrates the process for taking a child into custody in accordance with section 708.15 of this Code:

Taking Child Into Custody



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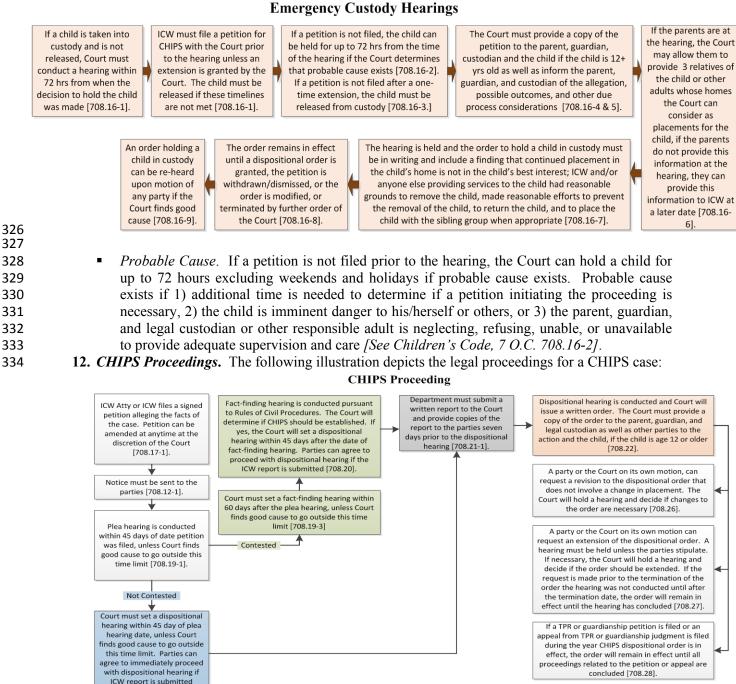
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- *Probable Cause.* A child can be held in custody if probable cause exists. Probable cause exists if it is believed 1) the child will cause injury to him/herself or others, 2) the child will be injured by others, 3) the parent, guardian, or legal custodian or other responsible adult is neglecting, refusing, unable, or unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care and that the child's (or any child in the home) safety and well-being is not adequately provided for, and 4) the child will run away or be taken prior to the proceedings *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.15-5]*.
- 11. *Emergency Custody Hearing*. The procedure for emergency custody hearings is shown below:



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343 344 [708.19-2].

CHIPS Petitions. The petition must include the names, birth dates, and tribal affiliations of the child, parents, guardians, legal custodians, and spouse, or if no person can be identified, the nearest relative. The petition must also include whether the child is in custody and if yes, where the child is held and the date he/she was taken into custody so long as this information does not put anyone in danger. A Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act affidavit must accompany the petition. In addition, the petition must include a statement of facts and any other information required by the Court. If any of the required facts are unknown, the petition must state this [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.17-2 & 708.17-3].

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- Consent Decree. This Code allows for the use of consent decrees. A consent decree is a court 345 decree that all parties agree to [See Black's Law Dictionary, Abridged 9th Edition, pg. 372]. 346 After a petition is filed but before a judgment is entered, the Court can suspend a CHIPS 347 proceeding and place the child under supervision within his/her home or where the child is 348 currently placed. The Court can establish terms and conditions regarding the child and the 349 parents, guardian or legal custodian. The purpose of a consent decree is to get the parents, 350 351 guardian or legal custodian to agree to terms and conditions in order to prevent the child from 352 being in need of protection or services. Consent decrees last up to six months with an 353 additional six month extension [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.18-3 & 708.18-4]. During this time the Department will make service referrals to the family as well as monitor the 354 circumstances to ensure there are no safety concerns and that the child's environment is 355 356 improving. The consent decree can end prior to the time limits noted above if the court ordered conditions have been met and the safety issues are eliminated. If the court ordered 357 conditions are not met, the Department may request that the consent decree be vacated and 358 the CHIPS matter can resume at the same point it was at when the consent decree was 359 entered. According to both the Tribal Prosecutor for Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin 360 and the CHIPS Assistant Corporation Counsel for Brown County, consent decrees are rare; 361 Brown County typically offers consent decrees for 4-5 families a year. Although consent 362 decrees are not used often, Brown County likes to have this option available as it provides 363 364 another tool when negotiating and ultimately resolving a case without going to trial. According to Brown County Corporate Counsel, there are cases where facts or situations 365 change shortly after a petition is filed and consent decrees provide a way to encourage parents 366 367 to make changes while still monitoring the situation. It could also allow for placement with a safe parent without having to get the court ordered changed. However, Brown County would 368 369 not recommend entering into a consent decree without a plea from a parent that would be 370 held open for the duration of the consent decree.
- *CHIPS Plea Hearing*. Before the Court can accept an admission or plea of no contest, the Court must address the parties and determine: if the admission or plea of no contest is made voluntarily; that the parties understand the allegations and potential outcomes; that no promises or threats were made to elicit the admission or plea; and inquire as to the facts of the admission or plea [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.19-4].
- CHIPS Disposition Report. The Department must submit a written report to the Court 376 377 regarding CHIPS cases and provide a copy of the report to the parties at least seven days prior to the disposition hearing. The report must contain the information listed in section 708.21-1 378 of this Code which includes: the social history of the child, a strategic plan for the care and 379 380 assistance to the child and family that will alleviate the issues addressed in the petition, a 381 detailed explanation of the plan and the benefits of such plan, and if out-of-home placement is recommended and specific reasons for such recommendation. 382 If the Department recommends out-of-home placement, the Department must include all of the following in the 383 written report: 1) the location of placement and where it fits within the placement 384 preferences, 2) whether child support should be established, 3) specific information showing 385 continued placement in the child's home is not in the child's best interest, and 4) when 386 necessary, that reasonable efforts to place the child with his/her sibling group was made, 387 388 unless it is not in the best interests of the child or the child's siblings. The Department can ask the Court to withhold identifying information if such information would result in 389 imminent danger to the child or anyone else [Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.21-2 & 708.21-3]. 390
- CHIPS Dispositional Hearing. Any party can present relevant evidence, including expert testimony and make alternative dispositional recommendations. If out-of-home placement is recommended, the Department must 1) show that the continued placement in the child's home is not in the best interest of the child, 2) the Department made reasonable efforts to prevent removal of the child, and 3) if appropriate, place the child with his/her sibling group

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unless it is not in the best interest of the child or siblings. The Court must provide a written 396 dispositional order which must protect the best interests of the child in a way that is least 397 398 restrictive of the parents' and child's rights as well as assure the care, treatment and/or 399 rehabilitation of the child and family. The family unit must be preserved unless it is not in the best interests of the child, in which case, the Court must consider transferring the custody 400 pursuant to the placement preference list. The order must include a treatment plan and 401 402 specific services to be provided to the child and family and legal custodian; if necessary, the location of the child so long as disclosing this information does not put the child or anyone 403 404 else in imminent danger; the date when the order expires; the amount of child support to be paid, (if any); that the Department made reasonable efforts to prevent removal of the child 405 from the home so long as it was in the child's best interests; if the child is placed under the 406 407 supervision of the Department that the Department has placement and care responsibility as well as primary responsibilities for providing services to the child and family; place the child 408 with his/her sibling group, when appropriate, so long as it is in the child's or sibling's best 409 interest; conditions in which the parties must comply and set reasonable parental visitation as 410 long as it is in the child's best interest [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.22-1 through 411 412 708.22-4].

The Court can order the parent, guardian and legal custodian to comply with any conditions or treatment plan. The conditions or treatment plan must identify 1) the problems or conditions that resulted in child abuse or neglect, 2) the treatment goals and objectives for each condition or requirement included in the plan, including the safe return of the child to the family when applicable, 3) the specific treatment objectives that specifies the roles and responsibilities of all parties addressed in the plan, and 4) a notice that completion of the plan does not guarantee the return of the child. The treatment plan may include recommendations and the Court may require the parent, guardian and legal custodian participate in a treatment program such as mental health, substance abuse, anger management, individual or family counseling, parenting class, cultural wellness treatment and training, and/or any other treatment as deemed appropriate by the Court *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.22-5]*.

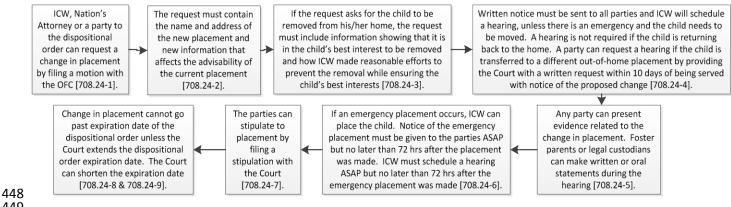
The Department may not be required to make reasonable efforts to return the child to 424 his/her home if the parent was convicted of committing a crime contained in Chapters 940 & 425 426 948 of the Wisconsin Statutes or any other similar Codes [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.22-61. The Court must provide a copy of the disposition order to the child's parents, 427 428 guardian and legal custodian as well as other parties to the action and the child, if the child is at least 12 years old. If the child is placed out-of-the home or if visitation is denied because 429 of CHIPS, the Court must both orally inform the parent at the hearing and include in the 430 431 written disposition order, any grounds for TPR and the conditions necessary for the child to 432 be returned or for parental visitation [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.22-7 & 708.22-8].

13. *Permanency Plans.* Any time a CHIPS dispositional order places the child outside of the home. 433 the Department must prepare a written permanency plan. Section 708.23-1 of this Code sets out the 434 requirements for what must be included in the plan. The initial permanency plan must be filed with 435 the Court within 60 days after the date the child was removed from the home, unless the child was 436 437 returned within that time. The Court must hold a review on the permanency plan no later than six month after the date the child was placed outside the home. After the hearing, the Court must enter a 438 439 written order addressing 1) the necessity and appropriateness of the plan, 2) compliance with the plan by the identified parties, 3) efforts taken to meet the needs of the child and the parents, 4) progress on 440 eliminating the causes of the child to be placed outside the home and returning the child or obtaining 441 442 permanent placement, 5) date the child will be returned, be placed for adoption or other permanent living arrangement, 6) whether the Department made reasonable efforts to achieve the permanency 443 plan goal and keep the sibling group together or have frequent visitation and 7) date of the next 444 review hearing, if appropriate [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.23]. 445

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446 14. Change in Placement. The following flow chart shows the process for changing the placement 447 of the child:

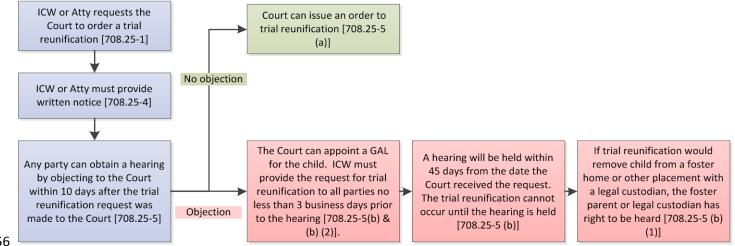
Change in Placement



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15. *Trial Reunification.* A trial reunification will happen when a child is place outside of his/her 450 home but returns to the home of the parent, guardian or legal custodian on a temporary basis. A trial 451 reunification does not change placement as mentioned above. In addition, the trial reunification 452 cannot be used to immediately remove a child due to an emergency, in these cases; the Department 453 454 must proceed with an emergency change in placement. The following flow chart illustrates the trial 455 reunification legal proceeding:

Trial Reunification



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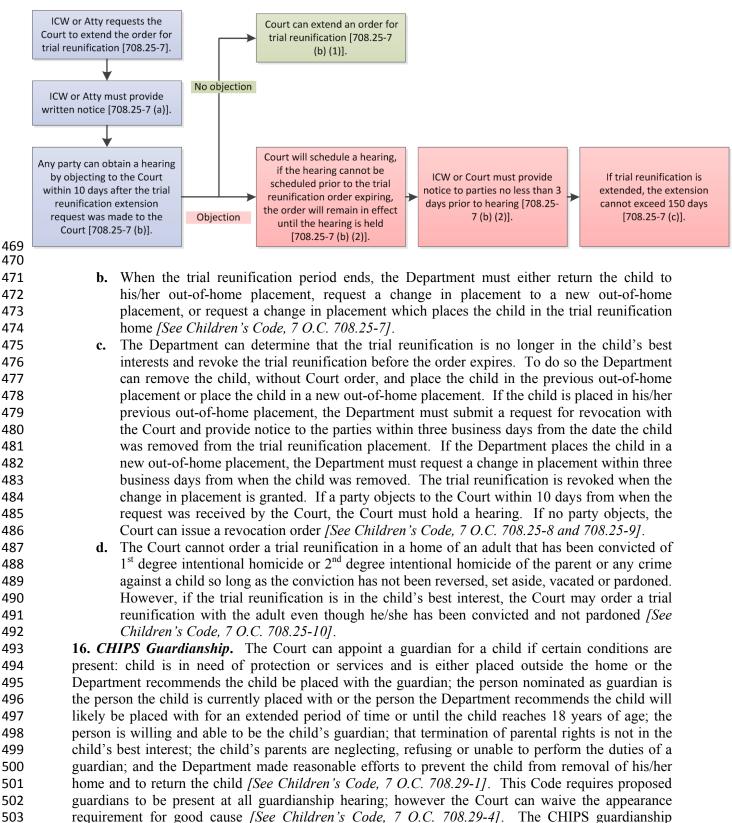
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467 468 a. If the Court finds the trial reunification is in the child's best interest and satisfies the objectives of the permanency plan, the Court must issue a trial reunification order. The trial reunification must be terminated 90 days after the order was issued unless the order specifies a shorter time period, an extension to the time period, or a revocation of the trial An order cannot be extended past the expiration date of the original reunification. dispositional order or any extension of the dispositional order [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.25-67. However, the Department can request an extension of the trial reunification if 1) the trial reunification continues to be in the best interest of the child 2) the request is made no later than 10 days prior to the expiration of the trial reunification order, and 3) the request is filed with the Court and notice of the request is provided to the parties. The trial reunification extension request is as follows:

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504 process is identified in the flow chart below:

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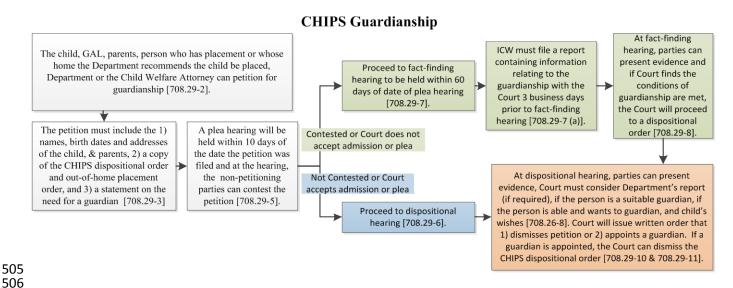
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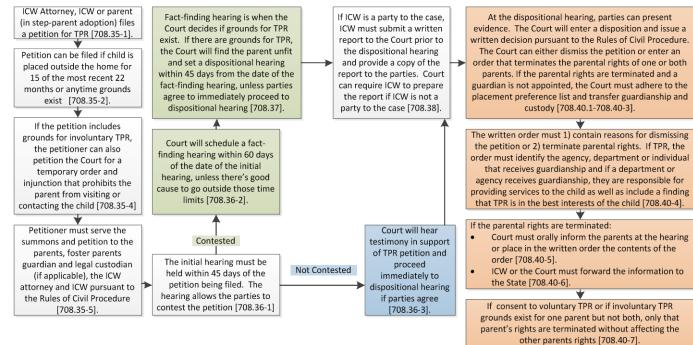


- *Revising Guardianship Orders.* Anyone that can file a petition for guardianship can also request a revision to the guardianship order. In addition, the Court can also make a revision upon its own motion. The request or Court proposal must show there is a substantial change in circumstances and that revisions are in the best interest of the child. The Court can require the Department to file a report which contains information relating to the request or proposal and the report must be provided to the parties at least three business days prior to the hearing. The Court must hold a hearing if new information is available that affects the guardianship order, unless the parties enter into a stipulation and the Court approves *[See Children's Code, T O.C. 708.30].*
- *Termination of Guardianship*. A guardianship order is in effect until the child reaches 18; or 516 the date the child graduates high school or its equivalent or the date the child reaches 19; or 517 the date the Court terminates the guardianship order. The parent can request the guardianship 518 519 order be terminated so long as the parent is willing and able to carry out the duties of a guardian and that it is in the best interest of the child. The Court must hold a hearing on the 520 termination request unless the parties enter into a stipulation and it is approved. The Court 521 can require the Department to file a report containing information relating the request and a 522 copy provided to the parties at least three business days prior to the hearing. Anyone that can 523 524 petition for guardianship, or the Court by its own motion, can request/propose the guardianship appointment be terminated if the guardian is or has neglected, refused or cannot 525 perform his/her guardianship duties. The Court must hold a hearing on the request. The 526 527 guardianship order can also be terminated if the guardian submits his/her resignation and the it is accepted by the Court [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.31]. 528
- **17.** *Termination of Parental Rights.* Terminating parental rights permanently severs all legal rights and duties between the parent(s) and child. However this may not affect the child's relationship with his/her biological extended family. In addition, the TPR will not have an impact on the child's enrollment status with the Nation, or interfere with the child's clanship, tradition and spiritual growth as a member of the Nation. The parents' rights can be terminated either voluntarily or involuntarily *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.32]*.
- *Voluntary TPR*. If a parent wishes to terminate their parental rights, the Court can conduct a dispositional hearing immediately so long as the Department submitted the TPR court report. The Judge must explain the effects of TPR, question the parent and/or allowed the party(ies)' counsel to question the parent. The parent must provide his/her consent at the hearing unless the Court allows the parent to appear by phone or using a live audiovisual device. If the Judge believes consent was informed and voluntary, he/she can accept the consent. If anyone

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541	believes the parents do not have the capacity to voluntarily consent, the Court must determine
542	if the parent is capable of giving informed, voluntary consent. If the Court finds the parent is
543	not capable of providing voluntary consent, the Judge must dismiss the voluntary proceedings
544	without prejudice. However, this may not prohibit involuntary TPR proceedings from
545	occurring. A parent that began a voluntary TPR proceeding can withdraw his/her consent at
546	any time prior to the final TPR order. A parent cannot consent to TPR within ten calendar
547	days after the birth of a child <i>[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.33]</i> .
548	 <i>Involuntary TPR.</i> A parent may have his/her parental rights terminated if any of the
549	following occurs [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.34]:
	 Abandonment
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551	 Relinquishment
552	 Continuing need for protection or services
553	 Continuing parental disability
554	 Continuing denial of period of physical placement or visitation
555	• Child abuse
556	 Failure to assume parental reasonability
557	 Incestuous parenthood
558	 Homicide or solicitation to commit homicide of a parent
559	 Parenthood as a result of sexual assault
560	 Commission of a felony against a child
561	 Prior involuntary TPR of another child
562	• <i>TRP</i> Proceedings. The process for terminating parental rights is as follows:
	The references. The process for terminating patental rights is as follows.
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<u>TPR Petition.</u> A petition for TPR can be filed when the child is placed outside of his/her home for 15 of the last 22 months except if the child is cared for by a fit and willing relative, the permanency plan shows that TPR is not in the best interest of the child, the Department failed to make reasonable efforts or failed to meet the time periods set forth in the permanency plan or grounds for TPR do not exist. The petition must include the names, birth

TPR

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dates, addresses, and tribal affiliation of the child and parents, a Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act affidavit, and a statement that consent will be given voluntarily or identify the grounds for involuntary TPR [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.35-2 & 207.35-3].

The Court can issue a temporary order and injunction that prohibits the parent from visiting or contacting the child if the Court determines it is in the child's best interest. This injunction is effective according to its terms but cannot go beyond the date the Court dismisses the petition for TPR or issues an order for TPR [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.33-6 (a)].

<u>Department's TPR Court Report</u>. Whenever the Department is a party to the case or if the Court orders, the Department must submit a written report to the Court prior to the dispositional hearing and supply a copy of the report to the parties. The report must contain the following:

- Social history of the child and family including medical conditions
- Statement of facts showing need for TPR
- Steps the Department has taken to alleviate the issues for which the child was in need of protection or services as well as the reasons why the child was not returned to his/her home, if applicable
- How the standards and factors were applied
- Recommendations for TPR must include statement on how likely the child will be adopted. This includes identifying 1) factors that might prevent adoption, 2) those that may facilitate adoption, and 3) the Department must facilitate the adoption. If adoption is not likely or is not in the best interest of the child, the report must include a plan to place the child in a permanent family setting [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.38].

<u>Standards and Factors</u>. When preparing the TPR dispositional order, the Court must consider the best interests of the child. The best interests of the child include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Likelihood of the child's adoption after TPR
- If the child will be raised in an environment that respects the child's race, culture, and heritage
- The age and health of the child at the dispositional hearing and when the child was removed from the home
 - The child's substantial relationships with the parents and other family members and if it is harmful to the child to sever those relationships
- The wishes of the child
 - The duration of separation of the parent from the child
 - If the child will enter into a more stable and permanent family relationship as a result of TPR *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.39]*.

18. Adoption. This Code allows for two types of adoptions; customary and closed. All adoption 610 must be customary unless the Court determines there is good cause to use a closed adoption. 611 Customary adoption does not permanently deprive the child of his/her biological family but instead 612 provides a permanent home. Customary adoption orders must allow the relationship between the 613 adoptive parent and child to have the same rights, responsibilities, and legal consequences as the 614 relationship between the child and his/her biological parents; the child must have an absolute right to 615 information and knowledge about his/her biological family and Oneida heritage, if applicable; that 616 617 adoption does not prevent the child from inheriting from the biological parent and adoptive parent but that the biological parent cannot inherit from the child; the biological parent can retain residual rights 618 based on agreement between the adoptive parent and biological parent or by Court order; and 619 adoption does not extinguish the child's relationship with his/her extended biological family [See 620 Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.41-1 and 708.41-2]. 621

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622 Closed adoptions happen when the Court decides a child needs to sever all ties between his/her biological family and needs a permanent home. When a closed adoption occurs, the relationship 623 between the adopted parent and child will be the same as if the adopted parent was the child's 624 625 biological parent; the relationship between the child and his/her biological parents are completely altered and all rights, duties and other legal consequences of those relationships no longer exist; the 626 child's biological family is not entitled to or has access to any information regarding the child; and 627 628 the child is entitled to information regarding his/her biological family when the child reaches the age 629 of 18 [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.41-3]. The comparison table shows the difference between 630 customary adoption and closed adoption:

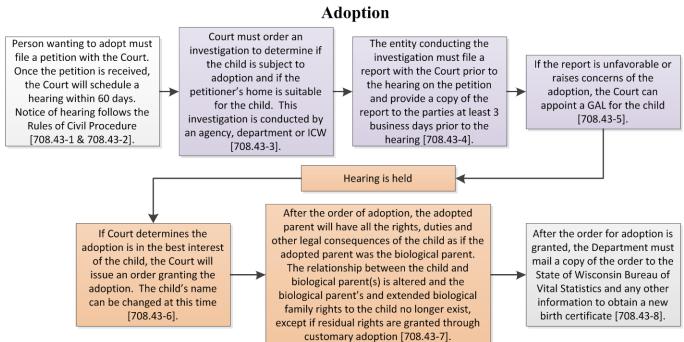
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Customary Adoption	Closed Adoption	
Adopted parent has same rights as biological parent	Adopted parent has same rights as biological parent	
Child has right to information and knowledge about his/her	Child must be entitled to information regarding	
biological family and culture	his/her biological family when the child reaches 18	
Adoption does not stop child from inheriting from biological	Does not address inheritance	
parent but biological parent cannot inherit from child, adoptive		
parent can inherit from child		
Biological parent has residual rights to the child	Child's biological family is not entitled to have or	
(communication, visitation, support/education, consultation, &	access the child's information	
other rights ordered by the Court)		
Adoption does not extinguish relationship between child and	Relationship between child and biological parents and	
child's extended biological family	extended biological family is completely altered and	
	all rights, duties and legal consequences no longer	
	exist	

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This Code allows a child to be adopted if both parents are deceased, the parental rights of both parents are terminated, the parental rights of the only living parent are terminated or the person petitioning for adoption is the spouse of the parent and either the other parent is deceased or has his/her parental rights terminated. A married couple, spouse of the parent, or an adult can adopt a child. The Court can allow a person to adopt a child even if the person has not successfully cleared a background check or has a conviction that was not pardoned, forgiven, reversed, set aside, or vacated so long as the adoption is in the child's best interest *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.42]*.

In order to start an adoption proceeding, a petition must be filed. The petition for adoption must include the names, birth dates, addresses, and tribal affiliations of the petitioner; child and biological parents of the child, as well as the name by which the child will be known; the relationship of the petitioner to the child; and a copy of the order that terminated the parental rights of the child's parents *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.43-1]*. The following chart shows the adoption procedure: Analysis Draft 1 to OBC Consideration Draft (Draft 5) 2017 07 26





19. *Non-Compliance with Residual Rights Agreement.* Any party to a residual rights agreement can petition the Court that approved the agreement to compel any person bound by the agreement to comply with the agreement. The Court will set a date for a hearing and provide notice to all parties to the agreement and may reappoint a GAL for the child. The Court can issue an order requiring the person to comply the agreement and can find the person in contempt. The Court cannot revoke TPR or an order of customary adoption because of non-compliance *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.44]*.

- **20.** *Peacemaking and Mediation.* The Court can refer the parties to peacemaking or mediation if the parties agree. The parties cannot participate in peacemaking or mediation if doing so will cause undue hardship or would endanger the health or safety of a party. If the parties do participate in peacemaking or mediation based by the Court's referral, the Court must suspend time limits established in this Code to allow time for the parties to go through the peacemaking or mediation process *[See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.45]*.
- 659 21. *Appeals*. Any order issued under this Code can be appealed to the Court of Appeals pursuant to
 660 the Rules of Appellate Procedure *[See Child Welfare, 7 O.C. 708.46]*.
- Liability. This Code prevents liability from being attached to the Department and its workers
 including the attorney or anyone else that acts under their authority for statements, acts or omissions
 made in good faith while in the course of activities taken under this Code [See Child Welfare, 7 O.C.
 708.47].
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666 SECTION 6. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION

- A. The Rules of Civil Procedure, Rules of Evidence, Rules of Appellate Procedure, and Child Support may be used in conjunction with this Code.
- 669 **B.** This Code does not conflict with other laws of the Nation.
- 670 C. This Code will repeal the following BC Resolutions:
- 1. Resolution # BC-09-25-81 Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance and Resolution # BC-072
 01-14-15-A Amendment of BC Resolution # BC-09-25-81: Oneida Child Protective Board
 Ordinance. ICWA was enacted in 1978 and on September 25, 1981, OBC adopted the
 Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance (Ordinance) which delegated all authorities and
 responsibilities for administering ICWA to the Board. BC Resolution 09-25-81 requires an

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appeal of the Board's decision to be heard by the OBC and an appeal of the OBC's decision can be heard by the General Tribal Council (GTC) whose decision is final *[See Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance, pg. 2, Be It Further Enacted Clause].* However, this was amended by BC Resolution 01-14-15-A which states that the Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance is amended to require that all appeals of the decisions of the Board be filed with the [Oneida] Court of Appeals pursuant to the Rules of Appellate Procedure.

The Ordinance establishing the Board states that the Board must follow the Oneida Children's Code and the Indian Child Welfare Act; however, a Children's Code was not developed until now. Under the new Code, the Board no longer has a role as cases will be brought forward by the Department. Adopting this Code will repeal BC Resolution 09-25-81 and BC Resolution 01-14-15-A and dissolve the Board.

- 2. **Resolution # BC-10-07-81-A Appointing Members to the Oneida Child Protective Board.** This resolution states that the Oneida Child Protective Board be the administrative body vested with the authority over child custody proceedings [See BC Resolution 10-07-81-A, *Therefore Be It Resolved Clause*]. Because the Board will be dissolved by passage of this Code, it may be appropriate to repeal this resolution.
- 3. **Resolution # BC-05-24-84-C Definition of Extended Family Member.** The ICWA and policies and procedures of the Oneida Child Protective Board reference the Indian child's extended family as being the first preference in the placement of an Indian child and ICWA states that an extended family member must be defined by the laws or customs of the Indian child's tribe; therefore, BC Resolution 05-24-84-C adopted a definition of extended family member. The definition has been incorporated into the Code and the Code's adopting resolution will incorporate the definition for extended family; therefore, BC Resolution 05-24-84-C is no longer needed [See Child Welfare, 7 O.C. 708.3-1 (q)].
 - 4. **Resolution # BC-12-10-03-A Oneida Child Protective Board Stipends.** This resolution set the Child Protective Board's stipends from \$50.00 to \$75.00 for each Board member that attends each regularly schedule, special or executive meeting with the Secretary of the Board receives an additional \$25.00 each meeting. In addition, the resolution states that each Board member that participates in a child care provider hearing receives a \$75.00 stipend; and the recording clerk will receive an additional \$25.00 for each child care provider hearing conducted pursuant to the Board's bylaws. Because the Board will be dissolved by passage of this Code, it may be appropriate to repeal this resolution.
- 708 5. Resolution # BC-05-13-15-A Indian Child Welfare Act Policy. ICWA allows an Indian tribe to establish a different order of placement preference for foster care placements and 709 adoptive placements and the OBC believed it was critical to establish a policy statement to 710 711 provide direction to the Oneida Child Protective Board, Department and OLO. In addition, 712 this resolution established the placement preference as well as defines "best interest of the child". The placement preference listed in this resolution as well as the definition of "best 713 interest of the child" have been incorporated into this Code [See Children's, 7 O.C. 708.3-1 714 (e) and 708.11-17. Unlike the resolution, the Code allows an order to deviate from the 715 placement preference list if the party can show good cause by 1) a request from the child (age 716 12 or older) or the child's parent, 2) extraordinary physical, mental or emotional health needs 717 of the child requires highly specialized treatment services or 3) there is no suitable placement 718 719 after diligent efforts have been made to place the child in the placement preference list *[See* Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.11-2]. 720

Furthermore, this resolution contains language that says for cases where the parent(s) are voluntarily terminating their parental rights, if no family or other Native home is available for adoptive placement, the Nation will not seek to intervene in the adoption proceeding *[See BC Resolution 05-13-15-A, Now Therefore Be It Resolved Clause, #4]*. This resolution refers to child welfare legal matters that are outside of the Nation's jurisdiction. This Code will allow the Nation to intervene when parents voluntarily terminate their parent rights even if no Analysis Draft 1 to OBC Consideration Draft (Draft 5) 2017 07 26

family or other Native home is available for adoption for those cases fall under the Nation'sjurisdiction.

Lastly, the resolution states the Nation will continue to follow and adhere to Federal Code, Court opinions which interpret Federal Code, the Bureau of Indian Affairs Guidelines, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs Regulation *[See BC Resolution 05-13-15-A, Be It Finally Resolved Clause]*. This Code does not include this language. Tribes are not bound by ICWA and including this language would place added regulations on the OFC even though these regulations do not necessary apply to tribal courts. However, there are many provisions found in ICWA and WICWA that have been incorporated into this Code.

- 736 D. *Board Bylaws*. The Board's bylaws will no longer be in effect if this Code is adopted and the Board is dissolved.
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739 SECTION 7. EFFECTS ON EXISTING RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES, OR 740 OBLIGATIONS

741 A. Impacts on Existing Rights. In State court, an attorney is provided to the parties in child welfare matters, this Code allows for parties to obtain counsel which includes an attorney or advocate at the 742 743 party's own expense. The General Tribal Council recently directed that a Legal Resource Center be created to provide Tribal members and Tribal employees representation for any proceeding before the 744 Judiciary. If a party to a child welfare case before the Court is a non-Oneida, non-employee, he/she will 745 not be provided representation. These individuals can still seek assistance through Judicare and/or legal 746 aid. Furthermore, none of the current tribal Children's Codes researched do not provide counsel to the 747 748 parties, counsel may be obtained at the parties' expense.

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750 SECTION 8. ENFORCEMENT

A. Anyone that does not abide by a Court order can be placed in contempt. Anyone who is not in compliance with the residual rights agreement can petition the Court to enforce the agreement. The Court can issue an order demanding compliance or the Court can place the non-complying party in contempt.

756 SECTION 9. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- **A.** The following personnel are needed to implement this Code:
- *ICW Department*. After meeting with the Department, it was determined that the Department's personnel needs to expand to implement this Code, the table below depicts the current personnel compared to what is needed.
 - Position Current Needed Total Director 1 Family Support 1 ICW 1 ICW, 1 Family Services Support Supervisor 1 1 1 Intake Worker (in house) 1 (does all intake duties) 1 1 Intake Worker (call 24/7) 0 2 2 On-going Worker 4 2 6 Parenting Specialist 1 1 2 Foster Care Coordinator 2 1 1 Security Officer 0 0.5*0.5*

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765 766 2. *OFC.* After meeting with the OFC, it was determined additional staff will be required to implement this Code. The table (below) depicts the minimum staffing required to exercise jurisdiction over child welfare legal issues:

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^{*}a meeting will be scheduled to discuss the possibility of ICW and the Judiciary sharing a security officer.

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Position	Current	Needed	Total
OFC Judge	1	1	2
OFC Clerk	1	1	2

- **a.** *Judiciary.* The LOC may want to consider is the issue of court room space. The Judiciary currently has two court rooms. At this time, the OFC does not believe space is an issue; however, there are factors that could change in the future. These factors include, but are not limited to, General Tribal Council's directive to create a Legal Resource Center (Tribal members and Tribal employees will have access to representation which may result in more contested issues and longer hearings); a possible Traffic Code, Criminal Code and Public Peace law, all of which would utilize the court rooms and the addition of administrative hearings the Trial Court will perform due to transferring boards, committees, and commissions' hearing authority to the Trial Court. It is likely the Judiciary's workload will continue to increase which may require more court room space in the future.
 - **b.** *Judiciary Workload.* The following chart illustrates the Judiciary's filing numbers since 2008:

	Number of Filings						
		Trial Court					
Year	OFC	Trial	Garnishment	Debt	Small Claims	Appellate	Peacemaking
2008	17	39	204	120	0	28	8
2009	170*	24	123	130	0	25	13
2010	551**	30	190	198	0	33	28
2011	606	17	142	128	0	30	44
2012	577	21	190	109	0	25	25
2013	649	19	212	103	0	19	26
2014	581	14	162	174	0	18	42
2015	492	6	133	40	4	19	58
2016	571	19	105	61	3	12	83
2017^{+}	106	7	26	24	0	3	15

*five months of reports missing for OFC, actually number of filings is higher

**three months of reports missing for OFC, actually number of filings is higher

There are variables that impact the number of filings identified above. For example, in 2010, Brown County began transferring cases to the OFC. In 2013, Milwaukee County began transferring cases. Both of these events had an impact on the OFC's filing numbers. Another issue that impacts the number of filings for OFC is the staffing level at the Oneida Nation Child Support Agency. The table below shows the Judiciary's Hearing Numbers:

⁺ All numbers are through February 2017

	Number of Hearings					
			Trial Court			
Year	OFC	Trial	Garnishment	Debt	Small Claims	
2008	7	36	**	***	0	
2009	70	47	**	***	0	
2010	171	61	**	***	0	
2011	300	27	**	***	0	
2012	404	33	**	***	0	
2013	383*	36	**	***	0	
2014	509	20	**	***	0	
2015	468	10	108	40	0	
2016	490	21	116	56	1	
2017^{+}	85	6	25	11	1	

*six weeks without hearings due to transition of Appeals Commission to OFC, **Hearings held in batches every 2nd & 4th Wednesday of the month, ***Hearings scheduled in batches as needed, ⁺ All numbers are through February 2017

According to the OFC staff, the OFC held court one day per week when operating as the Oneida Appeals Commission; however, they are now averaging three to four days of court per week with some weeks having five days of court hearings. Family Court hearings last anywhere from 15 minutes to a full day. Because this Code allows parties to call and examine witnesses, child welfare hearings have the potential to last multiple days. Family Court cases will require additional staff to satisfactorily operate the Court.

803 It is not anticipated that the workload of the OFC will decrease. This is mainly due to the number of child 804 support cases that the OFC has exercised jurisdiction over. 805 806 The table (right) shows the number of cases the Oneida Nation Child Support Agency has. Earlier this year, the 807 808 agency had 2,861 cases. In most cases, a child support cases is up for a review hearing every two years. Many of 809 these reviews require court hearings. Other child support 810 cases come back sooner for modifications due to a change 811 in employment, incarceration, or a number of other factors. 812

The OFC anticipates that the number of child support cases will rise due to the transfer of cases from

Year	# of Cases at Child
	Support Agency
2008	482
2009	804
2010	1434
2011	2256
2012	2549
2013	2680
2014	2872
2015	2991
2016	3016
2017	2861

Milwaukee County and other counties within the State of Wisconsin. Milwaukee County has 614 potential transfer cases and 119 cases have transferred already. The OFC does not have statistics regarding the number of child support cases that may transfer from other counties.

In addition to the child support cases, the OFC has experienced a rise in other contested matters, most notably divorces, paternity establishments, third party custody cases, and disputes regarding legal custody and physical placement. Peacemaking has helped but many of these contested issues end up in hearings.

b. *Implementation.* The LOC may want to consider pursuing the addition of a second OFC judge 822 and clerk as soon as this Code is adopted and well before the Code's implementation date. This 823 824 will allow the required preparations to be completed prior to the Code becoming effective. One 825 of the more time consuming tasks associated with this Code will be the recruiting and training of GALs. As the GAL work pursuant to this Code will differ from the work done on the other 826 827 Family Court matters, a training curriculum will have to be developed and time will have to be set aside to do several multiple day training sessions. Currently, GALs focus on issues such as 828 829 allocating legal custody and recommending a physical placement schedule. As this Code deals with different issues including abuse, neglect, termination of parental rights, etc., the GALs will 830

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831 have to be trained to appropriately address the complexity of the cases and seriousness of the issues. Additionally, court documents will need to be created such as the Uniform Child Custody 832 833 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act affidavit and a temporary physical custody form [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.35-37. A process for collecting GAL fees may also need to be 834 developed as currently the OFC is not collecting GAL fees due to the workload and lack of 835 process to collect the fees for those not subject to per capita attachment and wage garnishment. 836 837 In addition, the Department may need to hire additional staff prior to the effective date of this 838 Code in order to have the staff trained and ready to go prior to the Nation exercising jurisdiction 839 over child welfare matters.

- 840 **B.** The following infrastructure is needed to implement this Code:
- 1. 161 Agreements. The Nation will need to enter into 161 agreements with both Brown and 841 842 Outagamie Counties. 161 agreements clarify relationships between tribes and the county in 843 providing health, safety and welfare to Indian children. The purpose of these agreements is to provide and improve systems for services, referral, and mutual assistance between the tribes and 844 the counties. The Wisconsin Department of Health and Family Services will facilitate the 845 negotiation process between the tribes and the counties if requested. The Nation met with the 846 State in March of 2017, to discuss the contexts of the 161 agreements and a subcommittee was 847 848 formed. The subcommittee is currently meeting to discuss what out of home placements the Nation and counties will be funding. It may be necessary to meet with Brown and Outagamie 849 850 County to discuss entering into a 161 agreement in order to implement this Code.
- 851 C. The following are policy considerations the LOC may want to address:
- 1. GALs. The Nation has a number of laws which address GALs [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 852 853 708.8, Oneida Family Court Rules, 8 O.C. 807, Rule 14, Rules of Civil Procedure, 8 O.C. 803.37 and Child Custody, Placement, and Visitation 7 O.C. 705.87. In addition, the Oneida Tribal 854 Judiciary Canons of Judicial Conduct state that GALs have judicial immunity-immunity from 855 856 civil liability [See Oneida Tribal Judiciary Canons of Judicial Conduct, 8 O.C. 802, Limited Judicial Immunity]. Because multiple laws address GALs, the LOC may want to consider 857 removing the GAL sections from these laws and create a separate Guardian ad Litem law for the 858 purposes of avoiding duplications and providing a more convenient way to locate, among other 859 things, the roles, responsibilities, appointments and trainings required for GALs. If the LOC does 860 not wish to develop a separate GAL law, they may want to consider revising this section to refer 861 the reader to the Rules of Civil Procedure and any other laws, rules or policies governing the 862 863 conduct of GALs.
- 2. Permanency Plan Review. This Code requires the OFC to hold a hearing to review the 864 permanency plan no later than six months after the date the child was placed outside the home 865 866 and every six months thereafter for as long as the child is placed outside the home and is need of protection or services [See Children's Code, 7 O.C. 708.23-3]. A Department of Children & 867 Families (DCF) memorandum dated June 4, 2008 regarding 161 Agreements requires that all 868 agreements include provisions related to permanency planning. The memo states that "It shall be 869 agreed that for each case to be funded, an administrative review or judicial hearing will be held in 870 accordance with State and Federal law or regulation as codified in s. 48.38 (5) and (5m), Wis. 871 872 Stats. [See DCF memorandum, 06/04/2008, Guidelines for Implementation of Act 161 Agreements (Out-of-Home Placements of Indian Children by Tribal Courts), III, (I)]. Wisconsin 873 law allows for either the court or a review panel, appointed by the Court, comprised of three 874 individuals that are not employed by the [Department] and who are not responsible for providing 875 services to the child or family [See Wis. Stats. 48.38 (5)]. This Code requires the Court to 876 877 conduct the permanency plan reviews. An alternative is to have a three-person panel conduct these six month reviews. The LOC may want to determine if the OFC or a panel conduct these 878 reviews, and if it is decided to have a panel, provide direction on who could serve on this panel. 879
- *Guardianship Law.* Other tribal Codes require their child welfare departments to transfer a child to the appropriate jurisdiction if the child is believed to be incompetent and is under the custody

of the department. The transfer must be done before the child reaches the age of 18 for the
purposes of adult guardianship. The intent of this provision is to ensure an incompetent adult is
not released from placement when he/she reaches adulthood. If the LOC would like to add a
similar provision in the Code, then the LOC may want to consider developing a guardianship law
as the Nation does not have a law that addresses guardianship over a person or estate.

B87 D. Recommendations, alternatives and other information the LOC may want to consider:

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 1. *Customary Adoptions*. According the DCF, customary adoptions are legal adoptions and placement could be eligible for adoption assistance if the child and family meet the eligibility criteria. Being a Native American child automatically qualifies a child as eligible for the Special Needs Adoption Program. Please see the Adoption Assistance Forms Checklist/Routing Instructions Tribal or Customary Adoption form for eligibility requirements.
- Adopting Resolution. The LOC has identified the Code's effective date to be 15 months after the adoption of the FY 2018 budget. This will allow appropriate staff to be hired and prepare for implementation of the Code. Many issues will need to be addressed prior to implementing this Code: 161 agreements, GAL recruitment and training, legal document development, staff trainings, foster home recruitment, etc. In work meetings with the various affected entities, there was a mutual understanding that the departments will need at least a year to prepare and create the necessary infrastructure needed for successful implementation of this Code.
- 3. Current ICWA Cases. The LOC, in collaboration with both the Department and OFC have 900 901 decided to gradually transfer cases currently in Brown and Outagamie counties to the OFC. It has been decided that within 60 days of the effective date of the Code, the Department and OFC will 902 meet to discuss how many cases may possibly transfer over. It was also decided that any case 903 904 that began in the county within three months of the effective date of the Code will transfer to the OFC. However, any case that has been in the county longer than three months will remain with 905 906 the county. It should be noted that some parties that are currently in the county and wish to 907 transfer to OFC will be able to do so. The Department will also identify cases that they feel may be better handled in OFC and request a transfer when the Code is effective. It is important to note 908 909 that the state and federal Indian Child Welfare Acts permit a case to transfer from state court to tribal court. A transfer will not occur if 1) a parent of the child objects, 2) the court determines 910 there is good cause to deny the transfer, 3) the child is 12 years of age or over and objects, 4) the 911 912 evidence or testimony necessary to decide the case cannot be presented in tribal court without under hardship to the parties or the witnesses, 5) or the child's tribe has not intervened. 913
- 914 4. Ho Chunk Nation. As of March 24, 2017, Ho Chunk Nation had 66 open child protection cases (both CHIPS and consent decrees/66 children) that are under the jurisdiction of the tribe. They 915 also have three informal agreements. This number does not include current open ICW cases that 916 917 are in the counties. However, Ho Chunk Nation has been transferring more cases to their tribal 918 court as have many other tribes and counties because of the high number of cases related to the 919 current heroin/methamphetamine epidemic. Ho Chunk is modifying their Children and Family 920 Act to make timelines more apparent and to include safety standards. In addition, Ho Chunk has a Prevention Program -funded by IV-B funding - that focuses on assisting the family to preserve 921 922 the family unit.
- 923 5. Stockbridge Munsee. Stockbridge Munsee has approximately 35 tribal cases/35 children. On occasion Stockbridge Munsee will share a case with the county that involves enrolled children but 924 925 at this time there are no shared cases. According to their Indian Child Welfare Manager, Stockbridge Munsee does not use the temporary physical custody (TPC) state form and has had 926 difficulty placing children into custody. When placing a tribal child into shelter care, the facility 927 928 requires the TPC state form. To prevent this from happening at Oneida, a TPC form may be 929 necessary. Stockbridge has a 161 agreement with Shawano County; however, in many cases 930 there are disagreements with the information and the decision on how the county case is screened in or out. Stockbridge screens in 100% of their tribal cases and does the investigations. When 931 there is a safety or child protection services issue with a family, the child welfare manager will 932

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- ask the county to be involved, especially if foster care is involved in that the county pays for that
 service. It should be noted that Stockbridge Munsee's child welfare department consists of one
 employee who is both the ICW worker and director.
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 936 5. *Lac du Flambeau*. Lac du Flambeau has 112 child involved in current child welfare cases, of those 38 are ICWA cases.
- 938 6. *Red Cliff*. Red Cliff has 35 children in child welfare cases.
- 940 *Please refer to financial impact statement for the fiscal impact of this Code.*
- 941 942

Public Packet

Title 7. Children, Elders and Family - Chapter 708 **CHILDREN'S CODE** Latiksa>sh&ha Laotilihw@=ke

the children – their issues

708.1.	Purpose and Policy	708.25.	Trial Reunification
708.2.	Adoption, Amendment, Repeal		
708.3.	Definitions	708.26.	Revision of Dispositional Orders
708.4.	Scope	708.27.	Extension of Dispositional Orders
708.5.	Jurisdiction	708.28.	Continuation of Dispositional Orders
708.6.	Nation's Child Welfare Attorney	708.29.	Guardianship for Certain Children in Need of
708.7.	Indian Child Welfare Department Duties and	700.27.	Protection or Services
	Responsibilities	708.30.	Revisions of Guardianship Order
708.8.	Guardian ad litem	708.31.	Termination of Guardianship
708.9.	Advocate	708.32.	Termination of Parental Rights
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708.13.	Hearings (General)	708.36.	Initial Hearing on the Termination of Parental Rights
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708.15.	Taking a Child into Custody	708.37.	Fact Finding Hearing for a Termination of Parental
708.16.	Emergency Custody Hearing		Rights
708.17.	Petition for a Child in Need of Protection or Services	708.38.	Department's Termination of Parental Rights Report
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708.23.	Permanency Plans	708.40.	Liability
708.24.	Change in Placement	/00.4/.	Emonity

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2 708.1. Purpose and Policy

708.1-1. Purpose. The purpose of this law is to provide for the welfare, care, and protection of 3 Oneida children through the preservation of the family unit, while recognizing that in some 4 5 circumstances it may be in the child's best interest to not be reunited with his or her family. Furthermore, this law strengthens family life by assisting parents in fulfilling their 6 7 responsibilities as well as facilitating the return of Oneida children to the jurisdiction of the Nation and acknowledging the customs and traditions of the Nation when raising an Oneida 8 9 child.

708.1-2. Policy. It is the policy of the Nation to ensure there is a standard process for 10 conducting judicial proceedings and other procedures in which children and all other interested 11 parties are provided fair hearings in addition to ensuring their legal rights are recognized and 12 enforced, while protecting the public safety. 13

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708.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal 15

16 708.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC- - - -17

708.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee and/or 18

Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures 19 Act.

- 708.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
 be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are
- considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
- 708.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of anotherlaw, the provisions of this law shall control. Provided that, this law repeals the following:
 - (a) Resolution # BC-09-25-81 Oneida Child Protective Board Ordinance;
- (b) Resolution # BC-10-07-81-A Appointing Members to the Oneida Child Protective Board;
 - (c) Resolution # BC-05-24-84-C Definition of Extended Family Member;
- 30 (d) Resolution # BC-01-14-15-A Amendment of Oneida Child Protective Board 31 Ordinance;
 - (e) Resolution # BC-05-13-15 Indian Child Welfare Act Policy; and
 - (f) Resolution # BC-12 -10-03-A Oneida Child Protective Boards Stipends.
- 34 708.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
- 36 **708.3. Definitions**

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- 708.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All
 words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
- 39 (a) "Abuse" means any of the following:
 - (1) Physical injury inflicted on a child by other than accidental means;
 - (2) Sexual assault;
 - (3) Sexual exploitation of a child;
 - (4) Prostitution or trafficking of a child;
- 44 (5) Causing a child to view or listen to sexual activity or sexually explicit 45 materials;
- 46 (6) Exposing a child to the manufacture, sale, or use of controlled substances;
 47 and/or
- 48 (7) Emotional damage for which the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian
 49 has neglected, refused, or been unable for reasons other than poverty to obtain the
 50 necessary treatment or take steps to address the issue.
- 51 (b) "Advocate" means a person who is a non-attorney presented to the Court as the 52 representative or advisor to a party.
- (c) "Alcohol and other drug abuse impairment" means a condition of a person which is
 exhibited by characteristics of habitual lack of self-control in the use of alcoholic
 beverages or controlled substances to the extent that the person's health is substantially
 affected or endangered or the person's social or economic functioning is substantially
 disrupted.
- (d) "Attorney" means a person trained and licensed to represent another person in Court,
 to prepare documents and to give advice or counsel on matters of law.
- 60 (e) "Best interest of the child" means the interest of a child to:
 - (1) Have a full, meaningful, and loving relationship with both parents and family as much as possible;
 - (2) Be free from physical, sexual and emotional abuse;
- 64 (3) Be raised in conditions that foster and encourage the happiness, security, 65 safety, welfare, physical and mental health, and emotional development of the 66 child;

67	(4) Receive appropriate medical care;
68	(5) Receive appropriate education;
69	(6) Be raised in conditions which maximize the chances of the child becoming a
70	contributing member of society; and
71	(7) Be raised in an environment that is respectful of the child's race(s), culture(s),
72	and heritage(s).
73	(f) "Business day" means Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding
74	holidays recognized by the Nation.
75	(g) "Child" means a person who is less than eighteen (18) years of age.
76	(h) "Clear and convincing evidence" means that a particular fact is substantially more
77	likely than not to be true.
78	(i) "Counsel" means an attorney or advocate presented to the Court as the representative
79	or advisor to a party.
80	(j) "Court" means the Oneida Nation Family Court, which is the branch of the Oneida
81	Nation Judiciary that has the designated responsibility to oversee family matters.
82	(k) "Court of competent jurisdiction" means a state or tribal court that has jurisdiction
83	and authority to do a certain act or hear a certain dispute.
84	(1) "Department" means the Oneida Nation Indian Child Welfare Department.
85	(m) "Disposition" means the Court's final ruling or decision on a case or legal issue.
86	(n) "Dispositional hearing" means a hearing for the Court to make its final
87	determination of a case or issue.
88	(o) "Emotional damage" means harm to a child's psychological or intellectual
89	functioning evidenced by one (1) or more of the following characteristics exhibited to a
90	severe degree:
91	(1) anxiety;
92	(2) depression;
93	(3) withdrawal;
94	(4) outward aggressive behavior; and/or
95	(5) a substantial and observable change in behavior, emotional response, or
96	cognition that is not within the normal range for the child's age and stage of
97	development.
98	(p) "Expert" means a person with special training, experience, or expertise in a field
99	beyond the knowledge of an ordinary person.
100	(q) "Extended family" means a person who has reached the age of eighteen (18) and who
101	is the child's grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, niece,
102	nephew, first, second, third or fourth cousin, or stepparent.
103	(r) "Fact-finding hearing" means a hearing for the Court to determine if the allegations in
104	a petition under this law are proved by clear and convincing evidence.
105	(s) "Fictive kin" means any person or persons who, to the biological parents of the child
106	at issue, have an emotional tie to that parent wherein they are like family.
107	(t) "Foster home" means any home which is licensed by Department and/or applicable
108	licensing agency and maintained by any individual(s) suitable for placement of children when taken into sustady or pending court matters
109 110	when taken into custody or pending court matters.
110 111	(u) "Good cause" means adequate or substantial grounds or reason to take a certain action or to fail to take an action
111	action, or to fail to take an action.

- (v) "Group home" means any facility operated by a person required to be licensed by the
 Department and/or applicable licensing agency for the care and maintenance of five (5) to
 eight (8) children.
- (w) "Guardian" means any person, agency or department appointed by the Court to care
 for and manage the child in a particular case before the Court. A guardian has the right to
 make major decisions affecting a child including education, religious and cultural
 upbringing, the right to consent to marriage, to enlistment in the armed forces, to major
 surgery and medical treatment and to adoption, or make recommendations as to adoption.
- (x) "Guardian ad litem" means a person appointed by the Court to appear at any
 peacemaking, mediation, or hearing and tasked with representing the best interest of the
 person appointed for.
- (y) "Holiday" means any holiday recognized by the Nation as identified in the Nation's laws, rules and policies governing employment.
- (z) "Indian Child Welfare Worker" means a person employed by the Nation in the
 Indian Child Welfare Department tasked with the responsibility to carry out the duties,
 objectives and provisions of this law as codified at 25 USC 1901.
- (aa) "Legal custodian" means any person other than a parent or guardian to whom legal
 custody of a child has been granted by court order and has the rights and responsibilities
 for the following:
- 131 (1) To have physical custody of the child as determined by the Court, if physical
 132 custody is not with the person having legal custody;
- 133 (2) To protect, educate and discipline the child so long as it is in the child's best134 interest; and
- (3) To provide the child with adequate food, shelter, education, ordinary medical
 care and other basic needs, according to court order. In an emergency situation, a
 custodian shall have the authority to consent to surgery as well as any other
 emergency medical care needs.
- (bb) "Mediation" means a method of dispute resolution that involves a neutral third partywho tries to help disputing parties reach an agreement.
- 141 (cc) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
- (dd) "Neglect" means failure, refusal, or inability on the part of a caregiver, for reasons
 other than poverty, to provide necessary care, food, clothing, medical or dental care, or
 shelter so as to seriously endanger the physical health of the child.
- 145 (ee) "Parent" means the biological or adoptive parent of a child.
- (ff) "Peacemaking" means a method of dispute resolution that is based on traditional
 methods of resolving disputes and addresses the needs of rebuilding relationships
 between people.
- (gg) "Permanency Plan" means a plan designed to ensure that a child is reunified with his
 or her family whenever appropriate, or that the child quickly attains a placement or home
 providing long-term stability.
- 152 (hh) "Physical injury" includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:
- 153 (1) lacerations;
- 154 (2) fractured bones;
- 155 (3) burns;

- (4) internal injuries;
- 157 (5) severe or frequent bruising;

(6) bodily injury which creates a substantial risk of death; 158 (7) bodily injury which causes serious permanent disfigurement; 159 (8) bodily injury which causes a permanent or protracted loss or impairment of 160 the function of any bodily member or organ; or 161 (9) any other serious bodily injury. 162 (ii) "Plea hearing" means a hearing to determine whether any party wishes to contest a 163 petition filed under this law. 164 (jj) "Probable cause" means there are sufficient facts and circumstances that would lead 165 a reasonable person to believe that something is true. 166 "Reasonable effort" means an earnest and conscientious effort to take good faith (kk)167 steps to provide the services ordered by the Court which takes into consideration the 168 characteristics of the parent or child, the level of cooperation of the parent and other 169 relevant circumstances of the case. 170 "Relative" means any person connected with a child by blood, marriage or 171 (11)adoption. 172 (mm) "Reservation" means all the land within the exterior boundaries of the 173 Reservation of the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the 174 Oneida, 7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law. 175 (nn) "Shelter care facility" means a non-secure place of temporary care and physical 176 custody for children, licensed by the Department and/or applicable licensing agency. 177 (oo) "Social history" means the social, economic, cultural and familial aspects of a person 178 and how those aspects affect the person's functioning and situation in life. 179 (pp) "Special treatment or care" means professional services which need to be provided 180 to a child or family to protect the well-being of the child, prevent out-of-home placement, 181 or meet the needs of the child. 182 "Stepparent" means the spouse or ex-spouse of a child's parent who is not a (qq)183 biological parent of the child. 184 (rr) "Stipulation" means a formal legal acknowledgement and agreement made between 185 opposing parties prior to a pending hearing or trial. 186 (ss) "Substantial parental relationship" means the acceptance and exercise of significant 187 responsibility for the daily supervision, education, protection and care of a child. 188 (tt) "Termination of parental rights" means that, pursuant to a court order, all rights, 189 powers, privileges, immunities, duties and obligations existing between parent and child 190 are permanently severed. 191 (uu) "Treatment plan" means a plan or set of conditions ordered by the Court identifying 192 concerns and behaviors of a parent, guardian or legal custodian that resulted in a child to 193 be in need of protection or services, and the treatment services, goals and objectives to 194 address and remedy the concerns and behaviors of the parent, guardian or legal custodian. 195 196 (vv) "Warrant" means an order issued by a court commanding a law enforcement officer to perform some act incident to the administration of justice. 197 198 199 708.4. Scope

708.4-1. This law shall apply to all child welfare cases and legal proceedings in which the
 Nation has jurisdiction. Nothing in this law is meant to restrict or limit another court of
 competent jurisdiction from hearing a matter involving an Indian child.

204 708.5. Jurisdiction

- 708.5-1. *Personal Jurisdiction*. The Court shall have personal jurisdiction over the following
 individuals:
- (a) *Jurisdiction over an Oneida Child.* The Court shall have personal jurisdiction over any child who is present or resides within the boundaries of Brown and Outagamie
 County and is enrolled or eligible for enrollment in the Nation.
- (b) *Jurisdiction over a Non-Oneida Child.* The Court shall have personal jurisdiction
 over any child not enrolled or eligible for enrollment in the Nation who is present or
 resides within the boundaries of the Reservation and is a sibling of a child that is enrolled
 or eligible for enrollment in the Nation if the child's parent(s), guardian or legal
 custodian consents to the jurisdiction of the Court. Consent to the jurisdiction of the
 Court can be given by any of the following:
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- (1) The parent(s), guardian or legal custodian knowingly and voluntarily provides the Court with written consent to the jurisdiction of the Court; or
- (2) The Court establishes on the record that the parent(s), guardian or legal
 custodian knowingly and voluntarily provides the Court with verbal consent to the
 jurisdiction of the Court.

708.5-2. Jurisdiction over Children Alleged to be in Need of Protection or Services. The Court
 shall have jurisdiction over a child alleged to be in need of protection or services if personal
 jurisdiction has been established and the child:

- 224 (a) is without a parent or guardian;
- 225 (b) has been abandoned;
- (c) has a parent that relinquished custody of the child pursuant to the Nation's laws orstate law and has no other parent available to provide necessary care;
- (d) has been the victim of abuse, including injury that is self-inflicted or inflicted by another;
- (e) is at substantial risk of becoming the victim of abuse, including injury that is selfinflicted or inflicted by another, based on reliable and credible information that another
 child in the home has been the victim of such abuse;
- (f) has a parent or guardian who signs the petition requesting jurisdiction under this
 subsection and is unable or needs assistance to care for or provide necessary special
 treatment or care for the child, and the child has no other parent available to provide
 necessary care;
- (g) has a guardian who is unable or needs assistance to care for or provide necessary
 special treatment or care for the child, but is unwilling or unable to sign the petition
 requesting jurisdiction under this subsection;
- 240 (h) has been placed for care or adoption in violation of the Nation's laws or state law;
- (i) is receiving inadequate care during the period of time a parent is missing,
 incarcerated, hospitalized or institutionalized;
- (j) is at least twelve (12) years of age, signs the petition requesting jurisdiction under this
 subsection and is in need of special treatment or care which the parent, guardian or legal
 custodian is unwilling, neglecting, unable or needs assistance to provide;
- (k) has a parent, guardian or legal custodian neglects, refuses or is unable for reasons
 other than poverty to provide necessary care, food, clothing, medical or dental care or
 shelter so as to seriously endanger the physical health of the child;

- (1) has a parent, guardian or legal custodian is at substantial risk of neglecting, refusing
 or being unable for reasons other than poverty to provide necessary care, food, clothing,
 medical or dental care or shelter so as to endanger seriously the physical health of the
 child, based on reliable and credible information that the child's parent, guardian or legal
 custodian has neglected, refused or been unable for reasons other than poverty to provide
 necessary care, food, clothing, medical or dental care or shelter so as to endanger
 seriously the physical health of another child in the home;
- 256 (m) is suffering emotional damage for which the parent, guardian or legal custodian has 257 neglected, refused or been unable and is neglecting, refusing or unable, for reasons other 258 than poverty, to obtain necessary treatment or to take necessary steps to improve the 259 symptoms;
- (n) is suffering from an alcohol and other drug abuse impairment, exhibited to a severe
 degree, for which the parent, guardian or legal custodian is neglecting, refusing or unable
 to provide treatment; or
 - (o) is non-compliant with the Nation's or State's immunization laws.
- 708.5-3. Jurisdiction over other Matters Relating to Children. If jurisdiction has been
 established under section 708.5-1 and section 708.5-2 the Court may:
- 266 (a) terminate parental rights to a child;
 - (b) appoint, revise, and/or remove a guardian; and
- 268 (c) hold adoption proceedings.
- 708.5-4. *Transfer of Cases from other Courts*. If personal jurisdiction has been established the
 Court has jurisdiction over any action transferred to the Court from any court of competent
 jurisdiction.
- (a) While a case is being transferred to the Court from another court, any time limits
 established by this law shall be tolled until the next hearing on the matter before the
 Court.
- 708.5-5. *Transfer of Cases to other Courts*. The Court may transfer a case under this law to a
 court of competent jurisdiction where the other court has a significant interest in the child and the
 transfer would be in the best interest of the child.
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279 708.6. Nation's Child Welfare Attorney

- 280 708.6-1. A Child Welfare attorney shall represent the Nation in all proceedings under this law.
- 281 The Child Welfare attorney shall be one of the following:
- 282 (a) An attorney from the Oneida Law Office;
 - (b) An attorney contracted by the Oneida Law Office; or
- 284 (c) An attorney contracted by the Department.
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286 708.7. Indian Child Welfare Department Duties and Responsibilities

- 708.7-1. *Indian Child Welfare Worker*. The Indian Child Welfare Worker shall carry out the
 duties and responsibilities set forth in this law which include, but are not limited to the
 following:
- (a) Receive, examine, and investigate complaints and allegations that a child is in need of
 protection or services for the purpose of determining the appropriate response under this
 law, which may include notifying law enforcement;
- (b) Receive referral information, conduct intake inquiries, and determine whether toinitiate child welfare proceedings;

295	(c) Determine whether a child should be held pursuant to the emergency provisions of
296	this law;
297	(d) Make appropriate referrals of cases to other agencies when appropriate, and share
298	information with other agencies if their assistance appears to be needed or desirable;
299	(e) Maintain records;
300	(f) Enter into informal dispositions with families;
301	(g) Refer counseling or any other functions or services to the child and/or family as
302	designated by the Court;
303	(h) Identify and develop resources within the community that may be utilized by the
304	Department and Court;
305	(i) Make reasonable efforts to obtain necessary services for the child and family and
306	investigate and develop resources for the child and family to utilize;
307	(j) Accept legal custody of children when ordered by the Court;
308	(k) Make reports and recommendations to the Court;
309	(1) Make recommendations to the Nation's Child Welfare attorney;
310	(m)Request transfer from state court to the Nation's court when appropriate;
311	(n) Perform any other functions ordered by the Court within the limitations of the law;
312	(o) Develop appropriate plans and conduct reviews;
313	(p) Negotiate agreements for services, record sharing, referral, and funding for child
314	family service records within the Department;
315	(q) Provide measures and procedures for preserving the confidential nature of child and
316	family service records within the Department;
317	(r) Participate in continuing training, conferences and workshops pertinent to child
318	welfare issues;
319	(s) Explain the court proceedings to the child in language and terms appropriate to the
320	child's age and maturity level when a guardian ad litem is not appointed for a child;
321	(t) Maintain a knowledge and understanding of all relevant laws and regulations.
322	708.7-2. <i>Department</i> . In performing the duties set forth in this law, the Department shall:
323	(a) Identify and refer parties to resources in the community calculated to resolve the
324	problems presented in petitions filed in Court, such as the various psychiatric,
325	psychological therapeutic, counseling and other social services available within and
326	outside the Nation when necessary;
327	(b) Identify and refer parties to resources in the community designed to enhance the
328	child's potential as a member of the Nation;
329	(c) Investigate, inspect, and license foster homes, and monitor and supervise foster
330	homes and children in foster care;
331	(d) Adhere to the placement preference order stated in section 708.10; and
332	(e) Enter into memorandums of understanding and/or agreement with the Oneida Trust
333	Enrollment Committee and/or Department, Oneida Police Department, Oneida Nation
334	Child Support Agency and any other appropriate department in order to carry out the
335	provisions of this law;
336	(f) Share information with other social service and law enforcement agencies; and other
337	entities of the Nation as it pertains to children under the jurisdiction of this law.
338	entities of the reaction as it pertains to enhance under the juristiction of this law.
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339 708.8. Guardian ad litem

340 708.8-1. *Appointment*. The appointment of a guardian ad litem shall be as follows:

(a) The Court may appoint a guardian ad litem for any child who is the subject of a child 341 in need of protection or services proceeding; 342 (b) The Court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for any child who is the subject of a 343 proceeding to terminate parental rights, whether voluntary or involuntary, for a child who 344 is the subject of a contested adoption proceeding, and for a child who is the subject of a 345 contested guardianship proceeding; 346 (c) The Court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for a minor parent petitioning for the 347 voluntary termination of their parental rights; and 348 (d) A guardian ad litem may be appointed for any other circumstance the Court deems 349 necessary. 350 708.8-2. Qualifications. 351 (a) A guardian ad litem shall be an adult who: 352 (1) is at least twenty one (21) years of age; 353 (2) is currently certified as a guardian ad litem and in good standing; 354 (3) has never been convicted of a felony unless the person received a pardon or 355 forgiveness; and 356 357 (4) has never been convicted of any crime against a child. (b) No person shall be appointed guardian ad litem in that proceeding who: 358 (1) has a personal interest in the outcome of the case, a party to the proceeding, 359 360 or any other interest that has the potential to corrupt a person's motivation or decision making, because of an actual or potential divergence between the person's self-interests, 361 362 and the best interests of the case; (2) appears as counsel or an advocate in the proceeding on behalf of any party; or 363 (3) is related to a party of the proceeding, the Judge for the proceeding, or an 364 appointing Judge by blood, marriage, adoption or related by a social tie that could 365 be reasonably interpreted as a conflict of interest. 366 (c) A guardian ad litem may be recognized as certified by the Court if he or she: 367 (1) has completed guardian ad litem training provided by the Court, another 368 Indian tribe, or a state; or 369 (2) is recognized as a certified guardian ad litem by another jurisdiction. 370 708.8-3. *Responsibilities*. The guardian ad litem has none of the rights or duties of a general 371 guardian. The guardian ad litem shall: 372 (a) investigate and review all relevant information, records and documents, as well as 373 interview the child, parent(s), social workers, teachers and all other relevant persons to 374 gather facts when appropriate; 375 (b) consider the importance of the child's culture, heritage and traditions; 376 (c) consider, but shall not be bound by, the wishes of the child or the positions of others 377 as to the best interests of the child; 378 (d) explain the role of the guardian ad litem and the court proceedings to the child in 379 language and terms appropriate to the child's age and maturity level; 380 (e) provide a written or oral report to the Court regarding the best interests of the child, 381 including conclusions and recommendations and the facts upon which they are based; 382 (f) recommend evaluations, assessments, services and treatment of the child and the 383 child's family when appropriate; 384 (g) inform the court of any concerns or possible issues regard the child or the child's 385 family; 386 (h) represent the best interests of the child; 387

- (i) perform other duties as directed by the Court; and
- (j) comply with all laws, policies and rules of the Nation governing the conduct of a guardian ad litem.

