

Oneidas bringing several hundred bags of corn to Washington's starving army at Valley Forge, after the colonists had consistently refused to aid them.

Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin BUSINESS COMMITTEE



this Oneida Chief in cementing a friendship between the six nations and the colony of Pennsylvania, a new nation, the United States was made possible.

UGWA DEMOLUM YATEHE Because of the help of

P.O. Box 365 • Oneida, WI 54155 Telephone: 920-869-4364 • Fax: 920-869-4040

BC Resolution # 5-04-05-BB

Resolution Adopting Electronic Health Information Security Policies and Procedures for the Oneida Community Health Center and the Oneida Health Care Benefit Plan

- WHEREAS, the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin is a federally recognized Indian government and a treaty tribe recognized by the laws of the United States; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida General Tribal Council is the governing body of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Business Committee has been delegated the authority of Article IV, Section 1 of the Oneida Tribal Constitution by the Oneida General Tribal Council; and
- WHEREAS, one of the purposes of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) is to ensure the security of electronic protected health information (HIPAA Security Rules); and
- WHEREAS, the Indian Health Service has stated that Tribes are required to comply with HIPAA requirements; and
- WHEREAS, the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin has complied with the HIPAA Privacy Rules;
- WHEREAS, representatives of the Oneida Law Office, the Oneida Community Health Center, the Oneida Employee Insurances Department, and Oneida MIS, in conjunction with Michael Best & Friedrich LLP, have developed HIPAA compliant security policies and procedures for the Tribe's Group Health Plan and Oneida Community Health Center; and
- WHEREAS, employees who violate the policies and procedures will be subject to discipline under the Personnel Policies and Procedures; and
- WHEREAS, adoption of the HIPAA Security Policies and Procedures will fulfill the legal obligations imposed by HIPAA Security Rule by protecting the security of electronic health information.

Resolution #5-04-05-BB Page 2

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the attached HIPAA Security Policies and Procedures for the Oneida Community Health Center and the Oneida Health Care Benefit Plan are hereby adopted and shall be effective as of April 20, 2005.

CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, as Secretary of the Oneida Business Committee, hereby certify that the Oneida Business Committee is composed of 9 members of whom 5 members constitute a quorum. _5 members were present at a meeting duly called, noticed and held on the 4th day of May, 2005; that the foregoing resolution was duly adopted at such meeting by a vote of _4 members for; _0 members against, and _0 members not voting; and that said resolution has not be rescinded or amended in any way.

Julie Barton, Tribal Secretary Oneida Business Committee

ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SECURITY OFFICIAL DESIGNATION

Purpose: This Form is used to designate the health care provider's Security Official.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

After careful consideration, the health care provider determined that it would be prudent to select Victoria L. Krueger as the interim Security Official of the (the "Provider"). The Security Official, working in conjunction with the Oneida HIPAA Security Committee, will be responsible for developing and implementing policies and procedures to ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability of all electronic protected health information created, received, maintained or transmitted by the Provider. This designation is effective April 20, 2005 and shall continue indefinitely until modified by the Provider.

Unless otherwise specified in any policy and procedure, the Security Official shall: (1) take all actions required of the Provider to comply with the Security Rule of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; (2) have authority and responsibility to adopt a policy and / or procedure and complete any related forms; (3) have authority to modify a policy and / or procedure and any related forms; (4) have responsibility to retain all policies, procedures, forms, documents and training materials as required by the Security Rule; and (5) periodically review and update all relevant policies, procedures, forms, documents and training materials as needed, in response to environmental or operational changes affecting the security of electronic protected health information.

The Security Official is authorized to create and supervise a Security Committee to assist in carrying out these responsibilities.

Date: April 20, 2005

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER RISK ANALYSIS

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to help conduct a risk analysis of the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the health care provider's electronic protected health information. The risk analysis includes electronic protected health information both when it is in transit (for example, sent via email from one entity to another) and at rest (for example, stored on a computer disk).

<u>Retention</u>: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Identifying Individuals Involved in Routine Transmissions and Routine Storage.

The following is a list of the health care provider's workforce members who routinely transmit or store electronic protected health information.

- 1. Name / Position. Computer Operations and Programming
- 2. Name / Position. Contract Health, Health Center Billing, Pharmacy Registration
- 3. Name / Position. Medical Records, Clinical Lab
- 4. Name / Position. Health Center Administration
- 5. Name / Position. PC Support, Network Administration
- 6. Name / Position. Optical, Dental, Community Health, Clinic
- 7. Name / Position. Anna John Nursing Home: Administration, Nursing, Dietary, Activities

Note: Attach additional pages as necessary.

SECTION B: Identifying Routine Transmissions of Electronic Protected Health Information.

The individuals identified in Section A routinely transmit electronic protected health information to the following individuals or entities, as applicable. The risk associated with each transmission is also considered. The risk consists of:

- (1) Confidentiality Risk Whether the information is made available or disclosed to unauthorized persons or processes;
 - (2) Integrity Risk Whether the information has been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner;
- (3) Availability Risk Whether the information is not accessible and not useable upon demand by an authorized person.

1.	Transmission of encounter data to Indian Health Service	ving and agreem
	Confidentiality Risk X Low □ Medium □ High	
	Explanation of analysis: Required government regulatory disclosure.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Integrity Risk X Low Medium High	

	transmission.
	Availability Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: N/A
	Q/S1 Claim adjudication for pharmacy.
	Confidentiality Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
ur	Explanation of analysis: Computer program to computer program communication. No Human intervention ed site.
	Integrity Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: No human intervention. Immediate approval/denial response.
	Availability Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: Have two discreet communication paths for ajudication.
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:

	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
6.	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
7.	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
Note:	Attach additional pages as necessary.
SECT	TION C: Identify Routine Storage of Electronic Protected Health Information.
Electr	onic protected health information is routinely stored in the following manner and locations:
1. <u>AS</u>	/400 databases at the Norbert Hill Center.
	Confidentiality Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: Area is secured at NHC. Off site storage at ARMS.
	Integrity Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: Daily backup with proven technology.

	Availability Risk A Low Li Medium Li High
	Explanation of analysis: Access to backup data available on a 24 hour basis.
2.	Intel Bases Server at the Health Center
	Confidentiality Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis: Automatic backup in a secured environment.
	Integrity Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis: Backup process verified daily for successful backup.
	Availability Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis: Backup data available on a 24 hour basis.
3.	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
4.	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
5	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk Low Medium High

	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
6	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
Note:	Attach additional pages as necessary.
	TION D: Policy Regarding Non-Routine Transmission and Storage of Electronic Protected Health mation.
a man Securi	he policy of the health care provider that transmission and storage of electronic protected health information in ner other than that identified above will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the Security Official. The ity Official will consider, in each situation, the confidentiality risk, integrity risk and availability risk for each outline transmission and storage.
Name	of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signat	nure: //ickria A. Kruege
	April 20, 2005
Versio	on 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SANCTION POLICY

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a sanction policy for the health care provider's workforce, in the event the workforce violates the provider's policies and procedures regarding the security of electronic protected health information.

<u>Retention</u>: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider's workforce shall comply with the provider's policies and procedures relating to the security of electronic protected health information. Appropriate disciplinary procedures, up to and including termination of employment, will be imposed upon workforce members violating this policy.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. The Security Official will work with the appropriate Supervisor and the Human Resources Department to determine an appropriate sanction consistent with the requirements of the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures or employee contract. Sanctions can include verbal warnings, written warnings, suspension of employment, termination of employment or other appropriate actions.
- 2. The Security Official shall review and update this Sanction Policy as needed.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: 2

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER INFORMATION SYSTEM ACTIVITY REVIEW

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy for the health care provider to help ensure that the health provider regularly reviews information system activity relating to electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health provider that the provider will regularly review records of information system activity. The health provider will do so in order to determine "internal" access from within the health provider's workforce relating to: (1) what electronic protected health information is accessed; (2) who accessed the electronic protected health information; and (3) whether the access was proper.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Physical Access. The Security Official has determined that electronic protected health information in physical form (such as storage on a disk, CD-ROM or DVD) is located at the following locations:
 - i. Norbert Hill Center (Secured area with proximity cards).
 - ii. Oneida Community Health Center (Servers in locked room).
 - iii. Social Services (Servers in locked room).
 - iv. ARMS (Off site storage vault).
 - v. Casino (Server in secured area).

The health provider establishes the following procedure for determining whether an individual has accessed this electronic protected health information stored in physical form: Access to these areas is restricted and tracked by electronic access badge or manual sign in.

- 2. Electronic Access. The Security Official has determined that electronic protected health information in electronic form (such as storage on a computer's hard drive) is located at the following locations:
- i. Data is stored on Central AS/400 Server or Intel Server. All access to these servers requires authentication to the Network and authorization to any application data base.

The health provider establishes the following procedure for determining whether an individual has accessed this electronic protected health information stored in electronic form:

The application software tracks who has modified the data. Access to the data is only provided to those individuals requiring access to perform their job duties.

Note: Attach additional pages as necessary.

3. Frequency of Review. The Security Official will conduct an information system activity review every *6months*.

4. Use of Information. The Security Official shall use the information gathered in the review to determine whether electronic protected health information was accessed by an internal user, who accessed the information and whether the access was proper.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: (Mcaria H. Drueger

Date: April 20, 2005 Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER AUTHORIZATION AND/OR SUPERVISION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy for the health care provider to document whether the provider must have a procedure regarding the authorization and/or supervision of workforce members who will access electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Authorization and Policy Regarding Authorization.

In Form 3, Risk Analysis, the health care provider determined which workforce members typically would need access to electronic protected health information. The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to pre-authorize or pre-screen workforce members before allowing them access to electronic protected health information. In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not pre-authorize or pre-screen a workforce member as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: \square Low \square Medium x High

2.	Cost.	Determine or	estimate the	cost of the	e health c	are provid	der pre-a	uthorizing	or pre-s	creening a	
workfo	rce me	mber as being	trustworthy	to obtain e	electronic	protected	l health i	nformatio	n and bei	ng able to	follow
the pro	vider's	policies and p	rocedures re	egarding ele	ectronic p	protected	health in	formation	: x Low	☐ Mediur	n 🗆
High											

Explanation of analysis: Background checks are a part of the standard hiring process.

3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of the health care provider pre-authorizing or pre-screening a workforce member as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: \(\subseteq \) Low \(\subseteq \) Medium x High

Explanation of analysis: Background checks will detect prior criminal activity.

4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of the health care provider pre-authorizing or pre-screening a workforce member as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: x Feasible and Not Difficult \square Feasible but Difficult \square Not Feasible

Explanation of analysis: See explanation in (2) above.

5. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health care provider that the Security Official, acting through the Human Resources Department *will* pre-authorize or pre-screen workforce members as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information.

SECTION B: Determination of Need for Supervision and Policy Regarding Supervision.

The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to supervise workforce members who access electronic protected health information. In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

Explanation of analysis:

1. Risk. Rate the risk that, if the health care provider does not supervise a workforce member, the workforce member will violate the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: □ Low x Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis: Risk is medium. Background checks should screen out those individuals who would maliciously violate security policies and procedures.
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of supervising all workforce members to ensure that the member will follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: $x \text{ Low } \square$ Medium \square High
Explanation of analysis: Such supervision falls within established chain of command.
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of supervising all workforce members to ensure that the member will follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: \Box Low x Medium \Box High
Explanation of analysis: Supervision will ensure compliance with policies and procedures.
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of supervising all workforce members to ensure that the members follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: x Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis: See (2) above.
5. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health care provider that the applicable Supervisor will supervise all workforce members to ensure that the members follow the provider's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information.
SECTION C: Alternatives if No Authorization or Supervision is Selected
Complete this Section C only if, pursuant to Sections A or B, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy regarding authorization and/or supervision. If a policy was enacted regarding one or the other (for example, a policy was enacted regarding authorization but not supervision) complete this Section C only for the item not enacted (in this example, supervision).
1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Sections A and/or B that no authorization and/or supervision was reasonable and appropriate, describe alternative measures the health care provider considered to achieve the same goals of the Authorization and/or Supervision Implementation Standard:
2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach additional pages as necessary and indicate which alternative measure(s) were selected:
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:

3. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health care provider that the Security Official \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discussed and selected above.
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: Machonas, Krungy
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER WORKFORCE CLEARANCE PROCEDURE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document whether the provider must have a procedure regarding the appropriateness of a workforce member's access to electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Workforce Clearance Procedure.

In Form 3, Risk Analysis, the health care provider determined which workforce members typically would need access to electronic protected health information. The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to have a procedure in place to verify whether it is appropriate for a workforce member to access all or some electronic protected health information. (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented a Workforce Clearance Procedure, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).) In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place to determine whether the workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information: \Box Low \Box Medium \Box High
Explanation of analysis:
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing a procedure to determine whether a particular workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information: Low Medium High
Explanation of analysis:
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of the health care provider establishing a procedure to determine whether a particular workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information: □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of the health care provider implementing a procedure to determine whether a particular workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information: ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:

5. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health care provider that the Security Official will determine whether a particular workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information.

Attached is the procedure and RFS for requesting access.

SECTION B: Alternatives if No Workforce Clearance Procedure is Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy to determine whether a particular workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information.

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider considered to achieve
the same goals of the Workforce Clearance Implementation Specification:
2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach additional pages as necessary and indicate which alternative measure(s) were selected:
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health care provider that the Security Official □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed relating to whether a particular workforce member may have access to electronic protected health information.
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: Ulavia Shalley
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 10/04

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STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE TO REQUEST USER ID's

Assigning User ID's for training and production purposes for the ENCORE System will be run through the HIS Trainer for the component to be trained in.

HIS Trainer will fill out RFS and forward to appropriate MIS Staff, approximately 3-4 days prior to training session for assignment of User ID's.

These User ID's will be given to the employee at their scheduled training session. At this training, the employee will learn to sign-on to both training and production modules.

If employee does not attend a formal training session, employee will not have access to ENCORE System and no User ID will be assigned.

Approved by Steering Committee April 5, 2001

c OCHC Supervisors/Directors SSB Supervisors/Directos

Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin

Project No. Assigned

Date Signed (MM/DD/YY)

MIS Request for Services

Request Date: March 3, 2005 Requester: Supervisor's Name Department Dept: OCHC Phone / Ext#: 869-2711 Bldg: MIS Category (type an "X" to the left of all that apply) AS / 400 PC/LAN/WAN RS / 6000 Telecommunications Request Type (type an "X" to the left of all that apply) Acquisition Modification New Software Relocation Installation Problem Computer Account Information User Setup/System Access * Other: X Disconnection and Disablement of User Full Time Temporary (LTE, ET, Intern) ** Termination Date (MM/DD/YY) Other (Please Explain) Request: Please disable (employees name), (job title of employee) @ OCHC from the network, groupwise, internet, and from the AS400 sessions. Why Required / Expected Benefit: Will no longer be working at OCHC as of (termination/leave date). Impact on other areas (if any): Protect Data Integrity and for Tribal Security and Confidentiality Controls Requested Completion Date (MUST HAVE A DATE HERE FOR MIS TO ROUTE YOUR REQUEST): GIVE AT LEAST A WEEK'S NOTICE IF POSSIBLE User Setup/System Access requires user has read Computer Resources Ordinance and has a signed acknowledgment form on file at HRD.

Supervisor initial this is completed.

^{**} Supervisors must complete an RFS to terminate system access rights.

Project Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin Assigned MIS Request for Services March 3, 2005 Request Date: Supervisor's Name Dept: Department Requester: OCHC Phone / Ext#: 869-2711 Bldg: MIS Category (type an "X" to the left of all that apply) RS / 6000 Telecommunications PC/LAN/WAN AS / 400 Request Type (type an "X" to the left of all that apply) Relocation Modification New Software Acquisition Installation Problem Computer Account Information X User Setup/System Access * Other: X Full Time Temporary (LTE, ET, Intern) ** Termination Date (MM/DD/YY) Other (Please Explain) Request: 1. Please set up new (employee name) on the computer station next to along the windows outside office CH-461 with the same access as (current user name of for profile set-up by operations).

- 2. Please include all G drive access to match that of (current user name of for profile set-up by operations).
- 3. Please set up AS400/PASS access for (employee name) to match the other Community Health Nurses.
- 4. Please set up (employee name) the phone with extension 4940 as and set up access to voice mail for her/him.
- 5. Please set up cell phone number 713-8310 for (employee name). Re-establish voice mail access and new security code.
- 6. Set up as provider in the IHS system for data entry purposes.

Why Required / Expected Benefit:

Needed in order to complete job duties.

Impact on other areas (if any):

New employee

Requested Completion Date (MUST HAVE A DATE HERE FOR MIS TO ROUTE YOUR REQUEST):

GIVE AT LEAST A WEEK'S NOTICE

*	User Setup/System Access form on file at HRD.	requires user ha	is read	Computer	Resources	Ordinance	and has	a signed	acknowled	igment

Supervisor initial this is completed. 3-3-2005 Date Signed (MM/DD/YY)

Supervisors must complete an RFS to terminate system access rights.

ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER TERMINATION PROCEDURES

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document whether the health care provider must have a procedure regarding the termination of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Termination Procedure.

In Form 3, Risk Analysis, the health care provider determined which workforce members typically would need access to electronic protected health information. The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to establish an access termination procedure for when a workforce member terminates employment or when it is reasonably required under the Workforce Clearance Procedure Implementation Specification. (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented a Termination Procedure, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).) In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

the following.
1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: \Box Low \Box Medium \Box High
Explanation of analysis:
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing a procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: Low Medium High
Explanation of analysis:
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: □ Low □ Medium □ High Explanation of analysis:
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure regarding the termination of employmen of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider x will— will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health

information. If selected, the policy and procedure is as follows:

that e	is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will take reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure electronic protected health information is not accessed by workforce members who have terminated oyment. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy is implemented. These steps de the following, all to be taken as soon as reasonably possible:
	Determining what electronic protected health information the person had access to, in order to determine what the person may have retained or may still be able to access;
. X	Requiring the return of all keys that can lead to access of electronic protected health information;
X	Turning off card keys or other electronic equivalents;
X	Requiring the return of laptops and other electronic media, such as computer disks, CD-ROMs and DVDs;
X	Removing the person as an authorized user; and/or
1.	Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and dure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider dered to achieve the same goals of the Termination Procedure Implementation Specification:
above	Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards, as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach onal pages as necessary and indicate which alternative measure(s) were selected:
Со	ost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Be	nefit Low Medium High
Fea	asibility Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Ex	planation of analysis:

3. Policy. Based on the above, health care provider \square wi					ec
above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Des	cribe policy and pro	ocedure; 1	nay want	to base	
language off Section $A(5)$, above.]					
					_
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger					_
Signature: Aleborea & Ling	ly				
Date: April 20, 2005					
Version 1, 10/04					

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Hiring Department; Employee Separations

When an employee separates employment, it is extremely important that the Separation Report is sent by the supervisor to the Human Resource Department Representative immediately.

