302.1. Purpose and Policy

302.1-1. Purpose. The purpose of this law is to:

(a) provide for the development and execution of plans for the protection of residents, property, and the environment in an emergency or disaster;
(b) provide for the direction of emergency management, response, and recovery on the Reservation; as well as coordination with other agencies, victims, businesses, and organizations;
(c) establish the use of the National Incident Management System (NIMS); and
(d) designate authority and responsibilities for public health preparedness.

302.1-2. Policy. It is the policy of the Nation to provide:

(a) a description of the emergency management network of the Nation;
(b) authorization for specialized activities to mitigate hazardous conditions and for the preparation of the Nation’s emergency response plans, as well as to address concerns related to isolation and/or quarantine orders, emergency care, and mutual aid; and
(c) for all expenditures made in connection with such emergency management activities to be deemed specifically for the protection and benefit of the inhabitants, property, and environment of the Reservation.

302.2. Adoption, Amendment, Repeal

302.2-1. This law was adopted by the Oneida Business Committee by resolution BC-07-15-98-A and amended by resolution BC-12-20-06-G, BC-05-13-09-F, and BC-03-10-21-A.

302.2-2. This law may be amended or repealed by the Oneida Business Committee and/or General Tribal Council pursuant to the procedures set out in the Legislative Procedures Act.

302.2-3. Should a provision of this law or the application thereof to any person or circumstances be held as invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions of this law which are considered to have legal force without the invalid portions.

302.2-4. In the event of a conflict between a provision of this law and a provision of another law, the provisions of this law shall control.

302.2-5. This law is adopted under authority of the Constitution of the Oneida Nation.

302.3. Definitions

302.3-1. This section shall govern the definitions of words or phrases as used within this law. All words not defined herein shall be used in their ordinary and everyday sense.

(a) “Biological agent” means an infectious disease or toxin that has the ability to adversely affect human health in a variety of ways, from mild allergic reactions to serious medical conditions, and including death.
(b) “Communicable disease” means any disease transmitted from one person or animal to
another directly by contact with excreta or other discharges from the body, or indirectly via
substances or inanimate objects that may cause a public health emergency.
(c) “Community/Public Health Officer” means an agent of the Comprehensive Health
Division, or his or her designee(s), who is responsible for taking the appropriate actions in
order to prevent a public health emergency from occurring on the Reservation.
(d) “Comprehensive Health Division” means the Oneida Comprehensive Health Division,
which is authorized to issue compulsory vaccinations, require isolation, and quarantine
individuals in order to protect the public health.
(e) “Director” means the Director of the Nation’s Emergency Management Department.
(f) “Emergency” means a situation that poses an immediate risk to health, life, safety,
property, or environment which requires urgent intervention to prevent further illness,
injury, death, or other worsening of the situation.
(g) “Emergency Management Network” means the entities, volunteers, consultants,
contractors, outside agencies, and any other resources the Nation may use to facilitate inter-
agency collaboration, identify and share resources, and better prepare for local incidents
and large-scale disasters.
(h) “Emergency Response Plan” means the plan established to coordinate mitigation,
preparedness, response, and recovery activities for all emergency or disaster situations
within the Reservation.
(i) “Entity” means any agency, board, committee, commission, or department of the
Nation.
(j) “Fair Market Value” means the everyday cost of a product in an ordinary market,
absent of a disaster.
(k) “Isolation” means the separation of persons or animals presumably or actually infected
with a communicable disease, or that are disease carriers, for the usual period of
communicability of that disease in such places and under such conditions as will prevent
the direct or indirect transmission of an infectious agent to susceptible people or to those
who may spread the agent to others.
(l) “Nation” means the Oneida Nation.
(m) “National Incident Management System” or “NIMS” means the system mandated by
provides a consistent nationwide approach for federal, state, local, and tribal governments
to work effectively and efficiently together to prepare for, prevent, respond to, and recover
from domestic incidents, regardless of cause, size, or complexity.
(n) “Oneida Nation Emergency Planning Committee” means the committee that assists the
Director in the implementation of this law.
(o) “Proclaim” means to announce officially and publicly.
(p) “Public Health Emergency” means the occurrence or imminent threat of an illness or
health condition which:
   (1) is a quarantinable disease, or is believed to be caused by bioterrorism or a
       biological agent; and
   (2) poses a high probability of any of the following:
       (A) a large number of deaths or serious or long-term disability among
           humans; or
       (B) widespread exposure to a biological, chemical, or radiological agent