391 708.8-4. Compensation. The guardian ad litem shall be compensated at a rate that the Court 392 determines is reasonable. The Court shall compensate the guardian ad litem for his or her fees. 393 The parties shall reimburse the Court for the guardian ad litem fees. The Court may apportion 394 the amount of reimbursement each party shall pay based on the ability to pay or assess the cost 395 equally between the parties. The Court may determine an appropriate time frame for the 396 reimbursement to occur. The Court may waive the guardian ad litem expense if the cost of the 397 guardian ad litem will impose an immediate and substantial hardship on the parties.

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399 708.9. Advocate

- 708.9-1. The parent, guardian and legal custodian of a child has the right to obtain an advocate to
 represent and advise him or her throughout any proceeding under this law at his or her own
 expense.
- 403 708.9-2. *Qualifications*.
- 404 (a) An advocate shall be an adult who:
 - (1) is at least twenty one (21) years of age;
 - (2) is admitted to practice before the Oneida Judiciary;
- 407 (2) has never been convicted of a felony unless the person received a pardon or408 forgiveness; and
- 409 (3) has never been convicted of any crime against a child.
- 708.9-3. An advocate shall comply with all laws, rules and policies of the Nation governingadvocates.
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413 **708.10 Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer**

- 708.10-1. The Department may utilize a Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer throughout allchild welfare proceedings.
- 416 708.10-2. The Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer may provide:
 - (a) wellness sessions utilizing culturally based and appropriate healing methods;
 - (b) training on Oneida culture, language and traditions; and
- 419 (c) and any other service that may be necessary.
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421 **708.11. Order of Placement Preferences**

- 708.11-1. The following order of placement preferences shall be followed when it is necessary toplace a child outside of the home under this law:
- 424 (a) A member of the child's immediate or extended family;
- 425 (b) A family clan member;
- 426 (c) A member of the Nation;
- 427 (d) Descendants of the Nation;
- 428 (e) A member of another federally recognized tribe;
- 429 (f) Fictive kin within the Nation community;
- 430 (g) Fictive kin outside the Nation community; or
- 431 (h) Any other person or persons not listed above.
- 432 708.11-2. The order of placement preferences listed in section 708.11-1. are prioritized from the
- most preference given to a child placed in a home in accordance with section 708.11-1(a) and the

- least amount of preference given to a child placed in a home in accordance with section 708.11-1(h).
- 436 708.11-3. In order to deviate from the placement preferences listed in section 708.11-1, the Court
- shall consider the best interest of the child when determining whether there is good cause to gooutside the placement preference.
- (a) Good cause to go outside the placement preferences shall be determined based on anyof the following:
- 441 (1) When appropriate, the request from the child's parent or the child, when the442 child is age twelve (12) or older;
- 443 (2) Any extraordinary physical, mental or emotional health needs of the child 444 requiring highly specialized treatment services as established by an expert;
- 445 (3) The unavailability of a suitable placement after diligent efforts have been
 446 made to place the child in the placement preference listed in section 708.11-1; or
- (4) Any other reason deemed by the Court to be in the best interest of the child.
- (b) The party requesting to deviate from the placement preferences listed in 708.11-1 hasthe burden of establishing good cause.
- 450451 **708.12.** Notice of Petition
- 708.12-1. Petitions alleging that a child is in need of protection or services may be given to the
 parties directly by the Nation's Child Welfare attorney or the Indian Child Welfare Worker or
 served on the parties pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 455 708.12-2. Petitions for termination of parental rights, guardianship, and adoption shall be served
 456 on all other parties pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 457 708.12-3. All parties shall be notified of all subsequent hearings under this law by first-class
 458 mail to the recently verified last-known address of the party with the purpose of providing the
 459 parties an opportunity to be heard.
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461 **708.13. Hearings (General)**

- 462 708.13-1. If the Court finds that it is in the best interest of the child, the Court may exclude the463 child from participating in a hearing conducted in accordance with this law.
- 464 708.13-2. The Oneida Judiciary Rules of Evidence are not binding at emergency custody 465 hearings, dispositional hearings, or a hearing about changes in placement, revision of 466 dispositional orders, extension of dispositional orders, or termination of guardianship orders. At 467 those hearings, the Court shall admit all testimony having reasonable probative value, but shall 468 exclude immaterial, irrelevant, or unduly repetitious testimony. Hearsay evidence may be 469 admitted if it has demonstrable circumstantial guarantees of trustworthiness. The Court shall 470 give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by laws of the Nation. The Court shall apply the
- 471 basic principles of relevancy, materiality, and probative value to proof of all questions of fact.
- 708.13-3. If an alleged father appears at a hearing under this law, the Court may refer the matter
 to the Oneida Nation Child Support Agency to adjudicate paternity. While paternity is being
 established, the Court shall enter an order finding good cause to suspend the time limits
 established under this law.
- 476 708.13-4. At any time the Court or the Department may refer the matter to the Nation's Child
- 477 Support Agency.

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479 **708.14. Discovery and Records**

708.14-1. Upon written request, the parties and their counsel shall have the right to inspect, copy
or photograph social, psychiatric, psychological, medical, and school reports, and records
concerning the child including reports of preliminary inquiries, predisposition studies and
supervision records relating to the child which are in the possession of the Nation's Child
Welfare attorney or the Department that pertain to any case under this law.

- 708.14-2. If a request for discovery is refused, the person may submit an application to the Court
 requesting an order granting discovery. Motions for discovery shall certify that a request for
 discovery has been made and refused.
- 708.14-3. If the discovery violates a privileged communication or a work product rule, the Court
 may deny, in whole or part, otherwise limit or set conditions on the discovery authorized.
- 708.14-4. The identity of the individual that initiated the investigation by contacting theDepartment, shall be redacted in all documents that are made available to the parties.
- 492 708.14-5. In addition to the discovery procedures permitted under this law, the discovery
 493 procedures permitted under the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply in all
 494 proceedings under this law.
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496 **708.15.** Taking a Child into Custody

- 497 708.15-1. *Grounds for Taking a Child into Custody*. A child may be taken into custody without
 498 a Court order by an Indian Child Welfare Worker or law enforcement officer if there are
 499 reasonable grounds to believe:
- (a) A warrant for the child's apprehension has been issued by the Court or another court
 of competent jurisdiction to take the child into custody;
- (b) The child is suffering from illness or injury or is in immediate danger from his or her
 surroundings and removal from those surroundings is necessary; and/or
 - (c) The child has violated the conditions of an order issued pursuant to this law.

505 708.15-2. The Court may enter an order directing that a child be taken into custody upon a 506 showing satisfactory to the judge that the welfare of the child demands that the child be 507 immediately removed from his or her present custody.

708.15-3. A person taking the child into custody, under this section, shall immediately attempt 508 to notify the parent(s), guardian(s), and legal custodian(s) of the child by the most practical 509 means. Attempts to satisfy notification shall continue until either the parent(s), guardian(s), and 510 legal custodian(s) of the child is notified, or the child is delivered to an Indian Child Welfare 511 Worker, whichever occurs first. If the child is delivered to the Indian Child Welfare Worker 512 before the parent(s), guardian(s), and legal custodian(s) is notified, the Indian Child Welfare 513 Worker, or another person at his or her direction, shall continue the attempt to notify until the 514 parent(s), guardian(s), and legal custodian(s) of the child is notified. 515

- 516 708.15-4. Once the child is taken into custody and turned over to the care of the Department, the 517 Department shall make every effort to release the child immediately to the child's parent(s),
- guardian(s), and legal custodian(s), so long as it is in the child's best interest and the parent(s),
 guardian(s), and legal custodian(s) is willing to receive the child.
- 708.15-5. *Probable Cause for Taking a Child into Custody*. A child may be held in custody if
 the Indian Child Welfare Worker determines the child is within the jurisdiction of the Court and
 probable cause exists to believe any of the following if the child is not held in custody:
- 523 (a) The child will cause injury to himself or herself or be subject to injury by others;

- (b) The child will be subject to injury by others, based on a determination that if anotherchild in the home is not held that child will be subject to injury by others;
- 526 (c) The parent, guardian or legal custodian of the child or other responsible adult is 527 neglecting, refusing, unable or unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care, and 528 that services to ensure the child's safety and well-being are not available or would be 529 inadequate;
- (d) The child meets the criteria for probable cause for taking a child into custody
 specified in section 708.15-5(c), based on a determination that another child in the home
 meets any of the criteria; or
- (e) The child will run away or be taken away so as to be unavailable for proceedings ofthe Court.

535 708.15-6. *Holding a Child in Custody*. A child held in custody may be held in any of the 536 following places as long as the places are in the child's best interest and all people residing or 537 regularly visiting the premises have cleared a background check:

- (a) The home of a relative, except that a child may not be held in the home of a relative
 that has been convicted of the first-degree intentional homicide or the second-degree
 intentional homicide of a parent of the child, or any crime against a child, and the
 conviction has not been pardoned, forgiven, reversed, set aside or vacated, unless the
 person making the custody decision determines by clear and convincing evidence that the
 placement would be in the best interests of the child. The person making the custody
 decision shall consider the wishes of the child in making that determination;
- 545 (b) A licensed foster home;
- 546 (c) A licensed group home;
- 547 (d) A non-secure facility operated by a licensed child welfare agency;
- 548 (e) A licensed private or public shelter care facility; or
- (f) The home of a person not a relative, if the placement does not exceed thirty (30) days,
 though the placement may be extended for up to an additional thirty (30) days by the
 Indian Child Welfare Worker, and if the person has not had a child care license refused,
 revoked, or suspended within the last two (2) years.
- 708.15-7. When holding a child in custody for emergency placement the use of the preferences
 for placement stated in section 708.10-1 are preferred, but not mandatory. If the preferences for
 placement are not followed, the Department shall try to transition that child into a home that fits
 the order of preferences for placement as quickly as deemed appropriate by the Department.

557 708.15-8. If a child is held in custody, the Indian Child Welfare Worker shall notify the child's 558 parent(s), guardian(s), and legal custodian(s) of the reasons for holding the child and of the 559 child's whereabouts except when the Indian Child Welfare Worker believes that notice would 560 present imminent danger to the child. If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not 561 immediately available, the Indian Child Welfare Worker or another person designated by the 562 worker shall provide notice as soon as possible.

- 708.15-9. The Indian Child Welfare Worker shall also notify the parent, guardian, and legalcustodian of the following:
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- (a) the date, time and place of the emergency custody hearing;
- 566 (b) the nature and possible outcomes of the hearing;
- 567 (c) the right to present and cross-examine witnesses; and
- 568 (d) the right to retain counsel at his or her own expense.

708.15-10. When the child is age twelve (12) or older, the Indian Child Welfare Worker shall
notify the child of the date, time, and place and the nature and possible outcomes of the
emergency custody hearing.

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573 708.16. Emergency Custody Hearing

708.16-1. If a child who has been taken into custody under section 708.15-5 is not released, a 574 hearing to determine whether the child shall continue to be held in custody under the criteria of 575 probable cause for taking a child into custody under section 708.15-5(a)-(e) shall be conducted 576 by Court as soon as possible but no later than seventy-two (72) hours of the time the decision to 577 hold the child was made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. By the time of the 578 hearing, a petition for a child in need of protection or services under section 708.17 shall be filed 579 unless the Department seeks and receives an extension pursuant to section 708.16-2. The child 580 shall be released from custody if a hearing is not held within the specified timelines. 581

708.16-2. If no petition has been filed by the time of the hearing, a child may be held in custody
with approval of the Court for an additional seventy-two (72) hours from the time of the hearing,
excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, only if, as a result of the facts brought forth at the
hearing, the Court determines that probable cause exists to believe any of the following:

- (a) That additional time is required to determine whether the filing of a petition initiatingproceedings under this law is necessary;
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(b) That the child is an imminent danger to himself or herself or to others; or

- (c) The parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the child or other responsible adult is
 neglecting, refusing, unable, or unavailable to provide adequate supervision and care.
- 708.16-3. The Court may grant a one-time extension under section 708.16-2 for a petition. In
 the event a petition is not filed within the extension period, the Court shall order the child's
 immediate release from custody.
- 594 708.16-4. Prior to the start of the hearing, the Court shall provide a copy of the petition to the 595 parent, guardian, and legal custodian if present, and to the child if he or she is twelve (12) years 596 of age or older.
- 708.16-5. Prior to the start of the hearing, the Court shall inform the parent, guardian, or legalcustodian of the following:
- 599 (a) allegations that have been made or may be made;
- 600 (b) the nature and possible outcomes of the hearing and possible future hearings;
- 601 (c) the right to present and cross-examine witnesses; and
- 602 (d) the right to retain counsel at his or her own expense.

708.16-6. If present at the hearing, the Court may permit the parent to provide the names and
other identifying information of three (3) relatives of the child or other individuals eighteen (18)
years of age or older whose homes the parent wishes the Court to consider as placements for the
child. If the parent does not provide this information at the hearing, the Department shall permit
the parent to provide the information at a later date.

- 608 708.16-7. All orders to hold a child in custody shall be in writing and shall include all of the 609 following:
- (a) A finding that continued placement of the child in his or her home would be contrary
 to the best interests of the child;
- (b) A finding that the Department and/or anyone else providing services to the child had
- reasonable grounds to remove the child from the home based on the child's best interest;

614 (c) A finding that the Department has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of 615 the child from the home, while assuring that the child's best interest are the paramount 616 concerns;

- 617 (d) The Department made reasonable efforts to make it possible for the child to return 618 safely home; and
- (e) If the child has one (1) or more siblings, who have also been removed from the home, 619 a finding as to whether the Department has made reasonable efforts to place the child in a 620 placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the Court determines 621 that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of 622 those siblings, in which case the Court shall order the Department make reasonable 623 efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child 624 and the siblings, unless the Court determines that such visitation or interaction would be 625 contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings. 626
- 708.16-8. An order to hold a child in custody remains in effect until a dispositional order is
 granted, the petition is withdrawn or dismissed, or the order is modified or terminated by further
 order of the Court.

708.16-9. An order to hold a child in custody may be re-heard upon motion of any party if, inthe Court's discretion, good cause is found, whether or not counsel was present.

633 708.17. Petition for a Child in Need of Protection or Services

- 708.17-1. The Nation's Child Welfare attorney or the Department shall initiate proceedings
 under this section by filing a petition with the Court, signed by a person who has knowledge of
 the facts alleged or is informed of them and believes them to be true.
- 637 708.17-2. The petition shall include the following:
- 638 (a) The name, birth date, address, and tribal affiliation of the child;
- (b) The names, birth dates, addresses, and tribal affiliation of the child's parent, guardian,
 legal custodian or spouse, if any; or if no such person can be identified, the name and
 address of the nearest relative;
- 642 (c) Whether the child is in custody, and, if so, the place where the child is being held and 643 the date and time he or she was taken into custody unless there is reasonable cause to 644 believe that such disclosure would result in imminent danger to the child or legal 645 custodian;
- 646 (d) A Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act affidavit;
- (e) A plain and concise statement of facts upon which the allegations are based, including
 the dates, times, and location at which the alleged acts occurred. If the child is being held
 in custody outside his or her home, the statement shall include information showing that
 continued placement of the child in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the
 child and the efforts that were made to prevent the removal of the child, while assuring
 that the child's health, welfare, and safety are the paramount concerns; and
 - (f) Any other information as deemed necessary by the Court.

708.17-3. The petition shall state if any of the facts required for a petition are not known orcannot be ascertained by the petitioner.

708.17-4. A petition may be amended at any time at the discretion of the Court. An amended
petition may be given to the parties directly by the Nation's Child Welfare attorney or the Indian Child
Welfare Worker or served on the parties pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.

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660 **708.18. Consent Decree**

708.18-1. Consent Decree. At any time after the filing of a petition pursuant to section 708.17 661 662 and before the entry of judgment, the Court may suspend the proceedings and place the child under supervision in the home or present placement of the child. The Court may establish terms 663 664 and conditions applicable to the child and the child's parent, guardian or legal custodian. The order under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the child 665 who is twelve (12) years of age or older, the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and the person 666 filing the petition. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties. 667

708.18-2. Requirements of a Consent Decree. If at the time the consent decree is entered into 668 the child is placed outside the home and if the consent decree maintains the child in that 669 placement, the consent decree shall include all of the following: 670

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(a) A finding that placement of the child in his or her home would be contrary to the welfare of the child; 672

- (b) A finding as to whether the Department has made reasonable efforts to prevent the 673 removal of the child from the home, while assuring that the child's health and safety and 674 best interests are the paramount concerns; 675
- (c) If a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the child, a finding as to 676 whether the Department has made reasonable efforts to achieve the permanency goal of 677 the child's permanency plan; and 678
- (d) If the child has one or more siblings who have also been removed from the home, the 679 consent decree shall include a finding as to whether the Department has made reasonable 680
- efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, 681 unless the Court determines that the placement of the siblings together would be contrary 682 to the safety, well-being and best interests of the child or any of those siblings, in which 683 case the Court shall order the department to make reasonable efforts to provide for 684 frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless 685 the Court determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety, 686 well-being or best interests of the child or any of those siblings. 687
- 708.18-3. Time Limits of Consent Decree. A consent decree shall remain in effect up to six (6) 688 months unless the child, parent, guardian, or legal custodian is discharged sooner by the 689 Court. The time limits under this law shall be tolled during the pendency of the consent decree. 690
- 708.18-4. Extension of a Consent Decree. Upon the motion of the Court or the request of the 691 child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, child's guardian ad litem, or the Department, the Court 692 may, after giving notice to the parties to the consent decree extend the decree for up to an 693 additional six (6) months in the absence of objection to extension by the parties to the initial 694 consent decree. If the child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, child's guardian ad litem objects to 695 the extension, the Court shall schedule a hearing and make a determination on the issue of 696 extension. 697
- 708.18-5. If, prior to discharge by the Court, or the expiration of the consent decree, the Court 698 finds after conducting a hearing that the child, parent, guardian, or legal custodian has failed to 699 fulfill the express terms and conditions of the consent decree, the hearing under which the child 700 was placed on supervision may be continued to conclusion as if the consent decree had never 701 been entered. 702
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704 **708.19.** Plea Hearing for a Child in Need of Protection or Services

- 705 708.19-1. A plea hearing shall take place on a date which allows reasonable time for the parties
 706 to prepare but is within forty-five (45) days after the filing of a petition, unless the Court enters
 707 an order finding good cause to go outside of the time limits.
- 708 708.19-2. If a petition is not contested, the Court shall set a date for the dispositional hearing
 709 which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is within forty-five (45) days after the
 710 plea hearing, unless the Court enters an order finding good cause to go outside the time limits. If
 711 all the parties agree and the Department has submitted a court report pursuant to section 708.21,
- the Court may proceed immediately with the dispositional hearing.
- 708.19-3. If the petition is contested, the Court shall set a date for the fact-finding hearing which
 allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is within sixty (60) days after the plea
 hearing, unless the Court enters an order finding good cause to go outside the time limits.
- 708.19-4. Before accepting an admission or plea of no contest of the alleged facts in a petition,the Court shall:
- (a) Address the parties present and determine that the plea of no contest or admission is
 made voluntarily with understanding of the nature of the acts alleged in the petition and
 the potential outcomes;
- (b) Establish whether any promises or threats were made to elicit the plea of no contest or admission; and
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- (c) Make inquiries that establish a factual basis for the plea of no contest or admission.

725 **708.20.** Fact finding Hearing for a Child in Need of Protection or Services

- 726 708.20-1. The fact-finding hearing is a hearing conducted by the Court to determine whether 727 there is clear and convincing evidence to establish that the child is in need of protection or 728 services.
- 729 708.20-2. The fact-finding hearing shall be conducted according to the Oneida Judiciary Rules730 of Civil Procedure except that the Court may exclude the child from the hearing.
- 731 708.20-3. At the close of the fact-finding hearing, the Court shall set a date for the dispositional
 hearing which allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than forty-five
 (45) days after the fact-finding hearing, unless the Court enters an order finding good cause to go
- outside the time limits. If all the parties agree and the Department has submitted court report
- pursuant to section 708.21, the Court may proceed immediately with the dispositional hearing.
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737 708.21. Department's Disposition Report for a Child in Need of Protection or Services

- 738 708.21-1. Before the dispositional hearing, the Department shall submit a written report to the
 739 Court, with a copy to the parties at least seven (7) days prior to the hearing, which shall contain
 740 all of the following:
- 741 (a) The social history of the child and family;
- (b) A strategic plan for the care of and assistance to the child and family calculated to resolve the concerns presented in the petition;
- (c) A detailed explanation showing the necessity for the proposed plan of disposition and
 the benefits to the child and family under the proposed plan; and
- (d) If an out-of-home placement is being recommended, specific reasons for recommending that placement.
- 748 708.21-2. If the Department is recommending out-of-home placement, the written report shallreport shall include all of the following:

- (a) The location of the placement and where it fits within the placement preferences.
- (b) A recommendation as to whether the Court should establish a child support obligationfor the parents;
- (c) Specific information showing that continued placement of the child in his or her
 home would be contrary to the best interests of the child and specific information
 showing that the Department has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the
 child from the home, while assuring that the child's best interests are the paramount
 concerns;
- (d) If the child has one (1) or more siblings who have been removed from the home or for
 whom an out-of-home placement is recommended, specific information showing that
 Department has made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the
 sibling group to remain together, unless the Department recommends that the child and
 his or her siblings not be placed together, in which case the report shall include specific
 information showing that placement of the children together would be contrary to the best
 interests of the child or any of those siblings; and
- (e) If a recommendation is made that the child and his or her siblings not be placed together specific information showing that the Department has made reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the Department recommends that such visitation or interaction not be provided, in which case the report shall include specific information showing that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to best interests of the child or any of those siblings;
- 772 708.21-3. The Department may request the Court to withhold identifying information from the
 child's parent, guardian or legal custodian if there are reasonable grounds to believe that
 disclosure would result in imminent danger to the child or anyone else.
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776 **708.22.** Dispositional Hearing for a Child in Need of Protection or Services

- 777 708.22-1. At a dispositional hearing, any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of
 778 disposition, including expert testimony, and may make alternative dispositional
 779 recommendations.
- 780 708.22-2. During a dispositional hearing, if the Department is recommending placement of the
 781 child outside of the child's home in accordance with the placement preferences in section
 782 708.11-1, the Department shall present as evidence specific information showing all of the
 783 following:
- (a) That continued placement of the child in his or her home would be contrary to the best interests of the child;
- (b) That the Department has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the childfrom the home, while assuring that the child's best interests are the paramount concerns;
- (c) If the child has one (1) or more siblings who have been removed from the home or for
 whom an out-of-home placement is recommended, that the Department has made
- reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that the Department has made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the Department recommends that the child and his or her siblings not be placed together, in which case the Department shall present as evidence specific information showing that placement of the children together would be contrary to the best interests of the child or any of those siblings; and

(d) If a recommendation is made that the child and his or her siblings not be placed together, that the Department has made reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the Department recommends that such visitation or interaction not be provided, in which case the Department shall present as evidence specific information showing that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the best interests of the child or any of those siblings.

708.22-3. The Court's dispositional order shall employ those means necessary to maintain and 802 protect the best interests of the child which are the least restrictive of the rights of the parent and 803 child and which assure the care, treatment or rehabilitation of the child and the family consistent 804 with the protection of the public. When appropriate, and, in cases of child abuse or neglect when 805 it is consistent with the best interest of the child in terms of physical safety and physical health, 806 the family unit shall be preserved and there shall be a policy of transferring custody of a child 807 from the parent only when there is no less drastic alternative. If there is no less drastic 808 alternative for a child than transferring custody from the parent, the Court shall consider 809 transferring custody pursuant to the preferences for placement set forth in section 708.11-1. 810

708.22-4. *Dispositional Orders*. The Court's dispositional order shall be in writing and shall
contain:

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(a) The treatment plan and specific services to be provided to the child and family, and if custody of the child is to be transferred to effect the treatment plan, the identity of the legal custodian;

- (b) If the child is placed outside the home, where the child will be placed. If the Court
 finds that disclosing identifying information related to placement of the child would
 result in imminent danger to the child or anyone else, the Court may order the name and
 address of whom the child is placed with withheld from the parent or guardian;
- 820 (c) The date of the expiration of the court's order;
- (1) A dispositional order made before the child reaches eighteen (18) years of age
 that places or continues the placement of the child in his or her home shall
 terminate one (1) year after the date on which the order is granted unless the
 Court specifies a shorter period of time or the Court terminates the order sooner.
- (2) A dispositional order made before the child reaches eighteen (18) years of age
 that places or continues the placement of the child outside of the home shall
 terminate on the latest of the following dates, unless the Court specifies a shorter
 period or the Court terminates the order sooner:

(A) The date on which the child attains eighteen (18) years of age;

(B) The date that is one (1) year after the date on which the order is granted; and

- 832(C) The date on which the child is granted a high school or high school833equivalency diploma or the date on which the child reaches nineteen (19)834years of age, whichever occurs first, if the child is a full-time student at a835secondary school or its vocational or technical equivalent and is836reasonably expected to complete the program before reaching nineteen837(19) years of age.
- (d) If the child is placed outside the home, a finding that continued placement of the child
 in his or her home would be contrary to the welfare of the child and a finding as to
 whether the Department has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the child

- from the home, while assuring that the child's best interests are the paramount concerns.
 The Court shall make the findings specified in this subdivision on a case-by-case basis
 based on circumstances specific to the child;
- (e) If the child is placed outside the home under the supervision of the Department, an
 order ordering the child into the placement and care responsibility of the Department and
 assigning the Department primary responsibility for providing services to the child and
 family;
- (f) If the child is placed outside the home and if the child has one (1) or more siblings 848 who have also been placed outside the home, a finding as to whether the Department has 849 made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to 850 remain together, unless the Court determines that placement of the children together 851 would be contrary to the best interests of the child or any of those siblings, in which case 852 the Court shall order the Department to make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent 853 visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the Court 854 determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the best interests of the 855 child or any of those siblings; 856
- (g) A statement of the conditions with which the parties are required to comply; and
- (h) If the Court finds that it would be in the best interest of the child, the Court may set reasonable rules of parental visitation.
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(1) If the Court denies a parent visitation, the Court shall enter conditions that shall be met by the parent in order for the parent to be granted visitation.

708.22-5. *Treatment Plans and Conditions*. In a proceeding in which a child has been found to be in need of protection or services, the Court may order the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian to comply with any conditions and/or treatment plan determined by the Court to be necessary for the child's welfare.

- (a) The treatment plan or conditions ordered by the Court shall contain the followinginformation:
- 868 (1) The identification of the problems or conditions that resulted in the abuse or neglect of a child;
- 870 (2) The treatment goals and objectives for each condition or requirement
 871 established in the plan. If the child has been removed from the home, the
 872 treatment plan must include, but is not limited to, the conditions or requirements
 873 that must be established for the safe return of the child to the family;
- 874 (3) The specific treatment objectives that clearly identify the separate roles and
 875 responsibilities of all parties addressed in the treatment plan, including the
 876 Department's specific responsibilities to make reasonable efforts to assist the
 877 parent, guardian or legal custodian in their efforts toward reunification with the
 878 child; and
- (4) A notice that completion of a treatment plan does not guarantee the return of a child and that completion of a treatment plan without a change in behavior that caused removal in the first instance may result in the child remaining outside the home.
- (b) A treatment plan may include recommendations and the dispositional order may require the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian to participate in:
- (1) Outpatient mental health treatment;
- 886 (2) Substance abuse treatment;

- 887 (3) Anger management;
- 888 (4) Individual or family counseling;
- (5) Parent training and education;
 - (6) Cultural wellness treatment and training; and/or
 - (7) Any other treatment as deemed appropriate by the Court.
- 708.22-6. If the Court finds that the parent was convicted of committing a crime against the life
 and bodily security of a child or a crime against a child, contained within Chapters 940 and 948
 of the Wisconsin Statutes or another similar law in another jurisdiction, the Court may find that
 the Department is not required to make reasonable efforts with respect to the parent to make it
 possible for the child to return safely to his or her home.
- 708.22-7. The Court shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the child's parent,
 guardian, and legal custodian, other parties to the action, and the child if the child is age twelve
 (12) or older.
- 900 708.22-8. Whenever the Court orders a child to be placed outside his or her home or denies a 901 parent visitation because the child is in need of protection or services, the Court shall orally 902 inform the parent who appears in Court of any grounds for termination of parental rights which 903 may be applicable and of the conditions necessary for the child to be returned to the home or for 904 the parent to be granted visitation. The Court shall also include this information in the written 905 dispositional order provided to the parent.
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907 **708.23. Permanency Plans**

708.23-1. The Department shall prepare a written permanency plan anytime a child is placed
outside the home pursuant to dispositional order that finds the child is in need of protection or
services. The permanency plan shall include all of the following:

- 911 (a) The name, birth date, address, and tribal affiliation of the child;
- (b) The names, birth dates, addresses, and tribal affiliation of the child's parent(s),
 guardian(s), and legal custodian(s);
- 914 (c) The date on which the child was removed from the home;
- 915 (d) A statement as to the availability of a safe and appropriate placement with an 916 extended family member;
- 917 (e) The goal(s) of the permanency plan which may include one or more of the following:
 918 reunification, adoption, guardianship, placement with a fit and willing relative, or long919 term foster care;
- 920 (f) Date by which it is likely the goal(s) of the permanency plan will likely be achieved;
- (g) A description of the services offered and any services provided in an effort to prevent
 removal of the child from the home or to return the child to the home, while assuring that
 the best interests of the child are the paramount concerns;
- (h) If the child has one (1) or more siblings who have been removed from the home, a
 description of the efforts made to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling
 group to remain together. If a decision is made to not place the siblings together, a
 description of the efforts made to provide for frequent and ongoing visitation or other
 ongoing interaction between the child and siblings;
- 929 (i) Information about the child's education; and
- (j) Any other appropriate information as deemed necessary by the Court or theDepartment.

708.23-2. The Department shall file the initial permanency plan with the Court within sixty (60)
days after the date the child was first removed from the home unless the child is returned to the
home within that time period.

708.23-3. The Court shall hold a hearing to review the permanency plan no later than six (6)
months after the date on which the child was first removed from the home and every six months
thereafter for as long as the child is placed outside the home and is found to be in need of
protection or services.

- (a) At least five (5) business days before the date of the hearing, the Department shall
 provide a copy of the updated permanency plan to the Court and the parties.
- (b) All parties, including foster parent(s) shall have a right to be heard at the permanency
 plan hearing. Any party may submit written comments to the Court no less than three (3)
 business days prior to the hearing date.
- 944 708.23-4. After the hearing, the Court shall enter a written order addressing the following:
- 945 (a) The continuing necessity for and the safety and appropriateness of the placement;
- (b) The compliance with the permanency plan by the Department and any other serviceproviders, the child's parent(s), and the child;
- 948 (c) Efforts taken to involve appropriate service providers and Department staff in
 949 meeting the special needs of the child and the child's parent(s);
- 950 (d) The progress toward eliminating the causes for the child's placement outside the
 951 home and returning the child safely to the home or obtaining a permanent placement for
 952 the child;
- 953 (e) The date by which it is likely that the child will be returned to the home or placed for 954 adoption, with a guardian, with a fit and willing relative, or in some other permanent 955 living arrangement;
- 956 (f) Whether reasonable efforts were made by the Department to achieve the permanency 957 plan goal(s);
- (g) Whether reasonable efforts were made by the Department to place the child in a
 placement that enables the sibling group to remain together or have frequent visitation or
 other ongoing interaction; and
- 961 (h) The date of the next review hearing, if appropriate.

963 **708.24.** Change in Placement

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708.24-1. The Department, the Nation's Child Welfare attorney, or a party to the dispositional
order may request a change in the placement of the child who is the subject of the dispositional
order by filing a motion with the Court. The Court may also propose a change in placement on
its own motion.

- 708.24-2. The request for a change in placement shall contain the name and address of the new
 placement requested and shall state what new information is available that affects the
 advisability of the current placement.
- 708.24-3. If the proposed change in placement moves the child outside of his or her home, the
 request shall contain specific information showing that continued placement of the child in the
- home would be contrary to the best interests of the child and if the Department is making the
- request, specific information showing that the Department has made reasonable efforts to prevent
- 975 the removal of the child from the home, while assuring that the child's best interests are the
- 976 paramount concerns.

977 708.24-4. Written notice of the proposed change in placement shall be sent to all of the parties978 pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.

(a) The Department shall schedule a hearing prior to placing the child outside of the
home, unless emergency conditions that necessitate an immediate change in the
placement of a child apply.

(b) A hearing is not required when the child currently placed outside the home transfers
to another out-of-home placement.

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(1) A party may request a hearing when the child is transferred to a different outof-home placement by submitting a written request to the Court within ten (10) days of being served with the notice of the proposed change.

987 708.24-5. If a hearing is held, any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of the change 988 in placement. In addition, the Court shall give a foster parent or other legal custodian a right to 989 be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other legal custodian to make a written 990 or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, 991 relevant to the issue of change in placement.

992 708.24-6. Emergency Change in Placement. If emergency conditions necessitate an immediate change in the placement of a child, the Department may remove the child to a new placement, 993 whether or not authorized by the existing dispositional order. Notice of the emergency change in 994 placement shall be sent to the parties as soon as possible but no later than seventy-two (72) hours 995 after the emergency change in placement excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. If the 996 emergency conditions necessitate an immediate change in placement of a child placed in the 997 home to a placement outside the home, the Department shall schedule the matter for a hearing as 998 999 soon as possible but no later than seventy-two (72) hours after the emergency change in placement is made, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. 1000

- 1001 708.24-7. The parties may agree to a change in placement by signing a stipulation and filing it1002 with the Court for approval.
- 708.24-8. No change in placement may extend the expiration date of the original dispositional
 order, except that if the change in placement is from a placement in the child's home to a
 placement outside the home the Court may extend the expiration date of the original
 dispositional order to the latest of the following dates, unless the Court specifies a shorter period:
 (a) The date on which the child reaches eighteen (18) years of age;
- 1008 (b) The date that is one (1) year after the date on which the change-in-placement order is 1009 granted; or
- 1010 (c) The date on which the child is granted a high school or high school equivalency 1011 diploma or the date on which the child reaches nineteen (19) years of age, whichever 1012 occurs first, if the child is a full-time student at a secondary school or its vocational or 1013 technical equivalent and is reasonably expected to complete the program before reaching 1014 nineteen (19) years of age.
- 708.24-9. If the change in placement is from a placement outside the home to a placement in the
 child's home and if the expiration date of the original dispositional order is more than one (1)
 year after the date on which the change-in-placement order is granted, the Court shall shorten the
 expiration date of the original dispositional order to the date that is one (1) year after the date on
 which the change-in-placement order is granted or to an earlier date as specified by the Court.
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708.25. Trial Reunification 1021

1022 708.25-1. The Department or the Nation's Child Welfare attorney may request the Court to order a trial reunification. A trial reunification occurs when a child placed in an out-of-home 1023 1024 placement resides in the home of a parent, guardian, or legal custodian from which the child was removed for a period of seven (7) consecutive days or longer, but not exceeding one hundred 1025 fifty (150) days, for the purpose of determining the appropriateness of changing the placement of 1026 1027 the child to that home. A trial reunification is not a change in placement under section 708.24.

- 1028 708.25-2. Request for Trial Reunification. The Department or the Nation's Child Welfare attorney shall include the following in the request for a trial reunification: 1029
 - (a) The name and address of the requested trial reunification home;
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- (b) A statement describing why the trial reunification is in the best interests of the child; 1032 and
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(c) A statement describing how the trial reunification satisfies the objective of the child's permanency plan.

708.25-3. Emergency Removal of a Child. A request for a trial reunification may not be made 1035 on the sole grounds that an emergency condition necessitates an immediate removal of the child 1036 from the child's out-of-home placement. If an emergency condition necessitates such an 1037 immediate removal, the Department shall proceed with an emergency change in placement as 1038 described in section 708.24-6. 1039

- 708.25-4. Notice. The Department or Nation's Child Welfare attorney shall submit the request 1040 to the Court and shall provide the parent, guardian, legal custodian and any other party written 1041 notice pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure. The notice shall contain the 1042 information that is required to be included in the request under section 708.25-2. 1043
- Trial Reunification Hearing. Any party who is entitled to receive notice of a 1044 708.25-5. requested trial reunification may obtain a hearing on the matter by filing an objection with the 1045 Court within ten (10) days after the trial reunification request was filed with the Court. 1046
- (a) If no objection against the trial reunification is filed, the Court may issue an order for 1047 the trial reunification. 1048
- (b) If an objection is filed, a hearing shall be held within forty five (45) days after the 1049 request was filed with the Court. A trial reunification shall not occur until after the 1050 hearing. Not less than three (3) business days before the hearing the Department or the 1051 Court shall provide notice of the hearing to all parties with a request for the trial 1052 reunification attached to the notice. 1053
- (1) If a hearing is held and the trial reunification would remove a child from a 1054 foster home or other placement with a legal custodian, the Court shall give the 1055 foster parent or other legal custodian a right to be heard at the hearing by 1056 permitting the foster parent or legal custodian to make a written or oral statement 1057 relating to the child and the requested trial reunification. 1058
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(2) The Court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the child during the trial

reunification hearing.

708.25-6. Order. If the Court finds that the trial reunification is in the best interest of the child 1061 and that the trial reunification satisfies the objectives of the child's permanency plan, the Court 1062 shall order the trial reunification. The trial reunification shall terminate ninety (90) days after the 1063 date of the order, unless the Court specifies a shorter period in the order, extends or revokes the 1064 trial reunification. No trial reunification order may extend the expiration date of the original 1065 dispositional order or any extension of the dispositional order. 1066

- 1067 708.25-7. Extension of Trial Reunification. The Department may request an extension of a trial 1068 reunification.
- (a) Extension Request. The request shall contain a statement describing how the trial 1069 1070 reunification continues to be in the best interests of the child. No later than ten (10) days prior to the expiration of the trial reunification, the Department shall submit the request to 1071 the Court and shall cause notice of the request to be provided to all parties. 1072
- (b) *Extension Hearing*. Any party may obtain a hearing on the requested extension by 1073 filing an objection with the Court within ten (10) days after the extension request was 1074 filed with the Court. 1075
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- (1) If no objection is filed, the Court may order an extension of the trial reunification.
- (2) If an objection is filed, the Court shall schedule a hearing on the matter. If the 1078 Court is unable to conduct a hearing on the matter before the trial reunification 1079 expires, the trial reunification shall remain in effect until the Court is able hold the 1080 hearing. Not less than three (3) business days before the hearing the Department 1081 or the Court shall provide notice of the hearing to all parties with a copy of the 1082 extension request attached. 1083
- (c) Extension Order. If the Court finds that the trial reunification continues to be in the 1084 best interests of the child, the Court shall grant an order extending the trial reunification 1085 for a period specified by the Court. Any number of extensions may be granted, but the 1086 total period for a trial reunification may not exceed one hundred and fifty (150) days. 1087
- 708.25-8. End of Trial Reunification Period. When a trial reunification period ends, the 1088 Department shall do one (1) of the following: 1089
- (a) Return the child to his or her out-of-home placement. The Department may do so 1090 without further order of the Court, but within five (5) days after the return of the child to 1091 his out-of-home placement the Department shall provide notice of the following: 1092
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- (1) the date of the return of the child to the out-of-home placement; and
- (2) the address of that placement to all parties, unless providing the address would present imminent danger to the child; 1095
- (b) Request a change in placement under section 708.24 to place the child in a new out-1096 of-home placement; or 1097
- (c) Request a change in placement under section 708.24 to place the child in the trial 1098 reunification home. 1099
- Revocation of Trial Reunification. The Department may determine that a trial 1100 708.25-9. reunification is no longer in the best interests of the child and revoke the trial reunification before 1101 the specified trial reunification period ends. 1102
- (a) Revocation Request. If the Department determines that the trial reunification is no 1103 longer in the best interests of the child, the Department, without prior order by the Court, 1104 may remove the child from the trial reunification home and place the child in the child's 1105 previous out-of-home placement or place the child in a new out-of-home placement. 1106
- (1) If the Department places the child in the child's previous out-of-home 1107 placement, within three (3) business days of removing the child from the trial 1108 reunification home, the Department shall submit a request for revocation of the 1109 trial reunification to the Court and shall provide notice of the request to all parties. 1110 1111 The request shall contain the following information:

- (A) the date on which the child was removed from the trial reunification 1112 1113 home: (B) the address of the child's current placement, unless providing the 1114 address would present imminent danger to the child; and 1115 (C) the reasons for the proposed revocation. 1116 (2) If the Department places the child in a new out-of-home placement, within 1117 three (3) business days of removing the child from the trial reunification home, 1118 the Department shall request a change in placement under section 708.22. The 1119 procedures specified in section 708.24 apply to a change in placement requested 1120 under this subdivision, except that the request shall include the date on which the 1121 child was removed from the trial reunification home in addition to the information 1122 required in 708.24-2. The trial reunification is revoked when the change in 1123 placement order is granted. 1124 (b) Revocation Hearing. Any party may obtain a hearing on the matter by filing an 1125 objection with the Court within ten (10) days after the request was filed with the Court. 1126 (1) If no objection is filed, the Court may issue a revocation order. 1127 (2) If an objection is filed, the Court shall schedule a hearing on the matter. Not 1128 less than three (3) business days before the hearing the Court shall provide notice 1129 of the hearing together with a copy of the request for the revocation, to all parties. 1130 (c) Revocation Order. If the Court finds that the trial reunification is no longer in the 1131 best interests of the child who has been placed in his or her previous out-of-home 1132 placement, the Court shall grant an order revoking the trial reunification. 1133 708.25-10. Prohibited Trial Reunifications. The Court may not order a trial reunification in the 1134 home of an adult who has been convicted of the first-degree intentional homicide or the second-1135 degree intentional homicide of a parent of the child or any crime against a child, if the conviction 1136 has not been reversed, set aside, vacated or pardoned. If a parent in whose home a child is placed 1137 for a trial reunification is convicted of homicide or a crime against a child, and the conviction has 1138 not been reversed, set aside, vacated or pardoned, the Court shall revoke the trial reunification 1139 1140 and the child shall be returned to his or her previous out-of-home placement, or placed in a new out-of-home placement. 1141 (a) *Exception*. A prohibition against trial reunifications based on homicide of a parent or 1142 a crime against a child does not apply if the Court determines by clear and convincing 1143 evidence that the placement would be in the best interests of the child. 1144
- 1145

1146 **708.26.** Revision of Dispositional Orders

1147 708.26-1. A party, or the Court on its own motion, may request a revision in the dispositional1148 order that does not involve a change in placement.

708.26-2. The request or Court proposal shall set forth in detail the nature of the proposed
revision and what new information is available that affects the advisability of the Court's
disposition. The request for revision shall be filed with the Court with notice provided by the
parties pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.

708.26-3. The Court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to any revision of the dispositionalorder if the request or Court proposal indicates that new information is available that affects the

advisability of the Court's dispositional order, unless the parties file a signed stipulation and the

1156 Court approves.

1157 708.26-4. If a hearing is held, any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of revision of 1158 the dispositional order. In addition, the Court shall give a foster parent or other legal custodian a

- right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other legal custodian to make a
- 1160 written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing,
- 1161 relevant to the issue of revision.
- 1162

1163 **708.27. Extension of Dispositional Orders**

- 1164 708.27-1. A party, or the Court on its own motion, may request an extension of a dispositional
 1165 order. The request shall be filed with the Court with notice to the parties pursuant to the Oneida
 1166 Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 1167 708.27-2. No order may be extended without a hearing, unless the parties file a signed 1168 stipulation and the Court approves.
- 1169 708.27-3. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension. If the child is
- 1170 placed outside of his or her home, the Department shall present as evidence specific information
- showing that the Department has made reasonable efforts to achieve the permanency goal of the
- 1172 child's permanency plan. In addition, the Court shall give a foster parent or other legal custodian
- a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other legal custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the
- 1175 hearing, relevant to the issue of extension.
- 1176 708.27-4. The Court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the evidence.
- 1177 The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts were made by the 1178 Department to achieve the permanency goal of the child's permanency plan.
- 1179 708.27-5. If a request to extend a dispositional order is made prior to the termination of the
 order, but the Court is unable to conduct a hearing on the request prior to the termination date,
 the order shall remain in effect until such time as an extension hearing is conducted.
- 1182

1183 **708.28.** Continuation of Dispositional Orders

- 1184 708.28-1. If a petition for termination of parental rights or guardianship is filed or an appeal 1185 from a termination of parental rights or guardianship judgment is filed during the year in which a 1186 child in need of protection or services dispositional order is in effect, the dispositional order shall 1187 remain in effect until all proceedings related to the petition or appeal are concluded.
- 1188

1189 **708.29.** Guardianship for Certain Children in Need of Protection or Services

- 1190 708.29-1. *Conditions for Guardianship*. The Court may appoint a guardian for a child if the 1191 Court finds all of the following:
- (a) That the child has been found to be in need of protection or services under this law
 and has been placed outside of his or her home pursuant to one (1) or more Court orders,
 or that the child has been found to be in need of protection or services and placement of
 the child in the home of a guardian under this section has been recommended by the
 Department at the dispositional hearing;
- (b) That the person nominated as the guardian of the child is a person with whom the child has been placed or in whose home placement of the child is recommended by the Department and that it is likely that the child will continue to be placed with that person for an extended period of time or until the child attains the age of eighteen (18) years;

- 1201 (c) That, if appointed, it is likely that the person would be willing and able to serve as the 1202 child's guardian for an extended period of time or until the child attains the age of 1203 eighteen (18) years;
- 1204 (d) That it is not in the best interests of the child that a petition to terminate parental 1205 rights be filed with respect to the child;
- 1206 (e) That the child's parents are neglecting, refusing or unable to carry out the duties of a 1207 guardian; and
- (f) That the Department has made reasonable efforts to make it possible for the child to 1208 return to his or her home, while assuring that the child's best interests are the paramount 1209 concerns, but that reunification of the child with the child's parent(s) is unlikely or 1210 contrary to the best interests of the child and that further reunification efforts are unlikely 1211 to be made or are contrary to the best interests of the child or that the Department has 1212 made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the child from his or her home, while 1213 assuring the child's best interests, but that continued placement of the child in the home 1214 would be contrary to the best interests of the child. 1215

1216 708.29-2. *Who May File a Petition for Guardianship.* Any of the following persons may file a petition for the appointment of a guardian for a child under this section:

1218 (a) The child;

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- 1219 (b) The child's guardian ad litem;
- 1220 (c) The child's parent;
- 1221 (d) The person with whom the child is placed or in whose home placement of the child is 1222 recommended by the Department;
- (e) The Department; or
 - (f) The Nation's Child Welfare attorney.

1225 708.29-3. *Petition for Guardianship*. A proceeding for the appointment of a guardian for a child1226 shall be initiated by a petition which shall include the following:

- 1227 (a) The name, birth date, address, and tribal affiliation of the child;
- 1228 (b) The names, birth dates, addresses, and tribal affiliation of the child's parents;
- 1229 (c) A copy of the order adjudicating the child to be in need of protection or services and
- the order placing the child outside of the parental home; and
- 1231 (d) A statement of the facts and circumstances which the petitioner alleges establish that 1232 the conditions for guardianship specified in section 708.27-1(a)-(f) are met.

1233 708.29-4. Presence of the Proposed Guardian. The proposed guardian shall be present at all
1234 guardianship hearings. The Court may waive the appearance requirement for the proposed
1235 guardian if the Court determines there is good cause.

1236 708.29-5. *Plea Hearing for Guardianship.* A plea hearing to determine whether any party
1237 wishes to contest a petition for guardianship shall take place no sooner than ten (10) days after
1238 the filing of the petition. At the hearing, the non-petitioning parties shall state whether they wish
1239 to contest the petition. Before accepting an admission or a plea of no contest to the allegations in
1240 the petition, the Court shall do all of the following:

- (a) Address the parties present and determine that the admission or plea of no contest is
 made voluntarily and with understanding of the nature of the facts alleged in the petition,
 the nature of the potential outcomes and possible dispositions by the Court and the nature
 of the legal consequences of that disposition;
- 1245 (b) Establish whether any promises or threats were made to elicit the admission or plea of 1246 no contest; and

(c) Make inquiries to establish to the satisfaction of the Court that there is a factual basisfor the admission or plea of no contest.

708.29-6. If the petition is not contested and if the Court accepts the admission or plea of no
contest, the Court may immediately proceed to a dispositional hearing unless an adjournment is
requested.

708.29-7. If the petition is contested or if the Court does not accept the admission or plea of no
contest, the Court shall set a date for a fact-finding hearing which allows reasonable time for the
parties to prepare but is not more than sixty (60) days after the plea hearing, unless the Court
enters an order finding good cause to go outside the time limits.

- (a) If the petition is contested, the Court shall order the Department to file with the Court a report containing as much information relating to the appointment of a guardian as is reasonably ascertainable, including an assessment of the conditions for guardianship specified in section 708.29-1(a)-(f). The Department shall file its report with the Court prior to the fact-finding hearing and shall provide the parties with a copy of the report at least three (3) business days prior to the hearing.
- 1262 708.29-8. *Fact Finding Hearing for Guardianship*. The Court shall hold a fact-finding hearing 1263 on the petition at which any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of whether the 1264 conditions for guardianship have been met. If the Court, at the conclusion of the fact-finding 1265 hearing, finds by clear and convincing evidence that the conditions for guardianship specified in 1266 section 708.29-1(a)-(f) have been met, the Court shall immediately proceed to a dispositional 1267 hearing unless an adjournment is requested.
- 1268 708.29-9. *Dispositional Hearing for Guardianship*. The Court shall hold a dispositional hearing 1269 at which any party may present evidence, including expert testimony, relevant to the disposition. 1270 In determining the appropriate disposition for guardianship, the Court shall use the best interests 1271 of the child as the prevailing factor to be considered by the Court. In making a decision about 1272 the appropriate disposition, the Court shall consider any report submitted by the Department and 1273 shall consider, but not be limited to, all of the following:
- 1274
- (a) Whether the person would be a suitable guardian of the child;
- (b) The willingness and ability of the person to serve as the child's guardian for an extended period of time or until the child reaches the age of eighteen (18) years; and
- 1277 (c) The wishes of the child.

1278 708.29-10. *Disposition Order for Guardianship.* After receiving any evidence relating to the 1279 disposition, the Court shall enter one of the following dispositions and issue a written decision 1280 consistent the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure:

- (a) A disposition dismissing the petition if the Court determines that appointment of theperson as the child's guardian is not in the best interests of the child; or
- 1283 (b) A disposition ordering that the proposed guardian be appointed as the child's guardian
- 1284 if the Court determines that such an appointment is in the best interests of the child.
 1285 708.29-11. If the Court appoints a guardian for the child, the Court may dismiss the
 1286 dispositional order finding that the child is in need of protection or services.
- 1287

1288 708.30. Revisions of Guardianship Order

- 1289 708.30-1. Any person authorized to file a guardianship petition or the Court, on its own motion1290 may request a revision in a guardianship order.
- 1291 708.30-2. The motion or Court proposal shall set forth in detail the nature of the proposed 1292 revision, shall allege facts sufficient to show that there has been a substantial change in

circumstances since the last order affecting the guardianship was entered and that the proposed revision would be in the best interests of the child and shall allege any other information that affects the advisability of the Court's disposition. The motion for the revision shall be filed with the Court with notice provided by the parties pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.

- (a) The Court may order the Department to file with the Court a report containing as much information relating to the revision of the guardianship as is reasonably ascertainable. The Department shall file its report with the Court prior to the hearing on the revision of guardianship and shall provide the parties with a copy of the report at least three (3) business days prior to the hearing.
- 708.30-3. The Court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to any revision of the guardianship
 order if the motion or Court proposal indicates that new information is available which affects
 the advisability of the Court's guardianship order, unless the parties file a signed stipulation and
 the Court approves.
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1308 **708.31.** Termination of Guardianship

1309 708.31-1. A guardianship under this law shall continue until any of the following are met,1310 whichever occurs earlier:

- 1311 (a) The date on which the child attains eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) The date on which the child is granted a high school or high school equivalency
 diploma or the date on which the child reaches nineteen (19) years of age, whichever
 occurs first, if the child is a full-time student at a secondary school or its vocational or
 technical equivalent and is reasonably expected to complete the program before reaching
 nineteen (19) years of age; or
- 1317 (c) The date on which the Court terminates the guardianship order.
- 1318 708.31-2. A parent of the child may request that a guardianship order be terminated. The 1319 request shall allege facts sufficient to show that there has been a substantial change in 1320 circumstances since the last order affecting the guardianship was entered, that the parent is 1321 willing and able to carry out the duties of a guardian and that the proposed termination of 1322 guardianship would be in the best interests of the child. The Court shall hold a hearing on the 1323 matter unless the parties file a signed stipulation and the Court approves.
- (a) The Court may order the Department to file with the Court a report containing as
 much information relating to the termination of the guardianship as is reasonably
 ascertainable, including a re-assessment of the conditions for guardianship specified in
 section 708.29-1(a)-(f). The Department shall file its report with the Court prior to the
 hearing on the termination of guardianship and shall provide the parties with a copy of
 the report at least three (3) business days prior to the hearing.
- 1330 708.31-3. Any person authorized to file a petition under for guardianship may request that a 1331 appointed guardian be removed for cause or the Court may, on its own motion, propose such a 1332 removal. The request or Court proposal shall allege facts sufficient to show that the guardian is 1333 or has been neglecting, is or has been refusing or is or has been unable to discharge the 1334 guardian's trust and may allege facts relating to any other information that affects the advisability 1335 of the Court's disposition. The Court shall hold a hearing on the matter.

1336 708.31-4. A guardian appointed under this law may resign at any time if the resignation is1337 accepted by the Court.

1339 **708.32. Termination of Parental Rights**

- 1340 708.32-1. It is the philosophy of the Nation that a united and complete family unit is of the 1341 utmost value to the community and the individual family members, and that the parent-child 1342 relationship is of such vital importance that it should be terminated only as a last resort when all 1343 efforts have failed to avoid termination and it is in the best interests of the child concerned to 1344 proceed with termination of parental rights.
- 1345 708.32-2. The Court may terminate a parent's rights on a voluntary or involuntary basis.
- 1346 708.32-3. An order terminating parental rights permanently severs all legal rights and duties1347 between the parent whose parental rights are terminated and the child.
- (a) An order terminating parental rights does not affect a child's relationship with the child's extended biological family unless the Court expressly finds that it is in the child's best interest to terminate the child's relationship with his or her extended biological family.
- 1352 708.32-4. The termination of parental rights shall not adversely affect the child's rights and 1353 privileges as a member of the Nation, nor as a member of any tribe to which the child is entitled 1354 to membership, nor shall it affect the child's enrollment status with the Nation, nor shall it 1355 interfere with the child's cultural level and traditional and spiritual growth as a member of the 1356 Nation.
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1358 708.33. Voluntary Termination of Parental Rights

- 1359 708.33-1. The Court may terminate the parental rights of a parent after the parent has given his
 1360 or her consent. When such voluntary consent is given and the Department has submitted a court
 1361 report pursuant to section 708.38, the Court may proceed immediately to a dispositional hearing.
- 708.33-2. The Court may accept a voluntary consent to termination of parental rights only if the 1362 parent appears personally at the hearing and gives his or her consent to the termination of his or 1363 her parental rights. The Court may accept the consent only after the judge has explained the 1364 effect of termination of parental rights and has questioned the parent, and/or has permitted 1365 counsel who represents any of the parties to question the parent, and is satisfied that the consent 1366 is informed and voluntary. If the Court finds that it would be difficult or impossible for the 1367 parent to appear in person at the hearing, the Court may allow the parent to appear by telephone 1368 or live audiovisual means. 1369
- 1370 708.33-3. If in any proceeding to terminate parental rights voluntarily any party has reason to doubt the capacity of a parent to give informed and voluntary consent to the termination, he or
- she shall so inform the Court. The Court shall then inquire into the capacity of that parent in any appropriate way and shall make a finding as to whether or not the parent is capable of giving informed and voluntary consent to the termination. If in the Court's discretion a person is found incapable of knowingly and voluntarily consenting to the termination of their parental rights, the
- 1376 Court shall dismiss the voluntary proceedings without prejudice. That dismissal shall not 1377 preclude an involuntary termination of the parent's rights.
- 1378 708.33-4. A parent who has executed a consent under this section may withdraw the consent for 1379 any reason at any time prior to the entry of a final order terminating parental rights.
- 1380 708.33-5. Any consent given under this section prior to or within ten (10) days after the birth of the child is not valid.
- 1382 708.33-6. The parties may agree to attend peacemaking to establish an agreement regarding post-
- voluntary termination of parental rights contact with a birth parent, birth sibling, or other birth relative of the child.

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- (a) Any party to a post-voluntary termination contact agreement may petition the 1385 Court that approved the agreement to compel any person who is bound by the 1386 agreement to comply with the agreement. The petition shall allege facts sufficient to 1387 1388 show that a person who is bound by the agreement is not in compliance with the agreement and that the petitioner, before filing the petition, attempted in good faith to 1389 resolve the dispute giving rise to the filing of the petition. The petition may also 1390 allege facts showing that the noncompliance with the agreement is not in the best 1391 interests of the child. 1392
- (b) After receiving a petition for action regarding a post-voluntary termination 1393 contact agreement the Court shall set a date and time for a hearing on the petition and 1394 shall provide notice of the hearing to all parties to the agreement and may reappoint a 1395 guardian ad litem for the child. 1396
- (c) If the Court finds, after hearing, that any person bound by the agreement is not in 1397 compliance with the agreement and that the petitioner, before filing the petition, 1398 attempted in good faith to resolve the dispute giving rise to the filing of the petition, 1399 1400 the Court shall issue an order requiring the person to comply with the agreement and may find a party in contempt. 1401
- (d) The Court may not revoke a termination of parental rights order or an order of 1402 adoption because an adoptive parent or other custodian of the child or a birth parent, 1403 birth sibling, or other birth relative of the child fails to comply with a post-voluntary 1404 termination contact agreement; however, the parties may return to peacemaking to 1405 revise the agreement, or the Court may amend an order if it finds an amendment to 1406 the order is in the best interests of the child. 1407

708.34. Grounds for Involuntary Termination of Parental Rights 1409

708.34-1. Grounds for termination of parental rights shall be any of the following: 1410

- (a) Abandonment. Abandonment occurs when a parent either deserts a child without any 1411 regard for the child's physical health, safety or welfare and with the intention of wholly 1412
- abandoning the child, or in some instances, fails to provide necessary care for their child. 1413 1414
 - (1) Abandonment shall be established by proving any of the following:
- (A) That the child has been left without provision for the child's care or 1415 support, the petitioner has investigated the circumstances surrounding the 1416 matter and for sixty (60) consecutive days the petitioner has been unable 1417 to find either parent: 1418
- (B) That the child has been left by the parent without provision for the 1419 child's care or support in a place or manner that exposes the child to 1420 substantial risk of great bodily harm or death; 1421 1422
 - That a court of competent jurisdiction has found any of the (C) following:
 - (i) That a child has been abandoned under Wis. Stat. 48.13 (2) or under a law of any other state or a federal law that is comparable to the state law;
- 1427 (ii) That the child was abandoned when the child was under one (1) year of age or has found that the parent abandoned the child 1428 when the child was under one (1) year of age in violation of Wis. 1429 Stat. 948.20 or in violation of the law of any other state or federal 1430

1431	law, if that violation would be a violation of abandonment of a
1432	child under Wis. Stat. 948.20 if committed in this state;
1433	(D) That the child has been placed, or continued in a placement, outside
1434	the parent's home by a Court order containing the required notice and the
1435	parent has failed to visit or communicate with the child for a period of
1436	three (3) months or longer; or
1437	(E) The child has been left by the parent with any person, the parent
1438	knows or could discover the whereabouts of the child and the parent has
1439	failed to visit or communicate with the child for a period of six (6)
1440	consecutive months or longer.
1441	(2) Incidental contact between parent and child shall not preclude the Court from
1442	finding that the parent has failed to visit or communicate with the child. The time
1443	periods under sections 708.34-1(a)(1)(D) and 708.34-1(a)(1)(E) shall not include
1444	any periods during which the parent has been prohibited by Court order from
1445	visiting or communicating with the child.
1446	(3) Abandonment is not established under sections 708.34-1(a)(1)(D) and 708.34-
1447	1(a)(1)(E) if the parent proves all of the following by clear and convincing
1448	evidence:
1449	(A) That the parent had good cause for having failed to visit with the child
1450	throughout the three (3) or six (6) month time period alleged in the
1451	petition.
1452	(B) That the parent had good cause for having failed to communicate with
1453	the child throughout the three (3) or six (6) month time period alleged in
1454	the petition. (C) If the percent proves good course under section $708.24.1(a)(2)(B)$
1455	(C) If the parent proves good cause under section $708.34-1(a)(3)(B)$, including good cause based on avidence that the shild's age or condition
1456	including good cause based on evidence that the child's age or condition
1457 1458	would have rendered any communication with the child meaningless, that one (1) of the following occurred:
1458 1459	(i) The parent communicated about the child with the person or
1459	persons who had physical custody of the child during the three (3) or
1461	six (6) month time period alleged in the petition, whichever is
1462	applicable, or, with the Department during the three (3) month time
1463	period alleged in the petition.
1464	(ii) The parent had good cause for having failed to communicate
1465	about the child with the person or persons who had physical custody
1466	of the child or the Department throughout the three (3) or six (6)
1467	month time period alleged in the petition.
1468	(b) <i>Relinquishment</i> . Relinquishment occurs when a parent gives up or abandons their
1469	child and all rights to their child. Relinquishment shall be established by proving that a
1470	court of competent jurisdiction has found that the parent has relinquished custody of the
1471	child when the child was seventy-two (72) hours old or younger.
1472	(c) Continuing Need of Protection or Services. Continuing need of protection or services
1473	shall be established by proving any of the following:
1474	(1) That the child has been found to be in need of protection or services and
1475	placed, or continued in a placement, outside his or her home pursuant to one (1)
1476	or more dispositional orders containing the notice required by section 708.22-7;

1477	(2) That the Department has made a reasonable effort to provide the services
1478	ordered by the Court;
1479	(3) That the child has been outside the home for a cumulative total period of six
1480	(6) months or longer pursuant to such orders; and that the parent has failed to
1481	meet the conditions established for the safe return of the child to the home and
1482	there is a substantial likelihood that the parent will not meet these conditions
1483	within the nine (9) month period following the termination of parental rights fact-
1484	finding hearing.
1485	(d) Continuing Parental Disability. Continuing parental disability shall be established by
1486	proving that:
1487	(1) The parent is presently, and for a cumulative total period of at least two (2)
1488	years within the five (5) years immediately prior to the filing of the petition has
1489	been, an inpatient at one (1) or more hospitals as defined in either the Nation's
1490	laws or state law;
1491	(2) The condition of the parent is likely to continue indefinitely; and
1492	(3) The child is not being provided with adequate care by a relative who has legal
1493	custody of the child, or by a parent or a guardian.
1494	(e) Continuing Denial of Periods of Physical Placement or Visitation. Continuing denial
1495	of periods of physical placement or visitation shall be established by proving all of the
1496	following:
1497	(1) The parent has been denied periods of physical placement by Court order in
1498	an action affecting the family or has been denied visitation under a dispositional
1499	order containing the notice required by section 708.20-7, Wis. Stat. 48.356 (2), or
1500	Wis. Stat. 938.356 (2); and
1501	(2) A Court order has denied the parent periods of physical placement or
1502	visitation for at least one (1) year.
1503	(f) Child Abuse. Child abuse shall be established by proving that the parent has
1504	committed child abuse against the child who is the subject of the petition and proving
1505	either of the following:
1506	(1) That the parent has caused death or injury to a child resulting in a felony
1507	conviction; or
1508	(2) That a child has previously been removed from the parent's home pursuant to
1509	a dispositional order after an adjudication that the child is in need of protection or
1510	services.
1511	(g) Failure to Assume Parental Responsibility. Failure to assume parental responsibility
1512	shall be established by proving that the parent or the person(s) who may be the parent of
1513	the child have not had a substantial parental relationship with the child.
1514	(1) In evaluating whether the person has had a substantial parental relationship
1515	with the child, the Court may consider such factors, including, but not limited to,
1516	the following:
1510	(A) Whether the person has expressed concern for or interest in the support,
1518	care or well-being of the child;
1510	(B) Whether the person has neglected or refused to provide care or support
1520	for the child; and
1920	for the entry, und

(C) Whether, with respect to a person who is or may be the father of the 1521 1522 child, the person has expressed concern for or interest in the support, care or well-being of the mother during her pregnancy. 1523 (h) Incestuous Parenthood. Incestuous parenthood shall be established by proving that 1524 the person whose parental rights are sought to be terminated is also related, either by 1525 blood or adoption, to the child's other parent in a degree of kinship closer than 2nd 1526 cousin. 1527 (i) Homicide or Solicitation to Commit Homicide of a Parent. Homicide or solicitation 1528 to commit homicide of a parent, which shall be established by proving that a parent of the 1529 child has been a victim of first-degree intentional homicide, first-degree reckless 1530 homicide or 2nd-degree intentional homicide or a crime under federal law or the law of 1531 any other state that is comparable to any of those crimes, or has been the intended victim 1532 of a solicitation to commit first-degree intentional homicide or a crime under federal law 1533 or the law of any other state that is comparable to that crime, and that the person whose 1534 parental rights are sought to be terminated has been convicted of that intentional or 1535 reckless homicide, solicitation or crime as evidenced by a final judgment of conviction. 1536 (j) Parenthood as a Result of Sexual Assault. 1537 (1) Parenthood as a result of sexual assault shall be established by proving that 1538 the child was conceived as a result of one of the following: 1539 1540 (A) First degree sexual assault [under Wis. Stats. 940.225(1)]; (B) Second degree sexual assault [under Wis. Stat. 940.225 (2)]; 1541 (C) Third degree sexual assault [under Wis. Stat. 940.225(3)]; 1542 (D) First degree sexual assault of a child [under Wis. Stat. 948.02(1)]; 1543 (E) Second degree sexual assault of a child [under Wis. Stat. 948.02 (2)];1544 (F) Engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child [under Wis. 1545 Stat. 948.025]; or 1546 (G) Sexual assault of a child placed in substitute care [under Wis. Stat. 1547 948.085]. 1548 (2) Conception as a result of sexual assault may be proved by a final judgment of 1549 conviction or other evidence produced at a termination of parental rights fact-1550 finding hearing indicating that the person who may be the parent of the child 1551 committed, during a possible time of conception, a sexual assault as specified in 1552 this section against the other parent of the child. 1553 (3) If the conviction or other evidence indicates that the child was conceived as a 1554 result of a sexual assault in violation of Wis. Stat. 948.02 (1) or (2) or 948.085, 1555 the parent of the child may be heard on his or her desire for the termination of the 1556 other parent's parental rights. 1557 (k) Commission of a Felonv Against a Child. 1558 (1) Commission of a serious felony against the child, shall be established by 1559 proving that the child was the victim of a serious felony and parent was convicted 1560 of that serious felony. 1561 (2) Commission of a violation of trafficking of a child under Wis. Stat. 948.051 1562 involving any child or a violation of the law of any other state or federal law, if 1563 that violation would be a violation of Wis. Stat. 948.051 involving any child if 1564 1565 committed in this state. (3) In this subsection, "serious felony" means any of the following: 1566

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1567	(A) The commission of, the aiding or abetting of, or the solicitation,
1568	conspiracy or attempt to commit, a violation of any of the following:
1569	(i) First degree intentional homicide [under Wis. Stat. 940.01];
1570	(ii) First degree reckless homicide [under Wis. Stat. 940.02];
1571	(iii) Felony murder [under Wis. Stat. 940.03];
1572	(iv) Second-degree intentional homicide [under Wis. Stat. 940.05]; or
1573	(v) A violation of the law of any other state or federal law, if that
1574	violation would be a violation of the above mentioned felonies if
1575	committed in Wisconsin.
1576	(B) The commission of a violation of any of the following:
1577	(i) Battery, substantial battery, aggravated battery [under Wis. Stat.
1578	940.19 (3), 1708 stats., or Wis. Stats. 940.19 (2), (4) or (5)];
1579	(ii) Sexual assault [under Wis. Stat. 940.225 (1) or (2)];
1580	(iii) Sexual assault of a child [under Wis. Stat. 948.02 (1) or (2)];
1581	(iv) Engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child
1582	[under Wis. Stat. 948.025];
1583	(v) Physical abuse of a child [under Wis. Stats. 948.03 (2) (a), (3) (a),
1584	or (5) (a) 1., 2., or 3.];
1585	(vi) Sexual exploration of a child [under Wis. Stat. 948.05];
1586	(vii) Trafficking of a child [under Wis. Stat. 948.051];
1587	(viii) Incest with a child [under Wis. Stat. 948.06];
1588	(ix) Soliciting a child for prostitution [under Wis. Stat. 948.08];
1589	(x), Human trafficking [under Wis. Stat. 940.302 (2) if Wis. Stat.
1590	940.302 (2) (a) 1. b. applies]; or
1591	(xi) A violation of the law of any other state or federal law, if that
1592	violation would be a violation listed under the above listed felonies if
1593	committed in Wisconsin.
1594	(C) The commission of a violation of neglecting a child under Wis. Stat.
1595	948.21 or a violation of the law of any other state or federal law, if that
1596	violation would be a violation of Wis. Stat. 948.21 if committed in this
1597	state, that resulted in the death of the victim.
1598	(1) Prior Involuntary Termination of Parental Rights of Another Child. Prior involuntary
1599	termination of parental rights to another child shall be established by proving all of the
1600	following:
1601	(1) That the child who is the subject of the petition is in need of protection or
1602	services under section 708.5-2(b), (d), or (k); or that the child who is the subject
1603	of the petition was born after the filing of a petition under this subsection whose
1604	subject is a sibling of the child; and
1605	(2) That, within three (3) years prior to the date the Court determined the child to
1606	be in need of protection or services as specified in section 708.34-1 (l) (1) or, in
1607	the case of a child born after the filing of a petition as specified in section 708.34-
1608	1 (l) (1), within three (3) years prior to the date of birth of the child, a Court has
1609	ordered the termination of parental rights with respect to another child of the
1610	person whose parental rights are sought to be terminated on one or more of the
1611	grounds specified in this section.
1612	

708.35. Petition for Termination of Parental Rights 1613

1614 708.35-1. Who May File a Petition for Termination of Parental Rights. A petition for termination of parental rights shall be filed by the Nation's Child Welfare attorney, the 1615 1616 Department, or the child's parent in the case of a step-parent adoption.