The Document has several purposes which benefit the employee, supervisor, and the organization:

- It immediately stops the employee's benefits at Midnight of the date of separation.
- Employee Insurance Department will send information regarding COBRA to offer continuing employee medical coverage.
- It immediately stops all Payoll Deductions.
- Payroll, upon receiving the separation date, will payout all vacation and personal time to the employee.
- HRD will have the correct Workforce Levels for Reporting Purposes to Department Managers and external agencies as required by law.

Asa	supervisor, you need to do more than just send the Separation Form to HRD, here	sa
check	ist to help you remember to:	
	Notify MIS to revoke all PC access.	
	Collect Tribal property, such as; keys, Kronos badge, cell phone, laptop, PDA, e	etc

Please send Separations to Your HR Representatives by Division:

Gaming Division: Terry Skenandore or Marilyn Jourdan

Governmental Services, Development Division, Enterprise Division and Compliance Division: Lisa Hock or Wanita DeCorah

Internal Services Division, Land Management Division, Transit, Oneida Police Department, Non-Divisional Departments, Boards, Committees, Commissions: Lisa Duff

HRD Telephone Number: 496-7900

SEPARATION SECURITY FORM

orm #HR	D203 ·		
Em	ployee's Name:	Employee Number:	
Em	ployee's Department:	Employee's Division:	
Em	ployee's Separation Date:	Employee's Title:	
Sup	pervisor's Name:	Supervisor's Title:	
sep ple	eted below are Tribal items which must be arating from employment. If the employase write N/A for not applicable.	yee does not have the particular item	ι,
EM		DATE RETURNED	
a.	Employee Badge	a	
b.	Desk Keys	b	
C.	Door Keys	C	
d.	Security Access/Code	d.	
e.	Beeper	e	
f.	Cell Phone	f	
g.	Lap Top Computer	g	
h.	Tribal Documents taken Home	h	
i.	Uniforms	i	
Sup	pervisor must follow through with the it	ems listed below, as applicable:	
EM		DATE COMPLETED	
1.	Contact the Kronos Administrator to have employee removed from Kronos	1.	
2.	Contact MIS to have the employee removed from GroupWise, Infinium, and computer acce	2	
3.	Schedule appointment for return of items listed	i 3.	

ITEM		DAT	TE COM	IPLETED	
4.	Complete the Separation Report and/or the Disciplinary Form and send to HRD for the Employee to be paid our vacation/personal time.	3.			-
5.	Contact Accounting to remove all sign-off Authority.	4.	1		-
6.	Contact Building Administrator to remove Building Security codes, eye dots, etc.	5.	-		
7.	Assess whether work area locks and security codes need to be changed	6.			

EMPLOYEE SEPARATION REPORT.

Name:				Empl #:	
Name:	Last	First		M.I.	
Job Title:		Se	paration Date:		
Department:_		Di	vision:		
TYPE OF SEF	ARATION:				
Res	ignation (attach letter	Terminatio	on Decea	sed \Box De	nial of L(
	nsfer/Reassignment		t 🔲 Lay-C	off (26 wk)	
	er				
	R SEPARATION:				
☐ Wo	rking Conditions	Reduction in F	orce		
	Change within Oneio				
	cy Violation				
	er				
_ 0 an					
NVESTIGAT	ION PENDING AT	TIME OF SEPARA	TION: Yes	☐ No	
EMPLOYEE F	EVALUATION (plea	se check appropriate	boxes):		
		Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Excellent	
	Attendance				
	Cooperation				
	Initiative				
	Job knowledge				
	Quality of work				
REHIRE: 🚨	Yes \(\square\) No (See		1:-(-)		1
· ·	162 7140 (266	attached documents	illon)		
Additional Con	nments:				
Supervisor Sign	ature		Date		
			Date		
			Date		IRD202

ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER INFORMATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Access Authorization and Access Establishment and Modification Implementation Specifications. If either Specification is selected, this Form establishes the provider's policies and procedures regarding the selected Specification(s).

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Access Authorization and Access Establishment and Modification.

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Access Authorization—Implement policies and procedures for granting access to electronic protected health information.
- Access Establishment and Modification—Implement policies and procedures that, based upon the health care provider's Access Authorization policies, establishes, documents, reviews and modifies a user's right of access to a workstation, transaction, program or process.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) – (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Access Authorization and Access Establishment and Modification Implementation Specifications, skip (1) – (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

	Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place regarding the nentation Specification:
	Access Authorization □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Access Establishment and Modification □ Low □ Medium □ High
Exp	planation of analysis:
2. Specif	Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation ication:
•	Access Authorization □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Access Establishment and Modification □ Low □ Medium □ High
Exp	planation of analysis:
3. Specifi	Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation cation:
•	Access Authorization □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Access Establishment and Modification

	 Particular description of the state of the s
4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
•	Access Authorization ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
• asib	Access Establishment and Modification ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not le
Ex	planation of analysis:
	Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the ing Implementation Specifications:
X	Access Authorization
X	Access Establishment and Modification
	llowing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions e performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
	the policy of the health care provider that the provider will take reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure
pol	ly approved workforce members or others may have access to electronic protected health information. It is icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Securit I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following:
pol ficia impl	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Securit I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy
e pol ficia impl X men	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Security I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following: Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce mber;
E polificial implication X men	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Security I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following: Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce mber; Establishing passwords on computer systems and providing passwords only to approved workforce members
e polificial implication of the control of the cont	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Securit I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following: Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce mber; Establishing passwords on computer systems and providing passwords only to approved workforce members others; Establishing screen savers on computers with passwords required in order to access the computer after a
E polificial implication of the control of the cont	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Securit I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following: Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce mber; Establishing passwords on computer systems and providing passwords only to approved workforce members others; Establishing screen savers on computers with passwords required in order to access the computer after a ain period of inactivity; Communicating passwords to workforce members in a secure manner (e.g., not using interoffice routing in a secure envelope); Working with the Human Resources Department and MIS so that the Security Official is notified promptly of the security
men X and X cert X non X any that hear X	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Securit I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following: Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce mber; Establishing passwords on computer systems and providing passwords only to approved workforce members others; Establishing screen savers on computers with passwords required in order to access the computer after a ain period of inactivity; Communicating passwords to workforce members in a secure manner (e.g., not using interoffice routing in a secure envelope); Working with the Human Resources Department and MIS so that the Security Official is notified promptly onew members added to the provider's workforce and of any termination of a workforce member or change in member's job functions that could affect the member's ability or authority to access electronic protected
E polificial implication of the control of the cont	icy of the provider that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Securit I deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy emented. These steps include the following: Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce mber; Establishing passwords on computer systems and providing passwords only to approved workforce members others; Establishing screen savers on computers with passwords required in order to access the computer after a ain period of inactivity; Communicating passwords to workforce members in a secure manner (e.g., not using interoffice routing in a secure envelope); Working with the Human Resources Department and MIS so that the Security Official is notified promptly on new members added to the provider's workforce and of any termination of a workforce member or change in member's job functions that could affect the member's ability or authority to access electronic protected the information; Documenting any granting of access or modification of access and notifying the following departments or

X Establishing different categories of electronic protected health information and establishing passwords to ensure that workforce members have access only to the category of electronic protected health information appropriate to the particular member; and/or

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and
procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider
considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:
 Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were considered.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility \square Feasible and Not Difficult \square Feasible but Difficult \square Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows:
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger Signature: ////////////////////////////////////
A
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SECURITY AWARENESS AND TRAINING

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Security Awareness and Training Standard. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to the Standard.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Security Awareness and Training

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement none, some or all of the Implementation Specifications:

- Security Reminders—Periodic security updates.
- Protection From Malicious Software—Guarding against, detecting and reporting malicious software.
- Log-in Monitoring—Monitoring log-in attempts and reporting discrepancies.
- Password Management—Creating, changing and safeguarding passwords.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented a particular Specification, skip (1) - (4) for that Specification and proceed directly to (5).)

	Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place regarding the mentation Specification:
•	Security Reminders □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Protection From Malicious Software ☐ Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
•	Log-in Monitoring □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Password Management □ Low □ Medium □ High
Ex	planation of analysis:
	Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation ication:
•	Security Reminders □ Low □ Medium □ High
.•	Protection From Malicious Software Low Medium High
•	Log-in Monitoring □ Low □ Medium □ High

Password Management Low Medium High

	SECLICTY AWARDSHAND TRAINING
	Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation fication:
•	Security Reminders Low Medium High
•	Protection From Malicious Software Low Medium High
•	Log-in Monitoring □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Password Management □ Low □ Medium □ High
Ex	planation of analysis:
4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
•	Security Reminders □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
•	Protection From Malicious Software □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
•	Log-in Monitoring ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
	Password Management ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Ex	planation of analysis:
5.	Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider X will □ will not adopt a policy and procedure ing the following Implementation Specifications:
X	Security Reminders.
X	Protection From Malicious Software.
X	Log-in Monitoring.
X	Password Management.
	llowing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions e performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
	Security Reminders. The health care provider's policy is to issue security reminders to relevant workforce

reminder will be distributed on an as needed basis.

members as reasonable and appropriate. The provider will determine the topics for the reminder and the method of distributing the reminder. The provider will document, and retain for six (6) years, proof of the reminder. The

	Protection From Malicious Software. The health care provider's policy is to have protection from bious software. The provider will examine its vulnerability to particular, known malicious software. The ider will:
	X License or purchase software designed to combat malicious software; and / or
	□ to the second to the second of the second
	he health care provider will take steps to ensure that it maintains current knowledge about malicious software. e steps include:
	X Updating the software used to combat malicious software;
	X Subscribing to trade publications, newsletters and other periodic resources that provide information on current developments; and / or
on eac	the health care provider will take steps to ensure that appropriate, current software (if selected above) is placed ch computer or server that could be affected by malicious software, including portable computers such as p computers.
conce attach Offici	Il incoming email messages will be scanned for malicious software. If a workforce member has security erns about an attachment to an email message the member shall contact the Security Official prior to opening the ment. Workforce members are not allowed to download software onto their computers unless the Security ial has approved the software. The Security Official shall, if appropriate, use Form 11, Workforce Member ing, to train all workforce members on these policies and procedures regarding Protection From Malicious ware.
conse	Log-in Monitoring. The health care provider's policy is to monitor log-in attempts of users. If the log-in is ssful on the first attempt no log-in report will be generated. If the log-in is unsuccessful after 3 (three) cutive attempts, the user will be locked out of the system. The user will be required to contact MIS operations sess the network after being locked out.
	Password Management. The health care provider's policy is that passwords are an important security sion and appropriate steps will be taken to ensure the use and confidentiality of passwords. The health care der implements the following requirements regarding passwords:
X	Passwords will have a minimum length of 8 characters;
	Passwords will include both numeric and alphabetic characters;
	Passwords should contain both upper and lower case characters (e.g., a-z, A-Z);
	Passwords should not be based on personal information (e.g., spouse's name, street address);
	Passwords shall not be composed of only one character (e.g., aaaaaa);
X	Publishing or sharing of passwords is not allowed;
X loc	Passwords should not be written down but, if they are written down, shall be stored in a secure (preferably ked) location;
X	Passwords will be changed every 90 days;

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:
2. Optiming the college we are a secure or alcohole authorize;
no posternom objetem in a premien adviser rody, into empley to go or uniting along a process. 2. 2.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standard above, as they apply to the alternative measures.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base language off Section $A(5)$, above.]
construents a manufacture of the state of th
communication of the communica
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: 1/100016 9. Cruigly
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 10/04
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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER • WORKFORCE MEMBER TRAINING

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to determine which components of the Security Rule, if any, should be explained to the health care provider's workforce as part of the provider's training under the Security Rule.

Retention: This Form should be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Identification of Potential Components Requiring Training.

The Security Official should review the following list of Security Rule components. The Security Official should determine which, if any, components should be explained to the provider's workforce. For example, the Security Official may determine that only a few components (such as changing passwords and informing workforce members about proper workstation use) should be explained to the provider's workforce. The Security Official should document the selected components.

ADMINISTRATIVE SAFEGUARDS

Standards	Implementation Specifications		Workforce Training/Explanation Required?			
Security Management Process	Risk Analysis		Yes	X	No	
	Risk Management		Yes	X	No	
	Sanction Policy	X	Yes		No	
	Information System Activity Review		Yes	X	No	
Assigned Security Responsibility			Yes	X	No	
Workforce Security	Authorization and/or Supervisions		Yes	X	No	
-	Workforce Clearance Procedure		Yes	X	No	
	Termination Procedures		Yes	X	No	
Information Access Management	Isolating Health Care Clearinghouse Function		Yes	X	No	
	Access Authorization		Yes	X	No	
	Access Establishment and Modification		Yes	X	No	
Security Awareness and Training	Security Reminders	X	Yes		No	
	Protection from Malicious Software	X	Yes		No	
	Log-in Monitoring	X	Yes		No	
	Password Management	X	Yes		No	
Security Incident Procedures	Response and Reporting	X	Yes		No	
Contingency Plan	Data Backup Plan		Yes	X	No	
	Disaster Recovery Plan	X	Yes		No	
	Emergency Mode Operation Plan		Yes		No	
	Testing and Revision Procedure		Yes	X	No	
	Applications and Data Criticality Analysis		Yes	X	No	
Evaluation			Yes	X	No	
Business Associate Contracts and Other Arrangement	Written Contract or other Arrangement		Yes	X	No	

PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS

Standards	Implementation Specifications	Workforce Training/Explanation Required?				
Facility Access Controls	Contingency Operations		Yes	X No		
	Facility Security Plan		Yes	X No		
	Access Control and Validation Procedures	X	Yes	□ No		
	Maintenance Records		Yes	X No		

Workstation Use	71.5 1.7 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	X Ye	s \square	No
Workstation Security	· Samuel and Company of the second second	X Ye	s \square	No
Device and Media Controls	Disposal	□ Ye	s X	No
	Media Re-use	□ Ye	es X	No
	Accountability	□ Ye	s X	No
	Data Backup and Storage	□ Ye	s X	No

TECHNICAL SAFEGUARDS

Standards	Implementation Specifications	Workforce Training/ Explanation Required?			
Access Control	Unique User Identification		Yes	X	No
E Constant of the Constant of	Emergency Access Procedure		Yes	X	No
	Automatic Logoff	X	Yes		No
	Encryption and Decryption	X	Yes		No
Audit Controls			Yes	X	No
Integrity	Mechanism to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information		Yes	X	No
Person or Entity Authentication			Yes	X	No
Transmission Security	Integrity Controls		Yes	X	No
	Encryption	X	Yes		No

SECTION B: Preparation of Training Materials.

The Security Official should prepare appropriate training materials that will inform the workforce members of the items specified above. These training materials can include any appropriate items, such as an electronic presentation or written materials.

Name of	Security	Official.	Victoria	I Krueger

1/12/

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER RESPONSE AND REPORTING

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy for the health care provider to: identify and respond to suspected or known security incidents involving electronic protected health information; mitigate, to the extent practicable, harmful effects of security incidents known to the health care provider; and document security incidents and their outcomes.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will:

- Identify and respond to suspected or known security incidents involving electronic protected health information;
 - · Mitigate, to the extent practicable, harmful effects of security incidents known to the provider; and
 - Document security incidents and their outcomes.

All such actions shall be taken by the Security Official as promptly as possible after learning of a security incident or suspected security incident.

SECTION B: Procedure.

1. Once the health care provider becomes aware of a security incident or potential security incident, the Security Official will use the Security Incident Type Matrix, below, to verify that a security incident occurred and determine the level of severity of the security incident.

•	Description	of Security	Incident of	or Potential	Security	Incident,	including	workforce	members	and
equipme	nt involved:									
	7			14 4 2 4 4 4 4						

SECURITY INCIDENT TYPE MATRIX

INCIDENT TYPE	INCIDENT DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLES
Low Risk	Isolated incidents attributable to common non-malicious behavior that are determined to be non-threatening.	Typographical errorsForgotten passwords
Moderate Risk	Any event or pattern of events (malicious or unintentional) that indicate a potential threat to electronic protected health information.	Patterns of repeated Low Risk incidents Suspicious patterns of incoming data from external sources Information that email attachments are being opened without proper consideration of risks Unattended workstation Backup failure Misdirected email containing electronic protected health information
High Risk	Any event or pattern of events (malicious or unintentional) that indicate a significant, current threat to electronic protected health information.	Password sharing IP address spoofing Unauthorized physical access to health care provider facility Intentional or inadvertent destruction of electronic protected health information Denial of Service attack Misuse of high-level access accounts
	the secrety that a secrety incident ourspred and secrety their secretions incident.	 Computer virus exposure/propagation Lost or stolen workstations or other media (e.g., disks, CD-ROMs) Escalation of any combination of Low Risk and Moderate Risk security incidents Improper computer disposal

	Current Classification of Security Incident: □ Low Risk □ Moderate Risk □ High Risk
	Explanation of analysis:
2.	Explain the steps taken to minimize the harmful effect of the security incident:
_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

^{3.} Review the possible responses to the security incident using the Security Incident Response Matrix as a guide. Recognize that the response in any particular circumstance must be determined on a case-by-case basis and that the Response Matrix cannot provide guidance on every possible response.

SECURITY INCIDENT RESPONSE MATRIX

INCIDENT	· INCIDENT RESPONSE
LEVEL	
Low Risk	1. Incident reported to Security Official on non-expedited basis (e.g., weekly
	reports or interoffice routing).
	2. Logging and monitoring shall be intensified when deemed reasonable and
	appropriate by the Security Official.
	3. Consider whether it is appropriate to log report of situation.
Moderate Risk	1. Incident shall be immediately reported to Security Official.
	2. Security Official shall immediately review the incident to determine if action needs to be taken.
	3. The party (or parties) involved with and/or responsible for the threat shall be contacted to obtain details of the potential security threat.
	4. If immediate action is not necessary, logging and monitoring of the potential security threat shall be intensified when deemed reasonable and appropriate by the Security Official.
	5. If workforce member is involved, contact member and discuss situation.
	6. Incident and incident resolution details shall be documented and logged.
High Risk	Incident shall be immediately reported to Security Official.
	2. Security Official shall immediately review the incident to determine what action will be taken.
	3. Incident shall be noted and logged separately from the initial security incident logs and reported directly to other management, if deemed reasonable and appropriate by the Security Official.
	4. The party (or parties) involved with and/or responsible for the threat shall be notified and advised about the details of the security threat.
	5. If workforce member is involved, contact member and discuss situation. Involve Human Resources Department, for potential disciplinary action, as Security Official deems reasonable and appropriate.
	6. Consider whether to contact law enforcement authorities if criminal activity is suspected.

		ts:	
			 ·
Name of Security Official: Vic	toria L. Krueger		
Signature: ///	i A. Krug	W.	
Date: April 20, 2005			

Based on the above Security Incident Response Matrix, describe the actions taken:

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER CONTINGENCY PLAN

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's contingency plans to help secure electronic protected health information. This Form also establishes the plan's policies and procedures regarding the contingency plan.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Data Backup Plan Policy

It is the policy of the health care provider to have a data backup plan to help secure electronic protected health information. The backup plan will be created and overseen by the Security Official and implemented as soon as reasonably possible. The backup plan will be designed to create and maintain retrievable exact copies of electronic protected health information.