   3 O.C. 302 – Page 2
that creates a significant risk of substantial future harm to a large number of people.

(q) “Quarantine” means the limitation of freedom of movement of persons or animals that have been exposed to a communicable disease or chemical, biological, or radiological agent, for a period of time equal to the longest usual incubation period of the disease or until there is no risk of spreading the chemical, biological, or radiological agent. The limitation of movement shall be in such manner as to prevent the spread of a communicable disease or chemical, biological, or radiological agent.

(r) “Reservation” means all land within the exterior boundaries of the Reservation of the Oneida Nation, as created pursuant to the 1838 Treaty with the Oneida, 7 Stat. 566, and any lands added thereto pursuant to federal law.

(s) “Trial Court” means the Trial Court of the Oneida Nation Judiciary, which is the judicial system that was established by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-01-07-13-B, and then later authorized to administer the judicial authorities and responsibilities of the Nation by Oneida General Tribal Council resolution GTC-03-19-17-A.

(t) “Vital resources” means food, water, equipment, sand, wood, or other materials obtained for the protection of life, property, and/or the environment during a proclaimed emergency.

302.4. Emergency Management Department

302.4-1. The Emergency Management Department shall be responsible for planning and coordinating the response to a disaster or emergency that occurs within the boundaries of the Reservation.

302.4-2. Authority of the Director. The Director shall be responsible for coordinating and planning the operational response to an emergency and is hereby empowered to:

(a) organize and coordinate efforts of the emergency management network of the Nation;
(b) implement the Emergency Response Plan as adopted by the Oneida Business Committee;
(c) facilitate coordination and cooperation between entities and resolve questions that may arise among them;
(d) incorporate the HSPD 5 which requires all federal, state, local, and tribal governments to administer the best practices contained in the NIMS;
(e) coordinate the development and implementation of the NIMS within the Nation;
(f) ensure that the following occurs:
   (1) an Emergency Response Plan is developed and maintained, and includes training provisions for applicable personnel;
   (2) emergency resources, equipment, and communications systems are developed, procured, supplied, inventoried, and accounted for;
(g) establish the line of authority as recorded in the Emergency Response Plan as adopted by the Oneida Business Committee; and
(h) enter into mutual aid and service agreements with tribal, local, state, and federal governments, subject to Oneida Business Committee approval.

302.4-3. Action when an Emergency is Proclaimed. In addition, in the event of a proclamation of an emergency on the Reservation, the Director is hereby empowered:

(a) to obtain vital resources and to bind the Nation for the fair market value thereof, upon approval of the Emergency Management purchasing agent, who is identified in the Emergency Response Plan. If a person or business refuses to provide the resource(s)
required, the Director may commandeer resources for public use and bind the Nation for the fair market value thereof. In the event the purchasing agent is unavailable, the chain of command, as approved by the Oneida Business Committee, shall be followed.

(b) to require emergency activities of as many members of the Nation and/or employees as deemed necessary.

(c) to execute all of the ordinary powers of the Director, all of the special powers conferred by this law or by resolution adopted pursuant thereto, all powers conferred on the Director by any agreement approved by the Oneida Business Committee, and to exercise complete emergency authority over the Reservation.

(d) to coordinate with tribal, federal, state, and local authorities.

302.5. Oneida Nation Emergency Planning Committee

302.5-1. The Oneida Nation Emergency Planning Committee shall consist of representatives from entities and a community representative as identified in the Oneida Nation Emergency Planning Committee bylaws as approved by the Oneida Business Committee.

302.5-2. The Oneida Nation Emergency Planning Committee shall meet as necessary to assist the Director in drafting and maintaining the Emergency Response Plan.