708.35-2. A petition for the termination of parental rights may be filed when the child has been 1617 placed outside of his or her home for fifteen (15) of the most recent twenty-two (22) months 1618 1619 unless any of the following applies:

- (a) The child is being cared for by a fit and willing relative of the child; 1620
- (b) The child's permanency plan indicates and provides documentation that termination 1621 of parental rights to the child is not in the best interests of the child; 1622
- (c) The Department, if required by a dispositional order, failed to make reasonable efforts 1623 to make it possible for the child to return safely to his or her home, did not provide or 1624 refer services to the family of the child for the safe return of the child to his or her home 1625 that were consistent with the time period in the child's permanency plan; or 1626
- (d) Grounds for an involuntary termination of parental rights do not exist. 1627

708.35-3. A petition for the termination of parental rights shall include the following 1628 1629 information:

- (a) The name, birth date, address, and tribal affiliation of the child; 1630
- 1631
- (b) The names, birth dates, addresses, and tribal affiliation of the child's parents; (c) A Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act affidavit; and
- 1632 (d) One (1) of the following: 1633
- 1634 1635

(1) A statement that consent will be given to voluntary termination of parental rights as provided in section 708.33; or

(2) A statement of the grounds for involuntary termination of parental rights 1636 under section 708.34 and a statement of the facts and circumstances which the 1637 petitioner alleges establish these grounds. 1638

708.35-4. Temporary Order and Injunction Prohibiting Contact. If the petition includes a 1639 1640 statement of the grounds for involuntary termination of parental rights, the petitioner may, at the time the petition is filed, also petition the Court for a temporary order and an injunction 1641 prohibiting the person whose parental rights are sought to be terminated from visiting or 1642 contacting the child who is the subject of the petition. Any petition under this section shall 1643 allege facts sufficient to show that prohibiting visitation or contact would be in the best interests 1644 of the child. 1645

- (a) The Court may grant an injunction prohibiting the respondent from visiting or 1646 contacting the child if the Court determines that the prohibition would be in the best 1647 interests of the child. An injunction under this subsection is effective according to its 1648 terms but may not remain in effect beyond the date the Court dismisses the petition for 1649 termination of parental rights or issues an order terminating parental rights. 1650
- 708.35-5. The petitioner shall ensure the summons and petition are served upon the following 1651 persons pursuant to the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure: 1652
- (a) The parent(s) of the child, including an alleged father if paternity has not been 1653 established: 1654
- (b) The child's foster parent, guardian or legal custodian, if applicable. If the address has 1655 been marked confidential by the Court, the Court shall send a copy of the summons and 1656 petition to the home in which the child is placed via first-class U.S. mail; and 1657

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(c) The Nation's Child Welfare attorney and the Department, if the petition is filed by anyone other than the Nation's Child Welfare attorney or the Department.

1661 **708.36. Initial Hearing on the Termination of Parental Rights Petition**

1662 708.36-1. The initial hearing on the petition to terminate parental rights shall be held within 1663 forty-five (45) days after the petition is filed. At the hearing the Court shall determine whether 1664 any party wishes to contest the petition and inform the parties of their rights.

1665 708.36-2. If the petition is contested, the Court shall set a date for a fact-finding hearing to be 1666 held within sixty (60) days after the hearing on the petition, unless the Court enters an order 1667 finding good cause to go outside the time limits.

- 1668 708.36-3. If the petition is not contested, the Court shall hear testimony in support of the 1669 allegations in the petition and may proceed immediately with a dispositional hearing if the 1670 parties agree. Before accepting an admission of the alleged facts in a petition, the Court shall:
- 1671 (a) Address the parties present and determine that the admission is made voluntarily with
 1672 understanding of the nature of the acts alleged in the petition and the potential outcomes
 1673 and possible dispositions by the Court;
- 1674 (b) Establish whether any promises or threats were made to elicit an admission; and
- 1675 (c) Make such inquiries to establish a factual basis for the admission.

1677 708.37. Fact Finding Hearing for a Termination of Parental Rights

1678 708.37-1. The fact-finding hearing is a hearing conducted by the Court to determine whether 1679 there is clear and convincing evidence to establish that grounds exist for the termination of 1680 parental rights.

1681 708.37-2. The fact-finding hearing shall be conducted according to the Oneida Judiciary Rules 1682 of Civil Procedure except that the Court may exclude the child from the hearing.

1683 708.37-3. If grounds for the termination of parental rights are found by the Court, the Court shall 1684 find the parent(s) unfit. A finding of unfitness shall not prevent a dismissal of a termination of 1685 parental rights petition. Unless the parties agree to proceed immediately with the dispositional 1686 hearing and the Court accepts, the Court shall set a date for a dispositional hearing no later than 1687 forty-five (45) days after the fact-finding hearing, unless the Court enters an order finding good 1688 cause to go outside the time limits.

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1690 708.38. Department's Termination of Parental Rights Report

1691 708.38-1. In any case that the Department is a party, the Department shall submit a written 1692 report to the Court prior to any dispositional hearing, with a copy to the parties no later than 1693 seven (7) days prior to the hearing, which shall contain all of the following:

- (a) The social history of the child and family, including any relevant medical conditions;
- (b) A statement of the facts supporting the need for termination of parental rights;
- 1696 (c) If the child has been previously adjudicated to be in need of protection or services, a 1697 statement of the steps the Department has taken to remedy the conditions responsible for 1698 Court intervention and the parent's response to and cooperation with these services. If the 1699 child has been removed from the home, the report shall also include a statement of the 1700 reasons why the child cannot be returned safely to the family and the steps the 1701 Department has taken to effect this return;
- 1702(d) A statement applying the standards and factors identified in sections 708.39-2 and1703708.39-3 regarding the case before the Court; and

(e) If the report recommends that the parental rights of both of the child's parents or the child's only living or known parent are to be terminated, the report shall contain a statement of the likelihood that the child will be adopted. This statement shall include a presentation of the factors that might prevent adoption, those that may facilitate adoption, and the Department shall be responsible for accomplishing the adoption.

(1) If the Department determines that it is unlikely that the child will be adopted,
or if adoption would not be in the best interests of the child, the report shall
include a plan for placing the child in a permanent family setting. The plan shall
include a recommendation for the appointment of guardian for the child.

1713 708.38-2. The Court may order a report as specified under this section to be prepared by the1714 Department in those cases where the Department is not a party.

1716 708.39. Standards and Factors

1717 708.39-1. In making a decision about the appropriate disposition for termination of parental
1718 rights, the Court shall consider the standards and factors enumerated in this section and any
1719 report submitted by the Department.

1720 708.39-2. The best interests of the child shall be the prevailing standard considered by the Court1721 in determining the disposition of all termination of parental rights proceedings.

1722 708.39-3. In considering the best interests of the child the Court shall also consider, but not be1723 limited to, the following factors:

- 1724 (a) The likelihood of the child's adoption after termination;
- (b) Whether the child will be raised in an environment that is respectful of the child's race(s), culture(s), and heritage(s);
- (c) The age and health of the child, both at the time of the disposition and, if applicable, at the time the child was removed from the home;
- 1729(d) Whether the child has substantial relationships with the parent or other family1730members, and whether it would be harmful to the child to sever these relationships;
- 1731 (e) The wishes of the child;
- 1732 (f) The duration of the separation of the parent from the child; and
- 1733 (g) Whether the child will be able to enter into a more stable and permanent family 1734 relationship as a result of the termination, taking into account the conditions of the child's
- 1735 current placement, the likelihood of future placements and the results of prior placements.
- 1736

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1737 **708.40.** Dispositional Hearings for Termination of Parental Rights

1738 708.40-1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of disposition, including expert
1739 testimony, and may make alternative dispositional recommendations to the Court. After
1740 receiving any evidence related to the disposition, the Court shall enter a disposition and issue a
1741 written decision consistent with the Oneida Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.

- (a) The Court shall give the foster parent or other legal custodian a right to be heard at
 the dispositional hearing by permitting the foster parent or other legal custodian to make
 a written or oral statement during the dispositional hearing, or to submit a written
 statement prior to disposition, relevant to the issue of disposition.
- 1746 708.40-2. The Court shall enter one (1) of the following dispositions:
- 1747 (a) The Court may dismiss the petition if it finds the evidence does not warrant the 1748 termination of parental rights or if the Court finds that a parent is attempting to

voluntarily terminate their parental rights for the sole purpose of avoiding a child support 1749 1750 obligation; or (b)The Court may enter an order terminating the parental rights of one or both parents. 1751 1752 708.40-3. If the rights of both parents, or of the only living parent, are terminated and if a guardian has not been appointed, the Court shall do one (1) of the following while adhering to 1753 1754 the placement preferences pursuant to section 708.11-1 when possible: 1755 (a) Transfer guardianship and custody of the child pending adoptive placement to: 1756 (1) A tribal or county department authorized to accept guardianship; (2) A child welfare agency licensed to accept guardianship; 1757 (3) The State of Wisconsin upon written confirmation from the State that they are 1758 willing to accept guardianship; 1759 (4) A relative with whom the child resides, if the relative has filed a petition to 1760 adopt the child or if the relative is a kinship care relative or is receiving payments 1761 for providing care and maintenance for the child; or 1762 (5) An individual who has been appointed guardian of the child by a court of a 1763 competent jurisdiction; or 1764 (b) Appoint a guardian and transfer guardianship and custody of the child to the guardian. 1765 708.40-4. The written Court order shall include the following: 1766 (a) If the Court dismisses the petition, the order shall contain the reasons for dismissal; or 1767 (b) If the disposition is for the termination of parental rights, the order shall contain all of 1768 the following: 1769 (1) The identity of any agency, department, or individual that has received 1770 guardianship of the child; 1771 (2) If an agency or department receives guardianship and custody of the child, an 1772 order ordering the child into the placement and care responsibility of the agency 1773 or department and assigning the agency or department primary responsibility for 1774 providing services to the child; and 1775 (3) A finding that the termination of parental rights is in the best interests of the 1776 child 1777 708.40-5. If an order is entered to terminate a parent's rights, the Court shall orally inform the 1778 parent(s) who appear in Court or place in the written order the ground(s) for termination of 1779 parental rights specified in section 708.34. 1780 708.40-6. If the Court terminates parental rights, the Department, or the Court if the Department 1781 is not a party to the action, shall forward the following information to the State of Wisconsin: 1782 1783 (a) The name, date of birth, and tribal affiliation of the child whose birth parent's rights have been terminated; 1784 (b) The names and current addresses of the child's birth parents, guardian and legal 1785 custodian; and 1786 (c) Any medical or genetic information received by the Department. 1787 708.40-7. If only one parent consents for a voluntary termination of parental rights or if the 1788 grounds for involuntary termination of parental rights are found to exist as to only one parent, the 1789 rights of only that parent may be terminated without affecting the rights of the other parent if the 1790 Court finds such termination to be in the best interest of the child. 1791 1792

1793 708.41. Adoption

1794 708.41-1. Adoptions under this law shall take the form of customary adoptions unless the Court1795 determines there is good cause for the adoption to be closed.

1796 708.41-2. *Customary Adoptions*. The purpose of customary adoption is not to permanently 1797 deprive the child of connections to, or knowledge of, the child's biological family, but to provide 1798 the child a permanent home. The following shall apply to all customary adoptions and shall be 1799 contained in all adoptive orders and decrees:

- (a) The relationship between an adoptive parent and adoptive child shall have all the
 same rights, responsibilities, and other legal consequences as the relationship between a
 biological child and parent;
- (b) The adoptive child shall have an absolute right, absent a convincing and compelling
 reason to the contrary, to information and knowledge about his or her biological family
 and his or her Oneida heritage, if applicable. The child may obtain adoption information from
 files maintained by the Court or Department;
- (c) Adoption shall not prevent an adoptive child from inheriting from a biological parent
 in the same manner as any other biological child. The biological parents shall not be
 entitled to inherit from an adoptive child in the same manner as parents would otherwise
 be entitled to inherit. An adoptive child shall be entitled to inherit from adoptive parents,
 and vice versa, in the same manner as if biological parents and child;
- (d) Although parental rights have been terminated, the biological parent may retain
 (d) Although parental rights have been terminated, the biological parent may retain
 (ertain residual parental rights when appropriate as determined by agreement between the
 adoptive parent and biological parent made through peacemaking, or by order of the
 (court. Such residual parental rights may include:
- 1816
 - (2) The right to visitation;
 - (3) The right or obligation to contribute to support or education;

(1) The right to communication;

- 1819(4) The right to be consulted regarding the child's religious affiliation, major1820medical treatment, marriage, or other matters of major importance in the child's1821life; and/or
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(5) Such other residual rights the Court may deem appropriate, considering the circumstances.

- (e) Adoption does not extinguish the relationships between the child and the child's extended biological family. The child's extended biological family retains the right to reasonable communication and visitation with the child, subject to reasonable controls of the adoptive parents.
- 1828 708.41-3. *Closed Adoptions*. Closed adoptions occur in situations where a child needs a
 permanent home and it is necessary to sever all ties between the child and his or her biological
 family. The following shall apply to all closed adoptions:
- (a) The relationship between an adoptive parent and adoptive child shall have all the
 same rights, responsibilities, and other legal consequences as the relationship between a
 biological child and parent;
- (b) The relationship between the adopted child and all persons whose relationship to the adopted child is derived through the biological parents shall be completely altered and all the rights, duties, and other legal consequences of those relationships shall cease to exist;
- (c) The child's biological family shall not be entitled to or have access to any information regarding said child;

- (d) The child shall be entitled to information and knowledge regarding his or her culture and heritage; and
- (e) The child shall be entitled to information regarding his or her biological family upon
 reaching the age of majority. The child may obtain adoption information from files
 maintained by the Court or Department.
- 1845 **708.42. Adoption Criteria and Eligibility**
- 1846 708.42-1. *Criteria for Adoption*. Any child who is subject to this law may be adopted if any of 1847 the following criteria are met:
- 1848 (a) Both of the child's parents are deceased;
- (b) The parental rights of both of the child's parents with respect to the child have been terminated;
- (c) The parental rights of one of the child's parents with respect to the child have been terminated and the child's other parent is deceased; or
- (d) The person filing the petition for adoption is the spouse of the child's parent and either of the following applies:
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- (1) The child's other parent is deceased; or
- 1856(2) The parental rights of the child's other parent with respect to the child have1857been terminated.
- 1858 708.42-2. *Eligibility*. The following persons are eligible to adopt a child who falls under the1859 jurisdiction of this law pending the successful clearing of a background check:
- 1860 (a) A married adult couple;
 - (b) Either spouse if the other spouse is a parent of the child; or
 - (c) An unmarried adult.
- 1863 708.42-3. If the person proposing to adopt the child cannot successfully clear a background
 1864 check, and any convictions the person may possess have not been pardoned, forgiven, reversed,
 1865 set aside or vacated, the Court may still deem the person eligible to adopt if the Court determines
 1866 by clear and convincing evidence that the adoption would be in the best interests of the child.
- 1868 708.43. Adoption Procedure
- 708.43-1. *Petition for Adoption*. A person proposing to adopt shall initiate a proceeding for the
 adoption of a child by filing a petition with the Court. The petition shall include the following
 information:
 - (a) The name, birth date, address, and tribal affiliation of the petitioner;
 - (b) The name, birth date, address, and tribal affiliation of the child;
- (c) The names, birth dates, addresses, and tribal affiliation of the child's biological parents;
- 1876 (d) The name by which the child shall be known if the petition is granted;
- 1877 (e) The relationship of the petitioner to the child; and
- 1878 (f) A copy of the order terminating parental rights of the child's biological parent(s).
- 1879 708.43-2. Upon the filing of a petition for adoption, the Court shall schedule a hearing within 1880 sixty (60) days. Notice of the hearing shall be served on the parties pursuant to the Oneida
- 1881 Judiciary Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 1882 708.43-3. When a petition for adoption is filed, the Court shall order an investigation to 1883 determine whether the child is a proper subject for adoption and whether the petitioner's home is 1884 suitable for the child. The Court shall order one (1) of the following to conduct the investigation:

- (a) If the Department, or another agency or department, has guardianship of the child, theagency or department that has guardianship; or
- (b) If no agency or department has guardianship of the child and a relative, including astepparent, has filed the petition for adoption, the Department.

1889 708.43-4. The Department or other agency or department making the investigation shall file its
report with the Court prior to the hearing on the petition and shall provide the parties with a copy
of the report at least three (3) business days prior to the hearing.

1892 708.43-5. If the report of the investigation is unfavorable or if it discloses a situation which, in
1893 the opinion of the Court, raises a serious question as to the suitability of the proposed adoption,
1894 the Court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the child whose adoption is proposed.

- 1895 708.43-6. During the hearing the parties may agree to attend peacemaking to establish an 1896 agreement regarding residual rights of a birth parent, birth sibling, or other birth relative of the 1897 child.
- 1898 708.43-7. If after the hearing and a study of the report required by section 708.43-3 the Court is
 1899 satisfied that the adoption is in the best interests of the child, the Court shall make an order
 1900 granting the adoption. The order may change the name of the child to that requested by
 1901 petitioners.
- 1902 708.43-8. After the order of adoption is entered the relation of parent and child and all the rights, 1903 duties and other legal consequences of the natural relation of child and parent thereafter exists 1904 between the adopted child and the adoptive parents. The relationship between the adopted child 1905 and biological parents shall be completely altered and all the rights, duties, and other legal 1906 consequences of those relationships shall cease to exist, excluding any residual rights granted to 1907 the biological parents and extended family through customary adoption. If the biological parent 1908 is the spouse of the adoptive parent, the relationship shall be completely altered and those rights,
- duties, and other legal consequences shall cease to exist only with respect to the biological parent who is not the spouse of the adoptive parent.
- 1911 708.43-9. After entry of the order granting the adoption, the Department shall promptly mail a
 1912 copy of the order to the State of Wisconsin Bureau of Vital Statistics and furnish any additional
 1913 data needed for the issuance of a new birth certificate.
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1915 **708.44. Non-Compliance with a Residual Rights Agreement**

1916 708.44-1. Any party to a residual rights agreement may petition the Court that approved the 1917 agreement to compel any person who is bound by the agreement to comply with the agreement. 1918 The petition shall allege facts sufficient to show that a person who is bound by the agreement is 1919 not in compliance with the agreement and that the petitioner, before filing the petition, attempted 1920 in good faith to resolve the dispute giving rise to the filing of the petition. The petition may also 1921 allege facts showing that the noncompliance with the agreement is not in the best interests of the 1922 child.

- 1923 708.44-2. After receiving a petition for action regarding a residual rights contact agreement the 1924 Court shall set a date and time for a hearing on the petition and shall provide notice of the 1925 hearing to all parties to the agreement and may reappoint a guardian ad litem for the child.
- 1926 708.44-3. If the Court finds, after hearing, that any person bound by the agreement is not in 1927 compliance with the agreement and that the petitioner, before filing the petition, attempted in 1928 good faith to resolve the dispute giving rise to the filing of the petition, the Court shall issue an 1929 order requiring the person to comply with the agreement and may find a party in contempt.

1930 708.44-4. The Court may not revoke a termination of parental rights order or an order of
1931 customary adoption because an adoptive parent or other custodian of the child or a birth parent,
1932 birth sibling, or other birth relative of the child fails to comply with a residual rights agreement;
1933 however, the parties may return to peacemaking to revise the agreement, or the Court may
1934 amend an order if it finds an amendment to the order is in the best interests of the child.

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1936 **708.45. Peacemaking and Mediation**

1937 708.45-1. The Court may refer the parties to peacemaking or mediation if the parties agree to 1938 attend peacemaking or mediation. The Court shall not refer the parties to peacemaking or 1939 mediation if attending the session will cause undue hardship or would endanger the health or 1940 safety of a party.

1941 708.45-2. When the parties attend peacemaking or mediation based on a referral from the Court,
1942 the Court shall enter an order finding good cause to suspend the time limits established under this
1943 law.

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1945 **708.46.** Appeals

1946 708.46-1. Appeals of all orders issued under this law shall be heard by the Nation's Court of 1947 Appeals in accordance with the Rules of Appellate Procedure.

1949 **708.47.** Liability

1950 708.47-1. No liability shall attach to the Department, Indian Child Welfare Worker, the Nation's
1951 Child Welfare Attorney or any person acting under their authority for statements, acts or
1952 omissions made in good faith while in the course of activities taken under this law.

- 1953 1954 *End.*
- 1955 Adopted BC-

Public Packet

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

DATE: July 12, 2017

FROM: Rae Skenandore, Financial Management Analyst

TO: Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer

Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer

RE: Financial Impact of the Children's Code

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Children's Code			Draft 5					
Implementing Agency	Indian Child Welfare Cultural Heritage Judiciary Oneida Law Office							
Estimated time to comply	Approximately 18 months	from approval						
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Estimate*						
Start up	\$63,838							
Personnel	\$889,304	\$11,517,745						
Child Placement Cost	\$0	\$14,616,000						
Other Expenses	\$0	\$ 552,321						
Savings due to Board Dissolution	\$-138,708	\$-1,525,788						
Total Estimated Fiscal Impact	\$814,433	\$26,160,278						
Revenue and cost considerations	Sustainability							
Uncertainties and Unknowns	If there will be any reimbursement from the counties for the placement of foster children through 161 Act agreements.							

II. Background

A. Legislative History

This is new legislation that has been in development since 2012.

B. Summary of Content

1. It is the goal of this Code to allow the Nation to exercise jurisdiction over its children who are in the need of protection or services and ensure that child welfare cases involving Oneida children are handled on the Reservation where more family members are located and more Tribal foster homes are available. Furthermore, it is the hope that the Code will bring Oneida children and their families closer to the Nation's resources and keep these families near the Reservation which may result in a higher percentage of reunifications and lower the number of unstable families. Due to the extent of the legislation, the following is simply an outline of the content. Please see the Legislative Analysis for the details of the content.

- a) Oneida Jurisdiction
- b) Department's Duties & Responsibilities
- c) Guardians ad Litem
- d) Advocates
- e) Cultural Wellness Facilitator and Healer
- f) Placement Preference prioritized order
 - (1) A member of the child's immediate or extended family
 - (2) A family clan member
 - (3) A member of the Nation
 - (4) Descendants of the Nation
 - (5) A member of another federally recognized tribe
 - (6) Fictive kin within the Nation community
 - (7) Fictive kin outside the Nation community
 - (8) Any other person not listed above
- g) Notice of Petitions
- h) Hearings (General)
- i) Discovery & Records.
- j) Taking a Child into Custody Process.
- k) Emergency Custody Hearing.
- 1) Children in Need of Protection (CHIPS) Proceedings
- m) Permanency Plans
- n) Change in Placement
- o) Trial Reunification.
- p) CHIPS Guardianship
- q) Termination of Parental Rights.
- r) Adoption
- s) Non-Compliance with Residual Rights Agreement
- t) Peacemaking and Mediation

- u) Appeals
- v) Liability

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the Law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

II. Agency

There are 12 new positions needed in four different areas. The areas needing additional staff are Cultural Heritage, Indian Child Welfare (ICW), the Oneida Law office and the Judiciary. Associated startup costs for the positions include equipment, training, supplies, etc. Once approved, the Law will not be implemented for approximately 18 months. This was determined to be the period of time needed to hire and train the new staff prior to taking any cases. As noted in the attached spreadsheet, the total administrative expenses for the first 18 months is approximately \$814,433. Finance has been informed that all positions, except for the attorney, are included in the Fiscal Year 2018 budget.

According to ICW, unless there are special circumstances, Oneida will only exercise jurisdiction over new cases. New cases are expected to rise by approximately 15 per year and will peak at approximately 78 cases in year 7 (seven).

The following is from an administrative memo from the State of Wisconsin memo series DCFS 2008 – 11 Department of Health and Family Services June 24, 2008 Division of Children and Family Services Re: Guidelines for Implementation of Act 161 Agreements (Out-of-Home Placements of Indian Children by Tribal Courts)

"1983 Wisconsin Act 161 became effective March 23, 1984. The Act creates a mechanism for County Departments of Social or Human Services to make payments for costs of out-of-home placements of Indian children when the placement is ordered by a Tribal Court and the county and the Tribe have entered into a written agreement regarding the circumstances under which such payments will be made. Finally, the Act acknowledges the authority of Tribes as sovereign nations to license foster homes located on reservation lands by sanctioning payments for these placements under such agreements.

To implement Act 161, it is necessary for Tribal governments and counties to negotiate written agreements regarding payment of out-of-home placement costs. Department of Health and Family Services staff will, if requested, facilitate the negotiation process. Agreements may be general or case specific, although it is anticipated that most will be general in nature. The content and format of agreements will be largely a matter of joint preference by the parties. By necessity, however, all agreements must include:

- *A.* The names of the parties to the agreement.
- *B.* Language that complies with federal statutory and regulatory requirements as provided to the parties by the Department of Health and Family Services.
- *C. The period covered by the agreement.*
- D. The procedures to be used for placements.
- E. The circumstances under which payments shall be made.

All agreements must also include provisions related to Permanency Planning. The agreements must provide assurances that Federal and State requirements will be met".

The Nation will be working with both Brown and Outagamie Counties to negotiate the 161 Agreements. However, in the absence of a signed agreement at the time of this analysis, the projections are based on the maximum allowable payment per child placed in foster care. The projections do not account for children in need of a specialized treatment facility, as it is indeterminate due to the number of variables involved.

Utilizing the maximum allowable for placement and the projected caseload, the estimated cost in year two is approximately \$360,000. The caseload is expected to peak in year seven at 78 cases and a cost of approximately \$1,872,000. The caseload is expected to remain near that level going forward. Adding the administrative costs to the cost for placement, the total cost of the legislation over the next 10 years is approximately \$26,686,066.

Legislation will be implemented approximately 18 months after approval.

Personnel		2018	3	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026		2027		2028
Cultural Heritage						0											-					
Cultural Facilitator - Wellness		\$ 65,872	Ś	67,519	\$	69,207	Ś	70,937	\$	72,711	Ś	74,528	\$	76,392	Ś	78,301	Ś	80,259	\$	82,265	Ś	84,322
Cultural Facilitator - Wellness		\$ 65,872	•		, \$,		70,937	Ś	, 72,711	•	74.528	Ś		Ś	78,301			Ś	82.265		84,322
BIA-ICW				- ,		, -		- /		,		,	·	-,	·	-,		,		- /		- ,-
Intake Supervisor		\$ 106,970	\$	109,644	\$	112,385	\$	115,195	\$	118,074	\$	121,026	\$	124,052	\$	127,153	\$	130,332	\$	133,590	\$	136,930
Child Placement Coordinator		\$ 80,899	\$	82,922	\$	84,995	\$	87,120	\$	89,298	\$	91,530	\$	93,818	\$	96,164	\$	98,568	\$	101,032	\$	103,558
On-Going Social Worker		\$ 93,044	\$	95,370	\$	97,754	\$	100,198	\$	102,703	\$	105,271	\$	107,902	\$	110,600	\$		\$	116,199	\$	119,104
On-Going Social Worker		\$ 93,044	\$	95,370	\$	97,754	\$	100,198	\$		\$	105,271	\$	107,902	\$	110,600	\$	113,365	\$	116,199	\$	119,104
Intake/Investigator		\$ 93,044	\$	95,370	\$	97,754	\$	100,198	\$	102,703	\$	105,271	\$	107,902	\$	110,600	\$	113,365	\$	116,199	\$	119,104
Parenting Coordinator		\$ 62,932	\$	64,506	\$	66,118	\$	67,771	\$	69,466	\$	71,202	\$	72,982	\$	74,807	\$	76,677	\$	78,594	\$	80,559
Security Officer (Shared Expense)		\$ 29,147	\$	29,876	\$	30,623	\$	31,388	\$	32,173	\$	32,977	\$	33,802	\$	34,647	\$	35,513	\$	36,401	\$	37,311
Peremium Pay-On Call		\$ 8,096	\$	8,299	\$	8,506	\$	8,719	\$	8,937		9,160		9,389		9,624	\$	9,865		10,111	\$	10,364
Oneida Law Office																						
Tribal Attorney		\$ 121,446	\$	124,482	\$	127,594	\$	130,784	\$	134,054	\$	137,405	\$	140,840	\$	144,361	\$	147,970	\$	151,669	\$	155,461
Oneida Judiciary																						
Family Court Judge		\$ 162,705	\$	166,773	\$	170,942	\$	175,216	\$	179,596	\$	184,086	\$	188,688	\$	193,405	\$	198,241	\$	203,197	\$	208,276
Family Court Clerk of Court		\$ 36,239	\$	74,291	\$	76,148	\$	78,052	\$	80,003	\$	82,003	\$	84,053	\$	86,155	\$	88,309	\$	90,516	\$	92,779
Subtotal Personnel Costs		\$ 1,019,312	\$:	1,081,940	\$:	1,108,988	\$:	1,136,713	\$1	1,165,131	\$:	1,194,259		1,224,116	\$:	1,254,718	\$:	1,286,086	\$ 1	L,318,239	\$ 1	L,351,195
*Title IV E reimbursable personnel																						
expenses	21.79%	\$ (130,008))\$	(133,258)	\$	(136,590)	\$	(140,004)	\$	(143,505)	\$	(147,092)	\$	(150,769)	\$	(154,539)	\$	(158,402)	\$	(162,362)	\$	(166,421)
Total Personnel Costs		\$ 889,304	\$	948,682	\$	972,399	\$					1,047,167	\$ 3	1,073,346	\$:	1,100,180	\$:	1,127,684	\$1	l,155,876	\$ 1	L,184,773
Total Personnel Costs		\$ 889,304	\$	948,682	\$	972,399	\$					1,047,167	\$ 1	1,073,346	\$:	1,100,180	\$:	1,127,684	\$1	L,155,876	\$ 1	L,184,773
Total Personnel Costs Annual expenses of additional six (F	Per staff	\$ 889,304	\$	948,682	\$	972,399	\$					1,047,167	\$:	1,073,346	\$:	1,100,180	\$:	1,127,684	\$ 1	l,155,876	\$ 1	L,184,773
				948,682 923	-	972,399 946					\$:	1,047,167 1,018	\$: \$	1,073,346 1,044	\$ \$		\$: \$		\$ 1 \$	1, 155,876 1,124		1,152
Annual expenses of additional six (\$ 900			-			996,709	\$ 1	1,021,626	\$:											
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$	150	\$ 900 \$ 15,000			-			996,709	\$ 1	1,021,626	\$:											
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$	150 2,500	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300	\$		\$		\$	996,709	\$ 1	1,021,626	\$ \$				\$		\$	1,097			\$	
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expens \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600	\$ \$ \$	923	\$	946	\$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$	3,974 5,740	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883	\$ \$ \$	1,044	\$ \$	1,070	\$ \$	1,097	\$ \$	1,124	\$ \$	1,152
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expens \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200	\$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690	\$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782	\$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883	\$ \$	1,044 4,175	\$ \$ \$	1,070	\$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386	\$ \$ \$	1,124	\$ \$ \$	1,152
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expens \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250	\$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330	\$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463	\$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	3,974 5,740	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546	\$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expens \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375 20	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	3,974 5,740 2,484	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880
Annual expenses of additional six (FSupplies\$Office Furniture-One Time Expense\$Computer/Printer-One Time Expense\$Phones\$Depreciation\$Heat & Lights\$Water & Sewer\$Training/Travel/Education\$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375 20	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154
Annual expenses of additional six (FSupplies\$Office Furniture-One Time Expense\$Computer/Printer-One Time Expense\$Phones\$Depreciation\$Heat & Lights\$Water & Sewer\$Training/Travel/Education\$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375 20 1,000	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681
Annual expenses of additional six (FSupplies\$Office Furniture-One Time Expense\$Computer/Printer-One Time Expense\$Phones\$Depreciation\$Heat & Lights\$Water & Sewer\$Training/Travel/Education\$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375 20 1,000	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expense \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$ Water & Sewer \$ Training/Travel/Education \$ *Title IV E reimbursable expenses \$	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375 20 1,000 15,000	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150 15,375	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304 15,759	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461 16,153	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623 16,557	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788 16,971	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958 17,395	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132 17,830	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310 18,276	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493 18,733	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681 19,201
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expense \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$ Water & Sewer \$ Training/Travel/Education \$ Mileage \$ *Title IV E reimbursable expenses Judiciary expenses	150 2,500 1,050 600 5,200 375 20 1,000 15,000 21.79%	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000 \$ (4,249)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150 15,375 (4,355)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304 15,759 (4,464)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461 16,153 (4,576)	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623 16,557 (4,690)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788 16,971 (4,807)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958 17,395 (4,928)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132 17,830 (5,051)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310 18,276 (5,177)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493 18,733 (5,306)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681 19,201 (5,439)
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expense \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$ Water & Sewer \$ Training/Travel/Education \$ Mileage \$ Judiciary expenses \$ WI Bar Dues \$	150 2,500 1,050 5,200 375 20 1,000 15,000 21.79%	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000 \$ (4,249] \$ 585	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150 15,375 (4,355) 600	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304 15,759 (4,464) 615	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461 16,153 (4,576) (4,576)	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623 16,557 (4,690)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788 16,971 (4,807) 662	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958 17,395 (4,928) 678	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132 17,830 (5,051) 695	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310 18,276 (5,177) 713	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493 18,733 (5,306) 731	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681 19,201 (5,439) 749
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expense \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$ Water & Sewer \$ Training/Travel/Education \$ Mileage \$ Judiciary expenses \$ WI Bar Dues \$ JustWare License \$	150 2,500 1,050 5,200 375 20 1,000 15,000 21.79%	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000 \$ (4,249) \$ 585 \$ 2,250	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150 15,375 (4,355) (4,355) 600 2,306	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304 15,759 (4,464) 615 2,364	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461 16,153 (4,576) (4,576) 630 2,423	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623 16,557 (4,690) (4,690)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788 16,971 (4,807) (4,807) 662 2,546	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958 17,395 (4,928) (4,928) 678 2,609	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132 17,830 (5,051) 695 2,675	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310 18,276 (5,177) (5,177) 713 2,741	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493 18,733 (5,306) (5,306) 731 2,810	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681 19,201 (5,439) 749 2,880
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expense \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$ Water & Sewer \$ Training/Travel/Education \$ Mileage \$ Judiciary expenses \$ WI Bar Dues \$ JustWare License \$ Training \$	150 2,500 1,050 5,200 375 20 1,000 15,000 21.79% 585 2,250 5,000	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000 \$ (4,249) \$ 585 \$ 2,250 \$ 5,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150 15,375 (4,355) (4,355) 600 2,306 5,125	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304 15,759 (4,464) 615 2,364 5,253	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461 16,153 (4,576) (4,576)	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623 16,557 (4,690)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788 16,971 (4,807) (4,807) 662 2,546 5,657	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958 17,395 (4,928) (4,928) 678 2,609 5,798	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132 17,830 (5,051) (5,051) 695 2,675 5,943	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310 18,276 (5,177) (5,177) 713 2,741 6,092	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493 18,733 (5,306) (5,306) 731 2,810 6,244	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681 19,201 (5,439) 749 2,880 6,400
Annual expenses of additional six (F Supplies \$ Office Furniture-One Time Expense \$ Computer/Printer-One Time Expense \$ Phones \$ Depreciation \$ Heat & Lights \$ Water & Sewer \$ Training/Travel/Education \$ Mileage \$ Judiciary expenses \$ WI Bar Dues \$ JustWare License \$ Training \$	150 2,500 1,050 5,200 375 20 1,000 15,000 21.79% 585 2,250 5,000 882	\$ 900 \$ 15,000 \$ 6,300 \$ 3,600 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 6,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 15,000 \$ (4,249) \$ \$ 585 \$ 2,250 \$ 5,200 \$ 2,250 \$ 3,600 \$ 15,000 \$ 2,250 \$ 120 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 120 \$ 15,000 \$ 15,0000\$ \$ 15,000\$ \$ 15,000\$ 15,000\$ \$ 15	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	923 3,690 5,330 2,306 123 6,150 15,375 (4,355) (4,355) 600 2,306 5,125 904	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	946 3,782 5,463 2,364 126 6,304 15,759 (4,464) 615 2,364	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	996,709 969 3,877 5,600 2,423 129 6,461 16,153 (4,576) (4,576) 630 2,423 5,384	\$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	993 3,974 5,740 2,484 132 6,623 16,557 (4,690) (4,690) 646 2,484 5,519	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,018 4,073 5,883 2,546 136 6,788 16,971 (4,807) (4,807) 662 2,546	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,044 4,175 6,030 2,609 139 6,958 17,395 (4,928) (4,928) 678 2,609	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,070 4,279 6,181 2,675 143 7,132 17,830 (5,051) 695 2,675	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,097 4,386 6,336 2,741 146 7,310 18,276 (5,177) (5,177) 713 2,741	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,124 4,496 6,494 2,810 150 7,493 18,733 (5,306) (5,306) 731 2,810	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,152 4,608 6,656 2,880 154 7,681 19,201 (5,439) 749 2,880

Public Packet

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Subtotal of expenses	Ş	63,838		43,601		44,691		45,809	Ş	46,954		48,128	Ş	49,331		50,564		51,828		53,124	54,452
Savings due to board dissolution	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$	(138,708)	\$ (138,708)
Total Administrative Costs	\$	814,433	\$	853,575	\$	878,382	\$	903,809	\$	929,872	\$	956,587	\$	983,969	\$ 1	1,012,036	\$ 1	1,040,805	\$1	,070,292	\$ 1,100,517
Child Placement Cost																					
New Caseload			\$	360,000	\$	720,000	\$	1,080,000	\$:	1,440,000	\$	1,800,000	\$	1,872,000	\$ 1	1,848,000	\$ 1	1,848,000	\$1	,824,000	\$ 1,824,000
Total	\$	814,433	\$	1,213,575	\$ 3	1,598,382	\$	1,983,809	\$2	2,369,872	\$	2,756,587	\$	2,855,969	\$ 2	2,860,036	\$ 2	2,888,805	\$ 2	2,894,292	\$ 2,924,517
Assumptions																					
Assumes an approved budget at the start of the	fisc	al year																			
All wage & salaries are set at the midpoint of the	e FY	2017 Wage	Cha	rt provided	by	HRD															
Tribal rate of 39.3% is used for fringe																					
Mileage rate .535																					
Title IV E reimbursable personnel includes the a	ttori	ney but not	ind	rect costs																	
Premium is \$100/week for on call status.																					
Non-personnel reimbursable expenses under Tit	tle IV	V E include r	nile	age, supplie	s, I	rent, teleph	on	e.													
Due to a special one time grant for the Judiciary	, Ye	ar 1 of the C	Clerl	of court po	sit	ion will be i	refl	ected as .5	FTE	and increa	se t	to 1 FTE in y	/ear	·two.							
Child placement costs are estimated at the maximum allowed per child per month by the State																					
New cases are 20% of the annual projections																					
2.5% Inflation annually																					
Child Protection Board 2017 budget \$ 138,708																					
					_		_														

III. Financial Impact

The cost is approximately \$814,433 in year one and \$26,686,066 over the next 10 years with the dissolution of the Indian Child Welfare board. The cost is \$953,141 in year one and \$27,686,066 over the next 10 years without the dissolution of the Indian Child Welfare board.

IV. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.

Public Packet

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Resolutions
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
Consider adoption of the amendments to the Cemetery Law
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. Adoption packet3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.



Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



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TO:Oneida Business CommitteeFROM:Brandon Stevens, LOC ChairpersonDATE:July 26, 2017

RE: Cemetery Law Amendments

Please find the following attached backup documentation for your consideration of the Cemetery Law Amendments:

- 1. Resolution: Cemetery Law Amendments
- 2. Statement of Effect: Cemetery Law Amendments
- 3. Cemetery Law Amendments- Legislative Analysis
- 4. Cemetery Law Amendments- Clean Draft
- 5. Cemetery Law Amendments- Redline to Current Draft
- 6. Cemetery Law Amendments- Fiscal Impact Statement

Overview

This resolution adopts amendments to the Cemetery Law as follows:

- To correct the name of the Cemetery, which was changed by resolution of the Oneida Land Commission on May 11, 2015 [see also 127.4-1]
- Designate Land Management with administrative and maintenance oversight [see 127.4-3 and 127.4-4];
- Clarify eligibility for interment and the process for disinterment; [see 127.4-3, 127.5 and 127.7];
- In accordance with existing law, delegate the Community Public Health Officer authority over situations involving decedents who have died of communicable diseases [see 127.4-5 and 127.6-1];
- Grant rulemaking authority to Land Management, the Environmental Resource Board, and the Community Public Health Officer [*see above and* 127.8]; and
- Update the complaint process regarding the implementation and enforcement of the Law [see 127.9].

On March 30, 2017, in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held regarding this Law. The written comment period closed on April 6, 2017. Since verbal and written comments were provided, a responsive Public Meeting Comment Review memo ("memo") was provided for the June 7, 2017 LOC meeting. On June 7, 2017 the LOC accepted the memo and directed minor changes to the draft. Subsequently, these changes were made (and are attached). This Law will become effective ten business days after the date of adoption of the resolution as identified in section 109.9-3 of the Legislative Procedures Act. The anticipated effective date will be Wednesday, August 9, 2017.

Requested Action

Approve the Resolution: Cemetery Law Amendments

Oneida Nation

Post Office Box 365

Phone: (920)869-2214



Oneida, WI 54155

BC Resolution # _____ Cemetery Law Amendments

- **WHEREAS,** the Oneida Nation is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States of America; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Nation; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1, of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee originally adopted the Cemetery Law through resolution BC-09-02-88-A; and
- WHEREAS, the Amendments to the Law:
 - Acknowledge the Oneida Sacred Burial Grounds, also known as Tsi? Tyeya? Tat'alih, in accordance with the May 11, 2015 resolution of the Oneida Land Commission;
 - Delegate Land Management with administrative and maintenance oversight;
 - Clarify eligibility for interment and the process for disinterment;
 - Delegate the Community Public Health Officer authority over situations involving decedents who have died of communicable diseases, consistent with existing laws;
 - Grant rulemaking authority to Land Management, the Environmental Resource Board, and the Community Public Health Officer; and
 - Update the complaint process for this Law.
- WHEREAS,
 a public meeting on the proposed Amendments was held on March 30, 2017 in accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act; and the written comment period closed on April 6, 2017. A responsive Public Meeting Comment Review memo was provided for the June 7, 2017 LOC meeting and the LOC accepted the memo and directed minor changes to the draft, which were made.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Cemetery Law Amendments are hereby adopted. This Law will become effective Wednesday, August 9, 2017.



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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



Statement of Effect

Cemetery Law Amendments

Summary

This Resolution adopts Amendments to the Cemetery Law ("Amendments" or "Law") which:

- 1. Corrects the name of the Cemetery in accordance with the May 11, 2015 resolution of the Oneida Land Commission.
- 2. Delegates Land Management with administrative and maintenance oversight.
- 3. Clarifies eligibility for interment and the process for disinterment.
- 4. Delegates the Community Public Health Officer authority over situations involving decedents who have died of communicable diseases, consistent with existing laws.
- 5. Grants rulemaking authority to Land Management, the Environmental Resource Board, and the Community Public Health Officer.
- 6. Updates the complaint process for this law.

Submitted by: Kelly M. McAndrews, Staff Attorney, Oneida Law Office

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Office

This Law was originally adopted by Resolution BC-09-02-88-A. The actual revisions contained in these Amendments are listed above.

In accordance with the Legislative Procedures Act, a public meeting was held for these Amendments on March 30, 2017 and the public comment period expired on April 6, 2017. Oral and written comments were submitted and were addressed in a Public Meeting Comment Review memo ("memo") submitted to the LOC for its June 7, 2017 meeting. At that meeting the LOC accepted the memo and directed minor changes to the Law, which were subsequently made.

The Nation does not currently have any other laws or resolutions that govern the Nation's cemetery, but it does have the Emergency Management and Homeland Security law which delegates broad authority to the Public Health Officer to help prevent public health emergencies and limit the spread of communicable diseases. *See* Ch. 302. The above Amendments do not conflict with the Emergency Management and Homeland Security law, and better define the Public Health Officer's responsibility for decedents being buried in the cemetery who died of certain communicable diseases and when a state of emergency related to public health is proclaimed. These changes are consistent with state and federal emergency preparedness laws and make clear the Nation retains its own authority over decedents buried in its cemetery. As to these Amendments, there is no applicable state or federal law that precludes the Nation from exercising its authority to manage its cemetery and those buried in it.

Conclusion

Adoption of this Resolution does not conflict with the Nation's laws.

Analysis to Draft 8 for OBC Consideration 2017 07 26

Cemetery Law Legislative Analysis



SECTION 1. BACKGROUND

REQUESTER:	SPONSOR:	DRAFTER:	ANALYST:								
Oneida Law Office/	David P. Jordan	Kelly McAndrews	Maureen Perkins								
OBC											
Intent of the	Current amendments were brought forward to recognize the name of the Sacred										
Amendments	Burial Grounds (Tsi? Tyeya?Tat'alih) and establish maintenance responsibilitie										
Purpose	Establish administrative au	thority for Oneida Nation	on cemeteries, establish								
	maintenance responsibilities,										
	establish eligibility criteria,	establish a process for di	sinterment, and delegate								
	authority pursuant to Oneida										
Affected Entities	Trust Enrollment Departmen										
	Environmental Resource Boa	, <u> </u>									
	Department, Oneida Conser										
	families (including step child	lren) and descendants who	are or may be interred at								
	an Oneida Nation cemetery										
Affected	Administrative Rulemaking,	Public Use of Tribal Land,	Emergency Management								
Legislation	and Homeland Security										
Enforcement/Due	The Environmental Resource										
Process	uses of Oneida Nation cen										
	Department or Oneida Conse										
	of this law or the cemetery r										
	127.8-2(a)]. Criminal or any other unlawful activity occurring at an One										
	Nation cemetery shall be han	ndled in accordance with a	pplicable law <i>[see 127.8-</i>								
	2(b)].										
	Any Individual may file a										
	implementation and enforcer										
	shall respond to the complain										
	of the complaint to the in	e 1	-								
	Commission and the Environ										
Public Meeting	A public meeting was held M										
	on June 7, 2017 and made mi	nor changes to the draft bas	ed upon public								
	comments received.										

1 SECTION 2. LEGISLATIVE DEVELOPMENT

2 A. The Legislative Operating Committee is considering the proposed amendments to establish

- 3 maintenance responsibilities with the appropriate department and also to recognize the Oneida name
- of the existing cemetery. Additional amendments have evolved through the consultation process withaffected entities.
- **B.** The Oneida Nation Cemetery is non-denominational and benefits the Oneida community by
- 7 providing a resting place for all Oneida members and their families.
- 8

9 SECTION 3. CONSULTATION

Analysis to Draft 8 for OBC Consideration 2017 07 26

- 10 A. The Oneida Law Office staff consulted with the Community Public Health Officer and area coroner's
- 11 offices to include applicable sections of the amendments. Additionally, Land Management and the
- 12 Trust Enrollment Department were consulted to identify the appropriate entity to manage the Nation's 13 cemetery.
- 14

15 SECTION 4. PROCESS

- 16 A. The appropriate legislative process has been followed to create the amendments.
- **B.** The current amendments were added to the Active Files List on August 5, 2015. Since that time
- 18 multiple work meetings have occurred. A public meeting was held March 30, 2017.
- 19

22

28 29

30

20 SECTION 5. CONTENTS OF THE AMENDMENTS

21 A. The law has been amended as follows:

Definitions:

- The purpose section was updated to include administrative authority for Oneida Nation cemeteries on the Oneida Reservation, maintenance responsibility, govern the transfer and recordkeeping of plots, establish a process for disinterment and delegate authority pursuant to Oneida laws [see 127.1-1].
- Several definitions were added [see 127.3-1]:
 - Decedent means a person who has died.
 - Disinterment permit means the form established by Land Management to authorize removal of a human corpse from a grave or tomb.
- Judiciary means the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal
 Council to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Oneida Nation.
- Remains means the body of a deceased person, regardless of its state, and includes
 cremated remains. "Remains" is synonymous and may be used interchangeably with
 "decedent" and "corpse".
- Reservation means all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries of the Reservation of the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida
 7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.
- 39 o Rule means a set of requirements, including citation fees and penalty schedules, in
 40 accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law based on authority delegated in this
 41 law in order to implement, interpret and/or enforce this law.
- The definition for family was expanded to include additional relationships beyond an Oneida
 Nation member's parent, spouse and children:
- Family means husband, wife, mother, father, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, mother-in-law, father-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, step-parent and step-children as established through a certified copy of the original marriage license, foster children, adopted children, kinship and fictive kinship relationships and/or a person who accepts legal responsibility for the decedent [see 127.3-1(e)].
- The following definitions were removed:

Days was removed because the standard definition was used in the current law and it is 51 0 52 not necessary to define a word used in the everyday sense [see 127.3-1(a) of current 53 law]. • Tribe or Tribal *[see 127.3-1(g) of current law]* was removed and replaced with Nation 54 [see 127.3-1(h)] to refer to the Oneida Nation in alignment with the amended Oneida 55 Nation Constitution. 56 **Administration and Authority** 57 58 Oneida Sacred Burials Grounds, also known as Tsi? Tyeya?Tat'alih, was recognized [see 127.4-59 1]. Administrative authority changed from the Trust Enrollment Department to Land Management 60 • 61 [see 127.4-3]. Additional administrative duties for Land Management include: 62 • Issuing disinterment permits [see 127.4-3(a)]. • Maintaining records concerning all plots [see 127.4-3(e)]. 63 64 • Requesting additional portions of land to be designated for use as an Oneida Nation cemetery [see 127.4-3(f)]. 65 Land Management has been designated to maintain Oneida Nation cemeteries [see 127.4-4]. 66 • Additional maintenance responsibilities include: 67 ensuring appearance is kept in accordance with established rules [see 127.4-4(b)] which 68 0 they shall create [see 127.8-1], 69 70 entering into agreements to meet maintenance responsibilities [see 127.4-4(c)], and 0 oversight of any position created to care for the cemeteries [see 127.4-4(d)]. 71 0 72 A public health emergency and communicable diseases section was added to the law which gives • 73 the Community Public Health Officer authority over situations that arise involving a person who 74 have died of communicable diseases [see 127.4-5]. The Community Public Health Officer shall determine conditions of disposal of a 75 0 decedent with a communicable disease dangerous to public health [see 127.4-5(a)]. A 76 corresponding list of communicable diseases shall be maintained and provided to affected 77 departments [see 127.4-5(a)(1)]. 78 79 Require labeling of remains of a decedent with a communicable disease [see 127.4-5(b)]. 0 Maintain or require the maintenance of a written or electronic record of all remains and if 80 0 81 unknown may request a local coroner or medical examiner to obtain any fingerprints, 82 photographs, or identifying dental information and / or collect a DNA sample from the remains and transmit this information to any interested public health authority [see 127.4-83 84 5(c)].Repatriated remains were added to the list of eligibility for interment in an Oneida Nation 85 • cemetery [see 127.5-1(b)(2)]. 86 The requirement that the Enrollment Department is present at each disinterment and reinterment 87 • and restrictions for who may be present during disinterment or reinterment have been removed 88 [see 127.6-7(g) of current law]. 89 • Vendors performing opening and closing are now required to have the qualifications and 90 experience to perform openings for the burial of caskets [see 127.6-3(c)(1)]. 91 • Land Management is now responsible to provide information concerning the potential effects if a 92 93 burial container is not used [see 127.6-4].

- 94 The requirements for disinterment have been amended and disinterment no longer requires an order from the Judiciary. Disinterment can now take place with an order from the Judiciary, the 95 issuance of a disinterment permit, or reburial by Land Management to resolve a recordkeeping 96 97 error [see 127.7-1(a) to (c)].
- 98 99

102

• The list of persons who can request a disinterment has expanded to include: An individual, as designated in writing by the decedent as listed in the Authorization for

100 101 Final Disposition [see 127.7-3(b)(1)].

- o Any other person authorized, under obligation, or agreeing to dispose of the decedent's corpse [see 127.7-3(b)(7)].
- Complaints regarding the implementation or enforcement of this law are now filed with Land 103 104 Management rather than the Oneida Trust Enrollment Committee [see 127.9-1]. Land Management shall respond to complaints in writing to the individual filing the complaint, Oneida 105 Land Commission and to the Environmental Resource Board within 5 days [see 127.9-2]. 106

Rulemaking Authority 107

The following entities have been granted rulemaking authority under this law in accordance with the 108 Administrative Rulemaking law [see Administrative Rulemaking, 1 O.C. 106]. 109

- Land Management shall create rules in order to carry out their responsibilities under this law [see 110 • 111 127.4-3(j)].
- Land Management shall establish rules related to the appearance and maintenance of an Oneida 112 Nation cemetery [see 127.4-4(b) and 127.8-1]. 113
- 114 • Land Management shall create rules regarding plot and marking fees [see 127.6-3].
- Land Management shall establish rules regarding maximum height, width and thickness 115 • requirements for monuments or flush markers placed at a plot, as well as the types of materials 116 that may be used for monuments and flush markers [see 127.6-6]. 117
- The Environmental Resource Board has been granted rulemaking authority regarding provisions 118 • related to the Public Use of Tribal Lands law [see Public Use of Tribal Land, 6 O.C. 609.4(g)] 119 and shall promulgate rules related to prohibited uses of Oneida Nation cemetery grounds [see 120 127.8-2]. 121
- 122 **B.** The law has been significantly redrafted.
- 123

SECTION 6. INTENT 124

- **A.** The purpose of the law has been updated to clearly state the intent is to establish administrative 125 authority for the Oneida cemetery, establish cemetery maintenance responsibility, govern the sale, 126
- transfer and recordkeeping of plots, establish eligibility for interment, establish a process for 127
- disinterment, and delegate rulemaking authority. 128
- **B.** It is clear that the law applies to those eligible for interment, those who visit the Oneida cemetery, the 129 130 Trust Enrollment Department, Land Management, Oneida Police Department, Oneida Conservation
- 131 Department, the Environmental Resource Board, Oneida Land Commission and the Community Public 132 Health Officer.
- 133

SECTION 7. EFFECT ON EXISTING LEGISLATION 134

A. No Oneida laws will be impacted by this legislation and there are no conflicts with existing legislation. 135 136

137 SECTION 8. EFFECTS ON EXISTING RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES, OR

138 **OBLIGATIONS**

- **A.** The proposed legislation will not affect existing rights of members of the Nation.
- **B.** Due process was addressed in the law:
- 141 o The Environmental Resource Board shall promulgate rules concerning prohibited uses of
 142 Oneida Nation cemetery grounds *[see 127.8-2]*.
- 143 o The Oneida Police Department or Oneida Conservation Department may issue citations
 144 for violation of this law or the cemetery rules in accordance with applicable Oneida law
 145 [see 127.8-2(a)].
- 146 o Criminal or any other unlawful activity occurring at an Oneida Nation cemetery shall be handled in accordance with applicable law *[see 127.8-2(b)]*.
- Any Individual may file a complaint with Land Management regarding the
 implementation and enforcement of this law *[see 127.9-1]*. Land Management shall
 respond to the complaint with a remedy within 5 business days of the receipt of the
 complaint to the individual filing the complaint, the Oneida Land Commission and the
 Environmental Resource Board *[see 127.9-2]*.
- **D.** Land Management will now be responsible to enter into contracts with the appropriate vendor to carry out applicable provisions in the law *[see 127.4-3(j) and 127.4-4(c)]*.
- E. Land Management will now be responsible for setting fees and rules in accordance with theAdministrative Rulemaking law *[see 127.6-3]*.
- 158 SECTION 9. ENFORCEMENT
- A. The Oneida Police Department or Oneida Conservation may issue citations for violation of this law or
 the cemetery rules in accordance with applicable Oneida law [see 127.8-2(a)]. Criminal or any other
 unlawful activity occurring at an Oneida Nation cemetery shall be handled in accordance with
 applicable law [see 127.8-2(b)].
- **B.** There are existing human resources available for enforcement.
- 164

157

165 SECTION 10. ACCOUNTABILITY

- A. Land Management is responsible for administration [see 127.4-3] and maintenance [127.4-4] of the
 Oneida Cemetery. The Community Public Health Officer is responsible for issuing and enforcing
 orders under the law including the power to take possession or control of any remains and make
 orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, transportation, or other disposal
 [see 127.4-5].
- B. The Community Public Health Officer shall provide and maintain a list of communicable diseases
 and other notifiable conditions to affected departments and the public by request [see 127.4-5(a)(1)].
- 173
- 174
- 175

1	Title 1. Government and Finances– Chapter 127
2	CEMETERY LAW
2 3	Tsi? Lotiya?tata Olihwá ke
4 5	The matters concerning when they bury the body
5	
6 7 8 9 10	127.1. Purpose and Policy 127.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
8	127.3. Definitions 13 127.8. Prohibited Items and Behavior on Cemetery Grounds
9 10	127.4. Administration and Authority 14 127.9. Reporting.
16	127.5. Eligibility and Ownership 15
	127.1 Dumage and Deliver
17	127.1. Purpose and Policy
18	127.1-1. <i>Purpose</i> . The purpose of this law is to establish administrative authority for Oneida
19 20	Nation cemeteries on the Oneida Reservation, establish cemetery maintenance responsibility,
20	govern the sale, transfer and recordkeeping of plots, establish who is eligible for interment,
21	establish a process for disinterment, and delegate authority pursuant to Oneida laws.
22	127.1-2. Policy. It is the policy of the Nation that all enrolled Oneida Nation members, their
23	families and descendants may be interred in an Oneida Nation cemetery.
24	
25	127.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal
26	127.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-5-19-89-E
27	and amended by resolutions BC-6-29-05-A, BC-1-14-09-E, BC-07-23-14-B and BC
28	127.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee and/or the
29	Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures
30	Act.
31	127.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances
32	be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are
33	considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.
34	127.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another
35	law, the provisions of this law shall control.
36	127.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.
37	
38	127.3. Definitions
39	127.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this law. All
40	words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.
41	(a) "Decedent" means a person who has died.
42	(b) "Descendant" means a person who is not enrolled in the Nation, but is a blood
43	relative in the direct line of descent of an Oneida Nation member.
44	(c) "Disinterment" means to exhume interred human remains or cremated human
45	remains.
46	(d) "Disinterment permit" means the form established by Land Management to authorize
47	removal of a human corpse from a grave or tomb.
48	(e) "Family" means husband, wife, mother, father, son, daughter, brother, sister,
49	grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, mother-in-law, father-in-law,
50	daughter-in-law, son-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, step-parent and step-children
51	as established through a certified copy of the original marriage license, foster children,
52	adopted children, kinship and fictive kinship relationships and/or a person who accepts
53	legal responsibility for the decedent.
54	(f) "Interment" means to bury remains.
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- (g) "Judiciary" means the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal 55 56
 - Council to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Oneida Nation.
- 57 (h) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
- 58 (i) "Reinterment" means to rebury remains.
- 59 (i) "Remains" means the body of a deceased person, regardless of its state, and includes cremated remains. "Remains" is synonymous and may be used interchangeably with 60 61 "decedent" and "corpse".
- 62 (k) "Reservation" means all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries of the 63 Reservation of the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida 64 7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.
- (1) "Rule" means a set of requirements, including citation fees and penalty schedules, in 65 accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law based on authority delegated in this 66 67 law in order to implement, interpret and/or enforce this law.
- 68

69 127.4. Administration and Authority

70 127.4-1. The land designation, administrative duties and maintenance responsibilities for the Oneida Sacred Burial Grounds, also known as Tsi? Tyeya?Tat'alih and any other cemetery 71 72 owned by the Nation shall be as provided within this section.

127.4-2. Land Designation Responsibilities. The Oneida Land Commission shall designate 73 74 parcel(s) of land to be used for one (1) or more Oneida Nation cemeteries.

- 75 127.4-3. Administrative Responsibilities. Land Management shall be responsible for the 76 administrative duties for all Oneida Nation cemeteries. These duties include:
- 77 (a) Issuance of disinterment permits, where appropriate. An approved disinterment permit constitutes authorization to transport the remains and reinter the disinterred 78 79 remains at an approved location within the boundaries of the Oneida Reservation. If the 80 remains are being transported outside the boundaries of the Oneida Reservation and/or reinterment is occurring at a location outside the boundaries of the Oneida Reservation, 81 other laws may apply and the parties involved are responsible for compliance. Permits 82 83 shall include:
- 84 85

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- (1) Information that is necessary to identify the decedent;
- (2) The date and place of death:
 - (3) The current place of interment;
 - (4) The intended place of interment, the name of the person requesting the disinterment; and
 - (5) The name of the person in charge of the disinterment.
- 90 (b) Maintaining vital statistics of decedents interred, disinterred, and/or reinterred in an 91 Oneida Nation cemetery including data derived from certificates death, fetal death reports 92 or related reports, a report for final disposition, authorization for disinterment or 93 reinterment or related judicial order or any other data as determined by Land 94 Management.
- 95 (c) Creating long-term strategic plans for Oneida Nation cemeteries and reporting such 96 information as may be required by the Oneida Business Committee or General Tribal 97 Council.
- 98 (d) Causing portions of land designed to be used for an Oneida Nation cemetery to be 99 surveyed and mapped into plots, drives and walks.
- (e) Maintain records concerning all plots. 100

- 101 (f) Requesting additional portions of land to be designated for use as an Oneida Nation 102 cemetery, if needed. 103 (g) Selling and transferring plots and restricting the use of plots. 104 (h) Administering accounting activities related to the sale or transfer of a plot. 105 (i) Determining how to utilize gifts to an Oneida Nation cemetery. 106 (j) Establishing rules, entering into agreements with person(s) or entities, where needed, 107 in order to carry out their responsibilities under this law. 108 127.4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land Management shall be responsible for cemetery 109 maintenance duties including: 110 (a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. 111 (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any 112 established rules. 113 (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where 114 needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities. 115 (d) Oversight of any position created to care for the cemetery. 116 127.4-5. Public Health Emergency and Communicable Diseases. The Community Public Health Officer shall, in a state of emergency related to public health as duly proclaimed, issue 117 and enforce orders that are reasonable and necessary to provide for the safe disposal of remains 118 in an Oneida Nation cemetery. This includes the power to take possession or control of any 119 120 remains and make orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, 121 transportation, or other disposal. Additionally, the Community Public Health Officer may: 122 (a) Determine conditions and order a specific method of disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery of a decedent who has died of a communicable disease that is dangerous 123 124 to public health, within a reasonable or necessary timeframe, as determined by the 125 Community Public Health Officer. 126 (1) The Community Public Health Officer shall provide and maintain a list of 127 communicable diseases and other notifiable conditions to affected departments and the public by request. 128 129 (b) Require the labeling of all remains before disposal in an Oneida Nation cemetery with 130 all available identifying information and information concerning the circumstances of 131 death and, in addition, require the remains of a decedent with a communicable disease be 132 clearly tagged to indicate that remains contain a communicable disease and, if known, the 133 specific communicable disease. 134 (c) Maintain or require the maintenance of a written or electronic record of all remains 135 that are disposed of in an Oneida Nation cemetery, including all available identifying 136 information and information concerning the circumstances of death and disposal. These 137 written and electronic records shall be safeguarded following applicable privacy 138 standards and may only be released in accordance with applicable laws. If it is 139 impossible to identify remains prior to disposal in an Oneida Nation cemetery, the Public 140 Health Office or designee may request that the local coroner or medical examiner obtain 141 any fingerprints, photographs, or identifying dental information, and/ or collect a 142 specimen of deoxyribonucleic acid from the remains and transmit this information to any 143 interested public health authority. 144 127.4-6. Other requirements. Neither this section nor any other section of this law relieves any 145 person from all applicable legal, professional, or other requirements.
- 146

- 147 127.5. Eligibility and Ownership
 148 127.5-1. *Eligibility*. The following persons may be interred in an Oneida Nation cemetery:
 (a) An Oneida Nation member, his or her family, or descendants.
- 150 (b) Remains that are: 151 (1) Returned t
 - (1) Returned to the Nation;
- 152 (2) Repatriated; or
- 153 (3) Discovered on the Reservation if Oneida's Cultural Heritage Department,
 154 along with any other appropriate Oneida entity has determined that the most
 155 suitable place for interment of the remains is an Oneida Nation cemetery.

156 127.5-2. *Ownership of Plots.* Plots in an Oneida Nation cemetery may be purchased by anyone 157 for individuals eligible to be interred in an Oneida Nation cemetery, as defined in section 127.5-158 1, but the owner of the plot shall be the individual for whom the plot was purchased, if living, 159 and shall be specified at purchase. Purchase of a plot does not result in any ownership rights in 160 the plot itself, but grants an individual the right to be interred in the plot or determine who will 161 be interred in the plot, subject to the eligibility requirements of this law.

(a) In the event the owner of a plot becomes ineligible to be interred in an Oneida Nation
cemetery, the plot shall be resold to the Nation in accordance with section 127.5-2(c).

(b) A plot is not inheritable, but may be transferred from the owner to an individual
eligible to be interred in an Oneida Nation cemetery. The transfer of a plot from one
owner to another shall be processed through Land Management.

- 167 (c) A plot may only be resold by the owner of the plot to the Nation through Land
 168 Management. Plots resold to the Nation shall be bought for the original purchase price.
 169 The following owners of plots may resell a plot to the Nation:
- 170

(1) Competent individuals who are at least eighteen (18) years of age;

171 172 (2) Individuals who are less than eighteen (18) years of age, with the written

- 2 permission of the original purchaser of the plot; and
- 173 174

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(3) Incompetent individuals who are at least eighteen (18) years of age, with the permission of their guardian or appropriate power of attorney.

176 **127.6. Interment and Plots**

127.6-1. All interments shall be approved by Land Management prior to interment to ensure the
health and safety of the public will not be endangered, that the plot is properly marked, and to
provide information to any company or contractor providing services for the interment.

- (a) In any case in which a decedent will be buried in an Oneida Nation cemetery, Land
 Management shall report any known situations involving communicable diseases to
 Oneida's Community Public Health Officer for investigation. The Community Public
 Health Officer may determine conditions for disposal of the remains in accordance with
 section 127.4-5.
- 185 127.6-2. No interments will be scheduled on the observance of any Holiday recognized by the186 Nation.