SECTION B: Data Backup Plan Procedures

The following backup procedures, if chosen, shall be followed:

1. Data Included in Backup Plan. The following data will be subject to the backup plan:

All electronic protected health information held by the provider's workforce on servers or AS 400

- 2. Frequency of Backup. Data will be backed up daily.
- 3. Storage of Backup Data. Data that has been backed up will be stored by a third party vendor: (1) on a daily basis for AS 400 and (2) on a weekly basis for the server.
- 4. Performing of Backup. Data will be backed up by Oneida MIS via software.
- 5. Integrity of Backups. The backups will be examined and audited every day by Oneida MIS to verify the integrity of the backed up data.

SECTION C: Disaster Recovery Plan Policy

It is the policy of the health care provider to have a disaster recovery plan. The disaster recovery plan will be created and overseen by the Security Official and implemented as soon as reasonably possible. The disaster recovery plan will be designed to restore any loss of relevant electronic protected health information.

SECTION D: Disaster Recovery Plan Procedures

- 1. Assessment of Damage and Loss of Data. The Security Official, in conjunction with MIS management, will gather as much information as possible to determine how much electronic protected health information was lost in a disaster. The Security Official, in conjunction with MIS management will gather information about each potentially affected area where electronic protected health information was stored.
- 2. Designee of Security Official. In the event the Security Official is unavailable, the Security Official designates Oneida MIS Manager to act in place of the Security Official. The Security Official will communicate this designation to the designated individual.

3. List of Third Party Vendors. The Security Official will determine, prior to any disaster, which third party vendors are likely to be available to assist in recovering the data (e.g., a vendor who holds backup data or a vendor who specializes in recovering data from damaged computers) or providing additional equipment. Vendors and their anticipated roles are as follows:

Vendor	Role
HP/Bedrock	Replacement of server hardware
Computech	Equipment for restoration of AS-400
	Data Backer Plan Colleg

4. General Procedures for Restoring Information System. MIS Network Team will rebuild server with operating system and restore server data from tape.

SECTION E: Emergency Mode Operation Plan Policy

It is the policy of the health care provider to establish and implement an emergency mode operation plan. The emergency mode operation plan will be created and overseen by the Security Official and implemented as soon as reasonably possible. The emergency mode operation plan will be designed to enable the provider to continue critical business processes for protecting the security of electronic protected health information while operating in emergency mode.

SECTION F: Emergency Mode Operation Plan Procedures

- 1. Reassignment of Duties. The Security Official will consider which operations are most critical based on the particular emergency encountered by the plan. The Security Official should reassign duties if necessary (e.g., critical functions may take priority over long-term projects). The Security Official should promptly discuss any reassignments with affected workforce members.
- 2. Physical Security. The Security Official will consider whether additional physical security (e.g., a locking file cabinet to hold disks or CD-ROMs) is necessary due to the emergency situation. If so, the Security Official will obtain necessary items as soon as reasonably possible. If it is reasonably possible to anticipate what physical security items will be required, the Security Official should list those items here: secured site will be designated by director of MIS on a case by case basis. Backup tapes and data will be collected and brought to that area.
- 3. Technical Security. The Security Official will work with the workforce and appropriate third party vendors to implement any technical security mechanisms required due to the emergency situation.

SECTION G: Testing and Revision Procedures and Applications and Data Criticality Analysis

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Testing and Revision Procedures—Implement procedures for periodic testing and revision of contingency plans.
- Applications and Data Criticality Analysis—Assess the relative criticality of specific applications and data
 in support of other contingency plan components.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and

appropriate, or has already implemented both Implementation Specifications, skip $(1) - (4)$ and proceed directly to (5) .)
1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis □ Low □ Medium ☒ High
Explanation of analysis
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis □ Low □ Medium ☒ High
Explanation of analysis
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult ☒ Not Feasible
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis: Contingency testing is not a feasible option for programs residing on the AS/400. To test the contingency plan would involve an expenditure of \$1 million or more to get a second AS/400. This option is neither practical nor feasible.
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the Testing and Revision Procedures Implementation Specification. The health care provider will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the Applications and Data Criticality Analysis Implementation Specification.
The following policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions shall be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
•Applications and Data Criticality Analysis
It is the policy of the health plan to conduct an applications and data criticality analysis. The analysis will include the following:

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- X Identification of systems which are the most important parts of the contingency plan;
- X Identification of how the systems interact in order to recognize potential failures if one or several systems are not available;
- X Identification of reasonable and appropriate modifications that can be made to address potential failures

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:

 Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility sta above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were considered.
A COLUMN TO THE
Cost ⊠ Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium ☑ High
Feasibility ☑ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible Explanation of analysis: The alternative selection is the current procedure.
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan ⊠ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discuss above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: See B(1) above.
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: //ichnia A. Kninger
Date: April 20, 2005
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Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER EVALUATION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document how the health care provider will evaluate its security policies and procedures to ensure they comply with the Security Rule.

<u>Retention</u>: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Evaluation Policy

It is the policy of the health care provider to conduct a periodic technical and nontechnical evaluation of its security policies and procedures to determine if those policies and procedures, and the implementation of those policies and procedures, complies with the Security Rule. The Security Official, in conjunction with the Security Committee will decide the proper way to conduct this evaluation and how often to conduct the evaluation.

SECTION B: Evaluation Procedures

- 1. Entity to Conduct Evaluation. The Security Official, in conjunction with the Security Committee must determine who will conduct the evaluation. The Security Official first must determine whether the evaluation will be performed by a workforce member (such as the Security Official) or a third party (such as a consultant or attorney). The Security Official will consider the following factors:
 - Cost of evaluation;
 - Expected thoroughness of evaluation;
 - Understanding of the health care provider and its operations;
 - Understanding of security policies and procedures;
 - Whether a technical evaluation could be conducted by one entity, while a nontechnical evaluation could be conducted by another entity;
 - Consideration of advantages and disadvantages of having a third party conduct the evaluation. Advantages include separating the responsibility of creation and oversight (e.g., so the Security Official is not evaluating the Security Official's own work) and perhaps being able to hire an expert with additional technical and nontechnical experience in the area. Disadvantages include the potential additional time to conduct the analysis and cost.

Based on the above considerations, **Oneida MIS** will conduct the technical evaluation. Based on the above considerations, **Deloitte and Touche or other reputable third party auditor** will conduct the nontechnical evaluation.

- 2. Frequency of Evaluation. The evaluation initially will occur every year. The Security Official will reconsider every year whether the evaluation period should be modified.
- 3. Use of Evaluations. The Security Official will consider the results of the evaluations and make all reasonable and appropriate modifications to the provider's security policies and procedures.
- 4. Retention of Evaluation Results. The Security Official will retain the results of the evaluation for at least six (6) years after the completion of the evaluation.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: /// Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER FACILITY ACCESS CONTROLS

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Facility Access Controls Standard. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to the Standard.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Facility Access Controls

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement none, some or all of the Implementation Specifications:

- Contingency Operations—Procedures to allow access to the provider's facility to help restore data lost in an emergency, considering the disaster recovery plan and emergency mode operations plan.
- Facility Security Plan—Policies and procedures to safeguard the facility and its equipment from unauthorized physical access, tampering and theft.
- Access Control and Validation Procedures—Procedures to control and validate a person's access to facilities based on their role or function, including visitor control and control of access to software programs for testing and revision.
- Maintenance Records—Policies and procedures to document repairs and modifications to the physical components of a facility which are related to security (for example, hardware, walls, doors and locks).

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented all these Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place regarding the

•	Contingency Operations □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Facility Security Plan □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Access Control and Validation Procedures
•	Maintenance Records □ Low □ Medium □ High
Ex	planation of analysis:
	Access Cornol and Validation Providence

2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation

- Contingency Operations □ Low □ Medium □ High
- Facility Security Plan □ Low □ Medium □ High

Specification:

Implementation Specification:

Maintenance Records Low Medium High
planation of analysis:
es related to the Suculard.
Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation cation:
Contingency Operations □ Low □ Medium □ High
Facility Security Plan □ Low □ Medium □ High
Access Control and Validation Procedures
Maintenance Records □ Low □ Medium □ High
lanation of analysis:
Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Contingency Operations ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Facility Security Plan ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Access Control and Validation Procedures Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not sible
Maintenance Records ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
lanation of analysis:
continuous Operations City Citisham Citys
Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the ag Implementation Specifications:
Contingency Operations.
Facility Security Plan.
Access Control and Validation Procedures.
Maintenance Records.

• Contingency Operations. The health care provider's policy is to have a policy allowing reasonable facility access to authorized personnel to restore data lost (or perhaps lost) due to an emergency. This policy will work in conjunction with any disaster recovery plan and emergency mode operations plan. The Security Official will first determine the risk of accessing the provider's physical structure (e.g., if the building was damaged due to a tornado, whether it is safe to enter the building). The Security Official will work with local authorities to help make this determination.

The Security Official will, if reasonable and appropriate, accompany the workforce member or third party vendor when they work to recover the lost data. The Security Official will consider whether any third parties will be considered business associates. If so, the Security Official will enter into a business associate agreement with the third party vendor prior to any emergency.

- Facility Security Plan. The health care provider's policy is to have procedures to safeguard the provider's facility and equipment therein from unauthorized physical access, tampering and theft. The health care provider will:
 - X Provide identification badges to all workforce members and require that the badges be worn at all times while at work;
 - X Require visitors and vendors to sign in and out when visiting the provider's facilities, and maintaining that log for at least 6 months.
 - X Identify areas which, due to the sensitivity of the electronic protected health information stored at the area, may not be accessed by certain classes of workforce members, visitors or vendors. These areas include:

All electronic EPHI is stored on the Casino Server, the Health Center Server, the Social Services Server and AS-400. Only authorized individuals may access these areas.

The Security Official will ensure that workforce members, visitors or vendors are not allowed access to this area by:

- x Physical security measures (e.g., locked doors or electronic key card access required);
- x Stationing of Personnel (e.g., having a receptionist placed near the site to verify that no access occurs); and / or
 - x Requiring key or proximity card to access
- X Examining physical structures (e.g., doors and windows) to assess vulnerability to intrusion;
- Access Control and Validation Procedures. The health care provider's policy is to establish a procedure to control and validate a person's access to the provider's facilities, based on the person's role or function. This includes visitor control, and control of access to software programs for testing and revision. The health care provider will (note: some items duplicative of Facility Security Plan procedure, above):
 - X Provide identification badges to all workforce members and require that the badges be worn at all times while at work;
 - X Require visitors and vendors to sign in and out when visiting the provider's facilities, and maintaining that log for at least 6 months.
 - X Identify areas which, due to the sensitivity of the electronic protected health information stored at the area, may not be accessed by certain classes of workforce members, visitors or vendors. These areas

include: All electronic EPHI is stored on the Casino server, Health Center Server, and AS-400. Only authorized workforce members may access these areas.

The Security Official will ensure that workforce members, visitors or vendors are not allowed access to this area by:

- X Physical security measures (e.g., locked doors or electronic key card access required);
 - X Stationing of Personnel (e.g., having a receptionist placed near the site to verify that no access occurs); and / or
- X Requiring that only a select group of authorized information technology workforce members are able to access software programs for testing and revision, with the select group specified by the Security Official. To ensure that only the select group has such access, the provider will:
 - X Design its computer specifications so that only authorized users are able to access software programs for testing and revision purposes;
 - X Not leave software in an unsecured location; and / or
 - X Provide for discreet testing environments:
- Maintenance Records. The health care provider's policy is that it will establish a procedure to document repairs and modifications to the physical components of a facility which are related to security (including but not limited to hardware, walls, doors and locks). All actions are to be taken by the Security Official, acting through Oneida MIS, as promptly as reasonably possible. The health care provider establishes this procedure by adopting the following components:
 - X The Security Official will consider all proposed maintenance to the facility to determine the security issues, if any, raised by the maintenance;
 - X If the provider's facilities are shared with another entity, the Security Official will discuss the provider's need to be apprised, in advance when possible, of maintenance that could impact the provider's physical security;
 - X Records describing the maintenance work and who performed the work shall be retained for at least one year.

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider	and
considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:	ed set

2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards		
above, as they apply to the alternative measures.		
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High		
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High		
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible		
Explanation of analysis:		
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base language off Section $A(5)$, above.]		
·		
Name of Consists Officials Winterio I. Wanner		
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger		
Signature: /// Signature: /// Signature: /// Signature: //		
Date: April 20, 2005		
Version 1, 09/04		
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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER WORKSTATION USE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health care provider regarding the proper functions to be performed, the manner in which those functions are to be performed, and the physical attributes of the surroundings of a specific workstation or class of workstation that can access electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will have a procedure governing its workforce's use of computer workstations. This policy will specify: (1) the proper functions to be performed; (2) the manner in which those functions are to be performed; and (3) the physical attributes of the surroundings of a specific workstation or class of workstation, if that workstation can access electronic protected health information.

SECTION B: Procedure.

1. Proper Functions to be Performed. The Security Official will determine which functions are appropriate for particular workstations. For example, the Security Official may determine that it is not proper to access electronic protected health information at a workstation that cannot be reasonably secured (e.g., a receptionist's workstation where many visitors could view the screen). The Security Official may also determine that some workstations should not be used for some purposes. For example, if a computer's hard drive contains significant electronic protected health information that is not stored elsewhere, and there is concern about malicious software for which no effective remedy is available, the Security Official may direct that that particular computer not be used to open email or download files from the Internet due to concerns about the malicious software.

Considering these factors, the Security Official implements the following procedure: Employees with access to EPHI shall only access such EPHI from appropriate workstations as designated by provider. Existing policies restrict what users may or may not do at Windows workstations.

- 2. Manner in Which Functions are to be Performed. All provider workforce functions involving electronic protected health information are to be performed in a manner that, in the opinion of the Security Official, reasonably protects the integrity and availability of electronic protected health information. In order to achieve this, the health care provider requires that:
 - X All workstations have password-protected screen savers whose password feature applies after two minutes (or as deemed appropriate by department) of inactivity;
 - X When a workforce member logged on to AS-400 intends to leave his or her workstation for longer than 30 minutes the member will log off the workstation;
 - X When a workforce member has completed work for the day the member will log off the workstation;
 - X Vendors using health care provider workstations shall follow the same rules as workforce members. These rules will be communicated to the vendors by the Security Official;
- 3. Physical Attributes of Surroundings. The HIPAA Security Committee shall analyze the physical attributes of the surroundings of every workstation within the control of the provider that can access electronic protected health information. The Security Official shall consider all relevant criteria in determining the security of such a workstation, including:

- X Whether monitors are positioned in a way to minimize the risk that electronic protected health information can be viewed by non-authorized individuals;
- X Whether individuals authorized to access electronic protected health information should be grouped in one or more separate areas to minimize the risk of accidental disclosures of electronic protected health information;
- X Whether individuals authorized to access electronic protected health information have been trained on the importance of these workstation use rules and instructed to not alter the workstation surroundings in a way that could jeopardize electronic protected health information;

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: 7

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER WORKSTATION SECURITY

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health care provider regarding physical safeguards for all workstations under the control of the provider. The policy and procedure will help ensure that access to electronic protected health information is restricted to authorized users.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will have a procedure to implement physical safeguards for all workstations under the control of the provider if those workstations have access to electronic protected health information. The procedure will be designed to restrict access to authorized users.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Identification of Workstations. The Security Official will identify which workstations can access electronic protected health information. As of the date noted below, these include (See Form 3).
- 2. Physical Security. The following security provisions are adopted to help ensure compliance with the Workstation Security Standard:
 - X The workstation will be logged and inventoried;
 - X Each workforce member will be trained to not type in his or her password if the password (or typing of the password) could be viewed by an unauthorized individual;

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature.

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DISPOSAL AND MEDIA RE-USE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for (1) the disposal of hardware and / or electronic media containing electronic protected health information; and (2) removing electronic protected health information from electronic media before the media is made available for re-use.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will have a procedure governing the (1) disposal of hardware and / or electronic media containing electronic protected health information; and (2) removing electronic protected health information from electronic media before the media is made available for re-use.

SECTION B: Procedure for Disposal of Hardware and / or Electronic Media.

- 1. Notification to Workforce Members. In Form 5, Information System Activity Review, the Security Official determined where electronic protected health information was stored or maintained, either in physical form (e.g., a disk or CD-ROM) or electronic form (e.g., a computer's hard drive). The Security Official shall train all workforce members that hardware and other electronic media containing electronic protected health information must be (a) sanitized so no electronic protected health information is accessible; or (b) destroyed or altered so that no electronic protected health information is accessible.
- protected health information is not accessible when hardware and / or electronic media is disposed:

 Place a notification (e.g., a small sticker) on the hardware or media that the hardware or media contains or likely contains electronic protected health information that must be sanitized prior to disposal;

2. Additional Steps. The Security Official shall take the following additional steps to help ensure that electronic

- □ Require that all disposals of hardware or media containing or likely containing electronic protected health information must be approved by the Security Official;
- X Require that the following general types of hardware and media be sanitized in the following ways prior to disposal, or be destroyed in a manner so that electronic protected health information will no longer be accessible:
 - X Disks Reformatted
 - X CD-ROMs Destroyed
 - X Personal Computers, laptops <u>Hard drives are reformatted</u>
 - X Servers Reformatted
- X The Security Official will audit and update Form 5, Information System Activity Review, every 6 months to verify whether any hardware or media has been added and to verify that previously reported hardware and media remain; and / or

SECTION C: Procedure for Re-Use.