302.5-3. At the request of the Director, the Oneida Nation Emergency Planning Committee shall provide assistance to the Director in the implementation of the provisions of this law or any plan issued thereunder.

302.6. Entity Cooperation

302.6-1. All entities shall comply with reasonable requests from the Director relating to emergency planning, emergency operations, and federal mandate compliance.

302.6-2. The Nation may implement more strict policies or requirements than those issued by the Community/Public Health Officer.

302.7. Public Health Emergencies

302.7-1. In order to prevent a public health emergency, the Director and the Community/Public Health Officer shall take action to limit the spread of any communicable disease, in accordance with this law.

302.7-2. Investigation of Communicable Disease. If the Community/Public Health Officer suspects or is informed of the existence of any communicable disease, the Community/Public Health Officer shall investigate and make or cause examinations to be made, as are deemed necessary.

302.7-3. Quarantinable Diseases. The Community/Public Health Officer shall provide a list of quarantinable diseases specified in a resolution to be adopted by the Oneida Business Committee.

302.7-4. Authority of the Community/Public Health Officer. The Community/Public Health Officer shall act as necessary to protect the public including, but not limited to, the following actions:

(a) Request the Director to take the necessary steps to have a public health emergency proclaimed;
(b) Quarantine, isolate, or take other communicable disease control measures upon an individual(s); and
(c) Issue any mandate, order, and/or require restrictions which may limit the spread of any communicable disease to any individual, business, or the general population of the Reservation.
302.7-5. **Quarantine and Isolation.** The Community/Public Health Officer shall immediately quarantine, isolate, and/or take other communicable disease control measures upon an individual if the Community/Public Health Officer receives a diagnostic report from a physician or a written or verbal notification from an individual or his or her parent or caretaker that gives the Community/Public Health Officer a reasonable belief that the individual has a communicable disease that is likely to cause a public health emergency.

(a) If an individual is infected with a communicable disease and the Community/Public Health Officer determines it is necessary to limit contact with the individual, all persons may be forbidden from being in direct contact with the infected individual, except for those persons having a special written permit from the Community/Public Health Officer.

(b) Any individual, including an authorized individual, who enters an isolation or quarantine premises may be subject to isolation or quarantine under this law.

(c) When the Community/Public Health Officer deems it necessary that an individual be quarantined, isolated, or otherwise restricted in a separate place, the Community/Public Health Officer shall have that individual removed to such a designated place, if it can be done without danger to the individual’s health.

302.7-6. **Action when a Public Health Emergency is Proclaimed.** In addition, when a public health emergency is proclaimed, the Community/Public Health Officer may do all of the following, as necessary:

(a) organize the vaccination of individuals;

(b) isolate or quarantine individuals, including those who are unable or unwilling to receive a vaccination;

(c) prevent any individual, except for those individuals authorized by the Community/Public Health Officer, from entering an isolation or quarantine premises.

302.7-7. The Oneida Police Department shall take enforcement action when necessary and work with the Community/Public Health Officer to execute the Community/Public Health Officer’s orders and properly guard any place if quarantine, isolation, or other restrictions on communicable disease are violated or intent to violate becomes apparent.

302.7-8. Expenses for necessary medical care, food, and other articles needed for an infected individual shall be charged against the individual or whoever is liable for the individual’s care and support.

302.8. **Proclamation of an Emergency**

302.8-1. **Proclamation of an Emergency.** The Oneida Business Committee shall be responsible for proclaiming or ratifying the existence of an emergency and for requesting a gubernatorial or presidential declaration.

(a) The Director may request that the Oneida Business Committee proclaim the existence of an emergency. The Oneida Business Committee may proclaim the existence of an emergency without a request from the Director, if warranted.

(b) In the event the Oneida Business Committee is unable to proclaim or ratify the existence of an emergency, the Director may proclaim an emergency which shall be in effect until such time the Oneida Business Committee can officially ratify this declaration.
302.8-2. No proclamation of an emergency by the Oneida Business Committee or the Director may last for longer than sixty (60) days, unless the proclamation of emergency is extended by the Oneida Business Committee.