187 127.6-3. *Cost of Interment*. All fees for the cost of a plot and/or an interment, or disinterment or 188 re-internment, including all the below listed fees, are the responsibility of the decedent's estate, 189 if any, family assuming responsibility, or other individual assuming legal responsibility for the 190 remains, unless otherwise stated. Land Management shall create rules regarding plot and 191 marking fees.

192 (a) Plot fees shall be paid prior to interment.

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- 193 (b) Marking fees for the plot or monument location shall be assessed and required each 194 time an interment occurs, regardless of container use or method of disposition. 195
 - (c) Opening and closing fees shall be determined by the vendor chosen.
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(1) Any such vendor is required to have the qualifications and experience to perform opening and closings. Family members or private persons lacking qualifications or experience to perform burial related openings may not perform openings for the burial of caskets.

200 There shall be no plot fees or marking fees assessed for remains interred in (d) 201 accordance with section 127.7-4. If the Nation or its contracted vendor opens or closes a 202 plot for the interment of human remains in accordance with section 127.7-4, no fees shall 203 be assessed for the opening or closing of the plot.

204 127.6-4. Outer Burial Containers. Outer burial containers, such as liners and vaults, while 205 recommended, are not required for interment. Land Management shall provide information 206 concerning the potential effects if a burial container is not used.

207 127.6-5. Division of Plots. Each plot may only be used for the interment of:

- (a) one (1) human corpse;
 - (b) one (1) human corpse along with the cremated remains of one (1) other decedent; or
- (c) the cremated remains of up to four (4) decedents.
- 211 127.6-6. Monuments and Flush Markers. No more than four (4) monuments or flush markers 212 shall be allowed per plot. If a plot is designated for more than two (2) decedents, only flush 213 markers can be installed outside of the designated headstone area. Land Management shall 214 establish rules regarding maximum height, width and thickness requirements for monuments or flush markers placed at a plot. In addition, Land Management may establish the types of 215 216 materials that may be used for monuments or flush markers.
- 217 218

(a) No monuments/markers will be installed from November 1st through May 1st.

219 127.7. Disinterment

220 127.7-1. Disinterment from an Oneida Nation cemetery may occur pursuant to any of the 221 following; requirements for each are listed below: (a) Issuance of an Order for Authorization of Disinterment and/or Reinterment by the

- 222
- 223 Oneida Judiciary; 224
 - (b) Land Management's issuance of a disinterment permit; or
- 225 (c) Reburial required by Land Management in accordance with section 127.7-4.

127.7-2 Issuance of an Order for Authorization of Disinterment and/or Reinterment by the 226 227 Oneida Judiciary. The Oneida Judiciary may issue an Order for Authorization for Disinterment 228 and/or Reinterment as follows:

- 229 (a) When a petition for an Order for Authorization for Disinterment and/or Reinterment is 230 filed with the Oneida Judiciary, unless a hearing is held determining circumstances exist 231 that would reasonably justify dispensing of the notice requirement, the petitioner shall 232 serve a copy of the Petition for an Order for Authorization for Disinterment and/or 233 Reinterment upon Land Management and all members of the same or a prior class as 234 listed in section 127.7-3(b). A Petition for an Order for Authorization for Disinterment 235 and/ or Reinterment shall include all of the following: 236
 - (1) The decedent's name, date of death, and burial location;
- 237 (2) The requester's name, address, telephone number, and relationship with the 238 decedent; 239
 - (3) The requester's intent to obtain an order of disinterment/reinterment;

240 (4) The reason for the disinterment; 241 (5) The location of reinterment and/or certification that the petitioner will have 242 the remains cremated: 243 (6) Individual or entity responsible for the disinterment/reinterment; and 244 (7) That any objections shall be filed with the Judiciary within five (5) business 245 days of the notification, or may be presented at the hearing. 246 (b) Unless the Judiciary has found that grounds exist to dispense with Notice 247 requirements, the Judiciary shall set a hearing date on the Petition for Order for Authorization for Disinterment and/or Reinterment at the earliest possible time after the 248 249 deadline for filing objections has passed and shall issue an Order on the matter within ten (10) days after the hearing. The Judiciary may, for good cause, extend the time for 250 251 issuance of an Order for an additional ten (10) days. When entering its decision, the 252 Judiciary may also take into consideration: 253 (1) The cause and manner of the decedent's death, including whether the 254 Petitioner was convicted for a murder or homicide related offense in connection 255 with the decedent's death; (2) Whether disinterment would create a known public health risk; 256 257 (3) The decedent's will or other evidence of the decedent's wishes concerning 258 final disposition, if known; 259 (4) Any objections filed with the Judiciary or presented at the hearing; 260 (5) Whether an order of disinterment or similar order from a court other than the 261 Judiciary has been issued; 262 (6) Whether any required permits regarding re-interment have been obtained; or (7) Any other factor requiring consideration. 263 (c) The Judiciary may deny the Petition for Order for Authorization for Disinterment 264 and/or Reinterment based solely on an objection to the disinterment either filed or 265 presented by an individual with the same or a higher priority than the requester. 266 (d) Appeals. An appeal of an Order issued under this section shall be filed with the 267 268 Judiciary within five (5) business days after the order is issued. The Judiciary may 269 modify the appeal time frame if it is determined exigent circumstances exist requiring 270 more immediate disinterment. If no appeal is filed, disinterment shall take place within 271 sixty (60) days after the deadline for filing an appeal has passed. If an appeal is filed, a 272 stay of the disinterment may be ordered, but only after inquiry into the facts and a finding 273 that based on the facts it is reasonable to stay disinterment pending appeal. 274 127.7-3. Land Management's issuance of a disinterment permit. Land Management shall issue 275 a Permit for Disinterment when all of the following occur: 276 The person in charge of the disinterment submits a complete Application for (a) 277 Disinterment Permit to Land Management. 278 (b) The person in charge of the disinterment submits a complete Land Management Consent Form, signed by any of the following persons, in the order of priority stated 279 280 below, when persons in prior classes are not available at the time of application, and in 281 the absence of actual notice of contrary indications by the decedent or actual notice of 282 opposition by a member of the same or a prior class: 283 (1) An individual, as designated in writing by the decedent as listed in the 284 Authorization for Final Disposition; 285 (2) The decedent's spouse: 286 (3) An adult son or daughter of the decedent;

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- 287 (4) Either parent of the decedent; 288 (5) An adult brother or sister of the decedent; 289 (6) A guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death; 290 (7) Any other person authorized, under obligation, or agreeing to dispose of the 291 decedent's corpse. 292 (c) Land Management shall deny the request for a Disinterment Permit when an 293 objection to the disinterment is either filed or presented by an individual with the same or 294 a higher priority than the requester. In such cases, Land Management shall refer the 295 requester to the Judiciary. 127.7-4. Reinterment by Land Management. Land Management may reinter or disinter human 296 297 remains that are interred in an Oneida cemetery in another plot in the same cemetery under the 298 following circumstances: 299 (a) Reinterment is necessary to correct a recordkeeping error made by the Nation or its 300 designee when the human remains were first buried; and 301 (b) Notification concerning the need for reinterment is made to one of the following, in 302 descending order, by registered mail: 303 (1) The decedent's spouse; 304 (2) An adult son or daughter of the decedent; 305 (3) Either parent of the decedent; or 306 (4) An adult brother or sister of the decedent. 307 (c) Land Management shall maintain a record of its attempt to provide notification under 308 this section as part of Land Management's permanent records. 309 127.7-5. The Nation shall be responsible for making all arrangements and incurring all costs 310 associated with disinterment and reinterment due to a recordkeeping error on the Nation's behalf. 311 312 127.8. Prohibited Items and Behavior on Cemetery Grounds 313 127.8-1. Land Management shall promulgate rules concerning the maintenance and appearance 314 of Oneida Nation cemetery grounds which shall be publically posted, including on Oneida 315 Nation cemetery grounds. Land Management shall notify the Environmental Resource Board of 316 the current rules and any changes to such rules. (a) Land Management or its designee may remove and dispose of any non-conforming 317 318 objects from plots and/or cemetery grounds. 319 127.8-2. In accordance with applicable Oneida law, the Environmental Resource Board shall promulgate rules concerning prohibited uses of Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. 320 321 (a) The Oneida Police Department or Oneida Conservation Department may issue 322 citations for violation of this law or the cemetery rules in accordance with applicable 323 Oneida law. 324 (b) Criminal or any other unlawful activity occurring at an Oneida Nation cemetery shall 325 be handled in accordance with applicable law. 326 327 **127.9.** Complaint Process 328 127.9-1. Any individual may file a complaint with Land Management regarding the 329 implementation and enforcement of this law. 330 127.9-2. Within five (5) business days of the receipt of a complaint, Land Management shall 331 respond in writing indicating any action taken or planned action to remedy the complaint to the 332 individual that filed the complaint, if the address is known, to the Oneida Land Commission, and
- 333 to the Environmental Resource Board.

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334 335

- End.
- 336
- BC-09-02-88-A (Adoption of the Burial Ordinance)
- BC-05-19-89-E (Adoption of Burial Ordinance)
- 337 338 339 BC-02-23-05-F (Emergency Adoption of Amendments)
- 340 BC-06-29-05-A (Permanent Adoption of Emergency Amendments)
- 341 BC-1-14-09-E (Adoption of Cemetery Law)
- 342 BC-10-09-13-B (Adoption of Emergency Amendments)
- 343 BC-03-26-14-C (Extension of Emergency Amendments)
- 344 BC-07-23-14-B (Adoption of Amendments)

Redline to Current for OBC Consideration 2017 07 26

$\begin{array}{c c}1 \\ 2 \\ 2\end{array}$	Title 1. Government and Finances— Chapter 127 CEMETERY LAW Tsi2 Lotive2tata Olibwé:ke			
3 4 5	Tsi? Lotiya?tata Olihwá ke The matters concerning when they bury the body			
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	127.1. Purpose and Policy14127.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal127.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal15127.3. Definitions127.3. Definitions16127.4. Administration and Authority127.4. Administration and Authority17127.5. Eligibility and Ownership127.5. Tribal Cemeteries18127.7. Disinterment127.7. Prohibited Items and Behavior on Cemetery Grounds127.8. Prohibited Items and Behavior on Cemetery Grounds127.1. Purpose and Policy22			
23	22			
24	127.1. Purpose and Policy			
25	127.1-1. Purpose. The purpose of this Lawlaw is to establish administrative authority for			
26	Oneida Nation cemeteries on the Oneida Reservation, establish cemetery maintenance			
27	responsibility, govern the sale, transfer and recordkeeping of plots and, establish who is eligible			
28	for interment in, establish a Tribal cemetery on the Oneida Reservation.process for disinterment,			
29	and delegate authority pursuant to Oneida laws.			
30	127.1-2. Policy. It is the policy of the TribeNation that all enrolled TribalOneida Nation			
31	members, their families and descendants may be interred in a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery.			
32				
33	127.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal			
34	127.2-1. This Lawlaw was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-5-19-			
35	89-E and amended by resolutions BC-6-29-05-A, BC-1-14-09-E-and, BC-07-23-14-B- and BC-			
36	107.2.2. This Lawley may be smanded an encoded by the Oneide Dysiness Committee and/on			
37	127.2-2. This Lawlaw may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee and/or the Oneida Concerd. Tribal Council purpugate to the precedures set out in the Lagislative			
38 39	the Oneida General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.			
40				
40	127.2-3. Should a provision of this <u>Lawlaw</u> or the application thereof to any person or circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this <u>Lawlaw</u>			
42	circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this <u>Lawlaw</u> which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.			
43	127.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this Lawlaw and a provision of another			
44	law, the provisions of this Law <u>law</u> shall control. Provided that, this Law repeals the following:			
45	(a) BC-03-11-98-N (Resolution regarding Opposition to Disturbance/Removal of Human			
46	Burials			
47	(b) BC-2-18-98-A (Repatriated Human Remains)			
48	127.2-5. This Lawlaw is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Tribe of			
49	Indians of Wisconsin Nation.			
50				
51	127.3. Definitions			
52	127.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words and phrases used within this Lawlaw.			
53	All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.			
54	(a) "Days" shall mean calendar days, unless otherwise specifically stated.			
55	(a) "Decedent" means a person who has died.			
56	(b) - "Descendant" shall meanmeans a person who is not enrolled in the TribeNation, but			
57	is a blood relative in the direct line of descent of a Tribal an Oneida Nation member.			
58	(c) -"Disinterment" shall meanmeans to exhume buriedinterred human remains or			
59	cremated <u>human</u> remains.			
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60	(d) "Disinterment permit" means the form established by Land Management to authorize
61	removal of a human corpse from a grave or tomb.
62	(e) "Family" shall mean a Tribal member's means husband, wife, mother, father, son,
63	daughter, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, mother-in-
64	law, father-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, step-parent,
65	spouse and step-children as established through a certified copy of the original marriage
66	license, foster children, adopted children, kinship and fictive kinship relationships and/or
67	a person who accepts legal responsibility for the decedent.
68	(ef) "Interment" shall mean the act or ceremony of burying human remains or means to
69	bury remains.
70	(g) "Judiciary" means the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal
71	Council to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Oneida Nation.
72	(h) "Nation" means the Oneida Nation.
73	(i) "Reinterment" means to rebury remains.
74 75	(j) "Remains" means the body of a deceased person, regardless of its state, and includes
75 76	cremated remains. "Remains" is synonymous and may be used interchangeably with "decodent" and "compace"
70 77	<u>"decedent" and "corpse".</u> (f) "Re-interment" shall mean to rebury human remains or cremated remains.
77 78	(g) "Tribe" or "Tribal" shall mean the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.
70 79	(5) The of Theat shall mean the offenda Thee of matans of wisconsin.
80	(k) "Reservation" means all the lands and waters within the exterior boundaries of the
81	Reservation of the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida
82	7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.
83	(1) "Rule" means a set of requirements, including citation fees and penalty schedules, in
84	accordance with the Administrative Rulemaking law based on authority delegated in this
85	law in order to implement, interpret and/or enforce this law.
86	
87	127.4. Administration and Authority
88	127.4-1. The land designation, administrative duties and maintenance responsibilities for the
89	Oneida Sacred Burials Grounds, also known as Tsi? Tyeya?Tat'alih and any other cemetery
90	owned by the Nation shall be as provided within this section.
91	<u>127.4-2. Land Designation Responsibilities.</u> The Oneida Land Commission shall designate
92 02	parcel(s) of land to be used for one (1) or more Oneida Nation cemeteries.
93 04	<u>127.4-3.</u> Administrative Responsibilities. The Enrollment DepartmentLand Management shall
94 95	be responsible for the administrative duties for all Oneida Nation cemeteries. These duties include:
93 96	(a) Issuance of disinterment permits, where appropriate. An approved disinterment
90 97	permit constitutes authorization to transport the remains and reinter the disinterred
98	remains at an approved location within the boundaries of the Oneida Reservation. If the
99	remains are being transported outside the boundaries of the Oneida Reservation and/or
100	reinterment is occurring at a location outside the boundaries of the Oneida Reservation,
101	other laws may apply and the parties involved are responsible for compliance. Permits
102	shall include:
103	(1) Information that is necessary to identify the decedent;
104	(2) The date and place of death;
105	(3) The current place of interment;

l

106	(4) The intended place of interment, the name of the person requesting the
107	disinterment; and
108	(5) The name of the person in charge of the disinterment.
109	(b) Maintaining vital statistics of thosedecedents interred in a Tribal, disinterred, and/or
110	reinterred in an Oneida Nation cemetery, creating including data derived from certificates
111 112	death, fetal death reports or related reports, a report for final disposition, authorization for
112	disinterment or reinterment or related judicial order or any other data as determined by Land Management.
114	(c) Creating long-term strategic plans for TribalOneida Nation cemeteries and reporting
115	such information as may be required by the Oneida Business Committee or General
116	Tribal Council.
117	(b)-d) Causing portions of land designed to be used for a Tribalan Oneida Nation
118	cemetery to be surveyed and mapped into plots, drives and walks.
119	(c) (e) Maintain records concerning all plots.
120	(f) Requesting additional portions of land to be designated for use as an Oneida Nation
121 122	<u>cemetery, if needed.</u> (g) Selling and transferring plots and restricting the use of plots.
122	(d) h) Administering all paymentaccounting activities related to the sale or transfer of a
123	plot.
125	(ei) Determining how to utilize gifts to a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery.
126	(f) Maintaining Tribal cemeteries.
127	(g) (j) Establishing regulations orrules, entering into agreements with person(s) or
128	entities, where needed, in order to carry out their responsibilities under this Law.law.
1 /11	
129	127 5 Twithel Comptonies
130	127.5. Tribal Cemeteries
130 131	127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall
130	
130 131 132	127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities.Land CommissionManagement shalldesignate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsiblefor one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemeterymaintenance duties including:127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds.
130 131 132 133 134 135	127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities.Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any
130 131 132 133 134 135 136	127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules.
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130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138	 127.5-1. The Oneida-4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules. (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities.
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130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145	 127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules. (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities. (d) Oversight of any position created to care for the cemetery. 127.4-5. Public Health Emergency and Communicable Diseases. The Community Public Health Officer shall, in a state of emergency related to public health as duly proclaimed, issue and enforce orders that are reasonable and necessary to provide for the safe disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery. This includes the power to take possession or control of any remains and make orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, transportation, or other disposal. Additionally, the Community Public Health Officer may:
130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146	 127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules. (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities. (d) Oversight of any position created to care for the cemetery. 127.4-5. Public Health Emergency and Communicable Diseases. The Community Public Health Officer shall, in a state of emergency related to public health as duly proclaimed, issue and enforce orders that are reasonable and necessary to provide for the safe disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery. This includes the power to take possession or control of any remains and make orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, transportation, or other disposal. Additionally, the Community Public Health Officer may: (a) Determine conditions and order a specific method of disposal of remains in an Oneida
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130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148	 127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules. (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities. (d) Oversight of any position created to care for the cemetery. 127.4-5. Public Health Emergency and Communicable Diseases. The Community Public Health Officer shall, in a state of emergency related to public health as duly proclaimed, issue and enforce orders that are reasonable and necessary to provide for the safe disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery. This includes the power to take possession or control of any remains and make orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, transportation, or other disposal. Additionally, the Community Public Health Officer may: (a) Determine conditions and order a specific method of disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery of a decedent who has died of a communicable disease that is dangerous to public health, within a reasonable or necessary timeframe, as determined by the
$ \begin{array}{r} 130\\ 131\\ 132\\ 133\\ 134\\ 135\\ 136\\ 137\\ 138\\ 139\\ 140\\ 141\\ 142\\ 143\\ 144\\ 145\\ 144\\ 145\\ 146\\ 147\\ 148\\ 149 \end{array} $	 127.5-1. The Oneida 4-4. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5-2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules. (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities. (d) Oversight of any position created to care for the cemetery. 127.4-5. Public Health Emergency and Communicable Diseases. The Community Public Health Officer shall, in a state of emergency related to public health as duly proclaimed, issue and enforce orders that are reasonable and necessary to provide for the safe disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery. This includes the power to take possession or control of any remains and make orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, transportation, or other disposal. Additionally, the Community Public Health Officer may: (a) Determine conditions and order a specific method of disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery of a decedent who has died of a communicable disease that is dangerous to public health, within a reasonable or necessary timeframe, as determined by the Community Public Health Officer.
130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148	 127.5 1. The Oneida <u>4-4</u>. Maintenance Responsibilities. Land CommissionManagement shall designate parcel(s) of land to be usedresponsible for one (1) or more Tribal cemeteries.cemetery maintenance duties including: 127.5 2.(a) Maintaining Oneida Nation cemetery grounds. (b) Ensuring the appearance of an Oneida Nation cemetery is kept in accordance with any established rules. (c) Entering into agreements and communication with person(s) or entities, where needed, in order to meet the maintenance responsibilities. (d) Oversight of any position created to care for the cemetery. 127.4-5. Public Health Emergency and Communicable Diseases. The Community Public Health Officer shall, in a state of emergency related to public health as duly proclaimed, issue and enforce orders that are reasonable and necessary to provide for the safe disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery. This includes the power to take possession or control of any remains and make orders specific to embalming, interment, cremation, disinterment, transportation, or other disposal. Additionally, the Community Public Health Officer may: (a) Determine conditions and order a specific method of disposal of remains in an Oneida Nation cemetery of a decedent who has died of a communicable disease that is dangerous to public health, within a reasonable or necessary timeframe, as determined by the Community Public Health Officer.
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(b) Require the labeling of all remains before disposal in an Oneida Nation cemetery with 153 all available identifying information and information concerning the circumstances of 154 155 death and, in addition, require the remains of a decedent with a communicable disease be 156 clearly tagged to indicate that remains contain a communicable disease and, if known, the 157 specific communicable disease. 158 (c) Maintain or require the maintenance of a written or electronic record of all remains that are disposed of in an Oneida Nation cemetery, including all available identifying 159 information and information concerning the circumstances of death and disposal. These 160 written and electronic records shall be safeguarded following applicable privacy 161 162 standards and may only be released in accordance with applicable laws. If it is impossible to identify remains prior to disposal in an Oneida Nation cemetery, the Public 163 Health Office or designee may request that the local coroner or medical examiner obtain 164 165 any fingerprints, photographs, or identifying dental information, and/ or collect a specimen of deoxyribonucleic acid from the remains and transmit this information to any 166 interested public health authority. 167 168 127.4-6. *Other requirements*. Neither this section nor any other section of this law relieves any 169 person from all applicable legal, professional, or other requirements. 170 171 127.5. Eligibility- and Ownership 127.5-1. Eligibility. The following persons may be interred in a Tribalan Oneida Nation 172 173 cemetery: 174 (a) A TribalAn Oneida Nation member, his or her family-and, or descendants. 175 (b) Human remains Remains that are: 176 (1) Returned to the Tribe; or Nation; 177 (2) Repatriated; or 178 (3) Discovered on the Reservation and the Enrollment Department, if Oneida's 179 Cultural Heritage Department-and, along with any other interested parties have appropriate Oneida entity has determined that the most suitable place for 180 181 interment of the remains is a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery. 182 127.5-32. Ownership of Plots. Plots in a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery may be purchased by anyone for individuals eligible to be interred in a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery, as defined in 183 section 127.5-2. The1, but the owner of the plot shall be the individual for whom the plot was 184 purchased, if living, and shall be specified at purchase. Purchase of a plot does not result in any 185 186 ownership rights in the plot itself, but grants an individual the right to be interred in the plot or 187 determine who will be interred in the plot, subject to the eligibility requirements of this Lawlaw. 188 (a) In the event the owner of a plot becomes ineligible to be interred in a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery, he or she shall resell the plot shall be resold to the TribeNation in 189 190 accordance with section 127.5-32(c). 191 (b) A plot is not inheritable, and but may only be transferred from one the owner to an 192 individual eligible to be interred in a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery, as defined in 193 127.5-2. The transfer of a plot from one owner to another shall be processed through the 194 Enrollment DepartmentLand Management. 195 (c) A plot may only be re-soldresold by the owner of the plot to the TribeNation through the Enrollment Department.Land Management. Plots re-sold resold to the TribeNation 196 197 shall be bought for the original purchase price. The following owners of plots may resell 198 a plot to the TribeNation: 199 (1) Competent individuals who are at least eighteen (18) years of age;

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200	(2) Individuals who are less than eighteen (18) years of age, with the written					
201	permission of the original purchaser of the plot; and					
202	(3) Incompetent individuals who are at least eighteen (18) years of age, with the					
203	permission of their guardian or appropriate power of attorney.					
204	Γ					
205	127.6. Interment and Plots					
206	127.6-1. –All interments shall be approved by the Enrollment DepartmentLand Management					
207	prior to interment to ensure the health and safety of the public will not be endangered, that the					
208	plot is properly marked, and to provide information to any company or contractor providing					
209	services for the interment.					
210	(a) In any case in which a decedent will be buried in an Oneida Nation cemetery, Land					
211	Management shall report any known situations involving communicable diseases to					
212	Oneida's Community Public Health Officer for investigation. The Community Public					
213	Health Officer may determine conditions for disposal of the remains in accordance with					
214	section 127.4-5.					
215	127.6-2. No interments will be scheduled on the observance of any Holiday recognized by the					
216	Nation.					
217	<u>127.6-3.</u> <i>Cost of Interment</i> . All fees for the cost of a plot and/or an interment. or disinterment or					
218	re-internment, including all the below listed fees, are the responsibility of the deceased					
219	person'sdecedent's estate-or, if any, family assuming responsibility, or other individual assuming					
220	legal responsibility for the remains, unless otherwise stated. Land Management shall create rules					
221	regarding plot and marking fees.					
222	(a) Plot fees shall be paid prior to interment. The Oneida Business Committee, upon					
223	recommendation of the Enrollment Department, shall set plot fees through resolution.					
224	(b) Marking fees for the plot or monument location shall be assessed and required each					
225	time an interment occurs, whether the interment is of human remains, with or without a					
226	casket, or cremated remains.regardless of container use or method of disposition.					
227	(c) Opening and closing fees shall be assessed <u>determined</u> by the vendor chosen by the					
228	deceased's family or estate.					
229	(1) Any such vendor is required to have the qualifications and experience to					
230	perform opening and closings. Family members or private persons lacking					
231	qualifications or experience to perform burial related openings may not perform					
232	openings for the burial of caskets.					
233	(d) There shall be no plot fees or marking fees assessed for human-remains re-					
234	buried <u>interred</u> in accordance with <u>section</u> 127.5-2(b).7-4. If the TribeNation or its					
235	<u>contracted vendor</u> opens or closes a plot for the re-burialinterment of human remains in					
236	accordance with section 127.5-2(b),7-4, no fees shall be assessed for the opening or					
237	closing of the plot. Any fees for opening and closing a plot assessed by an outside					
238	vendor shall be the responsibility of the Tribe.					
239	127.6-34. Outer Burial Containers. Outer burial containers, such as liners and vaults, while					
240	recommended, are not required for interment, however if an outer burial container is purchased,					
241	the company shall notify the Enrollment Department before delivering and installing it in the					
242	designated plot in order to ensure the plot is properly prepared. Land Management shall provide					
243	information concerning the potential effects if a burial container is not used.					
244	127.6-4. <u>127.6-5.</u> Division of Plots. Each plot may <u>only</u> be used for the interment of:					
245	(a) one (1) or more human remains, corpse;					

246	(b) one (1) human corpse along with or without a casket(s) and/orthe cremated remains					
247	of one (1) other decedent; or					
248	(c) the cremated remains of an individual(s) as determined by the Enrollment					
249	Departmentup to four (4) decedents.					
250	<u>127.6-6</u> . <u>127.6-5</u> . Monuments and Flush Markers. No more than four (4) monuments or flush					
251	markers per plot shall be allowed. The Enrollment Department per plot. If a plot is designated					
252	for more than two (2) decedents, only flush markers can be installed outside of the designated					
253	headstone area. Land Management shall establish rules regarding maximum height, width and					
254	thickness requirements for monuments or flush markers placed at a plot. In addition, the					
255	Enrollment DepartmentLand Management may establish the types of materials that may be used					
256	for monuments or flush markers.					
257	(a) No monuments/markers will be installed from November 1st through May 1st.					
258						
259	127.6-6. Decorations. The Enrollment Department shall remove all inappropriate and					
260	deteriorated items left at a plot.					
261	127.6-7. Disinterment. Disinterment from a Tribal cemetery shall only occur upon order of the					
262	Tribe's judicial system. Disinterment is an extraordinary remedy that shall only be ordered when					
263	all other reasonable means for obtaining the requester's objective have been exhausted and when					
264 265	the Tribe's judicial system determines that substantial cause exists to order disinterment. (a) A request to the Tribe's judicial system to issue an order for disinterment from a					
265	Tribal <u>127.7-1</u> . Disinterment from an Oneida Nation cemetery may be made by occur pursuant to					
267	any of the following persons, in the following order; requirements for each are listed below:					
267	(a) Issuance of priority: an Order for Authorization of Disinterment and/or Reinterment by					
269	the Oneida Judiciary;					
270	(1) The surviving spouse of the deceased.					
270 271	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. 					
270 271 272	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. 					
270 271 272 273	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. (4) An adult sibling of the deceased. 					
270 271 272 273 274	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. (4) An adult sibling of the deceased. (5) A guardian of the person of the deceased at the time of the deceased's death. (b) A requester shall notify the Enrollment Department and all individuals of the same or a higher priority of his or her intent to request the Tribe's judicial system to issue an 					
270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. (4) An adult sibling of the deceased. (5) A guardian of the person of the deceased at the time of the deceased's death. (b) A requester shall notify the Enrollment Department and all individuals of the same or a higher priority of his or her intent to request the Tribe's judicial system to issue an order of disinterment. If any member of the same or a higher priority cannot be located, 					
270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. (4) An adult sibling of the deceased. (5) A guardian of the person of the deceased at the time of the deceased's death. (b) A requester shall notify the Enrollment Department and all individuals of the same or a higher priority of his or her intent to request the Tribe's judicial system to issue an order of disinterment. If any member of the same or a higher priority cannot be located, this, along with the efforts taken to locate the individual, shall be reported to the Tribe's 					
 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. (4) An adult sibling of the deceased. (5) A guardian of the person of the deceased at the time of the deceased's death. (b) A requester shall notify the Enrollment Department and all individuals of the same or a higher priority of his or her intent to request the Tribe's judicial system to issue an order of disinterment. If any member of the same or a higher priority cannot be located, this, along with the efforts taken to locate the individual, shall be reported to the Tribe's judicial system. Notification shall specifically state: 					
 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 	 (1) The surviving spouse of the deceased. (2) An adult child of the deceased. (3) A parent of the deceased. (4) An adult sibling of the deceased. (5) A guardian of the person of the deceased at the time of the deceased's death. (b) A requester shall notify the Enrollment Department and all individuals of the same or a higher priority of his or her intent to request the Tribe's judicial system to issue an order of disinterment. If any member of the same or a higher priority cannot be located, this, along with the efforts taken to locate the individual, shall be reported to the Tribe's judicial system. Notification shall specifically state: (1) the(b) Land Management's issuance of a disinterment permit; or 					
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293	(2) The requester's name, address, telephone number, and relationship with the				
294	decedent;				
295	(3) The requester's intent to obtain an order of disinterment/reinterment;				
296	(2) the <u>4</u>) The reason for the disinterment;				
297	(3) the place <u>5) The location of re-interment reinterment and/or intent</u>				
298	of <u>certification that</u> the requestor topetitioner will have humanthe remains				
299	cremated; and				
300	(4) that (6) Individual or entity responsible for the disinterment/reinterment; and				
301	(7) That any objections shall be filed with the Tribe's judicial system Judiciary				
302	within five (5) business days of the notification, or may be presented at the				
303	hearing.				
304	(c) Disinterment Process.				
305	(1) The Tribe's judicial system(b) Unless the Judiciary has found that grounds exist to				
306	dispense with Notice requirements, the Judiciary shall set a hearing date on the				
307	disinterment requestPetition for Order for Authorization for Disinterment and/or				
308	Reinterment at the earliest possible time after the deadline for filing objections has passed				
309	and shall issue an orderOrder on the matter within ten (10) days after the hearing, taking.				
310	The Judiciary may, for good cause, extend the time for issuance of an Order for an				
311	additional ten (10) days. When entering its decision, the Judiciary may also take into				
312	consideration:				
313	(A) the manner in which the deceased died;				
314	(B) whether (1) The cause and manner of the decedent's death, including whether				
315	the Petitioner was convicted for a murder or homicide related offense in				
316	connection with the decedent's death;				
217	(1) Whather diginterment would create a known nublic health rick.				
317	(2) Whether disinterment would create a known public health risk;				
318	(C)-3) The decedent's will or other evidence of the decedent's wishes concerning				
318 319	(C)-3) The decedent's will or other evidence of the decedent's wishes concerning final disposition, if known;				
318 319 320	 (C)-3) The decedent's will or other evidence of the decedent's wishes concerning final disposition, if known; (D) any4) Any objections filed with the Tribe's judicial systemJudiciary or 				
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318 319 320 321 322	 (C)-3) The decedent's will or other evidence of the decedent's wishes concerning final disposition, if known; (D) any4) Any objections filed with the Tribe's judicial systemJudiciary or presented at the hearing; (E) whether5) Whether an order of disinterment or similar order from a court 				
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 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 	 (C) 3) The decedent's will or other evidence of the decedent's wishes concerning final disposition, if known; (D) any4) Any objections filed with the Tribe's judicial systemJudiciary or presented at the hearing; (E) whether5) Whether an order of disinterment or similar order from a court other than the Tribe's judicial systemJudiciary has been issued; and (F) whether6) Whether any required permits regarding re-interment have been obtained; or (2) All of the factors listed in 127.6-(7) Any other factor requiring consideration. (c) shall be considered when determining whether to allow disinterment, although the Tribe's judicial system The Judiciary may deny the request for disintermentPetition for Order for Authorization for Disinterment and/or Reinterment based solely on any objectionsan objection to the disinterment_either filed or presented by an individual with the same or a higher priority than the requester. (3) The Tribe's judicial system may, for good cause, extend the time for an order to be issued for an additional ten (10) days. (4) The Tribe's judicial system may issue an additional order(s) to assist the requester in obtaining his or her objective for disinterment, including testing, inspection and/or transportation of the remains. 				

340	(e) <i>Time lines for Disinterment.</i>
341	(1) The Judiciary may modify the appeal time frame if it is determined exigent
342	circumstances exist requiring more immediate disinterment. If no appeal of an order
343	issued under this section is filed, disinterment shall take place within sixty (60) days after
344	the deadline for filing an appeal has passed. <u>If an appeal is filed, a stay of the</u>
345	disinterment may be ordered, but only after inquiry into the facts and a finding that based
346	on the facts it is reasonable to stay disinterment pending appeal.
347	(2) If an appeal is filed, disinterment shall take place within sixty (60) days after
348	the final judgment has been issued.
349	(f) Following disinterment, the remains of the deceased person shall be reinterred or
350	cremated within forty-eight (48) hours of disinterment.
351	(g) The Enrollment Department shall be present at each disinterment and re-interment
352	that occurs in the Tribal cemetery and shall have the authority to restrict who may be
353	present during a disinterment or re-interment.
354	(h) The requester 127.7-3. Land Management's issuance of a disinterment permit. Land
355	Management shall issue a Permit for Disinterment when all of the following occur:
356	(a) The person in charge of the disinterment submits a complete Application for
357	Disinterment Permit to Land Management.
358	(b) The person in charge of the disinterment submits a complete Land Management
359	Consent Form, signed by any of the following persons, in the order of priority stated
360	below, when persons in prior classes are not available at the time of application, and in
361	the absence of actual notice of contrary indications by the decedent or actual notice of
362	opposition by a member of the same or a prior class:
363	(1) An individual, as designated in writing by the decedent as listed in the
364	Authorization for Final Disposition;
365	(2) The decedent's spouse;
366	(3) An adult son or daughter of the decedent;
367	(4) Either parent of the decedent;
368	(5) An adult brother or sister of the decedent;
369	(6) A guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death;
370	(7) Any other person authorized, under obligation, or agreeing to dispose of the
371	decedent's corpse.
372	(c) Land Management shall deny the request for a Disinterment Permit when an
373	objection to the disinterment is either filed or presented by an individual with the same or
374	a higher priority than the requester. In such cases, Land Management shall refer the
375	requester to the Judiciary.
376	<u>127.7-4</u> . Reinterment by Land Management. Land Management may reinter or disinter human
377	remains that are interred in an Oneida cemetery in another plot in the same cemetery under the
378	following circumstances:
379 380	(a) Reinterment is necessary to correct a recordkeeping error made by the Nation or its designee when the human remains were first buried; and
380 381	(b) Notification concerning the need for reinterment is made to one of the following, in
382	descending order, by registered mail:
382 383	(1) The decedent's spouse;
383 384	(2) An adult son or daughter of the decedent;
385	(3) Either parent of the decedent; or
385 386	(4) An adult brother or sister of the decedent.
500	
	1 O.C. 127 – Page 8

- (c) Land Management shall maintain a record of its attempt to provide notification under 387 this section as part of Land Management's permanent records. 388 389 127.7-5. The Nation shall be responsible for making all arrangements and incurring all costs 390 associated with disinterment and re-intermentreinterment due to a recordkeeping error on the 391 Nation's behalf. 392 393 127.78. Prohibited Items and Behavior on Cemetery Grounds 394 127.78-1. The Enrollment DepartmentLand Management shall establish cemeterypromulgate 395 rules concerning the maintenance and appearance of Oneida Nation cemetery grounds which 396 shall be publically posted, including on TribalOneida Nation cemetery grounds. The Enrollment 397 Oneida Trust/Enrollment DepartmentLand Management shall notify the 398 Committee Environmental Resource Board of the current rules and any changes to any such rules. 399 127.7-2. The Enrollment Department, (a) Land Management or its designee, may remove 400 and dispose of any non-conforming objects from plots, prohibit individuals who violate 401 this Law and/or the cemetery grounds. 402 127.8-2. In accordance with applicable Oneida law, the Environmental Resource Board shall 403 promulgate rules from accessing a Tribal concerning prohibited uses of Oneida Nation cemetery 404 and/or contact the grounds. 405 (a) The Oneida Police Department for assistance with individuals who violate this Law or the 406 cemetery rules. 407 (a) The Oneida Policeor Oneida Conservation Department may issue citations for 408 violation of this Lawlaw or the cemetery rules in accordance with the Public Use of 409 Tribal Lands Schedule of Citations adopted by the Oneida Business Committeeapplicable 410 Oneida law. 411 (b) Criminal or any other unlawful activity conducted occurring at a Tribalan Oneida Nation cemetery shall be handled in accordance with applicable law. 412 413 414 127.7-3. Appeals. Enrollment Department decisions9. Complaint Process 415 127.9-1. Any individual may file a complaint with Land Management regarding the implementation and enforcement of this Law and law. 416 127.9-2. Within five (5) business days of the receipt of a complaint, Land Management shall 417 respond in writing indicating any action taken or planned action to remedy the complaint to the 418 419 individual that filed the creation and enforcement of any cemetery rules may be appealed to 420 complaint, if the Trust/Enrollment Committee.address is known, to the Oneida Land 421 Commission, and to the Environmental Resource Board. 422 423 End. 424 425 BC-09-02-88-A (Adoption of the Burial Ordinance) 426 BC-05-19-89-E (Adoption of Burial Ordinance) 427 BC-02-23-05-F (Emergency Adoption of Amendments) 428 BC-06-29-05-A (Permanent Adoption of Emergency Amendments) 429 BC-1-14-09-E (Adoption of Cemetery Law) 430 BC-10-09-13-B (Adoption of Emergency Amendments) 431 BC-03-26-14-C (Extension of Emergency Amendments)
- 432 BC-07-23-14-B (Adoption of Amendments)

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FINANCE ADMINISTRATION Fiscal Impact Statement



MEMORANDUM

RE:	Fiscal Impact of Amendments – Cemetery Law
	Ralinda Ninham-Lamberies, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
TO:	Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
FROM:	Rae Skenandore, Project Manager
DATE:	March 27, 2017

I. Estimated Fiscal Impact Summary

Law: Cemetery Law			Draft 7
Implementing Agency	Division of Land Management Environmental Resource Board		
Estimated time to comply	6 (six) months		
Estimated Impact	Current Fiscal Year	10 Year Est	imate
Start up	\$0		
Personnel	\$0		
Office	\$0		
Documentation Costs	\$0		
Total Estimated Fiscal Impact	\$0	\$0	
Revenue and cost considerations	None		
Uncertainties and Unknowns	None		

II. Background

A. Legislative History

This Law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-5-19-89-E and amended by resolutions BC-6-29-05-A, BC-1-14-09-E and, BC-07-23-14-B.

B. Summary of Content

1. Designate the Division of Land Management (DOLM) with administrative & maintenance oversight.

2. Designate the Community Public Health Officer with authority over situations involving decedents who have died of communicable diseases.

3. Grant rulemaking authority to the Division of Land Management, the Environmental Resource Board and the Community Public Health Officer.

4. Update the complaint process regarding the implementation and enforcement of this law.

C. Methodology and Assumptions

1. A "Fiscal Impact Statement" means an estimate of the total identifiable fiscal year financial effects associated with legislation and includes startup costs, personnel, office, documentation costs, as well as an estimate of the amount of time necessary for an agency to comply with the law after implementation.

2. Finance does NOT identify the source of funding for the estimated cost or allocate any funds to the legislation.

3. The analysis was completed based on the information provided as of the date of this memo.

II. Agency

This Law transfers the authority and the responsibility for the Cemetery from Enrollments to Land Management. According to the Division of Land Management (DOLM), additional duties will be absorbed by existing employees. The outside contract for maintenance of the grounds will transfer from Enrollments to DOLM. Therefore, there is no fiscal impact.

Rulemaking and additional processes & forms will need development. DOLM is requesting a minimum of 6 (six) months prior to implementation compliance.

III. Financial Impact

No impact.

IV. Recommendation

Finance does not make a recommendation in regards to course of action in this matter. Rather, it is the purpose of this report to disclose potential financial impact of an action, so that the Oneida Business Committee and General Tribal Council has the information with which to render a decision.



Public Packet

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	1	26	/	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🔄 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:				
Agenda Header: Standing Committees				
Accept as Information only				
Action - please describe:				
Approve the June 21, 2017 LOC Meeting Minutes				
3. Supporting Materials				
Report Resolution Contract				
⊠ Other:				
1. June 21, 2017 LOC Minutes 3.				
2. 4.				
Business Committee signature required				
4. Budget Information				
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted				
5. Submission				
Authorized Sciencer (Lipicon)				
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Brandon Stevens, LOC Chair				
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jennifer Falck, LRO Director				
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member				
Additional Requestor:				
Name, Title / Dept.				
Additional Requestor:				
Name, Title / Dept.				

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee Legislative Operating Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 Oneida-nsn.gov



LEGISLATIVE OPERATING COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

Business Committee Conference Room-2nd Floor Norbert Hill Center

June 21, 2017

9:00 a.m.

Present: Brandon Stevens, Fawn Billie, David P. Jordan **Excused**: Tehassi Hill and Jennifer Webster

Others Present: Candice Skenandore, Maureen Perkins, Clorissa Santiago, Tani Thurner, JoAnne House, Krystal John, Robert J. Collins II, Bonnie Pigman, Mike Debraska, Dakota Oskey, Ed Delgado

I. Call to Order and Approval of the Agenda

Brandon Stevens called the June 21, 2017 Legislative Operating Committee meeting to order at 9:04 a.m.

Motion by Fawn Billie to adopt the agenda with the addition of the Legislative Reference Office SOP, seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

II. Minutes to be approved

1. June 7, 2017 LOC Meeting Minutes

Motion by David P. Jordan to approve the June 7, 2017 LOC meeting minutes; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

III. Current Business

1. Domestic Animals (Tribal Regulation of) Amendments (01:20-02:51)

Motion by Fawn Billie to accept the public meeting comments and forward the Domestic Animals Amendments adoption packet to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Vehicle Driver Certification and Fleet Management (02:55-3:51)

Motion by David P. Jordan to accept the public meeting comments and forward the Vehicle Driver Certification and Fleet Management adoption packet to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Professional Conduct for Attorneys and Advocates (3:54-5:20)

Motion by David P. Jordan to approve the public meeting packet and forward the Professional Conduct for Attorneys and Advocates law to a public meeting to be held on Thursday, July 20, 2017; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

4. Legal Resource Center (5:27-12:33)

Motion by Fawn Billie to approve the public meeting packet and forward the Legal Resource Center law to a public meeting to be held on Thursday, July 20, 2017; seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

5. Landlord-Tenant Amendments (12:34-16:15)

Motion by David P. Jordan to accept the public meeting comments and memorandum and forward the Landlord-Tenant amendments adoption packet to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

6. Conflict of Interest Amendments (16:34-33:52)

Motion by Fawn Billie to accept the public meeting comments and forward the Conflict of Interest amendments adoption packet to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

7. Audit Law Amendments (33:55-40:07)

Motion by David P. Jordan to direct the Legislative Reference Office to schedule a work meeting with Internal Audit, Law Office, HRD, and Finance; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

8. Business Committee Meetings Law (40:10-56:46)

Motion by Fawn Billie to accept the public meeting comment response memorandum and updated draft and direct the Legislative Reference Office to update the legislative analysis and prepare an adoption packet; seconded by David P. Jordan. Motion carried unanimously.

9. Workplace Violence (56:53-57:30)

Motion by David P. Jordan to accept the public meeting comment response memorandum and draft and forward the Workplace Violence law adoption packet to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

IV. New Submissions

V. Additions

1. Legislative Reference Office Public Meeting SOP (57:38-58:29)

Motion by David P. Jordan to defer the revised LRO Public Meeting SOP to a work meeting with the Legislative Reference Office; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

VI. Administrative Updates

1. Second Extension of the Effective Date of the Community Support Fund Law (58:34-1:04:17)

Motion by David P. Jordan to accept the Resolution: Second Extension of the Effective Date of the Community Support Fund Law and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Petition: Delgado Trust Land Distribution (01:04:23-01:05:29)

Motion by David P. Jordan to Add Petition: Delgado Trust Land Distribution to the active files list with Brandon Stevens sponsor and accept the statement of effect

A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.



regarding Petition: Delgado- Trust Land Distribution and forward to the Oneida Business Committee for consideration; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Health Board Memorandum (01:05:33-01:06:42)

Motion by David P. Jordan to approve the Health Board Memorandum and forward to the Oneida Business Committee; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.

VII. Executive Session

VIII. Adjourn

Motion by David P. Jordan to adjourn the June 21, 2017 Legislative Operating Committee meeting at 10:11 a.m.; seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously.



A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

Public Packet

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 26 / 17				
2. General Information: Session: Open Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:				
Agenda Header: Standing Com	mittees			
Accept as Information onlyAction - please describe:				
BC approval of Finance Comm	nittee Meeting Minutes of July 17, 2017			
3. Supporting Materials □ Report □ Resolution □ Contract ☑ Other: 1.FC E-Poll approving 7/17/17 Minutes 3.				
2. FC Mtg Minutes of 7/17/17	7			
Business Committee signature	required			
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted				
5. Submission				
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison:	Trish King, Tribal Treasurer			
Primary Requestor:	Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant /Finance Administration Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member			
Additional Requestor:	Name, Title / Dept.			
Additional Requestor:	Name, Title / Dept.			

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Oneida Business Committee approval is required to approve all Finance Committee meeting actions as the FC is a standing committee of the OBC.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

ONEIDA NATION

P.O. Box 365



Oneida, WI 54115

MEMORANDUM

- **TO:** Finance Committee
- **CC:** Business Committee
- FR: Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant
- **DT:** July 18, 2017

RE: <u>E-Poll Results of: FC Meeting Minutes of JULY 17, 2017</u>

An E-Poll vote of the Finance Committee was conducted to approve the July 17, 2017 Finance Committee meeting minutes. The results of the completed E-Poll are as follows:

E-POLL RESULTS:

There was a Majority <u>4 YES</u> votes from Patrick Stensloff, Chad Fuss, Wesley Martin, Jr. and Larry Barton to approve the July 17, 2017 Finance Committee Meeting Minutes.

The minutes will be placed on the next BC agenda of July 26, 2017 for approval and the next Finance Committee agenda of July 31, 2017 to ratify this E-Poll action.

Yaw^ko

* Per the Finance Committee By-Laws Article III-Meetings, 3-4 Quorum. Four (4) members of the Finance Committee shall constitute a quorum & 3-6 Voting. (d) The Finance Committee shall act by a majority of vote of the quorum present at any meeting.

Finance Administration Office Phone: 920- 869-4325 FAO@oneidanation.org



ONEIDA FINANCE COMMITTEE

FC WORK MEETING Jul. 17, 2017 – 9:00 A.M. BC Executive Conference Room

REGULAR MEETING Jul. 17, 2017 – 10:00 A.M. BC Executive Conference Room

REGULAR MEETING MINUTES

FC Work Meeting:

Patricia King, Treasurer/FC Chair Jennifer Webster, BC Council Member Patrick Stensloff, Purchasing Director Larry Barton, CFO/FC Vice-Chair Chad Fuss, Gaming AGM/FC Alternate Wesley Martin, Jr., Community Elder Member

Excused: David Jordan, BC Council Member

Others Present: Joanie Buckley, Frank Vandehei and Denise Vigue, taking notes

FC Regular Meeting:

Patricia King, Treasurer/FC Chair Chad Fuss, Gaming AGM/FC Alternate Wesley Martin, Jr., Community Elder Member Larry Barton, CFO/FC Vice-Chair Patrick Stensloff, Purchasing Director

Excused: Jennifer Webster, BC Council Member and David Jordan, BC Council Member

Others Present: Joanie Buckley, Mari Kriescher, Ted Skenandore, Matt Denny, Frank Vandehei and Denise Vigue, taking minutes

I. Call to Order: The FC regular meeting was called to order by the FC Chair at 10:00 A.M.

II. Approval of Agenda: JULY 17, 2017:

Motion by Chad Fuss to approve the Finance Committee agenda for July 17, 2017. Seconded by Larry Barton. Motion carried unanimously.

III. Approval of Minutes: JUNE 29, 2017 (approved via FC E-Poll on 7/5/17):

Motion by Chad Fuss to ratify the FC E-Poll action of July 5, 2017 approving the Finance Committee meeting minutes of June 29, 2017. Seconded by Patrick Stensloff. Motion carried unanimously.

IV. Tabled Business:

1. <u>Research: Green Bay Packer Merchandise</u> Denise Vigue, Finance

Motion by Chad Fuss to remove the item from the table for discussion. Seconded by Larry Barton. Motion carried unanimously.

The research entailed a historical perspective of this item that has been discussed at GTC since 2015; from the minutes it is understood that the GTC did approve the Audit Presentation on 4/23/17; all recommendations in the Audit Presentation are for Management and or the Business Committee to follow up on for actions regarding the recommendations.

Motion by Larry Barton to accept the research report as FYI. Seconded by Wesley Martin, Jr. Motion carried unanimously.

2. <u>Oneida Community Farm Projects</u> Requestor: Frank Vandehei

Motion by Larry Barton to remove the item from the table for discussion. Seconded by Patrick Stensloff. Motion carried unanimously.

This item was discussed extensively in the FC work meeting just prior to this meeting including a full presentation by Joanie Buckley on behalf of Tsyunhehkwa & a discussion with Frank Vandehei: It is understood that what is being proposed in this request and for Donation Request #2 are agricultural activities that do not duplicate what the Nation currently offers but does compliment those activities by working with tribal members at their own homes throughout the community. A discussion of previous projects that already received donations and how all operations can be funneled through one department within the Nation were mentioned: there needs to be basic expectations aside from a EIN number for these types of requests; it was suggested that all requestors understand that a complete follow up summary of activities has to be provide after the growing season, that these types of requests are a one-time "start-up" donation, and that any donation funds are to be used for equipment/supplies only (receipts with summary required).

Motion by Larry Barton to approve the Oneida Community Farm Projects in the amount of \$2,500. with the following guidelines: Requestor is to bring back in the fall a summary of the activities the project provided this growing season and list of participants; requestor is to use funds for equipment/supply purchases only; and it is understood this donation is a one-time request. Seconded by Chad Fuss. Motion carried unanimously.

V. Capital Expenditures:

1. <u>OGC-Surveillance Transfer to Technology Set-Aside for SSRP</u> Mark Powless, OGC Chair

Matt Denny was present to discuss this request to transfer capital expenditure funds from OGC-Surveillance to the replacement project (SSRP); proposed expenses for several items are no longer needed and or already purchased; the SSRP costs more than anticipated and project has started with the casino outlets.

Motion by Wesley Martin, Jr. to approve the OGC Surveillance Capital Expenditure Budget transfer to the Technology set-aside for the Surveillance System Replacement Project in the amount of \$134,630., with the understanding these items will not be requested in the FY18 budget. Seconded by Larry Barton Motion carried unanimously.

VI. Donations:

1. <u>FC Monthly Donation Line Update</u> Denise Vigue, Finance

There were four Donation requests approved in the third quarter with one more that is pending today's decision. The balance of funds after three quarters is \$17,825.38, not counting any actions taken today.

Motion by Chad Fuss to accept the Finance Committee Monthly Donation Line update as FYI. Seconded by Wesley Martin, Jr. Motion carried unanimously.

2. Yukwanuhkwat Kahkwa?

Requestor: Ted Skenandore

Ted Skenandore provide a verbal presentation to the slides already submitted in the FC packets; he is growing on his own property sprouts and microgreens and working to get these and the other plant based items he grown into the school system; mainly day care, tribal school; harder to get to nursing home because of the strict federal guidelines; intends on teaching others how to grow food for healthier diets; has extensive background and understands the growing, harvesting, packaging and sales of products; his request was also discussed in the previous work session.

Motion by Wesley Martin, Jr. to approve the Yukwanuhkwat Kahkwa? Project in the amount of \$2,500. with the following guidelines: Requestor is to bring back in the fall a summary of the

Public Packet

activities the project provided this growing season and list of participants; requestor is to use funds for equipment/supply purchases only; and it is understood this donation is a one-time request. Seconded by Chad Fuss. Motion carried unanimously.

VII. New Business:

1. <u>Meadowbrook Insurance-Property Premium</u> Robert Keck, Risk Management

Robert Keck was present to explain this request for a premium insurance payment for the Nations' properties; contract payment is July 1st to July 1st each year; original contract had an RFP and legal review; same carrier for six years; plan to send out RFP next year to price the market.

Motion by Wesley Martin, Jr. to approve the Property Insurance Premium payment to Meadowbrook in the amount of \$423,055. S econded by Chad Fuss. Larry Barton abstained. Motion carried.

2. <u>FC Third Quarter Report to the BC</u> Larry Barton, CFO

Motion by Larry Barton to approve the FC Third Quarter Report and send to the next BC Report Agenda. Seconded by Wesley Martin, Jr. Motion carried unanimously.

VIII. Executive Session: No Requests

- **IX.** Follow Up: None
- X. FYI and /or Thank You: No items
- **XI. Adjourn:** Motion by Wesley Martin, Jr. to adjourn. Seconded by Chad Fuss. Motion carried unanimously. The regular Finance Committee meeting ended at 11:08 A.M.

Minutes taken & transcribed by: Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant to the CFO & Finance Committee Contact/Recording Secretary

Finance Committee-E-Poll Minutes Approval Date: <u>July 18, 2017</u>

Oneida Business Committee's FC Minutes Approval Date: _____

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1.	Meeting	Date	Requested:	07	1	26	1	17

2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:			
Agenda Header: Standing Committees			
Accept as Information only			
 Action - please describe: 			
BC approval of Finance Committee E-Poll approving the sole source Prevea Clinics, Inc. agreement #2017-0808 with Behavioral Health.			
3. Supporting Materials ☐ Report ☐ Resolution ☐ Contract ☑ Other:			
1. FC E-Poll approving the Prevea Agreement 3.			
2 4			
Business Committee signature required			
4. Budget Information			
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted			
5. Submission			
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer			
Primary Requestor: Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant /Finance Administration Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member			
Additional Requestor:			
Name, Title / Dept.			
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.			

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Oneida Business Committee approval is required to approve all Finance Committee meeting actions as the FC is a standing committee of the OBC. See E-Poll notice below:

FC Special E-POLL: Prevea Clinics, Inc Agreement-

This was for a late ADD On that was not reviewed in time for the 7/17/17 FC Meeting. Before the 7/17/17 FC meeting began the members decided to send this out as a Special E-Poll to give members time to read the request & vote on it due to the agreement start date. (This is a sole source request) Amount being requested by Mari Kriescher, OCHC-Behavioral Health is \$109,200.00

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

ONEIDA NATION Finance Administration P.O. Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155 Phone: 920- 869-4325 <u>FAO@oneidanation.org</u>



<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

- To: Oneida Finance Committee
- Fr: Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant-Finance
- **Dt:** July 18, 2017
- Re: FC Special E-Poll Results Prevea Clinics, Inc.

This was for a late ADD On that was not reviewed in time for the 7/17/17 FC Meeting. Before the 7/17/17 FC meeting began the members decided to send this out as a Special E-Poll to give members time to read the request & vote on it due to the agreement start date. Amount being requested by Mari Kriescher, OCHC-Behavioral Health is \$109,200.00

E-POLL RESULTS:

There was a Majority - <u>5 YES</u> votes from Chad Fuss, Larry Barton, Patrick Stensloff, David Jordan and Jennifer Webster to approve request from Behavioral Health/OCH for the Prevea Clinics, Inc. contract #2017-0808 in the amount of \$109,200.00.

This concludes the Finance Committee Special E-poll. The information will be forwarded to the Business Committee agenda of July 26, 2017 agenda along with the FC meeting minutes of July 17, 2017. This item will also be place on the FC agenda of July 31, 2017 to ratify this Special E-Poll. Thank You.

Finance Committee By-Laws excerpt:

Article III. Meetings

3-6. Voting

(c) Telephone and e-mail polls may be allowed by authority of the (Finance Committee) Chairperson. Polls must be sent to all Finance Committee members with a quorum responding.

Public Packet

CONTRACT / PURCHASE APPROVAL REQUEST

Contacts

Date	6/26/2017	Requested Review Date	7/17/2017
Requestor's Name	Jamie Willis	Requestor's Phone #	869-4861
Business Unit Name	Consolidated Hlth	Area Director	Mari Kriescher
Business Unit Number	-	Executive Representative	Dr. Vir/ Debra Danforth

Description of Contract (Include a summary of the contract as well as benefits associated from the contract)

Review and approval of Service Agreement of Independent Contractors for Prevea Behavioral Health. This will improve access within Oneida Behavioral Health Services.

Terms of the Contract

Supplier Name	Prevea Clini	cs, Inc.	Vendor Number	102961		
Item(s) Purchased	Psychiatry S	ervices	Budgeted Purchase	YES		
Total Commitment	109,200.00		Trade-in / Book Value			
Shipping Costs	- [Legal Review Number	2017-080)8	
Contract Start Date	-		Contract End Date			
Auto-renewal clause	YES		If Yes, Notice Period	60		
CAP EX Approval			State License Current (Gaming Specific)			
CAP EX Line Item	X Line Item		Account Number	001-5235703-700-702125		

Competitive Bid/Sole Source Justification (Include a summary of the selection criteria if other than price)

	Supplier Name	Bid Amount	Indian Preference	Sole Source
Bidder #1	Prevea Clinics, Inc.			Х
Bidder #2				
Bidder #3				

Summary of selection criteria or sole source justification: The Comprehensive Health Division already has several service agreements with Prevea and they are willing to help with patient access within Behavioral Health.

Approval / Review D	7/12/17
	and the second s
Purchasing Review	7/12/17
Gaming Commission Review	1. A
Finance Committee Approval	
Cap-Ex Committee Approval	
HRD Review	
Risk Management Review	

Acknowl	edgement
CH Operations Director	CH Medical Director
DibraDoff T	Kaunde /

Public Packet

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 26 / 17
2. General Information: Session: 🛛 Open 🗌 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Standing Committees
 Accept as Information only Action - please describe:
BC approval of Finance Committee E-Poll approving the transfer of FY17 Capital Expenditure funds to CIP.
3. Supporting Materials Report Resolution Contract Other: 1. FC E-Poll approving the CapEx fund trans to CIP 3.
2. FC E-Poll Notice with backup 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer
Primary Requestor: <u>Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant /Finance Administration</u> Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Oneida Business Committee approval is required to approve all Finance Committee meeting actions as the FC is a standing committee of the OBC. See E-Poll notice below:

FC Special E-POLL: Capital Expenditure fund transfer to CIP:

The transfer of \$300,000.00 from Capital Expenditure funds from Elder Services to CIP project 05-013 -Elder Services/Apartment Improvements &

The transfer of \$21,000.00 asphalt replacement 3 Sisters to CIP project 14-013 -Early Head Start Facility

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf *OR* print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

ONEIDA NATION Finance Administration P.O. Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155 Phone: 920- 869-4325 <u>FAO@oneidanation.org</u>



<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

- To: Oneida Finance Committee
- Fr: Denise Vigue, Executive Assistant-Finance
- Dt: July 19, 2017

Re: FC Special E-Poll Results – Capital Expenditure Funds Transfer to CIP

This Special E-Poll was approved by the Treasure on 7/18/17. Request is for:

The transfer of \$300,000.00 from Capital Expenditure funds from Elder Services to CIP project 05-013 -Elder Services/Apartment Improvements and the transfer of \$21,000.00 asphalt replacement 3 Sisters to CIP project 14-013 -Early Head Start Facility

E-POLL RESULTS:

There was a Majority - <u>5 YES</u> votes from Larry Barton, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster, Chad Fuss and Patrick Stensloff to approve the request to transfer CapEx Funds to CIP as stated above.*

This concludes the Finance Committee Special E-poll. The information will be forwarded to the Business Committee agenda of July 26, 2017 agenda. This item will also be place on the FC agenda of July 31, 2017 to ratify this Special E-Poll. Thank You.

* The FC Elder member did not vote but asked to include his concern before any transfer of funds:

"All, Our these funds for Elder Apartment for the garages. The Elders residents have been waiting for over 6 years for these apartment. Please let me know about my concerns before these funds or approved. Thanks, Wes Martin -Elder FC Member"

Finance Committee By-Laws excerpt:

Article III. Meetings

3-6. Voting

(c) Telephone and e-mail polls may be allowed by authority of the (Finance Committee) Chairperson. Polls must be sent to all Finance Committee members with a quorum responding.

Denise J. Vigue

From:	Denise J. Vigue
Sent:	Tuesday, July 18, 2017 3:52 PM
То:	Chad M. Fuss; David P. Jordan; Jennifer A. Webster; Lawrence E. Barton; Louise C. Cornelius; Patricia M. King; Patrick W. Stensloff; Wesley Martin
Cc:	Brian A. Doxtator
Subject:	FC Special E-POLL_CAPEX Fund Transfer to CIP

Per approval from the Treasurer the following E-poll is being requested of the Finance Committee.

FC Special E-POLL: Capital Expenditure fund transfer to CIP:

The transfer of \$300,000.00 from Capital Expenditure funds from Elder Services to CIP project 05-013 -Elder Services/Apartment Improvements &

The transfer of \$21,000.00 asphalt replacement 3 Sisters to CIP project 14-013 -Early Head Start Facility

Please send you response to this E-Poll asap so we can add this to the 8/26/17 BC agenda. Thank you,

Denise Vigue

Executive Assistant to the CFO Finance Administration Office & Finance Committee Contact office 920.869.4325 fax 920.869.4393



A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

P.O. Box 365 Oneida, WI 54155 FAO@oneidanation.org

Denise J. Vigue

From:Brian A. DoxtatorSent:Tuesday, July 18, 2017 2:45 PMTo:Denise J. VigueSubject:FW: CIP Project Numbers - Budget

A e-poll request of the Finance committee is to transfer these monies into the C.I.P. projects.

From: Jacque Boyle Sent: Tuesday, July 18, 2017 2:26 PM To: Brian A. Doxtator Cc: Paul J. Witek Subject: FW: CIP Project Numbers - Budget

Hi Brian, Below are the details for transferring the \$300,000 Elder Services capex funds to CIP project 05-013 and \$21,000 asphalt replacement 3 Sisters to CIP project 14-013

If this is allowed, I will remove these requests from our FY18 capex budget requests.

From: Paul J. Witek Sent: Wednesday, July 05, 2017 11:11 AM To: Jacque Boyle Subject: CIP Project Numbers - Budget

Jacque,

Here is the information you requested regarding the possibility of transferring Cap-Ex funds to CIP.

Elder Services / Apartment Improvements

CIP #: 05-013 G/L #: not established (We have not activated the FY2015 CIP Budget Allocation of \$48,000, so no account number has been established)

Early Head Start Facility CIP #: 14-013 G/L #: 001-1101500-413

Paul J. Witek, AIA, LEED-AP Engineering Department

Senior Tribal Architect



A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	/	26	/	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Standing Committees
Accept as Information only
Motion to accept the May 11, 2017 Quality of Life (QOL) minutes
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. May 11, 2017 QOL Minutes 3.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Spansor (Lipison: Four Pillio Council Mombor
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Fawn Billie, Council Member
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Cathy Bachhuber, Executive Assistant
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.



Quality of Life Committee Meeting Minutes for May 11, 2017

Present: Trish King, Treasurer; Tehassi Hill and Brandon Stevens, Councilmembers **Others present:** Latsiklanunha Hill, Mandy Schneider, Priscilla Belisle, Dr. Ravinder Vir, George Skenandore, Cathy Bachhuber

I. Call to Order and Roll Call

Meeting called to order by Tehassi Hill at 8:42 a.m.

II. Approval of the agenda

Motion by Trish King to approve the agenda, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

III. Approval of Meeting Minutes

A. April 20, 2017 Quality of Life meeting minutes

Motion by Brandon Stevens to approve the April 20, 2017 Quality of Life meeting minutes, seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

IV. Unfinished Business

A. Case Management Strategy – Fawn Billie

Excerpt from April 20, 2017 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Trish King to defer to next month's QOL meeting and invite the GSD Director, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Tehassi Hill to add the Community Health Assessment (CHA) to the May Quality of Life agenda, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Note: Agenda item will be renamed "Case Management Strategy"

Excerpt from March 9, 2017 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to direct the Governmental Services Division Director to provide an update on the services provided and services needed for intake, disability, and/or handicap for the April Quality of Life meeting, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Excerpt from January 12, 2017 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to have the QOL Chair request an update from the Governmental Services Director and the Organization Development Specialist for the next QOL meeting, seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

Excerpt from December 8, 2016 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to have the QOL Chair send a memo [for the next BC work meeting; to the OBC and Tracey Cordova with an update from the QOL. Motion carried unanimously.

Excerpt from June 9, 2016 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to accept the verbal report and come back in 30 days for approval of a universal form, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Excerpt from May 12, 2016 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to have the QOL Chair meet with the Law office to draft an universal request form to provide to Social Services for case management and to bring back within 30 days, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.





Motion by Tehassi Hill to request GSD to formulate a referral consent form for the BC and send to the QOL Chair to be placed on the next BC agenda for adoption, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Excerpt from April 14, 2016 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to accept the Vice Chair's recommendation and invite Mallory Patten to the next QOL meeting, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Trish King for the Governmental Services Division Director and the Comprehensive Health Medical Division Director to work together to identify a team to improve 1) the coordination of care services we already provide 2) customer service and 3) case management, and to bring back to QOL for monthly updates, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

B. Tribal Action Plan – Mandy Schneider
 Excerpt from April 20, 2017 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Trish King to support the TAP Resolution moving forward for BC adoption, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.
 Excerpt from March 9, 2017 Quality of Life Meeting: Motion by Tehassi Hill to have the Tribal Action Plan (TAP) team bring back a status and needs report to the April 13th Quality of Life meeting, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

Motion by Brandon Stevens to accept the verbal update as an FYI, seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

V. New Business

A. Creating a Drug – Free Oneida Community

i. Drug Identification & Recognition to Support Tribal Justice Training – Fawn Billie, Brandon Stevens

Motion by Trish King to accept the update and refer this item to QOL Chair Fawn Billie for setting up a mandatory training for employees through HRD, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously.

ii. Documentary "Unguarded" and Speaker Chris Herren – Fawn Billie

Motion by Brandon Stevens to accept as FYI, seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

- VI. Reports
- VII. Additions

VIII. Adjourn

Motion by Brandon Stevens to adjourn at 11:01 a.m., seconded by Trish King. Motion carried unanimously.

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested: 0	7 / 26 / 17					
2. General Information: Session: 🔀 Open 🗌 Execu	tive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:					
Agenda Header: Appointment	5					
 Accept as Information only Action - please describe: 						
BC to approve the recommend Member elder 55 on the Paro	ndation to appoint Jeanette Archiquette-Ninham to serve as the 1 Community don and Forgiveness Screening Committee, and to repost the other 3 vacancies.					
3. Supporting Materials Report Resolution Other:	Report Resolution Contract					
1. Memo 2.	3					
Business Committee signatur	e required					
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution 	on 🔲 Budgeted - Grant Funded 📄 Unbudgeted					
5. Submission						
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison:	Cristina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman					
Primary Requestor/Submitter:	Submitted by Lora Skenandore, Assistant to Chairwoman Cristina Danforth Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member					
Additional Requestor:	Name, Title / Dept.					
Additional Requestor:	Name, Title / Dept.					