1. Identify Re-Useable Devices. In Form 5, Information System Activity Review, the Security Official determined where electronic protected health information was stored or maintained, either in physical form (e.g., a disk or CD-ROM) or electronic form (e.g., a computer's hard drive). The Security Official should identify whether all or some of the hardware and media may be re-used:
X All hardware and media may be re-used;
Only the following hardware and media may be re-used:
 Notification to Workforce Members. All provider workforce members will be notified that the devices described above may be re-used to store electronic protected health information subject to these procedures. Proper Method of Sanitizing Hardware and Media. The method for sanitizing electronic protected health information from the hardware and media described above is:
□ See #2 above.
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: Ulanea G. Trulger
Date: April 20, 2005

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER ACCOUNTABILITY AND DATA BACKUP AND STORAGE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Accountability and Data Backup and Storage Implementation Specifications. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to each chosen Specification.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Accountability and Data Backup and Storage

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Accountability—Consider whether to maintain a record of hardware and electronic media and any person responsible for those items.
- Data Backup and Storage—Consider whether the provider should be able to create a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Accountability and Data Backup and Storage Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

Accountability DI and DM J' DIT' 1	
Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Data Backup and Storage □ Low □ Mediur	m □ High
Explanation of analysis:	ancarpagnes and object of the self-sense and sense and s
	C All equipments
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of imple	ementing procedures addressing each Implementation
Specification:	
Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High	
	n □ High
Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High	n □ High
 Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High Data Backup and Storage □ Low □ Medium 	n □ High

Accountability Low Medium High

- 1	xplanation of analysis:
4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
	Accountability Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
•	Data Backup and Storage Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Ex	rplanation of analysis:
	Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the ving Implementation Specifications:
X	Accountability
X	Data Backup and Storage
•	be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
ficia	Accountability. The health care provider's policy is to maintain a record of hardware and electronic media by person responsible for those items. The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the The Security Official will update Attachment A as necessary.
ficial ficial field in the second in the sec	by person responsible for those items. The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the
ficial . T	The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the The Security Official will update Attachment A as necessary. Data Backup and Storage. The health care provider's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of
ficial . T	Data Backup and Storage. The health care provider's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of ment. This will apply to the following equipment:
ficial ficial field in the second sec	ny person responsible for those items. The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the The Security Official will update Attachment A as necessary. Data Backup and Storage. The health care provider's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of ment. This will apply to the following equipment: All equipment;
ficial ficial field in the second sec	The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the The Security Official will update Attachment A as necessary. Data Backup and Storage. The health care provider's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of ment. This will apply to the following equipment: All equipment; X Servers and other large hardware;
ficial ficial field in the second sec	The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the The Security Official will update Attachment A as necessary. Data Backup and Storage. The health care provider's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of ment. This will apply to the following equipment: All equipment; Servers and other large hardware; Desktop computers;
ficial attention of the state o	ny person responsible for those items. The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security all will use Attachment A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the The Security Official will update Attachment A as necessary. Data Backup and Storage. The health care provider's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of ment. This will apply to the following equipment: All equipment; X Servers and other large hardware; Desktop computers; Laptop computers; Other portable devices including [Describe]

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

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	-
Cost, Benefit and Feasib above, as they apply to the alterna considered.	pility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standard ative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ I	High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium [□ High
Feasibility ☐ Feasible and No	ot Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:	
3. Policy. Based on the above	we, the health care provider \(\sum \) will \(\sum \) will not enact the alternative measures
discussed above. If selected, that	policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that base language off Section A(5), al	bove.]
discussed above. If selected, that	bove.]

Version 1, 09/04

ATTACHMENT A

Description of Hardware and / or Electronic Media	Responsible Person	Date Responsibility Assigned
Intel Server (QSI, Indian Health Service)	MIS	en to management meet to
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AS-400	MIS	
ment someon avet minu eleption?	League ficadordo many, comeson se	na mada ad sa vigua vada e
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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER UNIQUE USER IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY ACCESS PROCEDURE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for (1) assigning a unique name and / or number for identifying and tracking user identity; and (2) establishing (and implementing as needed) procedures for obtaining necessary electronic protected health information during an emergency.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will have a procedure for (1) assigning a unique name and / or number for identifying and tracking user identity; and (2) obtaining necessary electronic protected health information during an emergency.

SECTION B: Procedure for Assigning Unique Name and / or Number

- 1. Review of Current Software. The Security Official will determine whether the health care provider's current software automatically assigns a unique name and / or number for identifying and tracking user identity.
 - 2. Action Based on Review. The Security Official believes that the health care provider's current software is adequate and satisfies this requirement

SECTION C: Obtaining Necessary Electronic Protected Health Information During Emergency.

- 1. Providing Temporary, Emergency Access. The Security Official implements the following technical procedures for allowing temporary access to electronic protected health information to an approved user during an emergency:
 - X Relying on current software capabilities to allow temporary, emergency access (e.g., have a current procedure providing for a temporary password);
- 2. Termination of Temporary Access. Temporary, emergency access provided pursuant to Section C(1) shall be terminated immediately if the Security Official determines that the access has resulted in misuse of electronic protected health information. Temporary, emergency access provided pursuant to Section C(1) shall be terminated as soon as the emergency access is no longer needed. This is determined and occurs:
 - □ Automatically by software (e.g., terminates after one day) {Note: automatic termination must occur quickly, or there is a risk that user will have access that is not "temporary" or not related to the "emergency"};

Luge

X By software upon direction from Security Official.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature:

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER AUTOMATIC LOGOFF AND ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Automatic Logoff and Encryption and Decryption Implementation Specifications. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to each chosen Specification.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Automatic Logoff and Encryption and Decryption

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Automatic Logoff—Consider whether to implement electronic procedures that terminate an electronic session after a predetermined time of inactivity.
- Encryption and Decryption—Consider whether to implement a mechanism to encrypt and decrypt electronic
 protected health information.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Automatic Logoff and Encryption and Decryption Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health care provider does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation Specification:
Automatic Logoff □ Low □ Medium □ High
• Encryption and Decryption □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation Specification:
Automatic Logoff □ Low □ Medium □ High
Encryption and Decryption □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:

Automatic Logoff □ Low □ Medium □ High

Ex	Encryption and Decryption Low Medium High
4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
•	Automatic Logoff ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
•	Encryption and Decryption Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Ex	xplanation of analysis:
	ware to my energione, both or some of their implementation Specifications:
	Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider X will \square will not adopt a policy and procedure ling the following Implementation Specifications:
X	Automatic Logoff
X	Encryption and Decryption
	ollowing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
an ele	Automatic Logoff. The health care provider's policy is to implement electronic procedures that terminate ctronic session after 2 minutes on PC, 5 minutes on AS-400 This will be accomplished by:
X	Using the following, existing software: Windows password protected screen savers ;
	Purchasing and using the following software:;
	Purchasing and using the following software:;
	Purchasing and using the following software:;
ested	Purchasing and using the following software:; Designing custom software to accomplish the purpose; and / or; e software will be tested when it is initially installed to ensure it functions properly. The software will be
ested	Purchasing and using the following software:
ested • decryp	Purchasing and using the following software:; Designing custom software to accomplish the purpose; and / or
ested • lecryp X	Purchasing and using the following software:

The software will be tested when it is initially installed to ensure it functions properly. The software will be tested on an as-needed basis thereafter.

	nearm care provider will encrypt electronic protected health information:
X	When transmitted electronically (e.g., email); and / or
	When stored electronically (e.g., on a computer's hard drive) \square at all locations or \square at the following locations:
SECTI	ON B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected
procedu	aplete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and are regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation cation that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).
procedu	Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and are was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider red to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:
consider	s they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were red. □ Low □ Medium □ High
Bene	rfit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feas	ibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Expl	anation of analysis:
3. l	Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures d above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows:
Name of	Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature	: Ulaboria B. Krieger
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Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER AUDIT CONTROLS

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health care provider to implement hardware, software and / or procedural mechanisms that record and examine activity in information systems that contain or use electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will implement hardware, software and / or procedural mechanisms that record and examine activity in information systems that contain or use electronic protected health information.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Identification of Audit Control Features. The Security Official will identify audit control features of the health care provider's existing software that can help determine which users have accessed electronic protected health information. This is as follows: Access is controlled by menu options, application controls for authorization levels, identity of last user to update file in Encore, and lab has full audit trail.
- 2. Determination of Needed Audit Controls. The Security Official has determined that:
 - X The audit controls identified above are sufficient; or
 - ☐ The audit controls identified above are not sufficient. Additional audit controls will be implemented: _____
- 3. Implementation of Audit Controls. The Security Official will implement the audit controls identified above.
- 4. Testing of Audit Controls. The Security Official will test the audit controls when initially implemented to determine their functionality. The Security Official will re-test the audit controls on an as-needed basis.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: 7/10

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER

MECHANISM TO AUTHENTICATE ELECTRONIC PROTECTED HEALTH INFOMRATION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement electronic mechanisms to corroborate that electronic protected health information has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Mechanisms to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information

The Security Official must determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to implement the Mechanisms to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information Implementation Specification. This Specification requires the health care provider to decide whether to implement electronic mechanisms to corroborate that electronic protected health information has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner.

The Security Official will determine whether this Implementation Specification is reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Implementation Specification, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

Implementation Specification:	
□ Low □ Medium □ High	
Explanation of analysis:	
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing the Implementation Specification:	d su
□ Low □ Medium □ High	
Explanation of analysis:	Liefes
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for the Implementation Specification:	neg is be
□ Low □ Medium □ High	
Explanation of analysis:	
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for the Implementation Specification	: 1 =

Explanation of analysis:	TH CLYME	THERE ALL AND A	2017 1013	10
	E ELECTRONI	FADITVIALET UAT	OTHERA	MECE
5. Policy. Based on the all regarding the Mechanism to Au All actions shall be performed by	thenticate Electronic by the Security Offici	Protected Health Informal (unless otherwise no	rmation Implemented) as soon as a	entation Specification. reasonably possible.
The health care provider's p health information has not been this by:	olicy is to implement altered or destroyed	t electronic mechanism in an unauthorized ma	ns to corroborate nner. The health	that electronic protected h care provider will do
X Using existing med authorization levels, ide	chanisms: Access is contification of last use	controlled by available or to update file and lab	menu options, a package offers	pplication controls for full audit trail.
☐ Obtaining addition	al mechanisms:	yayış bas əldəməkə ə		estab bases las attici ginosas.
The Security Official will m needed basis to ensure that the	onitor these mechani provider continues to	sms, and new mechani maintain appropriate	sms that become electronic mecha	e available, on an as- nisms.
SECTION B: Alternatives if	Implementation Spe	ecification Not Selecte	ed	
Complete this Section B onl procedure regarding the Implem			provider chose n	ot to enact a policy and
1. Description of Alterna procedure was appropriate or no considered to achieve the same	ecessary, describe alt	ernative measures, if a	ny, that the heal	th care provider
2. Cost, Benefit and Feas above, as they apply to the alter		ve Measures. Conside	r the cost, benef	it and feasibility standards
Cost □ Low □ Medium □	∃High	pro grander to pro-		ev : controlled
Benefit □ Low □ Medium	n □ High			
Feasibility Feasible and	Not Difficult 🗆 Feas	sible but Difficult 🗆 N	Not Feasible	
Explanation of analysis:			l .	
3. Policy. Based on the aldiscussed above. If selected, the	bove, the health care nat policy and proced	provider □ will □ wi ure is as follows:	ill not enact the	alternative measures
Name of Security Official: Vic	toria L. Krueger		10	Low L. Medians L. Hugh
Signature: [][EDOW	2 4.DU	Uglo		apreligate in morranties
Date: April 20, 2005				
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ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER PERSON OR ENTITY AUTHENTICATION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health care provider to verify that a person or entity seeking access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health care provider that the provider will verify that a person or entity seeking access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Identification of Ways of Accessing Electronic Protected Health Information. In Form 5, Information System Activity Review, the health care provider previously identified where electronic protected health information is stored in physical form (e.g., disks and CD-ROMs) and in electronic form (e.g., on servers' hard drives). The Security Official will review Form 5, Information System Activity Review, when completing this form.
- 2. Methods of Ensuring Person or Entity Authentication. The health care provider adopts the following methods of ensuring that the person or entity accessing or requesting access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed:

X	Pr	hysical Form:
		Passwords;
		Tokens;
		Biometric methods:
		Personal identification number ("PIN"); and/or
	X	Identification cards
X	Elec	ctronic Form:
	X	Passwords;
		Tokens;
		Biometric methods: [Describe; e.g., fingerprint recognition];
		Personal identification number ("PIN"); and / or

3. Different Methods Depending on Access. If different methods of authentication exist depending on the method of access (e.g., password is used for remote access when person connects through computer at home; fingerprint

	ectronic protected health information at health care provider's facilities) describe
Name of Security Official: Victoria	ı L. Krueger
Signature: (MOONO O	7. Cruger
Date: April 20, 2005	
Version 1, 09/04	to proceed to this sea of case of the user that the proceeder will verify that a person of a
T:\clienta\045146\0001\A0960628.1	
1.10101121043140100011110900020.1	
	ealthrances of 20 age of Account Rhedronic scattered Health Information of Activity services for confliction provides provided where electronic electronic form in a decimal a classronic form in age or se
	ethods of Enam ing Person or I attry Antheatication. The Fiblia care provides do of engages feet the remon or many excessing corresposating access to observe in amon to the one observed. The great frame.
	D. Red Constitute Company (1918) was not included in the Section of the Section o
	perstall D
	Personal identification encloses ("PIP"); estimated families [2]

ONEIDA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER ... INTEGRITY CONTROLS AND ENCRYPTION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health care provider's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Integrity Controls and Encryption Implementation Specifications. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to each chosen Specification.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Integrity Controls and Encryption

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Integrity Controls—Implement security measures to ensure that electronically transmitted electronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of.
- Encryption—Implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health information whenever deemed appropriate.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Integrity Controls and Encryption Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

Integrity Controls □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Encryption □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Explanation of analysis:	
ecification:	
Integrity Controls □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Integrity Controls □ Low □ Medium □ High Encryption □ Low □ Medium □ High	
or hard sum almowednes have a CCC mean drive and a minute m	Case by Care Barbor, as POR by creaticeness Date from more FRES were called a point to point person a province. Investo I if you's construent and any

Integrity Controls Low Medium High

Encryption Low Medium High

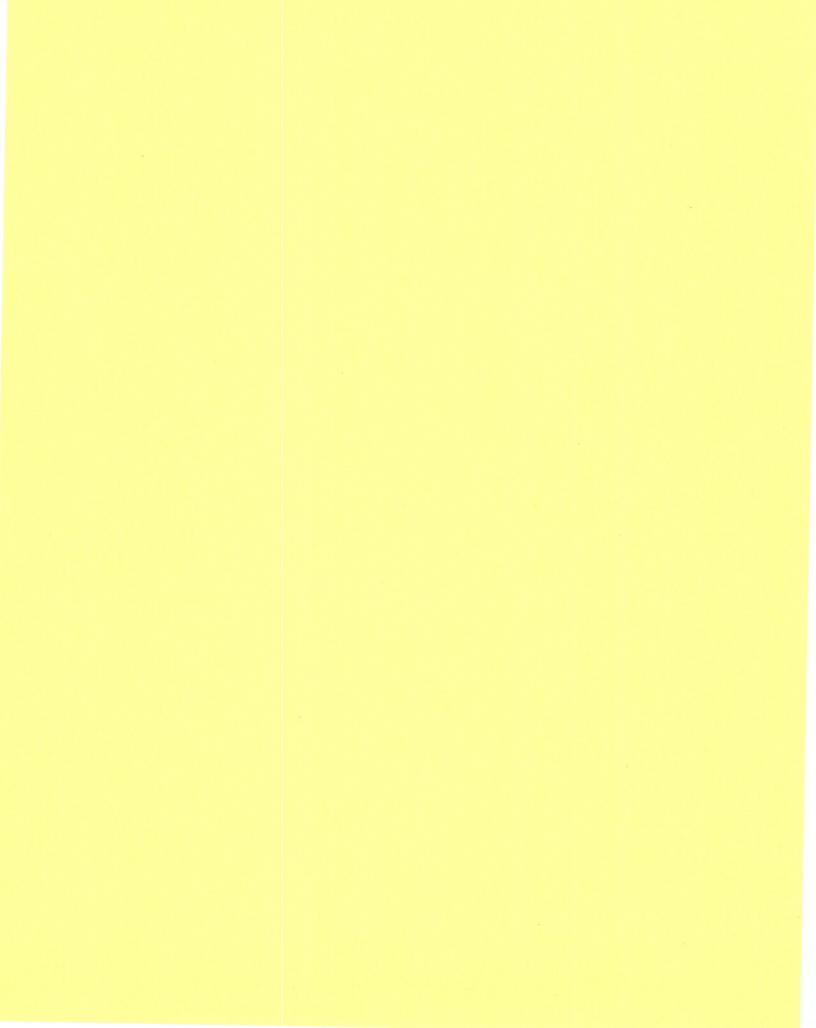
 4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a Integrity Controls □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible Encryption □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Explanation of analysis: 	ble but Difficult □ Not Feasible
 Integrity Controls □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible Encryption □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but 	ble but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Encryption □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but	
	Difficult Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:	
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider regarding the following Implementation Specifications:	will □ will not adopt a policy and procedure
X Integrity Controls	
X Encryption	
The following policies and procedures shall be used for each sele shall be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise note	
• Integrity Controls. The health care provider's policy is electronically transmitted electronic protected health information disposed of. This will be accomplished by: <u>Using existing softwo</u>	is not improperly modified without detection until
 Encryption. The health care provider's policy is to implehealth information when appropriate. The following situations are electronic protected health information: 	
X Transmissions to other health care providers;	
X Transmissions to business associates (e.g., peer review	w consultant or attorney);
This will occur by the following methods:	
X Automatically: Groupwise has proprietary encryption	<u>1</u>
X Case-by-Case Basis: <u>Use PGP for e-mail corresponded</u>	ence as required; and / or
X Data from most EPHI systems is a point to point transcreate a private "tunnel." If such transmissions are internal.	

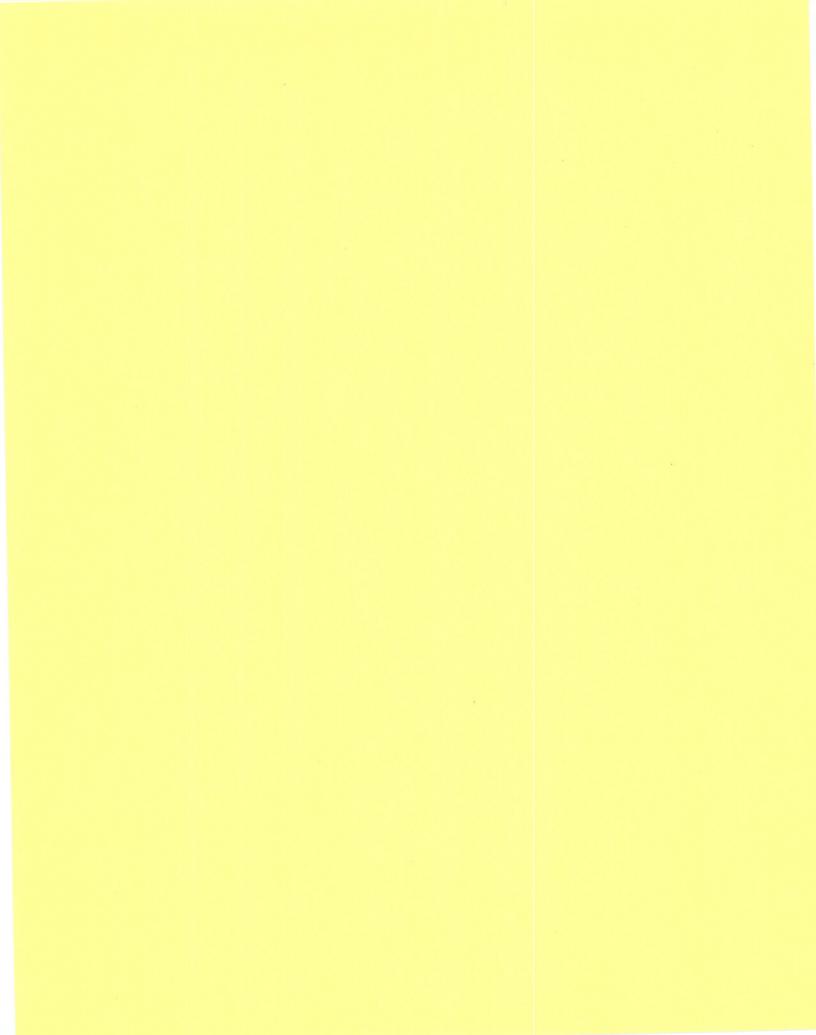
SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:

2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were considered.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base language off Section A(5), above.]
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: //Corla A. Lilled
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 09/04
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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN · SECURITY OFFICIAL DESIGNATION



Purpose: This Form is used to designate the health plan's Security Official.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

After careful consideration, the Oneida Health Care Benefit Plan determined that it would be prudent to select Victoria L. Krueger as the interim Security Official of the Oneida Health Care Benefit Plan (the "Plan"). The Security Official, working in conjunction with the Oneida HIPAA Security Committee, will be responsible for developing and implementing policies and procedures to ensure the confidentiality, integrity and availability of all electronic protected health information created, received, maintained or transmitted by the Plan. This designation is effective April 20, 2005 and shall continue indefinitely until modified by the fiduciaries of the Plan.