302.8-4. After-Action Report. After an emergency has subsided, the Director shall prepare, or shall work in conjunction with the appropriate entity to prepare, an after-action report to be presented to the Oneida Business Committee, any interested entity, and the public. This report shall be presented to the required parties no later than sixty (60) days after the emergency has subsided, unless an extension is granted by the Oneida Business Committee.

302.8-5. During a proclaimed emergency, the Conservation Department shall be responsible for the care, disposal, and sheltering of all abandoned domestic animals and livestock. The Conservation Department may delegate this responsibility to a contracted agency.

302.9. Emergency Core Decision Making Team

302.9-1. Emergency Core Decision Making Team. Upon the proclamation of an emergency under this law, the Oneida Business Committee may establish an Emergency Core Decision Making Team through the adoption of a motion. The motion shall identify the positions of the Nation which shall make up the members of the Emergency Core Decision Making Team based on the type and severity of emergency the Nation is experiencing.

302.9-2. Delegation of Authority. The Emergency Core Decision Making Team shall have emergency authority to take the following actions:
   (a) Notwithstanding any requirements of the Legislative Procedures Act, declare exceptions to the Nation’s laws during the emergency period which will be of immediate impact for the purposes of protecting the health, safety, and general welfare of the Nation’s community, members, and employees; and
   (b) Notwithstanding any requirements in any policy, procedure, regulation, or standard operating procedures, declare exceptions to any policy, procedure, regulation, or standard operating procedure during the emergency period which will be of immediate impact for the purposes of protecting the health, safety, and general welfare of the Nation’s community, members, and employees.

302.9-3. Declarations. All declarations made by the Emergency Core Decision Making Team shall:
   (a) be written on the Nation’s letterhead;
   (b) provide the date the declaration was issued;
   (c) contain a clear statement of the directives;
   (d) provide the date the directive shall go into effect;
   (e) be signed by the Oneida Business Committee Chairperson, or Vice Chairperson in the Chairperson’s absence; and
   (f) be posted on the Nation’s website.

302.9-4. Duration of Authority for Exceptions Declared by the Emergency Core Decision Making Team. Any declaration made under the authority granted in this section shall be effective upon the date declared by the Emergency Core Decision Making Team and shall be effective for the duration of any proclaimed emergency, or for a shorter time period if identified.

302.9-5. Notification to the Oneida Business Committee. Within twenty-four (24) hours of a declaration being made, the Emergency Core Decision Making Team shall provide notification of the declaration to the Oneida Business Committee.
302.9-6. The Oneida Business Committee may modify, extend, or repeal any declaration or emergency action taken by the Emergency Core Decision Making Team.

302.10. Enforcement and Penalties
302.10-1. It shall be a violation of this law for any person to not comply with or willfully obstruct, hinder, or delay the implementation or enforcement of the provisions of this law or any plan issued thereunder, whether or not an emergency has been proclaimed.
302.10-2. Citations. An Oneida Police Department officer may issue a citation to any person who violates a provision of this law.
   (a) A citation for a violation of this law shall be processed in accordance with the procedure contained in the Nation’s laws and policies governing citations.
   (b) The Oneida Business Committee shall adopt through resolution a citation schedule which sets forth specific fine amounts for violations of this law.
   (c) The Trial Court shall have jurisdiction over any action brought under this law.
302.10-3. Disciplinary Action. An employee of the Nation who violates this law during their work hours or who refuses to follow the Emergency Response Plan may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Nation’s laws and policies governing employment.
   (a) An employee of the Nation who is disciplined under this law may appeal the disciplinary action in accordance with the Nation’s laws and policies governing employment.

End.

Adopted - BC-07-15-98-A
Amended - BC-12-20-06-G
Emergency Amended – BC-04-30-09-A (Influenza A (H1N1))
Amended - BC-05-13-09-F
Emergency Amended – BC-03-17-20-E (COVID-19)
Extension of Emergency – BC-08-26-20-A
Amended – BC-03-10-21-A