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

See memo which has all the required information.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

Public Packet

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 oneidansn.gov



TO: ONEIDA BUSINESS COMMITTEE

FROM: CHAIRWOMAN CRISTINA DANFORTH

DATE: JULY 17, 2017

RE: PARDON AND FORGIVENESS SCREENING COMMITTEE

There were 4 vacancies; 1 Community Member and 1 alternate, and 1 Community Member elder 55 and over and 1 alternate on the Pardon and Forgiveness Screening Committee. There is 1 applicant who is Jeanette Archiquette-Ninham.

The candidate is qualified to serve. In accordance with Article VI, Section 6-2 (c) of the Comprehensive Policy Governing Boards, Committees and Commissions, I recommend Jeanette Archiquette-Ninham to be appointed to serve as the 1 Community Member elder 55 on the Pardon and Forgiveness Screening Committee.

Please re-post for the other 3 vacancies.

Thank You.

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 26 / 17
2. General Information:
Session: 🛛 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Appointments
Accept as Information only
X Action - please describe:
Approve recommendation to appoint Elaine Skenandore-Cornelius as a Director for the Bay Bancorporation.
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
⊠ Other:
1. Letter from Jeff Bowman 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Councilman David Jordan
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Leyne Orosco, Executive Assistant
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Applications were reviewed for Director position on the Ban Bancorporation Board and Jeff Bowman is recommending Elaine Skenandore-Cornelius to be appointed to this board.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf *OR* print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org



"Community Banking the Way it Should Be"

June 28, 2017

Ms. Cristina Danforth Chairwoman and Bay Bank Liaison Oneida Nation N7210 Seminary Rd Oneida, WI 54155

David P. Jordan Business Committee Member – Alternate Bay Bank Liaison Oneida Nation N7210 Seminary Rd Oneida, WI 54155

Re: Recommendation for the Board position at Bay Bancorporation Inc

Dear Chairwoman Danforth and Councilman Jordan,

I have reviewed the applications for the position on the Bay Bancorporation Board of Directors.

I am recommending that the following person serve as a Director;

Elaine Skenandore-Cornelius

If this is acceptable, I would ask that Ms. Skenandore-Cornelius be sworn in at the next available BC meeting.

Please call me if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Jeff Bowman

President & CEO

2555 Packerland Drive PO Box 10855 Green Bay, WI 54307-0855 Phone (920) 490-7600 Fax (920) 490-0930 www.baybankgb.com 2550 W. Mason Street PO Box 10855 Green Bay, Wt 54307-0855

By-Laws of Bay Bancorporation, Inc.

	Intr	oduction - Varial	ble Refe	erences		
0.01. Date of annual	shareholders'	meeting (See S	ection 2	2.01):		
4:00 P.M.	2 nd	Thursday	April		1998 ¹	
(Hour) *	(Week)	(Ďay)	•	(Month))	(First Year)

0.02. Required notice of shareholders' meeting (See Section 2.04): not less than ten (10) days.

0.03. Authorized number of directors (See Section 3.01): Nine (9)

0.04. Required notice of directors' meetings (See Section 3.05 6):

- (a) Not less than 72 hours if by mail, and
- (b) Not less than 48 hours if by telegram or personal delivery.
- (c) Not less than 24 hours if by facsimile or email.²

0.05. Authorized number of Vice-Presidents (See Section 4.01): One (1)

* These spaces are reserved for official notation of future amendments to these Sections.

Article I. Offices

1.01. <u>Principle and Business Offices.</u> The corporation may have such principal and other business offices, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the Board of Directors may designate or as the business of the corporation may require from time to time.

1.02. <u>Registered Office</u>. The registered office of the corporation required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law to be maintained in the State of Wisconsin may be, but need not be, identical with the principal office in the State of Wisconsin, and the address of the registered office may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by the registered agent. The business office of the registered agent of the corporation shall be identical to such registered office.

Article II. Shareholders

2.01. <u>Annual Meetings.</u> The annual meeting of the shareholders shall be held at the date and hour in each year set forth in Section 0.01, or at such other time as may be fixed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors, for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other

¹ Amended January 8, 1998.

² Amended July 21, 2006

business as may come before the meeting. If the day fixed for the annual meeting shall be a legal holiday in the State of Wisconsin, such meeting shall be held on the next succeeding business day. If the election of directors shall not be held on the day designated herein, or fixed as herein provided, for any annual meeting of the shareholders, or at any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors shall cause the election to be held at a special meeting of the shareholders as soon thereafter as conveniently may be.

2.02. <u>Special Meetings.</u>³ Special meetings of the shareholders may be called by a majority of the shareholders, a majority of the shareholder's proper and elected representatives, or the Chairperson or president⁴ of the Board.

2.03. <u>Place of Meeting.</u> The Board of Directors may designate any place either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place of meeting for any annual meeting or for any special meeting called by the Board of Directors. A waiver of notice signed by all shareholders entitled to vote at a meeting may designate any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place for holding such meeting, If no designation is made, or if a special meeting be otherwise called, the place of meeting shall be the principal business office of the corporation in the State of Wisconsin or such other suitable place in the county of such principal office as may be designated by the person calling such meeting, but any meeting may be adjourned to reconvene at any place designated by vote of a majority of the shares represented thereat.

2.04. <u>Notice of Meeting</u>. Notice of the regular annual meeting and of special meetings shall be given by written or printed notice stating the time and place of the meetings, mailed to the last know post office address of each shareholder or the shareholder's proper and elected representatives, not less than the number of days set forth in section 0.02 (unless a longer period is required by law or the articles of incorporation) nor more than fifty days before the date of the meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail. In the notice of a special meeting, the business to be brought before the meeting shall be briefly stated, and no other business shall be voted upon at the meeting.⁵

2.05. <u>Closing of Transfer Books or Fixing of Record Date</u>. For the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination of shareholders for any other proper purpose, the Board of Directors may provide that the stock transfer books shall be closed for a stated period but not to exceed, in any case, fifty days. If the stock transfer books shall be closed for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders, such books shall be closed for at least ten days immediately preceding such meeting. In lieu of closing the stock transfer books, the Board of

- 3 Amended October 18, 2004
- 4 Amended July 21, 2006

⁵ Amended October 18, 2004.

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Directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders, such date in any case to be not more than fifty days and, in case of a meeting of shareholders not less than ten days prior to the date on which the particular action, requiring such determination of shareholders, is to be taken. If the stock transfer books are not closed and no record date is fixed for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders, or shareholders entitled to receive payment of a dividend, the close of business on the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed or on the date on which the resolution of the Board of Directors declaring such dividend is adopted, as the case may be, shall be the record date for such determination of shareholders. When a determination of shareholders is entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders has been made as provided in this section, such determination shall be applied to any adjournment thereof except where the determination has been made through the closing of the stock transfer books and the state period of closing has expired.

2.06. <u>Voting Records</u>. The officer or agent having charge of the stock transfer books for shares of the corporation shall, before each meeting of shareholders, make a complete record of the shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting, or any adjournment thereof, with the address of and the number of shares held by each. Such record shall be produced and kept open at the time and place of the meeting and shall be subject to the inspection of any shareholder during the whole time of the meeting for the purposes of the meeting. The original stock transfer books shall be prima facia evidence as to who are the shareholders entitled to examine such record or transfer books or to vote at any meeting of shareholders. Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall not affect the validity of any action taken at such meeting.

2.07. <u>Quorum</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, a quorum of the shares entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, shall require *66 2/3%*⁶ of the voting shares represented at the meeting and entitled to vote on the subject matter which vote shall constitute the act of the shareholders unless the vote of a greater number or voting by classes is required by law or the articles of incorporation. Though less than a quorum of outstanding shares are represented at a meeting, a majority of the shares so represented may adjourn the meeting from time to time subject to giving notice to the other shareholders of such adjourned date and time. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified.

2.08. <u>Conduct of Meeting.</u> The President, and in his/her absence, a Vice-President in the order provided under Section 4.06, and in their absence, any person chosen by shareholders present shall call the meeting of the shareholders to order and shall act as chairperson of the meeting, and the Secretary of the corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the shareholders, but, in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person to act as secretary of the meeting.

2.09. <u>Proxies.</u> At all meetings of shareholders, a shareholder entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy appointed in writing by the shareholder or by his duly authorized attorney in fact. Such proxy shall be filed with the Secretary of the corporation before or at the time of the meeting. Unless otherwise provided in the proxy, a proxy may be revoked at any time before it is voted, either by

⁶ Amended April 12, 1999.

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written notice filed with the Secretary or the acting secretary of the meeting or by oral notice given by the shareholder to the presiding officer during the meeting. The presence of a shareholder who has filed his/her proxy shall not of itself constitute a revocation. No proxy shall be valid after eleven months from the date of its execution, unless otherwise provided in the proxy. The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make rules establishing presumptions as to the validity and sufficiency of proxies.

2.10. <u>Voting of Shares.</u> Each outstanding share shall be entitled to one vote upon each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders, except to the extent that the voting rights of the shares of any class or classes are enlarged, limited or denied by the articles of incorporation.

2.11. Voting of Shares by Certain Shareholders.

(a) <u>Other Corporations.</u> Shares standing in the name of another corporation may be voted either in person or by proxy, by the president of such corporation or any other officer appointed by such president. A proxy executed by any principal officer of such other corporation or assistant thereto shall be conclusive evidence of the signer's authority to act, in the absence of express notice to this corporation, given in writing to the Secretary of this corporation, of the designation of some other person by the board of directors or the by-laws of such other corporation.

(b) Legal Representatives and Fiduciaries. Shares held by an administrator, executor, guardian, conservator, trustee, in bankruptcy, receiver, or assignee for creditors may be voted by him/her, either in person or by proxy, without a transfer of such shares into his/her name, provided that there is filed with the Secretary before or at the time of meeting proper evidence of his/her incumbency and the number of shares held. Shares standing in the name of a fiduciary may be voted by him/her, either in person or by proxy. A proxy executed by a fiduciary, shall be conclusive evidence of the signer's authority to act, in the absence of express notice to this corporation, given in writing to the Secretary of this corporation, that such manner of voting is expressly prohibited or otherwise directed by the document creating the fiduciary relationship.

(c) <u>Pledges.</u> A shareholder whose shares are pledged shall be entitled to vote such shares until the shares have been transferred into the name of the pledgee, and thereafter the pledgee shall be entitled to vote the shares so transferred.

(d) <u>Treasury Stock and Subsidiaries.</u> Neither treasury shares, nor shares held by another corporation if a majority of the shares entitled to vote for the election of directors of such other corporation is held by this corporation, shall be voted at any meeting or counted in determining the total number of outstanding shares entitled to vote, but shares of its own issue held by this corporation in a fiduciary capacity, or held by such other corporation in a fiduciary capacity, may be voted and shall be counted in determining the total number of outstanding shares entitled to determining the total number of outstanding shares entitled in determining the total number of outstanding shares entitled to vote.

(e) <u>Minors.</u> Shares held by a minor may be voted by such minor in person or by proxy and no such vote shall be subject to disaffirmance or avoidance, unless prior to such vote the Secretary of the corporation has received written notice or has actual knowledge that such shareholder is a minor.

(f) <u>Incompetents and Spendthrifts.</u> Shares held by an incompetent or spendthrift may be voted by such incompetent or spendthrift in person or by proxy and no such vote shall be subject to disaffirmance or avoidance, unless prior to such vote the Secretary of the corporation has actual knowledge that such shareholder has been adjudicated an incompetent or spendthrift or actual knowledge of filing of judicial proceedings for appointment of a guardian.

(g) <u>Joint Tenants.</u> Shares registered in the names of two or more individuals who are named in the registration as joint tenants may be voted in person or by proxy signed by any one or more of such individuals if either (i) no other such individual or his/her legal representative is present and claims the right to participate in the voting of such shares or prior to the vote files with the Secretary of the corporation a contrary written voting authorization or direction or written denial of authority of the individual present or signing the proxy proposed to be voted or (ii) all such other individuals are deceased and the Secretary of the corporation has no actual knowledge that the survivor has been adjudicated not to be the successor to the interests of those deceased.

2.12. <u>Waiver of Notice by Shareholders.</u> Whenever any notice whatever is required to be given to any shareholder of the corporation under the articles of incorporation or by-laws or any provision of law, a waiver thereof in writing, signed at any time whether before or after the time of meeting, by the shareholder entitled to such notice, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice; provided that such waiver in respect to any matter of which notice is required under any provision of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, shall contain the same information as would have been required to be included in such notice, except the time and place of meeting.

2.13. <u>Unanimous Consent Without Meeting</u>. Any action required or permitted by the articles of incorporation or by-laws or any provision of law to be taken at a meeting of the shareholders, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the shareholders entitled to vote with respect to the subject matter thereof.

Article III. Board of Directors

3.01. <u>General Power and Number</u>. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors. The number of directors of the corporation shall be as provided in Section 0.03.

3.02. <u>Election and Tenure</u>. The directors shall be elected by the shareholders at the regular annual meeting of the shareholders, and a majority of the shares represented shall be necessary for election. Each director shall hold office for three (3) years and until his or her successor has been elected and qualified, or until his or her death, or until he or she shall resign, or until he or she has been removed in a manner hereinafter provided. The terms of the directors shall be staggered in a manner set by motion, and then consistent thereafter. Any vacancy occurring on the Board shall be filled by the shareholders for the unexpired term. A director may be removed from office by affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, or by the election of such director taken at a special meeting of the shareholders called for that purpose. A director may resign at any time by filing his or her written resignation with the chairperson of the Board.⁷

3.03. <u>Qualifications.</u> Individuals eligible for election to the Board of Directors shall meet minimum qualifications determined by properly offered and approved motion(s) of the stockholders. Qualifications for membership to the Board may include experience, education, prior service to the shareholder or its affiliates, or other qualifications which the shareholders deem appropriate and are within the parameters of applicable laws. Due to the regulated nature of the business and the state of incorporation, shareholders shall not be bound by the Oneida Tribe of Indians Policy on Boards,

⁷ Amended October 18, 2004.

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Committees, and Commissions when electing eligible members to the Board. A director does not need to be a resident of the State of Wisconsin.⁸

3.04. <u>Regular Meetings.</u> A regular meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held without other notice than this by-law immediately after the annual meeting of the shareholders, and each adjourned session thereof. The place of such regular meeting shall be the same as the place of the meeting of shareholders which precedes it, or such other suitable place as may be announced at such meeting of shareholders. The Board of Directors may provide, by resolution, the time and place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, for the holding of additional regular meetings without other notice than such resolution.

3.05. <u>Special Meetings.</u> Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the President, Secretary or any four directors. The President or Secretary calling any special meeting of the Board of Directors may fix any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place for holding any special meeting of the Board of Directors called by them, and if no other place is fixed the place of meeting shall be the principal business office of the corporation in the State of Wisconsin.

3.06. Notice: Waiver. Notice of each meeting of the Board of Directors (unless otherwise provided in or pursuant to Section 3.03 4) shall be given by written notice delivered personally or mailed or given by telegram, facsimile or email⁹ to each director at his/her business address or at such other address as such director shall have designated in writing filed with the Secretary, in each case not less than that number of hours prior thereto as set forth in Section 0.04. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail so addressed, with postage thereon prepaid. If notice be given by telegram, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when the telegram is delivered to the telegraph company. If by facsimile or email upon receipt of confirmation of delivery.¹⁰ Whenever any notice whatever is required to be given to any director of the corporation under the articles of incorporation or by-laws or any provision of law, a waiver thereof in writing. signed at any time, whether before or after the time of meeting, by the director so entitled to such notice, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. The attendance of a director at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a director attends a meeting and objects thereat to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

3.07. <u>Quorum.</u> A quorum of directors shall require the presence of a minimum of five¹¹ board members, but a majority of the directors present (though less than such a quorum) may adjourn the meeting¹² providing that further notice is given to the other directors of such adjourned meeting date and time.

⁸ Amended October 18, and 2004, following sections renumbered. Internal citations corrected with strike-outs/italics.

9 Amended July 21, 200610 Amended July 21, 200611 Amended July 21, 2006

12 Amended July 21, 2006

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3.08. <u>Manner of Acting.</u> The majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors, unless the act of a greater number is required by law or by the articles of incorporation or these by-laws.

3.09. <u>Conduct of Meeting.</u> The President, and in his/her absence, a Vice-President in the order provided under Section 4.06, and in their absence, any director chosen by the directors present, shall call meetings of the Board of Directors to order and shall act as chairperson of the meeting. The Secretary of the corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the Board of Directors, but in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any Assistant Secretary or any director or other person present to act as secretary of the meeting.

3.10. <u>Vacancies</u>. Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors, including a vacancy created by an increase in the number of directors, may be filled until the next succeeding annual election by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, though less than a quorum of the Board of Director; provided, that in case of a vacancy crated by the removal of a director by vote of the shareholders, the shareholders shall have the right to fill such vacancy at the same meeting or any adjournment thereof.

3.4011. Compensation. The Compensation of directors shall be determined by the Shareholders.¹³

3.4412. <u>Presumption of Assent.</u> A director of the corporation who is present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof of which he/she is a member at which action on any corporate matter is taken shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless his/her dissent shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless he/she shall file his/her written dissent to such action with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or shall forward such dissent by registered mail to the Secretary of the corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. Such right to dissent shall not apply to a director who voted in favor of such action.

3.4213. <u>Committees.</u> The Board of Directors by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the number of directors as provided in Section 0.03 may designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of three or more directors elected by the Board of Directors, which to the extent provided in said resolution as initially adopted, and as thereafter supplemented or amended by further resolution adopted by a like vote, shall have and may exercise, when the Board of Directors is not in session, the powers of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, except action in respect to dividends to shareholders, election of the principal officers or the filling of vacancies in the Board of Directors or committees created pursuant to this section. The Board of Directors may elect one or more of its members as alternate members of any such committee, upon request by the President or upon request by the chairman/chairperson of such meeting. Each such committee shall fix its own rules governing the conduct of its activities and shall make such reports to the Board of Directors of its activities as the Board of Directors may request.

¹³ Amended October 18, 2004.

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3.4314. <u>Unanimous Consent Without Meeting.</u> Any action required or permitted by the articles of incorporation or by-laws or any provision of law to be taken by the Board of Directors at a meeting or by resolution may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the directors then in office.

Article IV. Officers

4.01. <u>Number</u>. The principal officers of the corporation shall be a President, the number of Vice-Presidents as provided in Section 0.05, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, each of whom shall be elected by the Board of Directors. Such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary may be elected or appointed by the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, except the offices of President and Secretary and the offices of President and Vice-President.

4.02. <u>Election and Term of Office.</u> The officers of the corporation to be elected by the Board of Directors shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at the first meeting of the Board of Directors held after each annual meeting of the shareholders. If the election of officers shall not be held at such meeting, such election shall be held as soon thereafter as conveniently may be. Each officer shall hold office until his/her successor shall have been duly elected or until his/her prior death, resignation or removal.

4.03. <u>Removal</u>. Any officer or agent may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever in its judgment the best interests of the corporation will be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Election or appointment shall not of itself create contract rights.

4.04. <u>Vacancies</u>. A vacancy in any principal office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise, shall be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

4.05. <u>President.</u> The President shall be the principal executive officer of the corporation and, subject to control of the Board of Directors shall in general supervise and control all of the business and affairs of the corporation. He/she shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the shareholders and of the Board of Directors. He/she shall have authority, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, to appoint such agents and employees of the corporation as he/she shall deem necessary, to prescribe their powers, duties and compensation, and to delegate authority to them. Such agents and employees shall hold office at the discretion of the President. He/she shall have authority to sign, execute and acknowledge, on behalf of the corporation, all deeds, mortgages bonds, stock certificates, contracts, leases, reports and all other documents or instruments necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the corporation's regular business or which shall be authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors; and, except as otherwise provided by law or the Board of Directors, he/she may authorize any Vice-President or other officer or agent of the corporation to sign, execute and acknowledge such documents or instruments in his/her place and stead. In general he/she shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors from time to time.

4.06. The Vice-Presidents. In the absence of the President or in the event of his/her death, inability or refusal to act, or in the event for any reason it shall be impracticable for the President to act personally, the Vice-President (or in the event there be more than one Vice-President, the Vice-

Presidents in the order designated by the Board of Directors, or in the absence of any designation, then in the order of their election) shall perform the duties of the President and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. Any Vice-President may sign, with the Secretary or Assistant Secretary, certificates for shares of the corporation; and shall perform such other duties and have such authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned to him/her by the President or by the Board of Directors. The execution of any instrument of the corporation by any Vice-President shall be conclusive evidence, as to third parties, of his/her authority to act in the stead of the President.

4.07. The Secretary. The Secretary shall:

(a) keep the minutes of the meetings of the shareholders and of the Board of Directors in one or more books provided for that purpose;

(b) see that II notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws or as required by law;

(c) be custodian of the corporate records and of the seal of the corporation and see that the seal of the corporation is affixed to all documents the execution of which on behalf of the corporation under its seal is duly authorized;

(d) keep or arrange for the keeping of a register of the post office address of each shareholder which shall be furnished to the Secretary by such shareholder;

(e) sign with the President, or a Vice-President, certificates for shares of the corporation, the issuance of which shall have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors;

(f) have general charge of the stock transfer books of the corporation; and

(g) in general perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and have such other duties and exercise such authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned to him/her by the President or by the Board of Directors.

4.08. The Treasurer. The Treasurer shall:

(a) have charge and custody of and be responsible for all funds and securities of the corporation;

(b) receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the corporation from any source whatsoever, and deposit all such moneys in the name of the corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositaries as shall be selected in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.04; and

(c) in general perform all of the duties incident to the office of Treasurer and have such other duties and exercise such other authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned to him/her by the President or by the Board of Directors.

If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give bond for the faithful discharge of his/her duties in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine.

4.09. <u>Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers.</u> There shall be such number of Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may from time to time authorize. The Assistant Secretaries may sign with the President or a Vice-President certificates for shares of the corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. The Assistant Treasurers shall respectively, if required by the Board of Directors give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine. The Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, in general, shall perform such duties and have such authority as shall from time to time be delegated or assigned to them by the Secretary or the Treasurer, respectively, or by the President or the Board of Directors.

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4.10. <u>Other Assistants and Acting Officers.</u> The Board of Directors shall have the power to appoint any person to act as assistant to any officer, or as agent for the corporation in his/her stead, or to perform the duties of such officer whenever for any reason it is impracticable for such officer to act personally, and such assistant or acting officer or other agent so appointed by the Board of Directors shall have the power to perform all the duties of the office to which he/she is so appointed to be assistant, or as to which he/she is so appointed to act, except as such power may be otherwise defined or restricted by the Board of Directors.

4.11. Salaries. The salaries of the principal officers shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by a duly authorized committee thereof, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary by reason of the fact that he/she is also a director of the corporation.

Article V. Contracts, Loans, Checks and Deposits; Special Corporate Acts

5.01. <u>Contracts</u>. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute or deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation, and such authorization may be general or confined to specific instances. In the absence of other designation, all deeds, mortgages and instruments of assignment or pledge made by the corporation shall be executed in the name of the corporation by the President or one of the Vice-Presidents and by the Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer; the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, when necessary or required, shall affix the corporate seal thereto; and when so executed no other party to such instrument or any third party shall be required to make any inquiry into the authority of the signing officer or officers.

5.02. <u>Loans.</u> No indebtedness for borrowed money shall be contracted on behalf of the corporation and no evidences of such indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by or under the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors. Such authorization may be general or confined to specific instances.

5.03. <u>Checks, Drafts, Etc.</u> All checks, drafts or other orders for the payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the corporation, shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by or under the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors.

5.04. <u>Deposits</u>. All funds of the corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositaries as may be selected by or under the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors.

5.05. <u>Voting of Securities Owned by this Corporation</u>. Subject always to the specific directions of the Board of Directors, (a) any shares or other securities issued by any other corporation and owned or controlled by this corporation may be voted at any meeting of security holders of such other corporation by the President of this corporation if he/she be present, or in his/her absence by any Vice-President of this corporation who may be present, and (b) whenever, in the judgment of the President, or in his/her absence, of any Vice-President, it is desirable for this corporation to execute a proxy or written consent in respect to any shares or other securities issued by any other corporation and owned by this corporation, such proxy or consent shall be executed in the name of this corporation by the President or one of the Vice-Presidents of this corporation, without necessity

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of any authorization by the Board of Directors, affixation of corporate seal or countersignature or attestation by another officer. Any person or persons designated in the manner above stated as the proxy or proxies of this corporation shall have full right, power and authority to vote the shares or other securities issued by such other corporation and owned by this corporation the same as such shares or other securities might be voted by this corporation.

Article VI. Certificates for Shares and Their Transfer

6.01. <u>Certificates for Shares.</u> Certificates representing shares of the corporation shall be in such form, consistent with law, as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Such certificates shall be signed by the President or a Vice-President and by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, All certificates for shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer books of the corporation. All certificates surrendered to the corporation for transfer shall be cancelled and no new certificate shall be issued until the former certificate for a like number of shares shall have been surrendered and cancelled, except as provided in Section 6.06.

6.02. <u>Facsimile Signatures and Seal.</u> The seal of the corporation on any certificates for shares may be a facsimile. The signatures of the President or Vice-President and the Secretary or Assistant Secretary upon a certificate may be facsimiles if the certificate is manually signed on behalf of a transfer agent, or a registrar other than the corporation itself or an employee of the corporation.

6.03. <u>Signature for Former Officers.</u> In case any officer, who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon any certificate for shares, shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the corporation with the same effect as if he/she were such officer at the date of its issue.

6.04. <u>Transfer of Shares.</u> Prior to due presentment of a certificate for shares for registration of transfer the corporation may treat the registered owner of such shares as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notifications and otherwise to have and exercise all rights and power of an owner. Where a certificate for shares is presented to the corporation with a request to register for transfer, the corporation shall not be liable to the owner or any other person suffering a loss as a result of such registration of transfer if (a) there were on or with the certificate the necessary endorsements, and (b) the corporation had no duty to inquire into adverse claims or has discharged any such duty. The corporation may require reasonable assurance that said endorsements are genuine and effective and compliance with such other regulations as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

6.05. <u>Restrictions on Transfer.</u> The face or reverse side of each certificate representing shares shall bear a conspicuous notation of any restriction imposed by the corporation upon the transfer of such shares.

6.06. Lost, Destroyed or Stolen Certificates. Where the owner claims that his/her certificate for shares has been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, a new certificate shall be issued in place thereof if the owner (a) so requests before the corporation has notice that such shares have been acquired by a bona fide purchaser, and (b) files with the corporation a sufficient indemnity bond, and (c) satisfies such other reasonable requirements as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

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6.07. <u>Consideration for Shares.</u> The shares of the corporation may be issued for such consideration as shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors, provided that any shares having a par value shall not be issued for a consideration less than the par value thereof. The consideration to be paid for shares may be paid in whole or in part, in money, in other property, tangible or intangible, or in labor or services actually performed for the corporation. When payment of the consideration for which shares are to be issued shall have been received by the corporation, such shares shall be deemed to be fully paid and nonassessable by the corporation. No certificate shall be issued for any share until such share is fully paid.

6.08. <u>Stock Regulations</u>. The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make all such further rules and regulations not inconsistent with the statutes of the State of Wisconsin as it may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of certificates representing shares of the corporation.

Article VII. Seal

The corporation shall have no corporate seal.

Article VIII. Amendments

8.01. <u>By Shareholders.</u> These by-laws may be altered, amended or repealed and new by-laws may be adopted by the shareholders by affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the shares present or represented at any annual or special meeting of the shareholders at which a quorum is in attendance.

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8.02. <u>Implied Amendments</u>. Any action taken or authorized by the shareholders or by the Board of Directors, which would be inconsistent with the by-laws then in effect but is taken or authorized by affirmative vote of not less than the number of shares or the number of directors required to amend the by-laws so that the by-laws would be consistent with such action, shall be given the same effect as though the by-laws had been temporarily amended or suspended so far, but only so far, as is necessary to permit the specific action so taken or authorized.

Article IX. Indemnity of Officers and Directors

9.01. Every person who is or was a director or officer of the corporation, and any person who may have served at its request as a director or officer of another corporation in which it owns shares of capital stock or of which it is a creditor, shall (together with the heirs, executors and administrators of such person) be indemnified by the corporation against all costs, damages and expenses asserted against, incurred by or imposed upon him/her in connection with or resulting from any claim, action, suit or proceeding, including criminal proceedings, to which he/she is made or threatened to be made a party by reason of his/her being or having been such director or officer, except in relation to matters as to which a recover shall be had against him/her by reason of his/her having been finally adjudged in such action, suit or proceeding to have been guilty of fraud in the performance of his/her

¹⁴ Amended October 18, 2004.

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duty as such officer or director. This indemnity shall include reimbursement of amounts and expenses incurred and paid in settling any such claim, action, suit or proceeding, a conviction or judgment (whether based on a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or its equivalent, or after trial) shall not be deemed an adjudication that such director or officer is guilty of fraud in the performance of his/her duties, if such director or officer was acting in good faith in what he/she considered to be the best interests of the corporation and with no reasonable cause to believe that the action was illegal.

Article X. Disallowance of Officers Salaries/IRS

10.01. All salary payments made to officers of the corporation that may be disallowed in whole or in part, as a deductible expense for Federal income tax purposes, of the corporation, shall be reimbursed by such officer to the corporation, to the full extent of the disallowance. It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors to enforce payment of each such amount disallowed.

Article XI. Avoidance of Double Taxation

11.01. The work of the employees of the corporation requires considerable travel and promotional activity, and it is hereby declared the policy of the Board of Directors to permit liberal expenditures for these purposes. In the event that either the State or Federal tax authorities shall substitute their judgment for the judgment of the Board of Directors or any officer as to what expenditures are necessary to further the business of this corporation, any amounts so disallowed when finally determined by agreement or litigation are hereby declared additional compensation to the respective employee so that he or she carry out the policy herein expressed.

11.02. The salaries set by the Board of Directors for the employees of the corporation are based on current and past services rendered by such employees and are believed to be reasonable in amount. However, should either the State or Federal tax authorities substitute their judgment for the judgment of the Board of Directors as to what compensation any employee deserves, such determination, when finally determined by agreement or litigation, shall be adopted as the correct compensation for such employee for the taxable year or years involved. Within 90 days after such final determination by either government, the employee shall repay to the corporation such excessive salary. In the event the tax authorities do not agree that these amounts are additional compensation to the respective employee then the amounts shall be subject to the provisions of the next paragraph.

11.03. All other contracts, leases and other transactions with any person related in any way to the corporation, directly or indirectly, shall be subject to this same condition: Should either the State or Federal tax authorities substitute their judgment as to what is reasonable in amount for the amount agreed upon in such contract, lease or other transaction, then the amount finally determined by such tax authorities by agreement or litigation shall be adopted as the correct consideration for the taxable year or years involved. Within 90 days after such final determination by either government, such related party shall repay to the corporation the amount termed excessive.

11.04. Should either the State or Federal tax authorities determine that any income or deductions of the corporation is in their judgment allocable to some other related person or related entity, the amount finally determined by such tax authorities by agreement or litigation shall be adopted as the correct allocation for the taxable year or years involved. Within 90 days after such final determination by either government, such reallocated amount shall be paid by or to the corporation,

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as may be appropriate.

Article XII. Agreement with the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin

Following are special provisions that control these By-laws, even if contrary or inconsistent with other corporate By-laws. These special provisions are being adopted pursuant to the Option to Purchase Stock Agreement made or to be made between Bay Bancorporation and Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.

12.01. <u>Statutory Elections.</u> This Corporation shall be subject to the business combination provisions and restrictions of Sections 180.1140 through 180.1144 and the control share voting restrictions of Section 180.1150 under Wisconsin Business Corporation Structures.

12.02. <u>Stock Ownership Limit.</u> The Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin, its organizers, other shareholders, and their agents, representatives and affiliates, in any combination thereof, are prohibited from acquiring additional bank stock over and above the gross total of 40 percent of the Class A voting common stock of the Corporation until subsequent to the expiration of the option deadline set forth in the Option Agreement referred to above.

12.03. <u>Additional Stock.</u> All references to "stock" in this Article refers exclusively to Class A voting common stock, not to Class B non-voting common stock. If any additional stock is authorized by the Corporation then all existing shareholders shall be entitled to acquire a percentage of the new stock being issued equivalent to the percentage of the outstanding and issued stock said shareholders already own.

12.04. <u>Special Director Appointments</u>. For the first two years that stock is owned by the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin, it may appoint two of the nine directors on the Board providing that the OTIW owns at least 33 percent of the outstanding issued stock. Beginning with the commencement with the third year of stock ownership by the OTIW of at least 33 percent of the outstanding issued stock, the OTIW shall be entitled to appoint three of the nine directors. The other seven directors during the first two years, and the other six directors during and after the third year of OTIW stock ownership shall be elected by the remaining shareholders other than the OTIW. All special director appointments authorized in the By-laws or Articles of the Corporation are subject to regulatory approval of the Federal Reserve Bank for both new appointments and changes to existing appointments.

12.05. <u>First Refusal Redemption Rights.</u> All references to "stock" in this paragraph refers exclusively to Class A voting common stock, not to Class B non-voting common stock. The Corporation requires that at all times all shareholders and the Corporation shall be subject to an agreement granting the Corporation a right of first refusal to acquire any stock that any stockholder intends to sell or otherwise transfer. Under this stock restriction the Corporation must be given notice of the name of the prospective transferee and a copy of the written purchase offer for any such stock. The Corporation shall have 30 days within which time to give notice of intent to exercise this right of first refusal at the same price, terms and conditions as set forth in the purchase offer. If the right of first refusal is elected to be exercised by the Corporation, closing shall take place either 30 days after said election of notice is given, or at the option of the Corporation, on the closing date specified in the third party offer. If the Corporation exercises the right to buy stock from an existing shareholder under its right of first refusal, the Corporation may resell this stock only to nonshareholder third parties, without regard to pre-emptive rights. Until such stock is resold the shares of stock so

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acquired will be treated as outstanding voting stock for the purposes of all shareholder voting and these redeemed shares shall be voted according to the will of a majority of the Board of Directors. The only transfer exception allowed without complying with the right of first refusal shall be transfers to heirs or beneficiaries upon death of a shareholder, or transfers by sale, gift, or bequest to a spouse, children, parents, or brothers or sisters, or to a trust created for the benefit of such person or persons.

Approval and Adoption

The above By-laws were approved and adopted by unanimous consent of the directors on the _____ day of _____, 1995.

Corporate Secretary.

1. Meeting Date Requested: $\frac{-06}{-06} = \neq = \frac{-17}{-17} = 1$ Item deferred to and tabled at 7/12/17 OBC Meeting
2. General Information: Session: Open Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Appointments
 Accept as Information only Action - please describe:
BC to approve recommendation to appoint Robert Barton to serve on the Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation Board of Directors.
3. Supporting Materials Report Resolution Contract Other: 1.memo 3.
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Cristina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Submitted by Lora Skenandore, Assistant to Chairwoman Danforth Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.

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6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

The memo attached has all the information required.

Excerpt from July 12, 2017: (1) Motion by Fawn Billie to approve the recommendation to appoint Robert Barton to the Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation Board of Directors, seconded by David Jordan. Motion not voted on; item tabled.

(2) Motion by Lisa Summers to table this item, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

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Oneida Nation Oneida Business Committee PO Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155-0365 oneida-nsn.gov



TO: ONEIDA BUSINESS COMMITTEE

FROM: CHAIRWOMAN TINA DANFORTH

DATE: JUNE 20, 2017

RE: ONEIDA AIRPORT HOTEL CORPORATION

There are 2 applicants for 1 vacancies on the Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation Board of Directors. The applicants are: Matt Kunstman and Robert Barton.

The candidates are qualified to serve. In accordance with the Article VI., Section 6-2 (c) of the Comprehensive Policy Governing Boards, Committees and Commissions, I recommend **Robert Barton** to be appointed to serve on the Oneida Airport Hotel Corporation Board of Directors.

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07	- 1	26	1	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🗌 Executive	e - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Unfinished Busin	ess
Accept as Information only	
Action - please describe:	
REQUEST FOR THIS AGENDA ITE For Solar Deployment on Tribal	M TO BE SCHEDULED AT 1:30 PM AT JULY 26 MEETING. Facilities project:
1) approve Operating Agreemen	nt, contingent upon positive review from Sovereign Finance.
	Oneida Nation representative of Oneida Nation Solar LLC. Oneida Nation Dispute Representative of Oneida Nation Solar LLC.
	g materials by Friday, July 21, 2017.
3. Supporting Materials	
	🛛 Contract
🖂 Other:	
1. due diligence process memo	o 3. Power Purchase Agreement
2. Operating Agreement	4.
_	
Business Committee signature re	equired
4. Budget Information Budgeted - Tribal Contribution	
	🖂 Budgeted - Grant Funded 🛛 🗌 Unbudgeted
5. Submission	
5. 500111551011	
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison:	trick Pelky, Division Director/EHS
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Mi	chael Troge, Environmental Health and Safety
	Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:	
I	Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:	
1	Name, Title / Dept.

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

The Project Team is seeking approval of the operating agreement and the selection for Oneida Nation representatives for Oneida Nation Solar LLC.

Project is at a critical time for the following reasons:

1. The project team must allow enough time for construction to beat seasonal weather patterns and grant deadlines.

2. Construction start date is dependent upon permit reviews, site preparation, and other tasks that influence construction timelines.

3. Federal policy proposals regarding taxes on imports could significantly impact solar equipment costs in the future. Further delays could threaten the 2017 deadline and attempts to revive the project in 2018 will likely be unsuccessful.

As detailed in the attached memo the project has undergone many levels of due diligence to date, including the independent legal and financial consultants that were brought under contract early in the design development process.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

Oneida Nation Environmental, Health & Safety Division

Little Bear Development Office PO Box 365 N7332 Water Circle Place Oneida, WI 54155 Phone (920) 869-4591



Conservation Field Office PO Box 365 N8047 County Road U Oneida, WI 54155 Phone (920) 869-1450

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July 18, 2017

To: Oneida Business Committee From: Patrick Pelky, EHS Division Director Michael Troge, Solar Deployment Project Manager

Re: Solar Deployment approval process

The project team recently met to discuss the choice for the representatives on Oneida Nation Solar, LLC and the status of the Finance Department's independent review of the legal and financial components of the Solar Deployment Project. The Department's review is not yet complete, however the team recognizes that the project has gone through multiple levels of due diligence to provide the current Operating Agreement and associated documents. The Sovereign Finance's review is a final check of the terms of the Agreement, and from Mr. Barton's standpoint, should not delay approval of the Operating Agreement and commencement of construction activities.

The Finance Office was not informed of our tight timeline until we submitted the BDO results for their review. The timeline was short for the Sovereign Finance review of the work performed by The National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), BDO Consulting and Ater Wynne LLP.

Therefore, our team is requesting the following:

- 1. Business Committee to approve Michael Troge, Environmental, Health & Safety Project Manager, as the Oneida Nation representative for the Oneida Nation Solar, LLC.
- 2. Business Committee to approve James Bittorf, Deputy Chief Counsel, as the Oneida Nation Dispute Representative for the Oneida Nation Solar, LLC.
- 3. Business Committee to approve the Operating Agreement of Oneida Nation Solar, LLC, with the understanding that the project will not proceed if Sovereign Finance identifies issues which cannot be remedied. The Oneida Nation's Law Office has issued a legal review of the final draft.

Project is at a critical time for the following reasons:

- 1. The project team must allow enough time for construction to beat seasonal weather patterns and grant deadlines.
- 2. Construction start date is dependent upon permit reviews, site preparation, and other tasks that influence construction timelines.
- 3. Federal policy proposals regarding import taxes could significantly impact solar equipment costs in the future. Further delays could threaten the 2017 deadline and attempts to revive the project in 2018 will likely be unsuccessful.

The following is a list of actions that support the due diligence process to date:

- 1. Legal and Financial consultants were selected to perform independent analysis for this project following a detailed RFP process.
- 2. The National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) is a federal facility that specializes in the technical and legal aspects of energy projects. Their technical assistance was awarded to Oneida following a grant application in 2015.
- 3. Several Oneida Nation departments and affiliates are represented on the project team, including Law Office, Engineering, Planning, Facilities, Electrical, Zoning, Indian Preference, Gaming, Oneida Seventh Gen., and Finance Department.
- 4. The Department of Energy, Office of Indian Energy, evaluated the project grant proposal and awarded the grant in 2014 with the understanding that the grant will be matched with an investment by a private company. The Office has provided legal language to meet the requirements of the grant and the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 5. The RFP to select a solar consultant was developed by Tribal staff, Ater Wynne, BDO, and NREL. The RFP contained legal, financial, and technical criteria to be used in the selection process.
- 6. The project investor, SunVest Inc., was selected following a successful RFP process in 2016. Four proposals were received.
- 7. Negotiations between the project team and SunVest continued from April, 2016 to present to develop an agreement that is favorable to both Oneida and SunVest.
- 8. BDO provided a cash flow analysis for the project and a background check of SunVest that found satisfactory results.
- 9. Ater Wynne has thoroughly reviewed the project documents and have incorporated the appropriate language to support the intent of the relationship between Oneida Nation and SunVest.

Other activities that support BC project approval:

- 1. Construction plans are 99% complete and vetted by the project team. Buildings include IMAC, Health Center, Anna John, Elder Service Apartments, Food Distribution, and Cty. H Recreation Center.
- 2. The electrical contractor, Current Electric Company out of Brookfield, WI, has been selected to install the system. They will meet with Indian Preference upon BC approval.
- 3. Permit applications shall be issued to Zoning Dept. upon BC approval.
- 4. Utility applications shall be issued to WE Energies and Wisconsin Public Service upon BC approval Operating Agreement.
- 5. Structural analyses for all buildings on the project list have passed inspection by Corre, Inc., Structural Engineer, and reviewed by Paul Witek, Oneida Nation Architect.
- 6. Training has been provided to Tribal Electricians to assist with operations and maintenance work and in preparation for Oneida Nation to take full ownership of the solar project.
- 7. The Department of Energy grant deadline has been extended to 12/31/2017.

Page 2 of 3

- 8. The WI Public Service Commission Office of Energy Innovation has awarded a grant to Oneida Nation to assist with project activities and training. Funds must be spent by 12/31/2017.
- 9. Austin Straubel Airport director and the FAA have determined that the solar will not interfere with operations and the project may proceed.



Oneida Community Health Center solar array

ONEIDA LAW OFFICE

CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEY/CLIENT WORK PRODUCT

TO:	Michael Troge	Use this number on future correspondence:				
	Environmental Health & Safety					
FROM	a James R. Bittorf, Deputy Chief Counsel	2017-0655				
DATE:	July 17, 2017	<u>Purchasing Department Use</u> Contract Approved				
RE:	Oneida Nation Solar LLC-Operating Agreement REVISED	Contract Not Approved (see attached explanation)				
If you have any questions or comments regarding this review, please call 869-4327.						

The attached agreement, contract, policy and/or guaranty has been reviewed by the Oneida Law Office for legal content only. Please note the following:

- ✓ The document is in appropriate legal form. (*Execution is a management decision*.)
- ✓ Requires Business Committee approval prior to execution.

Note: The Nation retained Ater Wynne LLP to assess compliance with Department of Energy Grant Terms and Conditions, tax implications under the Internal Revenue Code, and the structure of the agreement. The Nation also retained BDO to assess tax implications under the Internal Revenue Code and valuation of the proposed solar installations. The Oneida Law Office has relied upon the assessments and reviews of Ater Wynne LLP and BDO in conducting legal review of the agreement.

FINAL DRAFT 07/13/2017

OPERATING AGREEMENT

OF

ONEIDA NATION SOLAR, LLC

a Wisconsin limited liability company

OPERATING AGREEMENT OF ONEIDA NATION SOLAR, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company

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OPERATING AGREEMENT OF Oneida Nation Solar, LLC

This Operating Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>") of Oneida Nation Solar, LLC ("<u>Company</u>") is effective as of July 27, 2017 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>") by and between the undersigned Members. The Members agree to be bound by all the terms and conditions of this Agreement with respect to all of their Units currently held or hereafter acquired. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in <u>Exhibit A</u>, attached hereto.

RECITALS

- A. Company was formed on July 21, 2017 as a manager-managed limited liability company by filing Articles of Organization with the Department of Financial Institutions of the State of Wisconsin in accordance with the Act.
- B. The Members wish to enter into this Agreement for the purposes of providing the rights, obligations, and restrictions contained in this Agreement and otherwise to govern the operations and management of Company.

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises made in this Agreement, the Members agree as follows:

Article 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1 **Name.** The name of Company is Oneida Nation Solar, LLC.

1.2 **Registered Office and Agent.**

(a) **Initial Registered Office and Agent.** Company's registered office shall initially be Energy Law Wisconsin, 1500 West Main St., Suite 300, and Company's registered agent shall initially be Michael J. Allen, Attorney at Law.

(b) **Changes.** The Co-Managers shall have the authority, acting by unanimous consent, to appoint a new registered agent for the Company and change the registered office of the Company.

(d) **Filing upon Change.** Upon the appointment of a new registered agent or the change of the registered office, the Co-Managers shall file or cause the filing of the appropriate documents required by the Act.

1.3 **Purpose.** The purpose of Company is to develop, own and operate one or more solar photovoltaic arrays in the State of Wisconsin (collectively, the "Facility"). Company will

operate the Facility solely for the purpose of supplying solar-powered electricity to the Tribe on its trust lands. Company has the authority to do all things necessary or convenient to accomplish its purpose and to operate its business as described in this Section 1.3.

1.4 **Term.** Company will continue indefinitely under the terms and conditions of this Agreement until it is dissolved and its affairs wound up in accordance with the Act and this Agreement.

1.5 **Department of Energy Grant Requirements.**

Each Member understands and acknowledges that Tribe is a recipient (a) ("Recipient") of an award ("Award") from the U.S. Department of Energy ("DOE") to be used for funding the Tribe's contributions required for the Facility. The Members are considered "subrecipients", as that term is defined in 2 CFR §200.93, with respect to the Award and are subject to all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements associated with the Award. Each Member agrees to be bound by the Special Terms and Conditions of the Award, as applicable ("Terms and Conditions"), including the Intellectual Property Provisions (2 CFR §200.101; see also 2 CFR §910.122). A copy of the Terms and Conditions is attached hereto as Exhibit C. Requirements of the Terms and Conditions of the Award include, but are **not limited to**, (a) the Company cannot encumber any property or equipment acquired in full or in part by project funds including both DOE and Recipient provided cost share), without obtaining prior approval from the DOE Contracting Officer (see 2 CFR §200.313 and 2 CFR §910.360); (b) the Company cannot earn or retain any fee or profit resulting from Federal financial assistance, unless explicitly authorized by the Terms and Conditions of the Federal award (see 2 CFR §910.307, 2 CFR §910.358, and 2 CFR §910.400); (c) any Program Income earned during the Federal award period of performance must follow the Use of Program Income Term, in the Terms and Conditions of this Award; and (d) the provisions under 2 CFR §200.326.

Article 2

CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS, UNITS AND CERTAIN RIGHTS

2.1 Equity Structure. The ownership of Company shall be represented by Units having the rights and obligations specified in this Agreement. The number of Units held by each Member is set forth on Exhibit B, attached hereto, as modified from time to time pursuant to Section 2.4. Persons may be admitted as additional Members only as and to the extent expressly provided for in this Article 2 and in Article 7, and Capital Contributions may be accepted only as and to the extent expressly provided for in this Article 2.

2.2 Authorized and Additional Units.

(a) **Outstanding Units.** As of the Effective Date, One Thousand (1,000) Units have been issued and are outstanding. Nine Hundred Ninety (990) of those Units are owned by Solar Investments WI, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company ("<u>Investor</u>") and Ten (10) of those Units are owned by the Oneida Nation, a federally-recognized Indian tribe (the "<u>Tribe</u>"). In exchange for their Units, each of Investor and the Tribe have agreed to contribute to Company the amount of capital set forth opposite its name on <u>Exhibit B</u> (for each of Investor and the Tribe,

such amount, the "<u>Capital Commitment</u>"), and to make certain additional Capital Contributions to Company as set forth in Sections 2.3(a) and 2.3(c).

(b) Additional Units. The Co-Managers may, with the unanimous consent of the Members, authorize Company to issue additional Units to any Person in exchange for such Capital Contributions and on such terms and conditions as the Co-Managers determine, acting with the unanimous consent of the Members. Prior to the admission of any Person that is not yet a Member of Company as a new Member of Company and the issuance of any Units to such a Person, Company must have received a written instrument, in form and substance acceptable to Company, signed by or on behalf of such Person containing the Person's express acceptance of and agreement to be bound by all the terms and conditions of this Agreement, including any amendments adopted pursuant to the terms hereof. The Members acknowledge that their respective interests in Company may be diluted by the issuance of such additional Units.

2.3 Capital Calls.

Construction of the Facility. If Company receives an invoice requesting (a) payment for work performed related to the construction of the Facility, and if the Co-Managers determine that Company has insufficient cash on hand to fully pay the same, then the Co-Managers shall determine if the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Award. If the Co-Managers determine that the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, then the Co-Managers shall deliver a written notice (a "Construction Capital Call") to the Members, (i) informing them of the amount owing and enclosing a copy of such invoice and (ii) requesting that each Member confirm in writing the Co-Managers' determination that the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions. No later than thirty (30) days following receipt of a Construction Capital Call, each Member shall provide the Co-Managers with a written notice either confirming the Co-Managers' determination that the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, or objecting to that determination. If the written notice from a Member confirms the Co-Managers' determination that the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, such Member shall include with such notice an additional Capital Contribution, in immediately available funds, in an amount equal to the product of (i) the amount of such invoice, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, (A) the numerator of which is such Member's Capital Commitment and (B) the denominator of which is the aggregate of the Capital Commitments of all of the Members. Capital Contributions pursuant to this Section 2.3(a) shall be made with respect to the Units then held by the Member, and Company shall not issue any additional Units to the Member as a result of such Capital Contribution. If the written notice from a Member objects to the Co-Managers' determination that the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, then such notice shall set forth in detail the reason(s) for the Member's objection, and the Co-Managers shall take such steps as are necessary to address such objection. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 2.3(a), in no event shall the Capital Contributions made by a Member pursuant to this Section 2.3(a) exceed the Member's Capital Commitment.

(b) Legal Fees. Investor and Tribe agree to pay their own respective legal fees.

(c) **Future Obligations of Company.** If, on or after the date on which the Facility is placed in service, any situation arises that causes Company to need additional funds, including, without limitation, Company incurring any costs in connection with the removal of all or any portion of the Facility, then the Co-Managers shall deliver a written notice (a "<u>Future</u> <u>Capital Call</u>") to the Members, informing them of the total additional equity funds required by Company. Within thirty (30) days following receipt of a Future Capital Call, each Member shall deliver to Company an additional Capital Contribution, in immediately available funds, in an amount equal to:

(i) if Company's need for additional funds arises as a result of Company's incurrence or payment of insurance premiums, legal fees or accounting fees, each Member shall deliver an additional Capital Contribution that is equal to the *product of* (A) the amount of such additional funds, *multiplied by* (B) a fraction, (1) the numerator of which is the total number of Units then held by the Member and (2) the denominator of which is the aggregate of the Units then held by all of the Members. Company shall not issue any additional Units to the Member as a result of such Capital Contribution; or

(ii) if Company's need for additional funds arises for any other reason, each Member shall deliver an additional Capital Contribution that is equal to the *product of* (A) the amount of such additional funds, *multiplied by* (B) a fraction, (1) the numerator of which is the total number of Units then held by the Member and (2) the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Units then held by all of the Members. Company shall not issue any additional Units to the Member as a result of such Capital Contribution.

Failure to Make Capital Contributions. If a Member (the "Defaulting (d) Member") fails to make any Capital Contribution required pursuant to this Section 2.3 when due, the Member not in default in making a Capital Contribution (the "Non-Defaulting Member") may pursue any and all legal remedies available to it. In addition, the Non-Defaulting Member may make, on behalf of the Defaulting Member, the Capital Contribution the Defaulting Member failed to make, and the amount thereof shall be treated as a loan (the "Default Loan") to the Defaulting Member by the Non-Defaulting Member. The Default Loan shall bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the prime rate of interest published from time to time in the Midwest edition of The Wall Street Journal (the "Prime Rate"), plus eight percent (8%) (such interest, the "Default Interest"), with any change in the Prime Rate to be effective as of the date such change is publicly announced. The Defaulting Member may pay the Capital Contribution the Defaulting Member failed to make, together with accrued Default Interest, at any time without further penalty other than the Default Interest. Any amounts distributable to the Defaulting Member pursuant to this Agreement shall, to the extent of the amount of the outstanding principal and interest of the Default Loan, be treated as distributed to the Defaulting Member, but shall be paid to the Non-Defaulting Member and credited first toward payment of accrued interest under the Default Loan with any remaining amount applied toward payment of principal under the Default Loan and any costs of collection shall be recoverable by the Non-Defaulting Member. Upon the written request of any Non-Defaulting Member loaning money hereunder, the Defaulting Member shall execute and deliver a promissory note evidencing the debt arising pursuant to this Section 2.3(d).

2.4 **Amendment of Exhibit B.** The Co-Managers may modify <u>Exhibit B</u> as appropriate from time to time to reflect Transfers of Units pursuant to Article 7 and the issuance of Units to and the admission of new Members, or the issuance of additional Units to existing Members, pursuant to this Article 2.

2.5 **Voting.** Except as set forth in Section 7.3(f), each issued Unit shall entitle the holder thereof to one (1) vote on all matters that come before the Members.

2.6 Additional Capital Contributions. Except as set forth in Section 2.3, the Members shall not be required to make any additional Capital Contributions or loans to Company.

2.7 **Return of Capital.** No Member is entitled to withdraw or resign from Company, to receive a return of any part of the Member's Capital Contribution, to receive any distribution, or to receive a repayment of any balance in the Member's Capital Account, except as expressly provided in this Agreement, including, without limitation, Section 7.4. No Member has the right to demand that distributions be in-kind. No Member will be paid interest on any Capital Contribution or on such Member's Capital Account.

2.8 **Limitation of Liability.** Except as may otherwise be provided under applicable law, no Member shall be bound by, or be personally liable for, the expenses, liabilities or obligations of Company. No Member shall be obligated to restore a Capital Account deficit.

Article 3 CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

3.1 **Capital Accounts.** There shall be established and maintained with respect to each Member a Capital Account in accordance with the following:

(a) **Credits.** To each Member's Capital Account there shall be credited (i) such Member's Capital Contributions, (ii) such Member's allocable share of Profits and special allocations of items in the nature of income or gain pursuant to Article 5, and (iii) the amount of any debt of Company that is assumed by the Member or that is secured by any property distributed to such Member.

(b) **Debits.** To each Member's Capital Account there shall be debited (i) the amount of cash and the Asset Value of any property distributed to the Member, (ii) the Member's allocable share of Losses and special allocations of items of deduction or loss pursuant to Article 5, and (iii) the amount of any debt of the Member that is assumed by Company or secured by any property contributed by the Member to Company.

(c) **Transfers.** In the event any Member Transfers all or any part of the Member's Units in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the Transferee shall succeed to the Capital Account of the Transferor to the extent the Capital Account relates to the transferred Units.

3.2 Interpretation. The provisions of Section 3.1 and the other provisions of this Agreement relating to the maintenance of Capital Accounts are intended to comply with Section 1.704-1(b) of the Treasury Regulations, the terms and requirements of which are incorporated in this Agreement by reference, and shall be interpreted and applied in a manner consistent with those terms and requirements. In the event the Co-Managers determine that it is prudent to modify the manner in which the Capital Accounts, or any debits or credits thereto (including, without limitation, debits or credits relating to indebtedness that is secured by contributed or distributed property or that is assumed by Company or the Members), are computed in order to comply with such Regulations, the Co-Managers may make such modification, provided that it is not likely to have a material effect on the amounts of distributions to any Member pursuant to Article 4 upon the dissolution of Company. The Co-Managers also shall have the right to (i) make any adjustments that are reasonably necessary or appropriate to maintain equality between the Capital Accounts and the amount of capital reflected on Company's balance sheet, as computed for book purposes, in accordance with Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(g) of the Treasury Regulations, and (ii) make any reasonably appropriate modifications in the event unanticipated events might otherwise cause this Agreement not to comply with Section 1.704-1(b) of the Treasury Regulations, provided that in either case such adjustment or modification is not likely to have a material effect on the amounts of distributions to any Member pursuant to Article 4 upon the dissolution of Company.

Article 4 DISTRIBUTIONS

4.1 **Current Distributions.**

Current Tax Distributions. To the extent permitted by law and consistent (a) with Company's obligations to its creditors as determined by the Co-Managers, Company shall make Tax Distributions on or before the Tax Distribution Dates. The aggregate amount of the Tax Distribution made with respect to any given Tax Distribution Date shall be the product of (i) Company's estimated federal taxable income under the provisions of the Code for the Fiscal Period ending on the last day of the calendar month immediately preceding the Tax Distribution Date and commencing on the first day of the calendar month that includes the immediately previous Tax Distribution Date, multiplied by (ii) the applicable Tax Rate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent Company has had an estimated federal taxable loss for any prior Fiscal Period in that Fiscal Year, the amount in clause (i), above, shall be reduced by that portion of the loss remaining after reducing taxable income for prior Fiscal Periods in the Fiscal Year for the loss. Each Member shall receive a Tax Distribution proportional to the amount of federal taxable income to be allocated to the Member pursuant to Article 5; provided, however, that any federal taxable income not included in the determination of Company's estimated federal taxable income pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be disregarded for purposes of determining each Member's Tax Distribution. Tax Distributions shall constitute an advance of amounts otherwise distributable to the Member receiving the Tax Distribution and, accordingly, amounts otherwise distributable to the Member under Section 4.1(d) in the Fiscal Period in which the Tax Distribution is made or in subsequent Fiscal Periods shall be reduced until the cumulative amount of the reductions equals the cumulative amount of the Tax Distributions received by that Member.

(b) Additional Tax Distributions. In the event any income tax return of Company, as a result of an audit or otherwise, reflects items of income, gain, loss, or deduction that are different from the amounts estimated pursuant to Section 4.1(a) with respect to a Fiscal Year in a manner that results in additional income or gain of Company being allocated to the Members, an additional Tax Distribution shall be made under the principles of Section 4.1(a) to the Members who are allocated the additional income or gain, except that (i) the last day of the calendar month in which the adjustment occurs shall be treated as a Tax Distribution Date, (ii) the amount of the additional income or gain shall be treated as Company's federal taxable income, and (iii) the applicable Tax Rate shall be that which applied for the Fiscal Period to which the additional income or gain relates.

(c) **Tax Withholding.** To the extent Company is required to make any withholding or estimated tax payments to any taxing authority on behalf of a Member, such payment or withholding shall be considered a Tax Distribution to the Member on whose behalf such payment or withholding was made. Company shall reduce the amount of Tax Distributions pursuant to Section 4.1(a) and (b), if any, and, if necessary, amounts otherwise distributable under Section 4.1(d), to such Member for the actual and anticipated payments or withholdings related to any particular Fiscal Period.

(d) Distributions of Cash Available for Distribution. Except as provided in Sections 4.1(a), 4.1(b) and 4.1(c), Cash Available for Distribution shall be distributed at the times determined by the Co-Managers, acting with the unanimous consent of the Members. Any Cash Available for Distribution distributed pursuant to this Section 4.1(d) shall be distributed to the Members in proportion to the number of Units held by each of them at the time of the distribution, subject to any reduction in any such distribution pursuant to the terms of Section 4.1(a), 4.1(b) or 4.1(c), until Investor has received an amount pursuant to this Section 4.1(d) (including any amounts distributed under Section 4.1(a), 4.1(b) or 4.1(c) and treated as an advance of amounts otherwise distributable to Investor) equal to Four Hundred Forty-Six Thousand Dollars (\$446,000). After such time, any Cash Available for Distribution distributed pursuant to this Section 4.1(d) shall be distributed to the Tribe until the Tribe has received pursuant to this Section 4.1(d) (including any amounts distributed under Section 4.1(a), 4.1(b) or 4.1(c) and treated as an advance of amounts otherwise distributable to the Tribe) an amount equal to its aggregate Capital Contributions. After such time, any Cash Available for Distribution distributed pursuant to this Section 4.1(d) shall be distributed to the Members in proportion to the number of Units held by each of them at the time of the distribution, subject to any reduction in any such distribution pursuant to the terms of Section 4.1(a), 4.1(b) or 4.1(c).

4.2 Liquidating Distributions and Distributions of Proceeds from a Capital Transaction. In the event of a Capital Transaction or in the event Company is liquidated pursuant to Article 8, the Proceeds from a Capital Transaction or the assets to be distributed pursuant to Section 8.3 shall be distributed as follows:

(a) to the payment of all matured debts and liabilities of Company;

(b) to the repayment to the United States Department of Energy of any portion of the DOE Grant, if the requirement that all or such portion of the DOE Grant be repaid to the United States Department of Energy arises as a result of the action or inaction of Company, the occurrence of a Capital Transaction or the liquidation of Company;

(c) to the setting up of any reserves which the Liquidator (or, in the event of a Capital Transaction, the Co-Managers) deems reasonably necessary for contingent, unmatured or unforeseen liabilities or obligations of Company; and

(d) the balance *pro rata* to the Members in accordance with their respective Capital Account balances, after making the adjustments for allocations under Article 5, up to and including the date of the distribution of the Proceeds from a Capital Transaction or the liquidating distributions.

Article 5 ALLOCATION OF PROFITS AND LOSSES

5.1 Allocation of Profits and Losses.

(a) Allocation of Profits. Except as otherwise provided in Sections 5.2 and 5.4(d), Profits shall be allocated to the Members, *pro rata* in accordance with their respective Units.

(b) Allocation of Losses. Except as otherwise provided in Sections 5.2 and 5.4(d), Losses shall be allocated to the Members, *pro rata* in accordance with their respective Units.

5.2 **Regulatory Allocations.** This Agreement shall be deemed to contain provisions relating to "minimum gain chargeback," "nonrecourse deductions," "qualified income offset," "gross income allocations," and any other provision required to be contained in this Agreement pursuant to the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, other than any requirement that a Member be required to contribute to Company an amount equal to any deficit in the Member's Capital Account.

No allocation of Loss shall be made to a Member if the allocation would result in a negative balance in the Member's Capital Account in excess of the amount the Member is obligated to restore or deemed obligated to restore pursuant to the penultimate sentences of Section 1.704-2(g)(1) and (i)(5) of the Treasury Regulations. In the event there is a negative balance in the Member's Capital Account in excess of the amount(s) set forth above, the Member shall be allocated income and gain in the amount of that excess as quickly as possible. Any Loss that cannot be allocated to a Member pursuant to the restrictions contained in this paragraph shall be allocated to other Members.

The allocations under the first two paragraphs of this Section 5.2 (the "<u>Regulatory</u> <u>Allocations</u>") are intended to comply with the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code. The other provisions of this Article 5 notwithstanding, the Regulatory Allocations shall be taken into account in allocating other Profits, Losses and items of income, gain and deduction among the Members so that, to the extent possible, the net amount of the allocations of other Profits, Losses and other items and the Regulatory Allocations to each Member shall equal the net amount that would have been allocated to each such Member if the Regulatory Allocations had not occurred.

5.3 **Other Allocation Rules.**

(a) **Transfer of Units.** If a Member Transfers all or any portion of the Member's Units pursuant to this Agreement during any Fiscal Period, the Profits (or Losses) allocated to the Members for each such Fiscal Period shall be allocated among the Members in proportion to their respective Units from time to time during the Fiscal Period, in accordance with Section 706 of the Code, using any convention permitted by law and selected by the non-Transferring Members.

(b) **Determination of Allocable Amounts.** The Profits, Losses, or any other items allocable to any Fiscal Period shall be determined on a daily, monthly, or other basis, as determined by the Co-Managers, using any permissible method under Section 706 of the Code and the Treasury Regulations under that section.

5.4 **Tax Allocations.**

(a) **Capital Contributions.** In accordance with Section 704(c) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations under that section, income, gain, loss, and deduction with respect to any contribution to Company's capital shall, solely for tax purposes, be allocated among the Members so as to take account of any variation between the property's adjusted basis to Company for federal income tax purposes and its initial Asset Value.

(b) Adjustment of Asset Value. If the Asset Value of any Company asset is adjusted, subsequent allocations of income, gain, loss, and deduction with respect to the asset shall take account of any variation between the asset's adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes and its Asset Value as so adjusted in the same manner as under Section 704(c) of the Code and the Treasury Regulations under that section.

(c) **Elections.** Any elections or other decisions relating to allocations shall be made by the Members in any manner that reasonably reflects the purpose and intent of this Agreement. In the event the Co-Managers cause Company to make a Code Section 754 election at the request of one or more Members, the requesting Member(s) shall bear any additional administrative and accounting expenses (whether in the year of the election or subsequent Fiscal Years) incurred as a result of the Code Section 754 election.

(d) **Imputed Interest.** To the extent Company has interest income or deductions with respect to any obligation of or to a Member pursuant to Section 483, Sections 1271-1288, or Section 7872 of the Code, the interest income or deductions shall be specially allocated to the Member to whom or to which the obligation relates.

5.5 **Income Tax Consequences.** The Members are aware of the income tax consequences of the allocations made by this Article 5 and hereby agree to be bound by the provisions hereof in reporting their shares of income and loss for income tax purposes. The Members acknowledge and agree that they intend any federal investment tax credit which arises

due to Company's construction and placement in service of the Facility to be allocated to the Members in accordance with the allocation of Profits set forth in Section 5.1(a), *that is, pro rata* in accordance with their respective Units.

Article 6

MANAGEMENT OF COMPANY AND ACTIONS BY MEMBERS

6.1 Authority and Powers of the Co-Managers.

(a) Authority and Powers in General. Except to the extent otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, the business of Company shall be managed by the Co-Managers, and no Member shall have any right or power to take part in the management or control of Company or its business. The Co-Managers shall be considered the manager of Company under Sections 183.0102(13) and 183.0401(2) of the Act, provided the rights and responsibilities of the Co-Managers as manager shall be limited as expressly set forth in this Agreement. Except as such authority may be so limited, the Co-Managers shall have full and complete authority to manage the business of Company, to make all decisions regarding those matters, and to perform all other acts customary or incident to the management of Company's business. Members have the right to vote only on those matters expressly set forth in this Agreement or as required by the Act. The Co-Managers shall be selected by the Members in accordance with Section 6.2.

(b) **Specific Authority.** Without limiting the generality of the statement of authority set forth in Section 6.1(a), the Members acknowledge and agree that the Co-Managers are specifically authorized and directed to (i) pursue and exercise all rights and remedies available to Company under that certain Solar PV Contract for Purchase dated as of the date of this Agreement, by and between Company and Sunvest Solar Inc. (the "<u>Solar PV Contract for Purchase</u>") and/or any warranties, service agreements and the like involving all or any portion of the Facility and (ii) make all payments due under the Solar PV Contract for Purchase, either (A) pursuant to the procedure and subject to the rights of the Members set forth in Section 2.3(a), or (B) if the Co-Managers determine that Company has sufficient cash on hand to fully pay any invoice requesting payment for work performed related to the construction of the Facility, then after the Co-managers determines, with the unanimous consent of the Members, that the work that is the subject of such invoice was performed in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

(c) Actions Requiring Member Consent. Without the unanimous consent of the Members, the Co-managers shall not have the authority to, and Company shall not:

(i) deliver or execute the Solar PV Contract for Purchase;

(ii) deliver or execute any notice, approval or other communication contemplated by, requested pursuant or affecting, or agree to any change order or other modification of, the Solar PV Contract for Purchase;

(iii) borrow money or procure financing or refinancing, or mortgage or subject to another security interest any portion of Company's assets;

(iv) engage in the planning or construction of any solar photovoltaic system other than as contemplated in the Solar PV Contract for Purchase;

(v) sell, dispose of or otherwise transfer all or any portion of the Facility, except as provided for in that certain Solar Power Purchase Agreement dated as of the date of this Agreement, by and between Company and the Tribe;

(vi) consent to the issuance or other transfer of any debt or equity interest in Investor, as discussed in Section 7.7; or

(vii) report any gain, for federal and Wisconsin income tax purposes, from a Capital Transaction using the installment method of accounting. For the sake of clarity, in the absence of the unanimous consent of the Members that gain from a Capital Transaction shall be reported using such installment method, the Co-Managers shall, or shall cause Company to, take such actions and make such elections as are required to report all gain, for federal and Wisconsin income tax purposes, from a Capital Transaction in the taxable year in which the Capital Transaction occurs.