Unless otherwise specified in any policy and procedure, the Security Official shall: (1) take all actions required of the Plan to comply with the Security Rule of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; (2) have authority and responsibility to adopt a policy and / or procedure and complete any related forms; (3) have authority to modify a policy and / or procedure and any related forms; (4) have responsibility to retain all policies, procedures, forms, documents and training materials as required by the Security Rule; and (5) periodically review and update all relevant policies, procedures, forms, documents and training materials as needed, in response to environmental or operational changes affecting the security of electronic protected health information.

The Security Official is authorized to create and supervise a Security Committee to assist in carrying out these responsibilities.

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN RISK ANALYSIS

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to help conduct a risk analysis of the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the health plan's electronic protected health information. The risk analysis includes electronic protected health information both when it is in transit (for example, sent via email from one entity to another) and at rest (for example, stored on a computer disk).

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Identifying Individuals Involved in Routine Transmissions and Routine Storage.

The following is a list of the health plan's workforce members who routinely transmit or store electronic protected health information. The list includes employees of the plan sponsor who are allowed access to electronic protected health information pursuant to HIPAA's plan amendment requirements.

- 1. Name / Position. Computer Operations and Programming
- 2. Name / Position. PC Support, Network Administration
- 3. Name / Position. Benefit Director
- 4. Name / Position. Insurance Specialist/Clerk 1, Clerk 2, Clerk 3.
- 5. Name / Position. Risk Manager
- 6. Name / Position. Risk Management Analyst
- 7. Name / Position. Chief Financial Officer

Note: Attach additional pages as necessary.

SECTION B: Identifying Routine Transmissions of Electronic Protected Health Information.

The individuals identified in Section A routinely transmit electronic protected health information to the following individuals or entities, as applicable. The risk associated with each transmission is also considered. The risk consists of:

- (1) Confidentiality Risk Whether the information is made available or disclosed to unauthorized persons or processes;
 - (2) Integrity Risk Whether the information has been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner;
- (3) Availability Risk Whether the information is not accessible and not useable upon demand by an authorized person.
- 1. Wausau Benefits Enrollment Representative, Group Manager, Flex Manager

Confidentiality	Risk X Low	✓ □ Medium	☐ High

Explanation of analysis: <u>Transmission is sent to specific individuals</u>, not entire staff. <u>HIPAA Business Associate Agreements</u>.

*	Integrity Risk X Low Medium High
	Explanation of analysis: <u>Transmitting to secure site</u> . We receive confirmation of successful transmission.
	Availability Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis:
2.	Metlife- Short Term Disability Claim Representative
	Confidentiality Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
secu	Explanation of analysis: <u>Claim numbers are used rather than social security numbers</u> . <u>Emails are sent are red.</u>
	Integrity Risk X Low Medium High
	Explanation of analysis: <u>Transmission is made to a secure site.</u>
	Availability Risk Low Medium High
	Explanation of analysis:
3.	Mortenson, Matzelle and Meldrum, Broker
	Confidentiality Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis: Data sent or received is via secured e-mail.
	Integrity Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: Passwords and access are restricted.
	Availability Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	The state of the s
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High

	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk Low Medium High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
6.	dell School Strong of the second strong stro
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
7.	* PORTS HORATIC ON TO COMPANY
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
Note:	Attach additional pages as necessary.
SECT	TON C: Identify Routine Storage of Electronic Protected Health Information.
Electr	onic protected health information is routinely stored in the following manner and locations:
1. <u>AS</u>	/400 databases and Norbert Hill Center.
	Confidentiality Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: Secured area at NHC. Off site storage and ARMS.
	Integrity Risk X Low
	Explanation of analysis: Daily backup with proven backup technology.

	Availability Risk X Low Medium High
	Explanation of analysis: Access to backup data available on 24 hour basis.
2. <u>B</u>	ackup Tapes
	Confidentiality Risk X Low ☐ Medium ☐ High
	Explanation of analysis: Data cannot be altered.
	Integrity Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis: <u>Tapes are stored in a secure location.</u>
	Availability Risk X Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis: Tapes are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
3	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk Low Medium High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
4	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
5	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk Low Medium High

	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
6	
	Confidentiality Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Integrity Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
	Availability Risk □ Low □ Medium □ High
	Explanation of analysis:
Note:	Attach additional pages as necessary.
	TION D: Policy Regarding Non-Routine Transmission and Storage of Electronic Protected Health mation.
other Offici	the policy of the health plan that transmission and storage of electronic protected health information in a manner than that identified above will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the Security Official. The Security all will consider, in each situation, the confidentiality risk, integrity risk and availability risk for each non-e transmission and storage.
	of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger ture: Michael H. Linger
Date:	April 20, 2005
Verei	on 1, 09/04
A CT 210	DI 1, 07/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN SANCTION POLICY

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a sanction policy for the health plan's workforce, in the event the workforce violates the plan's policies and procedures regarding the security of electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan's workforce, shall comply with the plan's policies and procedures relating to the security of electronic protected health information. Appropriate disciplinary procedures, up to and including termination of employment, will be imposed upon workforce members violating this policy.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. The Security Official will work with the appropriate Supervisor and the Human Resources Department to determine an appropriate sanction consistent with the requirements of the Oneida Personnel Policies and Procedures. Sanctions can include verbal warnings, written warnings, suspension of employment, termination of employment or other appropriate actions.
- 2. The Security Official shall review and update this Sanction Policy as needed.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: UCUNION, NUC

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN INFORMATION SYSTEM ACTIVITY REVIEW

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy for the health plan to help ensure that the health plan regularly reviews information system activity relating to electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will regularly review records of information system activity. The health plan will do so in order to determine "internal" access from within the health plan's workforce relating to: (1) what electronic protected health information is accessed; (2) who accessed the electronic protected health information; and (3) whether the access was proper.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Physical Access. The Security Official has determined that electronic protected health information in physical form (such as storage on a disk, CD-ROM or DVD) is located at the following locations:
 - i. Norbert Hill Center (Secured area with proximity cards).
 - ii. Oneida Community Health Center (Servers in locked room).
 - iii. Social Services (Servers in locked room).
 - iv. ARMS (Off site storage vault).
 - Casino (Server in secured area).

The health plan establishes the following procedure for determining whether an individual has accessed this electronic protected health information stored in physical form: Access to these areas is restricted and tracked by electronic access badge or manual sign in.

- 2. Electronic Access. The Security Official has determined that electronic protected health information in electronic form (such as storage on a computer's hard drive) is located at the following locations:
- i. Data is stored on Central AS/400 Server or Intel Server. All access to these servers requires authentication to the Network and authorization to any application data base.

The health plan establishes the following procedure for determining whether an individual has accessed this electronic protected health information stored in electronic form:

The application software tracks who has modified the data. Access to the data is only provided to those individuals requiring access to perform their job duties.

Note: Attach additional pages as necessary.

 Frequency of Review. The Security Official will conduct an information system activity review every 6months. 4. Use of Information. The Security Official shall use the information gathered in the review to determine whether electronic protected health information was accessed by an internal user, who accessed the information and whether the access was proper.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature:

Date: <u>April 20, 2005</u> Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN AUTHORIZATION AND/OR SUPERVISION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy for the health plan to document whether the plan must have a procedure regarding the authorization and/or supervision of workforce members who will access electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Authorization and Policy Regarding Authorization.

In Form 3, Risk Analysis, the health plan determined which workforce members typically would need access to electronic protected health information. The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to pre-authorize or pre-screen workforce members before allowing them access to electronic protected health information. In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: Low Medium x High			
Explanation of analysis:			
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of the health plan pre-authorizing or pre-screening a workformember as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the			
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of the health plan pre-authorizing or pre-screening a workformember as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information; y Lovy Addium A High			

Explanation of analysis: Background checks are a part of the standard hiring process.

3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of the health plan pre-authorizing or pre-screening a workforce member as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information:

Low
Medium x High

Explanation of analysis: Background checks will detect prior criminal activity.

4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of the health plan pre-authorizing or pre-screening a workforce member as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: x Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible

Explanation of analysis: See 2 above.

5. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health plan that the Security Official acting through the Human Resources Department *will* pre-authorize or pre-screen workforce members as being trustworthy to obtain electronic protected health information and being able to follow the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information. This is part of the background check process.

SECTION B: Determination of Need for Supervision and Policy Regarding Supervision.

The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to supervise workforce members who access electronic protected health information. In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

	Risk. Rate the risk that if the health plan does not supervise a workforce member, the workforce member plate the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: Low x Medium h
	planation of analysis: Risk is medium. Background checks should screen out those individuals who would busly violate security policies and procedures.
	Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of supervising all workforce members to ensure that the member will the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: x Low ☐ Medium ☐
Ex	planation of analysis: Such supervision falls within established chain of command.
	Benefit . Determine or estimate the benefit of supervising all workforce members to ensure that the member low the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: □ Low x Medium
Ex	lanation of analysis: Supervision will ensure compliance with security policies and procedures.
follow	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of supervising all workforce members to ensure that the members the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic protected health information: x Feasible and Not lt □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Ex	lanation of analysis: See (2) above.
all wor	Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health plan that the applicable Supervisor <i>will</i> supervise aforce members to ensure that the members follow the plan's policies and procedures regarding electronic and health information.
SECT	ON C: Alternatives if No Authorization or Supervision is Selected
Co	
authori	replete this Section C only if, pursuant to Sections A or B, the health plan chose not to enact a policy regarding retain and/or supervision. If a policy was enacted regarding one or the other (for example, a policy was regarding authorization but not supervision) complete this Section C only for the item not enacted (in this e, supervision).
authorienacted examp. 1. and/or	zation and/or supervision. If a policy was enacted regarding one or the other (for example, a policy was regarding authorization but not supervision) complete this Section C only for the item not enacted (in this
authorienacted examp 1. and/or achieved 2. above,	exation and/or supervision. If a policy was enacted regarding one or the other (for example, a policy was regarding authorization but not supervision) complete this Section C only for the item not enacted (in this e, supervision). Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Sections A and/or B that no authorization supervision was reasonable and appropriate, describe alternative measures the health plan considered to
authorienacted examp 1. and/or achieved 2. above, additio	cation and/or supervision. If a policy was enacted regarding one or the other (for example, a policy was regarding authorization but not supervision) complete this Section C only for the item not enacted (in this e, supervision). Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Sections A and/or B that no authorization supervision was reasonable and appropriate, describe alternative measures the health plan considered to the same goals of the Authorization and/or Supervision Implementation Standard: Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach
authori enacted examp 1. and/or achieve 2. above, additio	cation and/or supervision. If a policy was enacted regarding one or the other (for example, a policy was regarding authorization but not supervision) complete this Section C only for the item not enacted (in this e, supervision). Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Sections A and/or B that no authorization supervision was reasonable and appropriate, describe alternative measures the health plan considered to the same goals of the Authorization and/or Supervision Implementation Standard: Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach and pages as necessary and indicate which alternative measure(s) were selected:
authorienacted examp 1. and/or achieved 2. above, addition Cost	Low Medium High

3. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health plan that the Security Official \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discussed and selected above.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature:

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN WORKFORCE CLEARANCE PROCEDURE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document whether the plan must have a procedure regarding the appropriateness of a workforce member's access to electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Workforce Clearance Procedure.

In Form 3, Risk Analysis, the health plan determined which workforce members typically would need access to electronic protected health information. The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to have a procedure in place to verify whether it is appropriate for a workforce member to access all or some electronic protected health information. (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented a Workforce Clearance Procedure, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).) In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

Explanation of analysis:	
	S. C. Leve 12 Medium D (treft
	mate the cost of implementing a procedure to determine whether a particular ll or some electronic protected health information: Low Medium High
Explanation of analysis:	
particular workforce member ma	
particular workforce member ma ☐ High	
particular workforce member ma ☐ High Explanation of analysis: 4. Feasibility. Determine the	he feasibility of the health plan implementing a procedure to determine whether a y access all or some electronic protected health information: Feasible and Not
particular workforce member ma High Explanation of analysis: 4. Feasibility. Determine the particular workforce member management.	he feasibility of the health plan implementing a procedure to determine whether a y access all or some electronic protected health information: Feasible and Not

SECTION B: Alternatives if No Workforce Clearance Procedure is Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy to determine whether a particular workforce member may access all or some electronic protected health information.

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve the same goals of the
Workforce Clearance Implementation Specification:
At the control bear his manufacture, and the second process of the control of the
their electric test of the street of the street of their war freeds to determine whether it is become ble and
to the electrical abstracts and observe 4 for altergeneral as it and conveying to a social at analysis of a social or using
bot significant at a project stored about a facility proposed add 20 and a facility for every appropria
2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach additional pages as necessary and indicate which alternative measure(s) were selected:
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, it is the policy of the health plan that the Security Official □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed relating to whether a particular workforce member may have access to electronic protected health information.
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: Medica the Cruege
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 10/04
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STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE TO REQUEST USER ID's

Assigning User ID's for training and production purposes for the ENCORE System will be run through the HIS Trainer for the component to be trained in.

HIS Trainer will fill out RFS and forward to appropriate MIS Staff, approximately 3-4 days prior to training session for assignment of User ID's.

These User ID's will be given to the employee at their scheduled training session. At this training, the employee will learn to sign-on to both training and production modules.

If employee does not attend a formal training session, employee will not have access to ENCORE System and no User ID will be assigned.

Approved by Steering Committee April 5, 2001

c OCHC Supervisors/Directors SSB Supervisors/Directos

Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin

Project No. Assigned

MIS Request for Services

Request Date: March 3, 2005 Requester: Supervisor's Name Dept: Department Bldg: OCHC Phone / Ext#: 869-2711 MIS Category (type an "X" to the left of all that apply) AS / 400 PC/LAN/WAN RS / 6000 Telecommunications Request Type (type an "X" to the left of all that apply) Modification New Software Acquisition Relocation Installation Problem Computer Account Information User Setup/System Access * X Other: . Disconnection and Disablement of User Full Time Temporary (LTE, ET, Intern) ** Termination Date (MM/DD/YY) Other (Please Explain) Request: Please disable (employees name), (job title of employee) @ OCHC from the network, groupwise, internet, and from the AS400 sessions. Why Required / Expected Benefit: Will no longer be working at OCHC as of (termination/leave date). Impact on other areas (if any): Protect Data Integrity and for Tribal Security and Confidentiality Controls Requested Completion Date (MUST HAVE A DATE HERE FOR MIS TO ROUTE YOUR REQUEST): GIVE AT LEAST A WEEK'S NOTICE IF POSSIBLE User Setup/System Access requires user has read Computer Resources Ordinance and has a signed acknowledgment form on file at HRD. Supervisor initial this is completed. Date Signed (MM/DD/YY)

^{**} Supervisors must complete an RFS to terminate system access rights.

Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin

Project No. Assigned

MIS Request for Services

			Request Date:	Ividion 3, 2003
Requeste	er: Supervisor's Nan	ne	Dept: Departme	nt
Bldg:	OCEC		Phone / Ext#:	869-2711
MIS Cat	egory (type an "X" to the left o	f all that apply)		
X PC	LAN/WAN	X AS / 400	X RS/6000	X Telecommunications
Request '	Type (type an "X" to the left of	all that apply)		
- î	diffication	New Software	Relocation	Acquisition
Insta	allation	Problem	Computer	Account Information
X User	r Setup/System Access *		Other:	
X	Full Time			
	Temporary (LTE, ET, Intern)	**	Termination Date (MM	I/DD/YY)
	Other (Please Explain)	./		
Request:				
access as 2. Please 3. Please 4. Please 5. Please	(current user name of for pro include all G drive access to m set up AS400/PASS access for set up (employee name) the ph	file set-up by operations atch that of (current user (employee name) to mate one with extension 4940 and for (employee name)). r name of for profile ser ch the other Community as and set up access to vo	Health Nurses.
Why Req	uired / Expected Benefit:			
Needed in	order to complete job duties.			
Impact or	other areas (if any):			
New empl	oyee			
Requested	d Completion Date (MUST HAV	E A DATE HERE FOR MI	S TO ROUTE YOUR REQU	UEST):
GIVE AT	LEAST A WEEK'S NOTICE	E		
* U	ser Setup/System Access requirem on file at HRD.	es user has read Compute	er Resources Ordinance a	nd has a signed acknowledgment
3	Supervisor initial this is	completed.	3-3-2005 Date	Signed (MM/DD/YY)

Supervisors must complete an RFS to terminate system access rights.

ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN TERMINATION PROCEDURES

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document whether the plan must have a procedure regarding the termination of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Termination Procedure.

In Form 3, Risk Analysis, the health plan determined which workforce members typically would need access to electronic protected health information. The Security Official now needs to determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to establish an access termination procedure for when a workforce member terminates employment or when it is reasonably required under the Workforce Clearance Procedure Implementation Specification. (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented a Termination Procedure, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).) In order to do so, the Security Official considers the following:

 Risk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
Dascription of Asternatives is the busineplan intercent under Section A difference and procuring programme programme and programme and programme and the control of the con
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing a procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: \Box Low \Box Medium \Box High
Explanation of analysis:
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information: ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan X will \square will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health information. If

selected, the policy and procedure is as follows:

electro The Se	is the policy of the health plan that the health plan will take reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that nic protected health information is not accessed by workforce members who have terminated employment. It is courity Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy is implemented. These steps include the ling, all to be taken as soon as reasonably possible [Select applicable steps and/or add additional steps]:
	Determining what electronic protected health information the person had access to, in order to determine what the person may have retained or may still be able to access;
X	Requiring the return of all keys that can lead to access of electronic protected health information;
X	Turning off card keys or other electronic equivalents;
X	Requiring the return of laptops and other electronic media, such as computer disks, CD-ROMs and DVDs;
X	Removing the person as an authorized user; and/or
X	Contact applicable insurance companies to remove terminated employees access to secure websites.
SECT	ION B: Alternatives if No Termination Procedure is Selected
Cor regardi informa	mplete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure ng the termination of employment of a workforce member who had access to electronic protected health ation.
was ap	Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and procedure propriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve the oals of the Termination Procedure Implementation Specification:
	ReneW. Deterrops as accusate the bowers of replacements a piece time reporting the terrainal on all
	Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards as they apply to the alternative measures. If more than one alternative measure was proposed attach nal pages as necessary and indicate which alternative measure(s) were selected:
Cos	t □ Low □ Medium □ High
Ben	efit 🗆 Low 🗆 Medium 🗆 High
Fear	sibility Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Exp	lanation of analysis:
	Policy. Based on the above, health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. ted, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base language off A(5), above.]

Name of S	ecurity Official:	Victoria L.	Krueger	
Signature:	Victor	ia 9)	. Ew	ege

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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Hiring Department; Employee Separations

When an employee separates employment, it is extremely important that the Separation Report is sent by the supervisor to the Human Resource Department Representative immediately.

The Document has several purposes which benefit the employee, supervisor, and the organization:

- It immediately stops the employee's benefits at Midnight of the date of separation.
- Employee Insurance Department will send information regarding COBRA to offer continuing employee medical coverage.
- It immediately stops all Payoll Deductions.
- Payroll, upon receiving the separation date, will payout all vacation and personal time to the employee.
- HRD will have the correct Workforce Levels for Reporting Purposes to Department Managers and external agencies as required by law.

Asas	supervisor, you need to do more than just send the Separation Form to HR	D, here's a
checkl	ist to help you remember to:	×
	Notify MIS to revoke all PC access.	
	Collect Tribal property, such as; keys, Kronos badge, cell phone, laptop,	PDA, etc

Please send Separations to Your HR Representatives by Division:

Gaming Division: Terry Skenandore or Marilyn Jourdan

Governmental Services, Development Division, Enterprise Division and Compliance Division: Lisa Hock or Wanita DeCorah

Internal Services Division, Land Management Division, Transit, Oneida Police Department, Non-Divisional Departments, Boards, Committees, Commissions: Lisa Duff

HRD Telephone Number: 496-7900

SEPARATION SECURITY FORM

Form #HRI	D203 SEFARATION SEC	
Emj	ployee's Name:	Employee Number:
Emj	ployee's Department:	Employee's Division:
Emp	ployee's Separation Date:	Employee's Title:
Sup	ervisor's Name:	Supervisor's Title:
sep	ted below are Tribal items which must arating from employment. If the emplo ase write N/A for not applicable.	
	Francisco Dadas	
a.	Employee Badge	a
b.	Desk Keys	b
С.	Door Keys	C
d.	Security Access/Code	d
e.	Beeper	e
f.	Cell Phone	f
g.	Lap Top Computer	g
h.	Tribal Documents taken Home	h
i.	Uniforms	i.
Sup	ervisor must follow through with the i	tems listed below, as applicable:
ITEM		DATE COMPLETED
1.	Contact the Kronos Administrator to have employee removed from Kronos	1.
2.	Contact MIS to have the employee removed from GroupWise, Infinium, and computer acc	2
3.	Schedule appointment for return of items liste as Employee Property.	ed 3

ITEM	Employee ManSar	DATE COMPLETED
4.	Complete the Separation Report and/or the Disciplinary Form and send to HRD for the Employee to be paid our vacation/personal time.	3.
5.	Contact Accounting to remove all sign-off Authority.	4.
6.	Contact Building Administrator to remove Building Security codes, eye dots, etc.	5
7.		a 6. It is a reason one most game rape. Hence were a local part of the second control o

EMPLOYEE SEPARATION REPORT

(Print)				Empl#:	
Name:	Last	First]	√I.I.	
Job Title:		Sep	paration Date:		
Department:_		Div	vision:		
	PARATION:				
_	signation (attach letter) Terminatio	on Decea	sed 🗓 D	enial of LO
	ansfer/Reassignment	_	t 🖵 Lay-O	ff (26 wk)	
	her				
REASON FO	R SEPARATION:				
	orking Conditions	Reduction in F	orce		
	o Change within Oneid				
	licy Violation				
	her	P			
	TICI				
NVESTIGA	TION PENDING AT	TIME OF SEPARAT	TION: Yes	☐ No	
MPLOYEE.	EVALUATION (pleas	se check appropriate	boxes):		
21,11 110 1 111	D + 1 WOTT (protes	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Excellent	
	Attendance				
	Cooperation	393			
	Initiative				
	Job knowledge				
	Quality of work		40		
	Yes No (See				
÷					
			(even)	1.69	
upervisor Sig	matura		 Date		
apervisor 318	Stratur C		Date		
					HRD202

ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN INFORMATION ACCESS MANAGEMENT

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Access Authorization and Access Establishment and Modification Implementation Specifications. If either Specification is selected, this Form establishes the plan's policies and procedures regarding the selected Specification(s).

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Access Authorization and Access Establishment and Modification.

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Access Authorization—Implement policies and procedures for granting access to electronic protected health information.
- Access Establishment and Modification—Implement policies and procedures that, based upon the health plan's Access Authorization policies, establishes, documents, reviews and modifies a user's right of access to a workstation, transaction, program or process.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Access Authorization and Access Establishment and Modification Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

Pick Pate the rick if the health plan does not have a procedure in place recording the Implementation

	ication:
•	Access Authorization □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Access Establishment and Modification □ Low □ Medium □ High
Ex	planation of analysis:
2. Specif	Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation ication:
•	Access Authorization □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Access Establishment and Modification Low Medium High
Exp	planation of analysis:
	Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation cation:
•	Access Authorization □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Access Establishment and Modification Low Medium High
Fyr	planation of analysis.

4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Access Authorization □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Access Establishment and Modification □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the following Implementation Specifications:
X Access Authorization
X Access Establishment and Modification
The following policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions shall be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
It is the policy of the health plan that the health plan will take reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that only approved workforce members or others may have access to electronic protected health information. It is the policy of the health plan that the granting of such access may be modified by the Security Official when the Security Official deems reasonable and appropriate. The Security Official shall take all necessary steps to ensure this policy is implemented. These steps include the following:
X Ensuring that access is granted only on a case-by-case basis and is not automatic for every workforce member;
X Establishing passwords on computer systems and providing passwords only to approved workforce members and others;
X Establishing screen savers on computers with passwords required in order to access the computer after a certain period of inactivity;
X Communicating passwords to workforce members in a secure manner (e.g., not using interoffice routing in a non-secure envelope);
X Working with the Human Resources Department and MIS so that the Security Official is notified promptly of any new members added to the plan's workforce and of any termination of a workforce member or change in that member's job functions that could affect the member's ability or authority to access electronic protected health information;
X Documenting any granting of access or modification of access and notifying the following departments or areas of the granting of such access or modification of such access: [Modify as appropriate; for example, may need to notify Information Technology and Employee Benefits Departments]:
Oneida MIS
Oneida Benefits Department
Active Commission Comm



SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:
2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were considered.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows:
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: Weborio & Krugh
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 10/04
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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN SECURITY AWARENESS AND TRAINING

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Security Awareness and Training Standard. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to the Standard.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Security Awareness and Training

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement none, some or all of the Implementation Specifications:

Security Reminders—Periodic security updates.

Security Reminders □ Low □ Medium □ High

Log-in Monitoring Low Medium High

Password Management ☐ Low ☐ Medium ☐ High

Protection From Malicious Software Low Medium High

- · Protection From Malicious Software—Guarding against, detecting and reporting malicious software.
- Log-in Monitoring—Monitoring log-in attempts and reporting discrepancies.
- Password Management—Creating, changing and safeguarding passwords.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented a particular Specification, skip (1) - (4) for that Specification and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation

Speci	fication:	
•	Security Reminders □ Low □ Medium □ High	
	Protection From Malicious Software □ Low □ Medium □ High Log-in Monitoring □ Low □ Medium □ High	Policy. Based on the above, too health
	Password Management □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Ex	planation of analysis:	Protection From Malleretts Software.
2.	Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures ad	dressing each Implementation

	planation of analysis:
	Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation fication:
•	Security Reminders □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Protection From Malicious Software □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Log-in Monitoring □ Low □ Medium □ High
•	Password Management □ Low □ Medium □ High
Ex	planation of analysis:
	sonotion is no skiberon Someone-Son day symat, smeeting and repaired makesom software
4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
	Security Reminders □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
•	Protection From Malicious Software ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
•	Log-in Monitoring □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
۰	Password Management ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Exp	planation of analysis:
	Assurance Description Dividuos Displacement resources of the property of the p
	Policy. Based on the above, the health plan X will □ will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the ing Implementation Specifications:
X	Security Reminders.
X	Protection From Malicious Software.
X	Log-in Monitoring.
X	Password Management.
	lowing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:

• Security Reminders. The health plan's policy is to issue security reminders to relevant workforce members as reasonable and appropriate. The health plan will determine the topics for the reminder and the method of distributing the reminder. The health plan will document, and retain for six (6) years, proof of the reminder. The reminder will be distributed on an as needed basis.

softw will:		ection From Malicious Software. The health plan's policy is to have protection from malicious me health plan will examine its vulnerability to particular, known malicious software. The health plan
	X	License or purchase software designed to combat malicious software; and / or
		dann, has valing on with A noisted solum becomestable in a filler and its configuration to a sitting seed.
	ne healt include	h plan will take steps to ensure that it maintains current knowledge about malicious software. These
	X	Updating the software used to combat malicious software;
	X	Subscribing to trade publications, newsletters and other periodic resources that provide information on tent developments; and / or
	uter or	h plan will take steps to ensure that appropriate, current software (if selected above) is placed on each server that could be affected by malicious software, including portable computers such as laptop
conce attach Offici	rns abo ment. al has a ing, to t	uing email messages will be scanned for malicious software. If a workforce member has security ut an attachment to an email message the member shall contact the Security Official prior to opening the Workforce members are not allowed to download software onto their computers unless the Security approved the software. The Security Official shall, if appropriate, use Form 11, Workforce Member rain all workforce members on these policies and procedures regarding Protection From Malicious
onse	ssful on cutive a	in Monitoring. The health plan's policy is to monitor log-in attempts of users. If the log-in is the first attempt no log-in report will be generated. If the log-in is unsuccessful after 3 (three) attempts, the user will be locked out of the system. The user will be required to contact MIS operations network after being locked out.
	priate s	word Management. The health plan's policy is that passwords are an important security provision and teps will be taken to ensure the use and confidentiality of passwords. The health plan implements the uirements regarding passwords:
X	Passy	words will have a minimum length of 8 characters;
	Passv	words will include both numeric and alphabetic characters;
	Passw	words should contain both upper and lower case characters (e.g., a-z, A-Z);
	Passw	vords should not be based on personal information (e.g., spouse's name, street address);
	Passw	vords shall not be composed of only one character (e.g., aaaaaa);
X	Publis	shing or sharing of passwords is not allowed;
X loc	Passw ked) lo	ords should not be written down but, if they are written down, shall be stored in a secure (preferably cation;
X	Passw	ords will be changed every 90 days;

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and proce was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:	
Samuelos securidad en la	,
and foliaments, as the highest produces associate and office professional, escaped that private or grades ones	1
in A bassassamats of a	
 Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility st above, as they apply to the alternative measures. 	andaro
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High	
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible	
Explanation of analysis:	pu of ,
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discuss above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows:	ed
tina enterone de como los como en que en proposada mais a guina y la junta en el culto, mensoca a forma de la La contracta de como de	
to the part of the	aper 1
ords will have a minimum length of 8 characters:	
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger	
Signature: MCORIGE F. Chugl	
Date: April 20, 2005	
Version 1, 10/04	
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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN · WORKFORCE MEMBER TRAINING

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to determine which components of the Security Rule, if any, should be explained to the health care plan's workforce as part of the plan's training under the Security Rule.

Retention: This Form should be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Identification of Potential Components Requiring Training.

The Security Official should review the following list of Security Rule components. The Security Official should determine which, if any, components should be explained to the plan's workforce. For example, the Security Official may determine that only a few components (such as changing passwords and informing workforce members about proper workstation use) should be explained to the plan's workforce. The Security Official should document the selected components.

ADMINISTRATIVE SAFEGUARDS

Standards	Implementation Specifications		Trai	Workforce ining/Explan Required?	ation
Security Management Process	Risk Analysis		Yes	X	No
	Risk Management		Yes	X	No
	Sanction Policy	X	Yes		No
	Information System Activity Review		Yes	X	No
Assigned Security Responsibility			Yes	X	No
Workforce Security	Authorization and/or Supervisions		Yes	X	No
-	Workforce Clearance Procedure		Yes	X	No
	Termination Procedures		Yes	X	No
Information Access Management	Isolating Health Care Clearinghouse Function		Yes	X	No
	Access Authorization		Yes	X	No
	Access Establishment and Modification		Yes	X	No
Security Awareness and Training	Security Reminders	X	Yes		No
	Protection from Malicious Software	X	Yes		No
	Log-in Monitoring	X	Yes		No
	Password Management	X	Yes		No
Security Incident Procedures	Response and Reporting	X	Yes		No
Contingency Plan	Data Backup Plan		Yes	X	No
	Disaster Recovery Plan	X	Yes		No
	Emergency Mode Operation Plan	X	Yes		No
	Testing and Revision Procedure		Yes	X	No
	Applications and Data Criticality Analysis		Yes	X	No
Evaluation			Yes	X	No
Business Associate Contracts and Other Arrangement	Written Contract or other Arrangement		Yes	X	No

PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS

Standards	Implementation Specifications		Workforce Training/Explana Required?		
Facility Access Controls	Contingency Operations		Yes	X	No
	Facility Security Plan		Yes	X	No
	Access Control and Validation Procedures	X	Yes		No
	Maintenance Records		Yes	X	No
Workstation Use		X	Yes		No

Workstation Security	CARRIAGNED PLAN	X	Yes		No
Device and Media Controls	Disposal		Yes	X	No
	Media Re-use	A03A 0	Yes	X	No
	Accountability		Yes	X	No
	Data Backup and Storage		Yes	X	No

TECHNICAL SAFEGUARDS

Standards	Implementation Specifications		Workforce Training/ Explanation Required?			
Access Control	Unique User Identification		Yes	X	No	
	Emergency Access Procedure		Yes	X	No	
	Automatic Logoff	X	Yes		No	
	Encryption and Decryption	X	Yes	WHI II I	No	
Audit Controls			Yes	X	No	
Integrity	Mechanism to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information		Yes	X	No	
Person or Entity Authentication			Yes	X	No	
Transmission Security	Integrity Controls		Yes	X	No	
	Encryption	X	Yes		No	

SECTION B: Preparation of Training Materials.

The Security Official should prepare appropriate training materials that will inform the workforce members of the items specified above. These training materials can include any appropriate items, such as an electronic presentation or written materials.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature:

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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{COVERED ENTITY NAME} RESPONSE AND REPORTING

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy for the health plan to: identify and respond to suspected or known security incidents involving electronic protected health information; mitigate, to the extent practicable, harmful effects of security incidents known to the health plan; and document security incidents and their outcomes.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will:

- Identify and respond to suspected or known security incidents involving electronic protected health information;
 - · Mitigate, to the extent practicable, harmful effects of security incidents known to the plan; and
 - · Document security incidents and their outcomes.

All such actions shall be taken by the Security Official as promptly as possible after learning of a security incident or suspected security incident.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Once the health plan becomes aware of a security incident or potential security incident, the Security Official will use the Security Incident Type Matrix, below, to verify that a security incident occurred and determine the level of severity of the security incident.
- Description of Security Incident or Potential Security Incident, including workforce members and equipment involved:

SECURITY INCIDENT TYPE MATRIX

Low Risk Moderate Risk	Isolated incidents attributable to common non-malicious behavior that are determined	Typographical errors
Moderate Risk	to be non-threatening.	Forgotten passwords
fit are	Any event or pattern of events (malicious or unintentional) that indicate a potential threat to electronic protected health information.	Patterns of repeated Low Risk incidents Suspicious patterns of incoming data from external sources Information that email attachments are being opened without proper consideration of risks Unattended workstation Backup failure Misdirected email containing electronic protected health information
and the Property was	Any event or pattern of events (malicious or unintentional) that indicate a significant, current threat to electronic protected health information.	 Password sharing IP address spoofing Unauthorized physical access to health plan facility Intentional or inadvertent destruction of electronic protected health information Denial of Service attack Misuse of high-level access accounts Computer virus exposure/propagation Lost or stolen workstations or other media (e.g., disks, CD-ROMs) Escalation of any combination of Low Risk and Moderate Risk security incidents Improper computer disposal

	Current Classification of Security Incident: L. Low Risk L. Moderate Risk L. High Risk
	Explanation of analysis:
2.	Explain the steps taken to minimize the harmful effect of the security incident:
_	

^{3.} Review the possible responses to the security incident using the Security Incident Response Matrix as a guide. Recognize that the response in any particular circumstance must be determined on a case-by-case basis and that the Response Matrix cannot provide guidance on every possible response.

SECURITY INCIDENT RESPONSE MATRIX

INCIDENT LEVEL	. INCIDENT RESPONSE
Low Risk	 Incident reported to Security Official on non-expedited basis (e.g., weekly reports or interoffice routing).
	2. Logging and monitoring shall be intensified when deemed reasonable and appropriate by the Security Official.
	3. Consider whether it is appropriate to log report of situation.
Moderate Risk	1. Incident shall be immediately reported to Security Official.
	2. Security Official shall immediately review the incident to determine if action needs to be taken.
	3. The party (or parties) involved with and/or responsible for the threat shall be contacted to obtain details of the potential security threat.
	4. If immediate action is not necessary, logging and monitoring of the potential security threat shall be intensified when deemed reasonable and appropriate by the Security Official.
	5. If workforce member is involved, contact member and discuss situation.6. Incident and incident resolution details shall be documented and logged.
High Risk	Incident shall be immediately reported to Security Official.
	2. Security Official shall immediately review the incident to determine what action will be taken.
	3. Incident shall be noted and logged separately from the initial security incident logs and reported directly to other management, if deemed reasonable and appropriate by the Security Official.
	4. The party (or parties) involved with and/or responsible for the threat shall be notified and advised about the details of the security threat.
	5. If workforce member is involved, contact member and discuss situation. Involve Human Resources Department, for potential disciplinary action, as Security Official deems reasonable and appropriate.
	6. Consider whether to contact law enforcement authorities if criminal activity is suspected.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Walle of Security Official. Victoria E. Krueger
Signature: MCDOUGH. KRUUGH
Date: 4/80/05
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Based on the above Security Incident Response Matrix, describe the actions taken: _

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN CONTINGENCY PLAN

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's contingency plans to help secure electronic protected health information. This Form also establishes the plan's policies and procedures regarding the contingency plan.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Data Backup Plan Policy

It is the policy of the health plan to have a data backup plan to help secure electronic protected health information. The backup plan will be created and overseen by the Security Official and implemented as soon as reasonably possible. The backup plan will be designed to create and maintain retrievable exact copies of electronic protected health information.