(d) **Absolute Restrictions.** The Co-Managers shall not have the authority to:

(i) do any act in contravention of applicable law or this Agreement or that would make it impossible to carry on the ordinary business of Company;

(ii) possess property of Company, or assign rights in specific property of Company for other than a purpose of Company;

(iii) perform any act that would subject a Member to liability in any jurisdiction except as expressly provided in this Agreement;

(iv) take any action or make any election which would cause Company to be treated as other than a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes; or

(v) take any other action requiring the consent of all or any of the Members pursuant to nonwaivable provisions of the Act or other applicable law or under the terms of this Agreement without first obtaining the required consent.

6.2 Election and Qualification of the Co-Managers.

(a) **General.** There shall be two (2) Managers of Company. One (1) Manager shall be appointed by Investor and one (1) Manager shall be appointed by the Tribe. These Managers shall be referred to collectively in this Agreement as the "Co-Managers". The Co-Managers need not be Members of Company. Each of the Co-Managers shall hold office until the occurrence of an event set forth in Section 6.2(b). The Members acknowledge and agree that, as of the Effective Date, the Manager appointed by Investor is Jeff Knudtson and the Manager appointed by the Tribe is Michael Troge.

(b) **Withdrawal or Replacement of Manager.** A Person shall cease to be a Manager upon the earliest to occur of any of the following: (i) the Person's voluntary

resignation, which shall be effective upon delivery of a written notice from the Member who appointed that Person as Manager of such resignation and the name of the replacement Manager to Company and the other Member unless the notice specifies a later effective date; (ii) the Person's removal by the appointing Member and delivery of notice of such removal and the name of the replacement manager to Company and the other Member; or (iii) the Person's death, incapacity, gross negligence, or inability to act as a Manager for any reason.

(c) **Vacancy.** Upon the withdrawal of a Manager pursuant to Section 6.2(b), the appointing Member shall, as promptly as practicable, choose a substitute Manager as provided in Section 6.2(a). If either Member at any time lacks a Manager, that Member shall perform the duties of the Manager unless and until that Member selects a replacement Manager. Investor and Tribe shall each use good faith efforts to avoid or minimize any delay or disruption in the management of the Company caused by the inability, or unwillingness to serve of any Person appointed by Manager. This shall include, without limitation, promptly appointing a replacement Manager. The lack of a Manager shall not cause a dissolution or termination of Company.

6.3 **Limitation of Liability of the Co-Managers.** The Co-Managers shall perform the Co-Managers' duties to Company in good faith, in a manner the Co-Managers reasonably believe to be in the best interests of Company and with such care as an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. A Manager who so performs the Manager's duties to Company shall not have any liability by reason of being or having been a Manager of Company. A Manager in the Manager's role as such shall not be liable to Company or to any Member for any loss or damage sustained by Company or any Member, unless the loss or damage is the result of fraud, deceit, willful misconduct or wrongful taking by the Manager.

6.4 **Actions by Co-Managers.** Any actions of the Co-Managers shall be taken in the manner set forth below, unless expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement:

(a) **Manner of Acting.** Except where a specific act or duty is expressly delegated to one of the Managers in this Agreement, the Co-Managers shall act by unanimous consent. Such action may be authorized by unanimous consent at a meeting at which both Co-Managers participate in person or by telephone or other electronic means. The Co-Managers may also approve any action without a meeting, without prior written notice and without a vote, if consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the Co-Managers.

(b) **Records.** Company shall keep written records of all actions taken by the Co-Managers.

(c) **Meetings.** Meetings of the Co-Managers may be called by either Manager. Meetings not held by electronic or telephonic means shall be held at Company's principal place of business or at such other place as may be reasonably designated by the Manager calling the meeting.

(d) **Voting.** Each Manager shall have one (1) vote as to any given matter submitted for a vote.

6.5 **Powers of Members.** Except in any situation in which powers are exclusively reserved to the Members in nonwaivable provisions of the Act (in the sense that the arrangement may not be changed pursuant to an operating agreement of a limited liability company), or as expressly provided in this Agreement, the Members shall not have the power to manage or control the affairs of Company or to bind or obligate Company in any manner.

6.6 **Actions by Members.** Any actions of the Members shall be taken in the manner set forth below, unless expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement:

(a) **Manner of Acting.** Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the consent of the Members to any act or failure to act may be given by unanimous consent at a meeting at which a quorum of the Members (as defined in Section 6.6(f)) participate in person or by telephone or other electronic means. The Members may also approve any action without a meeting, without prior written notice and without a vote, if consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the Members.

(b) **Records.** Company shall keep written records of all actions taken by the Members.

(c) **Meetings.** Meetings of the Members may be called by the Co-Managers or by any Member. Meetings not held by electronic or telephonic means shall be held at Company's principal place of business or at such other place as may be designated by the Person(s) calling the meeting.

(d) **Notice.** No matter shall be voted upon at a meeting of Members unless at least seventy-two (72) hour notice of the meeting is given or such notice is waived by any Member who is entitled to vote and who has not received notice. A Member shall be deemed to have waived notice of any meeting that the Member attends or in which the Member participates unless at the beginning of the meeting the Member objects to the meeting because of lack of proper notice. If a meeting of the Members is called by a Member, the Co-Managers shall cause Company to deliver notice of the meeting no later than five (5) days following Company's receipt of a written notice from the Member that the Member intends to call a meeting and setting forth the place for such meeting.

(e) **Record Date.** For the purpose of determining the Members entitled to receive notice of any meeting of the Members, or the Members entitled to vote or take any other action, the Co-Managers may fix in advance a date as the record date. The record date shall not be more than ten (10) days before the date on which the particular action requiring such a determination of Members is to be taken. If no record date is so fixed by the Co-Managers, the record date shall be at the close of business on: (i) with respect to any meeting of Members, the day before the first notice is delivered to Members, and (ii) with respect to any action taken in writing without a meeting, the date the first Member signs the consent pursuant to which such action is taken.

(f) **Quorum.** At any meeting of the Members, Members holding sufficient Units to give consent to the action proposed to be taken at the meeting, represented in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum of Members for purposes of the meeting. If a quorum is not present at any meeting, a majority of the Members present may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice. At any adjourned and reconvened meeting at which a quorum is present or represented, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the meeting as originally noticed.

(g) **Voting.** Each Member shall vote all of the Member's Units in the same manner as to any given matter submitted for a vote.

(h) **Proxies.** At all meetings of Members, a Member may vote by proxy executed in writing by the Member or the Member's duly authorized attorney-in-fact. Proxies shall be filed with the Co-Managers before or at the time of the meeting. No proxies shall be valid after six (6) months from the date of execution, unless expressly provided otherwise in the proxy.

6.7 **Indemnification of the Co-Managers and Members.** To the maximum extent permitted under Section 183.0403 of the Act, Company shall indemnify the Co-Managers and each Member and make advances for expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any claim relating to their actions or failures to act in such capacity, if the Co-Managers or affected Member in good faith reasonably believed such action to be in or not opposed to Company's best interests, except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim as to which an action or failure to act shall have been adjudged to constitute wrongful taking or fraud, deceit or willful misconduct in the performance of a duty to Company. In addition, Company shall indemnify its employees and agents to the fullest extent permitted by law, provided that the indemnification in any given situation is approved by the Members.

Article 7 TRANSFER OF UNITS

7.1 General Restrictions on Transfers.

(a) **General.** No Units may be transferred unless the Transfer is either (i) expressly permitted under this Article 7, or (ii) approved by the Members, acting by unanimous consent.

(b) **Void Transfer.** Any Transfer, attempted Transfer, or purported Transfer in violation of this Agreement's terms and conditions shall be null and void.

(c) **Securities Laws Transfer Restrictions.** Subject to the other restrictions herein set forth, no interest in Company shall be transferred by any Transferor unless such Transfer is subject to an effective registration under, or exempt from the registration requirements of, the applicable state and federal securities laws.

7.2 **Permitted Transfers.** A Member may Transfer all or any portion of the Member's Units to a Permitted Transferee, provided the applicable provisions of this Section 7.2 are complied with before the Transfer becomes effective, at which time the Permitted Transferee will become a Member.

(a) **Signature.** The Permitted Transferee must sign a counterpart to this Agreement, agreeing for the benefit of the other Members to be bound by this Agreement to the same extent as if the Permitted Transferee had been an original party to the Agreement as a Member. The Spouse of the Permitted Transferee must sign a spousal consent and acknowledgment if requested by Company.

(b) **Approval.** Company must approve of the trustee, if the Transfer is to a trust, in writing before the Transfer.

(c) **Documents.** The Permitted Transferee must take all actions and execute all instruments required by Company in order for the Transfer to comply with any applicable federal or state laws and regulations relating to the Transfer of Units or with this Agreement.

7.3 **Involuntary Transfer**.

(a) **Involuntary Transferee.** An Involuntary Transfer to a Person other than a Permitted Transferee will be effective only after the applicable provisions of this Section 7.3 have been complied with. The creditor, receiver, trust or trustee, estate, beneficiary, or other Person to whom Units are transferred by Involuntary Transfer, or a Member that has undergone a Change of Control (the "<u>Involuntary Transferee</u>"), will have only the rights provided in this Section 7.3. As used herein, the term "<u>Involuntary Transfer</u>" means any Change of Control of a Member and/or any Transfer of Units by operation of law or in any proceeding, including a Transfer resulting from the dissociation of a Member, by or in which a Member would, but for the provisions of this Section 7.3, be involuntarily deprived of any interest in or to the Member's Units, including, without limitation, (i) a Transfer on death or bankruptcy, (ii) any foreclosure of a security interest in the Units, (iii) any seizure under levy of attachment or execution, or (iv) any Transfer to a state or to a public office or agency pursuant to any statute pertaining to escheat, abandoned property, or forfeiture.

(b) **Notice to Company.** Upon the occurrence of an Involuntary Transfer, the Transferor and the Involuntary Transferee (or, in the case of a Change of Control, the Involuntary Transferee) shall each immediately deliver a written notice to Company describing the event giving rise to the Involuntary Transfer, the date on which the event occurred, the reason or reasons for the Involuntary Transfer, the name, address, and capacity of the Involuntary Transferee and the Units involved (a "<u>Notice of Involuntary Transfer</u>"). The Notice of Involuntary Transfer shall constitute the offer to sell the number of Units identified therein to the Member that is not the Transferor or Company, as applicable, for which the Purchase Price and the terms of payment shall be as set forth in the applicable provisions of Section 7.6. Upon receipt of a Notice of Involuntary Transfer, Company shall promptly provide the same to the Member that is not the Transferor.

(c) **Member's Option to Purchase Units.** If any Units are subject to any Involuntary Transfer, the Member that is not the Transferor shall at all times have the immediate and continuing right and option for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days after such Member first receives the Notice of Involuntary Transfer to purchase such Units in accordance with Section 7.6 by giving written notice to that effect to the Transferor and Involuntary Transferee (or, in the case of a Change of Control, to the Involuntary Transferee). Failure to properly accept the offer within the prescribed time period shall constitute a rejection of the offer. For the sake of clarity, Units held by a Member that has undergone a Change of Control shall be treated for purposes of this Agreement as Units subject to an Involuntary Transfer.

(d) **Company's Option to Purchase Units.** If any Units are subject to any Involuntary Transfer, and if the Member that is not the Transferor does not accept the offer set forth in Section 7.3(c), then Company shall at all times have the right and option, for a period beginning on the expiration of the offer set forth in Section 7.3(c) and continuing for one hundred eighty (180) days thereafter, to purchase such Units in accordance with Section 7.6 by giving written notice to that effect to the Transferor and Involuntary Transferee (or, in the case of a Change of Control, to the Involuntary Transferee). Failure to properly accept the offer within the prescribed time period shall constitute a rejection of the offer. For the sake of clarity, Units held by a Member that has undergone a Change of Control shall be treated for purposes of this Agreement as Units subject to an Involuntary Transfer.

(e) **Effect of Member's and Company's Rejection of Option.** If neither the Member that is not the Transferor nor Company accepts the offers pursuant to Section 7.3(c) or 7.3(d), or Member or Company, as applicable, fails through no fault of the Transferor or the Involuntary Transferee to close the Transfer within the applicable time period established therefor, the Involuntary Transfer shall become effective and the Involuntary Transferee shall be subject to the rights and restrictions set forth in this Agreement, including Section 7.3(f), and any subsequent Transfer by the Involuntary Transferee shall be subject to the provisions hereof.

(f) **Effect of Involuntary Transfer.** From the effective date of the Involuntary Transfer, the Involuntary Transferee (including, for the sake of clarity, a Member that has undergone a Change of Control) shall have the rights of an assignee of the Transferor's Units as set out in Section 183.0704(1)(b) of the Act. Unless and until the Involuntary Transferee is admitted as a member by the Members, acting by unanimous consent, the Units held by the Involuntary Transferee shall have no voting rights such that any determination of the unanimous consent of the Members shall be made by excluding the Units held by the Involuntary Transferee for all purposes.

7.4 **Right of Investor Member to Withdraw.**

(a) **Right to Withdraw.** Beginning on the *later of* (i) the day following the fifth (5th) anniversary of the date on which the last portion of the Facility is treated as "placed in service" for federal income tax purposes (giving effect to any applicable convention discussed in Section 168(d) of the Code) *or* (ii) the receipt by Investor of distributions from the Company in the amount discussed in the second sentence of Section 4.1(d), Investor shall have the right to tender Investor's Units to Company and to withdraw from Company (such day, the "<u>Trigger</u> <u>Date</u>"), and continuing for sixty (60) days thereafter. If Investor exercises this right, then (i) Company shall pay to Investor an amount equal to One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000), which amount shall be paid to Investor in immediately available funds on the date selected by Investor in the written notice discussed in Section 7.4(b), and (ii) in exchange for such payment, Investor shall, on the date selected by Investor in the written notice discussed in Section 7.4(b), Transfer to Company all of Investor's Units, free and clear of any and all liens, restrictions and encumbrances (other than any liens, restrictions and encumbrances imposed by

this Agreement), as evidenced by an assignment and withdrawal document reasonably acceptable to Investor and Company.

(b) Method for Exercising Right to Withdraw. If Investor elects to exercise Investor's right to tender Investor's Units to Company and to withdraw from Company, Investor shall provide written notice to Company no sooner than ninety (90) and no later than thirty (30) days prior to the Trigger Date. In such notice, Investor shall set forth the date for such tendering of Investor's Units and withdrawal from Company, which date shall be within the sixty (60) day window set forth in Section 7.4(a).

7.5 **Right to Purchase Investor's Units.**

(a) **Right to Purchase.** Beginning on the first (1st) anniversary of the Trigger Date, and continuing for sixty (60) days thereafter, the Tribe shall have the right to purchase Investor's Units for their then-Fair Market Value. The Tribe may assign this right to purchase to any Permitted Transferee of the Tribe. If the Tribe exercises this right, or if the Tribe assigns this right to any Permitted Transferee, as applicable, shall pay such Fair Market Value to Investor on the date selected by the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee in the written notice discussed in Section 7.5(b), and (ii) in exchange for such payment, Investor shall, on the date selected by the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee, as applicable, in the written notice discussed in Section 7.5(b), Transfer to the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee, as applicable, all of Investor's Units, free and clear of any and all liens, restrictions and encumbrances (other than any liens, restrictions and encumbrances imposed by this Agreement), as evidenced by an assignment and withdrawal document reasonably acceptable to Investor and the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee, as applicable.

(b) **Method for Exercising Right to Purchase.** If the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee elects to exercise its right to purchase Investor's Units, the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee, as applicable, shall provide written notice to Investor and Company no sooner than ninety (90) and no later than thirty (30) days prior to the twelve (12) month anniversary of the Trigger Date. In such notice, the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee, as applicable, shall set forth the date for the closing of the purchase of Investor's Units, which date shall be within the sixty (60) day window set forth in Section 7.5(a); provided, however, that such date may be extended beyond such 60-day window if necessary for the determination of the Fair Market Value of the Units. If the date for the closing of the purchase of Investor's Units is so extended, the date for such closing shall be thirty (30) days after such Fair Market Value is finally determined. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 7.5, the Tribe or its Permitted Transferee, as applicable, shall be entitled, within ten (10) days of the final determination of the Fair Market Value of the Fair Market Value of Investor's Units, to rescind its election to purchase such Units by delivery of written notice of such rescission to Investor and Company.

7.6 **Purchase Price and Payment Terms; Closing.**

(a) **Purchase Price.** The Purchase Price for Units transferred pursuant to Section 7.3(c) or 7.3(d) shall be an amount equal to the Fair Market Value for such Units (or interest therein) on the date of the Notice of Involuntary Transfer. The purchasing party shall be

entitled, within ten (10) days of the determination of Fair Market Value, to rescind its election to purchase the Units by delivery of notice of such rescission to the selling Member, Member's estate, Spouse or Spouse's estate, as applicable.

(b) **Payment Terms for Purchases Under Sections 7.3(c), 7.3(d) and 7.5(a)**. The Purchase Price for Units Transferred pursuant to Section 7.3(c), 7.3(d) or 7.5(a) shall be paid by Company or the purchasing Member as follows:

(i) ten percent (10%) of the Purchase Price shall be paid by the purchasing party at closing in cash, by wire transfer or certified check, and

(ii) the remaining ninety percent (90%) of the Purchase Price shall be payable pursuant to one or more promissory notes executed by the purchasing party. Such promissory notes shall bear interest at a rate equal to the lowest mid-term applicable federal rate, with annual compounding, in effect in the month of the closing for such purchase of Units or in either of the preceding two (2) months, and shall be payable in equal annual installments over a period of nine (9) years (prepayable at any time without penalty).

(c) Closing. The closing for any purchase of the Units pursuant to Section 7.3(c) or 7.3(d) or 7.5(a) shall be within sixty (60) days after the Fair Market Value is determined.

7.7 **Issuances and Transfers of Interests in Investor.** Investor agrees that, beginning on the Effective Date and continuing so long as Investor holds any Units, in no event will Investor issue any debt or equity interest in Investor to any Person who or that does not hold a debt or equity interest in Investor as of the Effective Date, nor shall Investor permit, honor or recognize any sale, assignment, gift or other transfer of any such debt or equity interest to any such Person, in each case without the consent of the Co-Managers, subject to the rights of the Members set forth in Section 6.1(c)(vi).

7.8 **Specific Performance.** The parties declare that it may be impossible to measure in money the damages that will accrue to any party by reason of a failure to perform any of the obligations under this Article 7, and the parties agree that this Article 7 shall be specifically enforced. Therefore, if any Member or Transferee institutes any action or proceeding to enforce the provisions of this Article 7, any Person, including Company, against whom the action or proceeding is brought waives the claim or defense that the party has or may have an adequate remedy at law. The Person shall not urge in any such action or proceeding the claim or defense that a remedy at law exists, and the Person shall consent to the remedy of specific performance of this Agreement.

Article 8 DISSOCIATION, DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

8.1 **Events Causing Dissolution.** Company shall be dissolved only upon the happening of a Dissolution Event.

8.2 **Termination.** Dissolution of Company shall be effective on the date on which the Dissolution Event occurs but Company shall not terminate until Articles of Dissolution have

been duly filed under the Act, the affairs of Company have been wound up, and the assets of Company have been distributed as provided in Section 8.3. Notwithstanding the dissolution of Company, prior to the liquidation and termination of Company, the business of Company and the affairs of the Members, as such, shall continue to be governed by this Agreement.

8.3 **Liquidation.** Following the occurrence of a Dissolution Event, the Co-Managers or, if the Co-Managers are unwilling, a Person appointed by the Members (who may, but need not, be a Member), shall serve as the liquidator of Company (the "<u>Liquidator</u>"). The Liquidator shall have all authority that is necessary or appropriate to the winding up and liquidation of Company, and the Liquidator shall proceed with the winding up and liquidation of Company by applying and distributing Company's assets pursuant to Section 4.2. A reasonable time shall be allowed for the orderly liquidation of the assets of Company and the discharge of liabilities to creditors so as to enable the Liquidator to minimize any losses resulting from the liquidation.

8.4 **Filing and Notice.** The Liquidator shall promptly, upon appointment, execute and file on behalf of Company all documents necessary to effect such dissolution.

8.5 **Distributions In Kind.** If any assets of Company are to be distributed in kind, such assets shall be distributed on the basis of their Asset Value, and any Member entitled to an interest in such assets shall receive such interest therein as a tenant-in-common with all other Members so entitled.

8.6 **Limitation on Liability.** Each Member shall look solely to Company's assets for all distributions from Company and the return of the Member's Capital Contribution to Company and shall have no recourse (upon dissolution or otherwise) against any Liquidator, Manager or Member, or any of their respective affiliates.

Article 9 BOOKS AND RECORDS, INSURANCE

9.1 **Books and Records.** Company's books and records shall be maintained in accordance with the Terms and Conditions. To the extent permitted by the Terms and Conditions, such books and records shall be maintained at Company's principal office or at any other place designated by the Co-Managers and shall be available for inspection and copying by any Member or any Member's duly authorized representative(s), at the Member's own expense, during normal business hours.

9.2 **Company Funds.** Company's funds may be deposited in such banking institutions as the Co-Managers determine, and withdrawals shall be made only in the regular course of Company's business on such signature or signatures as the Co-Managers determine. All deposits and other funds not needed in the operation of the business may be invested in certificates of deposit, short-term money market instruments, money market funds, government securities, or similar investments as the Co-Managers determine.

9.3 **Availability of Information.** Company shall keep at its principal office and place of business, and each Member shall have the right to inspect and copy, all of the following:

(i) a current list of the full name and last-known business address of each Member or former Member set forth in alphabetical order, the date on which each Member or former Member became a Member, and, if applicable, the date on which any former Member ceased to be a Member; (ii) a copy of the Articles of Organization and all amendments to the Articles; (iii) copies of Company's federal, state, and local income tax returns and financial statements, if any, for its seven most recent years; and (iv) copies of this Agreement and any effective written amendments to this Agreement.

9.4 **Tax Returns.** The Co-Managers shall cause to be prepared and shall file on or before the due date (or any extension of the due date) any federal, state, or local tax returns required to be filed by Company. The Co-Managers shall cause Company to pay any taxes payable by Company out of Company funds. As soon as reasonably practicable following the end of each Fiscal Year, the Co-Managers shall cause Company to send to each Person who was a Member at any time during the Fiscal Year then ended such tax information as is necessary or appropriate for the preparation by the Members of their individual federal and state income tax returns.

Tax Matters Partner. Subject to the terms hereof, Investor shall serve as the 9.5 Tax Matters Partner pursuant to Section 6231(a)(7) of the Code, and in such capacity is hereby authorized and empowered to act and represent Company and each of the Members with respect to Company before the Internal Revenue Service in any audit or examination of any Company tax return and before any court selected by the Tax Matters Partner for judicial review of any adjustments assessed by the Internal Revenue Service. By the execution of this Agreement, the Members hereby consent and acknowledge that Investor shall be the Tax Matters Partner, and the Members agree to be bound by, and agree not to take any action inconsistent with, the actions or inaction of said Tax Matters Partner including, but not limited to, the extension of any statute of limitations, the making of any settlement or the taking of any other action or position that the Tax Matters Partner deems proper under the circumstances. The Tax Matters Partner shall have the authority to take all actions and incur all costs necessary or desirable in its sole discretion to accomplish the matters set forth in this Section 9.5. If Investor ceases to be a Member, the remaining Members shall elect another Member to be the Tax Matters Partner by unanimous consent. The Tax Matters Partner shall be indemnified and held harmless by Company from and against any and all claims, demands, liabilities, costs (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees), damages and causes of action of any nature whatsoever arising out of or incidental to the Tax Matters Partner's taking of any action authorized under, or within the scope of, this Agreement; provided, however, that the Tax Matters Partner shall not be entitled to indemnification where the claim at issue arose out of:

(a) a matter entirely unrelated to the Tax Matters Partner's acting under the provisions of this Agreement; or

(b) the proven willful misconduct of the Tax Matters Partner.

Article 10 MISCELLANEOUS

10.1 **Amendments to Agreement.** Except as provided in Section 2.4 with respect to the modification of Exhibit B and Section 3.2 with respect to the computation of Capital Accounts, no amendment or modification of this Agreement shall be valid unless made in writing and approved by the unanimous consent of the Members.

10.2 **Integration.** This Agreement and the exhibits attached hereto supersede all prior oral or written agreements or understandings between the parties to this Agreement regarding the subject matter of this Agreement, and are the complete agreement of the Members with respect thereto.

10.3 **Binding Provisions.** The agreements and covenants contained in this Agreement inure solely to the benefit of the parties to this Agreement. This Agreement shall be binding on the heirs, executors, administrators, personal representatives, successors, and permitted assigns of the respective parties to this Agreement.

10.4 **Applicable Law.** This Agreement shall be interpreted and construed in accordance with the laws of the state of Wisconsin, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of laws.

10.5 **Severability of Provisions.** Each provision of this Agreement shall be considered separable, and if for any reason any provision or provisions of this Agreement are determined to be invalid or contrary to any existing or future law, the invalidity shall not affect or impair the operation of those portions of this Agreement that are valid, unless it is clearly unreasonable to do so, or if doing so would substantially change the terms of this Agreement to impose new and/or different obligations, economic or legal relationships between the parties or rights of the parties.

10.6 **Headings.** The headings of this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not limit or otherwise affect any of the terms or provisions hereof.

10.7 **Notice.** Any notice required or permitted to be given pursuant to this Agreement shall be valid only if in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given (i) when personally delivered, (ii) when transmitted by fax if confirmation of receipt is printed out on the sending fax machine, (iii) if transmitted by e-mail, when receipt is confirmed by the recipient of such notice, or (iv) three (3) days after being mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Person receiving notice at the address contained in Company's records, unless that Person otherwise notifies Company in accordance with this Section 10.7 of a change of address.

10.8 **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute the same instrument.

10.9 **Facsimile and PDF Signatures.** Any signature to this Agreement or any exhibit hereto or document contemplated hereby transmitted electronically by facsimile or .pdf

software shall be deemed a true and legally binding signature for all purposes and shall for all purposes be considered an original signature.

10.10 **Mutual Drafting.** This Agreement reflects a negotiated compromise between the Members. No Member shall be considered to be the drafter of this Agreement or any of its provisions for the purpose of any statute, case law or rule of interpretation or construction that would or might cause any provision hereof to be construed against the drafter of this Agreement.

10.11 No Waiver of Sovereign Immunity. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity of the Tribe.

10.12 **Dispute Resolution.** The parties shall attempt to settle every dispute arising out of or in connection with this Agreement (each a "Dispute"), by following the dispute resolution process set forth below. First the Co-Managers shall meet and, working in good faith, attempt to resolve the Dispute. If the Co-Managers are unable to resolve the dispute, then either party shall have the right to seek resolution of a Dispute by providing written notice of the Dispute to the Matt Neumann of Investor and the James Bittorf of Tribe (collectively, the "Dispute Representatives"). Within ten (10) business days of such notice, the Dispute Representatives shall meet, review such relevant information as they may determine and endeavor in good faith to reach agreement. They shall render their decision within three (3) business days of such meeting (or such other timeline to which they mutually agree). If the Dispute Representatives shall fail to reach agreement within sixty (60) business days of such meeting, then they shall be free to pursue any right or remedy available under applicable law or in equity.

[Signature page follows.]

The undersigned Members have executed this Agreement as of the Effective Date.

SOLAR INVESTMENTS WI, LLC

ONEIDA NATION

By:__

:_____ Matt Neumann, Member By:_____

Name:_____

Title:_____

SIGNATURE PAGE TO ONEIDA NATION SOLAR, LLC OPERATING AGREEMENT Public Packet

EXHIBIT A DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below and any derivatives of the terms shall have correlative meanings:

Act means the Wisconsin Limited Liability Company Law, Chapter 183 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

Agreement shall have the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph hereof.

- Asset Value means as of any date, with respect to any asset, the asset's adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes as of such date, except as follows:
 - (1) The initial Asset Value of any asset contributed by a Member to Company shall be the gross fair market value of the asset, as reasonably determined by the Co-Managers, acting with the unanimous consent of the Members.
 - (2) The Asset Values of all assets of Company shall be adjusted to equal their respective gross fair market values, as reasonably determined by the Co-Managers, as of the following times: (a) the acquisition of additional Units by any new or existing Member in exchange for more than a *de minimis* Capital Contribution; (b) the distribution by Company to a Member of more than a *de minimis* amount of Company's property as consideration for Units if the Co-Managers reasonably determine that the adjustment is necessary or appropriate to reflect the relative economic interests of the Members; (c) the liquidation of Company within the meaning of Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g) of the Treasury Regulations; and (d) in connection with the grant of Units representing an interest in Company (other than a *de minimis* interest) as consideration for services to or for the benefit of Company by an existing Member acting in its capacity as a Member, or by a new Member acting in its capacity as a Member or in anticipation of being a Member.
 - (3) The Asset Value of any Company asset distributed to any Member shall be the gross fair market value of the asset on the date of distribution as reasonably determined by the Co-Managers, acting with the unanimous consent of the Members.
 - (4) The Asset Value of Company's assets shall be increased (or decreased) to reflect any adjustments to the adjusted bases of the assets pursuant to Section 734(b) or Section 743(b) of the Code, but only to the extent required by Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m) of the Treasury Regulations; <u>provided</u>, however, that Asset Values shall not be adjusted pursuant to this clause (4) to the extent the Co-Managers reasonably determine that an adjustment pursuant to clause (2), above, is necessary or appropriate in connection with a transaction that otherwise would result in an adjustment pursuant to this clause (4).

(5) If the Asset Value of an asset has been determined or adjusted pursuant to clause (1),
 (2), or (4), above, the Asset Value shall thereafter be adjusted by the Depreciation taken into account with respect to that asset for purposes of computing Profits and Losses.

Award shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.5.

- Capital Account means the account established and maintained for each Member pursuant to Article 3.
- Capital Commitment shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.2(a).
- **Capital Contribution** means the excess of the Asset Value of the cash, services, property or promissory notes or other written obligations contributed to Company by any Member with respect to the Member's Units over the sum of any debt of the Member assumed by Company in connection with such contribution and any debt secured by the property so contributed.
- **Capital Transaction** means the financing, refinancing, sale, exchange, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Facility, including, without limitation, casualty or condemnation or other similar transaction which, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, is treated as a capital transaction, or the recovery of any damages arising from the construction of the Facility or the failure of the Facility to operate in accordance with its specifications.
- Cash Available for Distribution means Cash Flow less Reserves.
- **Cash Flow** means cash funds provided from the various assets of Company, or, with respect to property or investments held directly by Company, from operations, including the release of Reserves, without deduction for Depreciation or similar non-cash allowances, but after deducting cash funds used to pay for all operating expenses, contractually-obligated capital repairs to, replacements and maintenance of, or removal of, any property or investments held directly by Company, debt payments, improvements, replacements or other cash outlays actually incurred; <u>provided</u>, however, that Cash Flow shall not include any Proceeds from a Capital Transaction. For the sake of clarity, Cash Flow shall be determined *without* deducting cash funds used to pay Tax Distributions.
- **Change of Control** means a sale of substantially all of the assets of a Member, or any merger, reorganization, consolidation or transfer or sale of the voting equity of such Member whereby the Persons collectively directly or indirectly owning more than 50% of the equity of such Member immediately prior to such event no longer directly or indirectly own at least 50% of the Member's equity after such event. For purposes of clarification, the dissolution or liquidation of a Member will not be treated for purposes of this Agreement as a Change of Control, but will instead be treated as a Transfer that is permitted pursuant to Section 7.2, if the Transfer of the dissolving or liquidating Member's Units would be permitted under Section 7.2.

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Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (or any corresponding provisions of succeeding law).

Co-Managers has the meaning set forth in Section 6.2(a) of this Agreement.

Company shall have the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of this Agreement.

Construction Capital Call shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(a).

Defaulting Member shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(d).

Default Interest shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(d).

Default Loan shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(d).

- **Depreciation** means, for each Fiscal Period of Company, an amount equal to the depreciation, amortization, or other cost recovery deduction allowable with respect to an asset of Company for such Fiscal Period under the Code, except that if the Asset Value of an asset differs from its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes at the beginning of such Fiscal Period, Depreciation shall be an amount that bears the same ratio to such beginning Asset Value as the federal income tax depreciation, amortization, or other cost recovery deduction for such Fiscal Period bears to such beginning adjusted tax basis; provided, however, that if the adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes of an asset at the beginning of such Fiscal Period is zero, Depreciation shall be determined with reference to such beginning Asset Value using any reasonable method consistent with the purpose and intent hereof.
- **Dissolution Event** means the approval of the dissolution of Company by the Members, acting by unanimous consent, or the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution pursuant to Section 183.0902 of the Act.

DOE Grant shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(a).

Effective Date shall have the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of this Agreement.

Facility shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.3.

Fair Market Value means the fair market value of the Units being sold on an installed, in-place, and operational basis as of the date of sale. Company or the selling Member (or Spouse or Spouse's estate) and the purchaser(s) of the Units shall attempt to mutually agree upon the Fair Market Value within thirty (30) days after the occurrence of any event requiring the determination of Fair Market Value. If the parties cannot agree on the Fair Market Value, then the Fair Market Value shall be the price, expressed in terms of cash equivalents, at which the Units being sold would change hands between a hypothetical willing and able buyer and a hypothetical willing and able seller, acting at arm's length in

an open and unrestricted market, when neither is under compulsion to buy or sell and when both have reasonable knowledge of the relevant facts, as determined by an appraiser taking into account any applicable customary discounts and the Capital Account balance of the Units. The Fair Market Value shall be determined as the value per Unit to a buyer making a passive investment in Company and shall exclude any synergies that may accrue to a strategic buyer. If the Units being appraised are subject to an Involuntary Transfer, then the appraiser shall be selected by Company; in all other events, the appraiser shall be selected by mutual agreement of the purchasing and selling parties, and if the parties cannot agree on the identity of an appraiser within sixty (60) days after the occurrence of any event requiring the determination of Fair Market Value (for the sake of clarity, with the exclusion of any Involuntary Transfer), Fair Market Value shall be the average of two appraised values, one obtained from an appraiser selected by the purchasing party or parties, and the other obtained from an appraiser selected by the selling party or parties. The appraiser or appraisers as the case may be shall determine the Fair Market Value within ninety (90) days of being selected. In the event that a single appraiser determines the Fair Market Value of any Units. Company shall bear the cost of the appraisal, except in the case of a transfer of Units subject to an Involuntary Transfer, in which case the cost shall be split between Company and the Transferor. In the event two appraisals are obtained, each party shall bear the cost of its own appraiser. For purposes of the Tribe exercising its right to purchase Investor's Units under Section 7.5 of this Agreement, Fair Market Value shall take into consideration the extent to which Investor has already received distributions under this Agreement and the extent to which Investor, in the event the Company sold its assets at Fair Market Value. would be limited to sharing in the proceeds of such liquidation only to the extent that value remained after the Tribe had received the return of the amounts in its Capital Account.

Fiscal Period means a portion of a Fiscal Year.

Fiscal Year shall be a calendar year, provided that in the year of the formation, sale, or liquidation of Company, a Fiscal Year may be less than a 12-month period.

Future Capital Call shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(c).

Investor shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.2(a).

Involuntary Transfer and **Involuntary Transferee** shall have the meanings set forth in Section 7.3(a).

Liquidator shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.3.

Manager means a Person appointed as a manager by Investor or the Tribe pursuant to Section 6.2(a).

- **Member** means any Person listed on <u>Exhibit B</u> until such time as the Person is no longer a Member in accordance with this Agreement and any additional Person who is admitted as a Member to Company in accordance with this Agreement.
- **Non-Defaulting Member** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(d).
- Notice of Involuntary Transfer shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.3(b).
- **Permitted Transferee** means: (1) any Person controlled by, under common control with, or controlling such Member, with "control" for this purpose meaning the possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; (2) another Member; (3) a trust created for the benefit of a Member and/or any Person(s) identified in subsections (1)-(2), above; or (4) Company.
- **Person** means an individual, a general partnership, a limited partnership, a domestic or foreign limited liability company, a trust, an estate, an association, a corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- **Prime Rate** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(d).
- **Proceeds from a Capital Transaction** means net proceeds received by Company from a Capital Transaction, after reduction for all expenses of the Capital Transaction and any Reserves set aside by the Co-Managers for future expenses.
- **Profits** and **Losses** mean, for each Fiscal Period, an amount equal to Company's taxable income and loss for the Fiscal Period, determined in accordance with Section 703(a) of the Code (for this purpose, all items of income, gain, loss, or deduction required to be stated separately pursuant to Section 703(a)(1) of the Code shall be included in taxable income and loss), with the following adjustments:
 - (1) any income of Company that is exempt from federal income tax and not otherwise taken into account in computing Profits and Losses pursuant to this definition shall be added to the taxable income or loss;
 - (2) any expenditures of Company described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code or treated as Section 705(a)(2)(B) expenditures described in Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(i) of the Treasury Regulations, and not otherwise taken into account in computing Profits and Losses pursuant to this definition, shall be subtracted from the taxable income or loss;
 - (3) in the event the Asset Value of any Company asset is adjusted pursuant to the definition of Asset Value, the amount of the adjustment shall be taken into account as gain or loss from the disposition of the asset for purposes of computing Profits and Losses;

- (4) gain or loss resulting from any disposition of any property by Company with respect to which gain or loss is recognized for federal income tax purposes shall be computed by reference to the Asset Value of the property disposed of, notwithstanding that the property's adjusted tax basis differs from its Asset Value;
- (5) in lieu of the depreciation, amortization, and other cost recovery deductions taken into account in computing the taxable income or loss, there shall be taken into account Depreciation for the Fiscal Year or other period; and
- (6) to the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Company asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or Section 743(b) of the Code is required pursuant to Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m) of the Treasury Regulations to be taken into account in determining Capital Accounts as a result of a distribution other than in complete liquidation of a Member's Units, the amount of the adjustment shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the asset's basis) or loss (if the adjustment decreases the asset's basis) from the disposition of the asset and shall be taken into account for purposes of computing Profits and Losses.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this definition, items that are specially allocated pursuant to Sections 5.2 and 5.4 shall not be taken into account in computing Profits and Losses.

Purchase Price means the price determined under Section 7.6(a).

Recipient shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.5.

Regulatory Allocations shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.2.

Reserves means, with respect to any Fiscal Period, any funds set aside or amounts allocated during or with respect to such period in amounts deemed sufficient by the Co-Managers for repairs, replacements, contingencies, or other outlays, known or unknown, contingent or otherwise.

Solar PV Contract for Purchase shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.1(b).

Spouse means the spouse of a Member or a Transferee.

- **Tax Distribution** means any amount distributed to a Member pursuant to Section 4.1(a) and 4.1(b), or deemed distributed to a Member pursuant to Section 4.1(c).
- **Tax Distribution Dates** means, except as provided in Section 4.1(b), January 15, April 15, June 15, and September 15 of each Fiscal Year.
- Tax Matters Partner shall have the meaning assigned in the Code.
- **Tax Rate** means the *sum of* (i) the highest combined marginal income tax rate for federal and Wisconsin purposes for the Fiscal Period at issue applicable to individuals, assuming in determining the tax rate that state taxes are deductible for federal purposes, subject to the

maximum applicability of the phaseout of itemized deductions contained in Section 68 of the Code, *plus* (ii) the federal Medicare contribution tax rate in effect under Section 1411 of the Code. In determining the Tax Rate, a separate Tax Rate shall be determined for ordinary income and long-term capital gain, respectively, if Company has both types of income.

Terms and Conditions shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.3(a).

- **Transfer** means to sell, assign, give, bequeath, pledge, or otherwise encumber, divest, dispose of, or transfer ownership or control of all of, any part of, or any interest in a Unit to any Person, whether voluntarily or by operation of law, whether inter vivos or upon death.
- **Transferee** means any Person who proposes to acquire or acquires Units pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.
- **Transferor** means any Person who proposes to Transfer or Transfers any or all of the Person's Units pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.
- **Treasury Regulations** or **Regulations** means the regulations adopted from time to time by the Department of the Treasury under the Code, and any references to "partners" or "partnership" in the Regulations shall refer, as appropriate, to Members and Company, respectively.

Tribe shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.2(a).

Trigger Date shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.4(a).

Unit means an equity interest in Company having the rights and obligations ascribed to it in this Agreement.

EXHIBIT B UNITS; CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Member Name	Units	Capital Commitments
Solar Investments WI, LLC	990	\$1,040,000
Oneida Nation	10	\$960,000
Totals:	1,000	\$2,000,000

EXHIBIT C DOE GRANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS

See attached.

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	/	26	/	17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 🗌 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:					
Agenda Header: New Business					
Accept as Information only					
X Action - please describe:					
Approve revision of Standard Operating Procedure titled: Hiring and Negotiating Oneida Business Committee (OBC) Political Appointees					
3. Supporting Materials					
Report Resolution Contract					
X Other:					
1.Current SOP 3.Minutes from May 10, 2017					
2. Previous SOP with strikeout 4.					
Business Committee signature required					
4. Budget Information					
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted					
5. Submission					
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Tehassi Hill, Council Member					
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Danelle Wilson, Executive Assitant					
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member					
Additional Requestor:					
Name, Title / Dept.					
Additional Requestor:					
Name, Title / Dept.					

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Purpose: To approve the revised version of SOP: Hiring Political Appointees

Background:

On May 10, 2017 a SOP titled, Hiring and Negotiating Oneida Business Committee (OBC) Political Appointees was approved by the OBC, with some changes.

One of the changes was to remove section 3.3 (see strikeout version): The Tribal Chair's Office is eligible for two (2) full-time positions with the option of the Tribal Chair hiring two (2) part-time (0 to 20 hours a week) employees to equal one full-time position.

Feedback from the OBC after this SOP was approved on May 10, 2017 was to to add section 3.3 back into the SOP. The additional feedback included redefining the scope of work for the part-time positions.

Action Requested:

To approve the addition of section 3.3 back into the SOP titled, Hiring and Negotiating Oneida Business Committee (OBC) Political Appointees.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

CONEIDA ONEIDA ONEIDA NATION STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE	TITLE: Hiring and Negotiating Oneida Business Committee (<i>OBC</i>) Political Appointments	ORIGINATION DATE: July 2006 REVISION DATE: July 18, 2017 EFFECTIVE DATE: After Last Signature
DIVISION: Non-Divisional	APPROVED BY: OBC by motion	DATE: <i>5/10/17</i>
DEPARTMENT: Oneida Business Committee		DATE: July 18, 2017
AUTHOR: Paula King-Dessart/ Jessica Wallenfang	APPROVED BY: HRD Manager Seraldene Routet	DATE: //////
EEO Reference #: 70	PAGE NO: 1 of 5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1.0 PURPOSE

1.1 To set a standard for the hiring process of politically-appointed positions by an Oneida Business Committee Member.

2.0 DEFINITIONS

- **2.1** *HR Representative:* HRD employee responsible for job description development, posting and hiring processes.
- **2.2** *Political Appointment:* The process by which a person is appointed or designated for an office or position by an elected official.
- **2.3** *Job Descriptions:* A document defining duties and responsibilities for a position.
- **2.4 OBC Member:** The person responsible or designated to directly oversee the work and performance of an employee. There may be more than one OBC Member in some cases.

3.0 WORK STANDARDS

- **3.1** Politically-appointed positions are hired to support elected officials during his or her term in office.
 - **3.1.1** When the elected official's term ends, the political appointment's term will end as well.

Hiring/ Posting Process

- **3.2** Each OBC Member is authorized to hire one (1) full-time political appointee.
- **3.3** Hiring additional political appointees will require approval by OBC action.
 - **3.3.1** All created and/or revised political appointed job descriptions must be approved by the OBC and documented through OBC minutes.
- **3.4** OBC Members have four (4) options to hire a political appointee:
 - **3.4.1** Choose a qualified individual;
 - **3.4.2** Choose qualified applicant from a pool of OBC approved applications on file at HRD;
 - **3.4.3** Use the Nation's posting process by contacting the HR Representative; or
 - **3.4.4** Choose not to hire a political appointee.
- **3.5** HRD will facilitate the hiring process to include testing, background checks and scheduling for orientation.

Salary and Wages

- **3.6** OBC Members must work with the OBC Office Administrator to negotiate all salary or wage adjustments to ensure there are adequate funds within the OBC's budget.
- **3.7** Political Appointees must meet the qualifications and requirements of the appropriate job description to negotiate wages.
 - **3.7.1** If an applicant does not meet the qualifications and requirements of the job, he or she cannot negotiate wages and will be appointed at the minimum starting wage for the desired position.
 - **3.7.1.1** An applicant's failure to pass the pre-employment drug and alcohol test and/or background check shall automatically disqualify the applicant.
 - **3.7.2** Political Appointees are eligible for compensation increases, such as; salary or wage adjustments and bonuses.
 - **3.7.2.1** Salary or wage adjustments are permissible by an approved budget with the budget specific to the Political Appointee.
 - **3.7.3** Bonuses are permissible by an approved budget and standard operating procedure.

Transfers/Reassignments

- **3.8** Political Appointees are eligible for transfers, promotions and job reassignments after one year of continuous service as a political appointee for the OBC.
 - **3.8.1** Status changes will be processed in the same manner as regular status employees.

4 PROCEDURES

Selecting a Political Appointment - No Posting

OBC Member

- **4.1** Submit request to post or appoint position in writing to the OBC Office Administrator.
- **4.2** Discuss wage negotiation with OBC Office Administrator and HR Representative.
- **4.3** Determine if the applicant or appointee meets the qualifications and requirements of education and experience for the selected job description.
- **4.4** May consider utilizing the Table of Equivalencies during this process.

OBC Office Administrator

- **4.5** Send applicant's or appointee's information to the HR Representative to process.
- **4.6** Gain OBC support regarding the flexibility to budget funds to accommodate wage offers.
- **4.7** Work with OBC Member to negotiate wage and starting date.
 - **4.7.1** Be aware of all Political Appointee's wage offers to ensure fairness and equity.

HRD Representative

- **4.8** Perform all required testing, checks, and paperwork. This includes, but is not limited to:
 - 4.8.1 Skills Testing
 - **4.8.2** Background Check
 - **4.8.3** Driver's License
 - **4.8.4** Pre-Employment Drug Testing
 - **4.8.5** New Hire paperwork
- **4.9** Notify the OBC Office Administrator and OBC Member whether the applicant meets the qualifications and requirements of the position.
- **4.10** Work with the OBC Office Administrator and OBC Member in offering employment.
- **4.11** If applicant does not meet all requirements, HRD Representative and OBC Member may select a different applicant or hire at the minimum starting wage.
- **4.12** Notify applicant of approved wage and starting date.

Selecting a Political Appointment - By Posting

OBC Office Administrator

- **4.13** Complete and approve the *Request* to Post Form and send to HR Representative.
- **4.14** Assist the OBC Member with the hiring process upon request. This may include:
 - 4.14.1 Develop and/or prepare interview questions.
 - **4.14.2** Attend Screening.
 - **4.14.3** Attend interviews.
 - **4.14.4** Choose an applicant.
 - **4.14.5** Decide if second interviews are necessary.

HR Representative

- **4.15** Schedule and attend a meeting with the OBC Member and OBC Office Administrator to review Request to Post Form and decide number of days for posting.
- **4.16** Post the job description for seven (7) calendar days.
- **4.17** Complete all applicable verifications and testing as the applications are received.
- **4.18** Notify the OBC Office Administrator of any applicants who have applied within (2) two days after the position has closed.
- **4.19** Complete the Employment Screening Form from the qualifications and requirements as listed on the job description.
- 4.20 Ask the OBC Member if the Table of Equivalencies will be utilized.4.20.1 If yes, add the criteria to the appropriate form.
- **4.21** Determine if applicants meet the qualifications and requirements.
- **4.22** Schedule and facilitate Screening Process.
- **4.23** Develop or review existing interview questions.
- **4.24** Schedule and confirm interview date and time with applicants, OBC Member, and OBC Office Administrator.
- **4.25** Conduct interviews.
- **4.26** OBC Member, second interviews may be held.

OBC Member

- **4.27** Coordinate the negotiations with the OBC Office Administrator to ensure proper documents, procedures, and options are clear and the available funds are within the budget guidelines.
 - **4.27.1** When agreeing upon negotiations, consider other political appointment wages to ensure wage equity.
- **4.28** The OBC Member will send an e-mail to the HR Representative or the OBC Office Administrator about the wage negotiations.

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HR Representative

- 4.29 Contact the selected applicant and offer or negotiate a wage or salary which is conditional based upon meeting the requirements of the job.4.29.1 If applicant declines, notify the OBC Member.
 - **4.29.2** Allow OBC Member to choose another applicant.
- **4.30** If applicant accepts, contact the OBC Member regarding the applicant's acceptance of the position with or without conditions and a start date.
- **4.31** Schedule and notify Political Appointee of mandatory New Employee Orientation dates.
- **4.32** Forward all new hire paperwork to the Human Resource Information Systems Department for processing.

5.0 REFERENCES

- **5.1** Request to Post Form (*HRD*)
- **5.2** Employment Screening Form (*HRD*)
- **5.3** Table of Equivalencies (*HRD*)

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Oneida Nation Standard Operating Procedure	TITLE: Hiring and Negotiating Political Appointments	ORIGINATION DATE: REVISION DATE: April 27, 2017 EFFECTIVE DATE:
DIVISION: Non-Divisional	APPROVED BY: OBC	DATE:
DEPARTMENT: Oneida Business Committee	APPROVED BY: OBC	DATE:
AUTHOR: OBC and HRD	APPROVED BY: OBC Office Manager	DATE:
PAGE NO: 1 of 6	APPROVED BY: HRD	DATE:

1.0 PURPOSE

To define the hiring process for politically-appointed positions by an Oneida Business Committee member.

2.0 **DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1 GTC General Tribal Council
- **2.2 HRD -** Human Resource Department
- **2.3 HR Representative -** An employee of HRD
- **2.4 Political Appointment** The type of employment position in which an individual is selected by an OBC member to assist with public governmental office duties during their term in office.
- **2.5 Job Descriptions:** A document that defines duties and responsibilities for the OBC Legislative Assistants.
- 2.6 OBC: Oneida Business Committee
- **2.7 Supervisor:** the individual OBC Member responsible for the day-to-day oversight of their Legislative Assistant.

3 WORK STANDARDS

- **3.1** Legislative Assistants are hired to support the OBC during the Supervisor's term in office.
 - **3.1.1** When the supervisor's position ends, the political appointment's term will end.

Hiring/ Posting Process

- **3.2** Each OBC Supervisor is authorized to hire one (1) full-time political appointee position up to 40 hours a week from the approved job description authorized by the OBC.
- **3.3** The Tribal Chair's Office is eligible for two (2) full time positions with the option The Tribal Chair has the option of hiring two (2) part time (0 to 20 hours a week) employees to equal one full time position.
- **3.4** Hiring additional political appointees will require approval by OBC action.
 - **3.4.1** All created and/or revised political appointed job descriptions must be approved by the OBC and documented through OBC minutes.
- **3.5** OBC Supervisors have four (4) options to hire a political appointee:
 - **3.5.1** Choose a qualified individual,
 - **3.5.2** Choose qualified applicant from a pool of OBC approved applications on file at HRD,

3.5.3 Use the Tribe's posting process by contacting the HR Representative, or

- 3.5.4 Choose not to hire a political appointee
- **3.6** HRD will facilitate the hiring process to include testing, background checks and scheduling for orientation.

Salary and Wages

- **3.7** The Supervisor must work with the OBC Office Administrator to negotiate all salary or wage adjustments to ensure there are adequate funds within the OBC's budget.
- **3.8** Political Appointees must meet the qualifications and requirements of the appropriate job description to negotiate wages.
 - 3.8.1 If an applicant does not meet the qualifications and requirements of the job, he or she cannot negotiate wages and will be appointed at the minimum starting wage for the desired position.
 3.8.1.1 Failure to pass the pre-employment drug test and background check automatically disqualifies the applicant.
- **3.9** Political Appointees are eligible for compensation increases, such as; salary or wage adjustments and bonuses.
 - **3.9.1** Salary or wage adjustments are permissible by an approved budget with the budget specific to the employee.
 - **3.9.2** Bonuses are permissible by an approved budget and standard operating procedure.

Transfers/Reassignments

3.10 Political Appointees are eligible for transfers, promotions and job reassignments after one year of continuous service as a political appointee for the OBC.

3.10.1 Status changes will be processed in the same manner as regular status employees.

4 PROCEDURES

Selecting A Political Appointment - No Posting

<u>Supervisor</u>

- **4.1** Submit request in writing to the BC Office Administrator, include which procedure to follow: posting or appointing.
- **4.2** Discuss wage negotiation with BC Office Administrator and HRD Representative.
- **4.3** Determine if the applicant meets the qualifications and requirements of education and experience for the selected job description.
 - **4.3.1** May consider utilizing the Table of Equivalencies during this process.

OBC Office Administrator

- **4.4** Send applicant's information to the HRD Representative to process.
- **4.5** Gain OBC support regarding the flexibility to budget funds to accommodate wage offers.
- 4.6 Work with Supervisor to negotiate wage and starting date.4.6.1 Be aware of all Political Appointee's wage offers to ensure fairness and equity.

HRD Representative

- **4.7** Perform all required testing, checks, and paperwork. This includes but is not limited to:
 - 4.7.1 Skills Testing
 - **4.7.2** Background Check
 - 4.7.3 Driver's License
 - **4.7.4** Pre-Employment Drug Testing
 - 4.7.5 New Hire paperwork
- **4.8** Notify the OBC Office Administrator and Supervisor whether the applicant meets the qualifications and requirements of the position.
- **4.9** Work with the OBC Office Administrator and Supervisor in offering employment.
- **4.10** If applicant does not meet all requirements: HRD Representative and the Supervisor may select a different applicant or hire at the minimum starting wage.
- **4.11** Notify applicant of approved wage and starting date.

Selecting A Political Appointment By Posting

OBC Office Administrator

- **4.12** Complete and approve the Request to Post Form and send to HRD Representative.
- 4.13 Assist the Supervisor with the hiring process upon request, which may include:4.13.1 Develop and/or prepare interview questions
 - 4.13.2 Attend Screening

- 4.13.3 Attend interviews
- **4.13.4** Choose an applicant
- **4.13.5** Decide if second interviews are necessary

HRD Representative

- **4.14** Schedule and attend a meeting with the Supervisor and BC Office Administrator to review Request to Post Form and decide number of days for posting.
- **4.15** Post the job description for seven calendar days.
- **4.16** Complete all applicable verifications and testing as the applications are received.
- **4.17** Notify the OBC Office Administrator of any applicants who have applied within two days after the position has closed.
- **4.18** Complete the Employment Screening Form from the qualifications and requirements as listed on the job description.
- **4.19** Ask if the Table of Equivalencies will be utilized. If yes, add the criteria to the appropriate form.
- **4.20** Determine if applicants meet the qualifications and requirements.
- 4.21 Schedule and facilitate Screening Process.
- **4.22** Develop or review existing interview questions.
- **4.23** Schedule and confirm interview date and time with applicants, Supervisor, and OBC Office Administrator.
- **4.24** Conduct interviews.
- **4.25** Inform Supervisor second interviews may be held.

<u>Supervisor</u>

4.26 Coordinate the negotiations with the OBC Office Administrator to ensure proper documents, procedures, and options are clear and the available funds are within the budget guidelines.

4.26.1 When agreeing upon negotiations, consider other political appointment wages to ensure wage equity.

4.27 The Supervisor will send an e-mail to the HRD Representative or the OBC Office Administrator about the wage negotiations.

HRD Representative

4.28 Contact the selected applicant and offer or negotiate a wage or salary which is conditional based upon meeting the requirements of the job.

4.28.1 If applicant declines, notify the Supervisor.

4.28.2 Allow Supervisor to choose another applicant.

- **4.29** If applicant accepts, contact the Supervisor regarding the applicant's acceptance of the position with or without conditions and a start date.
- **4.30** Schedule and notify Political Appointee of mandatory New Employee Orientation dates.
- **4.31** Forward all new hire paperwork to Human Resource Information System department for processing.

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5.0 REFERENCES

- Request to Post Form (HRD) 5.1
- Employment Screening Form (HRD) Table of Equivalencies (HRD) 5.2
- 5.3

D. Support memorandum regarding Fiscal Year 2018 Budget Directives (2:34:46) Sponsor: Trish King, Tribal Treasurer

Motion by Lisa Summers to support the memorandum provided by Trish King dated May 2, 2017, regarding Fiscal Year 2018 Budget Directives, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously: Ayes: Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, David Jordan, Trish King, Lisa Summers Not Present: Melinda J. Danforth, Brandon Stevens, Jennifer Webster

Councilman David Jordan departs at 11:57 a.m.

E. Approve request to have the Oneida Election Board report screening results for all elected positions to GTC prior to elections (2:42:00)

Sponsor: Tina Danforth, Tribal Chairwoman

Motion by Lisa Summers to accept the request as information; and to defer the requestor back to the Oneida Election Board if they have any additional questions, seconded by Fawn Billie. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Trish King, Brandon Stevens, Lisa SummersNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster

Motion by Brandon Stevens to recess at 12:09 p.m. until 1:30 p.m., seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion withdrawn.

F. Make determination regarding June 14, 2017, regular Business Committee meeting Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary (3:32:44)

Motion by Brandon Stevens to recommend option #1 to hold Executive Session discussion on June 13, 2017, and hold the regular meeting on June 14, 2017, adjourning at 12:00 p.m. (noon), seconded by Lisa Summers. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Trish King, Brandon Stevens, Lisa SummersNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster

G. Approve revised OBC Standard Operating Procedure entitled Political Appointees Sponsor: Melinda J. Danforth, Tribal Vice-Chairwoman (3:35:11)

Motion by Lisa Summers to approve the OBC SOP entitled Hiring and Negotiating Political Appointments,with the revision date of April 27, 2017, seconded by Tehassi Hill. Motion carried unanimously:Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Trish King, Brandon Stevens, Lisa SummersNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster

H. Review request from Oneida Personnel Commission and determine appropriate steps Sponsor: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary (3:37:41)

Motion by Lisa Summers to approve the request for sixty (60) days instead of ninety (90) so that we have a little bit more time on our end to get everything ready, seconded by Brandon Stevens. Motion carried unanimously:

Ayes:Fawn Billie, Tehassi Hill, Trish King, Brandon Stevens, Lisa SummersNot Present:Melinda J. Danforth, David Jordan, Jennifer Webster

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 🔲 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: New Business
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
Schedule a special OBC meeting for the purpose of administering the oaths of office for the remaining elected officials
3. Supporting Materials □ Report □ Resolution □ Contract ☑ Other:
1. Memo dated July 20, 2017 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Lisa Summers, Tribal Secretary
Primary Requestor/Submitter: <u>Steve Webster, Area Manager/Records Management</u> Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

See attached memo.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf *OR* print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1.	Meeting	Date	Requested:	7	/	26	/	17

2. General Information:

Session: 🖂 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Reports
Accept as Information only
Action - please describe:
3. Supporting Materials
Report Resolution Contract
Other:
1 3
2 4
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Dr. Vir, Division Director/Medical & Debra Danforth/Operations Director
Primary Requestor/Submitter:
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor:
Name, Title / Dept.

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Comprehensive Health Division quarterly report.

Requested Action: Approve Report.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

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Oneida Comprehensive Health Division Oneida Community Health Center Behavioral Health Services Anna John Resident Centered Care Community Employee Health Nursing



ONEIDA COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH DIVISION DR. RAVINDER VIR MEDICAL DIRECTOR DEBRA DANFORTH, RN, BSN, OPERATIONS DIRECTOR DIVISION UPDATE Quarter 3 FY 2017 April-June, 2017



Executive Management Team:	
Division Dir-Operations, Debra Danforth RN, BSN,	869-4807
Division Dir-Medical, Ravinder Vir, MD,	869-4808
Asst. Operations Director, Vacant,	869-4809
Executive Assistant, Mercie Danforth	869-4810
Business Operations Director, Jeff Carlson,	869-4805
Director of Nursing-OCHC, Sandra Schuyler,	869-4906
Behavioral Health Manager, Mari Kriescher,	490-3737
Employee Health Manager, Mary Cornelissen	405-4492
Public Health Officer, Eric Krawczyk,	869-4812
AJRCCC Continuum of Care Director, Dave Larson	869-2797
	869-4820

Oneida Community Health Center Behavioral Health Services Anna John Resident Centered Care Community Employee Health Nursing Mailing Address: P.O. Box 365, Oneida, WI 54155 https://oneida-nsn.gov/resources/health/ 525 Airport Rd., Oneida, WI 54155 Phone: (920)

225 An port Roin, Oneda, Wi 54355 2640 West Point Rd., Green Bay, WI 54304 2901 S. Overland Rd., Oneida, WI 54155 701 Packerland Dr., Green Bay, WI 54303 Phone: (920) 869-2711 or 1-866-869-2711 Phone: (920) 490-3790 or 1-888-490-2457 Phone: (920) 869-2797 Phone: (920) 405-4492 Fax: (920) 869-1780 Fax: (920) 490-3883 Fax: (920) 869-3238 Fax: (920) 405-4494

THE ONEIDA COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH DIVISION IS COMPRISED OF:

Oneida Community Health Center (OCHC) Anna John Resident Centered Care Community (AJRCCC) Oneida Behavioral Health (OBH) Employee Health Services (EHS)

VISION:

A progressive sustainable health system that promotes Tsi?niyukwaliho tá (Our Ways).

MISSION:

We provide the highest quality, holistic health care to ensure the wellness of OUR Oneida Community.

VALUES:

Responsive Leadership: Consistent attentive listening, honesty, doing the right thing, timely decision making and seeing issues resolved to completion.

Culturally Sensitive: Meeting people where they are and being sensitive to their unique needs as human beings within the Oneida Community.

Continuous Improvement: Striving to achieve a higher quality of health care and a higher performing workforce through our Commitment to Learning and Growth.

Communication: Fostering honest, respectful and timely communication with the appropriate level of transparency.

Safety: Striving for an environment that provides the highest level of physical and emotional safety for our patients, employees and community in an environment free of fear, retaliation and repercussion.

Respect: Create a welcoming and compassionate environment focused on the individual needs of OUR community and Health Care Team

OUR 2015-2018 STRATEGIC PLAN IS FOCUSED IN FOUR SPECIFIC AREAS:

- 1. Improve Population Health Management
- 2. Continuous Quality Improvement
- 3. Optimize Technology
- 4. Enhance Our Workforce

OUR 2015-2018 INITIATIVES THAT WILL BE FOCUSED TO ACHIEVE OUR STRATEGIES:

- Accreditation: The Comprehensive Health Division will validate and assure the community the delivery of the highest quality health care services in achieving AAAHC (Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care) accreditation by December 2017 through team work, leadership and commitment. By accomplishing accreditation we will provide staff a sense of accomplishment, increase quality of care, enhance public validation for community/customer satisfaction, improve recruitment/retention of providers, and increase the probability of outside funding.
- 2. Advancing Technology: Utilize innovative State of the Art technology and data analytics to continuously improve wellness and health outcomes.
- **3. Optimize staffing processes:** To work collaboratively with HRD to enhance the Division processes for recruitment, hiring, and retention and provide recommendation (s) for change to the Oneida Business Committee by September 30, 2017. By enhancing the recruitment, hiring, and retention processes we will have a lean hiring practice, improve our recruitment and retention, enhance our services from HRD (letters, market analysis), have improved collaboration/working relationship with HRD, fill all vacancies with qualified people in a timely manner, and improve our Supervisor/Director satisfaction with HRD processes.

IMPROVE POPULATION HEALTH MANAGEMENT

Initiatives: Optimizing Staffing Processes and Accreditation

- We continue to recruit for vacancies in Primary Care including Pediatrics, Family Practice and Internal Medicine
- Michele Kreft, NP is the new Family Nurse Practitioner
- Our no show rates have declined in the past year to 10.2 % in the Medical Clinic and 11.5 % at OBH

Medical

- Routine appointments are currently booking 4-8 weeks out for the Medical Clinic
- See attachment A for No Show data for Medical Clinic
- See attachment B for Access to Care data for Medical Clinic

Behavioral Health

- We continue to provide walk in services with a Triage Counselor and Daily Wellness Support Services.
- Initial intake appointments are out 10 weeks for Mental Health,
- 9 weeks out for Co-Occurring
- 6 weeks out for ATODA
- 6 weeks for Veteran Evaluations
- 12 weeks out for Adult Psychiatry
- 11 weeks out for Child Psychiatry
- 1 week out for Psychology.
- Individual sessiona are out 10 weeks for Mental Health

- 2 weeks out for Co-Occurring
- 11/2 weeks for ATODA
- Medication check appointments
 - o 4 weeks for Adult Psychiatry
 - 1 week out for Child Psychiatry
 - 1 week out for Psychology
- No Show and Access to Care reports see attachment C & D.

Optical

- Routine exams are booking 5 months out for Optical
 - Optical does have a walk-in clinic on Monday and Thursday mornings for patients who needs their appointments sooner. A sign-up begins at 7:45 AM and the patient will need to wait to be seen.
 - Optical also sees emergencies as needed
- Practice Watch is a function within Compulink that would allow us to text a patient an appointment reminder. It is currently not functioning properly due to Oneida's security access requirements. We continue to work with MIS security to resolve this issue.

Dental

- For Routine exam and Filling appointments are booking out 11 weeks
- Emergencies are still being seen on a daily basis
- Dental Cleaning and other Perio appointments are being scheduled out to November. A
 call list is still utilized for cancelations.
- We are short staffed four dental assistants, Dental is working with HR to post the positions
- LTE Contract for Mr. Harold Peasley, is a former dental assistant instructor at FVTC, he will be training current dental assistants Expanded Functions
- Continue CDHC access to care w/hygienist (Barb A) in the Diabetes Clinic
- EFDA Margie Schmidt retired, last day was April 21, 2017.
- PIT (Process Improvement Team) continues to meet monthly, Purpose Statement: develop consensus based process improvement & efficiency by utilizing Plan-Check-Do-Act model
- Dr. Yvonne White working on AAAHC manual to include peer review.
- Floor boring has been completed in three dental treatment room's, we await the final report on if the foundation is the cause of the inside treatment room walls pulling away from main wall.