SECTION B: Data Backup Plan Procedures

The following backup procedures, if chosen, shall be followed:

1. Data Included in Backup Plan. The following data will be subject to the backup plan:

All electronic protected health information held by the plan's workforce on servers or AS 400

- 2. Frequency of Backup. Data will be backed up daily.
- 3. Storage of Backup Data. Data that has been backed up will be stored by a third party vendor: (1) on a daily basis for AS 400 and (2) on a weekly basis for the server.
- 4. Performing of Backup. Data will be backed up by Oneida MIS via software.
- 5. Integrity of Backups. The backups will be examined and audited every day by Oneida MIS to verify the integrity of the backed up data.

SECTION C: Disaster Recovery Plan Policy

It is the policy of the health plan to have a disaster recovery plan. The disaster recovery plan will be created and overseen by the Security Official and implemented as soon as reasonably possible. The disaster recovery plan will be designed to restore any loss of relevant electronic protected health information.

SECTION D: Disaster Recovery Plan Procedures

- 1. Assessment of Damage and Loss of Data. The Security Official, in conjunction with MIS management, will gather as much information as possible to determine how much electronic protected health information was lost in a disaster. The Security Official, in conjunction with MIS management will gather information about each potentially affected area where electronic protected health information was stored.
- 2. Designee of Security Official. In the event the Security Official is unavailable, the Security Official designates Oneida MIS Manager to act in place of the Security Official. The Security Official will communicate this designation to the designated individual.
- 3. List of Third Party Vendors. The Security Official will determine, prior to any disaster, which third party vendors are likely to be available to assist in recovering the data (e.g., a vendor who holds backup data or a vendor

who specializes in recovering data from damaged computers) or providing additional equipment. Vendors and their anticipated roles are as follows:

Vendor	Role	
HP/Bedrock	Replacement of server hardware	
Computech	Equipment for restoration of AS-400	
	Data Section Plan Policy	

4. General Procedures for Restoring Information System. MIS Network Team will rebuild server with operating system and restore server data from tape.

SECTION E: Emergency Mode Operation Plan Policy

It is the policy of the health plan to establish and implement an emergency mode operation plan. The emergency mode operation plan will be created and overseen by the Security Official and implemented as soon as reasonably possible. The emergency mode operation plan will be designed to enable the plan to continue critical business processes for protecting the security of electronic protected health information while operating in emergency mode.

SECTION F: Emergency Mode Operation Plan Procedures

- 1. Reassignment of Duties. The Security Official will consider which operations are most critical based on the particular emergency encountered by the plan. The Security Official should reassign duties if necessary (e.g., critical functions may take priority over long-term projects). The Security Official should promptly discuss any reassignments with affected workforce members.
- 2. Physical Security. The Security Official will consider whether additional physical security (e.g., a locking file cabinet to hold disks or CD-ROMs) is necessary due to the emergency situation. If so, the Security Official will obtain necessary items as soon as reasonably possible. If it is reasonably possible to anticipate what physical security items will be required, the Security Official should list those items here: secured site will be designated by director of MIS on a case by case basis. Backup tapes and data will be collected and brought to that area.
- 3. Technical Security. The Security Official will work with the workforce and appropriate third party vendors to implement any technical security mechanisms required due to the emergency situation.

SECTION G: Testing and Revision Procedures and Applications and Data Criticality Analysis

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Testing and Revision Procedures—Implement procedures for periodic testing and revision of contingency plans.
- Applications and Data Criticality Analysis—Assess the relative criticality of specific applications and data in support of other contingency plan components.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented both Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis □ Low □ Medium ☒ High
Explanation of analysis
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis □ Low □ Medium ☒ High
Explanation of analysis
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis □ Low ☒ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
4. Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Testing and Revision Procedures □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult ☒ Not Feasible
Applications and Data Criticality Analysis ⊠ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis: Contingency testing is not a feasible option for programs residing on the AS/400. To test the contingency plan would involve an expenditure of \$1 million or more to get a second AS/400 to restore to. This option is neither practical nor feasible.
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the Testing and Revision Procedures Implementation Specification. The health plan will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the Applications and Data Criticality Analysis Implementation Specification.
The following policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions shall be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
•Applications and Data Criticality Analysis
It is the policy of the health plan to conduct an applications and data criticality analysis. The analysis will include the following:
X Identification of systems which are the most important parts of the contingency plan:

- X Identification of how the systems interact in order to recognize potential failures if one or several systems are not available;
- X Identification of reasonable and appropriate modifications that can be made to address potential failures

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. **Description of Alternatives.** If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:

above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were

2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards

See G(4) above. Alternatives include restoring server from off site tape backup.

considered.	
Cost ⊠ Low □ Medium □ High	
Benefit □ Low □ Medium ☑ High	
Feasibility ⊠ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible	
Explanation of analysis: The alternative selection is the current procedure.	
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discuss above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows:	sed
See B(1) above.	
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger	
Signature: Meloria of Krillal	
Date: April 20, 2005	DB 173

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN EVALUATION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document how the health plan will evaluate its security policies and procedures to ensure they comply with the Security Rule.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Evaluation Policy

It is the policy of the health plan to conduct a periodic technical and nontechnical evaluation of its security policies and procedures to determine if those policies and procedures, and the implementation of those policies and procedures, complies with the Security Rule. The Security Official, in conjunction with the Security Committee will decide the proper way to conduct this evaluation and how often to conduct the evaluation.

SECTION B: Evaluation Procedures

- 1. Entity to Conduct Evaluation. The Security Official, in conjunction with the Security Committee must determine who will conduct the evaluation. The Security Official first must determine whether the evaluation will be performed by a workforce member (such as the Security Official) or a third party (such as a consultant or attorney). The Security Official will consider the following factors:
 - Cost of evaluation;
 - · Expected thoroughness of evaluation;
 - Understanding of the health plan and its operations;
 - Understanding of security policies and procedures;
 - Whether a technical evaluation could be conducted by one entity, while a nontechnical evaluation could be conducted by another entity;
 - Consideration of advantages and disadvantages of having a third party conduct the evaluation. Advantages include separating the responsibility of creation and oversight (e.g., so the Security Official is not evaluating the Security Official's own work) and perhaps being able to hire an expert with additional technical and nontechnical experience in the area. Disadvantages include the potential additional time to conduct the analysis and cost.

Based on the above considerations, **Oneida MIS** will conduct the technical evaluation. Based on the above considerations, **Deloitte and Touche or other reputable third party auditor** will conduct the nontechnical evaluation.

- 2. Frequency of Evaluation. The evaluation initially will occur every year. The Security Official will reconsider every year whether the evaluation period should be modified.
- 3. Use of Evaluations. The Security Official will consider the results of the evaluations and make all reasonable and appropriate modifications to the plan's security policies and procedures.
- 4. Retention of Evaluation Results. The Security Official will retain the results of the evaluation for at least six (6) years after the completion of the evaluation.

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

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Signature: ///

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN FACILITY ACCESS CONTROLS

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Facility Access Controls Standard. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to the Standard.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care provider's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Facility Access Controls

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement none, some or all of the Implementation Specifications:

- Contingency Operations—Procedures to allow access to the plan's facility to help restore data lost in an
 emergency, considering the disaster recovery plan and emergency mode operations plan.
- Facility Security Plan—Policies and procedures to safeguard the facility and its equipment from unauthorized physical access, tampering and theft.
- Access Control and Validation Procedures—Procedures to control and validate a person's access to facilities
 based on their role or function, including visitor control and control of access to software programs for testing and
 revision.
- Maintenance Records—Policies and procedures to document repairs and modifications to the physical components of a facility which are related to security (for example, hardware, walls, doors and locks).

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented all these Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation

Speci	fication:		
	Contingency Operations □ Low □ Medium □ High		
•	Facility Security Plan □ Low □ Medium □ High		
•	Access Control and Validation Procedures		
•	Maintenance Records □ Low □ Medium □ High		
Ex	planation of analysis:		Facility Security Plan

- 2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation Specification:
 - Contingency Operations □ Low □ Medium □ High
 - Facility Security Plan □ Low □ Medium □ High

•	Access Control and Validation Procedures Low Medium High				
•	Maintenance Records □ Low □ Medium □ High				
Explanation of analysis:					
	a constant				
	Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation ication:				
•	Contingency Operations □ Low □ Medium □ High				
•	Facility Security Plan □ Low □ Medium □ High				
•	Access Control and Validation Procedures				
•	Maintenance Records □ Low □ Medium □ High				
Ex	planation of analysis:				
4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:				
•	Contingency Operations □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible				
•	Facility Security Plan ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible				
• Fea	Access Control and Validation Procedures ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not sible				
•	Maintenance Records □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible				
Exp	planation of analysis:				
	Somingers: Operation El Day El Medium El Byin				
	Policy. Based on the above, the health plan will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the following mentation Specifications:				
X	Contingency Operations.				
X	Facility Security Plan.				
X	Access Control and Validation Procedures.				
X	Maintenance Records.				
	lowing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions e performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:				

• Contingency Operations. The health plan's policy is to have a policy allowing reasonable facility access to authorized personnel to restore data lost (or perhaps lost) due to an emergency. This policy will work in conjunction with any disaster recovery plan and emergency mode operations plan. The Security Official will first determine the risk of accessing the provider's physical structure (e.g., if the building was damaged due to a tornado, whether it is safe to enter the building). The Security Official will work with local authorities to help make this determination.

The Security Official will, if reasonable and appropriate, accompany the workforce member or third party vendor when they work to recover the lost data. The Security Official will consider whether any third parties will be considered business associates. If so, the Security Official will enter into a business associate agreement with the third party vendor prior to any emergency.

- Facility Security Plan. The health plan's policy is to have procedures to safeguard the plan's facility and equipment therein from unauthorized physical access, tampering and theft. The health plan will:
 - X Provide identification badges to all workforce members and require that the badges be worn at all times while at work;
 - X Require visitors and vendors to sign in and out when visiting the plan's facilities, and maintaining that log for at least 6 months.
 - X Identify areas which, due to the sensitivity of the electronic protected health information stored at the area, may not be accessed by certain classes of workforce members, visitors or vendors. These areas include:

All electronic EPHI is stored on the Casino Server, the Health Center Server, the Social Services Server and AS-400. Only authorized individuals may access these areas.

The Security Official will ensure that workforce members, visitors or vendors are not allowed access to this area by:

- x Physical security measures (e.g., locked doors or electronic key card access required);
- x Stationing of Personnel (e.g., having a receptionist placed near the site to verify that no access occurs); and / or
- x Requiring key or proximity card to access
- X Examining physical structures (e.g., doors and windows) to assess vulnerability to intrusion;
- Access Control and Validation Procedures. The health plan's policy is to establish a procedure to control and validate a person's access to the provider's facilities, based on the person's role or function. This includes visitor control, and control of access to software programs for testing and revision. The health plan will (note: some items duplicative of Facility Security Plan procedure, above):
 - X Provide identification badges to all workforce members and require that the badges be worn at all times while at work;
 - X Require visitors and vendors to sign in and out when visiting the provider's facilities, and maintaining that log for at least 6 months.
 - X Identify areas which, due to the sensitivity of the electronic protected health information stored at the area, may not be accessed by certain classes of workforce members, visitors or vendors. These areas include: All electronic EPHI is stored on the Casino server, Health Center Server, and AS-400. Only authorized workforce members may access these areas.

The Security Official will ensure that workforce members, visitors or vendors are not allowed access to this area by:

- X Physical security measures (e.g., locked doors or electronic key card access required);
- X Stationing of Personnel (e.g., having a receptionist placed near the site to verify that no access occurs); and / or
- X Requiring that only a select group of authorized information technology workforce members are able to access software programs for testing and revision, with the select group specified by the Security Official. To ensure that only the select group has such access, the provider will:
 - X Design its computer specifications so that only authorized users are able to access software programs for testing and revision purposes;
 - X Not leave software in an unsecured location; and / or
 - X Provide for discreet testing environments;
- Maintenance Records. The health plan's policy is that it will establish a procedure to document repairs and modifications to the physical components of a facility which are related to security (including but not limited to hardware, walls, doors and locks). All actions are to be taken by the Security Official, acting through Oneida MIS, as promptly as reasonably possible. The health care provider establishes this procedure by adopting the following components:
 - X The Security Official will consider all proposed maintenance to the facility to determine the security issues, if any, raised by the maintenance;
 - X If the plan's facilities are shared with another entity, the Security Official will discuss the provider's need to be apprised, in advance when possible, of maintenance that could impact the provider's physical security;
 - X Records describing the maintenance work and who performed the work shall be retained for at least one year.

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health care provider chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

procedi	Description of Alternatives. If the health care provider determined under Section A that no policy and are was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health care provider ared to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:			
	gmentioned has recritical a microsop of grands and who has a sign of ended him motion empels	· /		
	Lead of the Control o			

2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standard above, as they apply to the alternative measures.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health care provider \square will \square will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base language off Section $A(5)$, above.]
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: [Moule 9], Knugg
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 09/04
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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN WORKSTATION USE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health plan regarding the proper functions to be performed, the manner in which those functions are to be performed, and the physical attributes of the surroundings of a specific workstation or class of workstation that can access electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will have a procedure governing its workforce's use of computer workstations. This policy will specify: (1) the proper functions to be performed; (2) the manner in which those functions are to be performed; and (3) the physical attributes of the surroundings of a specific workstation or class of workstation, if that workstation can access electronic protected health information.

SECTION B: Procedure.

1. Proper Functions to be Performed. The Security Official will determine which functions are appropriate for particular workstations. For example, the Security Official may determine that it is not proper to access electronic protected health information at a workstation that cannot be reasonably secured (e.g., a receptionist's workstation where many visitors could view the screen). The Security Official may also determine that some workstations should not be used for some purposes. For example, if a computer's hard drive contains significant electronic protected health information that is not stored elsewhere, and there is concern about malicious software for which no effective remedy is available, the Security Official may direct that that particular computer not be used to open email or download files from the Internet due to concerns about the malicious software.

Considering these factors, the Security Official implements the following procedure: Employees with access to EPHI shall only access such EPHI from appropriate workstations as designated by plan. Existing policies restrict what users may or may not do at Windows workstastions.

- 2. Manner in Which Functions are to be Performed. All plan workforce functions involving electronic protected health information are to be performed in a manner that, in the opinion of the Security Official, reasonably protects the integrity and availability of electronic protected health information. In order to achieve this, the health plan requires that:
 - X All workstations have password-protected screen savers whose password feature applies after two minutes (or as deemed appropriate by department) of inactivity;
 - X When a workforce member logged on to AS-400 intends to leave his or her workstation for longer than 30 minutes the member will log off the workstation;
 - X When a workforce member has completed work for the day the member will log off the workstation;
 - X Vendors using health plan workstations shall follow the same rules as workforce members. These rules will be communicated to the vendors by the Security Official;
- 3. Physical Attributes of Surroundings. The HIPAA Security Committee shall analyze the physical attributes of the surroundings of every workstation within the control of the plan that can access electronic protected health information. The Security Official shall consider all relevant criteria in determining the security of such a workstation, including:

- X Whether monitors are positioned in a way to minimize the risk that electronic protected health information can be viewed by non-authorized individuals;
- X Whether individuals authorized to access electronic protected health information should be grouped in one or more separate areas to minimize the risk of accidental disclosures of electronic protected health information;
- X Whether individuals authorized to access electronic protected health information have been trained on the importance of these workstation use rules and instructed to not alter the workstation surroundings in a way that could jeopardize electronic protected health information;

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature:

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN WORKSTATION SECURITY

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health plan regarding physical safeguards for all workstations under the control of the provider. The policy and procedure will help ensure that access to electronic protected health information is restricted to authorized users.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will have a procedure to implement physical safeguards for all workstations under the control of the plan if those workstations have access to electronic protected health information. The procedure will be designed to restrict access to authorized users.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Identification of Workstations. The Security Official will identify which workstations can access electronic protected health information. As of the date noted below, these include (See Form 3).
- 2. Physical Security. The following security provisions are adopted to help ensure compliance with the Workstation Security Standard:
 - X The workstation will be logged and inventoried;
 - X Each workforce member will be trained to not type in his or her password if the password (or typing of the password) could be viewed by an unauthorized individual;

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

Signature: 1/

Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 10/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN DISPOSAL AND MEDIA RE-USE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for (1) the disposal of hardware and / or electronic media containing electronic protected health information; and (2) removing electronic protected health information from electronic media before the media is made available for re-use.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health care plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will have a procedure governing the (1) disposal of hardware and / or electronic media containing electronic protected health information; and (2) removing electronic protected health information from electronic media before the media is made available for re-use.

SECTION B: Procedure for Disposal of Hardware and / or Electronic Media.

1. Notification to Workforce Members. In Form 5, Information System Activity Review, the Security Official determined where electronic protected health information was stored or maintained, either in physical form (e.g., a disk or CD-ROM) or electronic form (e.g., a computer's hard drive). The Security Official shall train all workforce members that hardware and other electronic media containing electronic protected health information must be (a) sanitized so no electronic protected health information is accessible; or (b) destroyed or altered so that no electronic protected health information is accessible.

2. Additional Steps. The Security Official shall take the following additional steps to help ensure that electronic

protected health information is not accessible when hardware and / or electronic media is disposed:

□ Place a notification (e.g., a small sticker) on the hardware or media that the hardware or media contains or likely contains electronic protected health information that must be sanitized prior to disposal;

□ Require that all disposals of hardware or media containing or likely containing electronic protected health information must be approved by the Security Official;

X Require that the following general types of hardware and media be sanitized in the following ways prior to disposal, or be destroyed in a manner so that electronic protected health information will no longer be accessible:

X Disks Reformatted

X CD-ROMs Destroyed

X Personal Computers, laptops Hard drives are reformatted

X Servers Reformatted

X The Security Official will audit and update Form 5, Information System Activity Review, every 6 months to verify whether any hardware or media has been added and to verify that previously reported hardware and media remain; and / or

SECTION C: Procedure for Re-Use.

where electronic protected health information was stored or maintained, either in physical form (e.g., a disk or CD-ROM) or electronic form (e.g., a computer's hard drive). The Security Official should identify whether all or some of the hardware and media may be re-used:
X All hardware and media may be re-used;
Only the following hardware and media may be re-used:
2. Notification to Workforce Members. All provider workforce members will be notified that the devices described above may be re-used to store electronic protected health information subject to these procedures.
3. Proper Method of Sanitizing Hardware and Media. The method for sanitizing electronic protected health information from the hardware and media described above is:
□ See #2 above.
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: ///LOCICO B. Eruegly
Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN ACCOUNTABILITY AND DATA BACKUP AND STORAGE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Accountability and Data Backup and Storage Implementation Specifications. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to each chosen Specification.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Accountability and Data Backup and Storage

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Accountability—Consider whether to maintain a record of hardware and electronic media and any person responsible for those items.
- Data Backup and Storage—Consider whether the plan should be able to create a retrievable, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Accountability and Data Backup and Storage Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation Specification:
Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High
Data Backup and Storage □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation Specification:
Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High
Data Backup and Storage □ Low □ Medium □ High
Explanation of analysis:
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
Accountability □ Low □ Medium □ High

Data Backup and Storage Low Medium High

	Explanation of analysis:		
	ACCOUNTAIN ITY AND DATA BACKUP AND STORAGE		
4. F	easibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specifi	cation:	
• A	ccountability Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible		
• D	ata Backup and Storage 🗆 Feasible and Not Difficult 🗀 Feasible but Difficult 🗀 Not Feasible		
Explar	nation of analysis:	10 me	
	olicy. Based on the above, the health plan will adopt a policy and procedure regarding the following station Specifications:	ing	
X A	ccountability		
X D	ata Backup and Storage	en proces	
	wing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All act erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:	ions	
rson res	ccountability. The health plan's policy is to maintain a record of hardware and electronic media a sponsible for those items. The Security Official will create and maintain this list. The Security Official A to this Form 19, or an equivalent form, as the basis for creating and maintaining the list.	ficial wil	
	Official will update Attachment A as necessary.		
Da rievable	Official will update Attachment A as necessary. ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipments to the following equipment:	ite a	
Da rievable	ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment;	ite a	
Darievable is will a	ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment apply to the following equipment: All equipment;	ite a	
• Darievable is will a	ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipmapply to the following equipment: All equipment;	ite a	
• Darievable is will a	ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment; All equipment; Servers and other large hardware;	ite a	
• Darievable is will a	ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment; All equipment; Servers and other large hardware; Desktop computers; Laptop computers;	ite a	
• Darievable is will a	ata Backup and Storage. The health plan's policy is to take the necessary steps to be able to create, exact copy of electronic protected health information, when needed, before movement of equipment; All equipment; Servers and other large hardware; Desktop computers; Laptop computers; Other portable devices including	ate a ment.	

SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

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	ility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards tive measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ I	High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium [□ High
Feasibility	ot Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:	3.550 E380 A/1 (ARV) to 1.2 (No.
above. If selected, that policy and	ye, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base
above. If selected, that policy and	procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base
above. If selected, that policy and	procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base
	procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base
above. If selected, that policy and	procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base
above. If selected, that policy and	procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base
above. If selected, that policy and	ia L. Krueger
above. If selected, that policy and language off Section A(5), above.	procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to base

Version 1, 09/04

ATTACHMENT A

Description of Hardware and / or Electronic Media	Responsible Person	Date Responsibility Assigned
Intel Server (QSI, Indian Health Service)	MIS	Description of the Park
	cherosiae ton any tast notes itrough	and a summer of the summer of
AS-400	MIS	
Making the confidence of the state of the st	ity of Alternative Measures, C. v. ede the consumer Africa (Agent) pages in	Cost Senti's and Pearling
		Inga
	14.	B 3 manual G wo.(C) i
	doction of the state of the sta	Danille W. Danill D. 1939

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN UNIQUE USER IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY ACCESS PROCEDURE

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for (1) assigning a unique name and / or number for identifying and tracking user identity; and (2) establishing (and implementing as needed) procedures for obtaining necessary electronic protected health information during an emergency.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will have a procedure for (1) assigning a unique name and / or number for identifying and tracking user identity; and (2) obtaining necessary electronic protected health information during an emergency.

SECTION B: Procedure for Assigning Unique Name and / or Number

- 1. Review of Current Software. The Security Official will determine whether the health plan's current software automatically assigns a unique name and / or number for identifying and tracking user identity.
 - 2. Action Based on Review. The Security Official believes that the health plan's current software is adequate and satisfies this requirement

SECTION C: Obtaining Necessary Electronic Protected Health Information During Emergency.

- 1. Providing Temporary, Emergency Access. The Security Official implements the following technical procedures for allowing temporary access to electronic protected health information to an approved user during an emergency:
 - X Relying on current software capabilities to allow temporary, emergency access (e.g., have a current procedure providing for a temporary password);
- 2. Termination of Temporary Access. Temporary, emergency access provided pursuant to Section C(1) shall be terminated immediately if the Security Official determines that the access has resulted in misuse of electronic protected health information. Temporary, emergency access provided pursuant to Section C(1) shall be terminated as soon as the emergency access is no longer needed. This is determined and occurs:
 - ☐ Automatically by software (e.g., terminates after one day) {Note: automatic termination must occur quickly, or there is a risk that user will have access that is not "temporary" or not related to the "emergency"};

X By software upon direction from Security Official; and / or

Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature:
Date: April 20, 2005

Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN AUTOMATİC LOGOFF AND ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Automatic Logoff and Encryption and Decryption Implementation Specifications. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to each chosen Specification.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Automatic Logoff and Encryption and Decryption

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Automatic Logoff—Consider whether to implement electronic procedures that terminate an electronic session after a predetermined time of inactivity.
- Encryption and Decryption—Consider whether to implement a mechanism to encrypt and decrypt electronic protected health information.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Automatic Logoff and Encryption and Decryption Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Ris Specificati	sk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation on:
• Au	tomatic Logoff Low Medium High
• En	cryption and Decryption Low Medium High
Explana	ation of analysis:
2. Co Specification	st. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each Implementation on:
• Au	tomatic Logoff Low Medium High
• En	cryption and Decryption Low Medium High
Explana	tion of analysis:
Specification	nefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementation on:
	ryption and Decryption Low Medium High

4.	Feasibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification
	'conspiration of the property
•	Automatic Logoff ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
•	Encryption and Decryption ☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐ Feasible but Difficult ☐ Not Feasible
Ez	xplanation of analysis:
	is the contractive to the contraction of the contra
	Policy. Based on the above, the health plan X will \square will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the ving Implementation Specifications:
X	Automatic Logoff
X	Encryption and Decryption
	ollowing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible:
electro	Automatic Logoff. The health plan's policy is to implement electronic procedures that terminate an onic session after 2 minutes on PC, 5 minutes on AS-400. This will be accomplished by:
X	Using the following, existing software: Windows password protected screen savers
	Purchasing and using the following software:
	Designing custom software to accomplish the purpose; and / or
	sales from the management of the sales and the sales are sales a
	e software will be tested when it is initially installed to ensure it functions properly. The software will be on an as-needed basis thereafter.
electro	Encryption and Decryption. The health plan's policy is to implement a mechanism to encrypt and decryption protected health information. This will be accomplished by:
X	Using the following existing software: Groupwise
	Purchasing and using the following software:
	Designing custom software to accomplish the purpose; and / or
-	

X When transmitted electronically (e.g., email); and / or
When stored electronically (e.g., on a computer's hard drive) □ at all locations or □ at the following locations:
SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected
Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).
1. Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:
 Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standard above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were considered.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility \square Feasible and Not Difficult \square Feasible but Difficult \square Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows
Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger
Signature: Michoria F. Luige
Date: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 09/04

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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN AUDIT CONTROLS

Purpose: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health plan to implement hardware, software and / or procedural mechanisms that record and examine activity in information systems that contain or use electronic protected health information.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will implement hardware, software and / or procedural mechanisms that record and examine activity in information systems that contain or use electronic protected health information.

pl Tl	Identification of Audit Control Features. The Security Official will identify audit control features of the health an's existing software that can help determine which users have accessed electronic protected health information. In it is is as follows: Access is controlled by menu options, application controls for authorization levels, identity of last to update file in Encore, and lab has full audit trail.
2.	Determination of Needed Audit Controls. The Security Official has determined that: X The audit controls identified above are sufficient; or
	☐ The audit controls identified above are not sufficient. Additional audit controls will be implemented:
3.	Implementation of Audit Controls. The Security Official will implement the audit controls identified above.
	Testing of Audit Controls. The Security Official will test the audit controls when initially implemented to termine their functionality. The Security Official will re-test the audit controls on an as-needed basis.

Version 1, 09/04

Date: April 20, 2005

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Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger

ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN

MECHANISM TO AUTHENTICATE ELECTRONIC PROTECTED HEALTH INFOMRATION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement electronic mechanisms to corroborate that electronic protected health information has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Mechanisms to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information

The Security Official must determine whether it is reasonable and appropriate to implement the Mechanisms to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information Implementation Specification. This Specification requires the health plan to decide whether to implement electronic mechanisms to corroborate that electronic protected health information has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner.

The Security Official will determine whether this Implementation Specification is reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Implementation Specification, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

Specification:	health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation
☐ Low ☐ Medium ☐ High	
Explanation of analysis:	shorowins two new sull contractive que at that except of subsections
*	
2. Cost. Determine or estima Specification:	te the cost of implementing procedures addressing the Implementation
☐ Low ☐ Medium ☐ High	sa Dilaw Cistotium (1918) h
Explanation of analysis:	dydt C. ymfadd C. wo J.C. paep
3. Benefit. Determine or estimates Specification:	mate the benefit of implementing a procedure for the Implementation
□ Low □ Medium □ High	
Explanation of analysis:	
4. Feasibility. Determine the	feasibility of implementing a procedure for the Implementation Specification:
☐ Feasible and Not Difficult ☐	l Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:	50 On Car

TO BE A STORY BY THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	
5. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan X will □ will not adopt a policy and procedure regar Mechanism to Authenticate Electronic Protected Health Information Implementation Specification. All a be performed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible.	
The health plan's policy is to implement electronic mechanisms to corroborate that electronic protecte information has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner. The health plan will do this by	
X Using existing mechanisms: Access is controlled by available menu options, application con authorization levels, identification of last user to update file.	ntrols for
☐ Obtaining additional mechanisms:	outro giruno neare filoco
The Security Official will monitor these mechanisms, and new mechanisms that become available, on needed basis to ensure that the plan continues to maintain appropriate electronic mechanisms.	an as-
SECTION B: Alternatives if Implementation Specification Not Selected	
Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and regarding the Implementation Specification.	procedure
1. Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and propriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:	
2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibilit	
	ty standards
	ty standards
above, as they apply to the alternative measures.	ry standards
above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High	y standards
above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High	y standards
above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Cost	cussed
above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible Explanation of analysis: 3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discabove. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to language off Section A(5), above.]	cussed
above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Cost	cussed
above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible Explanation of analysis: □ 3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures disc above. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows: [Describe policy and procedure; may want to language off Section A(5), above.] Name of Security Official: Victoria L. Krueger	cussed

ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN PERSON OR ENTITY AUTHENTICATION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to develop a policy and procedure for the health plan to verify that a person or entity seeking access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Policy.

It is the policy of the health plan that the plan will verify that a person or entity seeking access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed.

SECTION B: Procedure.

- 1. Identification of Ways of Accessing Electronic Protected Health Information. In Form 5, Information System Activity Review, the health plan previously identified where electronic protected health information is stored in physical form (e.g., disks and CD-ROMs) and in electronic form (e.g., on servers' hard drives). The Security Official will review Form 5, Information System Activity Review, when completing this form.
- 2. Methods of Ensuring Person or Entity Authentication. The health plan adopts the following methods of ensuring that the person or entity accessing or requesting access to electronic protected health information is the one claimed:

X	Phy	vsical Form:
		Passwords;
		Tokens;
		Biometric methods:
		Personal identification number ("PIN"); and / or
	Χ	Identification Cards
X	Elec	ctronic Form:
	X	Passwords;
		Tokens;
		Biometric methods:
		Personal identification number ("PIN"); and / or

3. Different Methods Depending on Access. If different methods of authentication exist depending on the method of access (e.g., password is used for remote access when person connects through computer at home; fingerprint

recognition used when accessing eledifferent methods:	ctronic protected health information at health plan's facilities) describe the
Name of Security Official: Victoria Signature:	L. Krueger Lrugh
Date: April 20, 2005	· Marcaga
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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN INTEGRITY CONTROLS AND ENCRYPTION

<u>Purpose</u>: This Form is used to document the health plan's decision whether to implement policies and procedures regarding the Integrity Controls and Encryption Implementation Specifications. The Form also establishes any selected policies and procedures related to each chosen Specification.

Retention: This Form must be retained in the health plan's records for at least six (6) years from the date below.

SECTION A: Determination of Need for Integrity Controls and Encryption

The Security Official must review the following Implementation Specifications and determine whether it is appropriate to implement one, both or none of these Implementation Specifications:

- Integrity Controls—Implement security measures to ensure that electronically transmitted electronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of.
- Encryption—Implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health information whenever deemed appropriate.

The Security Official will determine whether these Implementation Specifications are reasonable and appropriate based on the factors listed below, in (1) - (4). (If the Security Official already knows it is reasonable and appropriate, or has already implemented the Integrity Controls and Encryption Implementation Specifications, skip (1) - (4) and proceed directly to (5).)

1. Risk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding to Specification:	sk. Rate the risk if the health plan does not have a procedure in place regarding the Implementation on:		
Integrity Controls □ Low □ Medium □ High Encryption □ Low □ Medium □ High			
Explanation of analysis:	X Transportations to		
(mathanas sillened), ang ang one yeng one ang mass series of sydte	X Tienseasions to		
2. Cost. Determine or estimate the cost of implementing procedures addressing each In Specification:	mplementation		
Integrity Controls □ Low □ Medium □ High			
• Encryption □ Low □ Medium □ High			
Explanation of analysis:	inn't alaying a stusse		
is the second se	TON B. Alternatives if		
3. Benefit. Determine or estimate the benefit of implementing a procedure for each Implementing.	plementation		
Integrity Controls □ Low □ Medium □ High			
Encryption □ Low □ Medium □ High			

-	nation of analysis:
4. F	easibility. Determine the feasibility of implementing a procedure for each Implementation Specification:
4. r	easibility. Determine the reasibility of implementing a procedure for each implementation specification.
• Ir	tegrity Controls Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
• E	ncryption Feasible and Not Difficult Feasible but Difficult Not Feasible
Expla	nation of analysis:
	rity Official a sestimant the following largranusculor Specifications and categoritan whether their
	blicy. Based on the above, the health plan X will \square will not adopt a policy and procedure regarding the Implementation Specifications:
X II	ategrity Controls
follow	ving policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible: tegrity Controls. The health plan's policy is to implement security measures to ensure that electronical
e follow In the property of th	ving policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible: tegrity Controls. The health plan's policy is to implement security measures to ensure that electronical delectronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of eaccomplished by: Using existing software and possibly digital signatures. heryption. The health plan's policy is to implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health
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following follow	wing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible: tegrity Controls. The health plan's policy is to implement security measures to ensure that electronical delectronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of the accomplished by: Using existing software and possibly digital signatures. heryption. The health plan's policy is to implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health in when appropriate. The following situations are always deemed appropriate for encryption of electronic health information:
e follow Il be po Intermeted S will le Transition Trans	wing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible: tegrity Controls. The health plan's policy is to implement security measures to ensure that electronical delectronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of eaccomplished by: Using existing software and possibly digital signatures. heryption. The health plan's policy is to implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health in when appropriate. The following situations are always deemed appropriate for encryption of electronic health information: Transmissions to third party administrator;
e followed by following the following followed by following the following fo	wing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible: tegrity Controls. The health plan's policy is to implement security measures to ensure that electronical delectronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of eaccomplished by: Using existing software and possibly digital signatures. terryption. The health plan's policy is to implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health in when appropriate. The following situations are always deemed appropriate for encryption of electronic health information: Transmissions to third party administrator; Transmissions to other business associates (e.g., attorney, accountant, benefits consultant);
e followed by following the following followed by following the following fo	wing policies and procedures shall be used for each selected Implementation Specification. All actions erformed by the Security Official (unless otherwise noted) as soon as reasonably possible: tegrity Controls. The health plan's policy is to implement security measures to ensure that electronical defectronic protected health information is not improperly modified without detection until disposed of eaccomplished by: Using existing software and possibly digital signatures. neryption. The health plan's policy is to implement a mechanism to encrypt electronic protected health in when appropriate. The following situations are always deemed appropriate for encryption of electronic health information: Transmissions to third party administrator; Transmissions to other business associates (e.g., attorney, accountant, benefits consultant); ill occur by the following methods: Automatically: Groupwise has proprietary encryption ;

Complete this Section B only if, pursuant to Section A, the health plan chose not to enact a policy and procedure regarding one or more Implementation Specifications. Complete this Section B for each Implementation Specification that was not selected (attach additional pages as necessary).

1. Description of Alternatives. If the health plan determined under Section A that no policy and procedure was appropriate or necessary, describe alternative measures, if any, that the health plan considered to achieve the same goals of the Implementation Specification that was not selected:

2. Cost, Benefit and Feasibility of Alternative Measures. Consider the cost, benefit and feasibility standards above, as they apply to the alternative measures. Attach additional pages if multiple alternative measures were considered.
Cost □ Low □ Medium □ High
Benefit □ Low □ Medium □ High
Feasibility □ Feasible and Not Difficult □ Feasible but Difficult □ Not Feasible
Explanation of analysis:
3. Policy. Based on the above, the health plan □ will □ will not enact the alternative measures discussed bove. If selected, that policy and procedure is as follows
Name of Security Official; Victoria L. Krueger Signature: 1. Steel D. Miller
Pate: April 20, 2005
Version 1, 09/04
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ONEIDA HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN SECURITY RULE PLAN AMENDMENT

WHEREAS, The Plan previously adopted an amendment regarding providing access of protected health information to Wausau Benefits; and

WHEREAS, the Plan Sponsor believe it is reasonable and appropriate to amend the Plan to include provisions relating to the Security Rule of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"); and

WHEREAS, the Plan Sponsor reserved the right to amend the Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Plan is amended by adding the following Section 17, effective April 20, 2005:

- 1. <u>Agents and Subcontractors</u>. Plan Sponsor will ensure that any agent, including any subcontractor, to which it provides Plan Participants' Electronic Protected Health Information agrees to the restrictions, conditions, and security measures of the Plan Document, as amended by Section 17, with respect to Plan Participants' Electronic Protected Health Information.
- 2. <u>Security Measures for Electronic Protected Health Information</u>. Plan Sponsor will implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of Plan Participants' Electronic Protected Health Information that Plan Sponsor creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on Plan's behalf.
- 3. <u>Notification of Security Events</u>. Plan Sponsor will report to the Plan, upon the Plan's request, any attempted or successful (i) unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of Plan Participants' Electronic Protected Health Information or (ii) interference with Plan Sponsor's system operations in Plan Sponsor's information systems, of which Plan Sponsor becomes aware, except any such security incident that results in disclosure of Plan Participants' Protected Health Information not permitted by the Plan Document, as amended by this Article, must be reported to Plan as soon as reasonably possible.
- 4. <u>Adequate Separation</u>. Plan Sponsor will support the adequate separation between Plan Sponsor and the Plan with reasonable and appropriate security measures.
- 5. <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Section 17, the term "Participant" means an "individual" as defined in 45 C.F.R. §160.103. All capitalized terms not defined in this amendment shall have the meaning described in the HIPAA Administrative Simplification Rules. Nothing contained in this Document shall be deemed or construed as a waiver of the sovereign immunity of the Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin.

Adopted :		
Ву:		
Name:	***	
Title:		