ANNA JOHN RESIDENT CENTERED CARE COMMUNITY (AJRCCC) UPDATE:

The average daily census for 3rd Qtr of the Fiscal Year 2017 is indicated in the chart below:

AJRCCC	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	TOTAL
Total Billable Days for the Residents	1266	1349	1292	3907
# of Calendar Days	30	31	30	91
Daily Average Census	42	43.0	43	2
*Oneida Enrolled	36	34	36	
*Other Tribe	4	4	4	
*Non-Tribal	5	6	6	
%Full	87.92%	90.66%	89.72%	89.45%
	Paymer	nt Source	Medicaid	71.38%
			Medicare A	8.42%
			Private	13.97%
			VA	3.51%
			Ins/Adv	2.87%

*Varies by Admissions and Discharges throughout the month

- Between the months of April to June, 2017; HRD reported that as of 7/1/2017 the Anna John Resident Centered Care Community had a total of 67 tribal employees working the 24/7 shifts to care for our Residents during the 3rd quarter 2017. Staffing continues to be an issue with difficulty in securing Certified Nursing Assistants and Nursing staff.
- Quality Assurance/Regulatory Compliance Issues: The Quality Assurance mandated that all AJRCCC staff training was completed along with additional policy and procedures updated by the Quality Assurance Team; Shared activities between AJRCCC and Elder Services continue on a scheduled plan.
- The Congregate Mealsite hours of operation are Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM and continues to average 80-100 per day in attendance.
- Dave Larson title has officially been changed to Continuum of Care Director which includes the duties and functions of Administrator for the AJRCCC.
- The AJRCCC board continues to meet on a regular basis.
- See attached Activities Calendar for June/July Attachment E

OPTIMIZE TECHNOLOGY

Initiatives: Advancing Technology and Accreditation

ELECTRONIC MEDICAL RECORD (EMR):

- The EMR Team continues its work within the Oneida Comprehensive Health Division (OCHD) including Oneida Community Health Center (OCHC), Oneida Behavioral Health (OBH), Optical and Dental. The EMR Team continues ongoing review and updating of the system on a regular basis as new releases are available within the application and all additional software. Every software update or new release that is needed requires numerous hours of testing and coordination for implementation to assure that all the application and updates are tested before going live. Our next anticipated upgrade is expected to occur in May of 2017. There are many anticipated changes and upgrades required in our server configurations that are required for the next upgrade to 12.2. This upgrade is in preparation for the Electronic Prescribing of Controlled Substances (EPCS). MIS has been working this last quarter on upgrading our servers for all the needed applications to meet the requirements for this new version of Centricity
- HIPAA Security Policies/Procedures: No update at this time.
- **Risk Assessment** The RA team continues to hold regular meetings to review findings and resolutions for remaining risks. Prior to year end we will again seek guidance from Metastar in meeting risk assessment requirements for the upcoming year.
- **Patient Portal-** We continue to work on adoption and education to patients on the concept of the patient portal and to encourage patients to be engaged in their healthcare through technology and online access to their healthcare information. We have joined the teams of Medical, Behavioral Health, Optical and Dental to have a combined access page to the three portals for all OCHD patients. We are working on a joint pamphlet and advertising to promote all three portals as a whole. We have been working on revisions of the pamphlet with the change in website design and logo. OCHD Staff attended training that was geared to improving our current patient portal appearance and functionality. Work will continue on these details however these changes may include additional resources. Data masking was implemented that is intended to improve the quality of pertinent data that the patient will see on the portal. Work continues to bring secure messaging to the portal users and clinical teams to enable the ability to communicate securely to patients and other providers.
- Automated Clinically Messaging (ACM) and Document Management (DM). This software and functionality has currently been implemented within the Centricity EMR and Patient Portal. The functionality will allow providers the ability to send automated mass and individual messaging to patients and referring providers. Automated individual messaging will include the Clinical Visit Summaries (CVS) which can be sent securely to patients and Transfer of Care (TOC) documents which can be sent to consulting providers. OCHD continues with the automation of Transfer of Care (TOC) documents to referring providers that we have acquired secure email addresses for. Oneida Behavioral Health (OBH) has started work on bringing TOC documents to referring providers for the OBH providers. The ability to obtain direct addresses for our service providers has been a challenge and we continue to work on.
- E-signature- No update

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- Meaningful Use (MU): We continue to follow the guidelines for the Medicaid program of Meaningful Use as we are directed by Center for Medicaid and Medicare Services (CMS) for year 2017. We have been monitoring providers' performance results and will evaluate the Clinical Quality Reporting (CQR) results on an ongoing basis in order to meet MU for 2017. We will need to report on any 90 day period in 2017. Submission of data will need to be submitted to CMS by March 31, 2018. This will be the third of five years of data submission for this annual incentive. The team continues to work with MetaStar to help all areas understand and meet Meaningful Use and its different programs. They have also helped areas get eligible providers signed up to CMS programs
- and will continue to guide us as the Quality Payment Program (QPP) incentive program changes in 2017. PQRS-Physician's Quality Reporting System/ Quality Payment Program (QPP)
- **incentive program:** PQRS program has been changed to the Quality Payment Program (QPP) incentive program. Not all providers need to participate individually, OCHD will submit our data to

CMS as a group. This will allow for a larger positive payment adjustment to our Medicare claims for 2019. We will need to report on any 90 day period in 2017. This is the first year of this program. Numerous changes are occurring within CMS within these programs which we will need to stay abreast of and continue to monitor.

- BH Chart Status Project- No update at this time.
- **Centricity Live:** OCHD staff along with MIS staff attended the annual conference training this quarter. The training was geared at improving our patient portal and Qvera Interface training. Additional functionality needs were observed and identified that would benefit the operations of the OCHD Health Record i.e. Automated patient reminders, and Business Intelligence tools for reporting. The EMR Team will continue to assess and begin with preparing Request for Proposals (RFPs) if it is determined to move forward with these products.
- Reports- We continue to work with MIS on BH Reports. We has been successful with getting
 ongoing reports of Access to Care, Monthly and Quarterly No Show/Cancellation Summary and
 Provider Utilization Reports. However, MIS will be continuing to assist us with limited time available.
- Team Based Care /Population Health Management- No update available.

PATIENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (PMS)

- Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Eligibility The GE Centricity EDI plug-ins are set up and being
 used by our Billing and Registration staff on a patient-by-patient basis. Batch eligibility EDI by the
 provider schedule has currently been suspended until we get a better idea on the number of
 transactions we are actually sending in a month. Many of the main insurances have been linked to
 this capability which has allowed us to electronically check insurance eligibility on a patient in realtime, directly from GE Centricity.
- RAVE demonstration and initial kick-off meeting was held. RAVE is an emergency notification system that can contact our employees via text messages in the event of an emergency and a mass notification can go out to all employees. i.e. Emergency closure

CONTINUOUS QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

Initiatives: Accreditation

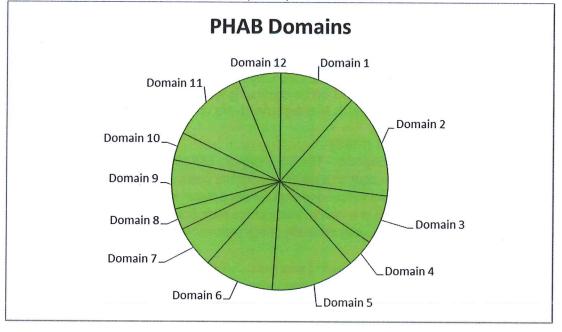
Accreditation of the Health Division

- Data tracking and collecting with all departments a new data base has been implemented which will enable better reporting for QA studies as we move toward accreditation.
- Orientation Manual is being worked on and will become a part of the E-Learning series for the OCHD
- Credentialing process is being finalized
- Peer Review and Chart Audit process is underway.
- Reviewing vendors for possible automated system to use during closures, call tree, etc. in process
- Departments updating their SOPs.
- All Dept. and Committee SOPs are in process of review and approval beginning in January. Completion date goal - October
- All departments are meeting monthly, taking minutes, and storing them within the g:drive under Accreditation.

Public Health Accreditation

- Accreditation Coordinator received invitation to present for the Tribal Accreditation Learning Community (TALC) webinar series coordinated through the National Indian Health Board for May 2017. Topic of discussion will be how to keep stakeholders engaged in public health accreditation work.
- Accreditation Coordinator presented at a national conference, Open Forum in April 2017. The Accreditation Coordinator from the Ho Chunk Nation was a co-presenter. Topic of discussion was our journey developing working relationships with local and state public health partners.

- In May, we learned that our site visit dates would be October 4th & 5th 2017.
- In May 2017, accreditation coordinator presented for the Tribal Accreditation Learning Community (TALC) webinar series coordinated through the National Indian Health Board. Topic of discussion was how to keep staff engaged in public health accreditation work.
- In June, health officer and accreditation coordinator attended a site visit for another tribal
 organization. We served as note takers, but also gained experience in what to expect during a
 Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB) site visit.



** Red- No review yet

Yellow- greater than 50% complete

Green- 100% complete

ENHANCE OUR WORKFORCE

Initiative: Optimizing our staffing processes

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Number As of 07/01/17 Comprehensive Health Division Employees: 340

- 120 Oneida Enrolled
- 28 American Indian/Alaskan
- 3 Black/African American
- 2 Asian
- 4 Hispanic/Latino
- 171 Caucasian/other
- AJRCCC: (67)
 - 27 Oneida Enrolled (INCREASED FROM 15% TO 40.4% OF EMPLOYEE BASE FOR AJRCCC)
 - 6 American Indian/Alaskan (COMBINED 53% OF EMPLOYEE BASE FOR AJRCCC ARE NOW NATIVE)
 - 1 Asian
 - 4 Hispanic/Latino
 - 0 Black/African American
 - 1 Two or more Races
 - 28 Caucasian/other

- Behavioral Health (38)
 - I Hispanic/Latino
 - 5 American Indian/Alaska Native
 - 1 Black/African American
 - 7 Oneida Enrolled
 - 24 Caucasian/other
- Employee Health Nursing (9)
 - 1 American Indian/Alaska Native
 - 2 Oneida Enrolled
 - 6 Caucasian/other
- o Medical (45)
 - 4 American Indian/Alaskan
 - 0 Hispanic/Latino
 - 1 Two or more Races
 - 12 Oneida Enrolled of WI
 - 28 Caucasian/other
- Operations (181)
 - 2 Black/African American
 - 13 American Indian/Alaska Native
 - 76 Oneida Enrolled of WI
 - 88 Caucasian/other
 - 1 Asian
 - 1 Hispanic/Latino
- Current vacancies as of 07/01/17:
- o RN-AJRCCC-1
- o RN-OCHC-1
- o CMA-OCHC-1
- o LPN-OCHC-1
- o CNA-AJRCCC
- o Dietician WIC Outpatient-1
- RN-Community/Public Health Nursing-1
- o Dental Assistant-4-and Emergency Temp
- Dental Hygienist-Sub-Relief
- Psychiatrist
- Dual Diagnosis Therapist-1
- Clinical Substance Abuse Counselor
- Psychiatric Nurse Practitioner-1
- Psychiatric RN LTE-1
- Triage Counselor-1
- Triage Counselor Supervisor-1
- o Physician Pediatrician, Internal Medicine

FINANCIALS

**Based on 3rd Quarter FY 2017 Unclosed GL as of 6/30/17 Funding Sources for FY-2017 TRIBAL CONTRIBUTION: 5% GRANTS: 4% OTHER SOURCES: External Sales/Third Party Revenue/other income 59%

Indian Health Services: 32%

Total Budget:

\$42,617,267

Status as of 06/30/17

Budget as of 06/30/17:	\$42,617,267
Revenues/Expenditures as of 06/30/17:	\$35,758,547

LONG TERM CARE:

- 0 The issue related to the proposed 1115 Medicaid Waiver and it's impact on the Tribes in Wisconsin has been the focus of our discussions during this past quarter. The result has been the Oneida Nation's right to invoke direct Tribal Consultation with Center for Medicaid and Medicare (CMS). This is due to the impacts the 1115 Waiver amendments will have on not only Oneida but also on all the Tribes in Wisconsin. This impact is also being watched by other Tribal Nations on a national level as it could have impact in other Tribal communities in other states. There is a great deal of concern regarding the Social Security Act and its impact on both MA and MA waivers. This includes all waivers (e.g. 1915a, 1915b, 1915c, 1915i, 1115). The concern centers around the Office of General Counsel for CMS. General Counsel has repeatedly said that federal statute, federal regulation, and court rulings (to include U.S. Supreme Court) notwithstanding, Tribes are considered an ethnic minority and not a political entity. While Several Tribes and States have found language to side step this issue, this is becoming a larger and more significant issue, particularly as the environment of healthcare is rapidly changing. The Long Term Care Workgroup with the State of WI, the 1915BC waiver is the recommendation that will be coming forward from this group. This will be the priority agenda item at the next Wisconsin Tribal Health Directors meeting in May to assure support from all of the Tribes in Wisconsin and was added to the DHS consultation meeting agenda in June as well as the DHHS direct consulation with Tribes in July at New Buffalo, MI.
- MACRA and MIPS final rule was released on October 14, 2016 and does not specifically say that Tribes are exempted from the requirements. MACRA does not provide an explicit exclusion for FQHC's but they should not be affected because they bill under an all-inclusive rate. This needs to be clarified with CMS and remains an issue throughout Indian Country.
- Reorganization has been finalized and the 5 positions from Governmental Services Division have been moved under the direction of the Case Management Supervisor and within the Community Options Program(COP) to better address the needs of long term care and improved efficiencies within this area. This also includes the position of the Dementia Care Specialist.

Celebrations and Successes:

- Application for Zero Suicide Academy was approved
- Completed Customer Experience Survey for Oneida Behavioral Health in June
- Transition of 5 new staff to Case Management/Community Health Services from GSD in May/June
- Increased Face to Face visit hours in patient care and No Wait list for Case Management Services
- PHAB Accreditation Site visit scheduled for October 4-5, 2017.
- QPR Training offered to all employees of the Oneida Comprehensive Health Division.
- 2017 CIP-II Waiver Audit results-no problems identified.
- Health Promotion had 2 classes completed using the Center for Disease Control (CDC) Diabetic Prevention Program (DPP) Prevent T2 Curriculum. 75% of the participants last weight with an average of 6/8% body weight loss.
- Trial period offering later therapy clinic hours on Monday Thursday until 5:30 pm (4 pm appt / 4:45 pm appt).
- Completed transition to new evaluation/re-evaluation complexity coding to 100% compliance
- Completed High School Job Shadowing within Physical Therapy
- Trial offering second Physical Therapist 7:15 am appointments and additional 2 days a week.
- Cultural Awareness Training for 3rd Quarter
 - April: Thunder Moon 239 completed of the 349 assigned (232 pass, 7 fail)
 - May: Planting Moon (Seed Ceremony) 233 completed of the 352 assigned (230 pass, 3 fail)
 - o June: Strawberry Ceremony 221 completed of the 350 assigned (221 pass, 3 fail)
- Contract signed 4/16/17 with First Impressions Pediatric Dental Clinic regarding a referral system for children w/MA/Badger Care or those with no insurance who are in need of a pediatric dentist.
- CDHC Hygienist (Barb A.) has completed another year in the Oneida Nation School System.
 - At Oneida Nation Elementary School provided, 234 dental exam, 377 dental cleanings and 376 sealants, additionally fluoride varnish applications were provided to all 245 students with permission slips.
 - o At Head Start a total of 89 children received dental cleanings & fluoride varnish
 - At Oneida Nation High School a total of 26 students received dental cleans, exams and fluoride varnish.
- All staff attended Question Persuade Referral Training Suicide Prevention.
- We have staff member who tracks the successful completion of cultural awareness e learning on a monthly basis. Our Optical Department has been 100% compliant since the start of the program!
- We promoted National Sunglass Day on June 27th. We gathered staff's pictures sporting sunglasses and Irene Danforth made it into a video which was put on the Comprehensive Health Division Facebook page. Information on the importance of using sun wear was also put on the monitors in the Health Center, in the Communications notifications, and Comprehensive Health Division Facebook page.
- All Eye Care Staff and patients successfully evacuated into the inner Eye Care Department hallway for the tornado warning on 6-14-17. Everything went well and our staff helped calm some of the small children by coloring with them.
- Please follow us on our Oneida Comprehensive Health Division Facebook page!

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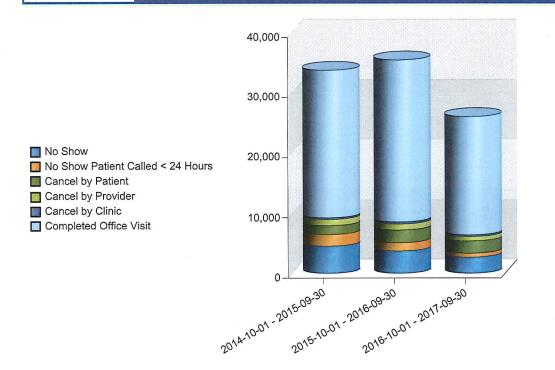


NATIONAL SUNGLASSES DAY CELEBRATION IN JUNE!

-DERHAD

ONEIDA

Three Year By Quarter No Show/Cancellation Summary Oneida Health Center Medical Clinic



Range	FY QTR	No Show	%	No Show Patient Called < 24 Hrs	%	Cancel by Patient	%	Cancel by Provider	%	Cancel by Clinic	%	No Show Cancellation Total	Completed Office Visit	Total Appointments	Billed Visits	Total Clients
2016-10-01 - 2017-09-30	Qtr03	799	9.9%	153	1.9%	786	9.7%	229	2.8%	57	0.7%	2,003	6,060	8,063	5,844	4,196
	Qtr02	833	9.6%	226	2.6%	685	7.9%	234	2.7%	137	1.6%	1,990	6,681	8,671	6,692	4,459
	Qtr01	977	10.8%	267	2.9%	583	6.4%	256	2.8%	100	1.1%	2,136	6,917	9,053	6,917	4,808
2016-10-01 - 2017-09-30		2,609	10.1%	646	2.5%	2,054	8.0%	719	2.8%	294	1.1%	6,129	19,658	25,787	19,453	7,424
2015-10-01 - 2016-09-30	Qtr04	939	11.0%	292	3.4%	565	6.6%	185	2.2%	59	0.7%	2,002	6,545	8,547	6,545	4,622

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Jul 3, 2017 - 6:30 AM

IBM COGNOS

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A



Three Year By Quarter No Show/Cancellation Summary Oneida Health Center Medical Clinic

Range	FY QTR	No Show	%	No Show Patient Called < 24 Hrs	%	Cancel by Patient	%	Cancel by Provider	%	Cancel by Clinic	%	No Show Cancellation Total	Completed Office Visit	Total Appointments	Billed Visits	Total Clients
2015-10-01 - 2016-09-30	Qtr03	861	9.9%	353	4.0%	550	6.3%	192	2.2%	109	1.2%	2,027	6,710	8,737	6,712	4,502
	Qtr02	777	9.0%	338	3.9%	548	6.4%	285	3.3%	115	1.3%	2,038	· 6,576	8,614	6,578	4,464
	Qtr01	1,059	11.2%	370	3.9%	522	5.5%	337	3.6%	81	0.9%	2,361	7,061	9,422	7,065	5,031
2015-10-01 - 2016-09-30	ANAL STREET	3,636	10.3%	1,353	3.8%	2,185	6.2%	999	2.8%	364	1.0%	8,428	26,892	35,320	26,900	8,663
2014-10-01 - 2015-09-30	Qtr04	989	13.3%	334	4.5%	402	5.4%	315	4.2%	65	0.9%	2,105	5,358	7,463	5,359	4,102
	Qtr03	1,119	13.1%	502	5.9%	<mark>418</mark>	4.9%	346	4.1%	65	0.8%	2,450	6,072	8,522	6,074	4,355
	Qtr02	1,120	12.7%	601	6.8%	368	4.2%	145	1.6%	69	0.8%	2,303	6,524	8,827	6,526	4,514
	Qtr01	1,203	13.5%	509	5.7%	361	4.0%	206	2.3%	85	1.0%	2,364	6,563	8,927	6,566	4,808
2014-10-01 - 2015-09-30	and benefit and	4,431	13.1%	1,946	5.8%	1,549	4.6%	1,012	3.0%	284	0.8%	9,222	24,517	33,739	24,525	8,307
Summary		10,676	11.3%	3,945	4.2%	5,788	6.1%	2,730	2.9%	942	1.0%	23,779	71,067	94,846	70,878	11,598

B

ONEIDA

Comprehensive Health - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

OCHC-Call In/Follow Up/NO-Adult

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Eberhardy PA-C, Stephanie	Nurse Only-Eber-30	Jul 24, 2017 11:30:00 AM
	Follow Up-30	Jul 24, 2017 10:30:00 AM
Flood MD, Michael	Nurse Only-Flood-30	Jul 18, 2017 10:00:00 AM
	Follow Up-30	Sep 18, 2017 2:30:00 PM
	Call In-30	Aug 3, 2017 12:30:00 PM
Kennard MD, Jay K	Nurse Only-Kennard	Aug 8, 2017 4:00:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Oct 3, 2017 10:30:00 AM
	Call In-30	Aug 29, 2017 1:30:00 PM
Sumnicht MD, Paul H	Nurse Only-Sumnicht	Jul 7, 2017 11:00:00 AM
	Follow Up-30	Aug 15, 2017 4:00:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 1:00:00 PM
Thiry APNP NP-C, Lori B	Nurse Only-Thiry	Jul 6, 2017 3:30:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Jul 5, 2017 3:00:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 11:30:00 AM
Vir, Ravinder	Nurse Only-Vir	Jul 25, 2017 3:00:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Jul 25, 2017 1:00:00 PM
Wells APNP FNP-BC, Ann M	Nurse Only-Wells-30	Jul 10, 2017 ⁻ 3:00:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Aug 2, 2017 10:00:00 AM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 9:00:00 AM

OCHC-Call In/Follow Up/NO-Peds

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open		
Kennard MD, Jay K	Nurse Only-Kennard	Aug 8, 2017 4:00:00 PM		

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Comprehensive Health - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Kennard MD, Jay K	Follow Up-30	Oct 3, 2017 10:30:00 AM
	Call In-30	Aug 29, 2017 1:30:00 PM
Langner APNP, Dianna L	Follow Up-30	Jul 5, 2017 4:00:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 6, 2017 8:30:00 AM
Sumnicht MD, Paul H	Nurse Only-Sumnicht	Jul 7, 2017 11:00:00 AM
	Follow Up-30	Aug 15, 2017 4:00:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 1:00:00 PM
Thiry APNP NP-C, Lori B	Nurse Only-Thiry	Jul 6, 2017 3:30:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Jul 5, 2017 3:00:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 11:30:00 AM
Verstoppen MD, Gerald	Nurse Only-Verstoppen-60	Jul 11, 2017 3:30:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Jul 13, 2017 2:30:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 3:00:00 PM
Wells APNP FNP-BC, Ann M	Nurse Only-Wells-30	Jul 10, 2017 3:00:00 PM
	Follow Up-30	Aug 2, 2017 10:00:00 AM
	Call In-30	Jul 12, 2017 9:00:00 AM

OCHC-Diabetes NP-Call In/Follow Up

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Moureau APNP BC-ADM, Timothy A	Follow Up-DM	Oct 10, 2017 2:30:00 PM
	Call In-30	Jul 31, 2017 4:00:00 PM

OCHC-Diabetes NP-Foot Care

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Moureau APNP BC-ADM, Timothy A	Foot Care-30	Oct 10, 2017 2:30:00 PM
Jul 3, 2017 - 6:30 AM	2	

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Comprehensive Health - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

OCHC-Diabetes NP-New Patient-60

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Moureau APNP BC-ADM, Timothy A	New Patient-60	Aug 2, 2017 8:00:00 AM

OCHC-Diabetes RD-Call In/Follow Up/Med Adjustment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Schwantes RD CDE, Betty	Med Adjustment	Jul 31, 2017 3:00:00 PM
	DM Education Follow Up	Jul 31, 2017 3:00:00 PM
	Call In-60	Jul 31, 2017 3:00:00 PM

OCHC-Diabetes RD-New Patient

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Schwantes RD CDE, Betty	New Patient-60	Aug 1, 2017 9:00:00 AM

OCHC-Diabetes RN-Call In/Follow Up/Med Adjustment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Colwitz RN CDE, Boni J	Med Adjustment	Jul 18, 2017 10:30:00 AM
	DM Education Follow Up	Jul 18, 2017 10:30:00 AM
	Call In-60	Jul 18, 2017 10:30:00 AM

OCHC-Diabetes RN-New Patient

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Colwitz RN CDE, Boni J	New Patient-60	Jul 18, 2017 10:30:00 AM

OCHC-New Patient-Adult

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
Eberhardy PA-C, Stephanie	New Patient-30	Jul 24, 2017 10:30:00 AM	
lul 3, 2017 - 6:30 AM	3		IBM COGNO

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Comprehensive Health - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Flood MD, Michael	New Patient-30	Sep 18, 2017 2:30:00 PM
Kennard MD, Jay K	New Patient-30	Sep 6, 2017 8:30:00 AM
Sumnicht MD, Paul H	New Patient-30	Jul 11, 2017 2:00:00 PM
Thiry APNP NP-C, Lori B	New Patient-60	Aug 11, 2017 2:30:00 PM
Vir, Ravinder	New Patient-30	Jul 25, 2017 2:00:00 PM
Wells APNP FNP-BC, Ann M	New Patient-30	Jul 19, 2017 1:00:00 PM

OCHC-Physical-Eberhardy

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Eberhardy PA-C, Stephanie	Physical-60	Nov 22, 2017 10:00:00 AM

OCHC-Physical-Flood

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Flood MD, Michael	Physical-30	Jul 18, 2017 1:00:00 PM

OCHC-Physical-Kennard

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open		
Kennard MD, Jay K	Physical-30	Sep 6, 2017 8:30:00 AM		

OCHC-Physical-Sumnciht

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Sumnicht MD, Paul H	Physical-30	Jul 11, 2017 2:00:00 PM

OCHC-Physical-Thiry

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Thiry APNP NP-C, Lori B	Physical-60	Oct 11, 2017 2:00:00 PM
Jul 3, 2017 - 6:30 AM	4	



Comprehensive Health - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

OCHC-Physical-Wells

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open		
Wells APNP FNP-BC, Ann M	Physical-60	Oct 31, 2017 1:30:00 PM		

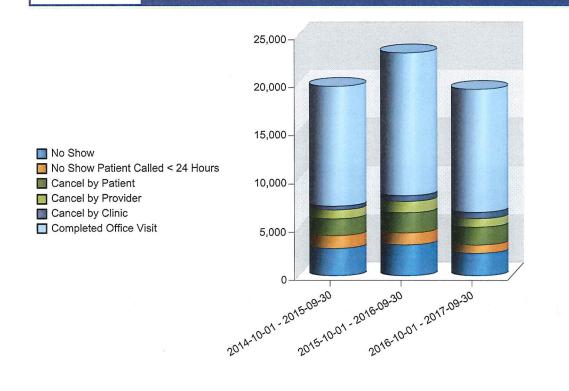
OCHC-WCE-Peds and FP

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open		
Kennard MD, Jay K	Well Child Exam-30	Aug 29, 2017 9:30:00 AM		
Langner APNP, Dianna L	Well Child Exam-30	Jul 20, 2017 8:00:00 AM		
Sumnicht MD, Paul H	Well Child Exam-30	Aug 18, 2017 9:00:00 AM		
Thiry APNP NP-C, Lori B	Well Child Exam-30	Jul 12, 2017 3:00:00 PM		
Verstoppen MD, Gerald	Well Child Exam-30	Jul 26, 2017 1:30:00 PM		
Wells APNP FNP-BC, Ann M	Well Child Exam-30	Jul 17, 2017 9:30:00 AM		

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ONEIDA

Three Year By Quarter No Show/Cancellation Summary Behavioral Health Services



Range	FY QTR	No Show	%	No Show Patient Called < 24 Hrs	%	Cancel by Patient	%	Cancel by Provider	%	Cancel by Clinic	%	No Show Cancellation Total	Completed Office Visit	Total Appointments	Billed Visits	Total Clients
2016-10-01 - 2017-09-30	Qtr04	85	18.4%	15	3.3%	36	7.8%	8	1.7%	41	8.9%	185	276	461	194	335
	Qtr03	757	12.6%	285	4.7%	559	9.3%	204	3.4%	159	2.6%	1,964	4,036	6,000	3,814	1,554
	Qtr02	724	10.7%	271	4.0%	743	11.0%	400	5.9%	281	4.2%	2,419	4,345	6,764	4,198	1,596
	Qtr01	767	12.5%	286	4.7%	535	8.7%	259	4.2%	185	3.0%	2,032	4,093	6,125	4,024	1,535
2016-10-01 - 2017-09-30		2,333	12.1%	857	4.4%	1,873	9.7%	871	4.5%	666	3.4%	6,600	12,750	19,350	12,230	2,301

Jul 12, 2017 - 6:10 AM

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IBM COGNOS



Three Year By Quarter No Show/Cancellation Summary

Behavioral Health Services

Range	FY QTR	No Show	%	No Show Patient Called < 24 Hrs	%	Cancel by Patient	%	Cancel by Provider	%	Cancel by Clinic	%	No Show Cancellation Total	Completed Office Visit	Total Appointments	Billed Visits	Total Clients
2015-10-01 - 2016-09-30	Qtr04	768	13.2%	268	4.6%	538	9.2%	281	4.8%	164	2.8%	2,019	3,811	5,830	3,806	1,481
	Qtr03	807	13.8%	314	5.4%	532	9.1%	207	3.5%	101	1.7%	1,961	3,895	5,856	3,656	1,496
	Qtr02	824	13.2%	339	5.4%	573	9.2%	307	4.9%	224	3.6%	2,267	3,980	6,247	3,656	1,501
	Qtr01	808	15.5%	331	6.4%	457	8.8%	362	7.0%	122	2.3%	2,080	3,126	5,206	3,128	1,377
2015-10-01 - 2016-09-30	a series and	3,207	13.9%	1,252	5.4%	2,100	9.1%	1,157	5.0%	611	2.6%	8,327	14,812	23,139	14,246	2,485
2014-10-01 - 2015-09-30	Qtr04	698	14.5%	323	6.7%	447	9.3%	203	4.2%	117	2.4%	1,788	3,013	4,801	3,014	1,365
	Qtr03	785	15.3%	316	6.2%	463	9.0%	262	5.1%	70	1.4%	1,896	3,233	5,129	3,236	1,510
	Qtr02	694	13.7%	340	6.7%	493	9.7%	265	5.2%	111	2.2%	1,903	3,154	5,057	3,154	1,412
	Qtr01	664	14.2%	346	7.4%	352	7.5%	187	4.0%	102	2.2%	1,651	3,032	4,683	3,032	1,424
2014-10-01 - 2015-09-30	and an all and all	2,841	14.4%	1,325	6.7%	1,755	8.9%	917	4.7%	400	2.0%	7,238	12,432	19,670	12,436	2,417
Summary		8,381	13.5%	3,434	5.5%	5,728	9.2%	2,945	4.7%	1,677	2.7%	22,165	39,994	62,159	38,912	4,081

ONEIDA

BH - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

BH ATODA Intakes

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open		
Agneessens BA CSAC CSIT, Mike F	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Aug 21, 2017 1:00:00 PM		
Kleinschmidt, Heidi Jean	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Aug 14, 2017 1:00:00 PM Sep 12, 2017 10:00:00 AM Aug 15, 2017 7:00:00 AM Nov 2, 2017 10:00:00 AM Aug 10, 2017 6:00:00 PM		
Krueger MSW APSW CSAC, Rebecca	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90			
Lalonde BS CSAC, Scott	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90			
Metoxen MSW APSW SAC , Lynn	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90			
Rasmussen BSW CSAC, Dale S	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90			

BH-ATODA (C2)

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open Jul 26, 2017 10:00:00 AM		
Agneessens BA CSAC CSIT, Mike F	Individual Therapy Session-60			
Kleinschmidt, Heidi Jean	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 11, 2017 8:00:00 AM		
Krueger MSW APSW CSAC, Rebecca	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 12, 2017 3:00:00 PM		
Lalonde BS CSAC, Scott	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 14, 2017 10:30:00 AM		
Rasmussen BSW CSAC, Dale S	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 5, 2017 11:30:00 AM		

BH-Co-Occuring Intake

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Collier, Carmen D MS LPC CSAC	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 1, 2017 8:00:00 AM
King MSW LCSW CSAC, Mary Beth	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Oct 5, 2017 8:00:00 AM
Lambert LPC CSAC, Timothy C	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Oct 2, 2017 1:00:00 PM

BH-Co-Occuring C2

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Cheney MSW, LCSW, SAS Benjamin R	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jun 30, 2017 2:00:00 PM



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ONEIDABH - Access Of Care3rd Available appointment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open		
Collier, Carmen D MS LPC CSAC	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 13, 2017 4:00:00 PM		
King MSW LCSW CSAC, Mary Beth	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 31, 2017 9:00:00 AM		
Lambert LPC CSAC, Timothy C	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 25, 2017 10:00:00 AM		
Nehring MSE LPC CSAC CS, Teri	Individual Therapy Session-60	Aug 1, 2017 7:00:00 AM		

BH MH Intakes

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Blanks MA LPC SAC IT, Heidi	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 12, 2017 9:30:00 AM
Brito, MS MFT TL SAC IT, Martha	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 11, 2017 10:00:00 AM
Cornelius-Adkins MSW LCSW SAC CSOT BCD, Torland E	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 25, 2017 3:00:00 PM
DeGroot, Jessica Lynn	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 19, 2017 9:00:00 AM
Exworthy MSW APSW CSAC, Susan M	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 12, 2017 2:00:00 PM
Helander MSW LCSW, Valorie	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 12, 2017 10:00:00 AM
Krueger MSW APSW CSAC, Rebecca	MH INTAKE (PRACTICUM)	Sep 28, 2017 10:00:00 AM
	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 12, 2017 10:00:00 AM
Shaw MSW LCSW, Lisa	Intake Mental Health/ATODA-90	Sep 28, 2017 8:00:00 AM

BH-Mental Health (C2)

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Blanks MA LPC SAC IT, Heidi	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jun 30, 2017 1:30:00 PM
Brito, MS MFT TL SAC IT, Martha	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 18, 2017 4:00:00 PM
Cornelius-Adkins MSW LCSW SAC CSOT BCD, Torland E	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 27, 2017 7:30:00 AM
Helander MSW LCSW, Valorie	Individual Therapy Session-60	Jul 25, 2017 8:00:00 AM
Huhtala MSW LCSW, Rhonda	Individual Therapy Session-60	Aug 7, 2017 11:00:00 AM

Jun 30, 2017 - 6:05 AM

2



BH - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Shaw MSW LCSW, Lisa	Individual Therapy Session-60	Aug 2, 2017 2:00:00 PM

BH-EMDR Intakes

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
King MSW LCSW CSAC, Mary Beth	BH-EMDR Intake	Aug 14, 2017 1:00:00 PM
Shaw MSW LCSW, Lisa	BH-EMDR Intake	Aug 29, 2017 2:00:00 PM

BH-EMDR Therapy

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Collier, Carmen D MS LPC CSAC	BH-EMDR Therapy	Jul 28, 2017 11:00:00 AM
King MSW LCSW CSAC, Mary Beth	BH-EMDR Therapy	Aug 1, 2017 2:00:00 PM
Shaw MSW LCSW, Lisa	BH-EMDR Therapy	Aug 23, 2017 7:30:00 AM

BH-Veteran Eval

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Shaw MSW LCSW, Lisa	Veterans Evaluation	Aug 21, 2017 8:30:00 AM

BH-Intial Reiki Appointment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
King MSW LCSW CSAC, Mary Beth	Reiki	Aug 3, 2017 2:00:00 PM
Lalonde BS CSAC, Scott	Reiki	Jul 28, 2017 7:30:00 AM
Shaw MSW LCSW, Lisa	Reiki	Aug 29, 2017 10:30:00 AM

BH-Psych Evals

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Sayers PHD, Michael	Psychological Evaluation	Jul 13, 2017 8:30:00 AM
Jun 30, 2017 - 6:05 AM	3	

100000r	cess Of Care lable appointment		
Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
Trail PsyD Sharyl	Psychological Evaluation	Jul 7, 2017 1:00:00 PM	
BH- Psych Eval FU			
Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
Sayers PHD, Michael	Psychological Eval Follow Up	Jun 30, 2017 3:00:00 PM	
BH-Child Evals			
Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
Dzubinski MD, David L	BH-Child Eval	Sep 19, 2017 1:00:00 PM	
BH-Child Med Checks			
Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
Dzubinski MD, David L	BH-Child Med Check	Aug 8, 2017 7:00:00 AM	
BH-Adult Evals			
Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
ONeill, MD, Michael	BH-Adult Eval	Oct 19, 2017 9:00:00 AM	
Patil MD, Veeranagouda	BH-Adult Eval	Sep 27, 2017 1:00:00 PM	
Rodriguez MD, Josefina	BH-Adult Eval	Sep 22, 2017 4:00:00 PM	
BH-Med Checks			-
Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
ONeill, MD, Michael	BH-Medication Check	Sep 19, 2017 9:15:00 AM	
Patil MD, Veeranagouda	BH-Medication Check	Aug 15, 2017 2:00:00 PM	
Rodriguez MD, Josefina	BH-Medication Check	Jul 28, 2017 5:30:00 PM	
BH-RN Triage Assessment			
un 30, 2017 - 6:05 AM	4		IBM COC

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BH - Access Of Care 3rd Available appointment

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open
Paluch MSE RN LPC, Dave	RN-Psychatric Nursing Assessment	Jul 26, 2017 9:30:00 AM
Skrivanie MSN RN, Lois	RN-Psychatric Nursing Assessment	Jul 27, 2017 10:00:00 AM

BH-Eval FU

ONEIDA

Resource	Appointment Type	Next 3rd Open	
Dzubinski MD, David L	BH-Eval FU	Oct 12, 2017 3:00:00 PM	
ONeill, MD, Michael	BH-Eval FU	Sep 19, 2017 10:45:00 AM	
Patil MD, Veeranagouda	BH-Eval FU	Sep 1, 2017 1:30:00 PM	
Rodriguez MD, Josefina	BH-Eval FU	Aug 4, 2017 5:00:00 PM	

Sun	^{Packet} Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	age 542 Sat E
Ju	2017/3	The 3 Ris of Sur Read, F	nmer Relax, & Renew	1 9am Manicures 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Balloon Volley Ball	2 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Mexican Train 1:30 Movie/ PopCorn 4pm Great Outdoors	3 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce
4 9:30 Catholic Communion 10:30Coffee Social 1pm Methodist Service Oneida Singers 1:30 Arts/Crafts 3:30 1-1 Visits	5 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Bowling 3:30 Great Out doors/ Trivia/Reminisce	6 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Oneida Library 1:30 Great Out doors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm Horse Race	7 8 Beauty /Barber Shop 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Sit N Be Fit 1:30 Great Outdoors / Trivia/Reminisce 2:30 BINGO	8 9am Manicures 1:30 Board Games 3:30 1-1 Visit	9 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Farkle 1:30 Movie/ Pop Corn 4pm Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce	10 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
11 9:30 Catholic Communion 10:30Coffee Social 1:30 Board Games 3:30 1-1 Visits	12 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 BINGO 3:30 Great Out doors Trivia/Reminisce	13 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 ZUMBA 1:30 Natioinal Parks DVD 3:30pm Colorama	14 8 Beauty /Barber Shop 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Sit N Be Fit 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 2:30 BINGO	15 9 Making Dog Biscuits 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Book Club	16 10am Just for Men 1:30 Movie/ Pop Corn 4pm Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce	17 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
18 9:30 Catholic Communion 10:30Coffee Social 1:30 Arts/Crafts 3:30 1-1 Visits FATHER'S	19 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Bowling 3:30 Great Out doors Trivia/Reminisce	20 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Riverview Song Service 1:30 Great Out doors Trivia/Reminisce 3:30pm Colorama	21 8 Beauty /Barber Shop 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Sit N Be Fit 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 2:30 BINGO	22 9am Manicures 1:30 Board Games 4pm Episcopal Service	23 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Mexican Train 1:30 Movie/ Pop Corn 4pm Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce	24 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
25 9:30 Catholic Communion 10:30Coffee Social 1:30 Board Games 3:30 1-1 Visits	26 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 BINGO 3:30 Great Out doors Trivia/Reminisce	27 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Resident Council 1:30 Great Out doors Trivia/Reminisce 3:30pm Colorama	28 8 Beauty /Barber Shop 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Sit N Be Fit 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 2:30 BINGO	29 9am Manicures 1:30 Board Games 3:30 1-1 Visits	30 9 1-1 Visits 10:30 Farkle 1:30 Movie/ PopCorn 4pm Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce	

Public	Packet					Page 543
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Tuesdays 3pm Pet Therapy with Joan & Emma 5pm . Devotions with	Tuesdays 6:30pm Bible Study with Charleen			I		1 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce
 2 9am Catholic Communion 10:30 Coffee Social 1pm Methodist & Oneida Singers 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Great Outdoors 	3 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Bowling/Wii 3:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce	ebration 10am Sing-a-long 2:30pm Ping Pong Toss	5 8am Beauty & Bar- ber Shop 9am 1-1 Visits 1:30 Sit N Be Fit 2:30 BINGO	6 9am Manicures 1:30 1-1 Visits 3pm Horse Race	7 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Mexican Train 1:30 Movies & Pop Com 4pm Great Outdoors	8 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
9 9am Catholic Commun- ion 10:30 Coffee Social 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Great Outdoors	10 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Great Outdoors 3pm BINGO	 11 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 ZUMBA 1:30 Great Outdoors 3pm Entertainment By Bobby Solberg 6pm Cornelius Cousins Oneida Singers 	12 8am Beauty & Barber Shop 9am 1-1 Visits 1:30 Sit N Be Fit 2:30 BINGO	13 9am Making Dog Biscuits 1:30 Book Club 3pm Balloon Volley Ball	14 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 FARKLE 1:30 Movies & Pop Com 4pm Great Outdoor	15 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
16 9am Catholic Commun- ion 10:30 Coffee Social 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Great Outdoors	 17 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Bowling/Wii 3:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 	 18 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Riverview Song Service 1:30 Great Outdoors 3pm COLORAMA 6:30 Bible Study with 	19 8am Beauty & Barber Shop 9am 1-1 Visits 1:30 Sit N Be Fit 2:30 BINGO	20 9am Manicures 1:30pm "Happy Hour" 3pm Board Games	21 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Mexican Train 1:30 Movies & Pop Com 4pm Great Outdoor	22 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
23 9am Catholic Commun- ion 10:30 Coffee Social 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Great Outdoors	24 9am 1-1 Visits . 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Great Outdoors 3pm BINGO	25 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Resident Council 1:30 Great Outdoors	26 8am Beauty & Barber Shop 9am 1-1 Visits 1:30 Sit N Be Fit 2:30 BINGO	27 9am Manicures 1:30 1-1 Visits 4pm Episcopal Service	28 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 FARKLE 1:30 Movies & Pop Com 4pm Great Outdoor	29 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Card Club 1:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce 3pm BINGO
<u>30</u> 9am Catholic Com- munion 10:30 Coffee Social 1:30 Board Games 3:30 Great Outdoors 6pm Comelius Cousins . Oneida Singers	31 9am 1-1 Visits 10:30 Dice Games 1:30 Bowling/Wii 3:30 Great Outdoors Trivia/Reminisce			7 20	17 <	

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	7	/ 26	/ 17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🔀 Open 🔄 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:					
Agenda Header: Reports					
Accept as Information only					
Action - please describe:					
Approve Development Bran	ch 3rd Quarter Report for FY'17.				
3. Supporting Materials	Contract				
\boxtimes Report \square Resolution \square Other:	Contract				
1.2017-Q3-Development C	Quarterly-Development B 3.				
-					
2	4				
Business Committee signatur	re required				
4. Budget Information					
Budgeted - Tribal Contributio	on 🔲 Budgeted - Grant Funded 🛛 🗌 Unbudgeted				
E. Culturisation					
5. Submission					
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison:	OBC Officers				
	Treas D. David a new ant Dreas als Directory				
Primary Requestor/Submitter:	Troy D. Parr, Development Branch Director Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member				
Additional Requestor:	Name, Title / Dept.				
Additional Requestor:	Name, Title / Dept.				
	· · · · · ·				

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Approve Development Branch 3rd Quarter Report for FY'17.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org



Development Branch

Troy D. Parr, AIA Development Branch Director

FY`17, 3rd Quarter Report April, May & June 2017

Public Packet Development Division – Renewed Vision & Mission

Below are some highlights of FY '17, Third Quarter Development Branch work efforts:

Economic Development through Land Development

Effort continues to be put forth to explore to new sources of external revenue and job creation. Commercial Land leasing continues to be a very low-risk, low-to-moderate yielding revenue source. Through effective Land-Use planning, we continue to present potential Commercial Land Lease opportunities to the Oneida Land Commission for consideration.

Updating the Development Division

During the Third Quarter of FY'17, the OBC approval planning work was produced to complete the formal split of the Development Division into two separate Divisions. The Development Division had two branches – the Operations Branch and the Development Branch. These two branches have operated effectively for the past 5 years. Over the past 3 years, the Division continued a reporting structure as a single division; however, for all intents and purposes operated more effectively and efficiently as separate branches. These branches were presented to the Oneida Business Committee for review consideration as separate Divisions late in the Third Quarter of FY'17 thus creating our new division – the Community & Economic Development Division (CEDD) and the new Division of Public Works.

As part of the launch of the Community & Economic Development Division, the Management Team developed a new Divisional Vision & Mission that more accurately reflect the services we provide to the Oneida People. We look forward to continuing to serve the Oneida Nation and provide the professional development services that will continue to strengthen and build the great Oneida Nation.

Yaw[^]ko, Troy D. Parr, AIA Oneida Architect

RENEWPP^{© 547} VISION & MISSION: CEDD Vision

To elevate the Oneida Nation by providing community & economic development practices that nurture and sustain Oneida families to prosperity.

CEDD Mission

To strategically implement systems that foster sustainable development and commerce growth that reflect **Tsi[?] niyukwalihot**Λ (our ways) with innovative approaches that enrich the natural, built and business environments.

Public Packet Development Division – Quarterly report

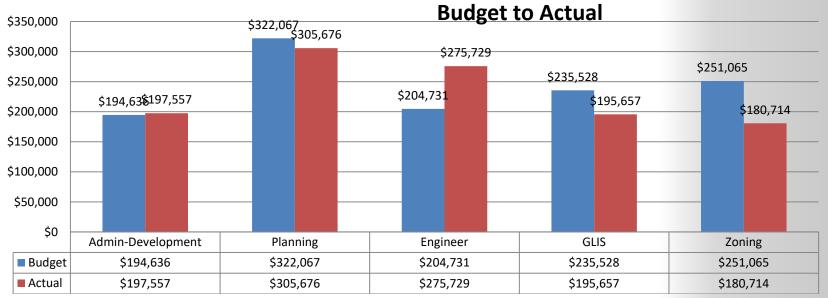
This information reported is for the 2nd Quarter of the Fiscal Year (January, February and March 2017).



Department	Budget	Actual	Variance	%
Administration	\$194,636	\$197,557	-\$2,921	-1.50%
Planning	\$322,067	\$305 <i>,</i> 676	\$16,391	5.09%
Engineering	\$204,731	\$275,729	-\$70,998	-34.68%
GLIS	\$235,528	\$195 <i>,</i> 657	\$39,871	16.93%
Zoning	\$251,065	\$180,714	\$70,351	28.02%
Total FY17	\$1,208,027	\$1,155,333	\$52,694	4.56%

<u>Development Division, Development Branch –</u> <u>FY 17 (3rd Quarter)</u> <u>4.65% better than budget</u>





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ONEIDA

Development Division - (Departmental Updates)



Engineering:

We are managing the various CIP, Non-CIP, OHA, and other miscellaneous projects. We provide assistance to the Zoning Department with plan reviews for code compliance. In addition, we help various Tribal Departments with design and construction coordination for minor interior remodel projects. Major projects are identified in listing above. (James Petitjean – Interim Assistant Division Director; Paul Witek - Senior Architect.)



Public Packet Development Division – Development Branch – Engineering Department

Contact Paul Witek Office: 920-869-4543

- Residential Home Sites
- Health Center Miscellaneous
- Elder Services / Apartments
 Improvements
- Social Services Building Remodel Phase V
- Oneida Nation High School
- Cemetery Improvements
- Oneida Nation Farms Manure Pit
- Early Head Start Facility
- Oneida Golf Enterprise Remodel Phase II
- o Water Main Loop
- NHC Remodeling Phase VIII
- Business Park Storm Water
- Oneida Fishery Restoration Phase II

• Solar Electric Deployment, assistance

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- Tribal Transportation Program, assistance
- o Elder Homes Repair
- Beechtree Lane Extension
- Main Casino Exterior Enhancements
- Mason Street Casino Exterior Enhancements
- o O.F.F. Facility Improvements
- Oneida Recreation Complex
- OCHC Satellite Pharmacy AJRCCC
- Tsyunhehkwa Storage/Shelter
- Elder Village Cottages Phase II
- Uskah Village Apartments Phase II
- W. Mason C-Store Renovation
- Oakwood Court House Reconstruction
- ONSS Accessibility Renovations
- Miscellaneous Small Projects



Planning & Statistics Projects

<u>Central Oneida Area Development Plan-</u> Assisting with transportation improvements in Central Oneida to include a proposal for the Oneida Life Sustenance Community Center, sidewalk improvements, events space, a park and ride for the Duck Creek Trail, streetscape and a public plaza. Status: Ongoing community engagement, grant writing and working the Bureau of Indian Affairs Roads Program.

<u>Model Housing Initiative</u> – Assisting the Oneida Housing Authority to design and construct a series of affordable starter homes for one and two person households. The house design shall have the ability to be modified or expanded as the occupant(s) needs change. Status: Concept.

<u>Community Trails</u> – Assisting in the development of a comprehensive trail system. Status: Exploring the possibility of a Safe Routes to School Planning Grant through the State of Wisconsin for the next phase of the project. It includes a trail from the Turtle school to the Flying Leaf Neighborhood(Site 2). Status: Developing draft work plan that include phases and a time line for future development.

Public Packet Development Division - (Departmental Updates)



Planning & Statistics Projects

<u>Apple Orchard Improvements -</u> The Oneida Apple orchard is a center of tourist activity in the summer time with Apple Fest as its main event. Improvements to the facility such as parking, access points in and out of the apple orchard compound, replacing old trees, and production facilities is needed to continue to be community asset. Status: Project Planning Phases

<u>Central Oneida Food Hub-</u>Working with Governmental Services Director on a Food Hub Development Plan.

<u>Agriculture Strategy</u> – Assisting the Agriculture Strategy team with visuals, info graphics, maps, power point presentation and proposed Agriculture Strategy booklet. Introducing the Oneida Food Sovereignty Initiative that includes proposing incremental improvements to how we produce and provide white corn, buffalo meat, beef, and apples in the Oneida Community. Status: On-going

Public Packet Development Division – (Departmental Updates)



Planning & Statistics Projects

<u>Survey –</u> The Community Health Survey was a success, there were 788 responses total. As a team we were able to contribute all the data in a power point presentation to present to the public. This is one of the biggest surveys distributed to the community and the entire team shares in the success of coordination, implementation and final results.

<u>Community Outreach-</u> Coffee with planner's has been brought back. We held our first one on June 22, 2017. This group while small gave the planning department some valuable information. The focus of this first meeting was too re-introduce the Planning department and get input on how to further communication, educate, and develop the future coffee with the planners. We currently have additional meeting set up and will continue to notify the community of our locations and topics.

ICDBG (Indian Community Development Block Grant) – The Grant Application was successfully submitted for the Upper Oneida Project. We currently are awaiting a decision which should come in October. Efforts to continue work with the Upper Oneida space for future programming events is a focus in the Planning Department.

Public Packet Development Division (Departmental Updates)



Planning & Statistics Projects

<u>We had the pleasure of an additional staff member: Intern Dakota John.</u> He is a student from the University of Steven's Point and his study is in interior Architecture. He has 3 semesters or 11/2 years left of school. He has been able to work with Planning, GLIS, Zoning and Engineering throughout his stay to get a full view of how Projects and Concepts are created and completed. It was a pleasure having him here.

Planning completed the budget for 2018, with specific emphasis on the Comprehensive Plan and Vision Oneida. We have also begun to work with On base for electronic storage. This will be a big project but it is our main objective to reorganize the planning projects to a central location.

<u>GLIS</u>

The struggle to find a replacement for the Administrator has been a work in progress. MIS and GLIS are working together to keep the system running and updated without interruption of services. A team has been assembled from MIS to work with GLIS on a regular basis and address concerns as they arise. Overall, this has been working.

Public Packet <u>Development Division (Departmental Updates)</u>

<u>ZONING</u>

Zoning is currently full staffed.



There are currently 48 ongoing projects. A few major projects are The Sam's Club renovation which is ongoing, Uskah Village Phase 2 which is ongoing, Thornberry Remodel which is complete and Grand Central Station renovation which is ongoing.

This past quarter 30 Building Permits were issued: 14 Land Use Permits were issued and 1 Sanitary Permit was issued.

Zoning has received 19 property complaints which have been investigated and forwarded for additional enforcement if required.

On May 30th the Oneida Gaming Commission recognized Senior Inspector Larry Cornelius and staff for Facility License and their continued excellence in performing the necessary job duties and accepting accountability to ensure minimum internal control requirement are in compliance.

Mariea King has been added to the Zoning Staff and has filled the Permit Processor position on a LTE basis for one year. Welcome Mariea, she has been doing a great job.

Public Packet Development Division (Departmental Updates)

Transportation Planning



Beechtree has wrapped up near Site II on July 5, 2017. The road extends the current Beechtree rd east connecting to highway H. The road also connects to Green Earth Trailer Park on Six Nation Drive. Scope of work consisted of a fenced in wet pond, curb and gutter, stripping and signage. A flashing beacon for safe crossing will be installed on August 1, 2017.

The following roadways will be receiving grading HMA pavement and drainage improvements beginning September 1, 2017: Aliskwit Ct Ranch Rd (2 Miles) Town Rd (End portion) Metoxen Rd Powless Rd Takwatekha Rd

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Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested:	07	1	26	/	_17
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2. General Information:

Session: 🛛 Open 📋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:					
Agenda Header: Reports					
Accept as Information only					
Action - please describe:					
Accept and approve the Department of Public Works 3rd quarter 2017 report					
Supporting Materials					
Report Resolution Contract					
Other:	1				
1 3					
	<u> </u>				
2 4					
Business Committee signature required					
Budget Information					
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted					
Submission					
Submission					
Authorized Spansor (Linison)					
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison:]				
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Jacque Boyle, Interim Assist. Dev. Division Director					
Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member					
Additional Requestor:					
Name, Title / Dept.					
Additional Requestor:					
Name, Title / Dept.					

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

To accept and approve the Department of Public Works 3rd Quarter 2017 report.

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

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A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.



ONEIDA NATION DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DIVISION



2017

3rd Quarter Report

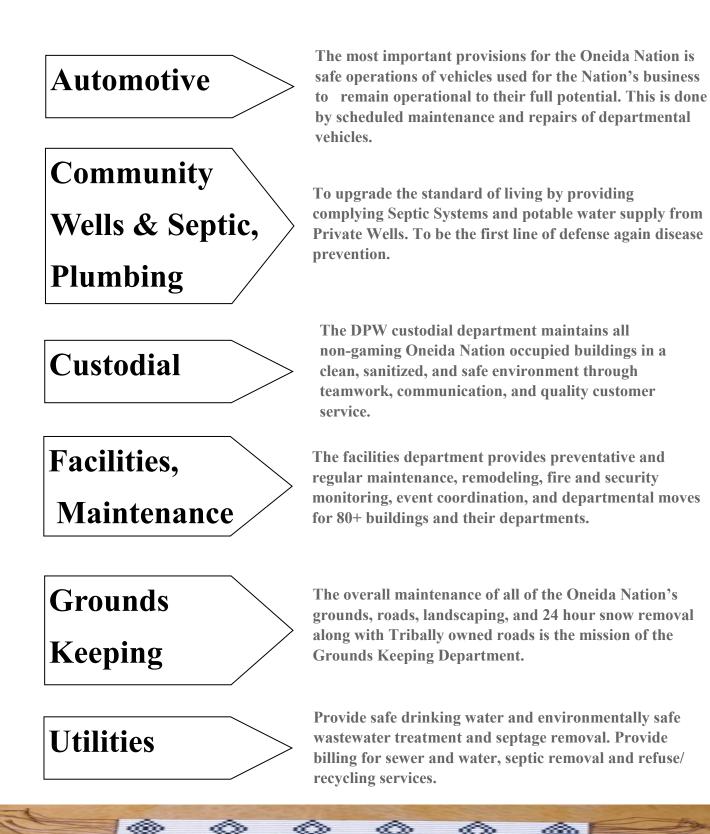


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A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.

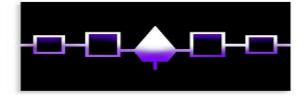




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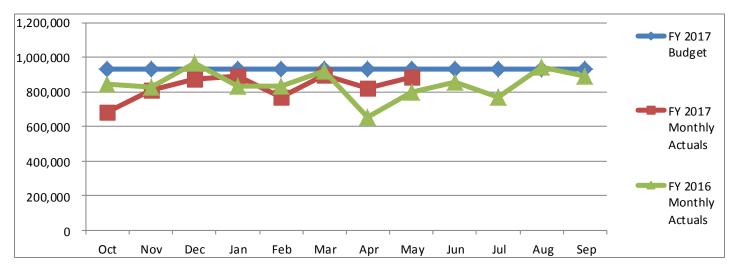


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Department of Public Works Financials

Budget versus Actuals



- YTD Actuals as of May are at an \$820,269 positive variance versus YTD Budget which is approximately an 11% variance.
- Major contributing factors to the positive variance are vacant positions, medical leaves, and implementation of trade back for cash to occur later this year.
- Reorganization efforts have also created shared positions, efficiencies, and increased or improved services.
- Project implementation was delayed until the FY17 budget was approved and there are several projects currently in progress.



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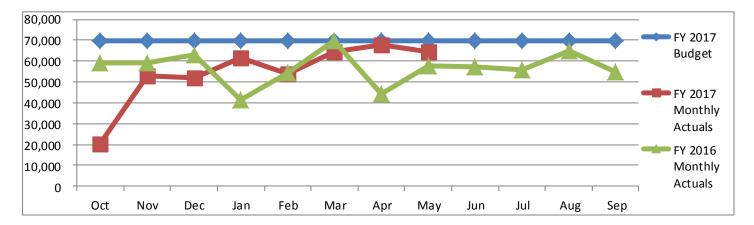


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Department of Public Works

The Department of Public Works Administration provides services and support for all of DPW Business Units, internal and external customers. We provide administrative services, budget and financial support services, community services, continuous improvement, customer services, fleet vehicle services, human resources services, safety awareness, and training services.



DPW has worked with HRD and various other departments in placing interns and current employees in areas which they have a career interest and/or related degrees. This has worked out quite well to give recent graduates and students experience in their field of study. This is one initiative that is contributing to the succession planning that not only our Department is concerned about, but the overall organization. In doing this, it allows employees to gain the necessary experience to qualify for vacant positions. We will also be working with the High School this fall to develop a student employment program to possibly fill part time vacancies in custodial and grounds keeping.

Completion of capital expenditure projects has been a major focus for DPW in this past quarter and will continue all of 4th quarter. Various building projects have been completed including reroofing, replacing flooring, and replacing HVAC equipment.

This past quarter, there were additional resources devoted to Grounds Keeping and Landscaping efforts at the various buildings, mainly Turtle School, AJRCCC, and most recently NHC. Building Assessments were used to determine the priorities to be worked on at each site and plans/schedules created to complete them. In addition, DPW has taken on the responsibility of maintaining the HWY 54 bridge area weekly mowing to improve appearances in this area.

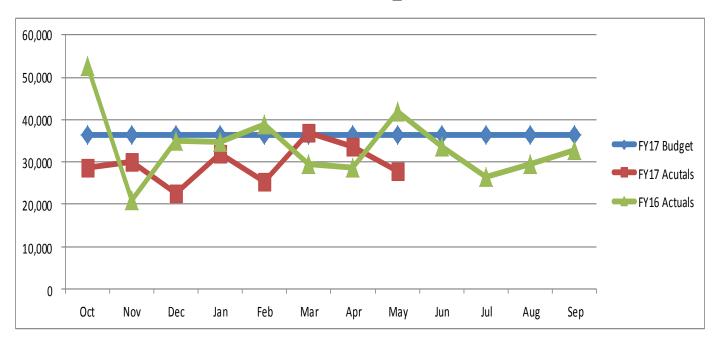
The custodial area has continued their assessment and evaluations utilizing industry standards throughout the operation to determine staffing levels, cleaning procedures, and training needs. One of the on going challenges in this department is in meeting staffing needs. This is due to personnel leaving employment for higher wages being offered elsewhere, very few candidates applying for vacant positions, high rate of medical leaves, and retiring employees.



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Automotive Department

3rd Quarter Services

Automotive Work Orders Completed: 297

Vehicle Requests: 79

Fleet Detailing: 153

Property, Equipment, Vehicle Incident Reports: 8

Program Alignment Summary

Alignment

Description

Status

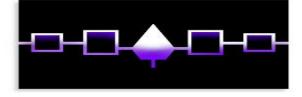
Committing to Building a Responsible Nation

Implement Archibus System for inventory Parts/Supplies data are being entered into the system. Approximately 15% complete.

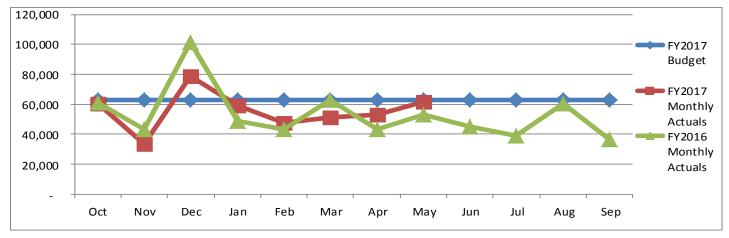




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Wells and Septic, Plumbing



Projects

Description

IHS Project BE-13-J05

IHS Project BE-15-J50

IHS Project BE-12-G98

POWTS Improvement & Inventory

Status

3 well drilling, 3 test pumps

12 sites to serve this year 7 new HBO sites open (no applicants yet)

Remaining work for this project

353 POWTS Evaluation Sites

Program Alignment Summary

Alignment

Description

Status

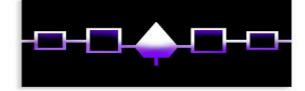
Commitment to Building a	CWS & Plumbing Repairs	59 Septic System Plumbing Repairs
Responsible Nation	Other Calls for Repairs	31 Water Supply/Well Repairs34 Other Repairs (not well & septic)
Commitment to Building a	Engineering CIP Project #	S&W connections at Metoxen Lane, Oska
Responsible Nation	Farm Project	Village S&W connections. Farm Barn
	Oneida Cemetery	Project install storm drain, Weekly water
	Conservation Staging Area	height check at OC.
	Oneida Lake Bathroom Facilities	
Commitment to Building a	Tribal Building Facilities Plumbing pro-	34 Work Orders
Responsible Nation	jects, repairs and services	
Commitment to Building a	Other: Elder Services, Housing Authority,	28Work Orders
Responsible Nation	DOLM Sites	



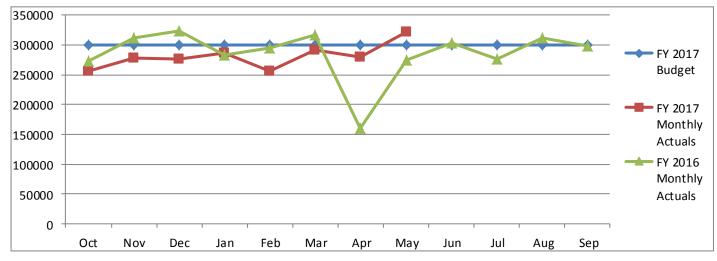
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Custodial Department



Projects/Services

Description/Project

Status

Equipment

Received price and ordered Scrubbing Machine for the OCHC

Ordered a small scrubbing machine to clean

Headstart. ONES and NHC High School are

Schools Summer cleaning

Flooring at Retail Outlets

Coordinating Team to focus on floor care and **Oneida One Stops**

Program Alignment Summary

Alignment

Description

Status

Create a Positive Organizational Culture

Develop Training Program

Commitment to Building a

Responsible Nation

Define Building Cleaning

Standards

Determine procedures to be included and specific to each building

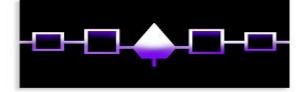
Custodial team is meeting to update handbook, and began using it for orientation of new employees

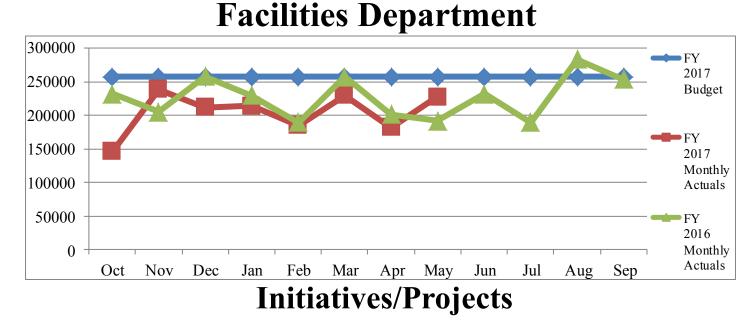


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Projects

West Mason Casino , Budget, Social Services Bldg., Early Headstart, Solar Deployment, ARCHIBUS, Old Accounting bldg. boiler replacement, NHC N. Wing scope of work, Mason Street C-Store project. Training

Repairs and Maintenance

Four (4) trainings, ALICE (Turtle School), BIE Requirements, Carrier Controls Expert CS 1

Control Access, Security Systems, HVAC Control, Inspections, Skenandoah, HVAC Thornberry Creek

Work Orders: 627 Ap;ril 160

May 262 June 206

Program Alignment Summary

Alignment

Committing to building a Responsible Nation

Committing to building a Responsible Nation

Description

Completion or extension of funds to carryover to be able to complete Capital Expenditures. Complete Facility Condition Assessments

Completed

Started project and are working with budget office and team to work through issues.

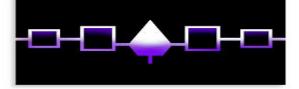
Building Assessments continue to be completed with additional ones being



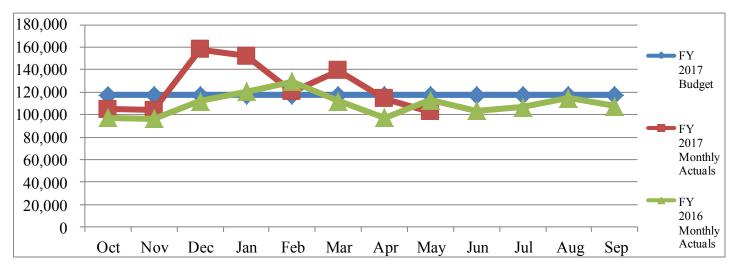
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A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.



Grounds Keeping Department



Projects/Services Project/Services

Status

Beautification of Grounds Surrounding the Nation's buildings

Assets

Landscaping completed at Anna John, 172 Daycare, and Turtle School. Currently working at NHC and Farm.

Finishing the assets list to agree with asset manage-

Equipment

-

Purchased

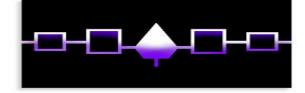
Program Alignment Summary

Alignment	Description	Status
Committing to building a Responsible Nation	Develop Standards for Buildings	Personnel, Routes, Equipment are being refined from last year.
Committing to building a Responsible Nation	Snow Removal Plans	Schedules, site layouts, logs up- dated from last year to become more efficient.
Committing to building a Responsible Nation	Lawn Maintenance	Continue to do assessments of various facilities.
Committing to building a Responsible Nation	Trucking	Completed 2 gravel pads for the farm.
		- Inc.

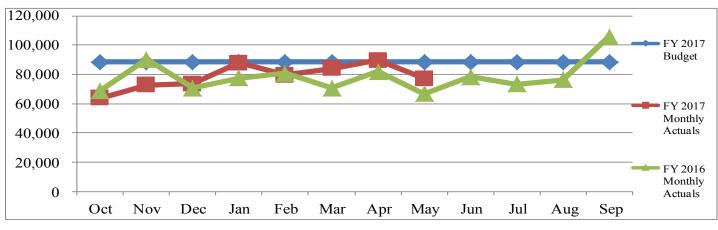
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A good mind. A good heart. A strong fire.



Utilities Department



Services Provided

Service	Status
Work Orders	77 Completed
Locate Requests	243 Completed
Septic Pumping	160 Completed
sconnections (April1-Oct. 31st only)	7 Disconnects

Non-payment, Disconnections (April1-Oct. 31st only)

Program Alignment Summary

-		•
Alignment	Description	Completed
Committing to building a Responsible Nation	Public Water Legal Mandate/ Regulatory Compliance	EPA and Oneida Nation's Public Water and Wastewater required weekly sampling and testing were completed and in compliance.
Committing to building a Responsible Nation	Public Sewer Legal Mandate/ Regulatory Compliance	EPA and Oneida Nation's Public Water and Wastewater required

EPA and Oneida Nation's Public Water and Wastewater required weekly sampling and testing were completed and in compliance.



Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 27 / 17
2. General Information: Session: Open Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Reports
 Accept as Information only Action - please describe:
3. Supporting Materials
Other: 1. 3.
2. 4.
Business Committee signature required
4. Budget Information ⊠ Budgeted - Tribal Contribution ⊠ Budgeted - Grant Funded □ Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: George Skenandore, Division Director/GSD
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor:
Additional Requestor:

Governmental Services Division

FY 2017 Third Quarter Report

George Skenandore, Division Director

DIVISION EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of the Governmental Services Division (GSD) is to provide education and lifelong learning opportunities, programs, and services for individuals and families to further improve their wellbeing. The third quarter report of GSD reflects the continual high level of use of programs/services by community members of all ages. Program areas and the employees who serve in those areas continue providing quality customer care and services consistent with the mission, vision and values of the Nation as a whole. In an effort to improve operationally across the Division, performance assurance audits continue to occur with findings being followed up on as required to ensure that efficiencies and best practices are considered as part of program design and delivery of services. There are position vacancies being addressed to enhance the service to the customer/client base and the work teams that serve them. The budgeting process for FY2018-20 has been completed. We are thankful for the opportunity to serve the community and for the community's continual support throughout the years.

CULTURAL HERITAGE AREA

			FREQUENCY/		
NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS		UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS	
ultural Heritage	Base #:	130	Customers used	Presented Tsi? Niyukwalihó ta	
Administrative Offices	AGE GROUPS		Cultural Heritage	participants to BC. 6 members are able to introduce themselves,	
identifies and developes	0-3:		Area Manager	their grandmother, clan, nation	
initiatives to meet resolutions:	4-9:	2	services 885	and location. They are working on	
	4-9.	2	times in the 3rd	an intermediate opening address.	
09-25-84 A,	10-17:	10	Quarter of FY17		
03-17-89 A,				Assisted Tetwanhatényes (RoP) participants to Akwesasne for	
05-04-90,	18-30:	5	Social Media	fasting week. 1 nephew and 8	
08-12-00C,		64	Counts:	nieces fasted. Activities included:	
04-03-02 B,	31-54:	61	1083	regalia making for 1st year	
and	55-70:	40	Emails relating	fasters, fire starting, building	
08-10-05 A		10	to services:	healthy relationships, & about responsibility.	
	70+:	12	2710	responsionity.	
using information from:	Non-		Phone calls	Obtained food handlers license	
the 2005-2025	Oneida:		relating to	for fundraising events.	
Comprehensive Plan, the			services:	Morting to bring anothers to	
Quality of Life Reports, and	Unknown:		88	Working to bring speakers to address Male and Female roles.	
Survey Responses.		PICTU	IRES	address while and remain roles.	
Our primary focus is on Developing, Implenting, Monitoring and Improving the following: 1.) The 2 year intense initiative on Oneida Cultural Identity and Language Development, 2) Assisting with a mentorship via the Rites of Passage, 3) Social Development through various projects open to the public, 4) Planning for the 2017 On^yote aka Gathering				Received feedback for an audit requested 4-5 years ago. Began working on addressing the 10 areas of concern and completing action items by the end of this fiscal year according to the established time line. Helped encourage the completion of the life-sized longhouse while MDA was recuperating. Worked with MIS & Randall Cornelius to complete work for the 2nd Language Apple App to be completed this fiscal year. Orientating new employees Helped Behavioral Health with group work on tobacco and making tobacco pouches	

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EDUCATION & TRAINING AREA

Arts

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Music from Our Culture: 7 Students, ages 8 – 14, performed for the Wisconsin Coalition Against Domestic Violence conference in Brookfield. Art Camp: The focus of the camp was the 3 Sisters and how to plant the garden. They created abstract paintings using shapes to denote the plants and various painting techniques to create visual. The end product is a wall hanging that will go in the CEC. Basket Guild: The Arts Program is working with the basket guild to do a series of workshops and a final display of Woodland Indian basketry. Art Classes: watercolor painting Summer Brochure and Online: The CEC, Arts Program and other tribal departments continue to work together in their marketing material. The summer brochure was sent out the end of April. To complement the brochure, the CEC unveiled its new website with online registration. We were unable to get online payment due to a number of issues. We are hopeful that we are able to fix this problem for the fall classes.	Base Number: - 4478 unique audience members - 371 Tribal members/employees; 1962 students - 1,000+ listeners on WPNE Native Radio Hour	Art Camp: There were 30 students in camp, 24 students signed up, 3 came the day of, and 3 dropped in. One SEEDS residency in May.	Grants: \$10,000 (matched) grant from the NEA for Native song writing workshop + \$5,000 (unmatched) grant from First Nation's for training and equipment. Music Lessons: Dustin Skenandore is teaching 18 community members guitar and/or piano lessons for a fraction of the cost Untitled Book Festival: Louis Clark, III, an Oneida Literary Fellowship winner, presented at the festival. He did a wonderful presentation on his new book and was gracious to acknowledge the Oneida Nation Arts Program.

Community Education

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
The Community Education Center continues to develop community programs. Services include: • Tutoring • GED and HSED assistance • Computer classes • Computer usage for job searches and personal use. • Copies and faxes • Copies and faxes • Community enrichment classes • Chess Club • Astronomy Club • Facility used for various meetings	 Base Number: 2171 visits 220 unique participants in classes, meetings, and trainings. 427 First time visits 	447 people utilized the CEC 1597 times Approximately 74% were tribal members, 14% were Tribal Employee, 5% were other tribes; and 6% were non tribal. Customer satisfaction was 92% This was gathered through Survey Monkey and hard copy forms. We had 44 participants, with 25 electing to complete the survey.	 Two students passed their college algebra class after having been tutored at the CEC. Lego Robotic Camp - 6 kids Chess Camp - 5 kids The proto-type joint online registration process was introduced and the continued joint marketing. This took (and is taking) staff energy and time to create systems and correct systems as we work out the bugs. We are confident that this system will be a big improvement for all of the community services and activities.

NARRATI	VE	DEMOGR	AF	PHICS	FREQUENCY/	BULLET POINTS
					UTILIZATION	
Care has continue Oneida C Children wait list k Siblings k Oneida w Oneida w Oneida a Oneida a not work	ot. 1974, Child serviced and s to service the community. are taken off the oy priority: being the highest, vorking for Oneida not for Oneida, Non- working for nd Non-Oneida ing for the Oneida eing the lowest	Base Nur	nb	er: 69	Customers used the Child Care services 4278 times in the second quarter of FY17 Month: 1,995 Weekly: 125 Daily: 66	 Oneida culture and language opportunities in all classrooms 100% Developmental Screenings: 100% Healthy Meals monitored by OCHC- Nutrition Dept. 100% Encouraging/Assistin g children in developing their self- control Assisting in developing children at their developmental
Age	Wait list	AGE C Enr				stages. 100%Grievance /Complaint
0-1:	17	0-1: 0 -	6	NO -2		process is still in
1-2:	15	1-2: O -	6	NO -2]	process. It is in final
2-3:	24	2-3: O -	15	NO-5		LOC approval
3-4:	8	3-4: O -	9	NO -3		
4-5:	13	4-5: O -	8	NO -5		
Total: 77		69 = O -	47	NO -22	1	
				-		

Child Care

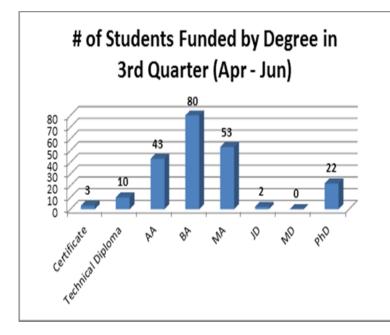
Please note: There are two 2-3 year old classrooms. Children are taken off the "Wait List" by the wait list team: 4 Supervisors, 1 Administrative Assistant and the Child Care Director

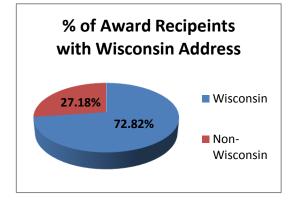
NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
BIA Early Intervention provides services to infants, toddlers and young children with disabilities. These services are provided at several locations throughout the reservation and the following programs: • FACE • Head Start and • Childcare. All services to families and children are free, and services depend on the severity of the young child's disability. Children receive speech therapy, occupational and physical therapy and special education instruction. The program also offers advocacy services for children and parent education classes on early childhood topics throughout the year.	Base Number: 80 served Age 3-6: 46 total	 1180 Total Membership or clients/ month 49 children received direct therapy services in the 3rd quarter. The direct services included 784 therapy sessions that totaled 392 hours of therapy. The most common therapy is speech & language followed by occupation therapy. No direct therapy sessions in June. 	 Provided training to Childcare teachers in early literacy. Direct services to children 3-6 years old up 18% 87% of disabled 3 year olds, 91% of disabled 4 year olds and 100% of disabled 5 year olds receive Speech therapy Referrals to Birth to 3 up 62%
Birth to 3 State of Wisconsin Grant This grant supplies age appropriate books to children in the program.	35 Birth to 3 total Infants & Toddlers	45 books distributed this quarter to childcare	Therapy equipment provided includes: 5 point harness high chairs. Therapy peanuts, therapy toys & board books

BIA Early Intervention

Higher Education

Higher Education operates YTD Number of # of Phone Calls/Emails: Received \$4,387 grar	NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
96 A) and strives to promote higher education for all Oneida citizens.821If If SIf of Walk-in Clients: 198Mission Tribe for Fall College Fair on 9/28/ at Thornberry Creek.The Oneida Higher Education grant is funded through a combination of Tribal Contribution (95.84%) and BIA funding (4.16%).% of student's based in WI: 72.82 %# of Missing Letters Disbursed: 847High School Visits: 31 StudentsOneida Higher Education is funding degrees from certificates through professional level degrees% of student's based in WI: 72.82# of Grades Processed: 362Probation Contacts/Outreach efforts: 19/24 reached to discuss probation requirements	 Higher Education operates from GTC Resolution (8-12- 96 A) and strives to promote higher education for all Oneida citizens. The Oneida Higher Education grant is funded through a combination of Tribal Contribution (95.84%) and BIA funding (4.16%). Oneida Higher Education is funding degrees from certificates through professional level degrees including doctoral degrees with a goal towards self- 	n operates ation (8-12- s to education izzens. er is funded nation of on A funding ducation is from ugh el degrees al degrees al degrees	 # of Phone Calls/Emails: 1115 # of Walk-in Clients: 198 # of Checks Disbursed: 204 # of Missing Letters Disbursed: 847 # of Grades Processed: 	Received \$4,387 grant from San Manual Mission Tribe for Fall College Fair on 9/28/17 at Thornberry Creek. High School Visits: 31 Students Probation Contacts/Outreach Efforts: 19/24 reached to discuss probation requirements Worked with HRD on Oneida's "Post Graduate Work





Job Training

program funds are spent on wage related expenses to provide direct services to

students.

	1	1	1
NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/	BULLET POINTS
		UTILIZATION	
The Y.E.S. Program Staff	509 Y.E.S. Eligible Youth	Customers worked	43/47 YES program
provide academic	(414 Oneida Enrolled). This	with the Y.E.S. Staff	seniors at GB SW,
enrichment, social support	number does not include	22,687 times from	Seymour, & WDP
services, mentoring and	the 137 American Indian	April to May.	graduated.
promote college and career	youth served who are		
readiness to Y.E.S. Eligible	descendants or the 111	Utilization includes:	The Y.E.S. Program staff
children in the schools	youth with incomplete		worked with concerns in
listed below:	paperwork. The Y.E.S.	In school/after-school	the lives of the Y.E.S.
	Eligible youth are in	tutoring/academic	students this year.
Green Bay's King	grades:	reinforcement,	Some of the concerns are increased
Elementary		development of	drug/alcohol use among
Advocate	Grade K – 7	organizational skills,	parents and some of the
Green Bay's Lombardi	Grade 1 – 19	mentoring and	students, family
Middle	Grade 2 – 14	homework help.	dysfunction, domestic
Advocate and Specialist	Grade 3 – 19		abuse, and
Green Bay's Southwest High	Grade 4 – 19	Boys'/Girls' Groups at	homelessness, and
Advocate and Specialist	Grade 5 – 21	Seymour's Rock Ledge,	mental illness, lack of
Seymour Rock Ledge	Grade 6 – 36	Middle and High	mental health services,
Advocate, Enrichment	Grade 7 – 53	Schools and Lombardi	suicide, and insecurity
Aid,	Grade 8 – 49	Middle School.	about having enough food to eat. Staff
Specialist	Grade 9 – 51		concerns in working to
Seymour Middle School	Grade 10 – 60	After-School language	meet the needs of the
Advocate and Specialist	Grade 11 – 55	classes at Lombardi,	students include the
Seymour High School	Grade 12 – 50	Rock Ledge, and West	need for more staff for
Advocate and Specialist		De Pere.	the Y.E.S. Program and
West De Pere Middle	Y.E.S. youth are tribally		the social services
School	enrolled or are 1/4	In-school Oneida	programs that assist the
Specialist	American Indian from a	Language and Culture	Y.E.S. Program with
West De Pere High School	federally recognized	Classes at Seymour	groups, and the need for
Advocate	nation(s)/tribe(s) and	Middle School.	more mental health
	whose parents have		professionals.
Funding for the Y.E.S.	complete Y.E.S.	Beading Groups for	
Program comes primarily	paperwork.	Seymour Middle and	
from Tribal Contribution, at		High youth and West	
92%, with Self-Governance		De Pere High School.	
at 8%. The majority of			

Youth Enrichment Services (Y.E.S.) Program

PARKS AND RECREATION AREA

Executive Summary

The Parks and Recreation Area have been focused this quarter on preparing programs and staff for the busy summer programs throughout the Division. We worked closely with the Education and Training Area- Arts/ CEC department for the summer programs. While there were a few hurdles, this process is changing with each quarter of community programs, but we hope that you will see improvements with the registration process as we move along. This quarter we enrolled youth into the Recreation summer programs, Fitness Camps, Adventures, as well as Little League.

This quarter also saw an increase in personal gym rentals as we prepare our youth for the Indigenous Games that will occur in the fourth quarter. We have been busy training, coaching and working with coaches and athletes as they prepare for the games. In addition to the athlete preparation, we have worked closely with the coaches, athletes and the Host Society (Toronto) to collect the necessary forms needed for the games. This is one of the largest Oneida Athlete Contingencies that we are sending to the games. We were preparing over 120 athletes and over 20 coaches for the games. This has been a very exciting quarter as the youth fundraise, train and bond as a team for the Games.

The Parks have been very busy with graduation parties and family homecomings, we welcome the rentals and encourage you to call in advance for your request as the parks and gym rentals do book up quickly!

Experiential & Adventure

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Oneida Experiential & Adventures uses hands on interactive activities to help individuals and groups develop themselves to help them be their best selves.	Base number:700	Customers used Oneida Adventures services 2,561 times in the 3rd quarter of FY17	Provided classes for a Diabetic Grant, Elder Services, and the Fitness Center. Provided winter activity and sports training as well as activities for Reasonable Alternative Standard (RAS) Points for employees.
Oneida Experiential provided healthy options for the RAS point system, by helping employees to improve their health by making real behavior changes and discovering and overcoming road blocks that has prevented them from making these changes previously.	AGE GROUPS	314	Provided mindful walks, bikes, and excercises for employees for RAS points in conjunction with Diabetic walks and hikes. The RAS Participants increased stress reduction awareness by 84%
Health Center Diabetic Prevention Depression prevention Family Enrichment Programs Domestic Violence Support AODA	18yo -81yo	1723	Diabetic prevention participants reported increase of 65% understanding and awareness. Our Elders self- reported significant Increase in morale 62% With 80% reporting a desire to try new (more physical) programs with us.
Youth program: Behavior Intervention, Character Development, Environmental, After school, Survival, Outdoor skills, High School Adventure, Archery, Youth Healthy Relationships	7уо-18уо	524	Provide group sessions for Oneida students and local schools. Girls reported an increase in feeling connected and accepted Youth Increased Skill Sets By 46%



Oneida Family Fitness

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Oneida Family Fitness provides health and wellness opportunities for all ages and abilities, to include physical activities and preventative health education to encourage total well-being. This quarter we continued to focus on maximizing fitness and wellness programs to increase engagement and participation.	Base Number: 4,344 members AGE GROUPS 0-3: 4-12: 13-17: 18-35: 36-54: 55-64: 65+:	Customers used Oneida Family Fitness services 21,125 times in the 3 rd quarter of FY17 40 members; 106 visits 245 members; 1,320 visits 243 members; 1,513 visits 469 members; 3,852 visits 455 members; 5,515 visits 205 members; 2,756 visits 177 members; 3,617 visits	 Fitness Poker challenge/incentive (43 participants; Overall fitness improved based off check ins) Mother Spa Week & Fathers appreciation week; 150 members participated. Provided Swim Lessons; 52 participants Provided 456 fitness classes (4,379 attendees) Aquatic attendance (5,442 attendees) Provided 151 Martial Art classes (1,347 attendees)
Collaborate with Oneida Programs to provide wellness opportunities. Increase participant's KSA's of physical fitness and healthy lifestyles to reduce health care costs.			 Provide programming for Diabetic clients (28 clients; met 132 times) Provide exercise class for elders at Elder Services 1x week (85 participants) Offered RAS programs Bellin Run (154 participants) Employees also earned a RAS point for finishing the race



Recreation

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHI	rs.	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
The Oneida Recreation Department provides a quality after-school program for youth ages 7-18. During the after-school program, we try to accomplish the following outcomes:	Current Recrea Members = 637		Customers have used Recreation services 9,287 times during the Third Quarter.	April = 2576/ May = 3185/ June = 3526
 Enhance the educational development of each participant - complete homework assignments and increase GPA. 	AGE GROUPS			Learning Center G.P.A. School Age Civic 3.58 CW 3.36 Adolescent Civic 3.38 CW 2.64 Homework Completion Rate School Age Civic 57% CW 63% Adolescent Civic 4% CW 17%
 Increase the physical activity of each participant - each member completes 60 minutes of activity daily. 	0-5:	34	188	60 minutes of daily activity School Age Civic 35% CW 43% Adolescent Civic 24% CW 12%
 Introduce the youth to various art mediums to encourage creative expression. 	6-12:	367	2987	Exposed to new art mediums School Age Civic 66% CW 40% Adolescent Civic 19% CW 8%
4. Increase participant's awareness of the Six Pillars of Character Development.	13-18:	105	746	Participate in Character Club School Age Civic 43% CW 41% Adolescent Civic 13% CW 12%
	19-35:	19	15	
	36-64:	35	73	
Elder Bingo and Bowling	65 +:	77	425	
Youth team practices: (Baseball, Softball, Lacrosse) Dartball and Men's Basketball	Varies		3926	
Weekend rentals for the Cliff Webster Building	Varies		712	
Guests	Varies		215	





NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
The Parks Department provides maintenance and landscaping (mowing/ tree branches, etc.) to 18 parks throughout the reservation and 2 multipurpose fields next to the Cliff Webster Recreation Facility. In addition to snow removal at the Parks, during the second quarter the staff removed leaves, prepped the fields for the winter, repaired parks equipment, built benches for the parks, and did maintenance on the lawnmowers and weed-eater equipment. In addition to regular maintenance of equipment, the 2 Staff assist in gathering items and preparing items for crafts with elders,	Base number: 18	Customers used the 18 parks and fields several times in the second quarter of FY17	Prepare parks for rental usage for community members Prepare Lacrosse field for community use Repair parks and equipment that are destroyed or vandalized Continue to repair and replace park
building and repairing items for	Parks and 2	due to the mild	supplies that are old
the parks for summer use.	multipurpose fields	winter.	or in need of repair

SOCIAL SERVICES AREA

Executive Summary: Our Oneida Nation Social Service (ONSS) programs continue to serve the Oneida Nation population meeting its diverse and challenging needs on and off the reservation. Our Oneida Social Service programs offer a variety of services which are listed below. Multiple funding sources originate from the Nation, BIA, State and Federal agencies. Programs supply basic support and emergency assistance to families who meet eligibility requirements, and have a need. The programs serve as an assistance unit and social service programs continue to be an important safety net for the membership.

Food Distribution

The Food Distribution program is for low-income American Indian and non-Indian households that reside on a reservation and households living in an approved area near a reservation with one person who is a member of a Federally-recognized tribe. We are 75% funded by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and 25% funded by our Oneida Nation.

We participated in a "Nutrition Education Project" grant for the Midwest & Northeast region, this grant was designed to promote healthier eating with fruits and vegetables smoothies. At the end of May we had our drawing and gave away five (5) Ninja Blenders for all who participated in the classes we offered.

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Food Distribution provides a food package to help our participants maintain a nutritionally balanced diet. They select over 70 products, fresh and canned items. This is a low income grant.	Base numbers: Clients: 2,305 Families: 1,130 AGE GROUPS 0-3: 75 4-9: 69 10-17: 144 18-30: 123 31-55: 129 56-70: 36 70+: 21	Customers used our services on an average of 376 families a month in our 3 rd quarter. Phone calls relating to our service: Outgoing:774 Received: 939 Total calls: 1713	255 Food Deliveries to the Elders and Disabled.

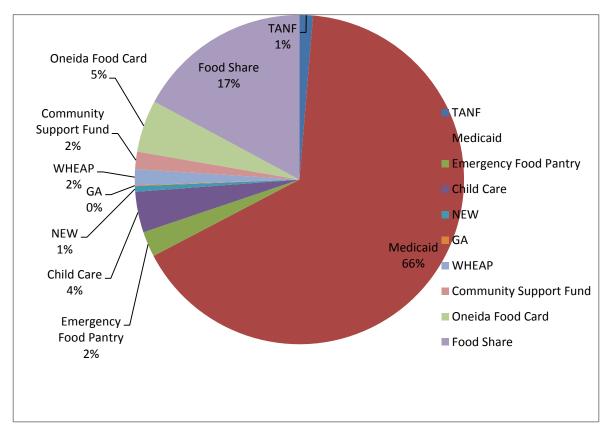


Economic Support Services

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Economic Support administers many public assistance programs within the department. One of those is the TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) program. The TANF program promotes work and personal responsibility to strengthen families. This is done by providing parents or caretakers with employment preparation and/or supportive services that promote self-sufficiency and responsibility. Food Share and Medicaid Assistance is another program provided to low- income families in need of	TANF Case Averages: Cash Assistance: Avg. 16 Crisis: Avg. 4 TANF Diversion: Avg. 26 Medicaid: Avg. 2,271 Adults (18+): 820 Children (0-17): 1,458 Food Share: Avg. 591	277 appointments held - 76 walk-ins - 2,803 phone calls in/out	57% of program assistance for TANF is done through the Diversion classification. Cash Payment makes up 35% and Crisis 8%. Diversion assistance helps families with dependent children with employment- related support services as an alternate to applying for cash assistance.
food and health care coverage. Child Care is also provided to low-income families through 2 different ways. WI Shares is the state child care assistance program, while CCDF (Child Care Development Fund) is a federal grant that is utilized to fund child care subsidies as well.	Child Care Case Averages: Wi Shares cases: Avg. 66 CCDF: Avg. 72 Children (0-12 yrs.)	On-site Child Care center utilized: Avg. 161 children/month	14 Social Services Clinics were held after hours that utilized the onsite center. Blood borne Pathogen training held at ARCC. Child Care Manager attended the WI Social Services Assoc. Annual
Native American Employment Works (NEW) is a program to assist those with work related expenses when starting new employment or retaining employment.	19 cases (+18 yrs.)	65 phone calls in/out	Conference. NEW support services consisted of auto insurance, repair and work clothing or tools for employment.

General Assistance is a program designed to help with shelter costs while waiting for SSD Benefits.	3 cases currently	20 phone calls in/out	Cash payment given to those for housing related costs including rent, mortgage or utilities.
WHEAP (Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program) is administered to low- income individuals in need of heat and electric assistance	Avg. 54 cases each month	Avg. of 6 WHEAP appointments/mo. Avg. of 170 phone calls received for all three programs.	Mandatory State WHEAP training held in January.
Community Support Fund is a program supported by tribal contribution to assist enrolled Oneida tribal members when experiencing a catastrophic event, illness, or injury.	Avg. 40 cases each month	Food Card usage is increasing greatly.	Community Support Fund law was adopted on 1/11/17. Currently the rules are being created to uphold the law.
Oneida Food Card	Avg. of 177 families/mo.		Increasing greatly
Oneida Food Pantry was established to address an emergency food assistance need in the community.	86 families, Avg. of 29/mo.	86 customers determined eligible with all 86 picking up food at the pantry.	Emergency Food Pantry continues to grow with donations at Tower Foods.

Economic Support Cases



Family Support Services

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Child Support: The primary purpose is to strengthen parental responsibility for their children through establishment and enforcement of child support and bring families into being more self-sufficient. This is accomplished through the following five federal mandates: Paternity Establishment; Child Support Order Establishment, Modification, Enforcement; Locate Services. As well as community outreach & education. Funded through federal grant.	2884 (Oneida parents)	3702	*45 New Cases *Co-Parenting offered *Planning for upcoming community event in 4th quarter
Indian Child Welfare: Program area provides child protection services, parenting services and foster care services to Oneida children and families in accordance with the Indian Child Welfare Act and the Children and Family Services Department Mission. Program goal is to assist/support families in their effort and ability to provide a safe, nurturing and stable home environment for their children.	210(Oneida children and families involved in county/state Child Welfare systems, On-going and Intake for the quarter)	669	* 96 (children) On- Going Cases*114 Intake (new incoming reports for eligible children) Cases*Received IV-E reimbursement funding which is funding an additional Intake worker to meet the increasing case loads
Foster Care: License foster homes and kinship providers to offer placements for youth in out of home care (voluntary and involuntary) that follow the placement preferences set forth by the Tribe.	65 (Oneida youth in out-of-home care)	805	 * 12 youth in foster care *56 Kinship *Two foster homes (child specific) in process of being licensed.

Parenting: Provide parenting education & support to families in the community who are either mandated to meet conditions or voluntarily participating.	30 (voluntary or mandated parents)	383	*15 participants in Parent Education Class (PEC) *30 parents participating in Trauma Informed Parenting (TIP) * 1 Teen parents
Prevention: Services provided to youth K-8th grade as well as families designed to support them in healthy and safe lifestyles.	114(K-12)	238	*AODA and Social Emotional groups offered to youth in schools. *Summer Youth, 4 days a week, 26 youth
Domestic Violence: Education on healthy relationships, crisis and on-going support to families who are experiencing or who have experienced domestic violence.	294 (All ages)	1012	*Women's Group *Men's Group *Girls Group *Boys Group *Individual and crisis support offered *DV staff supporting Summer Youth group with Prevention program staff
Yetiya?tanu'nha: Provides culturally based prevention and intervention program that works with at-risk teens to recover credits in order for the teens to graduate from high school, works on conflict and coping skills, assists with behavior modification, and gain entrance into post-secondary schooling or begin work.	12 (2 additional students pending) (8-12th grade)	648	*Students attend program 4 days a week throughout the summer months. *3 students graduated with OHS Senior class (full 23.5 credits earned) *Co-Co (Trauma Yoga) training offered to students *Grant re-applied for

Elder Services

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Elder Services Mission: To assist our elders to maintain an independent, healthy, productive & quality lifestyle through love, caring & respect by services we provide. Vision: We provide quality home & community based programs for elders & are a model for other aging entities.	Brown & Outagamie Counties within reservation boundaries. Priority is given to elders age 70+ and age 55 to 69 with proof of disability. Base number: 1106		Twa wah tsile (We are all family) Elder Services provides home & community- base services to assist elder to remain in their homes.
	AGE GROUPS		
Congregate Meals	Native American 55+ & Non-Native 60+	492 Clients & 3795 Services	Meals provides 1/3 of daily nutritional value
Home Delivered Meals	Native American 55+ & Non-Native 60+	228 Clients & 5139 Services	Same as previous
Supportive Services	Priority 70+ and disabled, Native American 55+ Non-Native 60+	71 Clients & 260 Services	In-home Chore & Personal Care * April only- staff moved to OHC
Native American Family Care Giver	Native American 55+	65 Clients & 332 Services	Support groups, Respite Care & Voucher program
Outreach Services	Priority 70+ and disabled, Native American 55+ Non-Native 60+	65 Clients & 261.50 Services	Assessments & Monitor ERS
Elder Abuse	Native American 55+	4 Clients & 13 Services	Case Management
Home Repair	Priority 70+ and disabled, Native American 55+ Non-Native 60+	87 Clients & 154 Services	Minor handy man repairs
Home-chore	Priority 70+ & 55 - 69 disabled, Native American	162Clients & 296 Services	Snow plowing & lawn services
Transportation	Native American 55+ & Non-Native 60 +	126 Clients & 2453 Services	Transport to meal site, bus passes for working elders

Information & Referral (I&R) & DRUMS	55+	1155 elders -	DRUMS articles
		DRUMS	posted monthly
		8 elders for I&R	in Kalihwisaks,
		and 12 referrals	Elder Services
			Facebook page
			and A-Z email
			communication
			s; Information
			& Referral
			varies from
			dangerous
			trees needing
			to be cut to
			financial
			assistance to
			looking for
			work
Dementia Care Specialist strives to	elders/caregivers 55-70		*Memory Café
increase awareness of Dementia to the		Elders/caregivers	*Memory
tribe by making Oneida Tribe Dementia	over the age of 71	used DCS services	Screen
Friendly. This is done by holding		in the 3rd quarter	: *1-1 with
monthly memory cafés, memory		Contact was mad	ecaregiver
screens, offering support for caregivers		by phone and 1-1	*
and family and offering education to			*employee
the community.		meetings.	health
			*Senior
			Companion/Fos
			ter
			Grandparent
			*Dr. Vir and
			providers
			*ONCOA
			*Library
			*Marketing of
			DCS program
			prior to GTC
			meeting on 3-
			19-17 *moved
			to Oneida
			health center

		Г	
The Aging & Disability Resource Specialist offers information and referrals on community and county resources to Oneida community members and functionally assesses members for Medicaid programs found through the Community Option Program Family Care, IRIS and Partnership programs through Brown and Outagamie Counties.	22-59: 12 calls 60-99: 176 calls	Long Term (LT) Function Screens: 5 Brief/Short Term Service Coordination: 1 Follow-up: 48 Information & Assistance (I&A): 127 Options Counseling: 2	Topic categories discussed during calls in last three months: abuse/neglect, adaptive equipment, Alzheimer's and other Dementia, auxiliary services, end of life, food, health, home services, housing, income maintenance,
			legal services, medial home care, mental health, nursing home, public benefits, financial- related needs, taxes, transportation, veteran services
SEOTS Mission is strengthening our cultural connection and providing services and programs to enhance the well-being of On^yote?a-ka living in southeastern Wisconsin. During the second quarter of FY2017, SEOTS continued to work on community engagement activities, in addition to regular programming.	Base number: Unduplicated: Total Oneida Population of Southeast Wisconsin: 0-3: 4-9: 10-17: 18-30: 31-54: 55-70: 70+:	*Total visits plus total incoming calls = client interactions *Social Media Counts: *Emails relating to services: NA *Phone calls relating to services: Incoming calls	*Total Facebook page likes increased by likes during the second quarter. *SEOTS Averaged incoming phone calls per day. *No longer reports to Elder Services- reports to George

Apartments	Base number 29	Unduplicated Services 140 including rental payments, work orders	Routine maintenance and payment of rent
Major Home repair	Priority 70+ & 55 - 69 disabled, Native American	3 clients	repairs regarding health & safety *budget was passed late

Chairwoman Tina Danforth celebrated Betty Doxtator's retirement as a Foster Grandparent Volunteer for 26 years. This event was held at the Anna John Congregate Meal Site.



Head Start/Early Head Start

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Head Start/Early Head Start mission: to provide educational and holistic services that promote healthy prenatal outcomes, enhance the development of young children, and foster the well-being of families while respecting cultural values.	Brown & Outagamie Counties. Priority is given to low- income children, families and pregnant women. Base number: 212	Service areas: 12 Contact Days-40 Children Served- 196 Families Served-146	Head Start has 8 classrooms. School day is from 9:00AM to 1:00PM. Early Head Start is a home based program providing services in the home, through group socializations, community, or field trips.
Education and Child Development Children's readiness for school and beyond is fostered through individualized learning experiences. Through relationships with adults, play and planned and spontaneous instruction, children grow in many aspects of development. Children progress in social skills and emotional well-being, along with language and literacy learning, and concept development.	AGE GROUPS Native & non-native children ages 0-5, parents, foster parents, guardians, and grandparents.	Children served-191 Services - 1,358	Meeting or exceeding expectations: Social-emotional - 91% Gross motor - 93% Fine motor - 99% Language - 95% Cognitive - 95% Literacy - 95% Math - 88%
Health & Disability - Each child's perceptual, motor, and physical development is supported to permit them to fully explore and function in their environment. All children receive health and development screenings, nutritious meals, oral health and mental health support. Head Start/Early Head Start connects families with medical, dental, and mental health services to ensure that children are receiving the services they need.	Native & non-native children ages: 0-5, pregnant women	222 Clients & 2,136 Services	Children on an IFSP/IEP - 52 (9- occupational therapy; 40-speech & language; 9-significant development delay; 1- hearing impaired. Referrals made-70, children with/health inusrance-169, number of children with dental care - 165

Family & Community Engagement Parents and families are supported in achieving their own goals, such as housing stability, continued education, and financial security. Head Start/Early Head Start support and strengthen parent-child relationships and engage families around children's learning and development.	Native & non-native children ages 0-5, parents, foster parents, guardians, grandparents, pregnant women	231 Clients & 748 Services	In-home Chore & Personal Care
Transportation - Head Start has 2 busses and 2 busses are contracted out through Lamer's Bus Lines.	Children ages 0-5, families, foster parents, guardians, grandparents, pregnant women.	52 Clients & 188 Services	Transport to and from school, field trips, socializations, medical appointments, job search.
Meals - Head Start's Nutrition Program provides healthy food and teaches children healthy eating habits at a young age to prepare them to make positive choices that lead to healthy lifestyles.	Children ages 3-5	Children 0-5 yrs 196 Meals served - 207	Breakfast, lunch, snacks, field trips, socializations, parent activities.
Home Visits - Home visitors work with parents to help provide learning opportunities that enhance children's growth and development. The home environment is used to help parents create rich learning opportunities that build on everyday routines and support children's development.	Children ages 0-3, families, foster parents, guardians, grandparents, pregnant women.	52 Clients & 352 Home Visits	In-home family support services. Weekly home visits. Bi-monthly group socialization experiences.
Prenatal Services - Early Head Start works closely with pregnant women to secure comprehensive prenatal and postpartum care. EHS works collaboratively with each pregnant woman to develop a plan to ensure that she receives risk assessments, medical and dental exams and mental interventions.	Native and non- native women & families.	8 clients, 18 families served, 266 Services	In-home support services, prenatal & postpartum care, transportation to medical appointments, mental health support, prenatal and nutrition education.

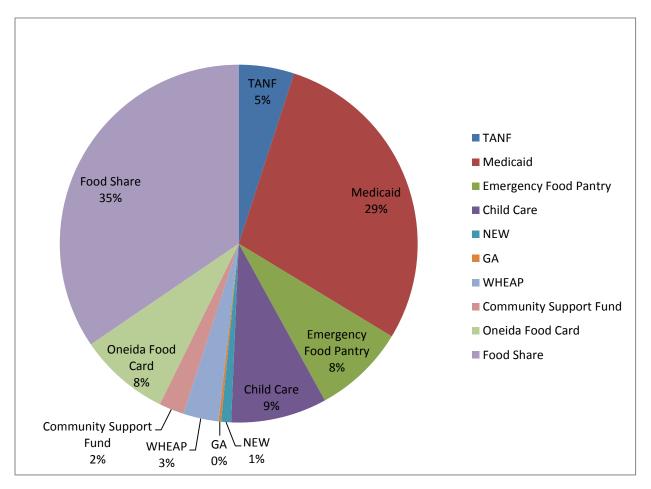
Head Start celebrated another successful graduation this quarter with some happy graduates and joyous singing that took place at the Radisson.

		FREQUENCY/	
NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Economic Support administers many public assistance programs within the department. One of those is the TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) program. The TANF program promotes work and personal responsibility to strenthen families. This is done by providing parents or caretakers with employment preparation and/or supportive services that promote self-sufficiency and responsibility.	TANF Case Averages: Cash Assistance: Avg. 18 Crisis: Avg. 4 TANF Diversion: Avg. 67	101 appointments held - 20 walk-ins - 862 phone calls in/out	75% of program assistance for TANF is done through the Diversion classification. Cash Payment makes up 20% and Crisis 5%. Diversion assistance helps families with dependent children with employment- related support services as an alternate to applying for cash assistance.
Food Share and Medicaid Assistance is another program provided to low-income families in need of food and health care coverage.	Medicaid: Avg. 2,421 Adults (18+): 1,143 Children (0-17): 1,278 FoodShare: Avg. 615		Staff completed Child Care Case Conversion from CSAW to EBT CSAW program.
Child Care is also provided to low-income families through 2 different ways. WI Shares is the state child care assistance program, while CCDF (Child Care Development Fund) is a federal grant that is utilized to fund child care subsidies as well.	Child Care Case Averages: Wi Shares cases: Avg. 77 CCDF: Avg. 77 Children (0-12 yrs.)	On site Child Care center utilized: Avg. 126 children/month	New EBT Child Care programming initiated February 1st. Families will now be requied to use EBT cards to purchase their child care at their centers. 17 Social Services Clinics were held after hours that utilized the onsite center.
Native American Employment Works (NEW) is a program to assist those with work related expenses when starting new employment or retaining employment.	16 cases (+18 yrs.)	40 phone calls in/out	NEW support services consisted of auto insurance, repair and work clothing or tools for employment.
General Assistance is a program designed to help with shelter costs while waiting for SSD Benefits.	Avg. 4 cases currently	25 phone calls in/out	Cash payment given to those for housing related costs including rent, mortgate or utilities.

ECONOMIC SUPPORT SERVICES

WHEAP (Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program) is administered to low-income individuals in need of heat and electric assistance	Avg. 57 cases each month	Avg. of 13 WHEAP appts./mo. Avg. of 190 phone calls	WHEAP appts./mo. Avg. of 190	WHEAP WHEAP training appts./mo. in January. Avg. of 190	Mandatory State WHEAP training held in January.
Community Support Fund is a program supported by tribal contribution to assist enrolled Oneida tribal members when experiencing a catastrophic event, illness, or injury.	Avg. 40 cases each month	received for all three programs. Food Card usage is consistent.	Community Support Fund law was adopted on 1/11/17. Currently the rules are being created to uphold the law.		
Oneida Food Card	Avg. of 146 families/mo.		Consistent usage		
Oneida Food Pantry was established to address an emergency food assistance need in the community.	Avg. of 74 families/mo.	156 customers determined eligible with 148 (Jan/Feb count only) picking up food at the pantry.	New Emergency Food Pantry opened January 11 at Tower Foods.		

ECONOMIC SUPPORT CASES



ELDER SERVICES DEPARTMENT

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Elder Services Mission: To assist our elders to maintain an independent, healthy, productive & quality lifestyle through love, caring & respect by services we provide. Vision: We provide quality home & community based programs for elders & are a model for other aging entities.	Brown & Outagamie Counties within Reservation Boundaries. Priority is given to elders age 70+ and age 55 to 69 with proof of disability. Base number: 1106 AGE GROUPS	customers used the Elder Services Department services several times in the second quarter of FY17, for detailed information see below	Twa wah tsile (We are all family) Elder Services provides home & community base services to assist elder to remain in their homes.
Congregate Meals	Native American 55+ & Non-Native 60+	436 Clients & 3,480 Services	Meals provides 1/3 of daily nutritional value - Meals are provided 5 days a week.
Home Delivered Meals	Native American 55+ & Non-Native 60+	226 Clients & 5,036 Services	Meals provides 1/3 of daily nutritional value - Meals are provided 7 days a week.
Supportive Services	Priority 70+ and disabled, Native American 55+ Non- Native 60+	231 Clients & 748 Services	In-home Chore & Personal Care
Native American Family Care Giver	Native American 55+	52 Clients & 188 Services	Support groups, Respite Care & Voucher program
Outreach Services	Priority 70+ and disabled, Native American 55+ Non- Native 60+	63 Clients & 246 Services	Assessments & Monitor Emeregency Response System (ERS)
Elder Abuse	Native American 55+	15 Clients & 39 Services	Case Management
Home Repair	Priority 70+ and disabled, Native American 55+ Non- Native 60+	84 Clients & 119 Services	Minor handy man repairs
Home-chore	Priority 70+ & 55 - 69 disabled, Native American	360 Clients & 195 Services	Snow plowing & lawn services

Transportation	Native American 55+ & NonNat. 60 +	151 Clients & 1,690 Services	Transportation to meal-site & bus passes for working elders DRUMS articles posted monthly in Kalihwisaks, Elder
Information & Referral (I&R) & DRUMS	55+	1155 elders - DRUMS 10 elders for I&R and 14 referrals	Services Facebook page and A-Z email communications; Information & Referral varies from dangerous trees needing to be cut to financial assistance to looking for work
Dementia Care Specialist (DCS) strives to increase awareness of Dementia to the Nation by making Oneida Nation Dementia Friendly. This is done by holding monthly memory cafés, memory screens, offering support for caregivers and family and offering education to the community.	3 elders/caregivers 55-70 5 over the age of 71	8 elders/caregivers used DCS services in the 1st quarter. Contact was made by phone and 1-1 meetings.	*Memory Café *Memory Screen *1-1 with caregiver *presentations *employee health *Senior Companion/Foster Grandparent *Dr. Vir and providers *ONCOA *Library *Marketing of DCS program prior to GTC meeting on 3-19-17
The Aging & Disability Resource Specialist offers information and referrals on community and county resources to Oneida community members. The ADRS is also able to functionally assess members for Medicaid programs that are found through the Community Option Program Family Care, IRIS and Partnership programs through Brown and Outagamie Counties.	17.5 - 59 = 0 60-99 January 45 60-99 February 86	131 Customers inquiring about specific services; 3 emails relating to services; 131 phone calls relating to services	•Memory Screens=0 •Developmental=13 •Elderly 60+=122 •Mental Health=19

SEOTS Mission is strengthening our cultural connection and providing services and programs to enhance the well-being of On^yote?a-ka living in southeastern Wisconsin. During the second quarter of FY2017, SEOTS continued to work on community engagement activities, in addition to regular programming.	Base number:1,466 Unduplicated: 548 Total Oneida Population of Southeast Wisconsin: 2,134 0-3: 10 4-9: 29 10-17: 29 18-30: 74 31-54: 254 55-70: 601 70+: 179	*Total visits (1,466) plus total incoming calls (2,890) = 4,356 client interactions *Social Media Counts: 1,289 *Emails relating to services: NA *Phone calls relating to services: 2,890 Incoming calls	*Annual Holiday party (155 attendees) and the family bowling outing (59 attendees). Total participation increased by 6% over the same period in FY2016. *Total Facebook page likes increased by 149 likes during the second quarter. *SEOTS Averaged 45 incoming phone calls per day.
Apartments Major Home repair	Base number 29 0 clients	Unduplicated Services 140 including rental payments, work orders budget constraits	Routine maintenance and payment of rent repairs re: health

Public Packet

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FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES

Executive Summary

<u>Child Support:</u> Program had 62 new cases for the quarter. In addition to establishing paternity and managing the current case load the program offered a Co-Parenting workshop for families. This is an initiative that began last fiscal year in collaboration with the Parenting program and now has expanded to include the family court judges. The program began utilizing a texting service to send customers appointment reminders or to put out notice of any upcoming program events. So far this seems to be well received by the customers and has been a helpful tool in ensuring for appointment times. In March two staff went out to Sanger B. Powers Correctional to present on Child Support and answer any questions inmates had which was also successful.

<u>Indian Child Welfare (ICW):</u> Program continues to see an increase in cases related to community drug trends. The department was able to hire an additional Intake worker to assist in managing the incoming reports and investigations. This was possible through our new Title IV-E funding, which is a federal funding source which provides partial reimbursement for Child Welfare services that are done by the agency. Program has been in process or working in collaboration with the LRO on the new Children's Code.

<u>Foster Care:</u> Program continues to recruit to license new foster homes and kinship care providers. One new home licensed this quarter. Hygiene drive initiative was promoted this quarter and the program was received enough donations to create hygiene bags to offer to youth in out of home care.

<u>Parenting</u>: Program offered Parenting Education Class (PEC) that began in January and ended March 29th with 10 parents who completed the program. Trauma Informed Parenting (TIP) was also offered with 12 parents completing.

<u>Prevention:</u> Services this quarter have been tremendously limited as the program had one staff who had retired and the other who was on leave. Staff from other programs had assisted with providing some services to the youth, but there were still some significant service gaps. The grantor was updated as there were concerns that we may not meet out grant goals and objectives. Program was informed to document to prevent loss of future funding.

<u>Domestic Violence:</u> Program has received a total of three new grants this FY one of which was finalized and approved this quarter, the Office on Violence against Women (OVW) which will offer legal resources to women experiencing domestic violence as well as some housing security (limited). The three new grants will fund an additional two Full-Time positons and one Part-Time position, two of which have been filled. Program offers individual, crisis and group support and education to youth, adults and families.

<u>Yetiya?tanu'nha:</u> Program served an average of 11 students for the 2nd Quarter. Programming on prevention and credit recovery services are offered Monday through Thursday. The program is partnered with many of the community partners such as; Social Services, Oneida Family Fitness, Oneida Adventures, College of Menominee Nation, Oneida Nation High School, Human Resources Department, Oneida Police Department etc. to offer students a diverse range of services to meet their needs and to support their growth in the program. The program had a site visit by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) who currently funds the program. This is the final year of the current grant. The program has submitted a new grant application to the OJJDP in hopes to continue offering the program to youth in the community.

FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
What does the department do, explain the grants that you have, explain details about the program	Base number: Based on average for the entire quarter.	customers used the Family Support Services Departments services many times in the second quarter of FY17: home visits, office	have highlights and explanation of your services over the last 3 months in this column * Additional program highlights included in Summary Page
Child Support: The primary purpose is to strengthen parental responsibility for their children through establishment and enforcement of child support and bring families into being more self-sufficient. This is accomplished through the following five federal mandates: Paternity Establishment; Child Support Order Establishment, Modification, Enforcement; Locate Services. As well as community outreach & education. Funded through federal grant.	2851 (Oneida parents)	home visits, office visits, phone calls, emails, letters, staffings, weekly group attendance etc. 4963	*62 New Cases *Texting services began for appointment reminders or upcoming program activities.
Indian Child Welfare: Program area provides child protection services, parenting services and foster care services to Oneida children and families in accordance with the Indian Child Welfare Act and the Children and Family Services Department Mission. Program goal is to assist/support families in their effort and ability to provide a safe, nurturing and stable home environment for their children.	174 (Oneida children and families involved in county/state Child Welfare systems)	694	* 98 On-Going Cases *76 Intake Cases *Received IV-E reimbursment funding which is funindg an additional Intake worker to meet the increasing case loads

Foster Care: License foster homes and kinship providers to offer placements for youth in out of home care (voluntary and involuntary) that follow the placement preferences set forth by the Tribe.	65(Oneida youth in out-of-home care)	926	* 12 youth in foster care*56 Kinship *One new foster home licensed.
Parenting: Provide parenting education & support to families in the community who are either mandated to meet conditions or voluntarily participating.	30 (voluntary or mandated parents)	320	*10 parents completed the Parent Education Class (PEC) * 12 parents completed the Trauma Informed Parenting (TIP) * 2 Teen parents
Prevention: Services provided to youth K-8th grade as well as families designed to support them in healthy and safe lifestyles.	11 (К-12)		*Tutoring services offered at the elementary schools.
Domestic Violence: Education on healthy relationships, crisis and on-going support to families who are experiencing or who have experienced domestic violence.	238 (All ages)	59 423	*Women's Group *Men's Group *Girls Group *Boys Group *Individual and crisis support offered
Yetiya?tanu'nha: Provides culturally based prevention and intervention program that works with at-risk teens to recover credits in order for the teens to graduate from high school, works on conflict and coping skills, assists with behavior modification, and gain entrance into post-secondary schooling or begin work.	11 (8-12th grade)	528	*Students attend program 4 days a week. *Grant re-applied for

HEAD START

		FREQUENCY/	
NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Head Start provides a classroom experience that prepares children for school. In addition, the program works with families to engage them in their child's education. Head Start looks at the whole child	Base number: 282	Families and Children utilized the program 435 times	Number of children meeting/exceeding benchmarks during this quarter was as follows: *Social/Emotional *Cognitive *Large Motor *Fine Motor *Language *Cognitive *Literacy *Math
	AGE GROUPS	Referrals : 175	*Attendance for the children in the Quarter averaged 90.82%
	3 to 5 year olds	Family Events: 221 Family Goals: 24 Family Needs Assessment: 15	143 Parent-Teacher Conferences

Early Head Start

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Early Head Start is a home visiting program where the Home Visitor meets with the parent and child weekly to work on school readiness. They also engage the parent in their infant/toddlers education	Base number:	Families and Children utilized the program 312 times	Number of children meeting/exceeding benchmarks during this quarter was as follows: *Social/Emotional 84% *Cognitive 88% *Large Motor 86% *Fine Motor 91% *Language 80% *Literacy 84% *Math 79%
	AGE GROUPS		
	0-3:	Referrals: 95	
		Socialization: 71	
		Family Goals: 120	
		Family Needs Assessment: 26	

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
SEOTS Mission is strengthening our cultural connection and providing services and programs to enhance the well-being of On^yote?a-ka living in southeastern Wisconsin. During the third quarter of FY2017, SEOTS continued to work on community engagement activities, in addition to regular programming.	Base number: 1,428 Unduplicated: 614 Service Area Population: 2,118	Total Visits -1,428 Incoming Calls - 2,792 Client Interactions - 4,220 Total Client Interactions to date - 13,023	*Indian Taco Fundraiser 4/28, 87 attendees * 2 nd Annual Oneida Arts, Evolving Traditions Art Show 5/13, 74 attendees * SEOTS Picnic 6/25, 70 attendees
AGE GROUPS	0-3: 2 4-9: 28 10-14: 32	Social Media Counts on Facebook: 1376 page likes	Most Utilized Services: Medication Distribution (466), Elder Activities (323),
	15-17: 37 18-20: 7		Office Equipment Use (83)
	21-30: 36 31-40: 45		
	41-54: 150 55-61: 122 62–74: 277		
	62-74. 277 75-89: 169 90+: 1		

Southeastern Oneida Tribal Services (SEOTS)

ONEIDA PUBLIC TRANSIT

NARRATIVE	DEMOGRAPHICS	FREQUENCY/ UTILIZATION	BULLET POINTS
Oneida Public Transit provides secure- reliable transportation at a reasonable cost to our passengers of the Oneida	Base number: 926	13,015	Overall 9% increase compared to Qtr1 FY2017.
community and surrounding communities and is paid for with grants from Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT), Federal Transportation Administration (FTA), and Tribal Contribution. Oneida Public Transit implemented the Ecolane Automatic Dispatch Software System.			Transit's existing Access Database was run in tandem with Ecolane March 6, 2017 — March 10, 2017. Trip data was entered into both systems simultaneously to ensure on-going Transit operations throughout the transition period. To Date: Positive feedback from customers as the On- Time Performance is improving to over 90%. Target Goal: 95%
	AGE GROUPS		
	0-6:504		38% increase compared to Qtr1 FY2017
	7-18: 4,016		14% increase compared to Qtr1 FY2017
	19-54: 4,115		15% increase compared to Qtr1 FY2017
	55 +: 3,796		4% decrease compared to Qtr1 FY2017
	Wheelchair: 584		9% increase compared to QTR1 FY2017
	Total Miles: 92,165		13% increase compared to QTR1 FY2017

General Tribal Council agenda items are for enrolled tribal Oneida Members only and therefore omitted from the public meeting packet.

ADD ON ITEM - II.C.

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

ADD-ON

1. Meeting Date Requested: 07 / 26 / 17
2. General Information: Session: 🛛 Open 🗋 Executive - See instructions for the applicable laws, then choose one:
Agenda Header: Announcement/Recognition
 Accept as Information only Action - please describe:
Special Recognition
3. Supporting Materials Report Other: 1. 2. Business Committee signature required 4. Eudget Information Dudgeted Dudgeted Dudgeted The Dudgeted
Budgeted - Tribal Contribution Budgeted - Grant Funded Unbudgeted
5. Submission
Authorized Sponsor / Liaison: Larry Barton, Chief Financial Officer
Primary Requestor/Submitter: Your Name, Title / Dept. or Tribal Member
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.
Additional Requestor: Name, Title / Dept.

Oneida Business Committee Agenda Request

6. Cover Memo:

Describe the purpose, background/history, and action requested:

Special Recognition

1) Save a copy of this form for your records.

2) Print this form as a *.pdf OR print and scan this form in as *.pdf.

3) E-mail this form and all supporting materials in a SINGLE *.pdf file to: BC_Agenda_Requests@oneidanation.org

July 5, 2017

19U MALE BASKETBALL

CRIMSON POWLESS	COACHES:
ELIJAH METOXEN	JAMISON KING
JONATHAN MASSEY	ANTHONY CORNELIUS
ANTHONY HERNANDEZ	

16U MALE BASKETBALL

TY MELCHERT	COACHES:
ISAIAH FUNMAKER	TERRY MELCHERT
RICHARD SUMMERS III	

14U MALE BASKETBALL

DAVID DANFORTH	COACHES:
	DUGAN WEBSTER

19U FEMALE BASKETBALL

LEXANDRIA METOXEN ***	COACHES:
	MARGARET ELLIS
	LOIS STEVENS

16U FEMALE BASKETBALL

M'KENZY ACKLEY
LIEDA RODRIGUEZ
SADIE SCHUMAN
MALIA JACOBS

14U FEMALE BASKETBALL

IMANI NINHAM	RILEE POWLESS
NAOMI HOUSE	SHANIA BARBER
MIRANDA SKENADORE	TALIAH DEGROOT
YANET TORRES-MEJIA	

19U FEMALE SOFTBALL

MERCEDES ACKLEY	COACHES:
SKYLEE ELM	NONA DANFORTH
KIANDRA GERALD ***	
JAELYNN DANFORTH	

16U FEMALE SOFTBALL

SKYE DEGROOT	COACHES:
AALIYAH HOUSE-WEBSTER	NONA DANFORTH

GOLF MALE/FEMALE

PRESLEY CORNELIUS	19U FEMALE	COACHES:
LEVI WILLIAMS	19U MALE	KOKOMOSS WHITE
BRYLEE KING	17U FEMALE	MICHAEL NINHAM
JAMOZZY SKENADORE	17U MALE	
TRENT THOMAS	17U MALE	

WRESTLING 15-18 YEAR OLD

BRANDON KING

SWIMMING MALE/FEMALE

DANIKA ZABLOCKI	14U FEMALE	COACHES:
BRIANA ZABLOCKI	16U FEMALE	KRISTIN ZABLOCKI
JACKIE ZABLOCKI	19U MALE	

19U FEMALE SOCCER

BREE BZDAWKA	COACHES:
ANASTACIA REYES-ELM	LEAH SROOBANTS
ALTAEZZA DOUANGMALA	Vicente Vega
SOPHIE SKENANDORE	
SAVANNA FISH	
LINDSEY DANFORTH	
SANDRA TORRES-MEJIA ***	
KRISTEN VANDYKE	
SADIE KELLY	

19U MALE BOX LACROSSE

CAMERON SKENADORE	COACHES:
NATHAN NINHAM	BRAD VANEVERY
KELLY STEVENS	DANA ISAAC
BLAKE DOXTATOR	SID WHITE
WILLARD JOHNSON JR.	KILABREW VANDYKE
DESMOND DEGROOT	
JERMIAH WEBSTER	
GAVIN WHITE	
NATHANIEL PADRON	
SETH CHARLES	
PATRICK BAILLIE	
DARWIN ISAAC	
KYLE BETTERS	
BRANDON GRANQUIST	
MELVIN MATSON	

19U MALE VOLLEYBALL

MIGUEL HERNANDEZ *** DAMON DENNY***

19U FEMALE VOLLEYBALL

PAIGE SKENANDORE
TIANNA HACKETT
LAIYAH LEE
JASHON KILLSPOTTED
RILEY RASMUSSEN

16U FEMALE VOLLEYBALL

LILLIAN COOPER
CHASELYN PARKER
TIARA BARBER

ARCHERY MALE/FEMALE

16U RECURVE

CALEB AGUIRRE	COACHES:
	SHAD WEBSTER
	TANYA SKENADORE

16U COMPOUND

JACKSON SCHUYLER

19U RECURVE

JOSHUA SKENANDORE

19U COMPOUND

DANNY HERREREA	
KIARA SKENADORE	

19U MALE ATHELTICS

DYLAN DANFORTH	COACHES:
JOSE GUZMAN	JUSTINE R. MEHOJAH HEAD COACH
	JENNA CORNELIUS-DAUBON ***

19U FEMALE ATHLETICS

CAMILLE BILLIE
MIA CHARNON
JASHELLE KING-SKENANDORE

16U MALE ATHLETICS

NAKAI WEBSTER

16U FEMALE ATHLETICS

SADIE DANFORTH
KAILEY HILL

14U MALE ATHLETICS

CAYDENCE CORNELIUS WAYNE WILLIAMS

14U FEMALE ATHLETICS

MARGO FRANCOUR

Team Wisconsin Medal Count



Oneida Nation only medals. Congratulations Team Wisconsin!

Oneida Nation Team Wisconsin

Team Wisconsin Medalists						
Sport		Event		Athlete/Team		Medal
3D Archery		19U Male Compo	und	Daniel HER	RERA	Bronze
Athletics (Track &	,	19U Female 4x10 Relay	0m	Wisconsin		Bronze
Athletics (Track &	c Field)	19U Female Triple Jump	e	Jashelle KIN SKENADO		Silver
Athletics (Track &	c Field)	19U Male 200m		Jose GUZM	AN	Gold
Athletics (Track &	z Field)	19U Male 400m		Jose GUZM	AN	Gold
Athletics (Track &	<i>,</i>	19U Male 4x100n Relay	n	Wisconsin		Bronze
Athletics (Track &	z Field)	19U Male Long Ju	ımp	Jose GUZM	AN	Bronze
Basketball		14U Female Bask	etball	Wisconsin		Gold
Basketball	14U Male	Basketball	Wisco	onsin	Bronze	
Basketball	16U Fema	ale Basketball	Wisco	onsin		
						1



Sport	Event	Athlete/Team	Medal
			Bronze
Basketball	16U Male Basketball	Wisconsin	Silver
Basketball	19U Female Basketball	Wisconsin	Bronze
Golf	17U Male Golf	Jamozzy SKENANDORE	Silver
Golf	17U Male Golf	Trent THOMAS	Bronze
Golf	19U Female Golf	Presley CORNELIUS	Bronze
Softball	19U Female Softball	Wisconsin	Bronze
Swimming	16U Female 4x100m Freestyle Relay	Wisconsin	Silver
Swimming	16U Female 4x50m Freestyle Relay	Wisconsin	Bronze
Swimming	16U Female 4x50m Medley Relay	Wisconsin	Bronze



Sport	Event	Athlete/Team	Medal
Swimming	19U Female 100m Breaststroke	Briana ZABLOCKI	Silver
Swimming	19U Female 100m Butterfly	Briana ZABLOCKI	Silver
Swimming	19U Female 200m Butterfly	Briana ZABLOCKI	Gold
Swimming	19U Female 200m Freestyle	Briana ZABLOCKI	Bronze
Swimming	19U Female 200m Individual Medley	Briana ZABLOCKI	Gold
Swimming	19U Female 4x100m Freestyle Relay	Wisconsin	Silver
Swimming	19U Female 4x50m Freestyle Relay	Wisconsin	Bronze
Swimming	19U Female 4x50m Medley Relay	Wisconsin	Silver
Swimming	19U Male 100m Breaststroke	Jackie ZABLOCKI	Bronze
Swimming	19U Male 100m Butterfly	Jackie ZABLOCKI	Gold



Sport	Event	Athlete/Team	Medal
Swimming	19U Male 100m Freestyle	Jackie ZABLOCKI	Silver
Swimming	19U Male 200m Individual Medley	Jackie ZABLOCKI	Silver
Swimming	19U Male 50m Butterfly	Jackie ZABLOCKI	Gold
Wrestling	Male Wrestling 100 KG / 220.5 lbs	King, Brandon	Silver



Delegation				Т
British Columbia	67	58	54	179
Saskatchewan	65	54	47	166
Ontario	51	42	44	137
Eastern Door & the North	22	36	19	77
Jerta Alberta	34	26	16	76
Wisconsin	16	18	23	57
Manitoba	17	21	16	54
Newfoundland and Labrador	3	6	25	34
Vorthwest Territories	5	13	10	28
Washington	10	6	9	25
yukon	5	8	10	23
Mova Scotia	5	7	4	16
New Brunswick	3	8	5	16
🖄 New York	3	3	7	13
st Maine	0	3	6	9
Florida	4	0	1	5
Minnesota	1	1	2	4
Nunavut	0	1	3	4
Colorado	0	1	3	4



Delegation				Т
Prince Edward Island	0	0	3	3
California	1	1	0	2
	0	0	0	0

<u>Login</u>



Track Athlete Event List

AGE CATEGORY	U19	U19
GENDER	MALE	FEMALE
100 Meter Dash	1. Tobias Brown	1. Sienna Stevens
	2.	2. Camille Billie
	3.	3. Mia Charnon
200 Meter Dash	1. Jose Guzman	1. Sha'nae Wynos
	2. Tobias Brown	2. Camille Billie
	3.	3. Jamyn Thundercloud
400 Meter Dash	1. Jose Guzman	1. Jashelle King-Skenandore
	2.	2. Sha'nae Wynos
	3.	3. Mia Charnon
800 Meter Dash	1. Eli Smith	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
1500 Meter Run	1. Eli Smith	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
3000 Meter Run	1. Eli Smith	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
High Jump	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Long Jump	1. Tobias Brown	1. Jashelle King-Skenandore
	2. Jose Guzman	2. Sienna Stevens
	3.	3. Camille Billie
Triple Jump	1.	1. Jashelle King-Skenandore
	2.	2. Camille Billie
	3.	3.
Shot Put	1. Amando Bautista	1. TreVonna Rave
	2. Dylan Danforth	2. Bishbeneskikwe Daniels
	3. Mashaenehsaeh Waukau	3.
Discuss	1. Amando Bautista	1. TreVonna Rave
	2. Ryan Alloway	2. Bishbeneskikwe Daniels
	3. Kody Funmaker	3.

Javelin	1. Ryan Alloway	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
4x100 Meter Run	1. Tobias Brown	1. TreVonna Rave
	2.	2. Mia Charnon
	3.	3. Camille Billie
	4. Jose Guzman	4. Jashelle King-Skenandore
4x400 Meter Run	1. Tobias Brown	1. Mia Charnon
	2.	2. Sienna Stevens
	3.	3. Jamyn Thundercloud
	4. Jose Guzman	4. Jashelle King-Skenandore
X-COUNTRY	1.	1.
	2.	2.

Track Athlete Event List

AGE CATEGORY	U16	U16
GENDER	MALE	FEMALE
100 Meter Dash	1. Ramsey Price	1. Kaitlyn Mcgeshick
	2.	2. Sadie Danforth
	3.	3. Minnie Lonetree
200 Meter Dash	1. Ramsey Price	1. Kaitlyn Mcgeshick
	2.	2. Sadie Danforth
	3.	3. Senihseah Wayka
300 Meter Dash	1. Shawn Jr. Pomonicutt	1. Kaitlyn Mcgeshick
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
800 Meter Dash	1. Nakai Webster	1. Minnie Lonetree
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
1200 Meter Run	1. Nakai Webster	1. Minnie Lonetree
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
2000 Meter Run	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
High Jump	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Long Jump	1. Ramsey Price	1. Sadie Danforth
•	2. Shawn Jr. Pomonicutt	2. Senihseah Wayka
	3.	3.
Triple Jump	1.	1. Senihseah Wayka
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Shot Put	1. Hunter Connahvichnah	1. Memphis Cleveland
	2.	2. Kailey Hill
	3.	3.
Discuss	1. Hunter Connahvichnah	1. Memphis Cleveland
	2.	2. Kailey Hill
	3.	3.

Javelin	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
4x100 Meter Run	1. Ramsey Price	1. Minnie Lonetree
	2. Hunter Connahvichnah	2. Memphis Cleveland
	3. Nakai Webster	3. Senihseah Wayka
	4. Shawn Jr. Pomonicutt	4. Kaitlyn Mcgeshick
4x400 Meter Run	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
	4.	4.
3K-X-COUNTRY	1.	1.
	2.	2.

Track Athlete Event List

AGE CATEGORY	U14	U14
GENDER	MALE	FEMALE
80 Meter Dash	1. Peter Husby	1. Layla Wescott
	2. Makyah Funmaker	2. Kailey Neosh
	3.	3. Mckenzie Gruner
150 Meter Dash	1. Caydence Cornelius	1. Layla Wescott
	2. Makyah Funmaker	2. Kailey Neosh
	3.	3.
800 Meter Dash	1. Caydence Cornelius	1. Margo Francour
	2. Jaiden Deschinny	2. Isabella Escamilla
	3.	3.
1200 Meter Dash	1. Dugan Webster Jr.	1. Margo Francour
	2. Jaiden Deschinny	2. Mckenzie Gruner
	3.	3.
High Jump	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Long Jump	1. Peter Husby	1. Isabella Escamilla
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Shot Put	1. Wayne Williams	1. Guadalupe Cruz
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Discuss	1. Wayne Williams	1. Guadalupe Cruz
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
Javelin	1.	1.
	2.	2.
	3.	3.
4x100 Meter Run	1.	1. Kailey Neosh
	2.	2. McKenzie Gruner
	3.	3. Margo Francour
	4.	4. Layla Wescott
		-

4x400 Meter Run	1. Peter Husby	1. Layla Wescott
	2. Caydence Cornelius	2. Mckenzie Gruner
	3. Jaiden Deschinny	3. Isabella Escamilla
	4. Dugan Webster Jr.	4. Margo Francour
2K-X-COUNTRY	1. Jaiden Deschinny	1. Margo Francour
	2.	2.

Oneida Nation Records Management Area Manager Business Committee Support Office & Records Management



Memorandum

To:	Oneida Business Committee
From:	Stephen Webster, Records Management Area Manager
Date:	July 20, 2017
Re:	Special Business Committee meeting - Oaths of Office for Elected Officials

This memo provides information regarding requirements for the swearing in of newly elected officials and provides dates and times for the OBC to schedule a special meeting to administer these oaths of office.

Election Law Requirements

Relative to the request below, §101.11-12 of the Election Law states:

"The Election Board shall forward a Final Report to the Nation's Secretary after time has lapsed for recount requests, or challenges or after all recounts or challenges have been completed, whichever is longer."

Also, § 102.11-13 of the Election Law states:

"The Business Committee shall declare the official results of the election and send notices regarding when the swearing in of newly elected officials shall take place within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Final Report.."

Lastly, § 102.11-15. of the Election Law states:

"Except in the event of an emergency, as determined by the Business Committee, newly elected officials shall be sworn into office no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the official results of an election are declared by the Business Committee."

Current Schedule

When the 2017 General Election dates were approved by the General Tribal Council, the Oneida Election Board identified the date the Final Report would be presented to the OBC. Based on that information, the following schedule applies:

Date		
August 9, 2017	Accept Final Report and Declare the Official Results	
August 10, 2017	Inauguration of Newly Elected OBC	
August 15, 2017	Deadline to send notices regarding the swearing in of	
	newly elected officials	
September 8, 2017	Deadline ¹ for newly elected officials to be sworn into	
	office	

As a member of the Transition Team, I have reviewed the OBC Orientation and Transition Schedule and identified the following dates/time for the OBC to hold a special meeting for the purpose of administering the oaths of office for the remaining elected officials which will to comply with the other requirements of the Election Law:

DATE	TIME
August 17, 2017	5:00 p.m.
August 18, 2017	1:30 p.m.

Requested Action

1. Schedule a special OBC meeting for the purpose of administering the oaths of office for the remaining elected officials.

¹ Election Law §102.11-15.(a) state in part: "If a newly elected official is not sworn in within thirty (30) calendar days, the seat shall be considered vacant and the Election Board shall declare the next highest vote recipient the winner."



Business Committee Meeting 8:30 a.m. Wednesday, July 26, 2017 (RECONVENED ON 7/27/17) Thank you for printing clearly ronforth Geral 6 M VI whanktimberies sinola orranelius WMMU/ grier J. Metaxen / Sch In Rae Skenandore & Eichn

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